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The "import-via" and "export-via" attributes in RPSL Policy Specifications draft-snijders-rpsl-via-03

Abstract

This document defines two attributes in the aut-num Class which can be used in RPSL policy specifications to publish desired routing policy regarding non-adjacent networks.

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1. Introduction

The Routing Policy Specification Language [RFC4012] allows operators to specify routing policies regarding directly adjacent networks through various import and export attributes. These attributes only apply to directly adjacent networks.

This document proposes to extend RPSL according to the following goals and requirements:

- o Provide a way for network (A) to describe what an adjacent network (B) could use as routing policy towards its adjacent networks (C, D, E .. N).
- o The extension should be backward compatible with minimal impact on existing tools and processes, following <u>Section 10.2 of [RFC2622]</u>.

The addition of the "import-via" and "export-via" attributes in the aut-num Class will especially help participants of Multi-Lateral Peering services to inform the intermediate autonomous system what routing policy should be applied towards other participants.

2. Notational Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

3. Background

The via keyword specifically benefits operators who were assigned a 32 bit AS Number and transit providers when participating in Multi-Lateral Peering Agreements facilitated by a Route Server.

Often Route Server operators overload BGP Communities [RFC1997]) to facilitate signaling of desired routing policy between the participants and the Route Server. Because BGP Communities have a length of 32 bit, it is not possible to signal a 32 bit AS Number coupled with an action. In practise this means Route Server participants who use a 32 bit AS Number cannot specifically be included or excluded during path distribution calculations on the Route Server unless a mapping system is applied.

Transit providers often have a routing policy which states that the transit provider does not want to exchange paths with its downstream customers through Route Servers via public Internet Exchanges. The import-via and export-via attributes allow transit providers to participate in Multi-Lateral Peering services while instructing Route Server operators through a simple routing policy specification that paths should not be distributed to downstream customers and reducing the likelihood of Path Hiding on the Route Server.

4. Import and Export Via Syntax and Semantics

The two attributes can be used within the aut-num class.

import-via:
export-via:

The syntax for these attributes is as follows:

```
Attribute Value
                                                         Type
import-via [protocol <protocol-1>] [into <protocol-2>]
                                                         optional,
           [afi <afi-list>]
                                                         multi-valued
           <mp-peering-1>
           from <mp-peering-2> [action <action-1>; ... <action-N>;]
           <mp-peering-3>
           from <mp-peering-M> [action <action-1>; ... <action-N>;]
           accept <mp-filter> [;]
export-via [protocol <protocol-1>] [into <protocol-2>]
                                                         optional,
                                                         multi-valued
           [afi <afi-list>]
           <mp-peering-1>
           to <mp-peering-2> [action <action-1>; ... <action-N>;]
           <mp-peering-3>
           to <mp-peering-M> [action <action-1>; ... <action-N>;]
           announce <mp-filter> [;]
```

Figure 1

The import-via and export-via attributes are optional, and should be ignored by implementations which do not support interpretation of those attributes. The syntax closely mimics the mp-import and mp-export attributes described in Section 2.5 of [RFC4012], with the exception that before the "from" and "to" keywords an mp-peering is defined to indicate the common AS between two non-adjacent networks.

5. Example Usage

Putting it all together:

aut-num: AS5580 import-via: AS6777

from AS15562
action pref = 2;
accept AS-SNIJDERS

export-via: AS6777

to AS15562 action community.={5580:40};

announce AS-ATRATO

import-via: AS5580:AS-ROUTESERVERS

from AS5580:AS-CUSTOMERS

accept NOT ANY

export-via: AS5580:AS-ROUTESERVERS

to AS5580:AS-CUSTOMERS announce NOT ANY

import-via: AS6777

from AS4247483647 accept AS4247483647

export-via: AS6777

to AS4247483647 action community.={5580:40};

announce AS-ATRATO

Figure 2

In the above examples AS5580 and AS15562 are Route Server participants. AS4247483647 is a participant who has been assigned a 32 bit AS Number. AS6777 functions as a Route Server [I-D.ietf-idr-ix-bgp-route-server] and AS-SET AS5580:AS-ROUTESERVERS contains a list of Route Server AS Numbers. AS-SET AS5580:AS-CUSTOMERS contains a list of downstream transit customers from AS5580.

The intention of the above policy would be to enable the exchange of NLRI's through AS6777 with two parties: AS15562 and AS4247483647, yet prevent the Route Server from distributing NLRI's announced by AS5580 towards customers of said network. Publishing the policy that AS5580 will not accept customer routes through the Route Server can help counteract the "path hiding" phenomenon as described in Section 2.3.1 of [I-D.ietf-idr-ix-bgp-route-server], as the Route Server now is informed which NLRI's should not be considered in the best path selection process.

6. Ambiguity Resolution

The same peering can be covered by more than one "via" policy attribute or by a combination of multi-protocol policy attributes, or multi-protocol policy attributes (when specifying IPv4 unicast policy) and the previously defined IPv4 unicast policy attributes. In these cases, implementations should follow the specification-order rule as defined in Section 6.4 of RFC 2622 [1]. Operators should

take note that in order to break ambiguity, the action corresponding to the first peering specification is used.

Consider the following example regarding ambiguity resolution.

aut-num: AS5580

export: to AS6777 195.69.144.255 announce AS5580

export-via: AS6777 195.69.144.255 to AS-AMS-IX-RS announce AS-ATRATO

Figure 3

As both policy specifications cover the same peering with AS6777, specification-order rule is used and Route Server AS6777 195.69.144.255 should only accept AS5580, instead of AS-ATRATO, even though the export-via specification is more specific. If the intended policy was to announce all routes which can be resolved through AS-ATRATO on this particular peering, the operator should have specified:

aut-num: AS5580

export-via: AS6777 195.69.144.255 to AS-AMS-IX-RS announce AS-ATRATO

export: to AS6777 195.69.144.255 announce AS5580

Figure 4

7. Security Considerations

There are no security considerations for this specification.

8. IANA Considerations

This document has no IANA actions.

Acknowledgments

The author would like to thank Remko van Mook for confirming that "via" is a better keyword than 'through' or 'thru', Nick Hilliard for his unparalleled support, Jeffrey Haas for providing historic perspective, David Croft and Martin Pels for nitpicking.

10. References

10.1. Normative References

[RFC1997] Chandrasekeran, R., Traina, P., and T. Li, "BGP Communities Attribute", <u>RFC 1997</u>, August 1996.

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", <u>BCP 14</u>, <u>RFC 2119</u>, March 1997.
- [RFC2622] Alaettinoglu, C., Villamizar, C., Gerich, E., Kessens, D.,
 Meyer, D., Bates, T., Karrenberg, D., and M. Terpstra,
 "Routing Policy Specification Language (RPSL)", RFC 2622,
 June 1999.
- [RFC4012] Blunk, L., Damas, J., Parent, F., and A. Robachevsky, "Routing Policy Specification Language next generation (RPSLng)", RFC 4012, March 2005.

10.2. Informative References

```
[I-D.ietf-idr-ix-bgp-route-server]

Jasinska, E., Hilliard, N., Raszuk, R., and N. Bakker,

"Internet Exchange Route Server", draft-ietf-idr-ix-bgp-
route-server-02 (work in progress), February 2013.
```

Appendix A. Grammar Rules

Note that only 'via' specific grammar rules have been listed. Currently two routing registry whois daemons have support for the 'via' attributes: IRRd 3.0.7 and RIPE Whois Server 1.71.

```
%type <string> line_autnum
%type <string> attr_autnum
%type <string> attr_import_via
%type <string> attr_export_via
%token T_IV_KEY //*** import-via: ***
%token T_EV_KEY //*** export-via: ***
%token T_AFI T_PROTOCOL T_WORD T_INTO T_EXCEPT T_REFINE
%token T_ACCEPT T_ANNOUNCE T_TO T_FROM T_PRNGNAME
line_autnum: attr_autnum
    | attr_import_via
    | attr_export_via
attr_import_via: T_IV_KEY attr_import_syntax
attr_import_syntax: opt_protocol_from opt_protocol_into import_simple
    | opt_protocol_from opt_protocol_into afi_import_exp
attr_export_via: T_EV_KEY attr_export_syntax
attr_export_syntax: opt_protocol_from opt_protocol_into export_simple
```

```
| opt_protocol_from opt_protocol_into afi_export_exp
opt_afi_specification:
    | T_AFI afi_list
afi_list: afi_token
    | afi_list ',' afi_token
afi_token: afi_name
opt_protocol_from:
    | T_PROTOCOL T_WORD
opt protocol into:
    | T_INTO T_WORD
import_simple: opt_afi_specification import_factor
export_simple: opt_afi_specification export_factor
afi_import_exp: opt_afi_specification import_exp
afi_export_exp: opt_afi_specification export_exp
import_exp: import_term
    | import_term T_EXCEPT afi_import_exp
    | import_term T_REFINE afi_import_exp
import_factor_list: import_factor ';'
    | import_factor_list import_factor ';'
import_term: import_factor ';'
    | '{' import_factor_list '}'
export_exp: export_term
    | export_term T_EXCEPT afi_export_exp
    | export_term T_REFINE afi_export_exp
export_factor_list: export_factor ';'
    | export_factor_list export_factor ';'
export_term: export_factor ';'
    | '{' export_factor_list '}'
import_factor: import_peering_action_list T_ACCEPT filter
export_factor: export_peering_action_list T_ANNOUNCE filter
```

Figure 5

Appendix B. Document Change Log

(RFC Editor - this Appendix can be removed upon publication as RFC)

- 1. Initial document.
- 2. Changes to <u>draft-snijders-rpsl-via-01.txt</u>
 - A. Moved from adding a new RPSL keyword to a new RPSL attribute to improve backwards compatibility.
- 3. Changes to <u>draft-snijders-rpsl-via-02.txt</u>
 - A. Added grammar appendix.
 - B. Added section about Ambiguity Resolution.
- 4. Changes to <u>draft-snijders-rpsl-via-03.txt</u>
 - A. Updated current IRR implementations.

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