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# Definitions of Managed Objects for G.SHDSL.BIS Lines draft-ietf-adslmib-gshdslbis-00.txt

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#### Abstract

This document defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) module for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it introduces extensions to several objects and textual conventions defined in the HDSL2-SHDSL Line MIB (RFC 3276) [RFC3276] to manage a G.SHDSL.bis interface.

## Table of Contents

<u>1</u> .	The Internet-Standard Management Framework	<u>2</u>
<u>2</u> .	Overview	2
	2.1. Relationship of G.SHDSL.bis to RFC 3276	2
	2.2. Changes to <u>RFC 3276</u> Textual Conventions	<u>3</u>
	2.3. Changes to RFC 3276 Objects	<u>4</u>
	2.4. Changes to RFC 3276 Compliance Section	<u>6</u>
	2.5. Updated MIB Location	7
<u>3</u> .	Implementation Analysis	7
<u>4</u> .	Security Considerations	8
<u>5</u> .	References	8
	<u>5.1</u> . Normative References	8
	<u>5.2</u> . Informative References	9
<u>6</u> .	Acknowledgements	9
<u>7</u> .	Authors' Addresses	9
<u>8</u> .	Full Copyright Statement	<u>10</u>

# 1. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to  $\frac{1}{100}$  section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

# Overview

This document describes extensions to several objects and textual conventions defined in the HDSL2-SHDSL Line MIB (RFC 3276) [RFC3276] to support equivalent management of a G.SHDSL.bis interface. These extensions are based upon the specifications for G.SHDSL.bis as defined in the ITU documentation [ITUXXXX].

## 2.1. Relationship of G.SHDSL.bis to G.SHDSL

As discussed in <a href="RFC3276">RFC3276</a>, G.SHDSL supports up to two wire pairs in a G.SHDSL line. With G.SHDSL.bis, the ITU has extended the

specification of G.SHDSL to support an additional two pairs of wires.

Expires September 16, 2004

[Page 2]

Thus, to support G.SHDSL.bis, several textual conventions and objects must have their ranges and enumerations changed.

A modified version of Figure 2 from <a href="RFC3276">RFC3276</a>, section 4.3.1, is below:

```
<-- Network Side
                                    Customer Side -->
|<////// HDSL2/SHDSL/G.SHDSL.bis Span /////////>|
                <~~~> HDSL2/SHDSL Segments <~~~>
+----+ +----+ +----+
      C=1=N
                C=1=N
                         C=..1..=N
                                       C=1=N
| xtuC | | xru1 | | xru2 |
                             | xru8 | | xtuR |
      C=2=N
                C=2=N
                        C=..2..=N
                                       C=2=N
      C=3=N
      C=3=N
                C=3=N
                          C=..3..=N
                C=..4..=N
      C=4=N
                C=4=N
                                       C=4=N
+----+ +----+
                  +----+ +----+
Key: <///> HDSL2/SHDSL Span
     <~~~> HDSL2/SHDSL Segment
     =1= HDSL2/SHDSL wire-pair-1
     =2=
          SHDSL optional wire-pair-2 (Not applicable to HDSL2)
     =3=
          G.SHDSL.bis optional wire-pair-3 (Not applicable to
                HDSL2 or SHDSL)
          G.SHDSL.bis optional wire-pair-4 (Not applicable to
     =4=
                HDSL2 or SHDSL)
          Customer Side Segment Endpoint (modem)
     С
          Network Side Segment Endpoint (modem)
```

Figure 1: General topology for an HDSL2/SHDSL/G.SHDSL.bis Line

## 2.2. Changes to <a href="RFC 3276"><u>RFC 3276</u></a> Textual Conventions

The textual convention, Hdsl2ShdslWirePair, is found in RFC3276:

The introduction of two additional wire pairs on the line leads to the following:

Expires September 16, 2004

[Page 3]

```
Hdsl2ShdslWirePair ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This is the referenced pair of wires in a HDSL2/SHDSL Segment.

HDSL2 only supports a single pair (wirePair1), while SHDSL supports an optional second pair (wirePair2). G.SHDSL.bis supports optional third and fourth wire pairs (wirePair3 and wirePair4)."

SYNTAX INTEGER

{
    wirePair1(1), wirePair2(2), wirePair2(3), wirePair2(4)
    }
```

## 2.3. Changes to RFC 3276 Objects

The addition of two (optional) wire pairs leads to one direct and several indirect changes.

# **2.3.1**. Changes to hdsl2ShdslConfWireInterface

eightWire(4)

```
From <u>RFC3276</u>:
```

```
hdsl2ShdslSpanConfWireInterface OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                INTEGER
                twoWire(1),
                fourWire(2)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This object configures the two-wire or optional four-wire
       operation for SHDSL Lines."
   DEFVAL
                { twoWire }
    ::= { hdsl2ShdslSpanConfProfileEntry 2 }
Two additional enumerations are required to support G.SHDSL.bis.
hdsl2ShdslSpanConfWireInterface OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                INTEGER
                twoWire(1),
                fourWire(2),
                sixWire(3),
```

}
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current

Expires September 16, 2004

[Page 4]

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This object configures the number of wire pairs to be used in the line. HDSL2 supports one pair (twoWire), SHDSL lines support an optional, addition pair (fourWire), and G.SHDSL.bis lines support up to four pairs (sixWire or eightWire)."

DEFVAL { twoWire }

::= { hdsl2ShdslSpanConfProfileEntry 2 }
```

## 2.3.2. Changes to Line Rate Objects

Four objects in the HDSL2/SHDSL Line MIB have rate limitations. In each case, these objects have the syntax

```
SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..4112000)
```

Changes introduced in G.SHDSL.bis support an increased upper rate of 5696 kbits/s, leading to the updated syntax

```
SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..5696000).
```

These objects with updated syntax are listed below:

```
hdsl2ShdslStatusMaxAttainableLineRate OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32(0..5696000)
   SYNTAX
              "bps"
   UNITS
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
   "Contains the maximum attainable line rate in this
   HDSL2/SHDSL span. This object provides the maximum rate
   the line is capable of achieving. This is based upon
   measurements made during line probing."
::= { hdsl2ShdslSpanStatusEntry 2 }
hdsl2ShdslStatusActualLineRate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Unsigned32(0..5696000)
    UNITS
               "bps"
```

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"Contains the actual line rate in this HDSL2/SHDSL span.
This should equal ifSpeed."
::= { hdsl2ShdslSpanStatusEntry 3 }

hdsl2ShdslSpanConfMinLineRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..5696000)
UNITS "bps"

MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current

MAX-ACCESS read-only

# DESCRIPTION

"This object configures the minimum transmission rate for

Expires September 16, 2004

[Page 5]

```
the associated SHDSL Line in bits-per-second (bps). If
    the minimum line rate equals the maximum line rate
    (hdsl2ShdslSpanMaxLineRate), the line rate is considered
    'fixed'. If the minimum line rate is less than the maximum
    line rate, the line rate is considered 'rate-adaptive'."
    DEFVAL
                { 1552000 }
::= { hdsl2ShdslSpanConfProfileEntry 3 }
hdsl2ShdslSpanConfMaxLineRate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Unsigned32(0..5696000)
                "bps"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
    "This object configures the maximum transmission rate for
    the associated SHDSL Line in bits-per-second (bps). If
    the minimum line rate equals the maximum line rate
    (hdsl2ShdslSpanMaxLineRate), the line rate is considered
    'fixed'. If the minimum line rate is less than the maximum
    line rate, the line rate is considered 'rate-adaptive'."
    DEFVAL
                { 1552000 }
::= { hdsl2ShdslSpanConfProfileEntry 4 }
```

## 2.4. Changes to RFC 3276 Compliance Section

To maintain dual compliance with the existing HDSL2-SHDSL-LINE-MIB, the compliance section must be extended. To accomplish this, the objects identified above are restated with their original ranges from RFC 3276.

```
OBJECT hdsl2ShdslSpanConfWireInterface
   SYNTAX
               INTEGER
               twoWire(1),
               fourWire(2)
               }
   DESCRIPTION
      "An implementation only has to support the range
      as applicable for the original g.shdsl specification."
OBJECT hdsl2ShdslStatusMaxAttainableLineRate
SYNTAX
            Unsigned32(0..4112000)
   DESCRIPTION
      "An implementation only has to support the range
      as applicable for the original g.shdsl specification."
OBJECT hdsl2ShdslStatusActualLineRate
SYNTAX
            Unsigned32(0..4112000)
   DESCRIPTION
```

"An implementation only has to support the range as applicable for the original g.shdsl specification."

Expires September 16, 2004

[Page 6]

OBJECT hdsl2ShdslSpanConfMinLineRate SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..4112000)

**DESCRIPTION** 

"An implementation only has to support the range as applicable for the original g.shdsl specification."

OBJECT hdsl2ShdslSpanConfMaxLineRate SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..4112000) DESCRIPTION

"An implementation only has to support the range as applicable for the original g.shdsl specification."

# 2.5. Updated MIB Location

A version of the MIB object definitions found in  ${\tt RFC3276}$  modified to contain the above changes is available at:

www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/SHDSL-BIS-LINE-MIB.mib

## 3. Implementation Analysis

A management application which supports <a href="RFC3276">RFC3276</a> could mistakenly flag a unit which responds with a rate or wire pair which exceeds the ranges and/or enumerations specified in <a href="RFC3276">RFC3276</a>. For example, a G.SHDSL.bis line with four wire pairs would report statistics for wire pairs that do not exist in <a href="RFC3276">RFC3276</a>. That is, a GET-NEXT request issued with the object identifier:

hdsl2ShdslEndpointCurrAtn.1.1.1.2

might return

hdsl2ShdslEndpointCurrAtn.1.1.1.3 = 0

with a G.SHDSL.bis unit and

hdsl2ShdslEndpointCurrSnrMgn.1.1.1.1 = 0

with an HDSL2 unit as these objects are indexed by

A management application which intends to manage G.SHDSL.bis agents, should be modified to accept this sequence.

One should note that this same unmodified management application is still capable of managing G.SHDLS.bis agents albiet to the degree of G.SHDSL (non-bis) limitations. That is, it can create and monitor configurations limited to two wire pairs with an

Expires September 16, 2004

[Page 7]

#### 4. Security Considerations

In addition to the security considerations presented in RFC3276, it is conceivable that a management application could be broken by a G.SHDSL.bis agent which reports objects for additional wire pairs (as noted in section 3).

For example, if a management application blindly loaded object instances into an array until the an object changes (during repeated GET-NEXT requests). It is anticipated that the modifications to the management application code would be straightforward. Perhaps, of the form:

or

#### 5. References

#### **5.1.** Normative References

[ITUXXXX] ITU-T G.shdsl.bis, October 2003.

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", <u>BCP 14</u>, <u>RFC 2119</u>, March 1997.
- McCloghrie, K., Perkins, D., Schoenwaelder, J., Case, J., [RFC2578] Rose, M. and S. Waldbusser, "Structure of Management Information Version 2 (SMIv2)", STD 58, RFC 2578, April 1999.
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- [RFC3276] Ray, B., and R. Abbi, "Definitions of Managed Objects for High Bit-Rate DSL - 2nd generation (HDSL2) and Single-Pair High-Speed Digital Subscriber Line (SHDSL) Lines", RFC 3276, May 2002.
- [RFC3411] Harrington, D., Presuhn, R. and B. Wijnen, "An Architecture for Describing Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Management Frameworks", RFC 3411, December 2002.

[RFC3418] Presuhn, R., "Management Information Base (MIB) for the Expires September 16, 2004 [Page 8]

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)", STD 62, RFC 3418, December 2002.

## **5.2.** Informative References

[RFC3410] Case, J., Mundy, R., Partain, D. and B. Stewart,
"Introduction and Applicability Statements for InternetStandard Management Framework", RFC 3410, December 2002.

[RFC3415] Wijnen, B., Presuhn, R. and K. McCloghrie, "View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)", STD 62, RFC 3415, December 2002.

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