

CCAMP Working Group  
Internet Draft  
Intended status: Standard Track  
Expires: August 27, 2018

Y. Lee (Editor)  
D. Dhody  
X. Zhang  
A. Guo  
Huawei

V. Lopez  
Telefonica

D. King  
U. of Lancaster

B. Yoon  
ETRI

Ricard Vilalta  
CTTC

February 27, 2018

## A Yang Data Model for WSON Optical Networks

[draft-ietf-ccamp-wson-yang-10](#)

### Abstract

This document provides a YANG data model for the routing and wavelength assignment (RWA) TE topology in wavelength switched optical networks (WSONs).

### Status of this Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted to IETF in full conformance with the provisions of [BCP 78](#) and [BCP 79](#).

Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), its areas, and its working groups. Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts.

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

The list of current Internet-Drafts can be accessed at

<http://www.ietf.org/ietf/1id-abstracts.txt>



The list of Internet-Draft Shadow Directories can be accessed at  
<http://www.ietf.org/shadow.html>

This Internet-Draft will expire on August 27, 2018.

#### Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2018 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to [BCP 78](#) and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (<http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document. Code Components extracted from this document must include Simplified BSD License text as described in Section 4.e of the [Trust Legal Provisions](#) and are provided without warranty as described in the Simplified BSD License.

#### Table of Contents

<a href="#">1. Introduction</a> .....	<a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">2. YANG Model (Tree Structure)</a> .....	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">3. IETF-WSON-Topology YANG Model</a> .....	<a href="#">4</a>
<a href="#">4. IETF-TE-WSON-Types YANG Model</a> .....	<a href="#">11</a>
<a href="#">5. Security Considerations</a> .....	<a href="#">13</a>
<a href="#">6. IANA Considerations</a> .....	<a href="#">14</a>
<a href="#">7. Acknowledgments</a> .....	<a href="#">14</a>
<a href="#">8. References</a> .....	<a href="#">15</a>
<a href="#">8.1. Normative References</a> .....	<a href="#">15</a>
<a href="#">8.2. Informative References</a> .....	<a href="#">15</a>
<a href="#">9. Contributors</a> .....	<a href="#">15</a>
Authors' Addresses.....	<a href="#">15</a>

#### **1. Introduction**

This document provides a YANG data model for the routing and wavelength assignment (RWA) Traffic Engineering (TE) topology in wavelength switched optical networks (WSONs). The YANG model described in this document is a WSON technology-specific Yang model based on the information model developed in [[RFC7446](#)] and the two



encoding documents [[RFC7581](#)] and [[RFC7579](#)] that developed protocol independent encodings based on [[RFC7446](#)].

This document augments the generic TE topology draft [[TE-TOPO](#)].

What is not in scope of this document is both impairment-aware WSOn and flex-grid.

This document defines two YANG models: ietf-wson-topology ([Section 3](#)) and ietf-te-wson-types ([Section 4](#)).

## **2. YANG Model (Tree Structure)**

```
module: ietf-wson-topology
augment /nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types/tet:te-topology:
  +-rw wson-topology!
augment /nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te/tet:te-node-
attributes/tet:connectivity-matrices/tet:connectivity-matrix:
  +-rw wavelength-availability-range?    te-wson-types:wavelength-range-type
augment /nd:networks/nd:network/lnk:link/tet:te/tet:te-link-attributes:
  +-rw channel-num?                  int32
  +-rw first-channel-frequency?    decimal64
  +-rw channel-spacing?            decimal64
  +-rw available-wavelength-info* [priority]
    +-rw priority                  uint8
    +-rw wavelength-availability-range?    te-wson-types:wavelength-range-
type
augment /nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te/tet:te-node-attributes:
  +-rw wson-node
    +-rw node-type?    identityref
augment /nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te/tet:tunnel-termination-point:
  +-rw available-operational-mode*   te-wson-types:operational-mode
  +-rw operational-mode?            te-wson-types:operational-mode
```

### [3. IETF-WSON-Topology YANG Model](#)

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-wson-topology@2018-02-27.yang"

module ietf-wson-topology {
//TODO: FIXME
    //yang-version 1.1;

    namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-wson-topology";

    prefix "wson";

    import ietf-network {
        prefix "nd";
    }

    import ietf-network-topology {
        prefix "lnk";
    }

    import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix "inet";
    }

    import ietf-te-topology {
    prefix "tet";
    }
    import ietf-te-wson-types { //Modified
    prefix "te-wson-types";
    }

    //NOT NEEDED
    /*import ietf-transport-types {
    prefix "tran-types";
    } */

    organization
        "IETF CCAMP Working Group";

    contact
        "Editor: Young Lee <leeyoung@huawei.com>";

    description
```

"This module contains a collection of YANG definitions  
for  
RWA WSOn.

Copyright (c) 2017 IETF Trust and the persons identified  
as  
authors of the code. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with  
or  
without modification, is permitted pursuant to, and  
subject  
to the license terms contained in, the Simplified BSD  
License set forth in [Section 4.c](#) of the IETF Trust's  
Legal  
Provisions Relating to IETF Documents  
(<http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>).";

revision 2018-02-27 {  
 description  
 "version 10.";  
  
 reference  
 "RFC XXX: A Yang Data Model for WSOn Optical  
Networks";  
}

typedef wson-topology-id {  
 type inet:uri;  
 description  
 "The WSOn Topology ID";  
}

grouping wson-topology-type {  
 description "wson-topology type";  
 container wson-topology {  
 presence "indicates a topology of wson";  
 description  
 "Container to identify wson topology type";  
 }  
}

grouping wson-node-attributes {  
 description "WSOn node attributes";  
 container wson-node {

```
        description "WSON node attrtibutes.";
leaf node-type {
    type identityref {
        base te-wson-types:wson-node-type;
    }
    description "WSON node type.";
}
}

grouping wson-wavelength-availability-range{
    description "wavelength availability range";

    leaf wavelength-availability-range{
        type te-wson-types:wavelength-range-type;
        description
            "range that indicates if a wavelength is
            available or not on each channel at
            specified priority level.";
    }
}

grouping wson-link-attributes {
    description "WSON link attributes";
    leaf channel-num {
        type int32;
        description "Number of OCh channels available";
    }
    leaf first-channel-frequency {
        type decimal64 {
            fraction-digits 5;
        }
        units THz;
        description "First channel frequency in the grid";
    }
    leaf channel-spacing {
        type decimal64 {
            fraction-digits 5;
        }
        units GHz;
        description "This is fixed channel spacing for
WSON,
        e.g, 12.5, 25, 50, 100, . . .";
    }
}

list available-wavelength-info{
```

```
        key "priority";
        max-elements "8";

        description
            "List of available wavelength channels on
this link";
        leaf priority {
            type uint8 {
                range "0..7";
            }
            description "priority";
        }
        uses wson-wavelength-availability-range;
    }
}
grouping wson-tp-attributes {
    description "wson-tp-attributes";

    leaf client-facing {
        type empty;
        description
            "if present, it means this tp is a client-
facing tp.
            adding/dropping client signal flow.";
    }

/*
//can it be fully covered by interface-switching-capability of base
TE model?
    leaf-list supported-client-signals {
        type identityref {
            base tran-types:client-signal;
        }
        description
            "Supported client signals at this TP";
    }
*/
}

grouping wson-ttp-attributes {
    description "WSON tunnel termination point (e.g.
tranponder)
        attributes";
    leaf-list available-operational-mode {
        type te-wson-types:operational-mode;
```

```
        description "List of all vendor-specific supported
mode identifiers";
    }

    leaf operational-mode {
        type te-wson-types:operational-mode;
        description "Vendor-specific mode identifier";
    }
}

/* AUGMENTS */

augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
+ "/tet:te-topology" {
    description "wson-topology augmented";
    uses wson-topology-type;
}

//FIXING NMDA
augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te"
+ "/tet:te-node-attributes/tet:connectivity-matrices"
+ "/tet:connectivity-matrix" {
    when "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
+ "/tet:te-topology/wson:wson-topology" {
        description
            "This augment is only valid for WSON
connectivity
matrix.";
    }
    description "WSON connectivity matrix config
augmentation";
    uses wson-wavelength-availability-range;
}

//REMOVING
/*
augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te/tet:state"
+ "/tet:te-node-attributes/tet:connectivity-matrices"
+ "/tet:connectivity-matrix" {
    when "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
+ "/tet:te-topology/wson-topology" {
        description
            "This augment is only valid for WSON
connectivity
matrix.";
```

```
        }
        description "WSON connectivity matrix state augmentation";
        uses wson-wavelength-availability-range;
    }*/  
  
//FIXING NMDA
augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/lnk:link/tet:te"
    + "/tet:te-link-attributes" {
when "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
    +"/tet:te-topology/wson:wson-topology" {
    description
        "This augment is only valid for WSON.";
    }
    description "WSON Link augmentation.";
    uses wson-link-attributes;
}  
  
//REMOVING
/*
augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/lnk:link/tet:te/tet:state"
    + "/tet:te-link-attributes" {
when "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
    +"/tet:te-topology/wson:wson-topology" {
    description
        "This augment is only valid for WSON.";
    }
    description "WSON Link augmentation.";
    uses wson-link-attributes;
}*/  
  
//FIXING NMDA
augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te"
    + "/tet:te-node-attributes" {
when "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
    +"/tet:te-topology/wson:wson-topology" {
    description
        "This augment is only valid for WSON.";
    }
    description "WSON Node augmentation.";
    uses wson-node-attributes;
}
```

```
//REMOVING
/*
augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te/tet:state"
    + "/tet:te-node-attributes" {
when "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
    +"/tet:te-topology/wson:wson-topology" {
        description
            "This augment is only valid for WSON.";
    }
    description "WSON Node augmentation.";

    uses wson-node-attributes;
}*/



//FIXING NMDA
augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te"
    + "/tet:tunnel-termination-point" {
when "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
    +"/tet:te-topology/wson:wson-topology" {
        description
            "This augment is only valid for WSON.";
    }
    description "WSON tunnel termination point
augmentation./";

    uses wson-ttp-attributes;
}

//removing
/*augment "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:node/tet:te"
    + "/tet:tunnel-termination-point/tet:state" {
when "/nd:networks/nd:network/nd:network-types"
    +"/tet:te-topology/wson:wson-topology" {
        description
            "This augment is only valid for WSON.";
    }
    description "WSON tunnel termination point
augmentation./";

    uses wson-ttp-attributes;
}*/
```

&lt;CODE ENDS&gt;

#### 4. IETF-TE-WSON-Types YANG Model

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-te-wson-types@2018-02-27.yang"
module ietf-te-wson-types {
    namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-te-wson-types";
    prefix "te-wson-types";

    organization
        "IETF CCAMP Working Group";
    contact
        "WG Web: <http://tools.ietf.org/wg/ccamp/>
WG List: <mailto:ccamp@ietf.org>

        Editor: Aihua Guo
        <mailto:aihuaguo@huawei.com>

        Editor: Young Lee
        <mailto:leeyoung@huawei.com>";

    description
        "This module defines WSOn types.';

    revision "2018-02-27" {
        description
            "Revision 2";
        reference "TBD";
    }

    typedef operational-mode {
        type string;
        description
            "Vendor-specific mode that guarantees interoperability.
It must be an string with the following format:
B-DScW-ytz(v) where all these attributes are conformant
to the ITU-T recomendation";
        reference "ITU-T G.698.2 (11/2009) Section 5.3";
    }

    identity wson-node-type {
```

```
description
    "WSON node type.";
reference
    "";
}

identity wson-node-foadm {
    base wson-node-type;
    description
        "Fixed OADM node.";
}

identity wson-node-roadm {
    base wson-node-type;
    description
        "ROADM or OXC node.";
}

identity wson-node-ila {
    base wson-node-type;
    description
        "ILA (In-Line Amplifier) node.";
}

//ADDED
typedef wavelength-range-type {
    type string {
        pattern "([1-9][0-9]{0,3}(-[1-9][0-9]{0,3})?" +
                  "([,][1-9][0-9]{0,3}(-[1-9][0-9]{0,3})?)*";
    }
    description
        "A list of WDM channel numbers (starting at 1)
         in ascending order. For example: 1,12-20,40,50-80";
}

identity wavelength-assignment {
    description "Wavelength selection base";
}

identity unspecified-wavelength-assignment {
    base wavelength-assignment;
```

```
        description "No method specified";
    }

identity first-fit-wavelength-assignment {
    base wavelength-assignment;
    description "All the available wavelengths are numbered,
        and this WA method chooses the available wavelength
        with the lowest index.";
}

identity random-wavelength-assignment {
    base wavelength-assignment;
    description "This WA method chooses an available
        wavelength randomly.";
}

identity least-loaded-wavelength-assignment {
    base wavelength-assignment;
    description "This WA method selects the wavelength that
        has the largest residual capacity on the most loaded
        link along the route (in multi-fiber networks).";
}

}
```

<CODE ENDS>

## 5. Security Considerations

The configuration, state, and action data defined in this document are designed to be accessed via a management protocol with a secure transport layer, such as NETCONF [[RFC6241](#)]. The NETCONF access control model [[RFC6536](#)] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF protocol operations and content.

A number of configuration data nodes defined in this document are writable/deletable (i.e., "config true") These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments.

## **6. IANA Considerations**

This document registers the following namespace URIs in the IETF XML registry [[RFC3688](#)]:

-----  
URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang: ietf-wson-topology

Registrant Contact: The IESG.

XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.

-----  
URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang: ietf-te-wson-types

Registrant Contact: The IESG.

XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.

This document registers the following YANG modules in the YANG Module Names registry [[RFC7950](#)]:

-----  
name: ietf-wson-topology

namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-wson-topology

reference: RFC XXXX (TDB)

-----  
name: ietf-te-wson-types

namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang: ietf-te-wson-types

reference: RFC XXXX (TDB)

## **7. Acknowledgments**

This document was prepared using 2-Word-v2.0.template.dot.

## **8. References**

### **8.1. Normative References**

[TE-TOPO] X. Liu, et al., "YANG Data Model for TE Topologies", work in progress: [draft-ietf-teas-yang-te-topo](#).

### **8.2. Informative References**

[RFC7446] Y. Lee, G. Bernstein, D. Li, W. Imajuku, "Routing and Wavelength Assignment Information Model for Wavelength Switched Optical Networks", [RFC 7446](#), February 2015.

[RFC7579] G. Bernstein, Y. Lee, D. Li, W. Imajuku, "General Network Element Constraint Encoding for GMPLS Controlled Networks", [RFC 7579](#), June 2015.

[RFC7581] G. Bernstein, Y. Lee, D. Li, W. Imajuku, "Routing and Wavelength Assignment Information Encoding for Wavelength Switched Optical Networks", [RFC 7581](#), June 2015.

## **9. Contributors**

### Authors' Addresses

Young Lee (ed.)  
Huawei Technologies  
5340 Legacy Drive, Building 3  
Plano, TX 75023  
USA

Phone: (469) 277-5838  
Email: [leeyoung@huawei.com](mailto:leeyoung@huawei.com)

Dhruv Dhody  
Huawei Technologies India Pvt. Ltd,  
Near EPIP Industrial Area, Kundalahalli Village, Whitefield,  
Bangalore - 560 037 [H1-2A-245]

Email: dhruv.dhody@huawei.com

Xian Zhang  
Huawei Technologies

Email: zhang.xian@huawei.com

Aihua Guo  
Huawei Technologies  
Email: aihuaguo@huawei.com

Victor Lopez  
Telefonica  
Email: victor.lopezalvarez@telefonica.com

Daniel King  
University of Lancaster  
Email: d.king@lancaster.ac.uk

Bin Yeong Yoon  
ETRI  
218 Gajeongro, Yuseong-gu  
Daejeon, Korea  
Email: byyun@etri.re.kr

Ricard Vilalta  
CTTC  
Email: ricard.vilalta@cttc.es