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TLS Compressed Elliptic Curve Code Points

#### Abstract

This document defines new Transport Layer Security (TLS) Supported Groups to allow negotiation in TLS for encoding certain elliptic curve public keys in a compressed form rather than the more verbose method specified in [RFC8446] and [RFC8422].

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#### 1. Introduction

Versions of TLS prior to 1.3 allowed for Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) Point Compression negotiation, by sending a however in TLS 1.3 and Section 5.1.2 of [RFC8422], that mechanism was deprecated in favor of having one point encoding format for each negotiated curve. Utilizing point compression is important to reduce the size of negotiated curves within TLS in general, but especially with [I-D.draft-ietf-tls-ctls].

The code points defined in this document are intended for use in TLS, dTLS, cTLS, and other similar protocols that negotiate Elliptic Curve Groups for key exchange.

# 1.1. Conventions and Definitions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

All TLS notation comes from Section 3 of [RFC8446].

## 2. Supported Groups

This document defines three new TLS Supported Groups for the compressed forms of secp256r1, secp384r1, and secp521r1 (collectively colloquially called the NIST Curves). The compressed forms of these groups are indicated by adding a letter 'c' at the end of the descriptive name. The new groups are secp256r1c, secp384r1c, and secp521r1c. TLS groups using compressed NIST curves MUST use these newly defined group identifiers.

The "TLS Supported Groups" name space is maintained by IANA.

```
enum {
    secp256r1c(tbd1), secp384r1c(tbd2), secp521r1c(tbd3)
} NamedGroup;

struct {
    NamedGroup named_group_list<2..2^16-1>;
} NamedGroupList;
```

#### 2.1. ECDHE Parameters

In Section 4.2.8.2 of [RFC8446] the encoding method for ECDHE Parameters is described, this document adds a new struct to serialize the new parameters. The method for determining the values for the elements of the serialized structure are documented in [SEC1].

For secp256r1c, secp384r1c, and secp521r1c, the contents are the serialized value of the following struct defined using the presentation language in Section 3 of [RFC8446]:

```
struct {
   CompressedY;
   opaque X[coordinate_length];
} CompressedPointRepresentation;
enum { evenY(2), oddY(3) } CompressedY
```

## 3. IANA Considerations

IANA is requested to assign the value tbd1 to secp256r1c, the value tbd2 to secp384r1c, and the value tbd3 to secp521r1c in the "TLS Supported Groups" registry. For these three new supported groups the "DTLS OK" is set to 'Y'. For tbd1 and tbd2 the "Recommended" column is set to 'Y' and for tbd3 the "Recommended" column is set to 'N'.

# 4. Security Considerations

The security considerations of  $[\mbox{RFC8422}]$  and  $[\mbox{RFC8422}]$  apply to the selection of TLS named groups and the use of the curves specified in this document.

#### 5. References

# 5.1. Normative References

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate
 Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, DOI 10.17487/
 RFC2119, March 1997, <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119">https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119</a>.

# [RFC8174]

Leiba, B., "Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in RFC 2119 Key Words", BCP 14, RFC 8174, DOI 10.17487/RFC8174, May 2017, <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8174">https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8174</a>>.

- [RFC8422] Nir, Y., Josefsson, S., and M. Pegourie-Gonnard,
   "Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) Cipher Suites for
   Transport Layer Security (TLS) Versions 1.2 and Earlier",
   RFC 8422, DOI 10.17487/RFC8422, August 2018, <a href="https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8422">https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8422</a>.
- [SEC1] Brown, D., "Standards for Efficient Cryptography 1 (SEC
  1)", Standards for Efficient Cryptography Group , 21 May
  2009, <a href="https://www.secg.org/sec1-v2.pdf">https://www.secg.org/sec1-v2.pdf</a>>.

#### 5.2. Informative References

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