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Data Over Cable Service (DOCS) Radio Frequency (RF) Interface Management Information Base (MIB)

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Abstract

This Internet-Draft outlines the Radio Frequency (RF) Interface Management Information Bases (MIBs) for high-speed data-over-cable systems developed by the MCNS Data Over Cable Services working group.

Two Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) MIBs are defined. The first is the MCNS Interface MIB and defines objects that enable management of the CATV MAC and PHY layer interfaces. The second is the MCNS Cable Modem (CM) MIB and defines objects that enable management of CMs and Cable Modem Termination Systems (CMTSs).

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<u>1</u>. Introduction

This document outlines the Radio Frequency (RF) Interface Management Information Bases (MIBs) for high-speed data-over-cable systems developed by the MCNS Data Over Cable Services working group.

Two Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) MIBs are defined. The first is the MCNS Interface MIB and defines objects that enable management of the CATV MAC and PHY layer interfaces. The second is the MCNS Cable Modem (CM) MIB and defines objects that enable management of CMs and Cable Modem Termination Systems (CMTSs).

This specification is intended to enable prospective vendors of cable modems and other data-over-cable systems to address the operations support requirements in a uniform and consistent manner.

2. CM and CMTS Management Requirements

This section describes the CM and CMTS management requirements. The MIBs compliant with these requirements are described in <u>Section 3</u> and formally defined in <u>Section 5</u>.

2.1 Accounting Management

Although many different types of billing scenarios exist for operators, the only scenarios which require use of CM and CMTS managed objects are those based on metered usage or reserved bandwidth. Common practice by several Internet Service Providers (ISPs) allows usage-based billing based on peak rates. A DOCS provider can implement usage-based billing two ways: By polling the CMs or by polling the CMTS.

In the first method, a service provider can poll the ifInOctets and ifOutOctets counters from the MIB-II [RFC-1213] Interfaces group on each CM. This has the advantage of enabling both upstream and downstream traffic metering with the potential disadvantage of affecting network performance.

The second metered billing method involves monitoring the mcnsifCmtsServiceTotalDataSlots counter from the mcnsifCmtsServiceTable on each CMTS. This has the advantage of avoiding congestion on the RF network; however, it enables upstream traffic metering only. In a typical ISP environment, a BSS polls the appropriate counters on each customer device once every 15 minutes throughout a monthly billing cycle. This data is converted into an average utilization rate for the sample period. Doing so permits the ISP to bill based on peak bandwidth by choosing the sample ranked at the 90-95th percentile. Note that the billing system may also include time-of-day rate variations. The billing of reserved upstream MAC bandwidth is aided by information available from the mcnsifQosProfileTable for each CM. These MIB

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variables report the upstream QOS characteristics, not just the nominal bandwidth, associated with each service ID and enable the service provider to bill for Grade of Service by verifying QOS.

2.2 Configuration Management

2.2.1 Version Control

The CM MUST (and the CMTS SHOULD) support software revision and operational parameter configuration interrogation. In particular, the fields of the sysObjectID Object Identifier (OID) of the CM MUST successively encode the vendor ID, the hardware platform, the hardware revision, the software/PROM major revision number, the software/PROM minor revision number, and (optionally) the software patch level. Each parameter MUST occupy exactly one field. The fields of the sysObjectID OID of the CMTS SHOULD use the same encoding.

2.2.2 Software upgrades

The CM software upgrade process is documented in [MCNS7]. The mechanism to upgrade software from an SNMP manager MUST be supported by CMs, and SHOULD be supported by CMTSs. From a network management station, the operator:

-sets mcnscmSwServer to the address of the TFTP server for software upgrades -sets mcnscmSwFilename to the file pathname of the software upgrade image -sets mcnscmSwAdminStatus to upgrade-from-mgt

One reason for the SNMP-initiated upgrade is to allow loading of a temporary software image (e.g., special diagnostic software) that differs from the software normally used on that modem without changing the provisioning database.

Note that software upgrades should not be accepted blindly by the cable modem. The cable modem may refuse an upgrade if:

The download is incomplete.The file contents are incomplete or damaged.The software is not intended for that hardware device (may include the case of a feature set that has not been purchased for this device).

<u>2.2.3</u> System Initialization and Configuration

Most system configuration of CMs is performed through a combination of CATV MAC, DHCP, and TFTP exchanges. These exchanges are defined in detail in the Radio Frequency Interfaces Specification [MCNS7]. In

particular, to enable event logging through SYSLOG, the DHCP server sets the log server option $[{\tt RFC-1533}]$ to the address of the SYSLOG server.

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2.3 Fault Management

2.3.1 SNMP Usage

In the DOCS environment, the goals of fault management are the remote detection, diagnosis, and correction of network problems. Therefore, the CM MUST support SNMP management traffic across both the Ethernet and CATV MAC interfaces. Access to these interfaces may be restricted to support policy goals (see the mcnscmNmAccessTable); i.e., the service provider can choose to disable this at anytime.

CM installation personnel can use SNMP queries from a station on the Ethernet to perform on-site CM and CATV MAC diagnostics and fault classification (note that this may require temporary provisioning of the CM from an Ethernet DHCP server). Further, future customer applications using SNMP queries can diagnose simple post-installation problems, avoiding visits from service personnel and minimizing help desk telephone queries.

Standard MIB-II support MUST be implemented to instrument interface status, packet corruption, protocol errors, network performance, etc. The transmission MIB for Ethernet-like objects [<u>RFC-1643</u>] MUST be implemented on each CM and CMTS Ethernet and Fast Ethernet port. The ifXTable [<u>RFC-1573</u>] SHOULD be implemented to provide discrimination between broadcast and multicast traffic.

The CM and CMTS MUST support managed objects for fault management of the PHY and MAC layers. The MIB includes variables to track PHY state such as codeword collisions and corruption, signal-to-noise ratios, transmit and receive power levels, propagation delays, micro-reflections, in channel response, and Sync loss. The MIB also includes variables to track MAC state such as collisions and excessive retries for requests, immediate data transmits, and initial ranging requests.

For fault management at all layers, the CM/CMTS MUST generate replies to SNMP queries (subject to policy filters) for counters and status, MUST send SNMP traps to one or more trap NMSs (subject to policy), and MUST send event logging to a SYSLOG server (if a log server is defined). The ifTestTable [RFC-1573] SHOULD be implemented for any diagnostic test procedures that can be remotely initiated.

2.3.2 Event Logging

Event logging and history provide vendors an opportunity for product differentiation. The ability to report useful logs may depend on semigraceful failure modes and on the ability to record such in nonvolatile storage.

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Events SHOULD be reported via log entries in a MIB, the SYSLOG facility (as documented in <u>Section 6</u>), and SNMP traps. Reporting of events SHOULD be fully configurable by priority class. At a minimum, it MUST be possible to disable SNMP Trap and SYSLOG transmission.

A local event log that is available via SNMP queries SHOULD be implemented to track events that cannot be reported at the time that they occur. This log SHOULD support a minimum of ten event log entries, and SHOULD persist across device re-boots.

The definition and coding of events is vendor-specific. In deference to the network operator who must troubleshoot multi-vendor networks, the circumstances and meaning of each event are reported as human-readable text. Vendors SHOULD provide time-of-day clocks in CMs to provide useful timestamping of events. Similarly, event logs SHOULD be persistent across device re-boots. The depth of the event log is vendor dependent, with oldest entries discarded as needed.

For each vendor-specific event that is reportable via TRAP, the vendor must create an enterprise-specific trap definition. Trap definitions MUST include mcnscmEvText and should be defined as:

trapName TRAP-TYPE
ENTERPRISE myEnterprise
VARIABLES { mcnscmEvText, other useful objects }
DESCRIPTION
"trap description"
::= value of mcnscmEvId

The event framework described in this section MUST be implemented in CMs and SHOULD be implemented in CMTSs.

<u>2.3.3</u> Trap and Syslog Throttling

The CM and CMTS MUST provide support for trap and syslog message throttling as described below. The network operator can employ message rate throttling or trap limiting by manipulating the appropriate MIB variables.

2.3.3.1 Rate Throttling

Network operators may employ either of two rate control methods. In the first method, the device ceases to send traps and SYSLOG messages when the rate exceeds the specified maximum message rate. It resumes sending traps only if reactivated by a network management station request.

In the second method, the device resumes sending traps when the rate falls below the specified maximum message rate.

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The network operator configures the specified maximum message rate by setting the measurement interval (in seconds), and the maximum number of trap and SYSLOG messages (excluding duplicates) to be transmitted within the measurement interval. The operator can query the operational throttling state (to determine whether traps are enabled or blocked by throttling) of the device, as well as query and set the administrative throttling state (to manage the rate control method) of the device.

2.3.3.2 Trap Limiting

Network operators may wish to limit the number of traps sent by a device over a specified time period. The device ceases to send traps and SYSLOG messages when the number of traps exceeds the specified threshold. It resumes sending traps only when the measurement interval has passed.

The network operator defines the maximum number of traps he is willing to handle and sets the measurement interval to a large number (in hundredths of a second). For this case, the administrative throttling state is set to stop at threshold which is the maximum number of traps.

See "Techniques for Managing Asynchronously Generated Alerts" [<u>RFC-1224</u>] for further information.

2.3.4 Non-SNMP Fault Management protocols

The OSS can use a variety of tools and techniques to examine faults at multiple layers. For the IP layer, useful non-SNMP based tools include ping (ICMP Echo and Echo Reply), traceroute (UDP and various ICMP Destination Unreachable flavors). Pings to a CM from its Ethernet side MUST be supported to enable local connectivity testing from a customer's PC to the modem. The CM and CMTS MUST support IP end-station generation of ICMP error messages and processing of all ICMP messages.

2.4 Performance Management

At the CATV MAC layer, performance management focuses on the monitoring of the effectiveness of cable plant segmentation and rates of upstream traffic and collisions. Instrumentation is provided in the form of the standard interfaces statistics, as well as the mcnsifCmtsServiceTable and mcnsifCmServiceTable.

It is not anticipated that the CMTS upstream bandwidth allocation function will require active network management intervention and tuning. Nevertheless, management objects are provided in case tuning or direct control is necessary. The three key upstream contention intervals are the request interval, the immediate data interval, and the initial ranging maintenance interval. If the upstream collision rate of requests and immediate data is high relative to the upstream traffic bandwidth, then the network management system (NMS) might increase the size of the request and immediate data intervals, respectively. The NMS might increase the size of the initial ranging maintenance interval when the

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upstream collision rate of initial ranging messages is relatively high, such as at the conclusion of a wide-spread regional power outage. The NMS might also decrease the size of these contention intervals under low collision rate conditions, since these intervals occupy bandwidth that may be otherwise used for upstream transmission bandwidth. As a last resort, the NMS might change the guaranteed upstream bandwidth for one or more service IDs, to relieve upstream traffic congestion for key subscribers. The CM MUST implement MIB counters that report the number of contention interval collisions (measured as the number of contention interval retries) per service ID, and the CMTS MUST implement read-write MIB objects that control the size of the contention intervals for each upstream channel. The CMTS SHOULD implement a read-write MIB object that controls the guaranteed upstream bandwidth for each service ID.

At the LLC layer, the performance management focus is on bridge traffic management. The CM and CMTS (if the CMTS implements transparent bridging) MUST implement the Bridge MIB [RFC-1493], including the dot1dBase and dot1dTp groups. The CM and CMTS MUST implement a managed object that controls whether the 802.1d spanning tree protocol (STP) is run and topology update messages are generated; STP is unnecessary in hierarchical, loop-free topologies. If the STP is enabled for the CM/CMTS, then the CM/CMTS MUST implement the dot1dStp group. These MIB groups' objects allow the NMS to detect when bridge forwarding tables are full, and enable the NMS to modify aging timers.

A final performance concern is the ability to diagnose unidirectional loss. Both the CM and CMTS MUST implement the MIB-II [RFC-1213] Interfaces group. When there exists more than one upstream or downstream channel, the CM/CMTS MUST implement an instance of IfEntry for each channel. The ifStack MIB [RFC-1573] MUST be used to define the relationships among the CATV MAC interfaces and their channels.

2.5 Protocol Filters

The CM MUST implement LLC and IP protocol filters. The LLC protocol filter entries can be used to limit CM forwarding to a restricted set of network-layer protocols (such as IP, IPX, NetBIOS, and Appletalk). The IP protocol filter entries can be used to restrict upstream or downstream traffic based on source and destination IP addresses, transport-layer protocols (such as TCP, UDP, and ICMP), and source and destination TCP/UDP port numbers. The CM SHOULD support a minimum of ten LLC protocol filter entries, and ten IP protocol filter entries.

2.6 Common Spectrum Management

The CMTS SHOULD implement the HFC RF Spectrum Management MIB [<u>CSMIMIB</u>]. The definition of this MIB is likely to evolve, and vendors should anticipate changes in this area.

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3. Areas for Future Consideration

This section outlines some areas for future consideration within this specification.

-As ATM standards develop, this specification will include appropriate standards references.

-Enterprise-specific traps will be defined in the future as dictated by field experience.

-Multicast service provisioning within the cable modem will be clearly defined.

-To support the billing of reserved downstream MAC bandwidth, the CMTS should implement the evolving RSVP/Integrated Services MIB(s). Because of the variety of output queuing mechanisms, comments are solicited for the management mechanisms to support this.

-Comments are solicited as to required and recommended diagnostic test procedures.

<u>4</u>. Management Information Base (MIB)

This section defines the minimum set of managed objects required to support the CM and CMTS management requirements identified in the previous section. Vendors may augment this MIB with objects from other standard or vendor-specific MIBs where appropriate.

4.1 MIB Organization

There are three parts of the MIB needed for CMs and CMTSs. The first is a set of objects drawn from standard SNMP MIBs that bear on this class of devices. It is not the intention of this specification to duplicate existing specifications. These are available as RFCs from the IETF and are widely available.

The second part is a set of objects for the CATV interfaces of the CM and CMTS. This MIB provides the objects needed to configure, operate, and monitor the physical CATV interfaces. This specification is derived from the MCNS MAC specification [MCNS7]. These objects are defined in <u>Section 5.2</u> as the mcnsif MIB.

The third part is a set of objects for management of CM and CMTS devices. These provide system-level functionality that is specific to the business and operational environments of cable data systems. These objects are defined in <u>Section 5.3</u> as the mcnscm MIB.

The latter two parts are presented here as separate MIBs. The mcnsif and mcnscm MIBs are formally defined in <u>Section 5</u>.

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4.2 Managed Objects from Existing Standards

4.2.1 The MIB-II 'system' Group

The System Group from MIB-II [<u>RFC-1213</u>] MUST be implemented. See Section **2.2.1** for sysObjectID requirements.

4.2.2 The MIB-II 'interface' Group

The MIB-II interface group provides essential information about both MAC interfaces and individual channels. The interface extensions (ifXTable) [RFC-1573] SHOULD be supported.

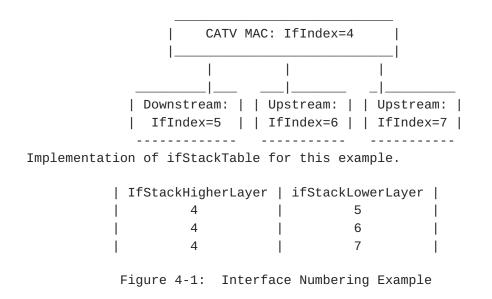
4.2.2.1 Interface Organization and Numbering

An instance of ifEntry exists for each CATV MAC interface, as well as each LAN interface.

If a MAC interface consists of more than one upstream and downstream channel, then a separate instance of ifEntry MUST also exist for each channel.

If table entries exist separately for upstream and downstream channels, then the ifStack group ([RFC-1573]) must be implemented to identify relationships among sub-interfaces. Note that the CATV MAC interface must exist, even if it is further broken out into sub-interfaces.

The example in Figure 4-1 illustrates a MAC interface with one downstream and two upstream channels:



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```
INTERNET-DRAFT DOCS RF Interface MIB
```

At the CMTS, interface numbering is at the discretion of the vendor, and should correspond to the physical arrangement of connections. If table entries exist separately for upstream and downstream channels, then the ifStack group ([RFC-1573]) must be implemented to identify relationships among sub-interfaces. Note that the CATV MAC interface(s) must exist, even if further broken out into sub-interfaces.

At the CM, interfaces SHOULD be numbered as:

```
-Ethernet: 1
-CATV MAC: 2
-all others (individual channels if present, telephony return if
present): n+2
```

Note that network management platforms MUST NOT rely on this numbering scheme, and should use ifType and the ifStack table to identify interfaces.

<u>4.2.2.2</u> Specific Interface Attributes

The ifAdminStatus object provides administrative control over both MAC interfaces and individual channels.

For CATV MAC interfaces, ifSpeed is defined as the bit rate of the highest-speed channel which is attached to this interface.

The ifSpecific object must be set to { mcnsif } for CATV MAC interfaces. For upstream channels, it is set to { mcnsifUpstreamTable }. For downstream channels, it is set to { mcnsifDownstreamTable }. Note that this object is deprecated in reference [<u>RFC-1573</u>].

The ifType object needs enumerated values to be assigned from the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority. Values are needed for:

-CATV CMTS MAC interface -CATV CM MAC interface -CATV upstream channel -CATV downstream channel

For each Ethernet or Fast Ethernet interface present on a CM or CMTS, there must exist a corresponding ifEntry with ifType ethernet-csmacd(6) [<u>RFC1213</u>].

4.2.3 The MIB-II 'ip' Group

The IP group is implemented. It does not apply to IP packets forwarded by the device as a link-layer bridge. For the CM, it applies only to the device as an IP host. At the CMTS, it applies to the device as an IP host, and as a router if IP routing is implemented.

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4.2.4 Other MIB-II Groups

All devices MUST implement all MIB-II groups which apply to the functionality of the device. At a minimum, this includes the ICMP, UDP, and SNMP groups, all of which apply only to the device's role as an IP host.

4.2.5 The Bridge MIB

In both the CM and the CMTS (if the CMTS implements transparent bridging), the Bridge MIB [<u>RFC-1493</u>] MUST be implemented to represent the bridging process.

In the CMTS that implements transparent bridging, the Bridge MIB SHOULD be used to represent information about the MAC Forwarder state.

4.2.6 The Ethernet-Like MIB

The Ethernet-like MIB ([<u>RFC-1643</u>]) must be implemented if Ethernet or Fast Ethernet interfaces are present.

4.2.7 The FDDI MIB

The FDDI MIB ([<u>RFC-1512</u>]) must be implemented if Fiber Distributed Data Interfaces are present.

<u>5</u>. Concise MIB Definition

This section contains formal definitions of the MCNS Interface MIB and the MCNS CM MIB. Both are presented in the SNMP Version 2 Concise MIB Definition format. An essentially empty MCNS MIB provides a root point for the two MIBs.

5.1 Root MIB for MCNS

This MIB exists solely to provide an anchor in the mib tree for the two MIBs which follow.

MCNS-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS MODULE-IDENTITY, enterprises FROM SNMPv2-SMI;

mcns MODULE-IDENTITY LAST-UPDATED "9703241130Z" ORGANIZATION "Multimedia Cable Network System"

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CONTACT-INFO " Pam Anderson Postal: CableLabs 400 Centennial Parkway Louisville, CO 80027-1266 Tel: +1 303 661 9100 Fax: +1 303 661 9199 E-mail: p.anderson@cablelabs.com" DESCRIPTION "This is the MIB Module for MCNS-compliant cable modems and cable-modem termination systems." ::= { enterprises 2141 }

END

5.2 Definition of Managed Objects for Data-over-Cable Service Interfaces

The following groups are provided for management of the CATV MAC layer interfaces:

-mcnsifCmMacTable (and mcnsifCmtsMacTable) - each entry extends the definition of the CM (and CMTS) MAC interface beyond that included in ifEntry. The CMTS table provides controls for bandwidth allocation and other aspects of network control.

-mcnsifDownstreamChannelTable - each entry describes the characteristics of a single downstream channel.

-mcnsifUpstreamChannelTable - each entry describes the characteristics of a single upstream channel.

-mcnsifPreambleTable - provides reference preamble strings for use with mcnsifModulationTable.

-mcnsifModulationTable - each entry describes a modulation profile associated with one or more upstream channels.

-mcnsifCmServiceTable (and mcnsifCmtsServiceTable) - describes each service queue. Each CM will maintain one or more service queues. Each CMTS will assign and maintain all of the service queues within a MAC domain.

-mcnsifQosProfileTable - defines quality of service characteristics to be used by the mcnsifServiceTable.

-mcnsifCmtsTallyTable - provides MAC-layer protocol tallies for the CMTS.

-mcnsifCmTallyTable - provides MAC-layer protocol tallies for the CM.

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```
DOCS RF Interface MIB
-mcnsifSignalQualityTable - provides information about physical-layer
signal quality.
CableModemInterface-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,
Integer32, Counter32, TimeTicks, IpAddress
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, MacAddress, RowStatus
    FROM SNMPv2-TC
OBJECT-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    FROM SNMPv2-CONF
ifIndex
    FROM <u>RFC1213</u>-MIB
mcns
    FROM MCNS-MIB
;
mcnsifMIB
              MODULE-IDENTITY
LAST-UPDATED "9703241130Z"
ORGANIZATION "Multimedia Cable Network System"
CONTACT-INFO "
                   Pam Anderson
              Postal: CableLabs
                      400 Centennial Parkway
                     Louisville, CO 80027-1266
              Tel: +1 303 661 9100
              Fax: +1 303 661 9199
              E-mail: p.anderson@cablelabs.com"
DESCRIPTION
"This is the MIB Module for MCNS-compliant MAC interfaces at
cable modems and cable-modem termination systems."
::= { mcns 1 }
-- Textual Conventions
TenthdBmV ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
DISPLAY-HINT "d-1"
STATUS
            current
DESCRIPTION
"This data type represents power levels that are normally
expressed in dBmV. Units are in tenths of a dBmV; for example,
5.1 dBmV will be represented as 51."
SYNTAX INTEGER
```

```
Milliseconds ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
DISPLAY-HINT "d"
```

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STATUS current

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```
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DESCRIPTION
"This data type represents time intervals in milliseconds."
SYNTAX INTEGER
mcnsifMIBObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnsifMIB 1 }
- -
-- The CM MAC Table
- -
mcnsifCmMacTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifCmMacEntry
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Describes the attributes of each CM MAC interface, extending
the information available from ifEntry. Mandatory for all Cable
Modems."
::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 1 }
mcnsifCmMacEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX McnsifCmMacEntry
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"An entry containing objects describing attributes of each MAC
entry, extending the information in ifEntry."
INDEX { ifIndex }
::= { mcnsifCmMacTable 1 }
McnsifCmMacEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
mcnsifCmtsAddress
                        MacAddress,
mcnsifCmCapabilities
                        INTEGER,
mcnsifCmResets
                        Counter32,
mcnsifCmRangingRespTimeout
                           TimeTicks
}
mcnsifCmtsAddress
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX MacAddress
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Identifies the CMTS that is believed to control this MAC
domain. At the CM, this will be the source address from SYNC,
MAP, and other MAC-layer messages. If the CMTS is unknown,
returns 00-00-00-00-00."
::= { mcnsifCmMacEntry 1 }
```

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mcnsifCmCapabilities **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX INTEGER { completeFramesOnly(1), atmCells(2), concatenation(3), concatenationAndAtm(4) } read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Identifies the capabilities of the MAC implementation at this interface." ::= { mcnsifCmMacEntry 2 } mcnsifCmResets OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that the CM reset or initialized this interface." ::= { mcnsifCmMacEntry 3 } mcnsifCmRangingRespTimeout OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks read-write MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Waiting time for a Ranging Response packet." REFERENCE "Data over Cable Radio Frequency Interface specification, Section 7, timer T3" DEFVAL { 20 } ::= { mcnsifCmMacEntry 4 } -- The CMTS MAC Table mcnsifCmtsMacTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifCmtsMacEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes the attributes of each CMTS MAC interface, extending the information available from ifEntry. Mandatory for all CMTS devices."

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::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 2 }

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```
mcnsifCmtsMacEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX McnsifCmtsMacEntry
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"An entry containing objects describing attributes of each MAC
entry, extending the information in ifEntry."
INDEX { ifIndex }
::= { mcnsifCmtsMacTable 1 }
McnsifCmtsMacEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
mcnsifCmtsCapabilities INTEGER,
mcnsifSyncInterval
                        Milliseconds,
mcnsifUcdInterval
                        Milliseconds,
mcnsifMinMapSize
                        INTEGER,
mcnsifMaxMapSize
                        INTEGER,
mcnsifMaxFutureMap
                        INTEGER,
mcnsifMaxServiceIds
                        INTEGER,
mcnsifRqPerMap
                        Integer32,
mcnsifDataPerMap
                        Integer32,
mcnsifInsertionInterval
                                TimeTicks,
mcnsifInvitedRangingRetries
                                Integer32
}
mcnsifCmtsCapabilities OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                completeFramesOnly(1),
                atmCells(2),
                concatenation(3),
                concatenationAndAtm(4)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Identifies the capabilities of the CMTS MAC implementation at
this interface."
::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 1 }
mcnsifSyncInterval
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Milliseconds
MAX-ACCESS
                read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The interval between CMTS transmission of successive SYNC
messages at this interface."
REFERENCE
" Data Over Cable Radio Frequency Interface Specification,
[MCNS7], Sync Interval."
```

::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 2 }

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mcnsifUcdInterval OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Milliseconds MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The interval between CMTS transmission of successive Upstream Channel Descriptor messages for each upstream channel at this interface." REFERENCE "Data Over Cable Radio Frequency Interface Specification, [MCNS7], UCD Interval." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 3 } mcnsifMinMapSize **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX INTEGER (1..4096) MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The minimum allocation map size, in terms of the number of mini-slots described by the MAP." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 4 } OBJECT-TYPE mcnsifMaxMapSize SYNTAX INTEGER (1..4096) MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The maximum allocation map size, in terms of the number of mini-slots described by the MAP." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 5 } mcnsifMaxFutureMap OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (1..4096) MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The maximum number of mapped mini-slots at any given time." REFERENCE "Data Over Cable Radio Frequency Interface Specification, [MCNS7], Max Map Pending." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 6 } mcnsifMaxServiceIds OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..8191) MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The maximum number of (unicast) service IDs that may be

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simultaneously active. Requests for service beyond this limit should cause the CMTS to generate an event." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 7 }

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INTERNET-DRAFT DOCS RF Interface MIB April 1997 mcnsifRqPerMap **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of request contention mini-slots to assign per allocation map. Zero indicates that a vendor-specific algorithm is used instead of a fixed number." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 8 } mcnsifDataPerMap **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of data/request contention mini-slots to assign per allocation map. Zero indicates that a vendor-specific algorithm is used instead of a fixed number." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 9 } mcnsifInsertionInterval OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of mini-slots to elapse between each grant of a broadcast station maintenance grant. Broadcast station maintenance grants are used to allow new cable modems to join the network. Zero indicates that a vendor-specific algorithm is used instead of a fixed number." REFERENCE "Data Over Cable Radio Frequency Interface Specification, [MCNS7], Ranging Interval." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 10 } mcnsifInvitedRangingRetries OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The maximum number of retries to make on invitations for ranging requests." ::= { mcnsifCmtsMacEntry 11 } - --- The following table is implemented on both the CM and the CMTS -- On the CM, only the attached downstream channel is defined. - -

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mcnsifDownstreamChannelTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifDownstreamChannelEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes the attributes of each attached downstream channel (frequency band). Mandatory for all CM and CMTS devices." ::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 3 } mcnsifDownstreamChannelEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX McnsifDownstreamChannelEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "At the CMTS, describes the attributes of each downstream channel (frequency band). At the CM, describes the attached downstream channel." INDEX { ifIndex } ::= { mcnsifDownstreamChannelTable 1 } McnsifDownstreamChannelEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnsifDownChannelId Integer32, mcnsifDownChannelFrequency INTEGER, mcnsifDownChannelModulation INTEGER, mcnsifDownChannelInterleave INTEGER, mcnsifDownChannelTxPower TenthdBmV } mcnsifDownChannelId **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The CMTS identification of the downstream channel within this particular MAC interface." ::= { mcnsifDownstreamChannelEntry 1 } mcnsifDownChannelFrequency OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (91000000..86000000) MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The center of the frequency band associated with this channel, in Hertz." ::= { mcnsifDownstreamChannelEntry 2 }

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```
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mcnsifDownChannelModulation OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                qam64(1),
                qam256(2)
                }
                read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
MAX-ACCESS
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The modulation type associated with this downstream channel."
::= { mcnsifDownstreamChannelEntry 3 }
mcnsifDownChannelInterleave OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                otherUnknown(1),
                taps8Increment16(2), -- protection 5.9/4.1 usec, latency
.22/.15 msec
                taps16Increment8(3), -- protection 12/8.2 usec, latency
.48/.33 msec
                taps32Increment4(4), -- protection 24/16 usec, latency
.98/.68 msec
                taps64Increment2(5), -- protection 47/33 usec, latency 2/1.4
msec
                taps128Increment1(6) -- protection 95/66 usec, latency 4/2.8
msec
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-write
                              -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The FEC interleaving used for this downstream channel."
::= { mcnsifDownstreamChannelEntry 4 }
mcnsifDownChannelTxPower OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX TenthdBmV
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"At the CMTS, the operational transmit power. Set to zero by the
CM."
::= { mcnsifDownstreamChannelEntry 5 }
-- The following table is implemented on both the CM and the CMTS. For
-- the CM, only the channel to which it is attached appears in the
-- table.
- -
mcnsifUpstreamChannelTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
                SEQUENCE OF McnsifUpstreamChannelEntry
```

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current

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DESCRIPTION "Describes the attributes of each attached upstream channel (frequency band). Mandatory for all CM and CMTS devices." ::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 4 } mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX McnsifUpstreamChannelEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "At the CMTS, describes the attributes of each upstream channel (frequency band). At the CM, describes the attached upstream channel. At the CM, all table entries are read-only." INDEX { ifIndex } ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelTable 1 } McnsifUpstreamChannelEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnsifUpChannelId Integer32, mcnsifUpChannelFrequency INTEGER, mcnsifUpChannelSymbolRate INTEGER, mcnsifUpChannelModulationProfile Integer32, mcnsifUpChannelSlotSize Integer32, mcnsifUpChannelTxPower TenthdBmV, mcnsifUpChannelDownChannelTiming Integer32, mcnsifUpChannelTxTimingOffset Integer32, mcnsifUpChannelRangingBackoffStart Integer32, mcnsifUpChannelRangingBackoffEnd Integer32, Integer32, mcnsifUpChannelTxBackoffStart mcnsifUpChannelTxBackoffEnd Integer32 } mcnsifUpChannelId **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Integer32 read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The CMTS identification of the upstream channel." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 1 } mcnsifUpChannelFrequency **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX INTEGER (5000000..42000000) MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The center of the frequency band associated with this channel, in Hertz." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 2 }

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INTERNET-DRAFT DOCS RF Interface MIB April 1997 mcnsifUpChannelSymbolRate OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (160000..2560000) MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The symbol rate of the upstream channel (determines the channel width)." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 3 } mcnsifUpChannelModulationProfile OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry identical to the mcnsifModIndex in the mcnsifModulationTable that describes this channel. This channel is further instantiated there by a grouping of interval usage codes which together fully describe the channel modulation." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 4 } mcnsifUpChannelSlotSize OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of 6.25 microsecond ticks in each upstream minislot. This is read-only at the CM." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 5 } mcnsifUpChannelTxPower OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TenthdBmV MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "At the CM, the operational transmit power. At the CMTS, always zero." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 6 } mcnsifUpChannelDownChannelTiming OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The ID of the downstream channel providing timing (SYNC and UCD messages) for this upstream channel, from the point of view of the particular CM. Always zero for the CMTS." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 7 }

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mcnsifUpChannelTxTimingOffset OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A measure of the current round trip time at the CM, or the maximum round trip time seen by the CMTS. Used for timing of CM upstream transmissions to ensure synchronized arrivals at the CMTS. Units are in terms of (6.25 microseconds/64)." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 8 } mcnsifUpChannelRangingBackoffStart OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The initial random backoff window to use when retrying Ranging Requests. Expressed as a power of 2. Any value other than 0..15 at the CMTS indicates that a proprietary adaptive retry mechanism is to be used." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 9 } mcnsifUpChannelRangingBackoffEnd OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The final random backoff window to use when retrying Ranging Requests. Expressed as a power of 2. Any value other than 0..15 at the CMTS indicates that a proprietary adaptive retry mechanism is to be used." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 10 } mcnsifUpChannelTxBackoffStart OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The initial random backoff window to use when retrying transmissions. Expressed as a power of 2. Any value other than 0..15 at the CMTS indicates that a proprietary adaptive retry mechanism is to be used." ::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 11 } mcnsifUpChannelTxBackoffEnd OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current

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```
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DESCRIPTION
"The final random backoff window to use when retrying
transmissions. Expressed as a power of 2. Any value other than
0..15 at the CMTS indicates that a proprietary adaptive retry
mechanism is to be used."
::= { mcnsifUpstreamChannelEntry 12 }
-- The preamble table is used with the modulation profile table which
follows. It provides a set of
-- preamble strings that can then be referenced by any of the modulation
profiles. The preamble strings
-- transmitted in the MAC-layer Upstream Channel Descriptor message are
drawn from this table.
mcnsifPreambleTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifPreambleEntry
MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Provides a set of baseline preamble strings to be used with
various modulation profiles."
::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 5 }
mcnsifPreambleEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX McnsifPreambleEntry
MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Describes a baseline preamble string for one or more upstream
channels."
INDEX { mcnsifPreambleIndex }
::= { mcnsifPreambleTable 1 }
McnsifPreambleEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        mcnsifPreambleIndex Integer32,
                              OCTET STRING
        mcnsifPreambleValue
        }
mcnsifPreambleIndex OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Indexes the baseline preamble strings. Must match
mcnsifModIndex."
::= { mcnsifPreambleEntry 1 }
```

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mcnsifPreambleValue **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..128)) MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A string of up to 1024 bits that defines the baseline preamble pattern to prepend on this channel/IUC grouping when transmitting. The bit pattern is left justified in the string and unused low order bits of the last octet are padded with zeros. Various modulation profiles will choose substrings of this value. This object is read-only at the CM." ::= { mcnsifPreambleEntry 2 } - --- The following table provides upstream channel modulation profiles. Entries in this table can be -- re-used by one or more upstream channels. An upstream channel will have a modulation profile -- for each value of mcnsifModIntervalUsageCode. - mcnsifModulationTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifModulationEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes a modulation profile associated with one or more upstream channels." ::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 6 } mcnsifModulationEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX McnsifModulationEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes a modulation profile for an Interval Usage Code for one or more upstream channels." { mcnsifModIndex, INDEX mcnsifModIntervalUsageCode } ::= { mcnsifModulationTable 1 } McnsifModulationEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnsifModIndex Integer32, mcnsifModIntervalUsageCode INTEGER, mcnsifModControl INTEGER, mcnsifModType INTEGER, mcnsifModPreambleStart INTEGER, mcnsifModPreambleLen INTEGER,

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mcnsifModDifferentialEncoding INTEGER,

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```
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mcnsifModFECErrorCorrection
                                INTEGER,
mcnsifModFECCodewordLength
                                INTEGER,
mcnsifModScramblerSeed INTEGER,
mcnsifModMaxBurstSize
                        INTEGER,
mcnsifModGuardTimeSize Integer32,
mcnsifModLastCodeword
                        INTEGER,
mcnsifModScrambler
                        INTEGER
}
mcnsifModIndex OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS
                current
DESCRIPTION
"An index into the Channel Modulation table representing a group
of Interval Usage Codes, all associated with the same channel."
::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 1 }
mcnsifModIntervalUsageCode
                                OBJECT-TYPE
            INTEGER {
SYNTAX
                request(1),
                requestData(2),
                initialRanging(3),
                periodicRanging(4),
                shortData(5),
                longData(6)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"An index into the Channel Modulation table which, when grouped
with other Interval Usage Codes, fully instantiate all
modulation sets for a given upstream channel."
::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 2 }
mcnsifModControl
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS
                read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Controls and reflects the status of rows in this table. This object is read-
only at the CM."
::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 3 }
mcnsifModType
                OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
            INTEGER {
                qpsk(1),
                qam16(2)
```

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DOCS RF Interface MIB INTERNET-DRAFT April 1997 read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The modulation type used on this channel. This object is readonly at the CM." DEFVAL { qpsk } -- if the CMTS supports qpsk ::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 4 } mcnsifModPreambleStart OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..1023) MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The starting bit offset into mcnsifPreambleValue to be used for the preamble for this modulation profile. This object is readonly at the CM." DEFVAL $\{0\}$::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 5 } OBJECT-TYPE mcnsifModPreambleLen SYNTAX INTEGER (0..1024) read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of valid bits to be extracted from mcnsifPreambleValue. This object is read-only at the CM." -- DEFVAL is the minimum needed by the implementation at the CMTS. ::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 6 } mcnsifModDifferentialEncoding OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { on(1), off(2)} MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Whether or not differential encoding is used on this channel. This object is read-only at the CM" DEFVAL { off } ::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 7 } mcnsifModFECErrorCorrection OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..10) MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current

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INTERNET-DRAFT DOCS RF Interface MIB April 1997 DESCRIPTION "The number of correctable errored bytes (t) used in forward error correction code. The value of 0 indicates no correction is employed. The number of check bytes appended will be twice this value. This object is read-only at the CM." DEFVAL $\{ 0 \}$::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 8 } mcnsifModFECCodewordLength OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (1..255) MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of data bytes (k) in the forward error correction codeword. This object is read-only at the CM " DEFVAL { 32 } -- note that this is not used unless mcnsifModFECErrorCorrection is nonzero. ::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 9 } mcnsifModScramblerSeed OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..32767) MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The 15 bit seed value for the scrambler polynomial. This object is read-only at the CM." DEFVAL { 0 } ::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 10 } mcnsifModMaxBurstSize **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX INTEGER (0..255) MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The maximum number of mini-slots that can be transmitted during this channel's burst time. Returns zero if the burst length is bounded by the allocation MAP rather than this profile. This object is read-only at the CM." DEFVAL { 0 } -- except for shortData, which is 8. ::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 11 } mcnsifModGuardTimeSize OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only -- this is dependent on other objects above STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of symbol-times which must follow the end of this

channel's burst."
-- DEFVAL is the minimum time needed by the implementation
::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 12 }

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```
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mcnsifModLastCodeword OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
               fixed(1),
               shortened(2)
               }
MAX-ACCESS
               read-create
                              -- this is dependent on other objects
above
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Whether the last FEC codeword is truncated."
DEFVAL { shortened }
::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 13 }
mcnsifModScrambler OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
               on(1),
               off(2)
               }
              read-create
MAX-ACCESS
                                      -- this is dependent on other objects
above
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Whether the scrambler is employed."
DEFVAL { off }
::= { mcnsifModulationEntry 14 }
-- The Cable Modem Service Table
- -
mcnsifCmServiceTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifCmServiceEntry
MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Describes the attributes of each upstream service queue on a
CM."
::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 7 }
mcnsifCmServiceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX McnsifCmServiceEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Describes the attributes of an upstream bandwidth service
queue."
INDEX { ifIndex, mcnsifCmServiceId }
::= { mcnsifCmServiceTable 1 }
```

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McnsifCmServiceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
mcnsifCmServiceId INTEGER,

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```
mcnsifCmServiceAdminStatus
                                INTEGER,
mcnsifCmServiceQosProfile
                                Integer32,
mcnsifCmServiceTxSlotsImmed
                                Counter32,
mcnsifCmServiceTxSlotsDed
                                Counter32,
                                Counter32,
mcnsifCmServiceTxRetries
mcnsifCmServiceTxExceeded
                                Counter32,
mcnsifCmServiceRqRetries
                                Counter32,
mcnsifCmServiceRqExceeded
                                Counter32
}
mcnsifCmServiceId
                        OBJECT-TYPE
                INTEGER (1..8191)
SYNTAX
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Identifies a service queue for upstream bandwidth. The
attributes of this service queue are shared between the CM and
the CMTS. The CMTS allocates upstream bandwidth to this service
queue based on requests from the CM and on the class of service
associated with this queue."
::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 1 }
mcnsifCmServiceAdminStatus
                              OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                enabled(1),
                disabled(2),
                destroyed(3) }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-write
                              -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Allows a service class for a particular modem to be suppressed,
(re-)enabled, or deleted altogether."
::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 2 }
mcnsifCmServiceQosProfile
                              OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The index in mcnsifQosProfileTable describing the quality of
service attributes associated with this particular service."
::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 3 }
mcnsifCmServiceTxSlotsImmed
                              OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
                Counter32
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
```

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DESCRIPTION "The number of upstream mini-slots which have been used to transmit data PDUs in immediate (contention) mode. This includes only those PDUs which are presumed to have arrived at the headend (i.e., those which were explicitly acknowledged.) It does not include retransmission attempts or mini-slots used by Requests." ::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 4 } mcnsifCmServiceTxSlotsDed **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of upstream mini-slots which have been used to transmit data PDUs in dedicated mode (i.e., as a result of a unicast Data Grant)." ::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 5 } mcnsifCmServiceTxRetries OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of attempts to transmit data PDUs containing requests for acknowledgment which did not result in acknowledgment." ::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 6 } mcnsifCmServiceTxExceeded 0BJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of data PDUs transmission failures due to excessive retries without acknowledgment." ::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 7 } mcnsifCmServiceRqRetries OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of attempts to transmit bandwidth requests which did not result in acknowledgment." ::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 8 }

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INTERNET-DRAFT DOCS RF Interface MIB mcnsifCmServiceRqExceeded **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of requests for bandwidth which failed due to excessive retries without acknowledgment." ::= { mcnsifCmServiceEntry 9 } - --- The CMTS Service Table. - mcnsifCmtsServiceTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifCmtsServiceEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes the attributes of each upstream service queue on a CMTS." ::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 8 } mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX McnsifCmtsServiceEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes the attributes of an upstream bandwidth service queue." INDEX { ifIndex, mcnsifCmtsServiceId } ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceTable 1 } McnsifCmtsServiceEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnsifCmtsServiceId INTEGER, mcnsifCmtsServiceAdminStatus INTEGER, mcnsifCmtsServiceQosProfile mcnsifCmtsServiceCreateTime Integer32, TimeTicks, mcnsifCmtsServiceCmAddress MacAddress, mcnsifCmtsServiceCmIpAddress IpAddress, mcnsifCmtsServiceRqDataGrants Counter32, mcnsifCmtsServiceRgDataSlots Counter32, mcnsifCmtsServiceTotalDataGrants Counter32, mcnsifCmtsServiceTotalDataSlots Counter32 } mcnsifCmtsServiceId **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX INTEGER (1..8191)

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

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DESCRIPTION "Identifies a service queue for upstream bandwidth. The attributes of this service queue are shared between the CM and the CMTS. The CMTS allocates upstream bandwidth to this service queue based on requests from the CM and on the class of service associated with this queue." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 1 } mcnsifCmtsServiceAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2), destroyed(3) } read-write MAX-ACCESS -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Allows a service class for a particular modem to be suppressed, (re-)enabled, or deleted altogether." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 2 } mcnsifCmtsServiceQosProfile OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The index in mcnsifQosProfileTable describing the quality of service attributes associated with this particular service." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 3 } mcnsifCmtsServiceCreateTime OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of sysUpTime when this entry was created." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 4 } mcnsifCmtsServiceCmAddress OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX MacAddress MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION " Identifies the corresponding CM for this Service ID. If the CM is unknown, or if the Service ID is shared among several CMs, returns 00-00-00-00-00." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 5 }

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mcnsifCmtsServiceCmIpAddress OBJECT-TYPE

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read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION " Identifies the corresponding CM for this Service ID. If the CM is unknown, or if the Service ID is shared among several CMs, returns 0.0.0.0." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 6 } mcnsifCmtsServiceRqDataGrants OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The cumulative number of CMTS unicast Data Grants, as a response to CM upstream bandwidth requests for this Service ID." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 7 } mcnsifCmtsServiceRqDataSlots OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The cumulative number of mini-slots for CMTS unicast Data Grants, as a response to CM upstream bandwidth requests for this Service ID." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 8 } mcnsifCmtsServiceTotalDataGrants OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The cumulative number of all CMTS unicast Data Grants for this Service ID." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 9 } mcnsifCmtsServiceTotalDataSlots OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The cumulative number of mini-slots for all CMTS unicast Data Grants for this Service ID. Also includes any contention (immediate) mini-slots in which the CM successfully transmitted data." ::= { mcnsifCmtsServiceEntry 10 }

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-- The following table describes the attributes of each class of service. -- The entries in this table are referenced from the mcnsifServiceEntries. -- They exist as a separate table in order to reduce redundant information -- in mcnsifServiceTable. - --- This table is implemented at both the CM and the CMTS. The significance -- of mcnsifQosProfIndex is local to the device. The CM need only maintain -- entries for the classes of service referenced by its mcnsifServiceTable. mcnsifQosProfileTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifQosProfileEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes the attributes of each class of service." ::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 9 } mcnsifQosProfileEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX McnsifQosProfileEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes the attributes of a particular class of service." INDEX { mcnsifQosProfIndex } ::= { mcnsifQosProfileTable 1 } McnsifQosProfileEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnsifQosProfIndex Integer32, mcnsifQosProfPriority INTEGER, mcnsifQosProfMaxUpBandwidth INTEGER, mcnsifQosProfGuarUpBandwidth INTEGER, mcnsifQosProfMaxDownBandwidth INTEGER, mcnsifQosProfMaxTxBurst Integer32 } mcnsifQosProfIndex **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Of significance only to the local device. An index must appear

```
if it is referenced in the mcnsifServiceTable of the device."
    ::= { mcnsifQosProfileEntry 1 }
```

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mcnsifQosProfPriority OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A relative priority assigned to this service when allocating bandwidth. Zero indicates lowest priority; seven highest. Interpretation of priority is device-specific." ::= { mcnsifQosProfileEntry 2 } mcnsifQosProfMaxUpBandwidth OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..10000000) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The maximum upstream bandwidth, in bits per second, allowed for a service with this service class. Zero if there is no restriction of upstream bandwidth." ::= { mcnsifQosProfileEntry 3 } mcnsifQosProfGuarUpBandwidth OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..10000000) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Minimum guaranteed upstream bandwidth, in bits per second, allowed for a service with this service class." ::= { mcnsifQosProfileEntry 4 } mcnsifQosProfMaxDownBandwidth OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER (0..4000000) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The maximum downstream bandwidth, in bits per second, allowed for a service with this service class. Zero if there is no restriction of downstream bandwidth." ::= { mcnsifQosProfileEntry 5 } mcnsifQosProfMaxTxBurst OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The maximum number of mini-slots that may be requested for a single upstream transmission." ::= { mcnsifQosProfileEntry 6 }

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- --- This table is implemented only at the CMTS. The table is optional, -- but if implemented all objects within it must be implemented. - mcnsifCmtsTallyTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifCmtsTallyEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "For the MCNS MAC layer, this group maintains a number of statistical tallies related to the MAC protocol itself. This group is implemented only at the CMTS." ::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 10 } mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX McnsifCmtsTallyEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "For the MCNS MAC layer, this group maintains a set of statistical tallies, either by MSAP or by both MSAP and channel. If an ifEntry exists for an upstream or downstream channel then an entry for that channel should appear in this table as well." INDEX { ifIndex } ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyTable 1 } McnsifCmtsTallyEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnsifTxSyncs Counter32, mcnsifTxUcds Counter32, mcnsifTxMaps Counter32, mcnsifRxRangeRequests Counter32, mcnsifTxRangeResponses Counter32, mcnsifRxRegRequests Counter32, mcnsifTxRegResponses Counter32, mcnsifTxUpChannelChangeReqs Counter32, mcnsifRxUpChannelChangeRsps Counter32 } mcnsifTxSyncs **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC SYNC messages transmitted." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 1 } mcnsifTxUcds **OBJECT-TYPE**

SYNTAX Counter32

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read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Upstream Channel Descriptor messages transmitted." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 2 } mcnsifTxMaps **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC allocation Map messages transmitted." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 3 } mcnsifRxRangeRequests OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Ranging Request messages received." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 4 } mcnsifTxRangeResponses OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Ranging Response messages transmitted." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 5 } mcnsifRxRegRequests **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Registration Requests received." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 6 } mcnsifTxRegResponses **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Registration Responses transmitted." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 7 }

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INTERNET-DRAFT DOCS RF Interface MIB mcnsifTxUpChannelChangeReqs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Upstream Channel Change Requests transmitted." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 8 } mcnsifRxUpChannelChangeRsps OBJECT-TYPE

mcnsifRxUpChannelChangeRsps SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Upstream Channel Change Responses received." ::= { mcnsifCmtsTallyEntry 9 } - --- This table is implemented only at the CM. The table is optional, -- but if implemented all objects within it must be implemented. - mcnsifCmTallyTable **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifCmTallyEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "For the MCNS MAC layer, this group maintains a number of statistical tallies related to the MAC protocol itself. This

```
group is implemented only at the CM."
::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 11 }
mcnsifCmTallyEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX McnsifCmTallyEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"For the MCNS MAC layer, this group maintains a set of
statistical tallies, either by MSAP or by both MSAP and
channel."
INDEX { ifIndex }
::= { mcnsifCmTallyTable 1 }
```

McnsifCmTallyEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
mcnsifRxSyncsCounter32,
Counter32,
mcnsifRxMapsmcnsifRxMapsCounter32,
Counter32,
mcnsifTxRangeRequestsmcnsifRxRangeResponsesCounter32,
Counter32,

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mcnsifTxRegRequests Counter32, mcnsifRxRegResponses Counter32, mcnsifRxUpChannelChangeReqs Counter32, mcnsifTxUpChannelChangeRsps Counter32 }

mcnsifRxSyncs OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Number of MAC SYNC messages received."
::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 1 }

mcnsifRxUcds OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Number of MAC Upstream Channel Descriptor messages received."
::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 2 }

mcnsifRxMaps OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Number of MAC allocation Map messages received."
::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 3 }

mcnsifTxRangeRequests OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Number of MAC Ranging Request messages transmitted."
::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 4 }

mcnsifRxRangeResponses OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Number of MAC Ranging Responses received."
::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 5 }

mcnsifTxRegRequests OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32

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read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Registration Request messages transmitted." ::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 6 } mcnsifRxRegResponses OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Registration Response messages received." ::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 7 } mcnsifRxUpChannelChangeReqs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Upstream Channel Change Requests received." ::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 8 } mcnsifTxUpChannelChangeRsps OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of MAC Upstream Channel Change Responses transmitted." ::= { mcnsifCmTallyEntry 9 } -- The following table is implemented on the CM and the CMTS. - mcnsifSignalQualityTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnsifSignalQualityEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "At the CM, describes the PHY signal quality of downstream channels. At the CMTS, describes the PHY signal quality of upstream channels. At the CMTS, this table may exclude contention intervals." ::= { mcnsifMIBObjects 12 } mcnsifSignalQualityEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX McnsifSignalQualityEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

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STATUS current DESCRIPTION "At the CM, describes the PHY characteristics of a downstream channel. At the CMTS, describes the PHY signal quality of an upstream channel." INDEX { ifIndex } ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityTable 1 } McnsifSignalQualityEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnsifSigQIncludesContention INTEGER, mcnsifSigQUnerroreds Counter32, mcnsifSigQCorrecteds Counter32, mcnsifSigQUncorrectables Counter32, mcnsifSigQSignalNoise Integer32, mcnsifSigQRxPowerLevel INTEGER, mcnsifSigQInChannelResponse INTEGER, mcnsifSigQMicroreflections INTEGER } mcnsifSigQIncludesContention **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "True if this CMTS includes contention intervals in the counters in this table. Always false(2) for CMs." ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityEntry 1 } mcnsifSigQUnerroreds **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of codewords received on this channel without error. This includes all codewords, whether or not they were part of frames destined for this device." ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityEntry 2 } mcnsifSigQCorrecteds **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of codewords received on this channel with correctable errors. This includes all codewords, whether or not they were part of frames destined for this device." ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityEntry 3 }

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DOCS RF Interface MIB INTERNET-DRAFT mcnsifSigQUncorrectables OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Number of codewords received on this channel with uncorrectable errors. This includes all codewords, whether or not they were part of frames destined for this CM." ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityEntry 4 } mcnsifSigQSignalNoise OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TenthdBmV MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Signal/Noise ratio as perceived at this." ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityEntry 5 } mcnsifSigQRxPowerLevel OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TenthdBmV MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Indicates the power level of the received signal. Only meaningful at the CM." ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityEntry 6 } mcnsifSigQInChannelResponse OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), excellent(2), good(3), ok(4), fair(5), poor(6), unknown(7) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Provides a rough indication of the received in-channel response." ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityEntry 7 } mcnsifSigQMicroreflections OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), excellent(2), good(3),

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ok(4), fair(5), poor(6), unknown(7) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Provides a rough indication of the (lack of) microreflections." ::= { mcnsifSignalQualityEntry 8 } mcnsifConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnsifMIB 2 } mcnsifGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnsifConformance 1 } mcnsifCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnsifConformance 2 }

```
mcnsifBasicCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"The compliance statement for devices that implement the MCNS
Radio Frequency Interfaces."
```

MODULE -- mcnsifMIB

```
MANDATORY-GROUPS {mcnsifDownstreamChannelGroup,
```

mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup,

```
mcnsifPreambleGroup,
```

mcnsifModulationGroup,

```
mcnsifQosProfileGroup,
```

```
mcnsifSignalQualityGroup }
```

```
GROUP mcnsifCmMacGroup
        DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This group is implemented only on Cable Modems, not on CMTSs."
```

```
GROUP mcnsifCmServiceGroup
        DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This group is implemented only on Cable Modems, not on CMTSs."
```

```
GROUP mcnsifCmtsMacGroup
```

```
DESCRIPTION
"This group is implemented only on CMTSs, not on CMs."
```

```
GROUP mcnsifCmtsServiceGroup
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This group is implemented only on CMTSs, not on CMs."
OBJECT mcnsifDownChannelFrequency -- within mcnsifDownstreamChannelGroup
```

```
MIN-ACCESS read-only
```

```
DESCRIPTION
"Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs."
```

```
OBJECT mcnsifDownChannelModulation -- within mcnsifDownstreamChannelGroup
MIN-ACCESS read-only
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs."
```

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INTERNET-DRAFT DOCS RF Interface MIB April 1997 OBJECT mcnsifDownChannelInterleave -- within mcnsifDownstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelFrequency -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelSymbolRate -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelModulationProfile -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelSlotSize -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelDownChannelTiming -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelRangingBackoffStart -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelRangingBackoffEnd -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelTxBackoffStart -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifUpChannelTxBackoffEnd -- within mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifPreambleValue -- within mcnsifPreambleGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-write at the CMTS; read-only at CMs."

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INTERNET-DRAFT DOCS RF Interface MIB April 1997 OBJECT mcnsifModControl -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModType -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModPreambleStart -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModPreambleLen -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModDifferentialEncoding -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModFECErrorCorrection -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModFECCodewordLength -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModScramblerSeed -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModMaxBurstSize -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModLastCodeword -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifModScrambler -- within mcnsifModulationGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Read-create at the CMTS; read-only at CMs." OBJECT mcnsifCmServiceAdminStatus -- within mcnsifCmServiceGroup MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Only read-only access is required."

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```
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                        DOCS RF Interface MIB
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OBJECT mcnsifCmtsServiceAdminStatus -- within mcnsifCmtsServiceGroup
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
"Only read-only access is required."
OBJECT mcnsifCmtsServiceQosProfile
                                       -- within mcnsifCmtsServiceGroup
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
"Only read-only access is required."
::= { mcnsifCompliances 1 }
mcnsifCmMacGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifCmtsAddress,
        mcnsifCmCapabilities,
        mcnsifCmResets,
        mcnsifCmRangingRespTimeout }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"At the CM, a collection of objects describing attributes of
each MAC entry, extending the information in ifEntry."
::= { mcnsifGroups 1 }
mcnsifCmtsMacGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifCmtsCapabilities,
        mcnsifSyncInterval,
        mcnsifUcdInterval,
        mcnsifMinMapSize,
        mcnsifMaxMapSize,
        mcnsifMaxFutureMap,
        mcnsifMaxServiceIds,
        mcnsifRqPerMap,
        mcnsifDataPerMap,
        mcnsifInsertionInterval,
        mcnsifInvitedRangingRetries }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"At the CMTS, a collection of objects describing attributes of
each MAC entry, extending the information in ifEntry."
::= { mcnsifGroups 2 }
mcnsifDownstreamChannelGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifDownChannelId,
        mcnsifDownChannelFrequency,
        mcnsifDownChannelModulation,
        mcnsifDownChannelInterleave,
        mcnsifDownChannelTxPower }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"At the CMTS, describes the attributes of each downstream
```

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```
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                        DOCS RF Interface MIB
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channel (frequency band). At the CM, describes the attached
downstream channel."
::= { mcnsifGroups 3 }
mcnsifUpstreamChannelGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifUpChannelId,
        mcnsifUpChannelFrequency,
        mcnsifUpChannelSymbolRate,
        mcnsifUpChannelModulationProfile,
        mcnsifUpChannelSlotSize,
        mcnsifUpChannelTxPower,
        mcnsifUpChannelDownChannelTiming,
        mcnsifUpChannelTxTimingOffset,
        mcnsifUpChannelRangingBackoffStart,
        mcnsifUpChannelRangingBackoffEnd,
        mcnsifUpChannelTxBackoffStart,
        mcnsifUpChannelTxBackoffEnd }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"At the CMTS, describes the attributes of each upstream channel
(frequency band). At the CM, describes the attached upstream
channel."
::= { mcnsifGroups 4 }
mcnsifPreambleGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifPreambleValue }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Describes a baseline preamble string for one or more upstream
channels."
::= { mcnsifGroups 5 }
mcnsifModulationGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifModType,
        mcnsifModPreambleStart,
        mcnsifModPreambleLen,
        mcnsifModDifferentialEncoding,
        mcnsifModFECErrorCorrection,
        mcnsifModFECCodewordLength,
        mcnsifModScramblerSeed,
        mcnsifModMaxBurstSize,
        mcnsifModGuardTimeSize,
        mcnsifModLastCodeword,
        mcnsifModScrambler }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Describes a modulation profile for an Interval Usage Code for
one or more upstream channels."
::= { mcnsifGroups 6 }
```

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```
mcnsifCmServiceGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifCmServiceAdminStatus,
        mcnsifCmServiceQosProfile,
        mcnsifCmServiceTxSlotsImmed,
        mcnsifCmServiceTxSlotsDed,
        mcnsifCmServiceTxRetries,
        mcnsifCmServiceTxExceeded,
        mcnsifCmServiceRqRetries,
        mcnsifCmServiceRqExceeded }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"At the CM, describes the attributes of an upstream bandwidth
service queue."
::= { mcnsifGroups 7 }
mcnsifCmtsServiceGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifCmtsServiceAdminStatus,
        mcnsifCmtsServiceQosProfile,
        mcnsifCmtsServiceCreateTime,
        mcnsifCmtsServiceCmAddress,
        mcnsifCmtsServiceCmIpAddress,
        mcnsifCmtsServiceRqDataGrants,
        mcnsifCmtsServiceRqDataSlots,
        mcnsifCmtsServiceTotalDataGrants,
        mcnsifCmtsServiceTotalDataSlots }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"At the CMTS, describes the attributes of an upstream bandwidth
service queue."
::= { mcnsifGroups 8 }
mcnsifQosProfileGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifQosProfPriority,
        mcnsifQosProfMaxUpBandwidth,
        mcnsifQosProfGuarUpBandwidth,
        mcnsifQosProfMaxDownBandwidth,
        mcnsifQosProfMaxTxBurst }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Describes the attributes of a particular class of service."
::= { mcnsifGroups 9 }
mcnsifCmtsTallyGroup OBJECT-GROUP -- This group is purely optional
OBJECTS { mcnsifTxSyncs,
        mcnsifTxUcds,
        mcnsifTxMaps,
        mcnsifRxRangeRequests,
        mcnsifTxRangeResponses,
```

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```
mcnsifRxRegRequests,
        mcnsifTxRegResponses,
        mcnsifTxUpChannelChangeRegs,
        mcnsifRxUpChannelChangeRsps }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"For the MCNS MAC layer, this group maintains a set of
statistical tallies, either by MSAP or by both MSAP and channel.
If an ifEntry exists for an upstream or downstream channel then
an entry for that channel should appear in this table as well."
::= { mcnsifGroups 10 }
mcnsifCmTallyGroup OBJECT-GROUP -- This group is purely optional
OBJECTS { mcnsifRxSyncs,
       mcnsifRxUcds,
        mcnsifRxMaps,
        mcnsifTxRangeRequests,
        mcnsifRxRangeResponses,
        mcnsifTxRegRequests,
        mcnsifRxRegResponses,
        mcnsifRxUpChannelChangeReqs,
        mcnsifTxUpChannelChangeRsps }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"For the MCNS MAC layer, this group maintains a set of
statistical tallies, either by MSAP or by both MSAP and
channel."
::= { mcnsifGroups 11 }
mcnsifSignalQualityGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnsifSigQIncludesContention,
        mcnsifSigQUnerroreds,
        mcnsifSigQCorrecteds,
        mcnsifSigQUncorrectables,
        mcnsifSigQSignalNoise,
        mcnsifSigQRxPowerLevel,
        mcnsifSigQInChannelResponse,
        mcnsifSigQMicroreflections }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"At the CM, describes the PHY characteristics of a downstream
channel. At the CMTS, describes the PHY signal quality of an
upstream channel."
::= { mcnsifGroups 12 }
END
```

5.3 Definitions of Managed Objects for Cable Modems and Cable Modem Termination Systems

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The following groups of objects are provided for management of CMs and CMTSs:

-mcnscmBase - extends the MIB-II 'system' group with objects needed for cable modem system management.

-mcnscmNmAccessTable - provides a minimum level of SNMP access security (see Section 3 of [MCNS11]).

-mcnscmSoftware - provides information for network-downloadable software
upgrades

-mcnscmServer - provides information about the progress of the interaction with various provisioning servers.

-mcnscmEvent - provides control and logging for event reporting

-mcnscmFilter - configures filters at link layer and IP layer for bridged data traffic.

CableModem-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

```
IMPORTS
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,
IpAddress, Integer32, Counter32, TimeTicks
FROM SNMPv2-SMI
DisplayString, RowStatus, DateAndTime
FROM SNMPv2-TC
OBJECT-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE
FROM SNMPv2-CONF
mcns
FROM MCNS-MIB
```

```
;
```

mcnscmMIB MODULE-IDENTITY LAST-UPDATED "9703241130Z" ORGANIZATION "Multimedia Cable Network System" CONTACT-INFO "Pam Anderson Postal: CableLabs 400 Centennial Parkway Louisville, CO 80027-1266 Tel: +1 303 661 9100 Fax: +1 303 661 9199 E-mail: p.anderson@cablelabs.com"

DESCRIPTION

"This is the MIB Module for MCNS-compliant cable modems and

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```
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                        DOCS RF Interface MIB
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cable-modem termination systems."
::= { mcns 2 }
mcnscmMIBObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmMIB 1 }
mcnscmBase OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmMIBObjects 1 }
- -
-- For the following object, there is no concept in the
-- RFI specification corresponding to a backup CMTS. The
-- enumeration is provided here in case someone is able
-- to define such a role or device.
- -
mcnscmRole
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                cm(1),
                cmtsActive(2),
                cmtsBackup(3)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Defines the current role of this device."
::= { mcnscmBase 1 }
-- This object is mandatory in the CM and optional in the CMTS
- -
                        OBJECT-TYPE
mcnscmDateTime
SYNTAX
               DateAndTime
MAX-ACCESS
               read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The date and time, with optional timezone information."
::= { mcnscmBase 2 }
mcnscmResetNow
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                reset(1),
                ready(2)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Setting this object to reset(1) causes the device to reset."
::= { mcnscmBase 3 }
```

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```
mcnscmSerialNumber
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DisplayString
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The manufacturer's serial number for this device."
::= { mcnscmBase 4 }
mcnscmSTPControl
                    OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                stEnabled(1),
                noStFilterBpdu(2),
                noStPassBpdu(3)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"This object controls operation of the spanning tree protocol
(as distinguished from transparent bridging). If set to st-
enabled(1) then the spanning tree protocol is enabled, subject
to bridging constraints. If no-st-filter-bpdu(2), then spanning
tree is not active, and Bridge PDUs received are discarded. If
no-st-pass-bpdu(3) then spanning tree is not active and Bridge
PDUs are transparently forwarded. Note that a device need not
implement all of these options, but that no-st-filter-bpdu(2) is
required."
::= { mcnscmBase 5 }
- -
-- The following table provides one level of security for access to the
-- device by network management stations. Also, see the security section
-- in the text above. Note also that access is also constrained by the
-- community strings and any vendor-specific security.
- -
                        OBJECT-TYPE
mcnscmNmAccessTable
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnscmNmAccessEntry
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Controls access to SNMP objects by network management
stations."
::= { mcnscmMIBObjects 2 }
mcnscmNmAccessEntry
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX McnscmNmAccessEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

STATUS current

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```
DESCRIPTION
"Controls access to SNMP objects by a particular network
management station. For each row-entry in this table, the
contents are not readable unless the management station has
read-write permission."
INDEX
      { mcnscmNmAccessIndex }
::= { mcnscmNmAccessTable 1 }
McnscmNmAccessEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
mcnscmNmAccessIndex
                        Integer32,
mcnscmNmAccessIp
                        IpAddress,
mcnscmNmAccessIpMask
                        IpAddress,
mcnscmNmAccessCommunity DisplayString,
mcnscmNmAccessControl
                        INTEGER,
mcnscmNmAccessInterfaces
                                OCTET STRING
}
mcnscmNmAccessIndex
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Index used to order the application of access entries."
::= { mcnscmNmAccessEntry 1 }
                        OBJECT-TYPE
mcnscmNmAccessIp
SYNTAX
                IpAddress
MAX-ACCESS
                read-create
STATUS
                current
DESCRIPTION
"The IP address (or subnet) of the network management station.
The address 255.255.255.255 is defined to mean any NMS. If traps
are enabled for this entry, then the value must be the address
of a specific device."
DEFVAL { 'fffffff'h }
::= { mcnscmNmAccessEntry 2 }
mcnscmNmAccessIpMask
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
                IpAddress
MAX-ACCESS
                read-create
STATUS
                current
DESCRIPTION
"The IP subnet mask of the network management stations. If traps
are enabled for this entry, then the value must be
255.255.255.255."
DEFVAL { 'ffffffff'h }
::= { mcnscmNmAccessEntry 3 }
```

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```
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mcnscmNmAccessCommunity
                               OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
                OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..127))
MAX-ACCESS
               read-create
STATUS
                current
DESCRIPTION
"The community string to be matched for access by this entry. If
set to the null string then any community string will match."
DEFVAL { "public" }
::= { mcnscmNmAccessEntry 4 }
mcnscmNmAccessControl OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                none(1),
                read(2),
                readWrite(3),
                roWithTraps(4),
                rwWithTraps(5),
                trapsOnly(6)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Specifies the type of access allowed to this NMS. Setting this
object to none(1) causes the table entry to be destroyed. Read
(2) allows access by 'get' and 'get-next' PDUs. ReadWrite(3)
allows access by 'set' as well. RoWithtraps(4), rwWithTraps(5),
and trapsOnly(6) control distribution of Trap PDUs transmitted
by this device."
DEFVAL { read }
::= { mcnscmNmAccessEntry 5 }
-- The syntax of the following object was copied from <u>RFC1493</u>,
-- dot1dStaticAllowedToGoTo.
mcnscmNmAccessInterfaces OBJECT-TYPE
               OCTET STRING
SYNTAX
MAX-ACCESS
                read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Specifies the set of interfaces from which requests from this
NMS will be accepted.
Each octet within the value of this object specifies a set of
eight interfaces, with the
first octet specifying ports 1 through 8, the second octet
specifying interfaces 9
through 16, etc. Within each octet, the most significant bit
represents the lowest
numbered interface, and the least significant bit represents the
```

highest numbered

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```
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interface. Thus, each interface is represented by a single bit
within the value of this
object. If that bit has a value of '1' then that interface is
included in the set.
Note that entries in this table apply only to link-layer
interfaces (e.g., Ethernet and
CATV MAC). Upstream and downstream channel interfaces may not be
specified."
-- DEFVAL is the bitmask corresponding to all interfaces
::= { mcnscmNmAccessEntry 6 }
-- Procedures for using the following group are described in section
4.2.2
- -
mcnscmSoftware OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmMIBObjects 3 }
mcnscmSwServer OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX IpAddress
MAX-ACCESS
               read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The address of the TFTP server used for software upgrades."
::= { mcnscmSoftware 1 }
mcnscmSwFilename OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..32))
MAX-ACCESS
               read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The file name of the software image to be loaded into this
device. Unless set via SNMP, this is the file name specified by
the provisioning server that corresponds to the software version
that is desired for this device. If unknown, the string
'(unknown)' is returned."
::= { mcnscmSoftware 2 }
mcnscmSwAdminStatus
                       OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
               upgradeFromMgt(1),
               allowProvisioningUpgrade(2)
               }
               read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
MAX-ACCESS
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"If set to upgradeFromMgt(1), the device initiates a TFTP
```

download using mcnscmSwFilename. On successfully receiving an

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```
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image, the device will re-boot. On reboots, the device will
disregard software information from the provisioning server. If
set to allowProvisioningUpgrade(2), the device will use the
software version information supplied by the provisioning server
when next rebooting (this does not cause a re-boot). "
::= { mcnscmSoftware 3 }
mcnscmSwOperStatus
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                inProgress(1),
                completeFromProvisioning(2),
                completeFromMgt(3),
                failed(4),
                other(5)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"InProgress(1) indicates that a TFTP download is underway,
either as a result of a version mismatch at provisioning or as a
result of a upgradeFromMgt request. CompleteFromProvisioning(2)
indicates that the last software upgrade was a result of version
mismatch at provisioning. CompleteFromMgt(3) indicates that the
last software upgrade was a result of setting
mcnscmSwAdminStatus to upgradeFromMgt. Failed(4) indicates that
the last attempted download failed, ordinarily due to TFTP
timeout."
::= { mcnscmSoftware 4 }
-- The following group describes server access and parameters used for
-- initial provisioning and bootstrapping.
- -
mcnscmServer OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmMIBObjects 4 }
mcnscmServerBootState
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                operational(1),
                disabled(2),
                waitingForDhcpOffer(3),
                waitingForDhcpResponse(4),
                waitingForTimeServer(5),
                waitingForSecurity(6),
                waitingForTftp(7),
                refusedByCmts(8),
                forwardingDenied(9),
                other(10),
```

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unknown(11) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If operational(1), the device has completed loading and processing of configuration parameters and the CMTS has completed the Registration exchange. If disabled(2) then the device was administratively disabled, possibly by being refused network access in the configuration file. If waitingForDhcpOffer(3) then a DHCP Discover has been transmitted and no offer has yet been received. If waitingForDhcpResponse(4) then a DHCP Request has been transmitted and no response has yet been received. If waitingForSecurity(5) then an exchange with a security server is needed and has not completed. If waitingForTftp(6) then a request to the TFTP parameter server has been made and no response received. If refusedByCmts(7) then the Registration Request/Response exchange with the CMTS failed. If forwardingDenied(8) then the registration process completed, but the network access option in the received configuration file prohibits forwarding. " ::= { mcnscmServer 1 } mcnscmServerDhcp **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX IpAddress MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The IP address of the DHCP server that assigned an IP address to this device. Returns 0.0.0.0 if DHCP was not used for IP address assignment." ::= { mcnscmServer 2 } mcnscmServerTime **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX IpAddress read-only MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The IP address of the Time server (<u>RFC-868</u>)." ::= { mcnscmServer 3 }

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mcnscmServerTftp **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX IpAddress MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The IP address of the TFTP server responsible for downloading provisioning and configuration parameters to this device." ::= { mcnscmServer 4 } mcnscmServerSecurity **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX IpAddress MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The IP address of the security server, if present." ::= { mcnscmServer 5 } mcnscmServerConfigFile OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX DisplayString MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The name of the device configuration file read from the TFTP server." ::= { mcnscmServer 6 } - --- Event Reporting -- Note that this group has implications for enterprise--- specific trap reporting. See <u>section 4.3</u> for details. - mcnscmEvent OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmMIBObjects 5 } mcnscmEvControl OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { resetLog(1), useDefaultReporting(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Setting this object to resetLog(1) empties the event log. All data is deleted. Setting it to useDefaultReporting(2) returns all event priorities to their factory-default reporting." ::= { mcnscmEvent 1 } mcnscmEvSyslog OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress

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```
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MAX-ACCESS
                                -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
                read-write
STATUS
                current
DESCRIPTION
"The IP address of the Syslog server. If 0.0.0.0, syslog
transmission is inhibited."
::= { mcnscmEvent 2 }
mcnscmEvThrottleAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                unconstrained(1),
                maintainBelowThreshold(2),
                stopAtThreshold(3),
                inhibited(4)
                }
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Controls the transmission of traps and syslog messages with
respect to the trap pacing threshold. unconstrained(1) causes
traps to be transmitted without regard to the threshold
settings. maintainBelowThreshold(2) causes trap transmission to
be suppressed if the number of traps would otherwise exceed the
threshold. stopAtThreshold(3) causes trap transmission to cease
at the threshold, and not resume until directed to do so.
inhibited(4) causes all trap transmission to be suppressed.
Writing to this object resets the thresholding state."
::= { mcnscmEvent 3 }
mcnscmEvThrottleOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                inhibited(1),
                operational(2)
                }
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Indicates whether or not trap and syslog transmission is
currently inhibited due to thresholds and
mcnscmEvThrottleAdminStatus."
::= { mcnscmEvent 4 }
mcnscmEvThrottleThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
```

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DOCS RF Interface MIB INTERNET-DRAFT April 1997 DESCRIPTION "Number of trap/syslog events per mcnscmEvThrottleInterval to be transmitted before throttling." ::= { mcnscmEvent 5 } mcnscmEvThrottleInterval OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The interval over which the trap threshold applies." ::= { mcnscmEvent 6 } -- The following table controls the reporting of the various classes of events. For each event priority, -- a combination of logging and reporting mechanisms may be chosen. The mapping of event types -- to priorities is vendor-dependent. Vendors may also choose to allow the user to control that mapping -- through proprietary means. mcnscmEvControlTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnscmEvControlEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Allows control of the reporting of event classes." ::= { mcnscmEvent 7 } mcnscmEvControlEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX McnscmEvControlEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Allows configuration of the reporting mechanisms for a particular event priority." INDEX { mcnscmEvPriority } ::= { mcnscmEvControlTable 1 } McnscmEvControlEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnscmEvPriority INTEGER, mcnscmEvReporting INTEGER }

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```
mcnscmEvPriority
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                emergency(1),
                alert(2),
                critical(3),
                error(4),
                warning(5),
                notice(6),
                information(7),
                debug(8)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The priority level that is controlled by this entry."
::= { mcnscmEvControlEntry 1 }
mcnscmEvReporting
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                noReporting(1),
                localLogOnly(2),
                trapOnly(3),
                localLogAndTrap(4),
                syslogOnly(5),
                bothLogs(6),
                syslogAndTrap(7),
                bothLogsAndTrap(8)
MAX-ACCESS
                read-write
                              -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Defines the action to be taken on occurrence of this event
class. Implementations may not necessarily support all options
for all event classes, but at minimum must allow traps and
syslogging to be disabled."
::= { mcnscmEvControlEntry 2 }
mcnscmEventTable OBJECT-TYPE
                SEQUENCE OF McnscmEventEntry
SYNTAX
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS
               current
DESCRIPTION
"Contains a log of network and device events that may be of
interest in fault isolation and troubleshooting."
::= { mcnscmEvent 8 }
mcnscmEventEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
                McnscmEventEntry
```

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

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STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes a network or device event that may be of interest in fault isolation and troubleshooting." { mcnscmEvIndex } INDEX ::= { mcnscmEventTable 1 } McnscmEventEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnscmEvIndex Integer32, mcnscmEvFirstTime DateAndTime, DateAndTime, mcnscmEvLastTime mcnscmEvCount Counter32, mcnscmEvLevel INTEGER, mcnscmEvId Integer32, mcnscmEvText DisplayString } mcnscmEvIndex **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Provides relative ordering of the objects in the event log. This object will always increase except when (a) the log is reset via mcnscmEvControl, (b) the device reboots and does not implement nonvolatile storage for this log, or (c) it reaches the value 2^31. In all three cases the log is cleared and the next entry is 1." ::= { mcnscmEventEntry 1 } mcnscmEvFirstTime **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX DateAndTime MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The time that this entry was created." ::= { mcnscmEventEntry 2 } mcnscmEvLastTime **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX DateAndTime MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If multiple events are reported via the same entry, the time that the last event for this entry occurred." ::= { mcnscmEventEntry 3 }

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```
OBJECT-TYPE
mcnscmEvCount
SYNTAX
                Counter32
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS
                current
DESCRIPTION
"The number of consecutive event instances reported by this
entry."
::= { mcnscmEventEntry 4 }
mcnscmEvLevel
                OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                emergency(1),
                alert(2),
                critical(3),
                error(4),
                warning(5),
                notice(6),
                information(7),
                debug(8)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS
                current
DESCRIPTION
"The priority level of this event."
::= { mcnscmEventEntry 5 }
-- Vendors will provide their own enumerations for the following.
-- The interpretation of the enumeration is unambiguous for a particular
-- value of the vendor's enterprise number in sysObjectID.
- -
mcnscmEvId
                OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"For this product, uniquely identifies the type of event that is
reported by this entry."
::= { mcnscmEventEntry 6 }
mcnscmEvText
                OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DisplayString
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Provides a human-readable description of the event, including
all relevant context (interface numbers, etc.)"
```

::= { mcnscmEventEntry 7 }

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```
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mcnscmFilter OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmMIBObjects 6 }
-- LLC filters can be defined on an inclusive or exclusive basis: CMs
can be configured to forward only
-- packets matching a set of layer three protocols, or to drop packets
matching a set of layer three protocols.
-- CMs must support a minimum of ten LLC filter entries.
mcnscmFilterLLCDefault OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                discard(1),
                accept(2)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"If set to discard(1), all packets matching an LLC filter will
be discarded. If set to accept(2), only packets matching an LLC
filter will be accepted for further processing (e.g.,
bridging)."
::= { mcnscmFilter 1 }
mcnscmFilterLLCTable
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnscmFilterLLCEntry
MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A list of filters to apply to (bridged) LLC traffic, which
forwards or drops packets on the basis of the layer three
protocol type."
::= { mcnscmFilter 2 }
mcnscmFilterLLCEntry
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX McnscmFilterLLCEntry
MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Describes a filter to apply to (bridged) LLC traffic received
on a specified interface. "
INDEX { mcnscmFilterLLCIndex }
::= { mcnscmFilterLLCTable 1 }
McnscmFilterLLCEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        mcnscmFilterLLCIndex
                                        Integer32,
        mcnscmFilterLLCControl
                                        INTEGER,
        mcnscmFilterLLCIfIndex
                                        Integer32,
        mcnscmFilterLLCProtocolType
                                        INTEGER,
```

mcnscmFilterLLCProtocol
mcnscmFilterLLCMatches
}

Integer32, Counter32

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mcnscmFilterLLCIndex **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Index used for the identification of filters (note that LLC filter order is irrelevant)." ::= { mcnscmFilterLLCEntry 1 } mcnscmFilterLLCControl OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Controls and reflects the status of rows in this table." ::= { mcnscmFilterLLCEntry 2} mcnscmFilterLLCIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The entry interface to which this filter applies. The value corresponds to ifIndex for either a CATV MAC or other network interface." -- DEFVAL the customer-side interface for CMs; undefined for CMTSs ::= { mcnscmFilterLLCEntry 3 } mcnscmFilterLLCProtocolType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { ethertype(1), dsap(2) } read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The format of the value in mcnscmFilterLLCProtocol: either a two-byte Ethernet Ethertype, or a one-byte 802.2 SAP value. EtherType(1) also applies to SNAP-encapsulated frames." DEFVAL { ethertype } ::= { mcnscmFilterLLCEntry 4 } mcnscmFilterLLCProtocol OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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```
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"The layer three protocol for which this filter applies. The
protocol value format depends on mcnscmFilterLLCProtocolType.
Note that for SNAP frames, etherType filtering is performed
rather than DSAP=0xAA."
DEFVAL { 0 }
::= { mcnscmFilterLLCEntry 5 }
mcnscmFilterLLCMatches
                               OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Counts the number of times this filter was matched."
::= { mcnscmFilterLLCEntry 6 }
-- The default behavior for (bridged) packets that do not match IP
filters is defined by
-- mcnscmFilterIpDefault.
mcnscmFilterIpDefault OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                discard(1),
                accept(2)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
                read-write -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"If set to discard(1), all packets not matching an IP filter
will be discarded. If set to accept(2), all packets not matching
an IP filter will be accepted for further processing (e.g.,
bridging)."
::= { mcnscmFilter 3 }
- -
-- CMs must support a minimum of ten IP address filter entries.
- -
mcnscmFilterIpTable
                        OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF McnscmFilterIpEntry
               not-accessible
MAX-ACCESS
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"An ordered list of filters to apply to IP traffic. Filter
application is ordered by the filter index, rather than by a
best match algorithm. Packets which match no filters are
discarded or forwarded according to the setting of
mcnscmFilterIpDefault."
::= { mcnscmFilter 4 }
```

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mcnscmFilterIpEntry **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX McnscmFilterIpEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Describes a filter to apply to IP traffic received on a specified interface. Both source and destination addresses must match for the filter to apply." INDEX { mcnscmFilterIpIndex } ::= { mcnscmFilterIpTable 1 } McnscmFilterIpEntry ::= SEQUENCE { mcnscmFilterIpIndex Integer32, mcnscmFilterIpControl INTEGER, mcnscmFilterIpIfIndex Integer32, mcnscmFilterIpDirection INTEGER, mcnscmFilterIpBroadcast INTEGER, mcnscmFilterIpSaddr IpAddress, mcnscmFilterIpSmask IpAddress, mcnscmFilterIpDaddr IpAddress, mcnscmFilterIpDmask IpAddress, mcnscmFilterIpProtocol INTEGER, mcnscmFilterIpSourcePortLow Integer32, mcnscmFilterIpSourcePortHigh Integer32, mcnscmFilterIpDestPortLow Integer32, mcnscmFilterIpDestPortHigh Integer32, mcnscmFilterIpMatches Counter32 } mcnscmFilterIpIndex **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Index used to order the application of filters." ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 1 } mcnscmFilterIpStatus **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX RowStatus read-create MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Controls and reflects the status of rows in this table." ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 2 } mcnscmFilterIpControl **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX INTEGER { discard(1),

```
accept(2)
}
```

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```
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MAX-ACCESS
                read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"If set to discard(1), all packets matching this filter will be
discarded and scanning of the remainder of the filter list will
be aborted. If set to accept(2), all packets matching this
filter will be accepted for further processing (e.g., bridging)
and scanning of the remainder of the filter list will be
aborted. "
DEFVAL { discard }
::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 3 }
mcnscmFilterIpIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS
               read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The entry interface to which this filter applies. The value
corresponds to ifIndex for either a CATV MAC or other network
interface."
--DEFVAL for CMs is the customer-side (i.e., ethernet)
interface. Not defined for CMTSs.
::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 4 }
mcnscmFilterIpDirection OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                inbound(1),
                outbound(2)
                }
MAX-ACCESS
               read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Determines whether the filter is applied to inbound(1) or
outbound(2) traffic."
DEFVAL { inbound }
::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 5 }
mcnscmFilterIpBroadcast OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
                broadcastOnly(1),
                allPackets(2)
                }
                read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11]
MAX-ACCESS
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Determines whether the filter is applied to all traffic, or
just to multicast and broadcast traffic."
DEFVAL { allPackets }
```

::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 6 }

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DOCS RF Interface MIB INTERNET-DRAFT April 1997 mcnscmFilterIpSaddr **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX IpAddress MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The source IP address, or portion thereof, that is to be matched for this filter." DEFVAL { '00000000'h } ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 7 } mcnscmFilterIpSmask **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX IpAddress MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A bit mask that is to be applied to the source address prior to matching. This mask is not necessarily the same as a subnet mask, but 1's bits must be leftmost and contiguous." DEFVAL { '00000000'h }::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 8 } mcnscmFilterIpDaddr **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX IpAddress MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION " The destination IP address, or portion thereof, that is to be matched for this filter " DEFVAL { '00000000'h } ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 9 } mcnscmFilterIpDmask **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX IpAddress MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION " A bit mask that is to be applied to the destination address prior to matching. This mask is not necessarily the same as a subnet mask, but 1's bits must be leftmost and contiguous " DEFVAL { '00000000'h } ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 10 } mcnscmFilterIpProtocol OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { icmp(1), tcp(6), udp(17), any(256) }

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MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The IP protocol value that is to be matched." DEFVAL { any } ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 11 } mcnscmFilterIpSourcePortLow OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If mcnscmFilterIpProtocol is udp or tcp, this is the inclusive lower bound of the transport-layer source port range that is to be matched." DEFVAL $\{ 0 \}$::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 12 } mcnscmFilterIpSourcePortHigh OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If mcnscmFilterIpProtocol is udp or tcp, this is the inclusive upper bound of the transport-layer source port range that is to be matched." DEFVAL { 65535 } ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 13 } mcnscmFilterIpDestPortLow OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If mcnscmFilterIpProtocol is udp or tcp, this is the inclusive lower bound of the transport-layer destination port range that is to be matched." DEFVAL { 0 } ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 14 } mcnscmFilterIpDestPortHigh OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-create -- see security note in section 3 of [MCNS11] STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If mcnscmFilterIpProtocol is udp or tcp, this is the inclusive upper bound of the transport-layer destination port range that is to be matched."

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```
DEFVAL { 65535 }
::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 15 }
```

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```

mcnscmFilterIpMatches **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Counts the number of times this filter was matched." ::= { mcnscmFilterIpEntry 16 } mcnscmConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmMIB 2 } OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmConformance 1 } mcnscmGroups mcnscmCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mcnscmConformance 2 } mcnscmBasicCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The compliance statement for MCNS Cable Modems and Cable Modem Termination Systems." MODULE -- mcnscmMIB MANDATORY-GROUPS {mcnscmBaseGroup, mcnscmEventGroup, mcnscmEvControlGroup, mcnscmEvGroup, mcnscmFilterGroup, mcnscmFilterLLCGroup, mcnscmFilterIpGroup } GROUP mcnscmNmAccessGroup DESCRIPTION "Must be implemented on Cable Modems, should be implemented on CMTSs" GROUP mcnscmServerGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is implemented only on Cable Modems, not on CMTSs." GROUP mcnscmSoftwareGroup DESCRIPTION "Must be implemented on Cable Modems, should be implemented on CMTSs." OBJECT mcnscmSTPControl MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "At minimum, devices need only support no-st-filter-bpdu(2)." ::= { mcnscmCompliances 1 } mcnscmBaseGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { mcnscmRole, mcnscmDateTime, mcnscmResetNow, mcnscmSerialNumber, mcnscmSTPControl } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing device status and control." ::= { mcnscmGroups 1 }

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```
mcnscmNmAccessGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmNmAccessIp,
        mcnscmNmAccessIpMask,
        mcnscmNmAccessCommunity,
        mcnscmNmAccessControl,
        mcnscmNmAccessInterfaces }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A collection of objects for controlling access to SNMP
objects."
::= { mcnscmGroups 2 }
mcnscmSoftwareGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmSwServer,
        mcnscmSwFilename,
        mcnscmSwAdminStatus,
        mcnscmSwOperStatus }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A collection of objects for controlling software downloads."
::= { mcnscmGroups 3 }
mcnscmServerGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmServerBootState,
        mcnscmServerDhcp,
        mcnscmServerTime,
        mcnscmServerTftp,
        mcnscmServerSecurity,
        mcnscmServerConfigFile }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A collection of objects providing status about server
provisioning."
::= { mcnscmGroups 4 }
mcnscmEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmEvControl,
        mcnscmEvSyslog,
        mcnscmEvThrottleAdminStatus,
        mcnscmEvThrottleOperStatus,
        mcnscmEvThrottleThreshold,
        mcnscmEvThrottleInterval }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A collection of objects used to control and monitor events."
::= { mcnscmGroups 5 }
```

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```
mcnscmEvControlGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmEvReporting }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A collection of objects allowing configuration of the reporting
mechanisms for a particular event priority."
::= { mcnscmGroups 6 }
mcnscmEvGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmEvFirstTime,
        mcnscmEvLastTime,
        mcnscmEvCount,
        mcnscmEvLevel,
        mcnscmEvId,
        mcnscmEvText }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A collection of objects describing a network or device event
that may be of interest in fault isolation and troubleshooting."
::= { mcnscmGroups 7 }
mcnscmFilterGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmFilterLLCDefault,
        mcnscmFilterIpDefault }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Objects controlling default behavior in the event that no
filters match."
::= { mcnscmGroups 8 }
mcnscmFilterLLCGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmFilterLLCControl,
        mcnscmFilterLLCIfIndex,
        mcnscmFilterLLCProtocolType,
        mcnscmFilterLLCProtocol,
        mcnscmFilterLLCMatches }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A collection of objects for filtering at the LLC layer."
::= { mcnscmGroups 9 }
mcnscmFilterIpGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mcnscmFilterIpControl,
        mcnscmFilterIpIfIndex,
        mcnscmFilterIpDirection,
        mcnscmFilterIpBroadcast,
        mcnscmFilterIpSaddr,
        mcnscmFilterIpSmask,
```

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```
mcnscmFilterIpDaddr,
mcnscmFilterIpDmask,
mcnscmFilterIpProtocol,
mcnscmFilterIpSourcePortLow,
mcnscmFilterIpSourcePortHigh,
mcnscmFilterIpDestPortLow,
mcnscmFilterIpDestPortHigh,
mcnscmFilterIpMatches }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A collection of objects for filtering at the IP layer."
::= { mcnscmGroups 10 }
```

END

6. Protocol Definition for SYSLOG

This section documents the usage of the SYSLOG protocol for the Operations Support System environment. The SYSLOG protocol is a UDPbased protocol that permits remote logging of devices. Messages may be associated with different facilities and multiple priorities.

The basic format of the SYSLOG packet is simple to describe. The UDP source and destination port number is 514. The UDP payload consists of a facility/priority value enclosed in angle brackets, followed by a null-terminated string. The UDP payload string normally includes an optional time-of-day stamp, an identification string, an optional PID (in square brackets), and the actual logging message.

For consistency in a multi-vendor CM environment, this section adds further constraints to the SYSLOG packet. The CM uses the "local0" facility in its SYSLOG messages, so that the SYSLOG server can manage CM SYSLOG messages separately from kernel, mail, news, and other generic facilities. This limits the facility/priority values to the range of 128 to 135. The actual facility/priority value depends on the urgency of the message: emergency(128), alert(129), critical(130), error(131), warning(132), notice(133), information(134), and debug(135).

This section also constrains the UDP payload string. The time-of-day stamp SHOULD NOT be included, forcing the SYSLOG server to provide its own (consistent) timestamps for all CM SYSLOG messages. The identification string MUST be "Cablemodem", and the "optional PID" MUST be a constant vendor-specific identification label, to assist in SYSLOG server logging management.

An example of a valid SYSLOG UDP payload would be "<132>Cablemodem[VendorX]: Downloading new CM software". This example

payload might be recorded on the SYSLOG server as "Jan 12 12:56:03 24.1.1.1 Cablemodem[VendorX]: Downloading new CM software".

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