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User-Managed Access (UMA) Profile of OAuth 2.0
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Abstract

User-Managed Access (UMA) is a profile of OAuth 2.0. UMA defines how resource owners can control protected-resource access by clients operated by arbitrary requesting parties, where the resources reside on any number of resource servers, and where a centralized authorization server governs access based on resource owner policies.

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[1.](#) Introduction

User-Managed Access (UMA) is a profile of OAuth 2.0 [[OAuth2](#)]. UMA defines how resource owners can control protected-resource access by clients operated by arbitrary requesting parties, where the resources reside on any number of resource servers, and where a centralized authorization server governs access based on resource owner policies. Resource owners configure authorization servers with access policies that serve as asynchronous authorization grants.

UMA serves numerous use cases where a resource owner uses a dedicated service to manage authorization for access to their resources, potentially even without the run-time presence of the resource owner. A typical example is the following: a web user (an end-user resource owner) can authorize a web or native app (a client) to gain one-time or ongoing access to a protected resource containing his home address stored at a "personal data store" service (a resource server), by telling the resource server to respect access entitlements issued by his chosen cloud-based authorization service (an authorization server). The requesting party operating the client might be the resource owner, where the app is run by an e-commerce company that needs to know where to ship a purchased item, or the requesting party might be resource owner's friend who is using an online address book service to collect contact information, or the requesting party might be a survey company that uses an autonomous web service to compile population demographics. A variety of use cases can be found in [[UMA-usecases](#)] and [[UMA-casestudies](#)].

Please see for the full UMA-Core 1.0 Specification for a complete

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[2.](#) References

[2.1.](#) Normative References

- [OAuth2] Hardt, D., "The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework", October 2012, <<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6749>>.
- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 2119](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC2119, March 1997, <<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc2119>>.
- [UMAcure] Hardjono, T., Maler, E., Machulak, M., and D. Catalano, "User-Managed Access (UMA) Profile of OAuth 2.0 Version 1.0.1", December 2015, <https://docs.kantarainitiative.org/uma/draft-uma-core-v1_0_1.html>.

[2.2.](#) Informative References

- [UMA-casestudies] Maler, E., "UMA Case Studies", April 2014, <<http://kantarainitiative.org/confluence/display/uma/Case+Studies>>.
- [UMA-usecases] Maler, E., "UMA Scenarios and Use Cases", October 2010, <<http://kantarainitiative.org/confluence/display/uma/UMA+Scenarios+and+Use+Cases>>.

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