

**Additional OAuth Parameters for Authorization in Constrained
Environments (ACE)
draft-ietf-ace-oauth-params-05**

Abstract

This specification defines new parameters for the OAuth 2.0 token and introspection endpoints when used with the framework for authentication and authorization for constrained environments (ACE). These are used to express the proof-of-possession key the client wishes to use, the proof-of-possession key that the AS has selected, and the key the RS should use to authenticate to the client.

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[1.](#) Introduction

The Authentication and Authorization for Constrained Environments (ACE) specification [[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz](#)] requires some new parameters for interactions with the OAuth 2.0 [[RFC6749](#)] token and introspection endpoints, as well as some new claims to be used in access tokens. These parameters and claims can also be used in other contexts, and may need to be updated to align them with ongoing OAuth work. Therefore they have been split out into this document, which can be used and updated independently of [[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz](#)].

[2.](#) Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP

14 [[RFC2119](#)] [[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

Readers are assumed to be familiar with the terminology from [[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz](#)].

Note that the term "endpoint" is used here following its OAuth 2.0 [[RFC6749](#)] definition, which is to denote resources such as token and introspection at the AS and authz-info at the RS. The CoAP [[RFC7252](#)] definition, which is "An entity participating in the CoAP protocol" is not used in this specification.

[3. Parameters for the Token Endpoint](#)

[3.1. Client-to-AS Request](#)

This document defines the following additional parameters for requesting an access token from a token endpoint in the ACE framework [[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz](#)]:

req_cnf

OPTIONAL. This field contains information about the key the client would like to bind to the access token for proof-of-possession. It is RECOMMENDED that an AS reject a request containing a symmetric key value in the 'req_cnf' field, since the AS is expected to be able to generate better symmetric keys than a potentially constrained client. The AS MUST verify that the client really is in possession of the corresponding key. Values of this parameter follow the syntax of the "cnf" claim from section 3.1 of [[I-D.ietf-ace-cwt-proof-of-possession](#)].

Figure 1 shows a request for an access token using the "req_cnf" parameter to request a specific public key as proof-of-possession key. The content is displayed in CBOR diagnostic notation, without abbreviations for better readability.


```
Header: POST (Code=0.02)
Uri-Host: "as.example.com"
Uri-Path: "token"
Content-Format: "application/ace+cbor"
Payload:
{
  "req_cnf" : {
    "COSE_Key" : {
      "kty" : "EC",
      "kid" : h'11',
      "crv" : "P-256",
      "x" : b64'usWxHK2PmfnHKwXPS54m0kTcGJ90UiglWiGahtagnv8',
      "y" : b64'IB0L+C3BttVivg+lSreASjpkttcsz+1rb7btKLv8EX4'
    }
  }
}
```

Figure 1: Example request for an access token bound to an asymmetric key.

3.2. AS-to-Client Response

This document defines the following additional parameters for an AS response to a request to the token endpoint:

cnf

REQUIRED if the token type is "pop" and a symmetric key is used. MAY be present for asymmetric proof-of-possession keys. This field contains the proof-of-possession key that the AS selected for the token. Values of this parameter follow the syntax of the "cnf" claim from section 3.1 of [\[I-D.ietf-ace-cwt-proof-of-possession\]](#). See [Section 5](#) for details on the use of this parameter.

rs_cnf

OPTIONAL if the token type is "pop" and asymmetric keys are used. MUST NOT be present otherwise. This field contains information about the public key used by the RS to authenticate. If this parameter is absent, either the RS does not use a public key or the AS assumes that the client already knows the public key of the RS. Values of this parameter follow the syntax of the "cnf" claim from section 3.1 of [\[I-D.ietf-ace-cwt-proof-of-possession\]](#). See [Section 5](#) for details on the use of this parameter.

Figure 2 shows an AS response containing a token and a "cnf" parameter with a symmetric proof-of-possession key.


```
Header: Created (Code=2.01)
Content-Format: "application/ace+cbor"
Payload:
{
  "access_token" : b64'SlAV32hkKG ...
    (remainder of CWT omitted for brevity;
    CWT contains COSE_Key in the "cnf" claim)',
  "cnf" : {
    "COSE_Key" : {
      "kty" : "Symmetric",
      "kid" : b64'39Gqlw',
      "k" : b64'hJtXhkV8FJG+Onbc6mxCcQh'
    }
  }
}
```

Figure 2: Example AS response with an access token bound to a symmetric key.

Figure 3 shows an AS response containing a token bound to a previously requested asymmetric proof-of-possession key (not shown) and a "rs_cnf" parameter containing the public key of the RS.

```
Header: Created (Code=2.01)
Content-Format: "application/ace+cbor"
Payload:
{
  "access_token" : b64'SlAV32hkKG ...
    (remainder of CWT omitted for brevity;
    CWT contains COSE_Key in the "cnf" claim)',
  "rs_cnf" : {
    "COSE_Key" : {
      "kty" : "EC",
      "kid" : h'12',
      "crv" : "P-256",
      "x" : b64'v05+qsFi+R5vMw9XcSEeIguLVGyWWJsKxK0P0kx34fE',
      "y" : b64'xkezjFXvu8TmLmUXIPAC1ddbLgwCzRMm5mK8oiK5BBY'
    }
  }
}
```

Figure 3: Example AS response with an access token bound to a symmetric key.

3.3. The Resource Server Confirmation Claim

If the AS needs to convey a hint to the RS about which key it should use to authenticate towards the client, this specification defines the "rs_cnf" claim, which MAY be used in the access token, with the same syntax and semantics as defined in for the "rs_cnf" parameter.

4. Parameters for the Introspection Endpoint

4.1. AS-to-RS Response

This document defines the following additional parameters for an AS response to a request to the introspection endpoint:

cnf

OPTIONAL. This field contains information about the proof-of-possession key that binds the client to the access token. Values of this parameter follow the syntax of the "cnf" claim from section 3.1 of [[I-D.ietf-ace-cwt-proof-of-possession](#)]. See [Section 5](#) for more details on the use of the "cnf" parameter.

rs_cnf

OPTIONAL. If the RS uses asymmetric keys to authenticate towards the client (e.g. with a DTLS-RPK handshake) and it has several such keys (e.g. for different elliptic curves), the AS can give the RS a hint using this parameter, as to which key it should use. Values of this parameter follow the syntax of the "cnf" claim from section 3.1 of [[I-D.ietf-ace-cwt-proof-of-possession](#)]. See [Section 5](#) for details on the use of this parameter.

Figure 4 shows an AS response to an introspection request including the "cnf" parameter to indicate the proof-of-possession key bound to the token and the "rs_cnf" parameter to indicate the key the RS is supposed to use to authenticate to the client.


```
Header: Created Code=2.01)
Content-Format: "application/ace+cbor"
Payload:
{
  "active" : true,
  "scope" : "read",
  "aud" : "tempSensor4711",
  "cnf" : {
    "COSE_Key" : {
      "kty" : "EC",
      "kid" : h'11',
      "crv" : "P-256",
      "x" : b64'usWxHK2PmfnHKwXPS54m0kTcGJ90UiglWiGahtagnv8',
      "y" : b64'IBOL+C3BttVivg+lSreASjpkttcsz+1rb7btKLv8EX4'
    }
  },
  "rs_cnf" : {
    "COSE_Key" : {
      "kty" : "EC",
      "kid" : h'12',
      "crv" : "P-256",
      "x" : b64'v05+qsFi+R5vMw9XcSEeIguLVGyWWJsKxK0P0kx34fE',
      "y" : b64'xkezjFXvu8TmLmUXIPAC1ddbLgwCzRMm5mK8oiK5BBY'
    }
  }
}
```

Figure 4: Example introspection response.

5. Confirmation Method Parameters

The confirmation method parameters are used as follows:

- o "req_cnf" in the access token request C -> AS, OPTIONAL to indicate the client's raw public key, or the key-identifier of a previously established key between C and RS that the client wishes to use for proof-of-possession of the access token.
- o "cnf" in the token response AS -> C, OPTIONAL if using an asymmetric key or a key that the client requested via a key identifier in the request. REQUIRED if the client didn't specify a "req_cnf" and symmetric keys are used. Used to indicate the symmetric key generated by the AS for proof-of-possession of the access token.
- o "cnf" in the introspection response AS -> RS, REQUIRED if the access token that was subject to introspection is a proof-of-

possession token, absent otherwise. Indicates the proof-of-possession key bound to the access token.

- o "rs_cnf" in the token response AS -> C, OPTIONAL to indicate the public key of the RS, if it uses one to authenticate to the client.
- o "rs_cnf" in the introspection response AS -> RS, OPTIONAL, contains the public key that the RS should use for authenticating to the client (e.g. if the RS has several different public keys).

Note that the COSE_Key structure in a confirmation claim or parameter may contain an "alg" or "key_ops" parameter. If such parameters are present, a client MUST NOT use a key that is not compatible with the profile or proof-of-possession algorithm according to those parameters. An RS MUST reject a proof-of-possession using such a key.

If an access token is issued for an audience that includes several RS, the "rs_cnf" parameter MUST NOT be used, since the client cannot determine for which RS the key applies. This document recommends to specify a different endpoint that the client can use to acquire RS authentication keys in such cases. The specification of such an endpoint is out of scope for this document.

6. CBOR Mappings

If CBOR is used, the new parameters and claims defined in this document MUST be mapped to CBOR types as specified in Figure 5, using the given integer abbreviation for the map key.

Parameter name	CBOR Key	Value Type
req_cnf	TBD (4)	map
cnf	TBD (8)	map
rs_cnf	TBD (41)	map

Figure 5: CBOR mappings for new parameters.

7. Security Considerations

This document is an extension to [\[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz\]](#). All security considerations from that document apply here as well.

8. Privacy Considerations

This document is an extension to [[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz](#)]. All privacy considerations from that document apply here as well.

9. IANA Considerations

9.1. JSON Web Token Claims

This specification registers the following new claim in the JSON Web Token (JWT) registry of JSON Web Token Claims [[IANA.JsonWebTokenClaims](#)]:

- o Claim Name: "rs_cnf"
- o Claim Description: The public key the RS is supposed to use to authenticate to the client wielding this token.
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 3.3](#) of [this document]

9.2. CBOR Web Token Claims

This specification registers the following new claim in the "CBOR Web Token (CWT) Claims" registry [[IANA.CborWebTokenClaims](#)].

- o Claim Name: "rs_cnf"
- o Claim Description: The public key the RS is supposed to use to authenticate to the client wielding this token.
- o JWT Claim Name: rs_cnf
- o Claim Key: TBD (suggested: 41)
- o Claim Value Type(s): map
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Specification Document(s): [Section 3.3](#) of [this document]

9.3. OAuth Parameter Registration

This section registers the following parameters in the "OAuth Parameters" registry [[IANA.OAuthParameters](#)]:

- o Name: "req_cnf"
- o Parameter Usage Location: token request
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 5](#) of [this document]

- o Name: "rs_cnf"
- o Parameter Usage Location: token response
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 5](#) of [this document]

- o Name: "cnf"
- o Parameter Usage Location: token response
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 5](#) of [this document]

9.4. OAuth Introspection Response Parameter Registration

This section registers the following parameters in the OAuth Token Introspection Response registry [[IANA.TokenIntrospectionResponse](#)].

- o Name: "cnf"
- o Description: Key to prove the right to use a PoP token.
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 4.1](#) of [this document]

- o Name: "rs_cnf"
- o Description: The key the RS should use to authenticate to the client.
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 4.1](#) of [this document]

9.5. Token Endpoint CBOR Mappings Registraton

This section registers the following parameter mappings in the "Token Endpoint CBOR Mappings" registry established in section 8.9. of [[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz](#)].

- o Name: "req_cnf"
- o CBOR key: TBD (suggested: 4)
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 3.1](#) of [this document]

- o Name: "cnf"
- o CBOR key: TBD (suggested: 8)
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 3.2](#) of [this document]

- o Name: "rs_cnf"
- o CBOR key: TBD (suggested: 41)
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 3.2](#) of [this document]

9.6. Introspection Endpoint CBOR Mappings Registraton

This section registers the following parameter mappings in the "Introspection Endpoint CBOR Mappings" registry established in section 8.11. of [[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz](#)].

- o Name: "cnf"
- o CBOR key: TBD (suggested: 8)
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 4.1](#) of [this document]

- o Name: "rs_cnf"
- o CBOR key: TBD (suggested: 41)
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Reference: [Section 4.1](#) of [this document]

[10.](#) Acknowledgments

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[Appendix A.](#) Overlap with OAuth work

This document overlaps with draft work from OAuth on proof-of-possession keys [[I-D.ietf-oauth-pop-key-distribution](#)].

The OAuth draft specifies the use of "req_cnf" and "cnf" for requesting proof-of-possession tokens and indicating the key that the AS has selected. It was initially deemed that the work at OAuth had been discontinued and therefore equivalent functionality was defined here. Work in OAuth has since resumed, but it is lagging behind the planned milestones of the ACE working group. We have therefore split this work out into a separate document so that it can later be updated or obsoleted to align it with the final result of the OAuth work, without affecting [[I-D.ietf-ace-oauth-authz](#)].

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