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YANG Data Model for Babel
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Abstract

This document defines a data model for the Babel routing protocol.
The data model is defined using the YANG data modeling language.

Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [BCP 14](#) [[RFC2119](#)][[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here..

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[1.](#) Introduction

This document defines a data model for the Babel routing protocol [[I-D.ietf-babel-rfc6126bis](#)]. The data model is defined using YANG 1.1 [[RFC7950](#)] data modeling language and is Network Management Datastore Architecture (NDMA) [[RFC8342](#)] compatible. It is based on the Babel Information Model [[I-D.ietf-babel-information-model](#)].

[1.1.](#) Note to RFC Editor

Artwork in this document contains shorthand references to drafts in progress. Please apply the following replacements and remove this note before publication.

- o "XXXX" --> the assigned RFC value for this draft both in this draft and in the YANG models under the revision statement.
- o "ZZZZ" --> the assigned RFC value for Babel Information Model [[I-D.ietf-babel-information-model](#)]

- o Revision date in model, in the format 2019-07-22 needs to get updated with the date the draft gets approved. The date also needs to get reflected on the line with <CODE BEGINS>.

1.2. Definitions and Acronyms

1.3. Tree Diagram Annotations

For a reference to the annotations used in tree diagrams included in this draft, please see YANG Tree Diagrams [[RFC8340](#)].

2. Babel Module

This document defines a YANG 1.1 [[RFC7950](#)] data model for the configuration and management of Babel. The YANG module is based on the Babel Information Model [[I-D.ietf-babel-information-model](#)].

2.1. Information Model

There are a few things that should be noted between the Babel Information Model and this data module. The information model mandates the definition of some of the attributes, e.g. babel-implementation-version or the babel-self-router-id. These attributes are marked a read-only objects in the information module as well as in this data module. However, there is no way in the data module to mandate that a read-only attribute be present. It is up to the implementation of this data module to make sure that the attributes that are marked read-only and are mandatory are indeed present.

2.2. Tree Diagram

The following diagram illustrates a top level hierarchy of the model. In addition to information like the version number implemented by this device, the model contains subtrees on constants, interfaces, routes and security.


```

module: ietf-babel
  augment /rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols
    /rt:control-plane-protocol:
      +--rw babel!
        +--ro version?          string
        +--rw enable            boolean
        +--ro router-id         binary
        +--ro link-properties*  identityref
        +--ro sequence-number?  uint16
        +--ro metric-comp-algorithms* identityref
        +--ro security-supported* identityref
        +--ro hmac-algorithms*  identityref
        +--ro dtls-cert-types*  identityref
        +--rw stats-enable?     boolean
        +--rw constants
          | ...
        +--rw interfaces* [reference]
          | ...
        +--rw hmac* [name]
          | ...
        +--rw dtls* [name]
          | ...
        ...
      augment /rt:routing/rt:ribs/rt:rib/rt:routes/rt:route:
        +--ro routes* [prefix]
          +--ro prefix          inet:ip-prefix
          +--ro router-id?      binary
          +--ro neighbor?       leafref
          +--ro received-metric? uint16
          +--ro calculated-metric? uint16
          +--ro seqno?          uint16
          +--ro next-hop?       inet:ip-address
          +--ro feasible?       boolean
          +--ro selected?       boolean

```

The interfaces subtree describes attributes such as interface object that is being referenced, the type of link as enumerated by Babel Link Properties, and whether the interface is enabled or not.

The constants subtree describes the UDP port used for sending and receiving Babel messages, and the multicast group used to send and receive announcements on IPv6.

The routes subtree describes objects such as the prefix for which the route is advertised, a reference to the neighboring route, and next-hop address.

Finally, for security two subtree are defined to contain HMAC keys and DTLS certificates. The hmac subtree contains keys used with the

HMAC security mechanism. The boolean flag `babel-hmac-default-apply` indicates whether the set of HMAC keys is automatically applied to new interfaces. The `dtls` subtree contains certificates used with DTLS security mechanism. Similar to the HMAC mechanism, the boolean flag `babel-dtls-default-apply` indicates whether the set of DTLS certificates is automatically applied to new interfaces.

2.3. YANG Module

This module augments A YANG Data Model for Interface Management [[RFC8343](#)], YANG Routing Management [[RFC8349](#)], and imports definitions from Common YANG Data Types [[RFC6991](#)].

<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-babel@2019-07-22.yang"

```
module ietf-babel {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-babel";
  prefix babel;

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yt;
    reference
      "RFC 6991 - Common YANG Data Types.";
  }
  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
    reference
      "RFC 6991 - Common YANG Data Types.";
  }
  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference
      "RFC 8343 - A YANG Data Model for Interface Management";
  }
  import ietf-routing {
    prefix "rt";
    reference
      "RFC 8349 - YANG Routing Management";
  }

  organization
    "IETF Babel routing protocol Working Group";

  contact
    "WG Web: http://tools.ietf.org/wg/babel/
     WG List: babel@ietf.org
```


Editor: Mahesh Jethanandani
mjethanandani@gmail.com
Editor: Barbara Stark
bs7652@att.com";

description

"This YANG module defines a model for the Babel routing protocol.

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This version of this YANG module is part of RFC XXXX; see the RFC itself for full legal notices.";

```
revision 2019-07-22 {
  description
    "Initial version.";
  reference
    "RFC XXX: Babel YANG Data Model.";
}

/*
 * Identities
 */
identity link-property {
  description
    "Base identity from which all Babel Link Types are derived.";
}

identity other {
  base "link-property";
  description
    "No link property information available.";
}

identity tunnel {
  base "link-property";
  description
    "A tunneled interface over unknown physical link.";
}
```



```
identity wired {
  base "link-property";
  description
    "A wired link with fixed physical properties.";
}

identity wireless {
  base "link-property";
  description
    "Wireless link type for Babel Routing Protocol.";
}

identity metric-comp-algorithms {
  description
    "Base identity from which all Babel metric comp algorithms
    are derived.";
}

identity k-out-of-j {
  base "metric-comp-algorithms";
  description
    "k-out-of-j algorithm.";
}

identity etx {
  base "metric-comp-algorithms";
  description
    "Expected Transmission Count.";
}

/*
 * Babel security type identities
 */
identity security-supported {
  description
    "Base identity from which all Babel security types are
    derived.";
}

identity hmac {
  base security-supported;
  description
    "HMAC supported.";
}

identity dtls {
  base security-supported;
  description
    "Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) supported.";
  reference
```



```
    "RFC 6347, Datagram Transport Layer Security Version 1.2.";
}

/*
 * Babel HMAC algorithms identities.
 */
identity hmac-algorithms {
    description
        "Base identity for all Babel HMAC algorithms.";
}

identity hmac-sha256 {
    base hmac-algorithms;
    description
        "HMAC-SHA256 algorithm supported.";
}

identity blake2s {
    base hmac-algorithms;
    description
        "BLAKE2s algorithm supported.";
    reference
        "RFC 7693, The BLAKE2 Cryptographic Hash and Message
        Authentication Code (MAC).";
}

/*
 * Babel Cert Types
 */
identity dtls-cert-types {
    description
        "Base identity for Babel DTLS certificate types.";
}

identity x-509 {
    base dtls-cert-types;
    description
        "X.509 certificate type.";
}

identity raw-public-key {
    base dtls-cert-types;
    description
        "Raw Public Key type.";
}

/*
 * Babel routing protocol identity.
```



```
*/
identity babel {
  base "rt:routing-protocol";
  description
    "Babel routing protocol";
}

/*
 * Features
 */

/*
 * Features supported
 */

/*
 * Typedefs
 */

/*
 * Groupings
 */
grouping routes {
  list routes {
    key "prefix";
    config false;

    leaf prefix {
      type inet:ip-prefix;
      description
        "Prefix (expressed in ip-address/prefix-length format) for
        which this route is advertised.";
      reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6";
    }

    leaf router-id {
      type binary;
      description
        "router-id of the source router for which this route is
        advertised.";
      reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6";
    }
  }

  leaf neighbor {
    type leafref {
      path "/rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols/" +
```



```
        "rt:control-plane-protocol/babel/interfaces/" +
        "neighbor-objects/neighbor-address";
    }
    description
        "Reference to the babel-neighbors entry for the neighbor
        that advertised this route.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6";
}

leaf received-metric {
    type uint16;
    description
        "The metric with which this route was advertised by the
        neighbor, or maximum value (infinity) to indicate a the
        route was recently retracted and is temporarily
        unreachable. this metric will be 0 (zero) if the route
        was not received from a neighbor but was generated
        through other means. Either babel-route-calculated-metric
        or babel-route-received-metric MUST be provided.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6,
        draft-ietf-babel-rfc6126bis, The Babel Routing Protocol,
        Section 3.5.5";
}

leaf calculated-metric {
    type uint16;
    description
        "A calculated metric for this route. How the metric is
        calculated is implementation-specific. Maximum value
        (infinity) indicates the route was recently retracted
        and is temporarily unreachable. Either
        babel-route-calculated-metric or
        babel-route-received-metric MUST be provided.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6,
        draft-ietf-babel-rfc6126bis, The Babel Routing Protocol,
        Section 3.5.5";
}

leaf seqno {
    type uint16;
    description
        "The sequence number with which this route was advertised.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6";
}
```



```
leaf next-hop {
  type inet:ip-address;
  description
    "The next-hop address of this route. This will be empty if
    this route has no next-hop address.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

leaf feasible {
  type boolean;
  description
    "A boolean flag indicating whether this route is feasible.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6,
    draft-ietf-babel-rfc6126bis, The Babel Routing Protocol,
    Section 3.5.1.";
}

leaf selected {
  type boolean;
  description
    "A boolean flag indicating whether this route is selected,
    i.e., whether it is currently being used for forwarding and
    is being advertised.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}
description
  "A set of babel-route-obj objects. Includes received and
  routes routes.";
reference
  "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}
description
  "Common grouping for routing used in RIB augmentation.";
}

/*
 * Data model
 */

augment "/rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols/" +
  "rt:control-plane-protocol" {
  when "derived-from-or-self(rt:type, 'babel')" {
    description
      "Augmentation is valid only when the instance of routing type
      is of type 'babel'.";
  }
}
```



```
}
description
  "Augment the routing module to support features such as VRF.";
reference
  "YANG Routing Management, RFC 8349, Lhotka & Lindem, March
  2018.";

container babel {
  presence "A Babel container.";

  leaf version {
    type string;
    config false;
    description
      "The name and version of this implementation of the Babel
      protocol.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1";
  }

  leaf enable {
    type boolean;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "When written, it configures whether the protocol should be
      enabled. A read from the <running> or <intended> datastore
      therefore indicates the configured administrative value of
      whether the protocol is enabled or not.

      A read from the <operational> datastore indicates whether
      the protocol is actually running or not, i.e. it indicates
      the operational state of the protocol.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1";
  }

  leaf router-id {
    type binary;
    config false;
    mandatory "true";
    description
      "Every Babel speaker is assigned a router-id, which is an
      arbitrary string of 8 octets that is assumed to be unique
      across the routing domain";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1,
      rfc6126bis, The Babel Routing Protocol. Section 3";
  }
}
```



```
leaf-list link-properties {
  type identityref {
    base link-property;
  }
  config false;
  min-elements 1;
  description
    "Lists the collections of link properties supported by this
    instance of Babel. Valid enumeration values are defined
    in the Babel Link Properties registry.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

leaf sequence-number {
  type uint16;
  config false;
  description
    "Sequence number included in route updates for routes
    originated by this node.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

leaf-list metric-comp-algorithms {
  type identityref {
    base "metric-comp-algorithms";
  }
  config false;
  min-elements 1;
  description
    "List of cost compute algorithms supported by this
    implementation of Babel.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

leaf-list security-supported {
  type identityref {
    base "security-supported";
  }
  config false;
  min-elements 1;
  description
    "Babel security mechanism used by this implementation or
    per interface.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}
```



```
}

leaf-list hmac-algorithms {
  type identityref {
    base hmac-algorithms;
  }
  config false;
  description
    "List of supported HMAC computation algorithms. Possible
    values include 'HMAC-SHA256', 'BLAKE2s'.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

leaf-list dtls-cert-types {
  type identityref {
    base dtls-cert-types;
  }
  config false;
  description
    "List of supported DTLS certificate types. Possible values
    include 'X.509' and 'RawPublicKey'.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

leaf stats-enable {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether statistics collection is enabled (true)
    or disabled (false) on all interfaces, including
    neighbor-specific statistics (babel-nbr-stats).";
}

container constants {
  leaf udp-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    default "6696";
    description
      "UDP port for sending and receiving Babel messages. The
      default port is 6696.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.2.";
  }
}

leaf mcast-group {
  type inet:ip-address;
  default "ff02::0:0:0:0:0:0:1:6";
}
```



```
    description
      "Multicast group for sending and receiving multicast
      announcements on IPv6.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.2.";
  }
  description
    "Babel Constants object.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

list interfaces {
  key "reference";

  leaf reference {
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
      "Reference to an interface object as defined by the data
      model (e.g., YANG, BBF TR-181); data model is assumed to
      allow for referencing of interface objects which may be at
      any layer (physical, Ethernet MAC, IP, tunneled IP, etc.).
      Referencing syntax will be specific to the data model. If
      there is no set of interface objects available, this should
      be a string that indicates the interface name used by the
      underlying operating system.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
  }

  leaf enable {
    type boolean;
    default "true";
    description
      "If true, babel sends and receives messages on this
      interface. If false, babel messages received on this
      interface are ignored and none are sent.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
  }

  leaf link-properties {
    type identityref {
      base link-property;
    }
    default "wired";
    description
      "Indicates the properties of the link. The value MUST be
```



```
        one of those listed in the babel-supported-link-
        properties parameter. Valid enumeration values are
        identity-refs derived from properties identified in
        Babel Link Properties registry.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf metric-algorithm {
    type identityref {
        base metric-comp-algorithms;
    }
    default "k-out-of-j";
    description
        "Indicates the metric computation algorithm used on this
        interface. The value MUST be one of those listed in the
        babel-information-obj babel-metric-comp-algorithms
        parameter.";
}

leaf mcast-hello-seqno {
    type uint16;
    config false;
    description
        "The current sequence number in use for multicast hellos
        sent on this interface.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf mcast-hello-interval {
    type uint16;
    config false;
    description
        "The current multicast hello interval in use for hellos
        sent on this interface.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf update-interval {
    type uint16;
    units centiseconds;
    config false;
    description
        "The current update interval in use for this interface.
        Units are centiseconds.";
    reference
```



```
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf hmac-enable {
    type boolean;
    description
        "Indicates whether the HMAC security mechanism is enabled
        (true) or disabled (false).";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf-list hmac-keys {
    type leafref {
        path "../hmac/name";
    }
    description
        "List of references to the babel-hmac entries that apply
        to this interface. When an interface instance is created,
        all babel-hmac-key-sets instances with
        babel-hmac-default-apply 'true' will be included in this
        list.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf hmac-algorithm {
    type identityref {
        base hmac-algorithms;
    }
    description
        "The name of the HMAC algorithm used on this interface.
        The value is one of the identities listed as part of
        babel-hmac-algorithms at a global level.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf hmac-verify {
    type boolean;
    description
        "A Boolean flag indicating whether HMAC hashes in
        incoming Babel packets are required to be present and
        are verified. If this parameter is 'true', incoming
        packets are required to have a valid HMAC hash.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
```



```
leaf dtls-enable {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether the DTLS security mechanism is enabled
    (true) or disabled (false).";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf-list dtls-certs {
  type leafref {
    path "../../dtls/name";
  }
  description
    "List of references to the babel-dtls-cert-sets entries
    that apply to this interface. When an interface instance
    is created, all babel-dtls instances with
    babel-dtls-default-apply 'true' will be included in
    this list.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf dtls-cached-info {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether the cached_info extension is included
    in ClientHello and ServerHello packets. The extension
    is included if the value is 'true'.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

leaf-list dtls-cert-prefer {
  type leafref {
    path "../../dtls/certs/type";
  }
  ordered-by user;
  description
    "List of supported certificate types, in order of
    preference. The values MUST be among those listed in the
    babel-dtls-cert-types parameter. This list is used to
    populate the server_certificate_type extension in a
    Client Hello. Values that are present in at least one
    instance in the babel-dtls-certs object of a referenced
    babel-dtls instance and that have a non-empty
    babel-cert-private-key will be used to populate the
    client_certificate_type extension in a Client Hello.";
```



```
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
  }

  leaf packet-log-enable {
    type boolean;
    description
      "If true, logging of babel packets received on this
       interface is enabled; if false, babel packets are not
       logged.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
  }

  leaf packet-log {
    type inet:uri;
    config false;
    description
      "A reference or url link to a file that contains a
       timestamped log of packets received and sent on
       babel-udp-port on this interface. The [libpcap] file
       format with .pcap file extension SHOULD be supported for
       packet log files. Logging is enabled / disabled by
       packet-log-enable.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
  }

  container stats {
    config false;
    leaf sent-mcast-hello {
      type yt:counter32;
      description
        "A count of the number of multicast Hello packets sent
         on this interface.";
      reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
    }

    leaf sent-mcast-update {
      type yt:counter32;
      description
        "A count of the number of multicast update packets sent
         on this interface.";
      reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
    }
  }
```



```
leaf received-packets {
  type yt:counter32;
  description
    "A count of the number of Babel packets received on
    this interface.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
}
action reset {
  input {
    leaf reset-at {
      type yt:date-and-time;
      description
        "The time when the reset was issued.";
    }
  }
  output {
    leaf reset-finished-at {
      type yt:date-and-time;
      description
        "The time when the reset finished.";
    }
  }
}
description
  "Statistics collection object for this interface.";
reference
  "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

list neighbor-objects {
  key "neighbor-address";
  config false;

  leaf neighbor-address {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
      "IPv4 or v6 address the neighbor sends packets from.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
  }
}

leaf hello-mcast-history {
  type string;
  description
    "The multicast Hello history of whether or not the
    multicast Hello packets prior to babel-exp-mcast-
    hello-seqno were received, with a '1' for the most
```



```
        recent Hello placed in the most significant bit and
        prior Hellos shifted right (with '0' bits placed
        between prior Hellos and most recent Hello for any
        not-received Hellos); represented as a string using
        utf-8 encoded hex digits where a '1' bit = Hello
        received and a '0' bit = Hello not received.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

leaf hello-ucast-history {
    type string;
    description
        "The unicast Hello history of whether or not the
        unicast Hello packets prior to babel-exp-ucast-
        hello-seqno were received, with a '1' for the most
        recent Hello placed in the most significant bit and
        prior Hellos shifted right (with '0' bits placed
        between prior Hellos and most recent Hello for any
        not-received Hellos); represented as a string using
        utf-8 encoded hex digits where a '1' bit = Hello
        received and a '0' bit = Hello not received.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

leaf txcost {
    type int32;
    default "0";
    description
        "Transmission cost value from the last IHU packet
        received from this neighbor, or maximum value
        (infinity) to indicates the IHU hold timer for this
        neighbor has expired description.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

leaf exp-mcast-hello-seqno {
    type uint16;
    default "0";
    description
        "Expected multicast Hello sequence number of next Hello
        to be received from this neighbor; if multicast Hello
        packets are not expected, or processing of multicast
        packets is not enabled, this MUST be 0.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}
```



```
}

leaf exp-ucast-hello-seqno {
  type uint16;
  default "0";
  description
    "Expected unicast Hello sequence number of next Hello to
    be received from this neighbor; if unicast Hello
    packets are not expected, or processing of unicast
    packets is not enabled, this MUST be 0.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

leaf ucast-hello-seqno {
  type uint16;
  description
    "Expected unicast Hello sequence number of next Hello
    to be received from this neighbor. If unicast Hello
    packets are not expected, or processing of unicast
    packets is not enabled, this MUST be 0.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

leaf ucast-hello-interval {
  type uint16;
  units centiseconds;
  description
    "The current interval in use for unicast hellos sent to
    this neighbor. Units are centiseconds.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

leaf rxcost {
  type int32;
  description
    "Reception cost calculated for this neighbor. This value
    is usually derived from the Hello history, which may be
    combined with other data, such as statistics maintained
    by the link layer. The rxcost is sent to a neighbor in
    each IHU.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

leaf cost {
```



```
    type int32;
    description
      "Link cost is computed from the values maintained in
       the neighbor table. The statistics kept in the neighbor
       table about the reception of Hellos, and the txcost
       computed from received IHU packets.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
  }

  container stats {
    config false;
    leaf sent-ucast-hello {
      type yt:counter32;
      description
        "A count of the number of unicast Hello packets sent
         to this neighbor.";
      reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
    }

    leaf sent-ucast-update {
      type yt:counter32;
      description
        "A count of the number of unicast update packets sent
         to this neighbor.";
      reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
    }

    leaf sent-ihu {
      type yt:counter32;
      description
        "A count of the number of IHU packets sent to this
         neighbor.";
      reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
    }

    leaf received-hello {
      type yt:counter32;
      description
        "A count of the number of Hello packets received from
         this neighbor.";
      reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
    }
  }
```



```
leaf received-update {
  type yt:counter32;
  description
    "A count of the number of update packets received
    from this neighbor.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

leaf received-ihu {
  type yt:counter32;
  description
    "A count of the number of IHU packets received from
    this neighbor.";
  reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

action reset {
  input {
    leaf reset-at {
      type yt:date-and-time;
      description
        "The time the reset was issued.";
    }
  }
  output {
    leaf reset-finished-at {
      type yt:date-and-time;
      description
        "The time when the reset operation finished.";
    }
  }
}
description
  "Statistics collection object for this neighbor.";
reference
  "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}
description
  "A set of Babel Neighbor Object.";
reference
  "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}
description
  "A set of Babel Interface objects.";
reference
  "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
```



```
}

list hmac {
  key "name";

  leaf name {
    type string;
    description
      "A string that uniquely identifies the hmac object.";
  }

  leaf default-apply {
    type boolean;
    description
      "A Boolean flag indicating whether this babel-hmac
      instance is applied to all new interfaces, by default. If
      'true', this instance is applied to new
      babel-interfaces instances at the time they are created,
      by including it in the babel-interface-hmac-keys list.
      If 'false', this instance is not applied to new
      babel-interfaces instances when they are created.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.8.";
  }
}

list keys {
  key "name";
  min-elements "1";

  leaf name {
    type string;
    mandatory "true";
    description
      "A unique name for this HMAC key that can be used to
      identify the key in this object instance, since the key
      value is not allowed to be read. This value can only be
      provided when this instance is created, and is not
      subsequently writable.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.9.";
  }
}

leaf use-sign {
  type boolean;
  mandatory "true";
  description
    "Indicates whether this key value is used to sign sent
    Babel packets. Sent packets are signed using this key
```



```
        if the value is 'true'. If the value is 'false', this
        key is not used to sign sent Babel packets.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.9.";
}

leaf use-verify {
    type boolean;
    mandatory "true";
    description
        "Indicates whether this key value is used to verify
        incoming Babel packets. This key is used to verify
        incoming packets if the value is 'true'. If the value
        is 'false', no HMAC is computed from this key for
        comparing an incoming packet.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.9.";
}

leaf value {
    type binary;
    mandatory "true";
    description
        "The value of the HMAC key. An implementation MUST NOT
        allow this parameter to be read. This can be done by
        always providing an empty string, or through
        permissions, or other means. This value MUST be
        provided when this instance is created, and is not
        subsequently writable.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.9.";
}

action test {
    input {
        leaf test-string {
            type binary;
            mandatory "true";
            description
                "The test string on which this test has to be
                performed.";
        }
    }
    output {
        leaf resulting-hash {
            type binary;
            mandatory "true";
            description
```



```
        "An operation that allows the HMAC key and hash
        algorithm to be tested to see if they produce an
        expected outcome. Input to this operation is a
        binary string. The implementation is expected to
        create a hash of this string using the
        babel-hmac-key-value and the babel-hmac-algorithm.
        The output of this operation is the resulting hash,
        as a binary string.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.9.";
  }
}
}
description
    "A set of babel-hmac-keys-obj objects.";
reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.8.";
}
description
    "A babel-hmac-obj object. If this object is implemented, it
    provides access to parameters related to the HMAC security
    mechanism.";
reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

list dtls {
    key "name";

    leaf name {
        type string;
        description
            "TODO: This attribute does not exist in the model, but is
            needed for this model to work.";
    }
}

leaf default-apply {
    type boolean;
    mandatory "true";
    description
        "A Boolean flag indicating whether this babel-dtls
        instance is applied to all new interfaces, by default. If
        'true', this instance is applied to new babel-interfaces
        instances at the time they are created, by including it
        in the babel-interface-dtls-certs list. If 'false',
        this instance is not applied to new babel-interfaces
        instances when they are created.";
    reference
```



```
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.10.";
}

list certs {
  key "name";
  min-elements "1";

  leaf name {
    type string;
    description
      "A unique name that identifies the cert in the list.";
  }

  leaf value {
    type string;
    mandatory "true";
    description
      "The DTLS certificate in PEM format [RFC7468]. This
       value can only be provided when this instance is
       created, and is not subsequently writable.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.11.";
  }

  leaf type {
    type identityref {
      base dtls-cert-types;
    }
    mandatory "true";
    description
      "The name of the certificate type of this object
       instance. The value MUST be the same as one of the
       enumerations listed in the babel-dtls-cert-types
       parameter. This value can only be provided when this
       instance is created, and is not subsequently writable.";
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.11.";
  }

  leaf private-key {
    type binary;
    mandatory "true";
    description
      "The value of the private key. If this is non-empty,
       this certificate can be used by this implementation to
       provide a certificate during DTLS handshaking. An
       implementation MUST NOT allow this parameter to be
       read. This can be done by always providing an empty
```



```
        string, or through permissions, or other means. This
        value can only be provided when this instance is
        created, and is not subsequently writable.";
    reference
        "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.11.";
}

action test {
    input {
        leaf test-string {
            type binary;
            mandatory "true";
            description
                "The test string on which this test has to be
                performed.";
        }
    }
    output {
        leaf resulting-hash {
            type binary;
            mandatory "true";
            description
                "The output of this operation is a binary string,
                and is the resulting hash computed using the
                certificate public key, and the SHA-256
                hash algorithm.";
        }
    }
}
description
    "A set of babel-dtls-keys-obj objects. This contains
    both certificates for this implementation to present
    for authentication, and to accept from others.
    Certificates with a non-empty babel-cert-private-key
    can be presented by this implementation for
    authentication.";
reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.10.";
}
description
    "A babel-dtls-obj object. If this object is implemented,
    it provides access to parameters related to the DTLS
    security mechanism.";
reference
    "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1";
}
description
    "Babel Information Objects.";
```



```
    reference
      "RFC ZZZZ, Babel Information Model, Section 3.";
  }
}
augment "/rt:routing/rt:ribs/rt:rib/rt:routes/rt:route" {
  when "derived-from(rt:source-protocol, 'babel')" {
    description
      "Augmentation is valid for a routes whose source protocol
       is Babel.";
  }
  description
    "Babel specific route attributes.";
  uses routes;
}
}
```

<CODE ENDS>

[2.4.](#) Example

The following snippet demonstrates how this data module can be configured. In this example, the routing protocol being configured is Babel, and statistics gathering is enabled.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<config xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <routing
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-routing">
    <control-plane-protocols>
      <control-plane-protocol>
        <type
          xmlns:babel="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-babel">babel:babel
        </type>
        <name>name:babel</name>
        <babel
          xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-babel">
          <enable>true</enable>
          <stats-enable>true</stats-enable>
        </babel>
      </control-plane-protocol>
    </control-plane-protocols>
  </routing>
</config>
```


3. IANA Considerations

This document registers one URIs and one YANG module.

3.1. URI Registrations

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-babel

3.2. YANG Module Name Registration

This document registers one YANG module in the YANG Module Names registry YANG [[RFC6020](#)].

Name: ietf-babel

Namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-babel

prefix: babel

reference: RFC XXXX

4. Security Considerations

The YANG module specified in this document defines a schema for data that is designed to be accessed via network management protocol such as NETCONF [[RFC6241](#)] or RESTCONF [[RFC8040](#)]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is SSH [[RFC6242](#)]. The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [[RFC8446](#)].

The NETCONF Access Control Model (NACM [[RFC8341](#)]) provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF users to a pre-configured subset of all available NETCONF protocol operations and content.

There are a number of data nodes defined in the YANG module which are writable/created/deleted (i.e., config true, which is the default). These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Write operations (e.g., <edit-config>) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

5. Acknowledgements

6. References

6.1. Normative References

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[Appendix A](#). An Appendix

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