

Network Working Group  
Internet-Draft  
Intended status: Informational  
Expires: September 21, 2016

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March 20, 2016

Using EdDSA with Ed25519/Ed448 in the Internet X.509 Public Key  
Infrastructure  
draft-ietf-curdle-pkix-eddsa-00

## Abstract

This document specifies algorithm identifiers and ASN.1 encoding formats for EdDSA digital signatures and subject public keys used in the Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure (PKIX) for Certificates and CRLs. Parameters for Ed25519, Ed25519ph, Ed448, and Ed448ph are defined.

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## [1.](#) Introduction

In [[I-D.irtf-cfrg-eddsa](#)] the elliptic curve signature system EdDSA is described and recommended choice of curves Ed25519/Ed448 are chosen. For each curve, two modes are defined, the PureEdDSA mode without pre-hashing (Ed25519 and Ed448), and the HashEdDSA mode with pre-hashing (Ed25519ph and Ed448ph).

This RFC defines ASN.1 object identifiers for EdDSA for use in the Internet X.509 PKI [[RFC5280](#)], and parameters for Ed25519, Ed25519ph, Ed448 and Ed448ph. This document serves a similar role as [[RFC3279](#)] does for RSA (and more), [[RFC4055](#)] for RSA-OAEP/PSS, and [[RFC5758](#)] for SHA2-based (EC)DSA.

## [2.](#) Requirements Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

### 3. Subject Public Key Information Fields

In the X.509 certificate, the `subjectPublicKeyInfo` field has the `SubjectPublicKeyInfo` type, which has the following ASN.1 syntax:

```
SubjectPublicKeyInfo ::= SEQUENCE {
    algorithm      AlgorithmIdentifier,
    subjectPublicKey BIT STRING
}
```

The fields in `SubjectPublicKeyInfo` have the following meanings:

- o `algorithm` is the algorithm identifier and parameters for the public key (see below).
- o `subjectPublicKey` is the EdDSA public key.

The `AlgorithmIdentifier` type, which is included for convenience, is defined as follows:

```
AlgorithmIdentifier ::= SEQUENCE {
    algorithm  OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    parameters ANY DEFINED BY algorithm OPTIONAL
}
```

The fields in `AlgorithmIdentifier` have the following meanings:

- o `algorithm` identifies the cryptographic algorithm with an object identifier. This is the EdDSA OID defined below.
- o `parameters`, which are optional, are the associated parameters for the algorithm identifier in the algorithm field.

### 4. EdDSA Public Keys

Certificates conforming to [\[RFC5280\]](#) may convey a public key for any

public key algorithm. The certificate indicates the algorithm through an algorithm identifier. This algorithm identifier is an OID and optionally associated parameters.

This section identify the OID and parameters for the EdDSA algorithm. Conforming CAs MUST use the identified OIDs when issuing certificates containing EdDSA public keys. Conforming applications supporting EdDSA MUST, at a minimum, recognize the OID identified in this section.

The id-EdDSAPublicKey OID is used for identifying EdDSA public keys.

id-EdDSAPublicKey OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 1 3 101 100 }

The id-EdDSAPublicKey OID is intended to be used in the algorithm field of a value of type AlgorithmIdentifier.

EdDSA public keys use the parameter field to specify the particular instantiation of EdDSA parameters. The parameters field have the ASN.1 type EdDSAParameters as follows.

```
EdDSAParameters ::= ENUMERATED { ed25519 (1),
                                   ed25519ph (2) }
                                   ed448 (3) }
                                   ed448ph (4) }
```

The EdDSAParameters enumeration may be extended in the future.

The "ed25519" and "ed448" values correspond to the PureEdDSA variants, and the "ed25519ph" and "ed448ph" values correspond to the HashEdDSA variants, as discussed in [[I-D.irtf-cfrg-eddsa](#)].

The raw binary EdDSA public key is encoded directly in the subjectPublicKey BIT STRING object. Note that unlike some other schemes, there is no additional OCTET STRING encoding step.

## 5. Key Usage Bits

The intended application for the key MAY be indicated in the keyUsage certificate extension.

If the keyUsage extension is present in an end-entity certificate that conveys an EdDSA public key with the id-EdDSAPublicKey object identifier, then the keyUsage extension MUST contain one or both of the following values:

```
nonRepudiation; and
digitalSignature.
```

If the keyUsage extension is present in a certification authority certificate that conveys an EdDSA public key with the id-EdDSAPublicKey object identifier, then the keyUsage extension MUST contain one or more of the following values:

```
nonRepudiation;
digitalSignature;
keyCertSign; and
cRLSign.
```

## [6.](#) EdDSA Signatures

Certificates and CRLs conforming to [\[RFC5280\]](#) may be signed with any public key signature algorithm. The certificate or CRL indicates the algorithm through an algorithm identifier which appears in the signatureAlgorithm field within the Certificate or CertificateList. This algorithm identifier is an OID and has optionally associated parameters. For illustration the Certificate structure is reproduced here:

```
Certificate ::= SEQUENCE {
    tbsCertificate      TBSCertificate,
    signatureAlgorithm  AlgorithmIdentifier,
    signatureValue      BIT STRING  }
```

Recall the definition of the AlgorithmIdentifier type:

```
AlgorithmIdentifier ::= SEQUENCE {
    algorithm  OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    parameters ANY DEFINED BY algorithm OPTIONAL
}
```

This document identify an AlgorithmIdentifier OID for EdDSA signatures. No parameters are defined. The EdDSA parameters follow from the public-key parameters.

The data to be signed is prepared for EdDSA. Then, a private key operation is performed to generate the signature value. This value is the opaque value ENC(R) || ENC(S) described in section 3.3 of [I-D.irtf-cfrg-eddsa]. This signature value is then ASN.1 encoded as a BIT STRING and included in the Certificate or CertificateList in the signatureValue field.

The id-EdDSASignature OID is used for identifying EdDSA signatures.

```
id-EdDSASignature OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 1 3 101 101 }
```

The id-EdDSASignature OID is intended to be used in the algorithm field of a value of type AlgorithmIdentifier. The parameters field MUST be absent. To further clarify how to encode the parameters field, due to historical misunderstandings in this area, it MUST NOT have an ASN.1 type NULL.

## 7. Human Readable Algorithm Names

For the purpose of consistent cross-implementation naming this section establish human readable names for the algorithms specified in this document. Implementations SHOULD use these names when

referring to the algorithms. If there is a strong reason to deviate from these names -- for example, if the implementation has a different naming convention and wants to maintain internal consistency -- it is encouraged to deviate as little as possible from the names given here.

Use the string "EdDSA" when referring to a public key or signature when the parameter set is not known or relevant.

When the EdDSAParameters value is known, use a more specific string. For the ed25519(1) value use the string "Ed25519". For the ed25519ph(2) value use the string "Ed25519ph". For ed448(3) use "Ed448". For ed448ph(4) use "Ed448ph".

## 8. Examples

This section contains illustrations of EdDSA public keys and certificates, illustrating parameter choices.

### [8.1.](#) Example Ed25519ph Public Key

An example of a Ed25519ph public key:

Public Key Information:

Public Key Algorithm: EdDSA  
Algorithm Security Level: High  
Parameters: Ed25519ph

Public Key Usage:

Public Key ID: 9b1f5eeded043385e4f7bc623c5975b90bc8bb3b

-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY-----

MC0wCAYDK2VkcGECAYEAGb9ECWmEzF6FQbrBZ9w7lshQhqowtrbLDFw4rXAxZuE=

-----END PUBLIC KEY-----

### [8.2.](#) Example Ed25519ph Certificate

An example of a PKIX certificate using Ed25519ph would be:

X.509 Certificate Information:

Version: 3  
Serial Number (hex): 5601474a2a8dc326  
Issuer: CN=Test Ed25519ph certificate  
Validity:  
Not Before: Tue Sep 22 12:19:24 UTC 2015  
Not After: Fri Dec 31 23:59:59 UTC 9999  
Subject: CN=Test Ed25519ph certificate

Subject Public Key Algorithm: Ed25519ph

Algorithm Security Level: High

Extensions:

Basic Constraints (critical):

Certificate Authority (CA): FALSE

Key Usage (critical):

Digital signature.

Subject Key Identifier (not critical):





An example of a Ed25519ph private key:

Public Key Info:

Public Key Algorithm: EdDSA

Key Security Level: High

parameters: Ed25519ph

private key:

d4:ee:72:db:f9:13:58:4a:d5:b6:d8:f1:f7:69:f8:ad

3a:fe:7c:28:cb:f1:d4:fb:e0:97:a8:8f:44:75:58:42

x:

19:bf:44:09:69:84:cd:fe:85:41:ba:c1:67:dc:3b:96

c8:50:86:aa:30:b6:b6:cb:0c:5c:38:ad:70:31:66:e1

Public Key ID: 9B:1F:5E:ED:ED:04:33:85:E4:F7:BC:62:3C:59:75:B9:0B:C8:BB:3

Public key's random art:

+---[Ed25519ph]---+

```
|          . |
|          o ..|
|          o.=|
|         . . +=|
|        S o .+oo|
|         o o.++o|
|        o ...*.o.|
|         o Eo.oo |
|         ooo ..o|
+-----+
```

-----BEGIN EDDSA PRIVATE KEY-----

MCUKAQEEINTuctv5E1hK1bbY8fdp+K06/nwoy/HU++CXqI9EdVhC

-----END EdDSA PRIVATE KEY-----

## 9. Acknowledgements

Text and/or inspiration were drawn from [[RFC5280](#)], [[RFC3279](#)], [[RFC4055](#)], [[RFC5480](#)], and [[RFC5639](#)].

The following people discussed the document and provided feedback:

Klaus Hartke, Ilari Liusvaara, Erwann Abalea, Rick Andrews, Rob Stradling, James Manger.

A big thank you to Symantec for kindly donating the OIDs used in this draft.

## [10.](#) IANA Considerations

None.

## [11.](#) Security Considerations

The security considerations of [[RFC5280](#)] and [[I-D.irtf-cfrg-eddsa](#)] apply accordingly.

A common misconception may be that a Ed25519 public key can be used to create Ed25519ph signatures, or vice versa. This leads to cross-key attacks, and is not permitted.

## [12.](#) References

### [12.1.](#) Normative References

[[I-D.irtf-cfrg-eddsa](#)]

Josefsson, S. and I. Liusvaara, "Edwards-curve Digital Signature Algorithm (EdDSA)", [draft-irtf-cfrg-eddsa-00](#) (work in progress), October 2015.

[[RFC2119](#)] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 2119](#), March 1997.

[[RFC5280](#)] Cooper, D., Santesson, S., Farrell, S., Boeyen, S., Housley, R., and W. Polk, "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile", [RFC 5280](#), May 2008.

### [12.2.](#) Informative References

[[RFC3279](#)] Bassham, L., Polk, W., and R. Housley, "Algorithms and Identifiers for the Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile", [RFC 3279](#), April 2002.

[[RFC4055](#)] Schaad, J., Kaliski, B., and R. Housley, "Additional Algorithms and Identifiers for RSA Cryptography for use in the Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile", [RFC 4055](#), June 2005.

[[RFC5480](#)] Turner, S., Brown, D., Yiu, K., Housley, R., and T. Polk, "Elliptic Curve Cryptography Subject Public Key Information", [RFC 5480](#), March 2009.

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- [RFC5639] Lochter, M. and J. Merkle, "Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) Brainpool Standard Curves and Curve Generation", [RFC 5639](#), March 2010.
- [RFC5758] Dang, Q., Santesson, S., Moriarty, K., Brown, D., and T. Polk, "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure: Additional Algorithms and Identifiers for DSA and ECDSA", [RFC 5758](#), January 2010.

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