Network Working Group

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A. Pendragon Camelot March 23, 2018

The Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch draft-camelot-holy-grenade-00

Abstract

The menagerie of beasts and artefacts depicted in RFC8140 may be usefully supplemented by other renowned figures of Internet and more general lore. This document extends the menagerie to the seminal fable of the "Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch", as depicted in the Monty Python film "Monty Python and the Holy Grail", as well as "Spamalot", the musical inspired by the movie.

Spamalot

The relevance of the musical "Spamalot" to Internet lore should be obvious to the reader; but in case of doubt, see also $\frac{Section 1}{Spam^*?}$ of $\frac{Spam^*?}{Spam^*?}$

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1. Terminology

The key words "*MUST*", "*MUST NOT*", "*REQUIRED*", "*SHALL*", "*SHALL NOT*", "*SHOULD*", "*SHOULD NOT*", "*RECOMMENDED*", "*NOT RECOMMENDED*", "*MAY*", and "*OPTIONAL*" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

2. Introduction

[RFC8140] refers to the intended move of RFC formatting to XML2RFC v3 [RFC7990], in the following terms:

Although the RFC Editor has recently dragged the IETF kicking and screaming into the twentieth century [RFC7990] [RFC7996], there is a yearning among all right-thinking Internet architects to "keep it simple" and to return to the olden days when pigs could be given thrust without anyone taking undue offence.

-- A. Farrel

While no pigs, flying or otherwise, are involved in the transition to RFC XML v3, it is opportune to enhance the [RFC8140] legendarium in the service of RFC XML v3, by illustrating its functionality through references to the mythology of Camelot, and particularly the incidents at the Cave of Caerbannog.

The screaming move into the twenty-*first* century is accompanied by a move back to the late twentieth century, with ASCII stylings more wonted in haunts like ftp://ftp.wwa.com/pub/Scarecrow (known to be accessible in 1996.)

There are two references to rabbits in _Monty Python and the Holy Grail_ which are expounded on herewith:

Trojan Rabbit

In their siege of the French-occupied castle which may already contain an instance of the Grail, Sir Bedevere the Wise proposes to use a Trojan Rabbit to infiltrate the castle, with a raiding party to take the French "not only by surprise, but totally unarmed."

The proposal, unsurprisingly, proved abortive. The more so as the raiding party forgot to hide within the Trojan Rabbit, before the French soldiers took the Trojan Rabbit inside the castle.

Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog

Guarding the entrance to the Cave of Caerbannog; see <u>Section 4</u>.

3. The French-occupied castle

The participants of that renowned exercise in cross-cultural communication, to wit the exchange between the _Knights of the Round Table_ and the taunting French soldiers serving under *Guy de Lombard* are, properly speaking, outside the scope of this "menagerie", being more or less human. Notwithstanding, several^ish^ beasts both animate_d_ and wooden played a significant part in this encounter; most notably:

- o The Projectile Cow, see Figure 1
- o The Trojan Rabbit, see Figure 2

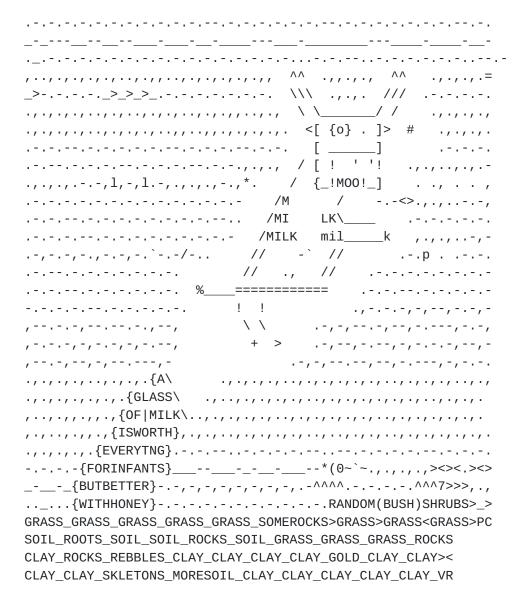


Figure 1: The Projectile Cow with an accompanying cannon

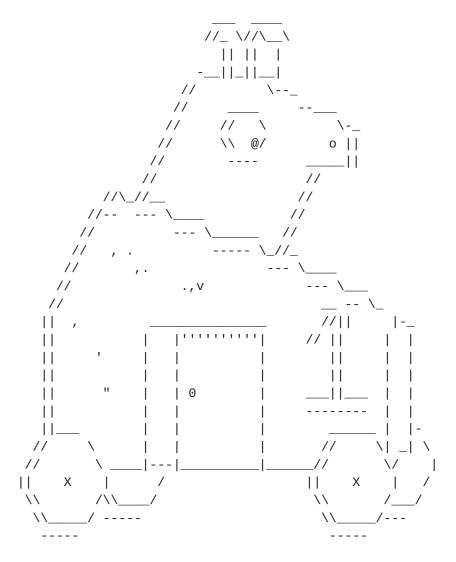


Figure 2: The Trojan Rabbit with an automatic sliding door

While the exchange at the French-occupied castle is one of the more memorable scenes of _Monty Python and the Holy Grail_, the Trojan Rabbit has not reached the same level of cultural resonance as its more murderous counterpart. Reasons for this may include:

- o Less overall screen-time dedicated to the Trojan Rabbit.
- o The Trojan Rabbit as projectile has already been anticipated by the Cow as projectile.

[CREF1]

The exchange of projectile animals was the beginning of a longrunning fruitful relationship between the British and the French peoples, which arguably predates the traditional English enmity with the French.

4. The Mythos of Caerbannog

The _Cave of Caerbannog_ has been well-established in the mythology of Camelot (as recounted by Monty Python) as the lair of the Legendary Black Beast of Arrrghhh, more commonly known today as the *Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog* Section 4.1. It is the encounter between the Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog and the Knights of the Round Table, armed with the Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch (see the following section (Section 4.2)), that we recount here through monospace font and multiple spaces.

4.1. The Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog

The *Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog*, that most formidable foe of the Knights and of all that is holy or carrot-like, has been depicted diversely in lay and in song. We venture to say, _contra_ the claim made in Section 4.1 of Ze Vompyre [RFC8140], that the Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog truly is the most afeared of all the creatures. Short of sanctified ordnance such as Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch, there are few remedies known against its awful lapine powers.

The following depiction (Figure 3) of the fearsome beast has been sourced from Rabbit-SCII [1], accompanied (Figure 4) by C code that was used in this accurate depiction of the Killer Rabbit:



Figure 3: A Photo Of The Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog Taken In Secret

```
<CODE BEGINS>
/* Locate the Killer Rabbit */
int type;
unsigned char *killerRabbit =
 LocateCreature(&caerbannog, "killer rabbit");
if( killerRabbit == 0 ){
 puts("The Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog is out of town.");
  return LOST_CREATURE;
}
/* Load Cave */
unsigned char *cave = LoadPlace(&caerbannog,
  "The Cave Of Caerbannog");
if( cave == 0 ){
 puts("The Cave of Caerbannog must have moved.");
  return LOST_PLACE;
}
/* Lure the Killer Rabbit back into the Cave */
unsigned char *carrot = allocateObjectInPlace(
  carrot("fresh"), cave);
if( carrot == 0 ){
 puts("No carrot, no rabbit.");
  return LOST_LURE;
}
/* Finally, notify the Killer Rabbit to act */
return notifyCreature(killerRabbit, &carrot);
<CODE ENDS>
         Figure 4: C Code To Lure Killer Rabbit Back To Cave
On the beast's encounter with the Knights of the Round Table, the
following personnel engaged with it in combat:
o Killed
   * Sir Bors
   * Sir Gawain
   * Sir Ector
o Soiled Himself
```

o Panicked

* Sir Robin

- * King Arthur
- o Employed Ordnance
 - * The Lector
 - * Brother Maynard
- o Scoffed
 - * Tim the Enchanter

4.2. Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch

```
\\/ \/
       __\\ /__
      || //\ |
      ||_\\/ _|
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\\############
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   ``..###########,'
    ``--..___..--'
      \11____11\
```

Figure 5: The Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch (don't pull the pin)

Figure 6: The Sovereign's Orb made invisible

The solution to the impasse at the Cave of Caerbannog was provided by the successful deployment of the *Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch* (see Figure 5). Any similarity between the Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch and the mythical _Holy Spear of Antioch_ is purely intentional; any

similarity between the Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch and the _Sovereign's Orb of the United Kingdom_ (see Figure 6) is putatively fortuitous.

Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch

Ordnance deployed by Brother Maynard under the incantation of a lector, in order to dispense with the Foes of the Virtuous. See Figure 5.

Holy Spear of Antioch

A supposed relic of the crucifixion of Jesus Christ, this is one of at least four claimed instances of the lance that pierced Christ's side. Its historical significance lies in inspiring crusaders to continue their siege of Antioch in 1098.

Sovereign's Orb of the United Kingdom

Part of the Crown Jewels of the United Kingdom, the Sovereign's Orb is a hollow gold sphere set with jewels and topped with a cross. It was made for Charles II in 1661. See Figure 6.

The instructions in the _Book of Armaments_ on the proper deployment of the Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch *MAY* be summarized as follows, although this summary *SHALL NOT* be used as a substitute for a reading from the Book of Armaments:

- 1. Preamble: St Attila Benediction
- 2. Feast of the People on Sundry Foods
 - * Lambs
 - * Sloths
 - * Carp
 - * Anchovies
 - * Orangutangs
 - * Breakfast Cereals
 - * Fruit Bats
 - * _et hoc genus omne_
- 3. Take out the Holy Pin
- 4. The Count

- A. Count is to Three: no more, no less
- B. Not Four
- C. Nor Two, except if the count then proceeds to Three
- D. Five is Right Out
- 5. Lob the Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch towards the Foe
- 6. The Foe, being naughty in the *LORD's* sight, *SHALL* snuff it

This could also be represented in pseudocode as follows:

- 1. Take out the Holy Pin
- 2. The Count

```
integer count;
for count := 1 step 1 until 3 do
   say(count)
comment Five is Right Out
```

- 3. Lob the Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch towards the Foe
- 4. Foe snuffs it

5. Dramatis Personae

The following human (more-or-less) protagonists were involved in the two incidents recounted as lore of the Knights of the Round Table:

+	++
French Castle	Cave of Caerbannog
King Arthur	
Sir Bedevere the Wise	
Sir Lancelot the Brave	Sir Robin the Not-quite-so-brave-as- Sir-Lancelot
French Guard with Outrageous Accent	·
Other French Guards	
İ	The Lector
not yet recruited	
Sir Gawain	Sir Ector
Retinue of sundry knights	Retinue of sundry more knights than at the French Castle
	·

5.1. Past the Killer Rabbit

Once the Killer Rabbit of Caerbannog (Figure 3) had been dispatched, the Knights of the Round Table uncovered the last words of Joseph of Arimathea, inscribed on the Cave of Caerbannog in Aramaic. While the precise Aramaic wording has not survived, we trust the following Hebrew subtitles will serve as an acceptable substitute:

```
.כאן אולי

ימצאו

המילים

האחרונות

של יוסף

מארמתיה .מי

אשר יהיה

אמיץ ובעל

נפש טהורה

יוכל למצוא

אקדוש

בטירת

אאאאאאאא
```

"Here may be found the last words of Joseph of Arimathea. He who is valiant and pure of spirit may find the Holy Grail in the castle of -- Aaaargh."

6. IANA Considerations

IANA might consider a registry to track the mythical, especially ravaging beasts, such as the Killer Rabbit, who haunt the Internet.

7. Security Considerations

Do not let the Killer Rabbit out under any circumstance.

I repeat. Do not let the Killer Rabbit (Figure 3) out.

8. References

8.1. Normative References

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate
Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119,
DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997,
https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119.

8.2. Informative References

- [grail_film]
 - Chapman, G., Cleese, J., Idle, E., Gilliam, T., Jones, T., and M. Palin, "Monty Python and the Holy Grail", 1975.
- [RFC2635] Hambridge, S. and A. Lunde, "DON'T SPEW A Set of Guidelines for Mass Unsolicited Mailings and Postings (spam*)", FYI 35, RFC 2635, DOI 10.17487/RFC2635, June 1999, https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2635>.
- [RFC7990] Flanagan, H., "RFC Format Framework", RFC 7990,
 DOI 10.17487/RFC7990, December 2016,
 https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7990>.
- [RFC8140] Farrel, A., "The Arte of ASCII: Or, An True and Accurate
 Representation of an Menagerie of Thynges Fabulous and
 Wonderful in Ye Forme of Character", RFC 8140,
 DOI 10.17487/RFC8140, April 2017,
 <https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8140>.
- [RFC8174] Leiba, B., "Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in RFC 2119 Key Words", BCP 14, RFC 8174, DOI 10.17487/RFC8174, May 2017, https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8174>.

8.3. URIs

```
[1] <a href="http://camelot.gov.example/avatars/rabbit">http://camelot.gov.example/avatars/rabbit</a>
Index
       Cave of Caerbannog 9
       Holy Hand Grenade of Antioch 9
   R
       relics
           Christian 9
           monarchic 9
Editorial Comments
[CREF1] Author: Image courtesy of <a href="https://camelot.gov.example/creatures-">https://camelot.gov.example/creatures-</a>
         in-ascii/
Author's Address
   Arthur son of Uther Pendragon
   Camelot
   Palace
   Camel Lot 1
   Camelot, England
   United Kingdom
   Email: arthur.pendragon@ribose.com
   URI: http://camelot.gov.example
```