Workgroup:

Content Delivery Networks Interconnection

Internet-Draft:

draft-ietf-cdni-interfaces-https-delegation-12

Published: 23 October 2022

Intended Status: Standards Track

Expires: 26 April 2023

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CDNI extensions for HTTPS delegation

Abstract

This document defines metadata objects to support delegating the delivery of HTTPS content between two or more interconnected CDNs. Specifically, this document defines CDNI Metadata interface objects to enable delegation of X.509 certificates leveraging delegation schemes defined in RFC9115. RFC 9115 allows delegating entity to remain in full control of the delegation and be able to revoke it any time and avoids the need to share private cryptographic key material between the involved entities.

About This Document

This note is to be removed before publishing as an RFC.

Status information for this document may be found at https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-cdni-interfaces-https-delegation/.

Discussion of this document takes place on the Content Delivery Networks Interconnection Working Group mailing list (mailto:cdni@ietf.org), which is archived at https://mailarchive.ietf.org/arch/browse/cdni/. Subscribe at https://www.ietf.org/mailman/listinfo/cdni/.

Source for this draft and an issue tracker can be found at https://github.com/FredericFi/cdni-wg.

Status of This Memo

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1. Introduction

Content delivery over HTTPS using two or more cooperating Content Delivery Networks (CDNs) along the path requires credential management, specifically when DNS-based redirection is used. In such case an upstream CDN (uCDN) needs to delegate its credentials to a downstream (dCDN) for content delivery.

[RFC9115] defines delegation methods that allow a uCDN on behalf of the content provider, the holder of the domain, to generate ondemand an X.509 certificate that binds the designated domain name with a key-pair owned by the dCDN. For further details, please refer to <u>Section 1</u> of [<u>RFC9115</u>] and <u>Section 5.1.2.1</u> of [<u>RFC9115</u>].

This document defines CDNI Metadata to make use of HTTPS delegation between a uCDN and a dCDN based on the mechanism specified in [RFC9115]]. Furthermore, it adds a delegation method to the "CDNI Payload Types" IANA registry.

<u>Section 1.1</u> defines terminology used in this document. <u>Section 2</u> presents delegation metadata for the FCI interface. <u>Section 3</u> addresses the metadata for handling HTTPS delegation with the Metadata Interface. <u>Section 4</u> addresses IANA registry for delegation methods. <u>Section 5</u> covers the security considerations.

1.1. Terminology

This document uses terminology from CDNI framework documents such as: CDNI framework document [RFC7336], CDNI requirements [RFC7337] and CDNI interface specifications documents: CDNI Metadata interface [RFC8006] and CDNI Footprint and capabilities [RFC8008]. It also uses terminology from Section 1.1 of [RFC8739].

2. Advertising Delegation Metadata for CDNI through FCI

The Footprint and Capabilities interface defined in [RFC8008] allows a dCDN to send a FCI capability type object to a uCDN.

The FCI.Metadata object allows a dCDN to advertise the capabilities regarding the supported delegation methods and their configuration.

The following is an example of the supported delegated methods capability object for a dCDN implementing the ACME delegation method.

3. ACME Delegation Metadata for CDNI

When a uCDN delegates a dCDN to deliver HTTPS traffic using DNS Redirection [RFC7975], the dCDN must use a certificate bound to the origin's name to successfully authenticate to the end-user (see also Section 5.1.2.1 of [RFC9115]).

To that end, this section defines the AcmeDelegationMethod object which describes metadata for using the ACME delegation interface [RFC9115].

The ACMEDelegationMethod applies to both ACME STAR delegation, which provides a delegation model based on short-term certificates with automatic renewal $\underline{\text{Section 2.3.2}}$ of $\underline{\text{[RFC9115]}}$, and non-STAR delegation, which allows delegation between CDNs using long-term certificates $\underline{\text{Section 2.3.3}}$ of $\underline{\text{[RFC9115]}}$.

<u>Figure 1</u> provides a high-level view of the combined CDNI and ACME delegation message flows to obtain STAR certificate bound to the origin's name.

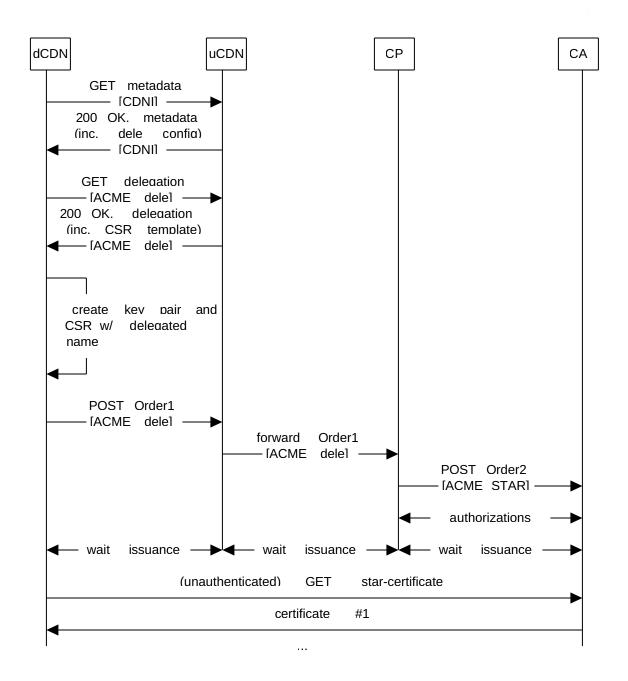


Figure 1: Example call-flow of STAR delegation in CDNI showing 2 levels of delegation

<u>Section 3.1</u> defines the objects used for bootstrapping the ACME delegation method between a uCDN and a delegate dCDN.

3.1. ACMEDelegationMethod Object

The ACMEDelegationMethod object allows a uCDN to both define STAR and non-STAR delegation objects depending on the delegation

certificate validity. The ACMEDelegationMethod object is defined with several properties as shown below.

*Property: ACME-delegation

-Description: a URL pointing at an ACME delegation object, either STAR or non-STAR, associated with the dCDN account on the uCDN ACME server (see <u>Section 2.3.1</u> of [<u>RFC9115</u>] for the details).

-Type: Source object, according to [RFC8006]

-Mandatory-to-Specify: Yes

*Property: TimeWindow

-Description: Validity period of the certificate. According to [RFC8006], TimeWindow is defined by defining "start" time of the window, and "end" time of the window. In case of STAR method, the "start" and "end" properties of the window must be understood respectively as the start-date and end-date of the certificate validity. In case of non-STAR method, the "start" and "end" properties of the window must be understood respectively as the notBefore and notAfter fields of the certificate.

-Type: TimeWindow

-Mandatory-to-Specify: Yes

In the case that the delegation is STAR-based, the following properties are mandatory to specify:

*Property: Lifetime

-Description: See <u>Section 3.1.1</u> of [<u>RFC8739</u>]

-Type: Time, see [RFC8006]

-Mandatory-to-Specify: Yes, only if a STAR delegation method is specified

*Property: Lifetime-adjust

-Description: See <u>Section 3.1.1</u> of [<u>RFC8739</u>]

-Type: Time

-Mandatory-to-Specify: Yes, only if a STAR delegation method is specified

3.2. Examples

```
The following example shows an ACMEDelegationMethod object for a
   STAR-based ACME delegation.
{
  "generic-metadata-type": "MI.ACMEDelegationMethod",
  "generic-metadata-value": {
    "ACME-delegation": "https://acme.ucdn.example/delegation/ogfr",
    "TimeWindow": {
      "start": "2022-10-10T00:00:00Z",
      "end": "2022-10-13T00:00:00Z"
    "Lifetime": 345600,
    "Lifetime-adjust": 259200
 }
}
   The example below shows an ACMEDelegationMethod object for a non-
   STAR ACME delegation.
{
  "generic-metadata-type": "MI.ACMEDelegationMethod",
  "generic-metadata-value": {
    "ACME-delegation": "https://acme.ucdn.example/delegation/wSi5",
    "TimeWindow": {
      "start": "2019-01-10T00:00:00Z",
      "end": "2023-01-20T00:00:00Z"
    }
 }
}
   The following is a complete example showing how a HostMatch
   [RFC8006] and its Metadata related to a host hold associated
   delegation metadata.
     *HostMatch:
  "host": "video.example.com",
  "host-metadata": {
    "type": "MI.HostMetadata",
    "href": "https://metadata.ucdn.example/host1234"
 }
}
```

```
*HostMetadata:
{
  "paths": "/video",
  "metadata": [ // defining here a STAR delegation
   {
      "generic-metadata-type": "MI.ACMEDelegationMethod",
      "generic-metadata-value": {
        "ACME-delegation": "https://acme.ucdn.example/delegation/wSi5",
        "TimeWindow": {
          "start": "2019-01-10T00:00:00Z",
          "end": "2023-01-20T00:00:00Z"
        }
     }
   }
 ]
}
```

4. IANA Considerations

This document requests the registration of the following entry under the "CDNI Payload Types" registry:

Payload Type	Specification
MI.ACMEDelegationMethod	RFCthis

Table 1

RFC Editor: please replace RFCthis with the RFC number of this RFC and remove this note.

4.1. CDNI MI ACMEDelegationMethod Payload Type

Purpose: The purpose of this Payload Type is to distinguish AcmeDelegationMethod MI objects (and any associated capability advertisement)

Interface: MI

Encoding: See Section 3

5. Security considerations

Delegation metadata proposed here do not alter nor change Security Considerations as outlined in the following RFCs: An Automatic Certificate Management Environment (ACME) Profile for Generating Delegated Certificates [RFC9115]; the CDNI Metadata [RFC8006] and CDNI Footprint and Capabilities [RFC8008].

The delegation objects properties such as the list of delegation objects mentioned in <u>Section 3</u> are critical. They should be protected by the proper/mandated encryption and authentication. Please refer to Sections 7.1, 7.2 and 7.4 of [RFC9115].

6. References

6.1. Normative References

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Acknowledgments

We would like to thank authors of the [RFC9115], Antonio Augustin Pastor Perales, Diego Lopez, Thomas Fossati and Yaron Sheffer. Additionally, our gratitude to Thomas Fossati who participated in the drafting, reviewing and giving his feedback in finalizing this document. We also thank CDNI, co-chair Kevin Ma for his continual review and feedback during the development of this document.

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