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Too Many Requests Response Code for the Constrained Application Protocol <u>draft-ietf-core-too-many-reqs-00</u>

Abstract

A Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP) server can experience temporary overload because one or more clients are sending requests to the server at a higher rate than the server is capable or willing to handle. This document defines a new CoAP Response Code for a server to indicate that a client should reduce the rate of requests.

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1. Introduction

The Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP) [<u>RFC7252</u>] Response Codes are used by a CoAP server to indicate the result of the attempt to understand and satisfy a request sent by a client.

CoAP Response Codes are similar to the HTTP [<u>RFC7230</u>] Status Codes and many codes are shared with similar semantics by both CoAP and HTTP. HTTP has the code "429" registered for "Too Many Requests" [<u>RFC6585</u>]. This document registers a CoAP Response Code "4.29" for similar purpose and also defines use of the Max-Age option to indicate when a client can try the request again.

The 4.29 code is similar to the 5.03 "Service Unavailable" [RFC7252] code in a way that the 5.03 code can also be used by a server to signal an overload situation. However the 4.29 code indicates that the too frequent requests from the requesting client are the reason for the overload.

2. Terminology

The key words 'MUST', 'MUST NOT', 'REQUIRED', 'SHALL', 'SHALL NOT', 'SHOULD', 'SHOULD NOT', 'RECOMMENDED', 'MAY', and 'OPTIONAL' in this specification are to be interpreted as described in [<u>RFC2119</u>].

Readers should also be familiar with the terms and concepts discussed in [RFC7252].

3. CoAP Server Behavior

If a CoAP server is unable to serve a client that is sending CoAP request messages more often than the server is capable or willing to handle, the server SHOULD respond to the request(s) with the Response Code 4.29, "Too Many Requests". The Max-Age option is used to

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indicate the number of seconds after which the server assumes it is OK for the client to retry the request.

4. CoAP Client Behavior

If a client receives the 4.29 Response Code from a CoAP server to a request, it SHOULD NOT send the same request to the server before the time indicated in the Max-Age option has passed.

A client MUST NOT rely on a server being able to send the 4.29 Response Code in an overload situation because an overloaded server may not be able to reply to all requests at all.

<u>5</u>. Security Considerations

Replying to CoAP requests with a Response Code consumes resources from a server. For a server under attack it may be more appropriate to simply drop requests without responding.

If a CoAP reply with the Too Many Requests Response Code is not authenticated and integrity protected, an attacker can attempt to spoof a reply and make the client wait for an extended period of time before trying again.

6. IANA Considerations

IANA is requested to register the following Response Code in the "CoRE Parameters Registry", "CoAP Response Codes" sub-registry:

- o Response Code: 4.29
- o Description: Too Many Requests
- o Reference: [[This document]]

7. Acknowledgements

This Response Code definition was originally part of the "Publish-Subscribe Broker for CoAP" document [<u>I-D.ietf-core-coap-pubsub</u>]. Author would like to thank Gyorgy Rethy, Klaus Hartke, and Sandor Katona for their contributions and reviews.

8. References

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8.1. Normative References

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- [RFC7252] Shelby, Z., Hartke, K., and C. Bormann, "The Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP)", <u>RFC 7252</u>, DOI 10.17487/ <u>RFC7252</u>, June 2014, <<u>https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/</u> <u>rfc7252</u>>.

8.2. Informative References

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