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DSTM Options for DHCP
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Abstract

The DSTM Global IPv4 Address option and the DSTM Tunnel Endpoint Option provide DSTM (Dual Stack Transition Mechanism) configuration information to DHCPv6 hosts.

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1. Introduction

This document describes two options for DHCPv6 [2] that provide information for hosts using the "Dual Stack Transition Mechanism" (DSTM) [3].

2. Requirements

The keywords MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHALL, SHALL NOT, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, RECOMMENDED, MAY, and OPTIONAL, when they appear in this document, are to be interpreted as described in RFC2119 [1].

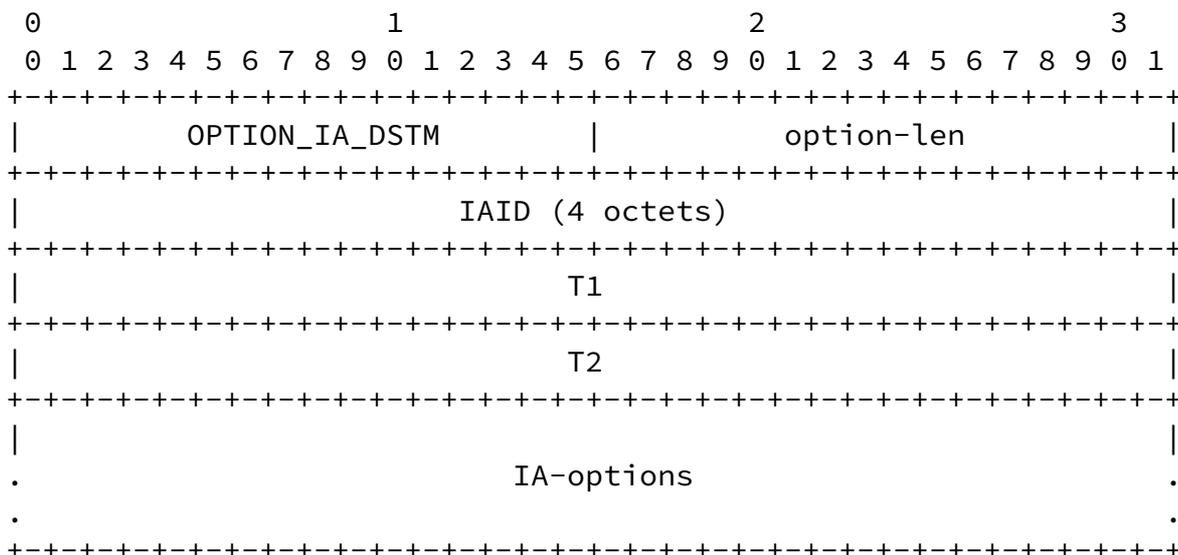
3. Terminology

This document uses terminology specific to IPv6 and DHCPv6 as defined in section "Terminology" of the DHCPv6 specification.

4. Identity Association for DSTM Global IPv4 Addresses

The Identity Association for DSTM Global IPv4 Addresses (IA_DSTM) option is used to carry an IA, the parameters associated with the IA and the addresses associated with the IA. All of the addresses in this option are used by the client as DSTM Global IPv4 Addresses [3].

The format of the IA_DSTM option is:



option-code: OPTION_IA_DSTM (TBD)

option-len: 12 + length of IA-options field

IAID: The unique identifier for this IA; the IAID must be unique among the identifiers for all of this client's IAs

T1: The time at which the client contacts the server from which the addresses in the IA were obtained to extend the lifetimes of the addresses assigned to the IA; T1 is a time duration relative to the current time expressed in units of seconds

T2: The time at which the client contacts any available server to extend the lifetimes of the addresses assigned to the IA; T2 is a time duration relative to the current time expressed in units of seconds

IA-options: Options associated with this IA.

The IA-options field encapsulates those options that are specific to this IA. For example, all of the Address Options carrying the addresses associated with this IA are in the IA-options field.

An IA_DSTM option may only appear in the options area of a DHCP message. A DHCP message may contain multiple IA_DSTM options.

The status of any operations involving this IA is indicated in a Status Code option in the IA-options field.

Note that an IA has no explicit "lifetime" or "lease length" of its own. When the lifetimes of all of the addresses in an IA have expired, the IA can be considered as having expired. T1 and T2 are included to give servers explicit control over when a client recontacts the server about a specific IA.

In a message sent by a client to a server, values in the T1 and T2 fields indicate the client's preference for those parameters. The client may send 0 if it has no preference for T1 and T2. In a message sent by a server to a client, the client MUST use the values in the T1 and T2 fields for the T1 and T2 parameters. The values in the T1 and T2 fields are the number of seconds until T1 and T2.

tep: Tunnel endpoint

A DSTM Tunnel EndPoint Option MUST NOT be used except when encapsulated in an IA_DSTM option.

[6.](#) Appearance of these options

The IA_DSTM option may appear in the same messages as the IA option and the IA_TA option [[2](#)].

A server may send a Reconfigure with an IA_DSTM option number in the Option Request option (see sections [19](#) and [22.7](#) of the DHCP specification [[2](#)]) to request that the client send a IA_DSTM option, with an IAID, in the Renew message the client subsequently sends to the server.

The DSTM Tunnel Endpoint option MUST only appear as an encapsulated option in an IA_DSTM option.

[7.](#) Security Considerations

The DSTM Global IPv4 Address option may be used by an intruder DHCP server to assign an invalid IPv4-mapped address to a DHCPv6 client in a denial of service attack. The DSTM Tunnel Endpoint option may be used by an intruder DHCP server to configure a DHCPv6 client with an endpoint that would cause the client to route packets through an intruder system.

To avoid these security hazards, a DHCPv6 client MUST use authenticated DHCPv6 to confirm that it is exchanging the DSTM options with an authorized DHCPv6 server.

[8.](#) IANA Considerations

IANA is requested to assign an option code to this option from the option-code space defined in section "DHCPv6 Options" of the DHCPv6 specification [[2](#)].

References

- [1] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 2119](#), March 1997.
- [2] Bound, J., Carney, M., Perkins, C., Lemon, T., Volz, B. and R. Droms (ed.), "Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6)", [draft-ietf-dhc-dhcpv6](#) (work in progress), April 2002.
- [3] Bound, J., "Dual Stack Transition Mechanism (DSTM)", [draft-ietf-ngtrans-dstm](#) (work in progress), November 2001.
- [4] Hinden, R. and S. Deering, "IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture", [RFC 2373](#), July 1998.

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