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mLDP extensions for integrating EVPN and multicast  
draft-allan-l2vpn-mlbp-evpn-03

## Abstract

This document describes how mLDP FECs can be encoded to support both service specific and shared multicast trees and describes the associated procedures for EVPN PEs. Thus, mLDP can implement multicast for EVPN.

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## [1.](#) Introduction

This document describes how mLDP FECs can be encoded to permit mLDP to implement multicast for EVPN. Such support can be applied to interconnecting 802.1ad, 802.1ah, 802.1aq, and 802.1Qbp based networks.

### [1.1.](#) Authors

## [1.2.](#) Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119](#) [1].

## [2.](#) Changes since last version

- 1) Added co-author.

## [3.](#) Conventions used in this document

### [3.1.](#) Terminology

BCB: Backbone Core Bridge  
BEB: Backbone Edge Bridge  
BU: Broadcast/Unknown  
B-MAC: Backbone MAC Address  
B-VID: Backbone VLAN ID  
CE: Customer Edge  
C-MAC: Customer/Client MAC Address  
DF: Designated Forwarder  
ESI: Ethernet segment identifier  
EVPN: Ethernet VPN  
FEC: Forwarding Equivalence Class  
ISIS-SPB: IS-IS as extended for SPB  
I-SID: Backbone Service Instance ID  
mLDP: Multicast Label Distribution Protocol  
MP2MP: Multipoint to Multipoint  
MVPN: Multicast VPN  
NLRI: Network layer reachability information  
PBBN: Provider Backbone Bridged Network  
BEB-PE: Co located BEB and PE  
PE: provider edge  
P2MP: Point to Multipoint  
P2P: Point to Point

RD: Route Distinguisher  
SPB: Shortest path bridging  
SPBM: Shortest path bridging MAC mode  
VID: VLAN ID  
VLAN: Virtual LAN

#### [4.](#) Solution Overview

mLDP[6] permits arbitrary FEC encodings for the naming of multicast trees to be defined. This property is leveraged to permit both service specific trees and shared trees to be utilized to augment EVPN unicast connectivity with network based multicast and avoid the inefficiencies of edge replication.

The flooding of EVPN BGP NLRI and ISIS-SPB [7] provides each PE with sufficient information to self elect as a DF, have knowledge of peer DFs, and from that construct the identifiers for the required set of multicast trees to support the current service set, which can then be encoded as mLDP FECs, and used to originate label mapping and label withdraw messages.

Both p2mp and mp2mp trees are supported with different FEC encodings for each. Service specific tree FECs encode the VID or I-SID associated with the service instance in the subtending network. Shared tree FECs encode a sorted list of the IP addresses of the leaf DFs.

#### [5.](#) Elements of Procedure

A PE advertises whether or not it supports shared tree (actual mechanism is TBD). Support of both shared and service specific trees is mandatory. Whether a PE supports shared trees is a network design decision.

A PE is expected to maintain a list of current multicast memberships.

A PE, upon receipt of new information from BGP or ISIS-SPB:

- 1) Evaluates it's DF roles (as described in [5]).
- 2) On the basis of the PE's DF role, determines the set of services it needs to support.
- 3) Determines the set of peer DFs for each service.

4) On the basis of requisite tree types and ESI multicast registrations (p2mp or mp2mp/service specific or shared), determines the name of the multicast tree needed for the service.

For example an ESI may only have source interest in an ISIS-SPB I-SID in which case it would:

- require a p2mp tree to the set of DFs registering receive interest in the I-SID for p2mp trees

- require an upstream label mapping to the set of DFs registering receive interest in the I\_SID for mp2mp trees

5) Upon completion of evaluating the set of services, de-duplicates the required tree membership list.

6) Compares the required list with the existing list, and originates the necessary label mapping and label withdraw transactions to the network state up to date.

7) Configures the dataplane for the appropriate service to multicast tree bindings.

## [6. FEC Encoding](#)

### [6.1. VLAN tagged FEC](#)

VLAN tagged FEC uses the mLDP p2mp (0x06) type FEC and the mLDP mp2mp downstream (0x07) and upstream FECs (0x08)

The encoding of the opaque value is:

0										1										2										3									
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Type "x"										Length										<unused = 0>																			
										RT																													
Ethertype										VID										= 0																			

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- ## 6.2. I-SID tagged FEC

[illegible]

- RT is the route target for the EVPN instance
- I-SID corresponds to the I-SID that will use the tree

```

0      1          2              3
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| Type "x+2"   | Length                                     | <unused = 0> |
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
|                                                    RT                                |
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
|                                                                                               |
~                <sorted list of DF ip addresses>                                           ~
|                                                                                               |
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+

```

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Where:

- RT is the route target for the EVPN instance
- Sorted list of DF addresses identifies the set of leaves that have registered interest in one or more Ethernet services (either C/S or I tagged).

## [7.](#) Acknowledgements

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## [8.](#) Security Considerations

For a future version of this document.

## [9.](#) IANA Considerations

For a future version of this document.

## [10.](#) References

### [10.1.](#) Normative References

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- [4] Aggarwal et.al. "BGP MPLS Based Ethernet VPN", IETF work in progress, [draft-ietf-l2vpn-evpn-01](#), July 2012
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- [8] IEEE 802.1Qbp "Draft IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks---Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks - Amendment: Equal Cost Multiple Paths (ECMP), 802.1Qbp", draft 1.3, February 2013
- [9] Sajassi et.al. "PBB E-VPN", IETF work in progress, [draft-ietf-l2vpn-pbb-evpn-03](#), June 2012
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