DHC Working Group Internet-Draft Intended status: Standards Track Expires: June 2, 2013 L. Yeh Huawei Technologies M. Boucadair France Telecom T. Lemon Nominum, Inc November 29, 2012

# RADIUS Option for DHCPv6 Relay Agents on Broadband Access Server draft-ietf-dhc-dhcpv6-radius-opt-05

### Abstract

The DHCPv6 RADIUS option provides a mechanism to exchange authorization and identification information between relay agent and server. This mechanism is meant for the centralized DHCPv6 server to select the right configuration for the requesting client based on the authorization information received from the RADIUS server, which is not co-located with the DHCPv6 server. The Network Access Server (NAS) acts as DHCPv6 relay agent and RADIUS client simultaneously in this document.

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## 1. Introduction

DHCPv6 provides a mechanism that allows the server to assign or delegate both stateful and stateless configuration parameters to the clients. The stateful configuration parameters include IPv6 address [RFC3315], IPv6 prefix [RFC3633], etc. The stateless configuration parameters [RFC3736] include, for example, DNS [RFC3646], or a FQDN of AFTR [RFC6334]. In this document, the DHCPv6 server is deployed in the central part of an ISP network.

RADIUS [RFC2865] is widely used as the centralized authentication, authorization and user management mechanism for the service provision in Broadband access network. [RFC3162], [RFC4818], [RFC6519] and [I-D.ietf-radext-ipv6-access] specified attributes that support the service provision for IPv6-only and IPv6-transition access. RADIUS server authorizes the Network Access Server (NAS) to assign an IPv6 address or prefix from the indicated pool, or to assign an IPv6 address or prefix with an explicitly indicated value, and other configuration parameters as per the attributes for the subscribers.

These mechanisms work well in the deployment scenarios where the NAS acts as the distributed DHCPv6 server. In that case the NAS directly responds the DHCPv6 messages as per the indication conveyed by the attributes in the Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server. These mechanisms might also work well in the scenario where the centralized DHCPv6 server is co-located with the RADIUS server, where they can share the same database of the users. But when the NAS acts as the relay agent and RADIUS client simultaneously, and the centralized DHCPv6 server is not located in the same place as the RADIUS server, a new communication mechanism is needed for the relay agent to transfer the authorization information indicated by the RADIUS attributes to the DHCPv6 server.

## **2**. Terminology and Language

This document specifies a DHCPv6 option for the distributed Relay Agent to transfer the authorization information of RADIUS attributes received in the Access-Accept message to the centralized DHCPv6 server. Definitions for terms and acronyms not specified in this document are defined in [<u>RFC2865</u>] and [<u>RFC3315</u>].

The keywords MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHALL, SHALL NOT, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, RECOMMENDED, MAY, and OPTIONAL, when they appear in this document, are to be interpreted as described in <u>BCP 14</u>, [<u>RFC2119</u>].

### <u>3</u>. Network Scenarios

Figure 1 and Figure 2 shows the typical network scenarios where the communication mechanism introduced in this document is necessary. In these scenarios, the centralized DHCPv6 server is not co-located with the RADIUS server, but both of them are in the same administrative domain. The NAS acts as the relay agent and the RADIUS client simultaneously. Figure 1 shows the sequence of DHCPv6 and RADIUS messages for IPoE access mode. Figure 2 shows the sequence of DHCPv6 and RADIUS messages for PPPoE access mode.

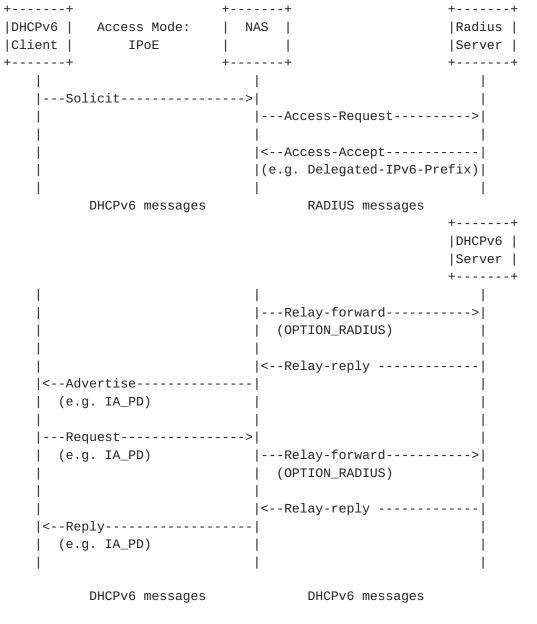
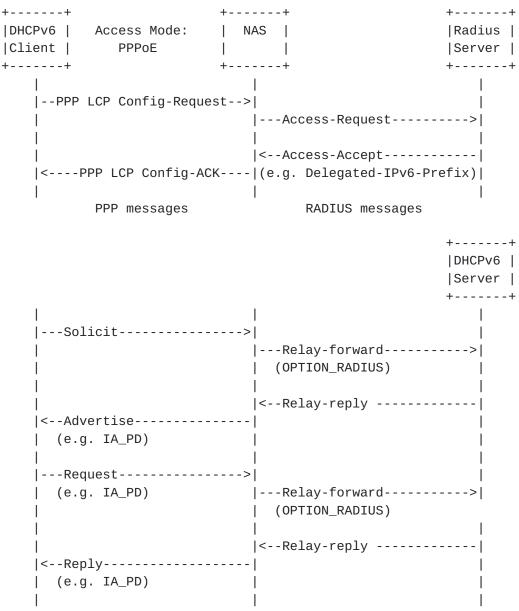


Figure 1: Network scenario and message sequence when employing DHCPv6 RADIUS option in IPoE access

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DHCPv6 messages DHCPv6 messages

Figure 2: Network scenario and message sequence when employing DHCPv6 RADIUS option in PPPoE access

If the authentication or the authorization through RADIUS fails, the associated message sequences will stop. The NAS acting as the DHCPv6 relay agent will not forward the message received from the client to the server. After receiving RENEW (5) message from the DHCPv6 client, the NAS does not have to initiate a new Access-Request/ Access-Accept message exchange with the RADIUS server; but after receiving REBIND (6) message from the DHCPv6 client, the NAS has to initiate a new Access-Request/Access-Accept message exchange with the RADIUS server.

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#### 4. DHCPv6 RADIUS option

The OPTION\_RADIUS is a stateless DHCPv6 option, and is used by the relay agent to carry the authorization information of RADIUS attributes received in the Access-Accept message.

The format of the OPTION\_RADIUS option is defined as follows:

option-code	TBD
option-len	Length of the option-data in octets
option-data	List of one or more RADIUS Attributes

The option-data of OPTION\_RADIUS is a list of one or more RADIUS attributes received in the Access-Accept message from the RADIUS server. Only the attributes listed in the IANA Registry of 'RADIUS Attributes Permitted in the DHCPv6 RADIUS option' SHOULD be included in the OPTION\_RADIUS.

The RADIUS attributes listed in the below table are recommended as the first batch of attributes in the IANA Registry of 'RADIUS Attributes Permitted in the DHCPv6 RADIUS option'. New RADIUS attributes MAY be added to this list after the IETF Expert Review [RFC5226].

Type Code	Attribute	Reference
26	Vendor-Specific	[ <u>RFC2865</u> ]
123	Delegated-IPv6-Prefix	[ <u>RFC4818]</u>
144	DS-Lite-Tunnel-Name	[ <u>RFC6519</u> ]
[TBD]	Framed-IPv6-Address	<pre>[I-D.ietf-radext-ipv6-access]</pre>
[TBD]	Stateful-IPv6-Address-Pool	<pre>[I-D.ietf-radext-ipv6-access]</pre>
[TBD]	Delegated-IPv6-Prefix-Pool	<pre>[I-D.ietf-radext-ipv6-access]</pre>
[TBD]	DNS-Server-IPv6-Address	<pre>[I-D.ietf-radext-ipv6-access]</pre>

Note: The definition of the RADIUS attribute's 'Length' field in <u>section 5 of [RFC2865]</u> includes the length of 'Type' and 'Length' fields.

#### 5. Relay Agent Behavior

The DHCPv6 relay agent MAY include OPTION\_RADIUS in the RELAY-FORW (12) message. When the value in the attributes of Stateful-IPv6-Address-Pool, Delegated-IPv6-Prefix-Pool, Delegated-IPv6-Prefix (123) or Framed-IPv6-Address in the Access-Accept message replied from RADIUS server are valid, the relay agent that supports OPTION\_RADIUS SHOULD include these RADIUS attributes into the container option, OPTION\_RADIUS.

# <u>6</u>. Server Behavior

Upon receipt of the RELAY-FORW (12) message with OPTION\_RADIUS from a relay agent, the DHCPv6 server SHOULD extract and interpret the RADIUS attributes in the OPTION\_RADIUS, and use that information in selecting configuration parameters for the requesting client. If the DHCPv6 server does not support OPTION\_RADIUS, the DHCPv6 server MUST silently discard this option.

#### 7. Client Behavior

OPTION\_RADIUS is only exchanged between the relay agents and the servers. DHCPv6 clients are not aware of the usage of OPTION\_RADIUS. DHCPv6 client MUST NOT send OPTION\_RADIUS, and MUST ignore OPTION\_RADIUS if received.

#### 8. Security Considerations

Known security vulnerabilities of the DHCPv6 and RADIUS protocol MAY apply to its options. Security issues related with DHCPv6 are described in <u>section 23 of [RFC3315]</u>. Security issues related with RADIUS are described in <u>section 8 of [RFC2865]</u>, <u>section 5 of [RFC3162]</u>.

### 9. IANA Considerations

This document requests to assign a new DHCPv6 option code for OPTION\_RADIUS, and to create a new registry on the same assignment page, which can be entitled as 'RADIUS Attributes Permitted in the DHCPv6 RADIUS option'. The new registry will enumerate the RADIUS Attributes Types

(<u>http://www.iana.org/assignments/radius-types/radius-types.xml</u>) that are permitted to be included in the DHCPv6 RADIUS option. New RADIUS attributes MAY be added to this list after the IETF Expert Review

[RFC5226]. The IETF expert review SHOULD include careful consideration of the security implications of allowing the relay agent to include the RADIUS attribute being considered for addition to this registry.

### <u>10</u>. Acknowledgements

Thanks to Tomek Mrugalski, Bernie Volz, Gaurav Halwasia and Roberta Maglione for their thorough review comments in the mailing list of DHC working group.

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