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Additional Parameter sets for LMS Hash-Based Signatures
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Abstract

This note extends LMS ([RFC 8554](#)) by defining parameter sets by including additional hash functions. These include hash functions that result in signatures with significantly smaller size than the signatures using the current parameter sets, and should have sufficient security.

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[1.](#) Introduction

Stateful hash based signatures have small private and public keys, are efficient to compute, and are believed to have excellent security. One disadvantage is that the signatures they produce tend to be somewhat large (possibly 1k - 4kbytes). What this draft explores are a set of parameter sets to the LMS ([RFC8554](#)) stateful hash based signature method that reduce the size of the signature significantly.

[1.1.](#) Disclaimer

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[2.](#) Conventions Used In This Document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

[3.](#) Additional Hash Function Definitions

[3.1.](#) 192 bit Hash Function based on SHA256

This document defines a SHA-2 based hash function with a 192 bit output. As such, we define SHA256-192 as a truncated version of SHA256 [[FIPS180](#)]. That is, it is the result of performing a SHA256 operation to a message, and then omitting the final 64 bits of the output. It is the same procedure used to define SHA224, except that we use the SHA256 IV (rather than using one dedicated to SHA256-192), and you truncate 64 bits, rather than 32.

The following test vector may illustrate this:

```
SHA256("abc")      = ba7816bf 8f01cfea 414140de 5dae2223
                    b00361a3 96177a9c b410ff61 f20015ad
SHA256-192("abc") = ba7816bf 8f01cfea 414140de 5dae2223
                    b00361a3 96177a9c
```

We use the same IV as the untruncated SHA256, rather than defining a distinct one, so that we can use a standard SHA256 hash implementation without modification. In addition, the fact that you get partial knowledge of the SHA256 hash of a message by examining the SHA256-192 hash of the same message is not a concern for this application. Each message that is hashed is randomized. Any message being signed includes the C randomizer which varies per message; in addition, all hashes include the I identifier, which varies depending on the public key. Therefore, signing the same message by SHA256 and by SHA256-192 will not result in the same value being hashed, and so the latter hash value is not a prefix of the former one.

3.2. 256 bit Hash Function based on SHAKE256

This document defines a SHAKE-based hash function with a 256 bit output. As such, we define SHAKE256-256 as a hash where you submit the preimage to the SHAKE256 XOF, with the output being 256 bits, see FIPS 202 [[FIPS202](#)] for more detail.

3.3. 192 bit Hash Function based on SHAKE256

This document defines a SHAKE-based hash function with a 192 bit output. As such, we define SHAKE256-192 as a hash where you submit the preimage to the SHAKE256 XOF, with the output being 192 bits, see FIPS 202 [[FIPS202](#)] for more detail.

4. Additional LM-OTS Parameter Sets

Here is a table with the LM-OTS parameters defined that use the above hashes:

Parameter Set Name	H	n	w	p	ls	id
LMOTS_SHA256_N24_W1	SHA256-192	24	1	200	8	0x0005
LMOTS_SHA256_N24_W2	SHA256-192	24	2	101	6	0x0006
LMOTS_SHA256_N24_W4	SHA256-192	24	4	51	4	0x0007
LMOTS_SHA256_N24_W8	SHA256-192	24	8	26	0	0x0008
LMOTS_SHAKE_N32_W1	SHAKE256-256	32	1	265	7	0x0009
LMOTS_SHAKE_N32_W2	SHAKE256-256	32	2	133	6	0x000a
LMOTS_SHAKE_N32_W4	SHAKE256-256	32	4	67	4	0x000b

LMOTS_SHAKE_N32_W8	SHAKE256-256	32	8	34	0	0x000c	
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
LMOTS_SHAKE_N24_W1	SHAKE256-192	24	1	200	8	0x000d	
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
LMOTS_SHAKE_N24_W2	SHAKE256-192	24	2	101	6	0x000e	
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
LMOTS_SHAKE_N24_W4	SHAKE256-192	24	4	51	4	0x000f	
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
LMOTS_SHAKE_N24_W8	SHAKE256-192	24	8	26	0	0x0010	
+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+

Table 1

The id is the IANA-defined identifier used to denote this specific parameter set, and which appears in both public keys and signatures.

The SHA256_N24, SHAKE_N32, SHAKE_N24 in the parameter set name denote the SHA256-192, SHAKE256-256 and SHAKE256-192 hash functions defined in [Section 3](#).

Remember that the C message randomizer (which is included in the signature) is the size of the hash n, and so it shrinks from 32 bytes to 24 bytes for those the parameter sets that use either SHA256-192 or SHAKE256-192.

5. Additional LM Parameter Sets

Here is a table with the LM parameters defined that use SHA256-192, SHAKE256-256 and SHAKE256-192 hash functions:

Parameter Set Name	H	m	h	id
LMS_SHA256_M24_H5	SHA256-192	24	5	0x000a
LMS_SHA256_M24_H10	SHA256-192	24	10	0x000b
LMS_SHA256_M24_H15	SHA256-192	24	15	0x000c
LMS_SHA256_M24_H20	SHA256-192	24	20	0x000d
LMS_SHA256_M24_H25	SHA256-192	24	25	0x000e

LMS_SHAKE_M32_H5	SHAKE256-256	32	5	0x000f
LMS_SHAKE_M32_H10	SHAKE256-256	32	10	0x0010
LMS_SHAKE_M32_H15	SHAKE256-256	32	15	0x0011
LMS_SHAKE_M32_H20	SHAKE256-256	32	20	0x0012
LMS_SHAKE_M32_H25	SHAKE256-256	32	25	0x0013
LMS_SHAKE_M24_H5	SHAKE256-192	24	5	0x0014
LMS_SHAKE_M24_H10	SHAKE256-192	24	10	0x0015
LMS_SHAKE_M24_H15	SHAKE256-192	24	15	0x0016
LMS_SHAKE_M24_H20	SHAKE256-192	24	20	0x0017
LMS_SHAKE_M24_H25	SHAKE256-192	24	25	0x0018

Table 2

The id is the IANA-defined identifier used to denote this specific parameter set, and which appears in both public keys and signatures.

The SHA256_M24, SHAKE_M32, SHAKE_M24 in the parameter set name denote the SHA256-192, SHAKE256-256 and SHAKE256-192 hash functions defined in [Section 3](#).

6. Comparisons of 192 bit and 256 bit parameter sets

Switching to a 192 bit hash affects the signature size, the computation time, and the security strength.

The major reason for considering these truncated parameter sets is that they cause the signatures to shrink considerably.

Here is a table that gives the space used by both the 256 bit parameter sets and the 192 bit parameter sets, for a range of plausible Winternitz parameters and tree heights

ParmSet	Winternitz	256 bit hash	192 bit hash
15	4	2672	1624
15	8	1616	1024
20	4	2832	1744
20	8	1776	1144
15/10	4	5236	3172
15/10	8	3124	1972
15/15	4	5396	3292
15/15	8	3284	2092
20/10	4	5396	3292
20/10	8	3284	2092
20/15	4	5556	3412
20/15	8	3444	2212

Table 3

ParmSet: this is the height of the Merkle tree(s); parameter sets listed as a single integer have $L=1$, and consist a single Merkle tree of that height; parameter sets with $L=2$ are listed as x/y , with x being the height of the top level Merkle tree, and y being the bottom level.

Winternitz: this is the Winternitz parameter used (for the tests that use multiple trees, this applies to all of them).

256 bit hash: the size in bytes of a signature, assuming that a 256 bit hash is used in the signature (either SHA256 or SHAKE256-256).

192 bit hash: the size in bytes of a signature, assuming that a 192 bit hash is used in the signature (either SHA256-192 or SHAKE256-192).

An examination of the signature sizes show that the 192 bit parameters consistently give a 35% – 40% reduction in the size of the signature in comparison with the 256 bit parameters.

In addition, for SHA256-192, there is a smaller (circa 20%) reduction in the amount of computation required for a signature operation with a 192 bit hash. The SHAKE256-192 signatures may have either a faster or slower computation, depending on the implementation speed of SHAKE versus SHA256 hashes.

The SHAKE256-256 based parameter sets give no space advantage (or disadvantage) over the existing SHA256-based parameter sets; any performance delta would depend solely on the implementation and whether they can generate SHAKE hashes faster than SHA256 ones.

[7.](#) Security Considerations

The strength of a signature that uses the SHA256-192, SHAKE256-256 and SHAKE256-192 hash functions is based on the difficulty in finding preimages or second preimages to those hash functions.

The case of SHAKE256-256 is essentially the same as the existing SHA256 based signatures; the difficulty of finding preimages is essentially the same, and so they have (barring unexpected cryptographic advances) essentially the same level of security.

The case of SHA256-192 and SHAKE256-192 requires closer analysis.

better than performing hashes of a large number of distinct preimages; as a successful attack has a high probability of requiring nearly 2^{192} hash computations (for either SHA256-192 or SHAKE256-192). These can be taken as the expected work effort, and would appear to be completely infeasible in practice.

For a Quantum Computer, they could in theory use a Grover's algorithm to reduce the expected complexity required to circa 2^{96} hash computations (for $N=24$). On the other hand, to implement Grover's algorithm with this number of hash computations would require performing circa 2^{96} hash computations in succession, which will take more time than is likely to be acceptable to any attacker. To speed this up, the attacker would need to run a number of instances of Grover's algorithm in parallel. This would necessarily increase the total work effort required, and to an extent that makes it likely to be infeasible.

Hence, we expect that LMS based on these hash functions is secure against both classical and quantum computers, even though, in both cases, the expected work effort is less (for the $N=24$ case) than against either SHA256 or SHAKE256-256.

7.1. Note on the version of SHAKE

FIPS 202 defines both SHAKE128 and SHAKE256. This specification selects SHAKE256, even though it is, for large messages, less efficient. The reason is that SHAKE128 has a low upper bound on the difficulty of finding preimages (due to the invertibility of its internal permutation), which would limit the strength of LMS (whose strength is based on the difficulty of finding preimages). Hence, we specify the use of SHAKE256, which has a considerably stronger preimage resistance.

8. References

8.1. Normative References

- [FIPS180] National Institute of Standards and Technology, "Secure Hash Standard (SHS)", FIPS 180-4, March 2012.
- [FIPS202] National Institute of Standards and Technology, "SHA-3 Standard: Permutation-Based Hash and Extendable-Output Functions", FIPS 202, August 2015.

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 2119](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119>>.
- [RFC3979] Bradner, S., Ed., "Intellectual Property Rights in IETF Technology", [RFC 3979](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC3979, March 2005, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc3979>>.
- [RFC4879] Narten, T., "Clarification of the Third Party Disclosure Procedure in [RFC 3979](#)", [RFC 4879](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC4879, April 2007, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc4879>>.
- [RFC5226] Narten, T. and H. Alvestrand, "Guidelines for Writing an IANA Considerations Section in RFCs", [RFC 5226](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC5226, May 2008, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5226>>.
- [RFC8554] McGrew, D., Curcio, M., and S. Fluhrer, "Leighton-Micali Hash-Based Signatures", [RFC 8554](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC8554, April 2019, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8554>>.

[8.2](#). Informative References

- [Grover96] Grover, L.K., "A fast quantum mechanical algorithm for database search", 28th ACM Symposium on the Theory of Computing p. 212, 1996.

[Appendix A](#). Test Cases

This section provides three test cases that can be used to verify or debug an implementation, one for each hash function. This data is formatted with the name of the elements on the left, and the value of the elements on the right, in hexadecimal. The concatenation of all of the values within a public key or signature produces that public key or signature, and values that do not fit within a single line are listed across successive lines.

Test Case 1 Private Key for SHA256-192

```
-----
(note: procedure in Appendix A of RFC8554 is used)
SEED      000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f
          1011121314151617
I         202122232425262728292a2b2c2d2e2f
-----
```

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Test Case 1 Public Key for SHA256-192

```
-----
HSS public key
levels      00000001
-----
LMS type    0000000a      # LMS_SHA256_N24_H5
LMOTS type  00000008      # LMOTS_SHA256_N24_W8
I           202122232425262728292a2b2c2d2e2f
K           2c571450aed99cfb4f4ac285da148827
           96618314508b12d2
-----
-----
```

Test Case 1 Message for SHA256-192

```
-----
Message      54657374206d65737361676520666f72 |Test message for|
              205348413235362d3139320a         | SHA256-192.|
-----
```

Test Case 1 Signature for SHA256-192

```
-----
HSS signature
Nspk        00000000
sig[0]:
-----
LMS signature
q           00000005
-----
LMOTS signature
LMOTS type  00000008      # LMOTS_SHA256_N24_W8
C           0b5040a18c1b5cabcbc85b047402ec62
           94a30dd8da8fc3da
y[0]        e13b9f0875f09361dc77fcc4481ea463
           c073716249719193
y[1]        614b835b4694c059f12d3aedd34f3db9
           3f3580fb88743b8b
-----
```

y[2]	3d0648c0537b7a50e433d7ea9d6672ff fc5f42770feab4f9
y[3]	8eb3f3b23fd2061e4d0b38f832860ae7 6673ad1a1a52a900
y[4]	5dcf1bfb56fe16ff723627612f9a48f7 90f3c47a67f870b8
y[5]	1e919d99919c8db48168838cece0abfb 683da48b9209868b
y[6]	e8ec10c63d8bf80d36498dfc205dc45d

y[7]	0dd870572d6d8f1d 90177cf5137b8bbf7bcb67a46f86f26c fa5a44cbcaa4e18d
y[8]	a099a98b0b3f96d5ac8ac375d8da2a7c 248004ba11d7ac77
y[9]	5b9218359cddab4cf8ccc6d54cb7e1b3 5a36ddc9265c0870
y[10]	63d2fc6742a7177876476a324b03295b fed99f2eaf1f3897
y[11]	0583c1b2b616aad0f31cd7a4b1bb0a51 e477e94a01bbb4d6
y[12]	f8866e2528a159df3d6ce244d2b6518d 1f0212285a3c2d4a
y[13]	927054a1e1620b5b02aab0c8c10ed48a e518ea73cba81fcf
y[14]	ff88bff461dac51e7ab4ca75f47a6259 d24820b9995792d1
y[15]	39f61ae2a8186ae4e3c9bfe0af2cc717 f424f41aa67f03fa
y[16]	edb0665115f2067a46843a4cbbd297d5 e83bc1aafc18d1d0
y[17]	3b3d894e8595a6526073f02ab0f08b99 fd9eb208b59ff631
y[18]	7e5545e6f9ad5f9c183abd043d5acd6e b2dd4da3f02dbc31
y[19]	67b468720a4b8b92ddfe7960998bb7a0 ecf2a26a37598299
y[20]	413f7b2aec39a30cec527b4d9710c44 73639022451f50d0
y[21]	1c0457125da0fa4429c07dad859c846c bbd93ab5b91b01bc
y[22]	770b089cfede6f651e86dd7c15989c8b

```

5321dea9ca608c71
y[23]      fd862323072b827cee7a7e28e4e2b999
647233c3456944bb
y[24]      7aef9187c96b3f5b79fb98bc76c3574d
d06f0e95685e5b3a
y[25]      ef3a54c4155fe3ad817749629c30adbe
897c4f4454c86c49
-----
LMS type   0000000a                                # LMS_SHA256_N24_H5
path[0]    e9ca10eaa811b22ae07fb195e3590a33
4ea64209942fbae3
path[1]    38d19f152182c807d3c40b189d3fcbea
942f44682439b191
path[2]    332d33ae0b761a2a8f984b56b2ac2fd4
ab08223a69ed1f77
path[3]    19c7aa7e9eee96504b0e60c6bb5c942d

```

```

695f0493eb25f80a
path[4]    5871cffd131d0e04ffe5065bc7875e82
d34b40b69dd9f3c1

```

Test Case 2 Private Key for SHAKE256-192

(note: procedure in [Appendix A of RFC8554](#) is used)

```

SEED      303132333435363738393a3b3c3d3e3f
4041424344454647
I         505152535455565758595a5b5c5d5e5f
-----
-----

```

Test Case 2 Public Key for SHAKE256-192

```

-----
HSS public key
levels    00000001
-----
LMS type   00000014                                # LMS_SHAKE256_N24_H5
LMOTS type 00000010                                # LMOTS_SHAKE256_N24_W8
I         505152535455565758595a5b5c5d5e5f
K         db54a4509901051c01e26d9990e55034
7986da87924ff0b1

```


Test Case 2 Message for SHAKE256-192

Message 54657374206d65737361676520666f72 |Test message for|
 205348414b453235362d3139320a | SHAKE256-192.|

Test Case 2 Signature for SHAKE256-192

HSS signature

Nspk 00000000
sig[0]:

LMS signature

q 00000006

LMOTS signature

LMOTS type 00000010 # LMOTS_SHAKE256_N24_W8
C 84219da9ce9fffb16edb94527c6d1056

y[0] 5587db28062deac4
 208e62fc4fbe9d85deb3c6bd2c01640a
 ccb387d8a6093d68
y[1] 511234a6a1a50108091c034cb1777e02
 b5df466149a66969
y[2] a498e4200c0a0c1bf5d100cdb97d2dd4
 0efd3cada278acc5
y[3] a570071a043956112c6deebd1eb3a7b5
 6f5f6791515a7b5f
y[4] fddb0ec2d9094bfbcb889ea15c3c7b9be
 a953efb75ed648f5
y[5] 35b9acab66a2e9631e426e4e99b733ca
 a6c55963929b77fe
y[6] c54a7e703d8162e736875cb6a455d4a9
 015c7a6d8fd5fe75
y[7] e402b47036dc3770f4a1dd0a559cb478
 c7fb1726005321be
y[8] 9d1ac2de94d731ee4ca79cff454c811f

	46d11980909f047b
y[9]	2005e84b6e15378446b1ca691efe491e a98acc9d3c0f785c
y[10]	aba5e2eb3c306811c240ba2280292382 7d582639304a1e97
y[11]	83ba5bc9d69d999a7db8f749770c3c04 a152856dc726d806
y[12]	7921465b61b3f847b13b2635a45379e5 adc6ff58a99b00e6
y[13]	0ac767f7f30175f9f7a140257e218be3 07954b1250c9b419
y[14]	02c4fa7c90d8a592945c66e86a76defc b84500b55598a199
y[15]	0faaa10077c74c94895731585c8f900d e1a1c675bd8b0c18
y[16]	0ebe2b5eb3ef8019ece3e1ea7223eb79 06a2042b6262b4aa
y[17]	25c4b8a05f205c8befeef11ceff12825 08d71bc2a8cfa0a9
y[18]	9f73f3e3a74bb4b3c0d8ca2abd0e1c2c 17dafe18b4ee2298
y[19]	e87bcfb1305b3c069e6d385569a4067e d547486dd1a50d6f
y[20]	4a58aab96e2fa883a9a39e1bd45541ee e94efc32faa9a94b
y[21]	e66dc8538b2dab05aee5efa6b3b2efb3 fd020fe789477a93
y[22]	afff9a3e636dbba864a5bffa3e28d13d 49bb597d94865bde
y[23]	88c4627f206ab2b465084d6b780666e9

	52f8710efd748bd0
y[24]	f1ae8f1035087f5028f14affcc5fffe3 32121ae4f87ac5f1
y[25]	eac9062608c7d87708f1723f38b23237 a4edf4b49a5cd3d7

LMS type	00000014	# LMS_SHAKE256_N24_H5
path[0]	dd4bdc8f928fb526f6fb7cdb944a7eba a7fb05d995b5721a	
path[1]	27096a5007d82f79d063acd434a04e97 f61552f7f81a9317	

```

path[2]      b4ec7c87a5ed10c881928fc6ebce6dfc
              e9daae9cc9dba690
path[3]      7ca9a9dd5f9f573704d5e6cf22a43b04
              e64c1ffc7e1c442e
path[4]      cb495ba265f465c56291a902e62a461f
              6dfda232457fad14

```

Test Case 3 Private Key for SHAKE256-256

```

-----
(note: procedure in Appendix A of RFC8554 is used)
SEED      606162636465666768696a6b6c6d6e6f
          707172737475767778797a7b7c7d7e7f
I         808182838485868788898a8b8c8d8e8f
-----
-----

```

Test Case 3 Public Key for SHAKE256-256

```

-----
HSS public key
levels      00000001
-----
LMS type    0000000f      # LMS_SHAKE256_N32_H5
LMOTS type  0000000c      # LMOTS_SHAKE256_N32_W8
I           808182838485868788898a8b8c8d8e8f
K           9bb7faee411cae806c16a466c3191a8b
          65d0ac31932bbf0c2d07c7a4a36379fe
-----
-----

```

Test Case 3 Message for SHAKE256-256

```

-----
Message     54657374206d657361676520666f7220 |Test mesage for |
          5348414b453235362d3235360a          |SHAKE256-256.|
-----

```

Test Case 2 Signature for SHAKE256-256

```

-----
HSS signature

```


Nspk 00000000
sig[0]:

LMS signature

q 00000007

LMOTS signature

LMOTS type 0000000c # LMOTS_SHAKE256_N32_W8

C b82709f0f00e83759190996233d1ee4f
4ec50534473c02ffa145e8ca2874e32b
y[0] 16b228118c62b96c9c77678b33183730
debaade8fe607f05c6697bc971519a34
y[1] 1d69c00129680b67e75b3bd7d8aa5c8b
71f02669d177a2a0eea896dcd1660f16
y[2] 864b302ff321f9c4b8354408d0676050
4f768ebd4e545a9b0ac058c575078e6c
y[3] 1403160fb45450d61a9c8c81f6bd69bd
fa26a16e12a265baf79e9e233eb71af6
y[4] 34ecc66dc88e10c6e0142942d4843f70
a0242727bc5a2aabf7b0ec12a99090d8
y[5] caeef21303f8ac58b9f200371dc9e41a
b956e1a3efed9d4bbb38975b46c28d5f
y[6] 5b3ed19d847bd0a737177263cbc1a226
2d40e80815ee149b6cce2714384c9b7f
y[7] ceb3bbcbd25228dda8306536376f8793
ecadd6020265dab9075f64c773ef97d0
y[8] 7352919995b74404cc69a6f3b469445c
9286a6b2c9f6dc839be76618f053de76
y[9] 3da3571ef70f805c9cc54b8e501a98b9
8c70785eeb61737eced78b0e380ded4f
y[10] 769a9d422786def59700eef3278017ba
bbe5f9063b468ae0dd61d94f9f99d5cc
y[11] 36fbec4178d2bda3ad31e1644a2bcce2
08d72d50a7637851aa908b94dc437612
y[12] 0d5beab0fb805e1945c41834dd6085e6
db1a3aa78fcb59f62bde68236a10618c
y[13] ff123abe64dae8dabb2e84ca705309c2
ab986d4f8326ba0642272cb3904eb96f
y[14] 6f5e3bb8813997881b6a33cac0714e4b
5e7a882ad87e141931f97d612b84e903
y[15] e773139ae377f5ba19ac86198d485fca
97742568f6ff758120a89bf19059b8a6
y[16] bfe2d86b12778164436ab2659ba86676
7fcc435584125fb7924201ee67b535da

y[17] f72c5cb31f5a0b1d926324c26e67d4c3
836e301aa09bae8fb3f91f1622b1818c
y[18] cf440f52ca9b5b9b99aba8a6754aae2b
967c4954fa85298ad9b1e74f27a46127
y[19] c36131c8991f0cc2ba57a15d35c91cf8
bc48e8e20d625af4e85d8f9402ec44af
y[20] bd4792b924b839332a64788a7701a300
94b9ec4b9f4b648f168bf457fbb3c959
y[21] 4fa87920b645e42aa2fecc9e21e000ca
7d3ff914e15c40a8bc533129a7fd3952
y[22] 9376430f355aaf96a0a13d13f2419141
b3cc25843e8c90d0e551a355dd90ad77
y[23] 0ea7255214ce11238605de2f000d2001
04d0c3a3e35ae64ea10a3eff37ac7e95
y[24] 49217cdf52f307172e2f6c7a2a4543e1
4314036525b1ad53eeaddf0e24b1f369
y[25] 14ed22483f2889f61e62b6fb78f5645b
dbb02c9e5bf97db7a0004e87c2a55399
y[26] b61958786c97bd52fa199c27f6bb4d68
c4907933562755bfec5d4fb52f06c289
y[27] d6e852cf6bc773ffd4c07ee2d6cc55f5
7edcfbc8e8692a49ad47a121fe3c1b16
y[28] cab1cc285faf6793ffad7a8c341a49c5
d2dce7069e464cb90a00b2903648b23c
y[29] 81a68e21d748a7e7b1df8a593f3894b2
477e8316947ca725d141135202a9442e
y[30] 1db33bbd390d2c04401c39b253b78ce2
97b0e14755e46ec08a146d279c67af70
y[31] de256890804d83d6ec5ca3286f1fca9c
72abf6ef868e7f6eb0fddda1b040ecec
y[32] 9bbc69e2fd8618e9db3bdb0af13dda06
c6617e95afa522d6a2552de15324d991
y[33] 19f55e9af11ae3d5614b564c642dbfec
6c644198ce80d2433ac8ee738f9d825e

LMS type 0000000f # LMS_SHAKE256_N32_H5
path[0] 71d585a35c3a908379f4072d070311db
5d65b242b714bc5a756ba5e228abfa0d
path[1] 1329978a05d5e815cf4d74c1e547ec4a
a3ca956ae927df8b29fb9fab3917a7a4
path[2] ae61ba57e5342e9db12caf6f6dbc5253
de5268d4b0c4ce4ebe6852f012b162fc
path[3] 1c12b9ffc3bcb1d3ac8589777655e22c
d9b99ff1e4346fd0efeaa1da044692e7
path[4] ad6bfc337db69849e54411df8920c228
a2b7762c11e4b1c49efb74486d3931ea

Internet-Draft

Additional LMS Signatures

December 2021

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