Network Working Group Internet-Draft Updates: <u>2026</u> (if approved) Expires: March 7, 2005

## Getting rid of the cruft: A procedure to deprecate old standards draft-alvestrand-newtrk-cruft-01.txt

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### Abstract

This document describes a procedure for performing the downgrading of old standards described in <u>RFC 2026</u>, as well as BCPs, without placing an unreasonable load on groups charged with performing other tasks in the IETF.

It defines a new group, called the "Historical Standards Committee", which shall recommend to the IESG downgrading or progressing documents on the IETF standards track. Ultimate decisions still rest

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of with the IESG, with appeal to the IAB.

#### **1**. Introduction and history

<u>RFC 2026</u>, and <u>RFC 1602</u> before it, specified timelines for review of immature (draft or proposed) standards. The purpose of such review was to determine whether such documents should be advanced, retired, or developed further.[<u>1</u>]

This procedure has never been followed in the history of the IETF. Since this procedure has not been followed, members of the community have suggested that the retiring of a document to Historic is a significant event, which should be justified carefully - leading to the production of documents such as <u>RFC 2556</u> (OSI connectionless transport services on top of UDP Applicability Statement for Historic Status) and <u>RFC 3166</u> (Request to Move <u>RFC 1433</u> to Historic Status).

Such documents require significant time and effort on the part of authors, area directors, and the RFC Editor. Indeed such effort should be reserved for advancing or maintaining immature standards. Hence, no document should be required for an immature standard to be retired.

### 2. Bulk Decommissioning Procedure

In order to decommission a standard, the level of the standard MUST be "proposed" or "draft" and the period of time for advancement as specified by RFC 2026 MUST have elapsed. Furthermore, the Committee will consider no document that is being actively revised by an IETF working group.

N.B. elapse of time beyond the periods specified in <u>RFC 2026</u> offers an opportunity and NOT a mandate for review. The Committee should make a judgement as to the appropriateness of a review.

The review procedure is as follows:

- o For each standard to be reviewed, the Committee sends out a message to the IETF list and the lists deemed relevant, asking for implementation experience and active usage.
- o If there are reports of implementation experience and/or active usage, the RFC is moved into the Committee's Individual Decommissioning Procedure.
- The Committee sends to the IESG the remaining list of documents it recommends be reclassified as either Historic or Outdated along with a record of steps taken to identify that standard"s use. That record should include pointers to archives, as well as a log of actions taken to seek out usage.

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- o The IESG will issue a Last Call for community input on all documents in question.
- o The IESG will respond to the Committee's recommendation with a message to the IETF Announcement list, indicating which standards are marked Historic.
- o Remaining standards are left unchanged, and are not to be further considered by the Committee for at least another twelve months.

### 3. Individual Decommissioning Procedure

This procedure is intended for use when one needs to consider more detailed evidence before deciding what to do with a document.

### 3.1 Procedure

The Committee takes input from all sources it cares to take input from. As it does so it will keep an archive and a record of all such input. Once it determines a recommended action, it sends a recommendation to the IESG along with a pointer to the record, and the IESG will announce this to the IETF community if it agrees with the recommendation.

## <u>3.2</u> Evaluation criteria

The decision on when to ask for reclassification is made by the Committee.

Criteria that should be considered are:

- o Usage. A standard that is widely used should probably be left alone (better it should be advanced, but that is beyond the scope of this memo).
- o Implementation. A standard that is unimplemented is a clear candidate to be reclassified as Historic.
- o Potential for harm. A protocol that is unsafe where a clearly superior alternative is available should be considered for reclassification to Historic.
- o Interest in further work. If there is a reasonable expectation that the specification will be updated or advanced within a reasonable timeframe, the Committee should do nothing.

# <u>4</u>. Selection of the Committee

NOTE IN DRAFT: This is intended to be simple, and convey the idea that signing up for this is an 1-year stint, not a permanent position.

The IESG will send out a call for volunteers for the Cruft Committee

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once a year, and will choose from the volunteers, and appoint a chair. A current member of the Committee may volunteer again if he/ she wants to.

The chair will report every six months via electronic mail to the IETF Announce mailing list on the Committee's progress.

The Committee otherwise organizes its own work.

The IESG may cut short the term of the Committee and send out a new call for volunteers if it finds that reasonable.

### 5. Acknowledgments

Members of the NEWTRK working group reviewed drafts of this memo.

## <u>6</u> Normative References

[1] Bradner, S., "The Internet Standards Process -- Revision 3", <u>BCP</u> <u>9</u>, <u>RFC 2026</u>, October 1996.

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