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**Propagating Explicit Congestion Notification Across IP Tunnel Headers
Separated by a Shim
draft-briscoe-tsvwg-rfc6040bis-00**

Abstract

[RFC 6040](#) on "Tunnelling of Explicit Congestion Notification" made the rules for propagation of ECN consistent for all forms of IP in IP tunnel. This specification extends the scope of [RFC 6040](#) to include tunnels where two IP headers are separated by a shim header that cannot stand alone.

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[1.](#) Scope of [RFC 6040](#)

[RFC 6040](#) on "Tunnelling of Explicit Congestion Notification" [[RFC6040](#)] made the rules for propagation of Explicit Congestion Notification (ECN [[RFC3168](#)]) consistent for all forms of IP in IP tunnel. The scope of [RFC 6040](#) was stated as

"...ECN field processing at encapsulation and decapsulation for any IP-in-IP tunnelling, whether IPsec or non-IPsec tunnels. It applies irrespective of whether IPv4 or IPv6 is used for either the inner or outer headers. ..."

A common pattern for many tunnelling protocols is to encapsulate an inner IP header with shim header(s) then an outer IP header. To clear up confusion, this specification clarifies that the scope of [RFC 6040](#) includes any IP-in-IP tunnel, including those with shim header(s) between the IP headers.

[2.](#) Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#) [[RFC2119](#)].

[3.](#) IP-in-IP Tunnels with Tightly Coupled Shim Headers

In many cases the shim header(s) and the outer IP header are always added (or removed) as part of the same process. We call this a tightly coupled shim header. Processing the shim and outer together is often necessary because the shim(s) are not sufficient for packet forwarding in their own right; not unless complemented by an outer header.

For all such tightly coupled shim headers, the rules in [\[RFC6040\]](#) for propagating the ECN field SHOULD be applied directly between the inner and outer IP headers. This specification therefore updates the following specifications of tightly coupled shim headers by adding that [RFC 6040](#) SHOULD apply when the shim header is used between IP headers:

- o L2TP [\[RFC2661\]](#)
- o GRE [\[RFC1701\]](#), [\[RFC2784\]](#)
- o PPTP [\[RFC2637\]](#)
- o GTP [\[GTPv1\]](#), [\[GTPv1-U\]](#), [\[GTPv2-C\]](#)
- o VXLAN [\[RFC7348\]](#).

The above is written as a 'SHOULD' not a 'MUST' to allow for the possibility that the structure of some pre-existing tunnel implementations might make it hard to predict what other headers will be added or removed subsequently.

Although the definition of the various GTP shim headers is under the control of the 3GPP, it is hard to determine whether the 3GPP or the IETF controls standardization of the _process_ of adding both a GTP and an IP header to an inner IP header. Nonetheless, the present specification is provided so that the 3GPP can refer to it from any of its own specifications of GTP and IP header processing.

More generally, whatever form IP-in-IP tunnelling takes, the ECN field SHOULD be propagated according to the rules in [RFC 6040](#) wherever possible. Otherwise [\[I-D.ietf-tsvwg-ecn-encap-guidelines\]](#) gives more general guidance on how to propagate ECN to and from protocols that encapsulate IP.

[4.](#) IANA Considerations (to be removed by RFC Editor)

This memo includes no request to IANA.

[5.](#) Security Considerations

The Security Considerations in [RFC 6040](#) apply equally to the wider scope defined by the present specification.

6. Comments Solicited

Comments and questions are encouraged and very welcome. They can be addressed to the IETF Transport Area working group mailing list <tsvwg@ietf.org>, and/or to the authors.

7. Normative References

- [GTPv1] 3GPP, "GPRS Tunnelling Protocol (GTP) across the Gn and Gp interface", Technical Specification TS 29.060.
- [GTPv1-U] 3GPP, "General Packet Radio System (GPRS) Tunnelling Protocol User Plane (GTPv1-U)", Technical Specification TS 29.281.
- [GTPv2-C] 3GPP, "Evolved General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) Tunnelling Protocol for Control plane (GTPv2-C)", Technical Specification TS 29.274.
- [I-D.ietf-tsvwg-ecn-encap-guidelines] Briscoe, B., Kaippallimalil, J., and P. Thaler, "Guidelines for Adding Congestion Notification to Protocols that Encapsulate IP", [draft-ietf-tsvwg-ecn-encap-guidelines-05](#) (work in progress), March 2016.
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- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 2119](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997, <<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119>>.
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- [RFC6040] Briscoe, B., "Tunnelling of Explicit Congestion Notification", [RFC 6040](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC6040, November 2010, <<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6040>>.
- [RFC7348] Mahalingam, M., Dutt, D., Duda, K., Agarwal, P., Kreeger, L., Sridhar, T., Bursell, M., and C. Wright, "Virtual eXtensible Local Area Network (VXLAN): A Framework for Overlaying Virtualized Layer 2 Networks over Layer 3 Networks", [RFC 7348](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC7348, August 2014, <<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7348>>.

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