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BIER BFD  
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## Abstract

Point to multipoint (P2MP) BFD is designed to verify multipoint connectivity. This document specifies the application of P2MP BFD in BIER network.

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Table of Contents

- [1. Introduction](#) . . . . . [2](#)
- [2. Conventions used in this document](#) . . . . . [3](#)
  - [2.1. Terminology](#) . . . . . [3](#)
  - [2.2. Requirements Language](#) . . . . . [3](#)
- [3. BIER BFD Encapsulation](#) . . . . . [3](#)
- [4. BIER BFD Session Bootstrapping](#) . . . . . [3](#)
  - [4.1. BIER OAM Bootstrapping](#) . . . . . [4](#)
  - [4.2. IGP protocol Bootstrapping](#) . . . . . [4](#)
    - [4.2.1. IS-IS extension for BIER BFD](#) . . . . . [4](#)
    - [4.2.2. OSPF extension for BIER BFD](#) . . . . . [5](#)
- [5. Discriminators and Packet Demultiplexing](#) . . . . . [6](#)
- [6. Active Tail in BIER BFD](#) . . . . . [6](#)
  - [6.1. Unsolicited Head Notification Mode](#) . . . . . [7](#)
- [7. Security Considerations](#) . . . . . [8](#)
- [8. Acknowledgements](#) . . . . . [8](#)
- [9. IANA Considerations](#) . . . . . [8](#)
  - [9.1. BIER OAM Message Type](#) . . . . . [8](#)
  - [9.2. BFD Discriminator TLV](#) . . . . . [8](#)
  - [9.3. BIER BFD Sub-sub-TLV](#) . . . . . [8](#)
  - [9.4. BIER BFD Sub-TLV](#) . . . . . [9](#)
- [10. References](#) . . . . . [9](#)
  - [10.1. Normative References](#) . . . . . [9](#)
  - [10.2. Informative References](#) . . . . . [10](#)
- Authors' Addresses . . . . . [10](#)

[1. Introduction](#)

Bit Index Explicit Replication (BIER) [[RFC8279](#)] provides the forwarding of multicast data packets through a multicast domain. It does so without requiring any explicit tree-building protocol and without requiring intermediate nodes to maintain any per-flow state.

[[RFC8562](#)] defines a method of using Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) to monitor and detect unicast failures between the sender (head) and one or more receivers (tails) in multipoint or multicast networks. [[RFC8563](#)] describes active tail extensions to the BFD protocol for multipoint networks.

This document describes the procedures for using such mode of BFD protocol to monitor connectivity between a multipoint sender, Bit-Forwarding Ingress Router (BFIR), and a set of one or more multipoint receivers, Bit-Forwarding Egress Routers (BFERs). The BIER BFD only supports the unidirectional multicast. This document defines the use

of P2MP BFD as per [[RFC8562](#)], and active tail as per [[RFC8563](#)] for BIER-specific domain.

## [2.](#) Conventions used in this document

### [2.1.](#) Terminology

This document uses the acronyms defined in [[RFC8279](#)] along with the following:

BFD: Bidirectional Forwarding Detection.

OAM: Operations, Administration, and Maintenance.

P2MP: Point to Multi-Point.

### [2.2.](#) Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [BCP 14](#) [[RFC2119](#)] [[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

## [3.](#) BIER BFD Encapsulation

BIER BFD encapsulation uses the BIER OAM packet format defined in [[I-D.ietf-bier-ping](#)]. The value of the Message Type field MUST be set to BIER BFD (TBD1 by IANA ). BFD Control Packet, defined in [Section 4](#) [[RFC5880](#)] immediately follows the BIER OAM header. The operation of Multipoint BFD with the BFD Control Packet is described in [[RFC8562](#)].

## [4.](#) BIER BFD Session Bootstrapping

As defined in [[RFC8562](#)], BIER BFD session MAY be established to

monitor the state of the multipoint path. The BIER BFD session could be created for each multipoint path and the set of BFERs over which the BFIR is requested to run BIER BFD. The BFIR MUST advertise the multipoint path and the value of My Discriminator associated with the path to the set of BFERs. Bootstrapping a BIER BFD session MAY use BIER OAM message [Section 4.1](#) or the control plane [Section 4.2](#).

The BIER BFD bootstrapping MUST be repeated when the value of this discriminator being changed.

#### [4.1.](#) BIER OAM Bootstrapping

The BIER OAM could be used for bootstrapping the BIER BFD session. The BFIR sends the BIER OAM Echo request message carrying a BFD discriminator TLV which immediately follows the Target SI-Bitstring TLV ([section 3.3.2](#) [[I-D.ietf-bier-ping](#)]).

The Target SI-Bitstring TLV MUST be used to carry the set of BFER information (including Sub-domain-id, Set ID, BS Len, Bitstring) for the purpose of the session establishment.

The BFD discriminator TLV is a new TLV for BIER OAM TLV with the type (TBD2 by IANA) and the length of 4. The value contains the 4-byte local discriminator generated by BFIR for this session. This discriminator MUST subsequently be used as the My Discriminator field in the BIER BFD session packets sent by BFIR. The format is as follows.

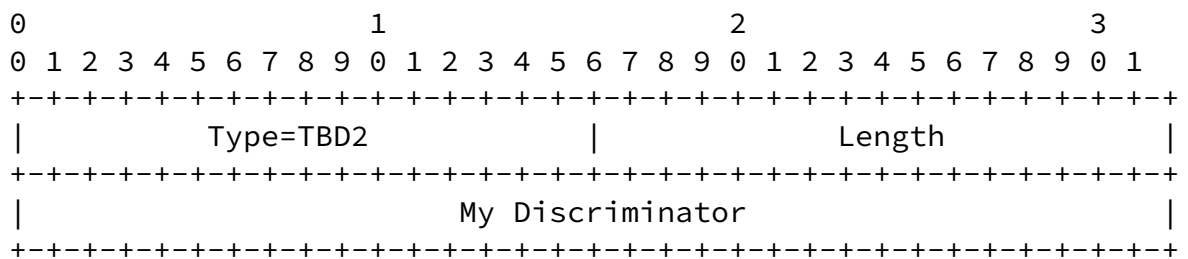


Figure 1: BFD discriminator TLV

## 4.2. IGP protocol Bootstrapping

An alternative option to bootstrap the BIER BFD is to advertise the BFD information in the control plane. This document defines a new BIER BFD Sub-sub-TLV carried in IS-IS and OSPF protocol.

The BFIR generates the My Discriminator value for each multicast flow and advertises it to the expecting BFERs which is indicated by the Bitstring which is carried in BIER BFD sub-sub-TLV. The corresponding BFERs SHOULD store the My Discriminator value for packet Demultiplexing.

### 4.2.1. IS-IS extension for BIER BFD

The new BIER BFD Sub-sub-TLV is carried within the BIER Info sub-TLV defined in [\[RFC8401\]](#). The format is as follows.

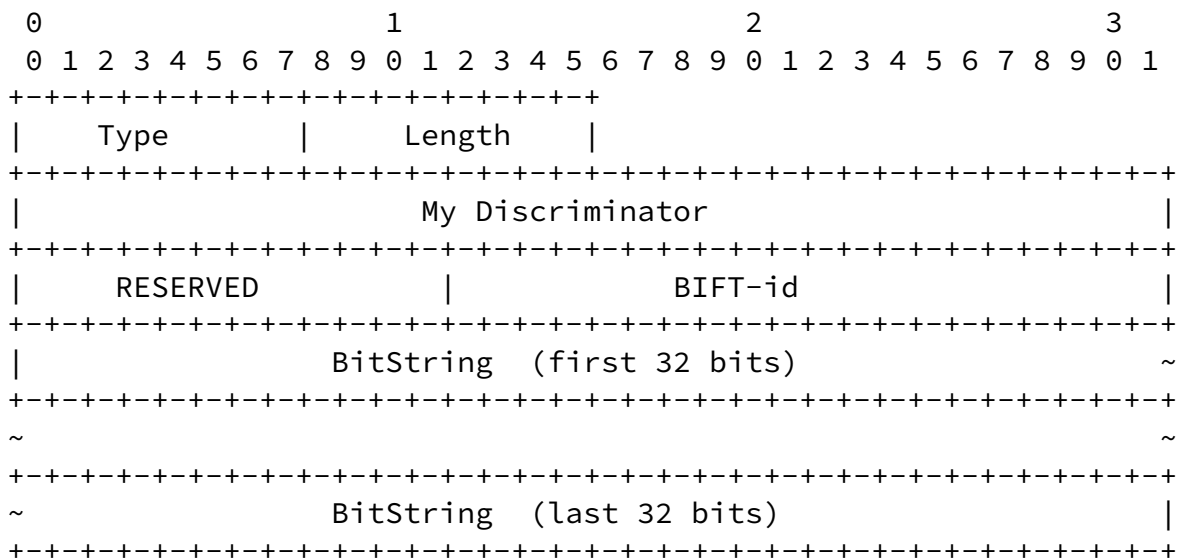


Figure 2: BIER BFD Sub-sub-TLV for IS-IS extension

Type: TBD3 by IANA.

Length: Length of the BIER BFD Sub-sub-TLV for IS-IS extension, in

bytes.

**My Discriminator:** A unique, nonzero discriminator value generated by BFIR for each multipoint path.

The BitString field carries the set of BFR-IDs of BFER(s) that the BFIR expects to establish the BIER BFD session.

The BIFT-id represents a particular Bit Index Forwarding Table (BIFT) as per [[RFC8279](#)].

#### [4.2.2.](#) OSPF extension for BIER BFD

The new BIER BFD Sub-TLV is a sub-TLV of the BIER Sub-TLV defined in [[RFC8444](#)]. The format is as follows.

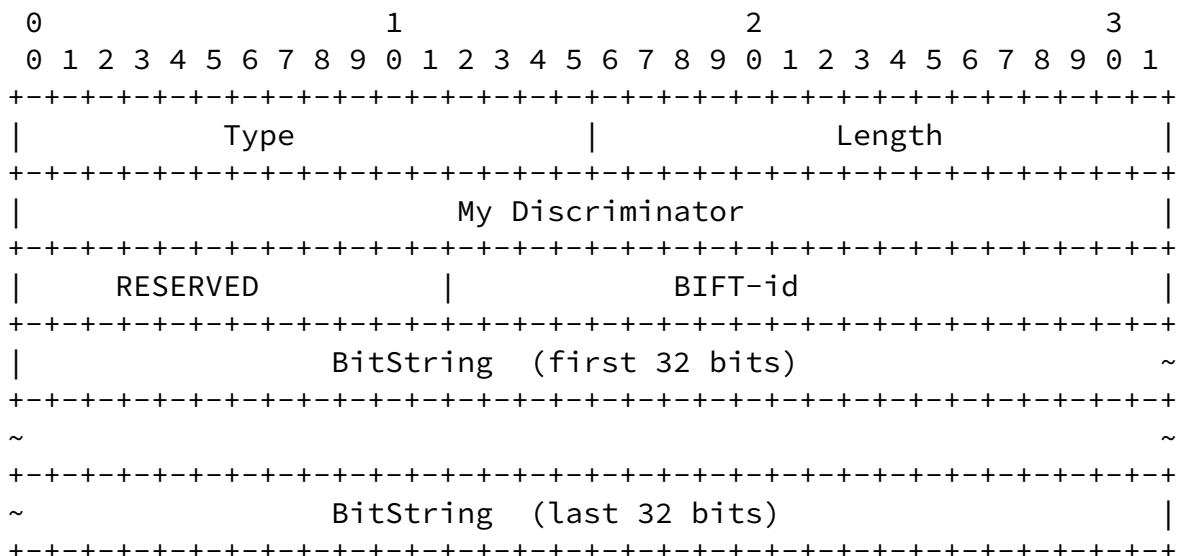


Figure 3: BIER BFD Sub-TLV for OSPF extension

Type: TBD4 by IANA.

Length: Length of the BIER BFD Sub-TLV for OSPF extension, in bytes.

Other fields in BIER BFD Sub-TLV is the same with [section 4.2.1](#).

## [5](#). Discriminators and Packet Demultiplexing

As defined in [\[RFC8562\]](#), the BFIR sends BFD Control packets over the multipoint path via the BIER BFD session with My Discriminator set to the value assigned by the BFIR and the value of the Your Discriminator set to zero. The set of BFERs MUST demultiplex BFD packets based on a combination of the source address, My Discriminator value. The source address is BFIR-id and BIER MPLS Label (MPLS network) or BFIR-id and BIFT-id (Non-MPLS network) for BIER BFD. My Discriminator value is advertised in BIER BFD bootstrapping using one of the options described in [Section 4](#).

## [6](#). Active Tail in BIER BFD

[\[RFC8563\]](#) defined an extension for Multipoint BFD, which allows the head to discover the state of a multicast distribution tree for any sub-set of tails. For BIER BFD in the active tail mode, the BFIR may learn the state and connectivity of the BFERs through allowing the BFERs to notify the BFIR. As per [\[RFC8563\]](#) provides detailed information on how the BFIR can use multipoint Poll sequence message or a combination of multicast and unicast Poll sequence messages to determine the state of the multicast tree. Also, [\[RFC8563\]](#) describes that a BFER can transmit an unsolicited unicast Poll sequence message

to the BFIR (note that a unicast message must be sent over a path which is disjoint from the multicast distribution tree).

### [6.1](#). Unsolicited Head Notification Mode

[\[I-D.mirsky-mpls-p2mp-bfd\]](#) provides detailed information on using the unsolicited notification method for P2MP MPLS LSP which is also applicable to BIER.

In [Section 5.2.1 \[RFC8563\]](#) is noted that "the tail sends unsolicited BFD packets in response to the detection of a multipoint path failure" but without the specifics on the information in the packet and frequency of transmissions. This document defines the procedure of the active tail with unsolicited notifications for BIER as specified below.

Upon detecting the failure, a BFER sends a BFD control packet with the following settings:

- o the Poll (P) bit is set;
- o the Status (Sta) field set to Down value;
- o the Diagnostic (Diag) field set to Control Detection Time Expired value;
- o the value of the Your Discriminator field is set to the value the BFER has been using to demultiplex that BFD multipoint session;
- o BFD Control packet is encapsulated in IP/UDP with the destination IP address of the BFIR and the UDP destination port number set to 4784 per [\[RFC5883\]](#)
- o the BFD Control packets are transmitted at the rate of one per second until either the BFER receives valid for this BFD session control packet with the Final (F) bit set from the BFIR or the defect condition clears.

To improve the likelihood of notifying the BFIR of the failure, the BFER SHOULD transmit three BFD Control packets defined above in short succession.

A BFIR that has received the BFD Control packet, as described above, sends the unicast IP/UDP encapsulated BFD control packet with the Final (F) bit set to the BFER.



For BIER OAM packet processing security considerations, see [\[I-D.ietf-bier-ping\]](#).

For general multipoint BFD security considerations, see [\[RFC8562\]](#).

No additional security issues are raised in this document beyond those that exist in the referenced BFD documents.

## [8.](#) Acknowledgements

The authors would like to thank the comments and suggestions from Sandy Zhang, Jeffrey (Zhaohui) Zhang, Donald Eastlake 3rd.

## [9.](#) IANA Considerations

### [9.1.](#) BIER OAM Message Type

IANA is requested to assign a new type from the BIER OAM Message Type registry as follows:

Value	Description	Reference
TBD1	BIER BFD	[this document]

Table 1

### [9.2.](#) BFD Discriminator TLV

IANA is requested to assign a new type from the BIER OAM TLV registry as follows:

Value	Description	Reference
TBD2	BFD discriminator TLV	[this document]

Table 2

### [9.3.](#) BIER BFD Sub-sub-TLV

IANA is requested to assign a new BIER BFD Sub-sub-TLV within the BIER Info sub-TLV registry defined in [\[RFC8401\]](#) as follows:

Value	Description	Reference
TBD3	BIER BFD Sub-sub-TLV	[this document]

Table 3

#### 9.4. BIER BFD Sub-TLV

IANA is requested to assign a new BIER BFD Sub-TLV from the BIER Sub-TLV registry defined in [RFC8444] as follows:

Value	Description	Reference
TBD4	BIER BFD Sub-TLV	[this document]

Table 4

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Internet-Draft

BIER BFD

July 2020

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Quan Xiong, et al.

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[Page 10]

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Internet-Draft

BIER BFD

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