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RADIUS Extensions for IPv4-Embedded Multicast and Unicast IPv6 Prefixes draft-hu-softwire-multicast-radius-ext-04

Abstract

This document specifies a new Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) attribute to carry the Multicast-Prefixes-64 information, the objective is to deliver the Multicast and Unicast IPv6 Prefixes to be used to build multicast and unicast IPv4-Embedded IPv6 addresses. this RADIUS attribute is defined based on the equivalent DHCPv6 OPTION_PREFIX64 option.

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1. Introduction

The solution specified in [<u>I-D.ietf-softwire-dslite-multicast</u>] relies on stateless functions to graft part of the IPv6 multicast distribution tree and IPv4 multicast distribution tree, also uses IPv4-in-IPv6 encapsulation scheme to deliver IPv4 multicast traffic over an IPv6 multicast-enabled network to IPv4 receivers.

To inform the mB4 element of the PREFIX64, a PREFIX64 option may be used. [<u>I-D.ietf-softwire-multicast-prefix-option</u>] defines a DHCPv6 PREFIX64 option to convey the IPv6 prefixes to be used for constructing IPv4-embedded IPv6 addresses.

In broadband environments, a customer profile may be managed by Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA) servers, together with AAA for users. The Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) protocol [RFC2865] is usually used by AAA servers to communicate with network elements. Since the Multicast-Prefixes-64 information can be stored in AAA servers and the client configuration is mainly provided through DHCP running between the NAS and the requesting clients, a new RADIUS attribute is needed to send Multicast-Prefixes-64 information from the AAA server to the NAS.

This document defines a new RADIUS attribute to be used for carrying the Multicast-Prefixes-64, based on the equivalent DHCPv6 option already specified in [<u>I-D.ietf-softwire-multicast-prefix-option</u>].

This document makes use of the same terminology defined in [<u>I-D.ietf-softwire-dslite-multicast</u>] and [<u>I-D.ietf-mboned-64-multicast-address-format</u>]

This attribute can be in particular used in the context of DS-Lite Mulitcast, MAP-E Multicast and other IPv4-IPv6 Multicast techniques. This attribute is however not limited to DS-Lite Multicast.

DS-Lite unicast RADIUS extentions are defined in [RFC6519] .

2. Convention and Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [<u>RFC2119</u>].

The terms DS-Lite multicast Basic Bridging BroadBand element (mB4) and the DS-Lite multicast Address Family Transition Router element (mAFTR) are defined in [<u>I-D.ietf-softwire-dslite-multicast</u>]

3. Multicast-Prefixes-64 Configuration with RADIUS and DHCPv6

Figure 1 illustrates in DS-Lite scenario how the RADIUS protocol and DHCPv6 work together to accomplish Multicast-Prefixes-64 configuration on the mB4 element for multicast service when an IP session is used to provide connectivity to the user.

mB4	NAS	AAA
		Server
DHCPv6 Solicit>	I	
	I	
	Access-Request	·>
	I	
	<pre> <access-accept< pre=""></access-accept<></pre>	·
	(Multicast-Prefixes-6	54)
	I	
<pre> <dhcpv6 advertisement<="" pre=""></dhcpv6></pre>		
<pre>(DHCPv6 OPTION_PREFIX64)</pre>		
	I	
DHCPv6 Request	->	
<pre>(DHCPv6 OPTION_PREFIX64)</pre>		
<pre> < DHCPv6 Reply</pre>	-	
<pre>(DHCPv6 OPTION_PREFIX64)</pre>		

DHCPv6

RADIUS

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Figure 1: RADIUS and DHCPv6 Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute Message Flow for a IP Session

The NAS operates as a client of RADIUS and as a DHCP Server/Relay for mB4. When the mB4 sends a DHCPv6 Solicit message to NAS(DHCP Server/ Relay). The NAS sends a RADIUS Access-Request message to the RADIUS server, requesting authentication. Once the RADIUS server receives the request, it validates it based on the sending client, and if the request is approved, the AAA server replies with an Access-Accept message including a list of attribute-value pairs that describe the parameters to be used for this session. This list MAY contain the Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute (asm-length, ASM_PREFIX64, ssm-length, SSM_PREFIX64, unicast-length, U_PREFIX64). Then, when the NAS receives the DHCPv6 Request message containing the OPTION_PREFIX64 option, the NAS SHALL use the prefixes returned in the RADIUS Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute to populate the DHCPv6 OPTION_PREFIX64 option in the DHCPv6 reply message.

If the NAS does not receive the Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute in the Access-Accept message, it MAY fall back to a pre-configured default Multicast-Prefixes-64, if any. If the NAS does not have any pre-configured, the delivery of multicast traffic is not supported.

NAS MAY be configured to return the configured Multicast-Prefixes-64 by the AAA Server to any requesting client without relaying each received request to the AAA Server.

Figure 2 describes another scenario, which accomplish DS-Lite Multicast-Prefixes-64 configuration on the mB4 element for multicast service when a PPP session is used to provide connectivity to the user. Once the NAS obtains the Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute from the AAA server through the RADIUS protocol, the NAS MUST store the received Multicast-Prefixes-64 locally. When a user is online and sends a DHCPv6 Request message , the NAS retrieves the previously stored Multicast-Prefixes-64 and uses it as OPTION_PREFIX64 option in DHCPv6 Reply message.

mB4	NAS	AAA
		Server
PPP LCP Config-Request>		
	Access-Request	t>
	<pre> < Access-Accep</pre>	ot
	(Multicast-Prefix	kes-64)
<pre><ppp config-ack<="" lcp="" pre=""></ppp></pre>		

DHCPv6

RADIUS

Figure 2: RADIUS and DHCPv6 Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute Message Flow for a PPP Session

According to [RFC3315], if the DHCPv6 server to which the DHCPv6 Renew message was sent at time T1 has not responded, the DHCPv6 client initiates a Rebind/Reply message exchange with any available server. In this scenario, the NAS receiving the DHCPv6 Rebind message MUST initiate a new Access-Request message towards the AAA server. The NAS MAY include the Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute in its Access-Request message.

4. RADIUS Attribute

This section specifies the format of the new RADIUS attribute.

4.1. Multicast-Prefixes-64

The Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute conveys the IPv6 prefixes to be used in [<u>I-D.ietf-softwire-dslite-multicast</u>] to synthesize IPv4-embedded IPv6 addresses. The NAS SHALL use the IPv6 prefixes returned in the RADIUS Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute to populate the DHCPv6 PREFIX64 Option

[<u>I-D.ietf-softwire-multicast-prefix-option</u>] .

This attribute MAY be used in Access-Request packets as a hint to the RADIUS server, for example, if the NAS is pre-configured with Multicast-Prefixes-64, these prefixes MAY be inserted in the attribute. The RADIUS server MAY ignore the hint sent by the NAS, and it MAY assign a different Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute.

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If the NAS includes the Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute, but the AAA server does not recognize the option 'Multicast-Prefixes-64', this attribute MUST be ignored by the AAA server.

NAS MAY be configured with both ASM prefixes and SSM prefixes, or only one of them. Concretely, AAA server MAY return ASM or SSM prefix based on the user profile and service policies. AAA MAY return both ASM prefixes and SSM prefixes. When SSM prefix is returned by the AAA server, unicast IPv4-Embedded IPv6 prefix MUST also be returned by the AAA server.

If the NAS does not receive the Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute in the Access-Accept message, it MAY fall back to a pre-configured default Multicast-Prefixes-64, if any. If the NAS does not have any pre-configured, the delivery of multicast traffic is not supported.

If the NAS is pre-provisioned with a default Multicast-Prefixes-64 and the Multicast-Prefixes-64 received in the Access-Accept message are different from the configured default, then the Multicast-Prefixes-64 attribute received in the Access-Accept message MUST be used for the session.

A summary of the Multicast-Prefixes-64 RADIUS attribute format is shown Figure 3. The fields are transmitted from left to right.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5
+ - + - + - + - + - + - + - + - + - + -
Type Length
+-
asm-length
+-+-+- :
: ASM_PREFIX64 (variable) :
+-
ssm-length
+-+-+- :
: SSM_PREFIX64 (variable) :
+-
unicast-length
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+ :
: U_PREFIX64 (variable) :
+ - + - + - + - + - + - + - + - + - + -

Figure 3: RADIUS attribute format for Multicast-Prefixes-64

Type:

145 for Multicast-Prefixes-64

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Length:

This field indicates the total length in octets of this attribute including the Type and Length fields, and the length in octets of all PREFIX fields.

asm-length:

The prefix-length for the ASM IPv4-embedded prefix, as an 8-bit unsigned integer (0 to 128). This field represents the number of valid leading bits in the prefix.

ASM_PREFIX64:

This field identifies the IPv6 multicast prefix to be used to synthesize the IPv4-embedded IPv6 addresses of the multicast groups in the ASM mode. It is a variable size field with the length of the field defined by the asm-length field and is rounded up to the nearest octet boundary. In such case any additional padding bits must be zeroed. The conveyed multicast IPv6 prefix MUST belong to the ASM range. This prefix is likely to be a /96.

ssm-length:

The prefix-length for the SSM IPv4-embedded prefix, as an 8-bit unsigned integer (0 to 128). This field represents the number of valid leading bits in the prefix.

SSM_PREFIX64:

This field identifies the IPv6 multicast prefix to be used to synthesize the IPv4-embedded IPv6 addresses of the multicast groups in the SSM mode. It is a variable size field with the length of the field defined by the ssm-length field and is rounded up to the nearest octet boundary. In such case any additional padding bits must be zeroed. The conveyed multicast IPv6 prefix MUST belong to the SSM range. This prefix is likely to be a /96.

unicast-length:

The prefix-length for the IPv6 unicast prefix to be used to synthesize the IPv4-embedded IPv6 addresses of the multicast sources, as an 8-bit unsigned integer (0 to 128). This field represents the number of valid leading bits in the prefix.

U_PREFIX64:

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This field identifies the IPv6 unicast prefix to be used in SSM mode for constructing the IPv4-embedded IPv6 addresses representing the IPv4 multicast sources in the IPv6 domain. U_PREFIX64 may also be used to extract the IPv4 address from the received multicast data flows. It is a variable size field with the length of the field defined by the unicast-length field and is rounded up to the nearest octet boundary. In such case any additional padding bits must be zeroed. The address mapping MUST follow the guidelines documented in [<u>RFC6052</u>].

5. Table of Attributes

The following tables provide a guide to which attributes may be found in which kinds of packets, and in what quantity.

The following table defines the meaning of the above table entries.

Access- Access- Access- Challenge Accounting- # Attribute Request Accept Reject Request 0-1 0-1 0-1 0 0 145 Multicast-Prefixes-64 CoA-CoA-CoA-# Attribute Request ACK NACK Multicast-Prefixes-64 0-1 0 0 145 0 This attribute MUST NOT be present in the packet. Zero or more instances of this attribute MAY be present in the 0+ packet.

0-1 Zero or one instances of this attribute MAY be present in the packet.

1 Exactly one instances of this attribute MAY be present in the packet.

6. Security Considerations

This document has no additional security considerations beyond those already identified in [RFC2865] for the RADIUS protocol and in [RFC5176] for CoA messages.

The security considerations documented in [RFC3315] and [RFC6052] are to be considered.

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7. IANA Considerations

Per this document, IANA has allocated a new RADIUS attribute type from the IANA registry "Radius Attribute Types" located at <u>http://</u>www.iana.org/assignments/radius-types.

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<u>8</u>. Normative References

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