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**A YANG Data Model for Microwave Radio Link
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Abstract

This document defines a YANG data model for control and management of the radio link interfaces, and their connectivity to packet (typically Ethernet) interfaces in a microwave/millimeter wave node. The data nodes for management of the interface protection functionality is broken out into a separate and generic YANG data model in order to make it available also for other interface types.

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[1. Introduction](#)

This document defines a YANG data model for management and control of the radio link interface(s) and the relationship to packet (typically Ethernet) and/or TDM interfaces in a microwave/millimeter wave node. ETSI EN 302 217 series defines the characteristics and requirements of microwave/millimeter wave equipment and antennas. Especially ETSI EN 302 217-2 [[EN302217-2](#)] specifies the essential parameters for the systems operating from 1.4GHz to 86GHz. The data model includes configuration and state data according to the new Network Management Datastore Architecture [[NMDA](#)].

The design of the data model follows the framework for management and control of microwave and millimeter wave interface parameters defined in [I-D.ietf-ccamp-microwave-framework]. This framework identifies the need and the scope of the YANG data model, the use cases and requirements that the model needs to support. Moreover, it provides a detailed gap analysis to identify the missing parameters and functionalities of the existing and established models to support the specified use cases and requirements, and based on that recommends how the gaps should be filled with the development of the new model. According to the conclusion of the gap analysis, the structure of the data model is based on the structure defined in [I-D.ahlberg-ccamp-microwave-radio-link] and it augments [RFC7223bis] to align with the same structure for management of the packet interfaces. More specifically, the model will include interface layering to manage the capacity provided by a radio link terminal for the associated Ethernet and TDM interfaces, using the principles for interface layering described in [RFC7223bis] as a basis.

The data nodes for management of the interface protection functionality is broken out into a separate and generic YANG data module in order to make it available also for other interface types.

The designed YANG data model uses established microwave equipment and radio standards, such as ETSI EN 302 217-2, and the IETF: Radio Link Model[I-D.ahlberg-ccamp-microwave-radio-link] and the ONF: Microwave Modeling[ONF-model] as the basis for the definition of the detailed leafs/parameters, and proposes new ones to cover identified gaps which are analyzed in[I-D.ietf-ccamp-microwave-framework].

1.1. Terminology and Definitions

The following terms are used in this document:

Carrier Termination (CT) is an interface for the capacity provided over the air by a single carrier. It is typically defined by its transmitting and receiving frequencies.

Radio Link Terminal (RLT) is an interface providing packet capacity and/or TDM capacity to the associated Ethernet and/or TDM interfaces in a node and used for setting up a transport service over a microwave/millimeter wave link.

The following acronyms are used in this document:

ACM Adaptive Coding Modulation

ATPC Automatic Transmit Power Control

CM Coding Modulation

CT Carrier Termination

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RLT Radio Link Terminal

RTPC Remote Transmit Power Control

XPIC Cross Polarization Interference Cancellation

MIMO Multiple-Input Multiple-Output

1.2. Tree Structure

A simplified graphical representation of the data model is used in chapter 3.1 of this document. The meaning of the symbols in these diagrams is defined in [\[YANG-TREE\]](#).

2. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#).

3. Microwave Radio Link YANG Data Model

3.1. YANG Tree

```

module: ietf-microwave-radio-link
  +--rw radio-link-protection-groups
  |   +--rw protection-group* [name]
  |       +--rw name                    string
  |       +--rw architecture-type?     identityref
  |       +--rw members*                if:interface-ref
  |       +--rw operation-type?         enumeration
  |       +--rw working-entity*         if:interface-ref
  |       +--rw revertive-wait-to-restore? uint16
  |       +--rw hold-off-timer?         uint16
  |       +--rw status?                 identityref
  |       +---x external-commands
  |           +---w input
  |           +---w external-command?   identityref
  +--rw xplic-pairs {xplic}?
  |   +--rw xplic-pair* [name]
  |       +--rw name                    string
  |       +--rw enabled?                boolean
  |       +--rw members*                if:interface-ref
  +--rw mimo-groups {mimo}?
  |   +--rw mimo-group* [name]
  |       +--rw name                    string
  |       +--rw enabled?                boolean
  |       +--rw members*                if:interface-ref

```



```
augment /if:interfaces/if:interface:
  +--rw id?                               string
  +--rw mode                               identityref
  +--rw carrier-terminations*             if:interface-ref
  +--rw rlp-groups*
  |   -> /radio-link-protection-groups/protection-group/name
  +--rw xpic-pairs*                       -> /xpic-pairs/xpic-pair/name
  |   {xpic}?
  +--rw mimo-groups*                     -> /mimo-groups/mimo-group/name
  |   {mimo}?
  +--rw tdm-connections* [tdm-type] {tdm}?
  |   +--rw tdm-type                     identityref
  |   +--rw tdm-connections             uint16
augment /if:interfaces/if:interface:
  +--rw carrier-id?                       string
  +--rw tx-enabled?                       boolean
  +--ro tx-oper-status?                   enumeration
  +--rw tx-frequency                      uint32
  +--rw rx-frequency                      uint32
  +--rw duplex-distance?                  uint32
  +--rw channel-separation                 uint32
  +--rw polarization?                    enumeration
  +--rw power-mode                        enumeration
  +--rw maximum-nominal-power              power
  +--rw atpc-lower-threshold               power
  +--rw atpc-upper-threshold               power
  +--ro actual-transmitted-level?          power
  +--ro actual-received-level?             power
  +--rw coding-modulation-mode             enumeration
  +--rw selected-cm                       identityref
  +--rw selected-min-acm                   identityref
  +--rw selected-max-acm                   identityref
  +--ro actual-tx-cm?                      identityref
  +--ro actual-snr?                       decimal64
  +--ro actual-xpi?                       decimal64 {xpic}?
  +--rw ct-performance-thresholds
  |   +--rw received-level-alarm-threshold? power
  |   +--rw transmitted-level-alarm-threshold? power
  |   +--rw ber-alarm-threshold?           enumeration
  +--rw if-loop?                          enumeration
  +--rw rf-loop?                          enumeration
  +--ro capabilities
  |   +--ro min-tx-frequency?              uint32
  |   +--ro max-tx-frequency?              uint32
  |   +--ro min-rx-frequency?              uint32
  |   +--ro max-rx-frequency?              uint32
  |   +--ro minimum-power?                 power
  |   +--ro maximum-available-power?       power
```

	+-ro available-min-acm?	identityref
	+-ro available-max-acm?	identityref

```
+--ro error-performance-statistics
| +--ro bbe?   yang:counter32
| +--ro es?    yang:counter32
| +--ro ses?   yang:counter32
| +--ro uas?   yang:counter32
+--ro radio-performance-statistics
  +--ro min-rltm? power
  +--ro max-rltm? power
  +--ro min-tltm? power
  +--ro max-tltm? power
```

3.2. Explanation of the Microwave Data Model

The leafs in the Interface Management Module augmented by Radio Link Terminal (RLT) and Carrier Termination (CT) are not always applicable.

"/interfaces/interface/enabled" is not applicable for RLT. Enable and disable of an interface is done in the constituent CTs.

The packet related measurements "in-octets", "in-unicast-pkts", "in-broadcast-pkts", "in-multicast-pkts", "in-discards", "in-errors", "in-unknown-protos", "out-octets", "out-unicast-pkts", "out-broadcast-pkts", "out-multicast-pkts", "out-discards", "out-errors" are not within the scope of the microwave radio link domain and therefore not applicable for RLT and CT.

4. Microwave Radio Link YANG Module

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-microwave-radio-link@2018-02-26.yang"

module ietf-microwave-radio-link {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-microwave-radio-link";
  prefix mrl;

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference "RFC7223bis";
  }

  import ietf-interface-protection {
    prefix ifprot;
  }
}
```

```
import iana-if-type {  
    prefix ianaift;  
}
```

organization

"Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) CCAMP WG";

contact

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description

"This is a module for the entities in
a generic microwave system.

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authors of the code. All rights reserved.";

revision 2018-02-26 {

description "Update with respect to the YANG Guideline";

reference "RFC XXXX: A YANG Data Model for Microwave Radio Link";

}

/*

* Features

*/

feature xpic {

description

"Indicates that the device supports XPIC.";

reference "ETSI TR 102 311";

}

feature mimo {

description

"Indicates that the device supports MIMO.";

reference "ETSI TR 102 311";

}

feature tdm {

description

"Indicates that the device supports TDM.";

}

/*

* Interface identities

*/


```
identity radio-link-terminal {
  base ianaift:iana-interface-type;
  description
    "Interface identity for a radio link terminal.";
}

identity carrier-termination {
  base ianaift:iana-interface-type;
  description
    "Interface identity for a carrier termination.";
}

/*
 * Radio-link-terminal mode identities
 */

identity rlt-mode {
  description
    "A description of the mode in which the radio link
    terminal is configured. The format is X plus Y.
    X represent the number of bonded carrier terminations.
    Y represent the number of protecting carrier
    terminations.";
}

identity one-plus-zero {
  base rlt-mode;
  description
    "1 carrier termination only.";
}

identity one-plus-one {
  base rlt-mode;
  description
    "1 carrier termination
    and 1 protecting carrier termination.";
}

identity two-plus-zero {
  base rlt-mode;
  description
    "2 bonded carrier terminations.";
}

/*
 * Coding and modulation identities
 */

identity coding-modulation {
```

```
description
    "The coding and modulation schemes.";
}
```

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```
identity half-bpsk-strong {
    base coding-modulation;
    description
        "Half BPSK strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity half-bpsk {
    base coding-modulation;
    description
        "Half BPSK coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity half-bpsk-light {
    base coding-modulation;
    description
        "Half BPSK light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity bpsk-strong {
    base coding-modulation;
    description
        "BPSK strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity bpsk {
    base coding-modulation;
    description
        "BPSK coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity bpsk-light {
    base coding-modulation;
    description
        "BPSK light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qpsk {
    base coding-modulation;
    description
        "QPSK coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-4-strong {
    base coding-modulation;
    description
        "4 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}
```



```
identity qam-4 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "4 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-4-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "4 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-16-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "16 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-16 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "16 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-16-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "16 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-32-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "32 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-32 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "32 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-32-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "32 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}
```



```
identity qam-64-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "64 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-64 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "64 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-64-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "64 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-128-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "128 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-128 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "128 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-128-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "128 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-256-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "256 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-256 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "256 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}
```



```
identity qam-256-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "256 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-512-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "512 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-512 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "512 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-512-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "512 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-1024-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "1024 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-1024 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "1024 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-1024-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "1024 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-2048-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "2048 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}
```



```
identity qam-2048 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "2048 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-2048-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "2048 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-4096-strong {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "4096 QAM strong coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-4096 {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "4096 QAM coding and modulation scheme.";
}

identity qam-4096-light {
  base coding-modulation;
  description
    "4096 QAM light coding and modulation scheme.";
}

/*
 * TDM-type identities
 */

identity tdm-type {
  description
    "A description of the type of TDM connection,
    also indicating the supported capacity of the
    connection.";
}

identity E1 {
  base tdm-type;
  description
    "E1 connection, 2,048 Mbit/s.";
}

identity STM-1 {
  base tdm-type;
```

```
description
  "STM-1 connection, 155,52 Mbit/s.";
}
```

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```
/*
 * Typedefs
 */

typedef power {
  type decimal64 {
    fraction-digits 1;
  }
  description
    "Type used for power values, selected and measured.";
}

/*
 * Radio Link Terminal (RLT)
 */

augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {
  when "if:type = 'mrl:radio-link-terminal'";
  description
    "Addition of data nodes for radio link terminal to
    the standard Interface data model, for interfaces of
    the type 'radio-link-terminal'.";

  leaf id {
    type string;
    default "";
    description
      "ID of the radio link terminal. Used by far-end when
      checking that it's connected to the correct RLT.";
  }

  leaf mode {
    type identityref {
      base rlt-mode;
    }
    mandatory true;
    description
      "A description of the mode in which the radio link
      terminal is configured. The format is X plus Y.
      X represent the number of bonded carrier terminations.
      Y represent the number of protecting carrier
      terminations.";
  }
}
```



```
leaf-list carrier-terminations {
  type if:interface-ref;
  must "/if:interfaces/if:interface[if:name = current()]"
    + "/if:type = 'mrl:carrier-termination'" {
    description
      "The type of interface must be
       'carrier-termination'.";
  }
  min-elements 1;
  description
    "A list of references to carrier terminations
     included in the radio link terminal.";
}

leaf-list rlp-groups {
  type leafref {
    path "/mrl:radio-link-protection-groups/"
      + "mrl:protection-group/mrl:name";
  }
  description
    "A list of references to the carrier termination
     groups configured for radio link protection in this
     radio link terminal.";
}

leaf-list xpics-pairs {
  if-feature xpics;
  type leafref {
    path "/mrl:xpics-pairs/mrl:xpics-pair/mrl:name";
  }
  description
    "A list of references to the XPIC pairs used in this
     radio link terminal. One pair can be used by two
     terminals.";
  reference "ETSI TR 102 311";
}

leaf-list mimo-groups {
  if-feature mimo;
  type leafref {
    path "/mrl:mimo-groups/mrl:mimo-group/mrl:name";
  }
  description
    "A reference to the MIMO group used in this
     radio link terminal. One group can be used by more
     than one terminal.";
  reference "ETSI TR 102 311";
}
```



```
list tdm-connections {
  if-feature tdm;
  key "tdm-type";
  description
    "A list stating the number of active TDM connections
    of a specified tdm-type that is configured to be
    supported by the RLT.";
  leaf tdm-type {
    type identityref {
      base tdm-type;
    }
    description
      "The type of TDM connection, which also indicates
      the supported capacity.";
  }
  leaf tdm-connections {
    type uint16;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Number of connections of the specified type.";
  }
}

/*
 * Carrier Termination
 */

augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {
  when "if:type = 'mrl:carrier-termination'";
  description
    "Addition of data nodes for carrier termination to
    the standard Interface data model, for interfaces
    of the type 'carrier-termination'.";

  leaf carrier-id {
    type string;
    default "A";
    description
      "ID of the carrier. (e.g. A, B, C or D)
      Used in XPIC & MIMO configurations to check that
      the carrier termination is connected to the correct
      far-end carrier termination. Should be the same
      carrier ID on both sides of the hop.
      Defaulted when not MIMO or XPIC.";
  }
}
```



```
leaf tx-enabled {
  type boolean;
  default "false";
  description
    "Disables (false) or enables (true) the transmitter.
     Only applicable when the interface is enabled
     (interface:enabled = true) otherwise it's always
     disabled.";
}

leaf tx-oper-status {
  type enumeration {
    enum "off" {
      description "Transmitter is off.";
    }
    enum "on" {
      description "Transmitter is on.";
    }
    enum "standby" {
      description "Transmitter is in standby.";
    }
  }
  config false;
  description
    "Shows the operative status of the transmitter.";
}

leaf tx-frequency {
  type uint32;
  units "kHz";
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Selected transmitter frequency.";
}

leaf rx-frequency {
  type uint32;
  units "kHz";
  description
    "Selected receiver frequency.
     Overrides existing value in duplex-distance.
     Calculated from tx-frequency and duplex-distance if
     only duplex-distance is configured.
     Must match duplex-distance if both leaves are
     configured in a single operation.";
}
```



```
leaf duplex-distance {
  type uint32;
  units "kHz";
  description
    "Distance between Tx & Rx frequencies.
    Used to calculate rx-frequency when
    rx-frequency is not specifically configured.
    Overrides existing value in rx-frequency.
    Calculated from tx-frequency and rx-frequency if only
    rx-frequency is configured.
    Must match rx-frequency if both leaves are configured
    in a single operation.";
}

leaf channel-separation {
  type uint32;
  units "kHz";
  mandatory true;
  description
    "The amount of bandwidth allocated to a carrier. The distance
    between adjacent channels in a radio frequency channels
    arrangement";
  reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
}

leaf polarization {
  type enumeration {
    enum "horizontal" {
      description "Horizontal polarization.";
    }
    enum "vertical" {
      description "Vertical polarization.";
    }
    enum "not-specified" {
      description "Polarization not specified.";
    }
  }
  default "not-specified";
  description
    "Polarization - A textual description for info only.";
}

leaf power-mode {
  type enumeration {
    enum rtpc {
      description
        "Remote Transmit Power Control (RTPC).";
      reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
    }
  }
}
```

}

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```
    enum atpc {
      description
        "Automatic Transmit Power Control (ATPC).";
      reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
    }
  }
  mandatory true;
  description
    "A choice of Remote Transmit Power Control (RTPC)
    or Automatic Transmit Power Control (ATPC).";
}

leaf maximum-nominal-power {
  type power {
    range "-99..40";
  }
  units "dBm";
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Selected output power in RTPC mode and selected
    maximum output power in ATPC mode. Minimum output
    power in ATPC mode is the same as the system
    capability, available-min-output-power.";
  reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
}

leaf atpc-lower-threshold {
  when "../power-mode = 'atpc'";
  type power {
    range "-99..-30";
  }
  units "dBm";
  mandatory true;
  description
    "The lower threshold for the input power at far-end
    used in the ATPC mode.";
  reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
}

leaf atpc-upper-threshold {
  when "../power-mode = 'atpc'";
  type power {
    range "-99..-30";
  }
  units "dBm";
  mandatory true;
  description
    "The upper threshold for the input power at far-end
```

```
        used in the ATPC mode.";
    reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
}
```

```
leaf actual-transmitted-level {
  type power {
    range "-99..40";
  }
  units "dBm";
  config false;
  description
    "Actual transmitted power level (0.1 dBm resolution).";
  reference "ETSI EN 301 129";
}

leaf actual-received-level {
  type power {
    range "-99..-20";
  }
  units "dBm";
  config false;
  description
    "Actual received power level (0.1 dBm resolution).";
  reference "ETSI EN 301 129";
}

leaf coding-modulation-mode {
  type enumeration {
    enum single {
      description "a single modulation order only.";
      reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
    }
    enum adaptive {
      description "Adaptive coding/modulation.";
      reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
    }
  }
  mandatory true;
  description
    "A selection of single or
    adaptive coding/modulation mode.";
}

leaf selected-cm {
  when "../coding-modulation-mode = 'single'";
  type identityref {
    base coding-modulation;
  }
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Selected the single coding/modulation.";
}
```



```
leaf selected-min-acm {
  when "../coding-modulation-mode = 'adaptive'";
  type identityref {
    base coding-modulation;
  }
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Selected minimum coding/modulation.
    Adaptive coding/modulation shall not go
    below this value.";
}

leaf selected-max-acm {
  when "../coding-modulation-mode = 'adaptive'";
  type identityref {
    base coding-modulation;
  }
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Selected maximum coding/modulation.
    Adaptive coding/modulation shall not go
    above this value.";
}

leaf actual-tx-cm {
  type identityref {
    base coding-modulation;
  }
  config false;
  description
    "Actual coding/modulation in transmitting direction.";
}

leaf actual-snr {
  type decimal64 {
    fraction-digits 1;
    range "0..99";
  }
  units "dB";
  config false;
  description
    "Actual signal to noise plus interference ratio.
    (0.1 dB resolution).";
}

leaf actual-xpi {
  if-feature xpic;
  type decimal64 {
```

```
fraction-digits 1;  
range "0..99";  
}
```

```
    units "dB";
    config false;
    description
      "The actual carrier to cross-polar interference.
       Only valid if XPIC is enabled. (0.1 dB resolution).";
    reference "ETSI TR 102 311";
  }

  container ct-performance-thresholds {
    description
      "Specification of thresholds for when alarms should
       be sent and cleared for various performance counters.";

    leaf received-level-alarm-threshold {
      type power {
        range "-99..-30";
      }
      units "dBm";
      default "-99";
      description
        "An alarm is sent when the received power level is
         below the specified threshold.";
      reference "ETSI EN 301 129";
    }

    leaf transmitted-level-alarm-threshold {
      type power {
        range "-99..40";
      }
      units "dBm";
      default "-99";
      description
        "An alarm is sent when the transmitted power level
         is below the specified threshold.";
      reference "ETSI EN 301 129";
    }
  }

  leaf ber-alarm-threshold {
    type enumeration {
      enum "10e-9" {
        description "Threshold at 10e-9.";
      }
      enum "10e-8" {
        description "Threshold at 10e-8.";
      }
      enum "10e-7" {
        description "Threshold at 10e-7.";
      }
    }
  }
```

```
enum "10e-6" {  
    description "Threshold at 10e-6.";  
}
```

```
    enum "10e-5" {
      description "Threshold at 10e-5.";
    }
    enum "10e-4" {
      description "Threshold at 10e-4.";
    }
    enum "10e-3" {
      description "Threshold at 10e-3.";
    }
    enum "10e-2" {
      description "Threshold at 10e-2.";
    }
    enum "10e-1" {
      description "Threshold at 10e-1.";
    }
  }
  default "10e-6";
  description
    "Specification of at which BER an alarm should
     be raised.";
  reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
}
}

leaf if-loop {
  type enumeration {
    enum disabled {
      description "Disables the IF Loop.";
    }
    enum client {
      description
        "Loops the signal back to the client side.";
    }
    enum radio {
      description
        "Loops the signal back to the radio side.";
    }
  }
  default "disabled";
  description
    "Enable (client/radio) or disable (disabled)
     the IF loop, which loops the signal back to
     the client side or the radio side.";
}

leaf rf-loop {
  type enumeration {
    enum disabled {
```

```
        description "Disables the RF Loop.";
    }
```

```
    enum client {
      description
        "Loops the signal back to the client side.";
    }
    enum radio {
      description
        "Loops the signal back to the radio side.";
    }
  }
  default "disabled";
  description
    "Enable (client/radio) or disable (disabled)
     the RF loop, which loops the signal back to
     the client side or the radio side.";
}

container capabilities {
  config false;
  description
    "Capabilities of the installed equipment and
     some selected configurations.";

  leaf min-tx-frequency {
    type uint32;
    units "kHz";
    description
      "Minimum Tx frequency possible to use.";
  }

  leaf max-tx-frequency {
    type uint32;
    units "kHz";
    description
      "Maximum Tx frequency possible to use.";
  }

  leaf min-rx-frequency {
    type uint32;
    units "kHz";
    description
      "Minimum Rx frequency possible to use.";
  }

  leaf max-rx-frequency {
    type uint32;
    units "kHz";
    description
      "Maximum Tx frequency possible to use.";
  }
}
```

}

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```
leaf minimum-power {
  type power;
  units "dBm";
  description
    "The minimum output power supported.";
  reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
}

leaf maximum-available-power {
  type power;
  units "dBm";
  description
    "The maximum output power supported.";
  reference "ETSI EN 302 217-1";
}

leaf available-min-acm {
  type identityref {
    base coding-modulation;
  }
  description
    "Minimum coding-modulation possible to use.";
}

leaf available-max-acm {
  type identityref {
    base coding-modulation;
  }
  description
    "Maximum coding-modulation possible to use.";
}

container error-performance-statistics {
  config false;
  description
    "ITU-T G.826 error performance statistics relevant for
    a microwave/millimeter wave carrier.";

  leaf bbe {
    type yang:counter32;
    units "number of block errors";
    description
      "Number of Background Block Errors (BBE) during the
      interval. A BBE is an errored block not occurring as
      part of an SES.";
    reference "ITU-T G.826";
  }
}
```



```
leaf es {
  type yang:counter32;
  units "seconds";
  description
    "Number of Errored Seconds (ES) since last reset.
    An ES is a one-second period with one or more errored
    blocks or at least one defect.";
  reference "ITU-T G.826";
}

leaf ses {
  type yang:counter32;
  units "seconds";
  description
    "Number of Severely Errored Seconds (SES) during the
    interval. SES is a one-second period which contains
    equal or more than 30% errored blocks or at least
    one defect. SES is a subset of ES.";
  reference "ITU-T G.826";
}

leaf uas {
  type yang:counter32;
  units "seconds";
  description
    "Number of Unavailable Seconds (UAS), that is, the
    total time that the node has been unavailable during
    a fixed measurement interval.";
  reference "ITU-T G.826";
}
}

container radio-performance-statistics {
  config false;
  description
    "ETSI EN 301 129 radio physical interface statistics relevant
    for a carrier termination.";

  leaf min-rltm {
    type power {
      range "-99..-20";
    }
    units "dBm";
    description
      "Minimum received power level since last reset.";
    reference "ETSI EN 301 129";
  }
}
```



```
    leaf max-rltm {
      type power {
        range "-99..-20";
      }
      units "dBm";
      description
        "Maximum received power level since last reset.";
      reference "ETSI EN 301 129";
    }

    leaf min-tltm {
      type power {
        range "-99..40";
      }
      units "dBm";
      description
        "Minimum transmitted power level since last reset.";
      reference "ETSI EN 301 129";
    }

    leaf max-tltm {
      type power {
        range "-99..40";
      }
      units "dBm";
      description
        "Maximum transmitted power level since last reset.";
      reference "ETSI EN 301 129";
    }
  }
}

/*
 * Radio Link Protection Groups
 */

container radio-link-protection-groups {
  description
    "Configuration of radio link protected groups (1+1) of
    carrier terminations in a radio link. More than one
    protected group per radio-link-terminal is allowed.";

  uses ifprot:protection-groups {

    refine protection-group/members {
      must "/if:interfaces/if:interface[if:name = current()]"
        + "/if:type = 'mrl:carrier-termination'" {
        description
```

```
        "The type of a protection member must be  
        'carrier-termination'. ";  
    }  
}
```

```
    refine protection-group/working-entity {
      must "/if:interfaces/if:interface[if:name = current()]"
        + "/if:type = 'mrl:carrier-termination'" {
        description
          "The type of a working-entity must be
           'carrier-termination'.";
      }
    }
  }
}

/*
 * XPIC & MIMO groups - Configuration data nodes
 */

container xpic-pairs {
  if-feature xpic;
  description
    "Configuration of carrier termination pairs
     for operation in XPIC mode.";
  reference "ETSI TR 102 311";

  list xpic-pair {
    key "name";
    description
      "List of carrier termination pairs in XPIC mode.";

    leaf name {
      type string;
      description
        "Name used for identification of the XPIC pair.";
    }

    leaf enabled {
      type boolean;
      default "false";
      description
        "Enable(true)/disable(false) XPIC";
    }

    leaf-list members {
      type if:interface-ref;
      must "/if:interfaces/if:interface[if:name = current()]"
        + "/if:type = 'mrl:carrier-termination'" {
        description
          "The type of a member must be 'carrier-termination'.";
      }
      min-elements 2;
    }
  }
}
```

max-elements 2;


```
        description
          "Association to XPIC pairs used in the radio link
            terminal.";
      }
    }
  }

  container mimo-groups {
    if-feature mimo;
    description
      "Configuration of carrier terminations
        for operation in MIMO mode.";
    reference "ETSI TR 102 311";

    list mimo-group {
      key "name";
      description
        "List of carrier terminations in MIMO mode.";

      leaf name {
        type string;
        description
          "Name used for identification of the MIMO group.";
      }

      leaf enabled {
        type boolean;
        default "false";
        description
          "Enable(true)/disable(false) MIMO";
      }

      leaf-list members {
        type if:interface-ref;
        must "/if:interfaces/if:interface[if:name = current()]"
          + "/if:type = 'mrl:carrier-termination'" {
          description
            "The type of a member must be 'carrier-termination'.";
        }
        min-elements 2;
        description
          "Association to a MIMO group if used in the radio
            link terminal.";
      }
    }
  }
}
```

<CODE ENDS>

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5. Interface Protection YANG Module

The data nodes for management of the interface protection functionality is broken out from the Microwave Radio Link Module into a separate and generic YANG data module in order to make it available also for other interface types.

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-interface-protection@2018-02-26.yang"

module iETF-interface-protection {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interface-protection";
  prefix ifprot;

  import iETF-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference "RFC7223bis";
  }

  organization
    "Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) CCAMP WG";
  contact
    "WG List: <mailto:ccamp@ietf.org>";

  ID-draft authors:
    Jonas Ahlberg (jonas.ahlberg@ericsson.com);
    Min Ye (amy.yemin@huawei.com);
    Xi Li (Xi.Li@neclab.eu);
    Daniela Spreafico (daniela.spreafico@nokia.com)
    Marko Vaupotic (Marko.Vaupotic@aviatnet.com);

  description
    "This is a module for the entities in
    a generic interface protection mechanism.
    Copyright (c) 2018 IETF Trust and the persons identified as
    authors of the code. All rights reserved.";

  revision 2018-02-26 {
    description "Update with respect to the YANG Guideline";
    reference "RFC XXXX: A YANG Data Model for Microwave Radio Link";
  }

  /*
   * Protection architecture type identities
   */

  identity protection-architecture-type {
    description
      "protection architecture type";
```

```
reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";  
}
```

```
identity one-plus-one-type {
  base protection-architecture-type;
  description
    "1+1, One interface protects
    another one interface.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

identity one-to-n-type {
  base protection-architecture-type;
  description
    "1:N, One interface protects
    n other interfaces.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

/*
 * Protection states identities
 */

identity protection-states {
  description
    "Identities describing the status of the protection,
    in a group of interfaces configured in
    a protection mode.";
}

identity unprotected {
  base protection-states;
  description "Not protected";
}

identity protected {
  base protection-states;
  description "Protected";
}

identity unable-to-protect {
  base protection-states;
  description "Unable to protect";
}

/*
 * protection-external-commands identities
 */

identity protection-external-commands{
  description
    "Protection external commands for trouble shooting
```

```
        purpose.";
    reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}
```

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```
identity manual-switch-working{
  base protection-external-commands;
  description
    "A switch action initiated by an operator command.
    It switches normal traffic signal to the working
    transport entity.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

identity manual-switch-protection{
  base protection-external-commands;
  description
    "A switch action initiated by an operator command.
    It switches normal traffic signal to the protection
    transport entity.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

identity forced-switch{
  base protection-external-commands;
  description
    "A switch action initiated by an operator command.
    It switches normal traffic signal to the protection
    transport entity and forces it to remain on that
    entity even when criteria for switching back to
    the original entity are fulfilled.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

identity lockout-of-protection{
  base protection-external-commands;
  description
    "A switch action temporarily disables access to the
    protection transport entity for all signals.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

identity freeze{
  base protection-external-commands;
  description
    "A switch action temporarily prevents any switch action
    to be taken and, as such, freezes the current state.
    Until the freeze is cleared, additional near-end external
    commands are rejected and fault condition changes and
    received APS messages are ignored..";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}
```



```
identity exercise{
  base protection-external-commands;
  description
    "A switch action to test if the APS communication is
    operating correctly. It is lower priority than any 'real'
    switch request..";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

identity clear{
  base protection-external-commands;
  description
    "An action clears all switch commands.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

/*
 * Protection Groups
 */

grouping protection-groups {
  description
    "Configuration of protected groups (1+1) of interfaces
    providing protection for each other. More than one protected
    group per higher-layer-interface is allowed.";

  list protection-group {
    key "name";
    description
      "List of protected groups of interfaces
      in a higher-layer-interface.";

    leaf name {
      type string;
      description
        "Name used for identification of the protection group";
    }

    leaf protection-architecture-type {
      type identityref{
        base protection-architecture-type;
      }
      default "ifprot:one-plus-one-type";
      description
        "The type of protection architecture used, e.g. one
        interface protecting one or several other interfaces.";
      reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
    }
  }
}
```



```
leaf-list members {
  type if:interface-ref;
  min-elements 2;
  description
    "Association to a group of interfaces configured for
    protection and used by a higher-layer-interface.";
}

leaf operation-type {
  type enumeration {
    enum "non-revertive" {
      description
        "In non revertive operation, the traffic does not
        return to the working interface if the switch requests
        are terminated.";
      reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
    }
    enum "revertive" {
      description
        "In revertive operation, the traffic always
        returns to (or remains on) the working interface
        if the switch requests are terminated.";
      reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
    }
  }
  default "non-revertive";
  description
    "The type of protection operation, i.e. revertive
    or non-reversion operation.";
}

leaf-list working-entity {
  when "../operation-type = 'revertive'";
  type if:interface-ref;
  min-elements 1;
  description
    "The interfaces over which the traffic normally should
    be transported over when there is no need to use the
    protecting interface.";
}

leaf revertive-wait-to-restore {
  when "../operation-type = 'revertive'";
  type uint16;
  units "seconds";
  default "0";
  description
    "The time to wait before switching back to the working
```

```
        interface if operation-type is revertive.";
    reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}
```

```
leaf hold-off-timer {
  type uint16;
  units "milliseconds";
  default "0";
  description
    "Time interval after the detection of a fault and its
    confirmation as a condition requiring the protection
    switching procedure.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

leaf status {
  type identityref {
    base protection-states;
  }
  description
    "Status of the protection, in a group of interfaces
    configured in a protection mode.";
  reference "ITU-T Rec. G.808.1";
}

action external-commands {
  input {
    leaf external-command {
      type identityref {
        base protection-external-commands;
      }
      description
        "Execution of protection external commands for
        trouble shooting purpose.";
    }
  }
}
}
```

<CODE ENDS>

6. Security Considerations

The YANG module specified in this document defines a schema for data that is designed to be accessed via network management protocols such as NETCONF [RFC6241] or RESTCONF [RFC8040]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is Secure Shell (SSH) [RFC6242]. The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [RFC5246].

The NETCONF access control model [RFC6536] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF or RESTCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF or RESTCONF protocol operations and content.

There are a number of data nodes defined in this YANG module that are writable/creatable/deletable (i.e., config true, which is the default). These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Write operations (e.g., edit-config) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

Interfaces of type radio-link-terminal:

```
/if:interfaces/if:interface/carrier-terminations,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/rlp-groups,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/xpic-pairs,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/mimo-groups, and  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/tdm-connections:
```

These lists represent the configuration of the radio-link-terminal and it need to match the configuration of the radio-link-terminal on the other side of the radio link. Unauthorized access to these data nodes could interrupt the ability to forward traffic.

Interfaces of type carrier-termination:

```
/if:interfaces/if:interface/carrier-id,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/tx-enabled,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/tx-frequency,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/rx-frequency,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/duplex-distance,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/channel-separation,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/power-mode,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/maximum-nominal-power,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/atpc-lower-threshold,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/atpc-upper-threshold,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/coding-modulation-mode,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/selected-cm,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/selected-min-acm,
```

```
/if:interfaces/if:interface/selected-max-acm,  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/if-loop, and  
/if:interfaces/if:interface/rf-loop:
```


These data nodes represent the configuration of the carrier-termination and it need to match the configuration of the carrier-termination on the other side of the carrier. Unauthorized access to these data nodes could interrupt the ability to forward traffic.

Radio link protection:

/radio-link-protection-groups/protection-group:

This list of protection groups and the constituent data nodes represents the configuration of the protection of carrier terminations. Unauthorized access to these data nodes could interrupt the ability to forward traffic or remove the ability to perform a necessary protection switch.

XPIC:

/xp-pic-pairs:

This list represents the XPIC configuration of a pair carriers. Unauthorized access to these data nodes could interrupt the ability to forward traffic.

MIMO:

/mimo-groups:

This list represents the MIMO configuration of multiple carriers. Unauthorized access to these data nodes could interrupt the ability to forward traffic.

The security considerations of [\[RFC7223bis\]](#) also apply to this document.

7. IANA Considerations

It is proposed that IANA should assign new URIs from the "IETF XML Registry" [\[RFC3688\]](#) as follows:

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-microwave-radio-link
Registrant Contact: The IESG
XML: N/A; the requested URI is an XML namespace.

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interface-protection
Registrant Contact: The IESG
XML: N/A; the requested URI is an XML namespace.

It is proposed that IANA should record YANG module names in the "YANG Module Names" registry [\[RFC6020\]](#) as follows:

Name: ietf-microwave-radio-link
Namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-microwave-radio-link
Prefix: mrl

Reference: RFC xxxx

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Name: ietf-interface-protection
Namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interface-protection
Prefix: ifprot
Reference: RFC xxxx

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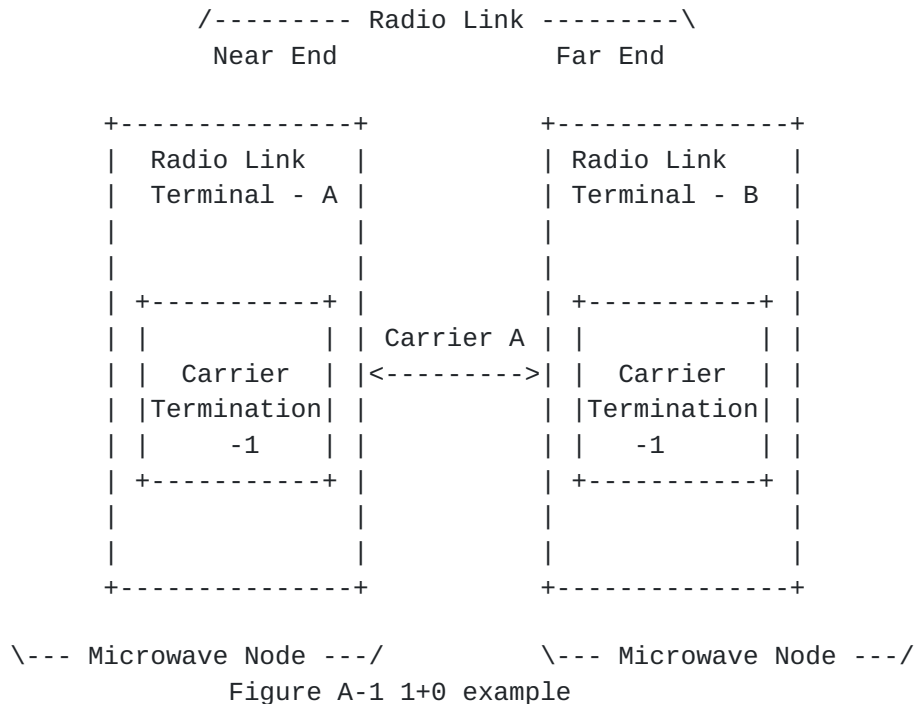
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Appendix A. Example: 1+0 and 2+0 configuration instances

This section gives simple examples of 1+0 and 2+0 instance using the YANG module defined in this draft. The examples are not intended as a complete module for 1+0 and 2+0 configuration.

A.1 1+0 instance

Figure A-1 shows a 1+0 example.



The following instance shows the 1+0 configuration of Near End node.

```

"interface": [
  {
    //RLT-A
    "name": "RLT-A",
    "description": "Radio Link Terminal A",
    "type": "mrl:radio-link-terminal",
    "id": "RLT-A",
    "mode": "one-plus-zero",
    "carrier-terminations": [
      "RLT-A:CT-1",
    ],
  },
]

```



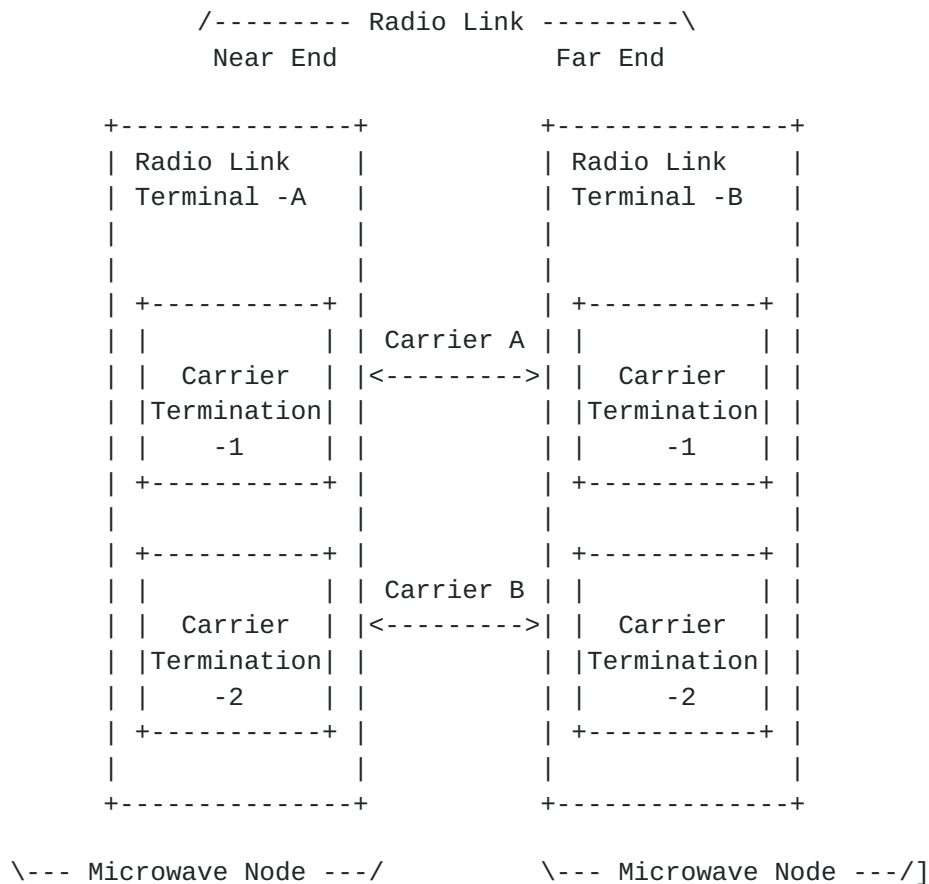
```

{
//CT-1
  "name": "RLT-A:CT-1",
  "description": "Carrier Termination 1",
  "type": "mrl:carrier-termination",
  "carrier-id": "A",
  "tx-enabled": true,
  "tx-oper-status": on
  "tx-frequency": 10728000,
  "duplex-distance": 644000,
  "channel-separation": 28,
  "polarization": not-specified,
  "power-mode": rtpc,
  "coding-modulation-mode": 0,
  "selected-cm": "qam-512"
},
]

```

A.2 2+0 instance

Figure A-2 shows a 2+0 example.



The following instance shows the 2+0 configuration of Near End node.

```
"interface": [  
  {  
    //RLT-A  
    "name": "RLT-A",  
    "description": "Radio Link Terminal A",  
    "type": "mrl:radio-link-terminal",  
    "id": "RLT-A",  
    "mode": "two-plus-zero",  
    "carrier-terminations": [  
      "RLT-A:CT-1",  
      "RLT-A:CT-2"  
    ],  
  },  
  
  {  
    //CT-1  
    "name": "RLT-A:CT-1",  
    "description": "Carrier Termination 1",  
    "type": "mrl:carrier-termination",  
    "carrier-id": "A",  
    "tx-enabled": true,  
    "tx-oper-status": on  
    "tx-frequency": 10728000,  
    "duplex-distance": 644000,  
    "channel-separation": 28,  
    "polarization": not-specified,  
    "power-mode": rtpc,  
    "coding-modulation-mode": 0,  
    "selected-cm": "qam-512"  
  },  
  
  {  
    //CT-2  
    "name": "RLT-A:CT-2",  
    "description": "Carrier Termination 2",  
    "type": "mrl:carrier-termination",  
    "carrier-id": "B",  
    "tx-enabled": true,  
    "tx-oper-status": on  
    "tx-frequency": 10618000,  
    "duplex-distance": 644000,  
    "channel-separation": 28,  
    "polarization": not-specified,  
    "power-mode": rtpc,  
    "coding-modulation-mode": 0,  
    "selected-cm": "qam-512"  
  },  
]
```

]

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