

RTP Payload Format for ITU-T Recommendation G.722.1

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1. Abstract

ITU-T Recommendation G.722.1 [2] is a wide-band audio codec, which operates at one of two selectable bit rates, 24kbit/s or 32kbit/s. This document describes the payload format for including G.722.1 generated bit streams within an RTP packet [3]. Also included here are the necessary details for the use of G.722.1 with MIME [4] and SDP [5].

2. Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC-2119](#) [6].

3. Overview of ITU-T Recommendation G.722.1

G.722.1 is a low complexity coder, it compresses 50Hz - 7kHz audio

signals into one of two bit rates, 24 kbit/s or 32 kbit/s. The coder may be used for speech, music and other types of audio.

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Some of the applications for which this coder is suitable are:

- o Real-time communications such as videoconferencing and telephony.
- o Streaming audio
- o Archival and messaging

A fixed frame size of 20ms is used, and for any given bit rate the number of bits in a frame is a constant.

4. RTP payload format for G.722.1

The RTP timestamp MUST be in units of 1/16000 of a second. The RTP payload for G.722.1 has the format shown in Figure 1.

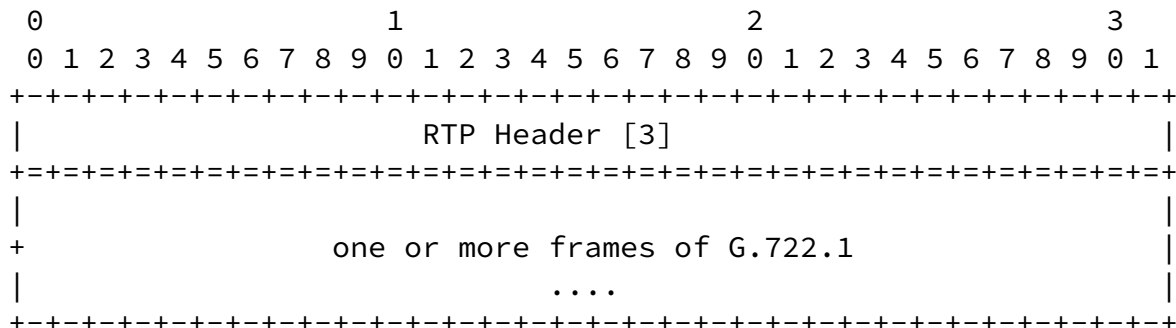


Figure 1: RTP payload for G.722.1

G.722.1 uses 20 ms frames and a sampling rate clock of 16 kHz. The encoding and decoding algorithm can change the bit rate at any 20ms frame boundary, but no bit rate change notification is provided in-band with the bit stream. Therefore, a separate out-of-band method is REQUIRED to indicate the bit rate (see [section 6](#) for an example of signaling bit rate information using SDP). For the payload format specified here, the bit rate MUST remain constant for a particular payload type value. An application MAY switch bit rates from packet to packet by defining two payload type values and switching between them.

The assignment of an RTP payload type for this new packet format is

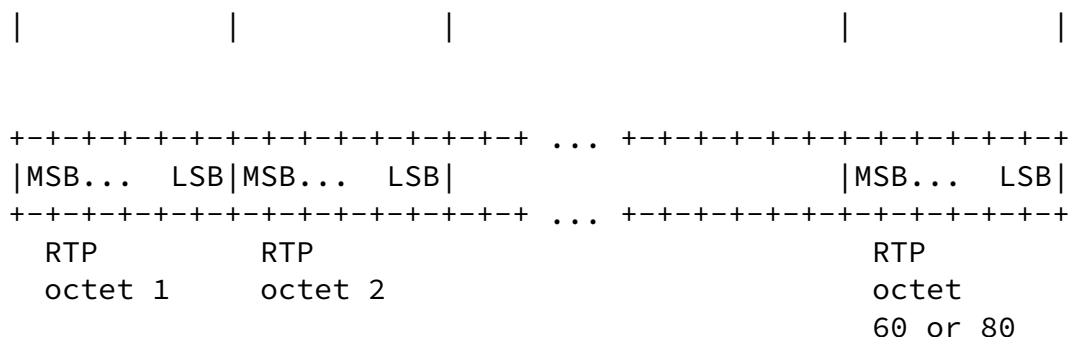


Figure 2: The G.722.1 encoder bit stream is split into a sequence of octets (60 or 80 depending on the bit rate), and each octet is in turn mapped into an RTP octet.

The ITU-T standardized bit rates for G.722.1 are 24 kbit/s and 32kbit/s. However, the coding algorithm itself has the capability to run at any user specified bit rate (not just 24 and 32kbit/s -

see [section 5](#) for further details on acceptable non-standard bit rate values) while maintaining an audio bandwidth of 50 Hz to 7 kHz.

When operating at non-standard rates the payload format SHOULD follow the guidelines illustrated in Figure 2. It is RECOMMENDED that values in the range 16000 to 32000 be used, and that any value MUST be a multiple of 400 (this maintains octet alignment and does not then require (undefined) padding bits for each frame if not octet aligned). For example, a bit rate of 16.4 kbit/s will result in a frame of size 328 bits or 41 octets which are mapped into RTP per Figure 2.

[4.1](#) Multiple G.722.1 frames in a RTP packet

More than one G.722.1 frame may be included in a single RTP packet by a sender.

Senders have the following additional restrictions:

- o SHOULD not include more G.722.1 frames in a single RTP packet than will fit in the MTU of the RTP transport protocol.
- o All frames contained in a single RTP packet MUST be of the same length, that is they MUST have the same bit rate (octets per

frame).

- o Frames MUST not be split between RTP packets.

It is RECOMMENDED that the number of frames contained within an RTP packet be consistent with the application. For example, in a telephony application where delay is important, then the fewer frames per packet the lower the delay, whereas for a delay insensitive streaming or messaging application, many frames per packet would be acceptable.

[4.2](#) Computing the number of G.722.1 frames

Information describing the number of frames contained in an RTP packet is not transmitted as part of the RTP payload. The only way to determine the number of G.722.1 frames is to count the total number of octets within the RTP packet, and divide the octet count by the number of expected octets per frame (either 60 or 80 per frame, for 24 kbit/s and 32 kbit/s respectively).

[5](#). MIME registration of G.722.1

MIME media type name: audio

MIME subtype: G7221

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Required parameters: None

Optional parameters:

bitrate: the data rate for the audio bit stream. This parameter is necessary because the bit rate is not signaled within the G.722.1 bit stream. At the standard G.722.1 bit rates, the value MUST be either 24000 or 32000. If using the non-standard bit rates, then it is RECOMMENDED that values in the range 16000 to 32000 be used, and that any value MUST be a multiple of 400 (this maintains octet alignment and does not then require (undefined) padding bits for each frame if not octet aligned).

ptime: RECOMMENDED duration of each packet in milliseconds.

Encoding considerations:

This type is only defined for transfer via RTP as specified in "[draft-ietf-avt-rtp-g7221-01](#)".

Security considerations: none

Interoperability considerations: none

Published specification:

See ITU-T Recommendation G.722.1 for encoding algorithm details.

Applications which use this media type:

Audio and video streaming and conferencing tools

Additional information: none

Person & email address to contact for further information:

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Intended usage: COMMON

Author/Change controller:

Author: Patrick Luthi
Change controller: IETF AVT Working Group

[6.](#) SDP usage of G.722.1

When conveying information by SDP [5], the encoding name SHALL be "G7221" (the same as the MIME subtype). An example of the media representation in SDP for describing G.722.1 at 24000 bits/sec might be:

```
m=audio 49000 RTP/AVP 121
a=rtpmap:121 G7221/16000
```

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```
a=fmtp:121 bitrate=24000
```

where "bitrate" is a variable that may take on values of 24000 or 32000 at the standard rates, or values from 16000 to 32000 (and SHOULD be an integer multiple of 400) at the non-standard rates.

[7.](#) Security Considerations

The registration procedure specified in this memo does not impose any security considerations on its own.

8. References

- 1 Bradner, S., "The Internet Standards Process -- Revision 3", [BCP 9](#), [RFC 2026](#), October 1996.
- 2 ITU-T Recommendation G.722.1, available online from the ITU bookstore at <http://www.itu.int>.
- 3 H. Schulzrinne, S. Casner, R. Frederick, and V. Jacobson, "RTP: A Transport Protocol for real-time applications", [RFC 1889](#), January 1996, updated by [draft-ietf-avt-rtp-new](#) (work in progress).
- 4 N. Freed & N. Borenstein, "Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One: Format of Internet Message Bodies", [RFC 2045](#), November 1996.
- 5 M. Handley and V. Jacobson, "SDP: Session Description Protocol", [RFC 2327](#), April 1998.
- 6 Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 2119](#), March 1997

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