YANG Data Model for DHCPv6 Configuration
draft-ietf-dhc-dhcpv6-yang-25

Abstract

This document describes YANG data modules for the configuration and management of DHCPv6 (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 RFC8415) servers, relays, and clients.

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1. Introduction

DHCPv6 [RFC8415] is used for supplying configuration and other relevant parameters to clients in IPv6 networks. This document defines YANG [RFC7950] modules for the configuration and management...
of DHCPv6 'element' (servers, relays, and clients) using the Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF [RFC6241]) or RESTCONF [RFC8040] protocols.

Separate modules are defined for each element. Additionally, a 'common' module contains typedefs and groupings used by all of the element modules. Appendix A provides XML examples for each of the element modules and shows their interaction.

The relay and client modules provide configuration which is applicable to devices' interfaces. This is done by importing the ietf-interfaces module [RFC8343] and using interface-refs to the relevant interface(s).

It is worth noting that as DHCPv6 is itself a client configuration protocol, it is not the intention of this document to provide a replacement for the allocation of DHCPv6 assigned addressing and parameters by using NETCONF/YANG. The DHCPv6 client module is intended for the configuration and monitoring of the DHCPv6 client function and does not replace DHCPv6 address and parameter configuration.

The YANG modules in this document adopt the Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA) [RFC8342].

1.1. Scope

[RFC8415] describes the current version of the DHCPv6 base protocol specification. A large number of additional specifications have also been published, extending DHCPv6 element functionality and adding new options. The YANG modules contained in this document do not attempt to capture all of these extensions and additions, rather to model the DHCPv6 functions and options covered in [RFC8415]. A focus has also been given on the extensibility of the modules so that they are easy to augment to add additional functionality as required by a particular implementation or deployment scenario.

1.2. Extensibility of the DHCPv6 Server YANG Module

The modules in this document only attempt to model DHCPv6-specific
behavior and do not cover the configuration and management of functionality relevant for specific server implementations. The level of variance between implementations is too great to attempt to standardize them in a way that is useful without being restrictive.

However, it is recognized that implementation-specific configuration and management is also an essential part of DHCP deployment and operations. To resolve this, Appendix C contains an example YANG module for the configuration of implementation-specific functions, illustrating how this functionality can be augmented into the main 'ietf-dhcpv6-server.yang' module.

In DHCPv6, the concept of 'class selection' for messages received by the server is common. This is the identification and classification of messages based on a number of parameters so that the correct provisioning information can be supplied. For example, allocating a prefix from the correct pool, or supplying a set of options relevant for a specific vendor's client implementation. During the development of this document, implementations were researched and the findings were that while this function is common to all, the method for configuring and implementing this function differs greatly. Therefore, configuration of the class selection function has been omitted from the DHCPv6 server module to allow implementors to define their own suitable YANG modules. Appendix D provides an example of this, to demonstrate how this can be integrated with the main 'ietf-dhcpv6-server.yang' module.

1.2.1. DHCPv6 Option Definitions

A large number of DHCPv6 options have been created in addition to those defined in [RFC8415]. As implementations differ widely as to which DHCPv6 options they support, the following approach has been taken to defining options: Only the DHCPv6 options defined in [RFC8415] are included in this document.

Of these, only the options that require operator configuration are modeled. For example, OPTION_IA_NA (3) is created by the DHCP server when requested by the client. The contents of the fields in the option are based on a number of input configuration parameters which the server will apply when it receives the request (e.g., the T1/T2 timers that are relevant for the pool of addresses). As a result,
there are no fields that are directly configurable for the option, so
it is not modeled.

The following table shows the DHCPv6 options that are modeled, the
element(s) they are modeled for, and the relevant YANG module name:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Server</th>
<th>Relay</th>
<th>Client</th>
<th>Module Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_ORO (6) Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-client.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Request Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_PREFERENCE (7)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-server.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preference Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_AUTH (11)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-common.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authentication Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_UNICAST (12)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-server.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Unicast Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_RAPID_COMMIT (14)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-common.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rapid Commit Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_USER_CLASS (15)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-client.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Class Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_VENDOR_CLASS (16)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-client.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor Class Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_VENDOR_OPTS (17)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-common.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor-specific Information</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTION_INTERFACE_ID (18)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>ietf-dhcpv6-relay.yang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interface-Id Option</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 1: Modeled DHCPv6 Options

Further options definitions can be added using additional YANG modules via augmentation of the relevant element modules from this document. Appendix B contains an example module showing how the DHCPv6 option definitions can be extended in this manner. Some guidance on how to write YANG modules for additional DHCPv6 options is also provided.

1.3. Terminology

The reader should be familiar with the YANG data modeling language defined in [RFC7950].

The YANG modules in this document adopt the Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA) [RFC8342]. The meanings of the symbols used in tree diagrams are defined in [RFC8340].
The reader should be familiar with DHCPv6 relevant terminology as defined in [RFC8415] and other relevant documents.

2. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

3. DHCPv6 Tree Diagrams

3.1. DHCPv6 Server Tree Diagram

The tree diagram in Figure 1 provides an overview of the DHCPv6 server module. The tree also includes the common functions module defined in Section 4.1.

module: ietf-dhcpv6-server
  ---rw dhcpv6-server
    ---rw enabled?   boolean
    ---rw server-duid?   dhc6:duid
    ---rw vendor-config
    ---rw option-sets
      |  ---rw option-set* [option-set-id]
      |    ---rw option-set-id        string
      |    ---rw description?        string
      |    ---rw preference-option
      |       |  ---rw pref-value?   uint8
      |    ---rw auth-option
      |       |  ---rw algorithm?   uint8
      |  ---rw rdm?
      |  ---rw replay-detection?
      |  ---rw (protocol)?
      |    ---:(conf-token)
      |    |  ---rw token-auth-information?   binary
      |    ---:(rkap)
      |    |  ---rw datatype?   uint8
      |    |  ---rw auth-info-value?   binary
++rw server-unicast-option
  +++rw server-address? inet:ipv6-address
++rw rapid-commit-option!
++rw vendor-specific-information-options
  +++rw vendor-specific-information-option*
    [enterprise-number]
    +++rw enterprise-number uint32
    +++rw vendor-option-data* [sub-option-code]
      +++rw sub-option-code uint16
      +++rw sub-option-data? binary
++rw reconfigure-message-option
  +++rw msg-type? uint8
++rw reconfigure-accept-option!
++rw info-refresh-time-option
  +++rw info-refresh-time? dhc6:timer-seconds32
++rw sol-max-rt-option
  +++rw sol-max-rt-value? dhc6:timer-seconds32
++rw inf-max-rt-option
  +++rw inf-max-rt-value? dhc6:timer-seconds32
++rw class-selector
++rw allocation-ranges
  +++rw option-set-id* leafref
++rw valid-lifetime? dhc6:timer-seconds32
++rw renew-time? dhc6:timer-seconds32
++rw rebind-time? dhc6:timer-seconds32
++rw preferred-lifetime? dhc6:timer-seconds32
++rw rapid-commit? boolean
++rw allocation-range* [id]
  +++rw id string
  +++rw description? string
  +++rw network-prefix inet:ipv6-prefix
  +++rw option-set-id* leafref
  +++rw valid-lifetime? dhc6:timer-seconds32
  +++rw renew-time? dhc6:timer-seconds32
  +++rw rebind-time? dhc6:timer-seconds32
  +++rw preferred-lifetime? dhc6:timer-seconds32
  +++rw rapid-commit? boolean
  +++rw address-pools {na-assignment}?
    +++rw address-pool* [pool-id]
    | | +++rw pool-id string
    | | +++rw pool-prefix
inet:ipv6-prefix
  start-address
    inet:ipv6-address-no-zone
  end-address
    inet:ipv6-address-no-zone
  max-address-utilization?
    dhc6:threshold
  option-set-id*                     leafref
  valid-lifetime?
    dhc6:timer-seconds32
  renew-time?
    dhc6:timer-seconds32
  rebind-time?
    dhc6:timer-seconds32
  preferred-lifetime?
    dhc6:timer-seconds32
  rapid-commit?                      boolean
  host-reservations
    host-reservation* [reserved-addr]
      client-duid?               dhc6:duid
      reserved-addr
        inet:ipv6-address
      option-set-id*                      leafref
      valid-lifetime?
        dhc6:timer-seconds32
      renew-time?
        dhc6:timer-seconds32
      rebind-time?
        dhc6:timer-seconds32
      preferred-lifetime?
        dhc6:timer-seconds32
      rapid-commit?                     boolean
  active-leases
    total-count        uint64
    allocated-count    uint64
    active-lease* [leased-address]
      leased-address
        inet:ipv6-address
      client-duid?               dhc6:duid
      ia-id                      uint32
      allocation-time?
        yang:date-and-time
      last-renew-rebind?
        yang:date-and-time
      preferred-lifetime?
        dhc6:timer-seconds32
      valid-lifetime?
        dhc6:timer-seconds32
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---ro lease-t1?
|   |   dhc6:timer-seconds32
---ro lease-t2?
|   |   dhc6:timer-seconds32
---ro status
|   |   ---ro code?   uint16
|   |   ---ro message?  string
---rw prefix-pools {prefix-delegation}?
  ---rw prefix-pool* [pool-id]
    ---rw pool-id           string
    ---rw pool-prefix
      |      inet:ipv6-prefix
    ---rw client-prefix-length     uint8
    ---rw max-pd-space-utilization?  dhc6:threshold
    ---rw option-set-id*    leafref
    ---rw valid-lifetime?
      |      dhc6:timer-seconds32
    ---rw renew-time?
      |      dhc6:timer-seconds32
    ---rw rebind-time?
      |      dhc6:timer-seconds32
    ---rw preferred-lifetime?
      |      dhc6:timer-seconds32
    ---rw rapid-commit?       boolean
  ---rw host-reservations
    |    ---rw prefix-reservation* [reserved-prefix]
    |       ---rw client-duid?   dhc6:duid
    |       ---rw reserved-prefix
    |         |      inet:ipv6-prefix
    |       ---rw reserved-prefix-len?   uint8
    |       ---rw option-set-id*    leafref
    |       ---rw valid-lifetime?
    |         |      dhc6:timer-seconds32
    |       ---rw renew-time?
    |         |      dhc6:timer-seconds32
    |       ---rw rebind-time?
    |         |      dhc6:timer-seconds32
    |       ---rw preferred-lifetime?
    |         |      dhc6:timer-seconds32
    |       ---rw rapid-commit?       boolean
  ---ro active-leases
    ---ro total-count    uint64
    ---ro allocated-count  uint64
    ---ro active-lease* [leased-prefix]
      |    ---ro leased-prefix
      |      inet:ipv6-prefix
++-ro allocation-time?
|    |    yang:date-and-time
++-ro last-renew-rebind?
|    |    yang:date-and-time
++-ro preferred-lifetime?
|    |    dhc6:timer-seconds32
++-ro valid-lifetime?
|    |    dhc6:timer-seconds32
++-ro lease-t1?
|    |    dhc6:timer-seconds32
++-ro lease-t2?
|    |    dhc6:timer-seconds32
++-ro status
|    |    +--ro code?       uint16
|    |    +--ro message?   string
++-rw statistics
|    +--ro solicit-count?   yang:counter32
|    +--ro advertise-count? yang:counter32
|    +--ro request-count?   yang:counter32
|    +--ro confirm-count?   yang:counter32
|    +--ro renew-count?     yang:counter32
|    +--ro rebind-count?    yang:counter32
|    +--ro reply-count?     yang:counter32
|    +--ro release-count?   yang:counter32
|    +--ro decline-count?   yang:counter32
|    +--ro reconfigure-count? yang:counter32
++-ro information-request-count? yang:counter32
++-ro discarded-message-count? yang:counter32
rpces:
   +---x delete-address-lease {na-assignment}?
|    +---w input
|    |    |    +---w lease-address-to-delete  leafref
|    +---ro output
|    |    +--ro return-message?  string
   +---x delete-prefix-lease {prefix-delegation}?
    +---w input
    |    |    +---w lease-prefix-to-delete  leafref
---ro output
---ro return-message?  string

notifications:
   +--n address-pool-utilization-threshold-exceeded
      |       {na-assignment}?
      |  +--ro pool-id                   leafref
      |  +--ro total-pool-addresses      uint64
      |  +--ro max-allocated-addresses   uint64

   +--n prefix-pool-utilization-threshold-exceeded
      |       {prefix-delegation}?
      |  +--ro pool-id                   leafref
      |  +--ro total-pool-prefixes       uint64
      |  +--ro max-allocated-prefixes    uint64
      |  +--ro allocated-prefixes-count  uint64

   +--n invalid-client-detected
      |  +--ro message-type?  enumeration
      |  +--ro duid?          dhc6:duid       
      |  +--ro description?   string

   +--n decline-received {na-assignment}?
      |  +--ro duid?              dhc6:duid
      |  +--ro declined-resources* [ ]
      |     +--ro (resource-type)?
      |        +--:(declined-address)
      |        |  +--ro address?  inet:ipv6-address
      |        +--:(declined-prefix)
      |        |  +--ro prefix?    inet:ipv6-prefix

   +--n non-success-code-sent
      +--ro duid?     dhc6:duid
      +--ro status    uint16
      +--ro code?     uint16
      +--ro message?  string

Figure 1: DHCPv6 Server Data Module Structure

Descriptions of important nodes:

* enabled: Enables/disables the function of the DHCPv6 server.

* dhcpv6-server: This container holds the server's DHCPv6 specific
configuration.

* server-duid: Each server must have a DUID (DHCP Unique Identifier) to identify itself to clients. A DUID consists of a two-octet type field and an arbitrary length (of no more than 128-octets) content field. Currently there are four DUID types defined in [RFC8415] and [RFC6355]. The DUID may be configured using the format for one of these types, or using the 'unstructured' format. The DUID type definitions are imported from the 'ietf-dhcpv6-common.yang' module. [IANA-HARDWARE-TYPES] and [IANA-PEN] are referenced for the relevant DUID types.

* vendor-config: This container is provided as a location for additional implementation-specific YANG nodes for the configuration of the device to be augmented. See Appendix C for an example of such a module.

* option-sets: The server can be configured with multiple option-sets. These are groups of DHCPv6 options with common parameters which will be supplied to clients on request. The 'option-set-id' field is used to reference an option-set elsewhere in the server's configuration.

* option-set: Holds configuration parameters for DHCPv6 options. The initial set of applicable option definitions are defined here and additional options that are also relevant to the relay and/or client are imported from the 'ietf-dhcpv6-common' module. Where needed, other DHCPv6 option modules can be augmented as they are defined.

* class-selector: This is provided as a location for additional implementation specific YANG nodes for vendor specific class selector nodes to be augmented. See Appendix D for an example of this.

* allocation-ranges: A hierarchical model is used for the allocation of addresses and prefixes. The top level 'allocation-ranges' container holds global configuration parameters. Under this, the 'allocation-range' list is used for specifying IPv6 prefixes and additional, prefix specific parameters.

* address-pools: Used for IA_NA and IA_TA pool allocations with a
container for defining host reservations. State information about active leases from each pool is also located here.

* prefix-pools: Defines pools to be used for prefix delegation to clients. Static host reservations can also be configured. As prefix delegation is not supported by all DHCPv6 server implementations, it is enabled by a feature statement.

Information about RPCs

* delete-address-lease: Allows the deletion of a lease for an individual IPv6 address from the server's lease database.

* delete-prefix-lease: Allows the deletion of a lease for an individual IPv6 prefix from the server's lease database.

Information about notifications:

* address/prefix-pool-utilization-threshold-exceeded: Raised when the number of leased addresses or prefixes in a pool exceeds the configured usage threshold.

* invalid-client-detected: Raised when the server detects an invalid client. A description of the error and message type that has generated the notification can be included.

* decline-received: Raised when a DHCPv6 Decline message is received from a client.

* non-success-code-sent: Raised when there is a status message for a failure.

3.2. DHCPv6 Relay Tree Diagram

The tree diagram in Figure 2 provides an overview of the DHCPv6 relay module. The tree also includes the common functions module defined in Section 4.1.

The RPCs in the module are taken from requirements defined in [RFC8987].
module: ietf-dhcpv6-relay
  +--rw dhcpv6-relay
    +--rw enabled?  boolean
    +--rw relay-if* [if-name]
      |  +--rw if-name          if:interface-ref
      |  +--rw enabled?         boolean
      |  +--rw destination-address* inet:ipv6-address
      |  +--rw link-address?     inet:ipv6-address
    +--rw relay-options
      |  +--rw auth-option
      |  |  +--rw algorithm?      uint8
      |  |  +--rw rdm?            uint8
      |  |  +--rw replay-detection? uint8
      |  +--rw (protocol)?
      |      +--:(conf-token)
      |      |  +--rw token-auth-information? binary
      |      +-:(rkap)
      |      |  +--rw datatype?       uint8
      |      |  +--rw auth-info-value? binary
      +--rw interface-id-option
      |  +--rw interface-id?     binary
    +--rw statistics
      |  +--rw discontinuity-time?
      |     .yang:date-and-time
      |  +--ro solicit-received-count?
      |     .yang:counter32
      |  +--ro advertise-sent-count?
      |     .yang:counter32
      |  +--ro request-received-count?
      |     .yang:counter32
      |  +--ro confirm-received-count?
      |     .yang:counter32
      |  +--ro renew-received-count?
      |     .yang:counter32
      |  +--ro rebind-received-count?
      |     .yang:counter32
      |  +--ro reply-sent-count?
      |     .yang:counter32
      |  +--ro release-received-count?
      |     .yang:counter32
---ro decline-received-count?
|     | yang:counter32
---ro reconfigure-sent-count?
|     | yang:counter32
---ro information-request-received-count?
|     | yang:counter32
---ro unknown-message-received-count?
|     | yang:counter32
---ro unknown-message-sent-count?
|     | yang:counter32
---ro discarded-message-count?
|     | yang:counter32
---rw prefix-delegation! {prefix-delegation}?
|     | ---ro pd-leases* [ia-pd-prefix]
|     |     | ---ro ia-pd-prefix    inet:ipv6-prefix
|     |     | ---ro last-renew?    yang:date-and-time
|     |     | ---ro client-peer-address?  inet:ipv6-address
|     |     | ---ro client-duid?        dhc6:duid
|     |     | ---ro server-duid?        dhc6:duid
---rw statistics
|     | ---ro relay-forward-sent-count?
|     |     | yang:counter32
|     | ---ro relay-forward-received-count?
|     |     | yang:counter32
|     | ---ro relay-reply-received-count?
|     |     | yang:counter32
|     | ---ro relay-forward-unknown-sent-count?
|     |     | yang:counter32
|     | ---ro relay-forward-unknown-received-count?
|     |     | yang:counter32
|     | ---ro discarded-message-count?
|     |     | yang:counter32

rpcs:
  ----x clear-prefix-entry {prefix-delegation}?
  |     | +++-w input
  |     |     | +++-w lease-prefix    leafref

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Figure 2: DHCPv6 Relay Data Module Structure

Descriptions of important nodes:

* enabled: Globally enables/disables all DHCPv6 relay functions.

* dhcpv6-relay: This container holds the relay's DHCPv6-specific configuration.

* relay-if: As a relay may have multiple client-facing interfaces, they are configured in a list. The if-name leaf is the key and is an interface-ref to the applicable interface defined by the 'ietf-interfaces' YANG module.

* enabled: Enables/disables all DHCPv6 relay functions for the specific interface.

* destination-addresses: Defines a list of IPv6 addresses that client messages will be relayed to. May include unicast or multicast addresses.

* link-address: Configures the value that the relay will put into the link-address field of Relay-Forward messages.

* prefix-delegation: As prefix delegation is not supported by all DHCPv6 relay implementations, it is enabled by this feature statement where required.
* **pd-leases**: Contains read-only nodes for holding information about active delegated prefix leases.

* **relay-options**: Holds configuration parameters for DHCPv6 options which can be sent by the relay. The initial set of applicable option definitions are defined here and additional options that are also relevant to the server and/or client are imported from the 'ietf-dhcpv6-common' module. Where needed, other DHCPv6 option modules can be augmented as they are defined.

Information about RPCs

* **clear-prefix-entry**: Allows the removal of a delegated lease entry from the relay.

* **clear-client-prefixes**: Allows the removal of all of the delegated lease entries for a single client (referenced by client DUID) from the relay.

* **clear-interface-prefixes**: Allows the removal of all of the delegated lease entries from an interface on the relay.

Information about notifications:

* **topology-change**: Raised when the topology of the relay agent is changed, e.g., a client facing interface is reconfigured.

### 3.3. DHCPv6 Client Tree Diagram

The tree diagram in Figure 3 provides an overview of the DHCPv6 client module. The tree also includes the common functions module defined in **Section 4.1**.

```yang
module: ietf-dhcpv6-client
    +++rw dhcpv6-client
    |    +++rw enabled?     boolean
    |    +++rw client-if* [if-name]
    |        +++rw if-name               if:interface-ref
    |        +++rw enabled?              boolean
    |        +++rw interface-duid?       dhc6:duid
    |        |     {(non-temp-addr or prefix-delegation or temp-addr) and anon-profile}?
    |        |     +++rw client-configured-options
    |        |         |    +++rw option-request-option
    |        |         |    |    +++rw oro-option*   uint16
    |        |         |    |    +++rw rapid-commit-option!
    |        |         |    |    +++rw user-class-option!
```
+++rw user-class-data-instance*

---rw user-class-data-id     uint8
---rw user-class-data?      binary

+++rw vendor-class-option
+++rw vendor-class-option-instances*
   [enterprise-number]
   +++rw enterprise-number            uint32
   +++rw vendor-class-data-element*
      [vendor-class-data-id]
      +++rw vendor-class-data-id     uint8
      +++rw vendor-class-data?      binary
+++rw vendor-specific-information-options
+++rw vendor-specific-information-option*
   [enterprise-number]
   +++rw enterprise-number            uint32
   +++rw vendor-option-data* [sub-option-code]
      +++rw sub-option-code    uint16
      +++rw sub-option-data?   binary
+++rw reconfigure-accept-option!

+++rw ia-na* [ia-id] {non-temp-addr}?
   +++rw ia-id            uint32
   +++rw ia-na-options
      +++ro lease-state
         +++ro ia-na-address?     inet:ipv6-address
         +++ro lease-t1?             dhc6:timer-seconds32
         +++ro lease-t2?             dhc6:timer-seconds32
         +++ro preferred-lifetime?   dhc6:timer-seconds32
         +++ro valid-lifetime?       dhc6:timer-seconds32
         +++ro allocation-time?      yang:date-and-time
         +++ro last-renew-rebind?    yang:date-and-time
         +++ro server-duid?          dhc6:duid
      +++ro status
         +++ro code?      uint16
         +++ro message?   string

+++rw ia-ta* [ia-id] {temp-addr}?
   +++rw ia-id            uint32
   +++rw ia-ta-options
      +++ro lease-state
         +++ro ia-ta-address?     inet:ipv6-address
         +++ro preferred-lifetime?   dhc6:timer-seconds32
---ro valid-lifetime?  dhc6:timer-seconds32  
---ro allocation-time?  yang:date-and-time  
---ro last-renew-rebind?  yang:date-and-time  
---ro server-duid?  dhc6:duid  
---ro status  
  ---ro code?  uint16  
  ---ro message?  string  
---rw ia-pd* [ia-id] {prefix-delegation}?

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---rw ia-id  uint32  
---rw prefix-length-hint?  uint8  
---rw ia-pd-options  
  ---ro lease-state  
    ---ro ia-pd-prefix?  inet:ipv6-prefix  
    ---ro lease-t1?  dhc6:timer-seconds32  
    ---ro lease-t2?  dhc6:timer-seconds32  
    ---ro preferred-lifetime?  dhc6:timer-seconds32  
    ---ro valid-lifetime?  dhc6:timer-seconds32  
    ---ro allocation-time?  yang:date-and-time  
    ---ro last-renew-rebind?  yang:date-and-time  
    ---ro server-duid?  dhc6:duid  
    ---ro status  
      ---ro code?  uint16  
      ---ro message?  string  
  ---rw statistics  
    ---rw discontinuity-time?  yang:date-and-time  
    ---ro solicit-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro advertise-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro request-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro confirm-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro renew-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro rebinding-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro reply-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro release-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro decline-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro reconfigure-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro information-request-count?  yang:counter32  
    ---ro discarded-message-count?  yang:counter32  

notifications:  
  ----n invalid-ia-address-detected  
     {non-temp-addr or temp-addr}?
Figure 3: DHCPv6 Client Data Module Structure

Descriptions of important nodes:

* enabled: Globally enables/disables all DHCPv6 client functions.

* dhcpv6-client: This container holds the client's DHCPv6 specific configuration.

* client-if: As a client may have multiple interfaces requesting configuration over DHCP, they are configured in a list. The if-
name leaf is the key and is an interface-ref to the applicable interface defined by the 'ietf-interfaces' YANG module.

* enabled: Enables/disables all DHCPv6 client function for the specific interface.

* client-duid/interface-duid: The DUID (DHCP Unique Identifier) is used to identify the client to servers and relays. A DUID consists of a two-octet type field and an arbitrary length (1-128 octets) content field. Currently there are four DUID types defined in [RFC8415] and [RFC6355]. The DUID may be configured using the format for one of these types, or using the 'unstructured' format. The DUID type definitions are imported from the 'ietf-dhcpv6-common.yang' module. [IANA-HARDWARE-TYPES] and [IANA-PEN] are referenced for the relevant DUID types. A DUID only needs to be configured if the client is requesting addresses and/or prefixes from the server. Presence of the 'client-duid' or 'interface-duid' leaves is conditional on at least one of the 'non-temp-addr', 'temp-addr', or 'prefix-delegation' features being enabled. Additionally, if the 'anon-profile' [RFC7844] feature is enabled, a unique DUID can be configured per DHCP enabled interface using the 'interface-duid' leaf, otherwise there is a global 'client-duid' leaf.

* client-configured-options: Holds configuration parameters for
DHCPv6 options which can be sent by the client. The initial set of applicable option definitions are defined here and additional options that are also relevant to the relay and/or server are imported from the 'ietf-dhcpv6-common' module. Where needed, other DHCPv6 option modules can be augmented as they are defined.

* ia-na, ia-ta, ia-pd: Contains configuration nodes relevant for requesting one or more of each of the lease types. Read-only nodes related to the active leases for each type are also located here. As these lease types may not be supported by all DHCPv6 client implementations, they are enabled via individual feature statements. Stateless DHCP ([RFC8415] Section 6.1) is configured when all address and prefix features are disabled.

Information about notifications:

* invalid-ia-detected: Raised when the identity association of the client can be proved to be invalid. Possible conditions include: duplicated address, illegal address, etc.

* retransmission-failed: Raised when the retransmission mechanism defined in [RFC8415] has failed.

4. DHCPv6 YANG Modules

4.1. DHCPv6 Common YANG Module

This module imports typedefs from [RFC6991].
This YANG module defines common components used for the configuration and management of DHCPv6.

The key words 'MUST', 'MUST NOT', 'REQUIRED', 'SHALL', 'SHALL NOT', 'SHOULD', 'SHOULD NOT', 'RECOMMENDED', 'NOT RECOMMENDED', 'MAY', and 'OPTIONAL' in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 (RFC 2119) (RFC 8174) when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

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This version of this YANG module is part of RFC XXXX (https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfcXXXX); see the RFC itself for full legal notices."

revision 2022-03-07 {
    description
        "Initial Revision."
};
type uint8 {
    range 1..100;
}
description
    "Threshold value in percent.";
}
typedef timer-seconds32 {
    type uint32;
    units "seconds";
    description
        "Timer value type, in seconds (32-bit range).";
}
typedef duid-base {
    type string {
        pattern '(([0-9a-fA-F]{2}){2,130})';
    }
    description
        "Each DHCP server and client has a DUID (DHCP Unique Identifier). The DUID consists of a two-octet type field and an arbitrary length (1-128 octets) content field. The duid-base type is used by other duid types with additional pattern constraints. Currently, there are four defined types of DUIDs in RFC 8415 and RFC 6355 - DUID-LLT, DUID-EN, DUID-LL and DUID-UUID. DUID-unstructured represents DUIDs which do not follow any of the defined formats. Type 'string' is used to represent the hexadecimal DUID value so that pattern constraints can be applied.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11 RFC 6355: Definition of the UUID-Based DHCPv6 Unique Identifier (DUID-UUID), Section 4";
}
typedef duid-llt {
    type duid-base {
        pattern '0001' + '([0-9a-fA-F]{12,})';
    }
}
description

"DUID type 1, based on Link-Layer Address Plus Time (DUID-LLT). Constructed with a 2-octet hardware type assigned by IANA, 4-octets containing the time the DUID is generated (represented in seconds since midnight (UTC), January 1, 2000, modulo 2^32), and a link-layer address. The address is encoded without separator characters. For example:

+-----------------+-----------------+-----------------+-----------------+
| 0001 | 0006 | 28490058 | 00005E005300 |
+-----------------+-----------------+-----------------+-----------------+

This example includes the 2-octet DUID type of 1 (0x01), the hardware type is 0x06 (IEEE Hardware Types) the creation time is 0x28490058 (constructed as described above). Finally, the link-layer address is 0x5E005300 (EUI-48 address 00-00-5E-00-53-00)"

reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11.2
IANA 'Hardware Types' registry.
<https://www.iana.org/assignments/arp-parameters>";

typedef duid-en {
  type duid-base {
    pattern '0002'
      + '[0-9a-fA-F]{8,}';
  }
  description
  "DUID type 2, assigned by vendor based on Enterprise Number (DUID-EN). This DUID consists of the 4-octet vendor's registered Private Enterprise Number as maintained by IANA followed by a unique identifier assigned by the vendor. For example:

+-----------------+-----------------+-----------------+-----------------+
| 0002 | 00007ED9 | 0CC084D303000912 |
+-----------------+-----------------+-----------------+-----------------+

This example includes the 2-octet DUID type of 2 (0x02), 4-octets for the Enterprise Number (0x7ED9), followed by 8-octets of identifier data (0x0CC084D303000912)."

reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11.3
IANA 'Private Enterprise Numbers' registry.
<https://www.iana.org/assignments/enterprise-numbers>";
typedef duid-ll {
    type duid-base {
        pattern '0003'
        + '([0-9a-fA-F]{4,})';
    }
    description
    "DUID type 3, based on Link-Layer Address (DUID-LL).
    Constructed with a 2-octet hardware type assigned
    by IANA, and a link-layer address. The address is encoded
    without separator characters. For example:

    +----------+----------+----------+
    | 0003     | 0006     | 00005E005300 |
    +----------+----------+----------+

    This example includes the 2-octet DUID type of 3 (0x03), the
    hardware type is 0x06 (IEEE Hardware Types), and the
    link-layer address is 0x5E005300 (EUI-48 address
    00-00-5E-00-53-00)";

    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for
    IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11.4
    IANA 'Hardware Types' registry.
    <https://www.iana.org/assignments/arp-parameters>";
}

typedef duid-uuid {
    type duid-base {
        pattern '0004'
        + '[0-9a-fA-F]{32}';
    }
    description
    "DUID type 4, based on Universally Unique Identifier
    (DUID-UUID). This type of DUID consists of 16 octets
    containing a 128-bit UUID. For example:

    +----------+-------------------+-------------------+-------------------+-------------------+
    | 0004     | 9f03b182705747e38a1e422910078642 |
    +----------+-------------------+-------------------+-------------------+

    This example includes the 2-octet DUID type of 4 (0x04), and
    the UUID 9f03b182-7057-47e3-8a1e-422910078642.";

    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for
    IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11.4
    IANA 'Hardware Types' registry.
    <https://www.iana.org/assignments/arp-parameters>";
}
IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11.5
RFC 6355: Definition of the UUID-Based DHCPv6 Unique Identifier (DUID-UUID);

typedef duid-unstructured {
}

type duid-base {
    pattern '(000[1-4].*)' {
        modifier invert-match;
    }
}

description
"Used for DUIDs following any other formats than DUID types 1-4. For example:

+-----------------------------------+
| 7b6a164d325946539dc540fb539bc430 |
+-----------------------------------+

Here, an arbitrary 16-octet value is used. The only constraint placed on this is that the first 2-octects are not 0x01-0x04 to avoid collision with the other defined DUID types (duid-llt, duid-en, duid-ll, or duid-uuid)."
reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11";
}

typedef duid {
    type union {
        type duid-llt;
        type duid-en;
        type duid-ll;
        type duid-uuid;
        type duid-unstructured;
    }

description
"Represents the DUID and is neutral to the DUID's construction format."
reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11";
/*
 * Groupings
 */

grouping status {
    description
      "Holds information about the most recent status code which has been sent by the server or received by the client."
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 7.5."
    container status {
        description
    }
}

grouping auth-option-group {
    description
      "OPTION_AUTH (11) Authentication Option."
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.11
RFC 3118: Authentication for DHCP Messages
IANA 'Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Authentication Option Name Spaces' registry.
<https://www.iana.org/assignments/auth-namespaces>";
container auth-option {
    description
    "OPTION_AUTH (11) Authentication Option."
    leaf algorithm {
        type uint8;
        description
        "The algorithm used in the authentication protocol.";
    }
    leaf rdm {
        type uint8;
        description
        "The Replay Detection Method (RDM) used in this
        Authentication option.";
    }
    leaf replay-detection {
        type uint64;
        description
        "The replay detection information for the RDM.";
    }
    choice protocol {
        description
        "The authentication protocol used in the option. Namespace
        values 1 (delayed authentication) and 2 (Delayed
        Authentication (Obsolete) are not applicable and so are
        not modeled.";
        case conf-token {
            leaf token-auth-information {
                type binary;
                description
                "Protocol Namespace Value 0. The authentication
                information, as specified by the protocol and
                algorithm used in this Authentication option.";
            } 
        }
        case rkap {
            description
            "Protocol Namespace Value 3. RKAP provides protection
            against misconfiguration of a client caused by a
            Reconfigure message sent by a malicious DHCP server.";
            leaf datatype {
                type uint8 
            } 
        }
    }
}
range "1 .. 2";
}
description
"Type of data in the Value field carried in this option.
1  Reconfigure key value (used in the Reply message).
2  HMAC-MD5 digest of the message (used in the Reconfigure message)."
}
leaf auth-info-value {
type binary {
  length 16;
}
description
"Data as defined by the Type field. A 16-octet field.";
}
}
}
}
}
}

grouping rapid-commit-option-group {
description
"OPTION_RAPID_COMMIT (14) Rapid Commit Option."
reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.14";
}

container rapid-commit-option {
presence "Enable sending of this option";
description
"OPTION_RAPID_COMMIT (14) Rapid Commit Option."
}

grouping vendor-specific-information-option-group {
description
"OPTION_VENDOR_OPTS (17) Vendor-specific Information Option."
reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.17"
container vendor-specific-information-options {

description
"OPTION_VENDOR_OPTS (17) Vendor-specific Information Option.";
list vendor-specific-information-option {
  key enterprise-number;
  description
  "The Vendor-specific Information option allows for multiple instances in a single message. Each list entry defines the contents of an instance of the option."
  leaf enterprise-number {
    type uint32;
    description
    "The vendor's registered Enterprise Number, as maintained by IANA."
    reference "IANA 'Private Enterprise Numbers' registry. <https://www.iana.org/assignments/enterprise-numbers>";
  }
  list vendor-option-data {
    key sub-option-code;
    description
    "Vendor options, interpreted by vendor-specific client/server functions."
    leaf sub-option-code {
      type uint16;
      description
      "The code for the sub-option."
    }
    leaf sub-option-data {
      type binary;
      description
      "The data area for the sub-option."
    }
  }
}

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grouping reconfigure-accept-option-group {
  description
  "OPTION_RECONF_ACCEPT (20) Reconfigure Accept Option. A client uses the Reconfigure Accept option to announce to
the server whether the client is willing to accept Reconfigure messages, and a server uses this option to tell the client whether or not to accept Reconfigure messages. In the absence of this option, the default behavior is that the client is unwilling to accept Reconfigure messages. The presence node is used to enable the option.

reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.20";
container reconfigure-accept-option {
    presence "Enable sending of this option";
    description "OPTION_RECONF_ACCEPT (20) Reconfigure Accept Option.";
}

4.2. DHCPv6 Server YANG Module

This module imports typedefs from [RFC6991], [RFC8343].

<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-dhcpv6-server@2022-03-07.yang"

module ietf-dhcpv6-server {
    yang-version 1.1;
    namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-dhcpv6-server";
    prefix "dhc6-srv";

    import ietf-inet-types {
        prefix inet;
        reference "RFC 6991: Common YANG Data Types";
    }

    import ietf-yang-types {
        prefix yang;
        reference "RFC 6991: Common YANG Data Types";
    }

    import ietf-dhcpv6-common {

    }

<CODE ENDS>
prefix dhc6;
reference
  "RFC XXXX: To be updated on publication";
}

import ietf-netconf-acm {
  prefix nacm;
  reference
    "RFC 8341: Network Configuration Access Control Model";
}

organization
  "IETF DHC (Dynamic Host Configuration) Working Group";

contact
  "WG Web: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/dhc/>"
  "WG List: <mailto:dhcwg@ietf.org>"
  "Author: Yong Cui <yong@csnet1.cs.tsinghua.edu.cn>"
  "Author: Linhui Sun <lh.sunlinh@gmail.com>"
  "Editor: Ian Farrer <ian.farrer@telekom.de>"
  "Author: Sladjana Zeichlin <sladjana.zechlin@telekom.de>"
  "Author: Zihao He <hezihao9512@gmail.com>"
  "Author: Michal Nowikowski <godfryd@isc.org>";

description
  "This YANG module defines components for the configuration
  and management of DHCPv6 servers.
  
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  authors of the code. All rights reserved.
  
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  without modification, is permitted pursuant to, and subject to
  the license terms contained in, the Revised BSD License set
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  This version of this YANG module is part of RFC XXXX
  (https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfcXXXX); see the RFC itself
  for full legal notices.";

revision 2022-03-07 {
  description
    "Initial Revision."
  reference
    "XXXX: YANG Data Model for DHCPv6 Configuration";
}
/*
 * Features
 */

feature na-assignment {
  description
    "Denotes that the server implements DHCPv6 non-temporary address assignment.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 6.2";
}

feature prefix-delegation {
  description
    "Denotes that the server implements DHCPv6 prefix delegation.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 6.3";
}

;/* Groupings */

grouping resource-config {
  description
    "Nodes that are reused at multiple levels in the DHCPv6 server's addressing hierarchy.";
  leaf-list option-set-id {
    type leafref {
      path "/dhcpv6-server/option-sets/option-set/option-set-id";
    }
    description
      "The ID field of relevant set of DHCPv6 options (option-set) to be provisioned to clients using the allocation-range.";
  }
  leaf valid-lifetime {
    type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
    description
      "Valid lifetime for the Identity Association (IA).";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 12.1";
  }
}
leaf renew-time {
  type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
  description
    "Renew (T1) time."
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 4.2"
}
leaf rebind-time {
  type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
  description
    "Rebind (T2) time."
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 4.2"
}
leaf preferred-lifetime {
  type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
  description
    "Preferred lifetime for the Identity Association (IA)."
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 12.1"
}
leaf rapid-commit {
  type boolean;
  description
    "When set to 'true', Specifies that client-server exchanges involving two messages is supported."
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 5.1"
}

grouping lease-information {
  description
    "Binding information for each client that has been allocated an IPv6 address or prefix."
  leaf client-duid {
    type dhc6:duid;
    description
      "Client DUID."
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11";
  }
}
leaf ia-id {
  type uint32;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Client's IAID";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 12";
}

leaf allocation-time {
  type yang:date-and-time;
  description
    "Time and date that the lease was made.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 18";
}

leaf last-renew-rebind {
  type yang:date-and-time;
  description
    "Time of the last successful renew or rebind.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 18";
}

leaf preferred-lifetime {
  type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
  description
    "The preferred lifetime expressed in seconds.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 6";
}

leaf valid-lifetime {
  type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
  description
    "The valid lifetime for the lease expressed in seconds.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 6";
}

leaf lease-t1 {
  type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
  description
    "The time interval after which the client should contact
the server from which the addresses in the IA_NA were obtained to extend the lifetimes of the addresses assigned to the IA_PD.

reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 4.2";

leaf lease-t2 {
  type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
  description "The time interval after which the client should contact any available server to extend the lifetimes of the addresses assigned to the IA_PD.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 4.2";
}

uses dhc6:status;

}

grouping message-statistics {

description "Counters for DHCPv6 messages.";
leaf discontinuity-time {
  type yang:date-and-time;
  description "The time on the most recent occasion at which any one or more of DHCPv6 server's counters suffered a discontinuity. If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-initialization of the local management subsystem, then this node contains the time the local management subsystem re-initialized itself."
}
leaf solicit-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description "Number of Solicit (1) messages received.";
}
leaf advertise-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
"Number of Advertise (2) messages sent."
}
leaf request-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Request (3) messages received.";
}
leaf confirm-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Confirm (4) messages received.";
}
leaf renew-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Renew (5) messages received.";
}
leaf rebind-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Rebind (6) messages received.";
}
leaf reply-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Reply (7) messages sent.";
}
leaf release-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Release (8) messages received.";
}
leaf decline-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
description
   "Number of Decline (9) messages received."
}
leaf reconfigure-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Reconfigure (10) messages sent.";
}
leaf information-request-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Information-request (11) messages received.";
}
leaf discarded-message-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of messages that have been discarded for any reason.";
}
}

grouping preference-option-group {
    description
    "OPTION_PREFERENCE (7) Preference Option.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.8";
    container preference-option {
        description
        "OPTION_PREFERENCE (7) Preference Option.";

        leaf pref-value {
            type uint8;
            description
            "The preference value for the server in this message. A 1-octet unsigned integer.";
        }
    }
}
grouping server-unicast-option-group {
    description "OPTION_UNICAST (12) Server Unicast Option.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.12";
    container server-unicast-option {
        description "OPTION_UNICAST (12) Server Unicast Option.";
        leaf server-address {
            type inet:ipv6-address;
            description "The 128-bit address to which the client should send messages delivered using unicast.";
        }
    }
}

grouping reconfigure-message-option-group {
    description "OPTION_RECONF_MSG (19) Reconfigure Message Option.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.19";
    container reconfigure-message-option {
        description "OPTION_RECONF_MSG (19) Reconfigure Message Option.";
        leaf msg-type {
            type uint8;
            description "5 for Renew message, 6 for Rebind message, 11 for Information-request message.";
        }
    }
}

grouping info-refresh-time-option-group {
    description "OPTION_INFORMATION_REFRESH_TIME (32) Information Refresh Time Option.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.23";
}
container info-refresh-time-option {
  description
    "OPTION_INFORMATION_REFRESH_TIME (32) Information Refresh Time Option.";
  leaf info-refresh-time {
    type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
    description
      "Time duration specifying an upper bound for how long a client should wait before refreshing information retrieved from a DHCP server.";
  }
}

grouping sol-max-rt-option-group {
  description
    "OPTION_SOL_MAX_RT (82) SOL_MAX_RT Option (Max Solicit timeout value).";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.24";
  container sol-max-rt-option {
    description
      "OPTION_SOL_MAX_RT (82) SOL_MAX_RT Option.";
    leaf sol-max-rt-value {
      type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
      description
        "Maximum Solicit timeout value.";
    }
  }
}

grouping inf-max-rt-option-group {
  description
    "OPTION_INF_MAX_RT (83) INF_MAX_RT Option (Max Information-request timeout value).";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.25";
  container inf-max-rt-option {
    description
      "OPTION_INF_MAX_RT (83) inf max rt Option.";
    leaf inf-max-rt-value {
      type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
      description
        "Maximum Information-request timeout value.";
    }
  }
}
/*  
* Data Nodes  
*/

container dhcpv6-server {
  description "Configuration nodes for the DHCPv6 server.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 18.3";
  leaf enabled {
    type boolean;
    description "Enables the DHCP server function.";
  }
  leaf server-duid {
    type dhc6:duid;
    description "DUID of the server.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11";
  }
}

container vendor-config {
  description "This container provides a location for augmenting vendor or implementation specific configuration nodes.";
}

container option-sets {
  description "A server may allow different option sets to be configured for clients matching specific parameters such as topological location or client type. The 'option-set' list is a set of options and their contents that will be returned to clients.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21";
  list option-set {
    key option-set-id;
    description "YANG definitions for DHCPv6 options are contained in separate YANG modules and augmented to this container as required.";
    leaf option-set-id {
      type string;
      description "Option set identifier.";
    }
  }
}
leaf description {
    type string;
}

description
    "An optional field for storing additional information
    relevant to the option set."
};

uses preference-option-group;
uses dhc6:auth-option-group;
uses server-unicast-option-group;
uses dhc6:rapid-commit-option-group;
uses dhc6:vendor-specific-information-option-group;
uses reconfigure-message-option-group;
uses dhc6:reconfigure-accept-option-group;
uses info-refresh-time-option-group;
uses sol-max-rt-option-group;
uses inf-max-rt-option-group;
}

c contained class-selector {
    description
        "DHCPv6 servers use a 'class-selector' function in order
        to identify and classify incoming client messages
        so that they can be given the correct configuration.
        The mechanisms used for implementing this function vary
        greatly between different implementations such it is not
        possible to include in this module. This container provides
        a location for server implementors to augment their own
        class-selector YANG."
    }

c contained allocation-ranges {
    description
        "This model is based on an address and parameter
        allocation hierarchy. The top level is 'global' - which
        is defined as the container for all allocation-ranges. Under
        this are the individual allocation-ranges."
    uses resource-config;
    list allocation-range {
        key id;
        description
"Network-ranges are identified by the 'id' key."
leaf id {
  type string;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Unique identifier for the allocation range."
}
leaf description {
  type string;
}

leaf network-prefix {
  type inet:ipv6-prefix;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Network prefix.";
}

uses resource-config;
container address-pools {
  if-feature na-assignment;
  description
    "Configuration for the DHCPv6 server's address pools."
  list address-pool {
    key pool-id;
    description
      "List of address pools for allocation to clients, distinguished by 'pool-id'."
    leaf pool-id {
      type string;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Unique identifier for the pool.";
    }
    leaf pool-prefix {
      type inet:ipv6-prefix;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "IPv6 prefix for the pool. Should be contained within the network-prefix, if configured.";
    }
  }
}
leaf start-address {
  type inet:ipv6-address-no-zone;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Starting IPv6 address for the pool.";
}

leaf end-address {
  type inet:ipv6-address-no-zone;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Ending IPv6 address for the pool.";
}

leaf max-address-utilization {
  type dhc6:threshold;
  description
    "Maximum amount of the addresses in the pool which can be simultaneously allocated, calculated as a percentage of the available addresses (end-address minus start-address plus one), rounded up. Used to set the value for the address-pool-utilization-threshold-exceeded notification";
}

uses resource-config;
container host-reservations {
  description
    "Configuration for host reservations from the address pool.";
  list host-reservation {
    key reserved-addr;
    description
      "List of host reservations.";
    leaf client-duid {
      type dhc6:duid;
      description
        "Client DUID for the reservation.";
    }
    leaf reserved-addr {
      type inet:ipv6-address;
      description

"Reserved IPv6 address."
}
uses resource-config;
}
}
container active-leases {
  config false;
  description "Holds state related to active client leases."
  leaf total-count {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
    description "The total number of addresses in the pool."
  }
  leaf allocated-count {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
    description "The number of addresses or prefixes in the pool that are currently allocated."
  }
}
list active-lease {
  key leased-address;
  description "List of active address leases."
  leaf leased-address {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    description "Active address lease entry."
  }
  uses lease-information;
}
}
container prefix-pools {
  if-feature prefix-delegation;
  description "Configuration for the DHCPv6 server's prefix pools.";
list prefix-pool {
    key pool-id;
    description
        "List of prefix pools for allocation to clients,
         distinguished by 'pool-id'.";
    leaf pool-id {
        type string;
        mandatory true;
        description
            "Unique identifier for the pool."
    }
    leaf pool-prefix {
        type inet:ipv6-prefix;
        mandatory true;
        description
            "IPv6 prefix for the pool. Should be contained
             within the network-prefix, if configured."
    }
    leaf client-prefix-length {
        type uint8 {
            range "1 .. 128";
        }
        mandatory true;
        description
            "Length of the prefixes that will be delegated
             to clients."
    }
    leaf max-pd-space-utilization {
        type dhcp6:threshold;
        description
            "Maximum amount of the prefixes in the pool which
             can be simultaneously allocated, calculated as a
             percentage of the available prefixes, rounded up. Used to set the value for the
             prefix-pool-utilization-threshold-exceeded
             notification"
    }
}

uses resource-config;
container host-reservations {
    description
        "Configuration for host reservations from the
prefix pool;
list prefix-reservation {
  key reserved-prefix;
  description
    "Reserved prefix reservation.";
  leaf client-duid {
    type dhc6:duid;
    description
      "Client DUID for the reservation.";
  }
  leaf reserved-prefix {
    type inet:ipv6-prefix;
    description
      "Reserved IPv6 prefix";
  }
  leaf reserved-prefix-len {
    type uint8;
    description
      "Reserved IPv6 prefix length.";
  }
}
uses resource-config;
}
container active-leases {
  config false;
  description
    "Holds state related to active client prefix leases.";
  leaf total-count {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "The total number of prefixes in the pool.";
  }
  leaf allocated-count {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "The number of prefixes in the pool that are currently allocated.";
  }
list active-lease {
  key leased-prefix;
  description  
    "List of active prefix leases.";
  leaf leased-prefix {
    type inet:ipv6-prefix;
    description  
      "Active leased prefix entry.";
  }
  uses lease-information;
}
}
}
}
}
container statistics {
  description  
    "DHCPv6 message counters for the server.";
  uses message-statistics;
}
}
}
/*
 * RPCs
*/

rpc delete-address-lease {
  nacm:default-deny-all;
  if-feature na-assignment;
  description  
    "Deletes a client's active address lease from the server's lease database. Note this will not cause the address to be revoked from the client, and the lease may be refreshed or renewed by the client.";
  input {
    leaf lease-address-to-delete {
      type leafref {
        path "/dhcpv6-server/allocation-ranges/" + 
            "allocation-range/address-pools/address-pool" + 
            "/active-leases/active-lease/leased-address";
      }
      mandatory true;
      description
    }
  }
}
rpc delete-prefix-lease {
    nacm:default-deny-all;
    if-feature prefix-delegation;
    description
    "Deletes a client's active prefix lease from the server's lease database. Note, this will not cause the prefix to be revoked from the client, and the lease may be refreshed or renewed by the client.";
    input {
        leaf lease-prefix-to-delete {
            type leafref {
                path "/dhcpv6-server/allocation-ranges/" +
                "allocation-range/prefix-pools/prefix-pool" +
                "/active-leases/active-lease/leased-prefix";
            } mandatory true;
            description
            "IPv6 prefix of an active lease that will be deleted from the server.";
        }
    }
    output {
        leaf return-message {
            type string;
            description
            "Response message from the server. If available, a language identifier should be included in the message.";
            reference "BCP_14 (RFC_2277) IETF Policy on Character Sets and Languages, Section 4.2.";
        }
    }
}
/*
 * Notifications
 */

notification address-pool-utilization-threshold-exceeded {
  if-feature na-assignment;
  description
    "Notification sent when the address pool utilization exceeds the threshold configured in
    max-address-utilization.";
  leaf pool-id {
    type leafref {
      path "/dhcpv6-server/allocation-ranges/" +
        "allocation-range/address-pools/address-pool" +
        "/pool-id";
    }
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Leafref to the address pool that the notification is being generated for.";
  }
  leaf total-pool-addresses {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Total number of addresses in the pool (end-address minus start-address plus one).";
  }
  leaf max-allocated-addresses {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Maximum number of addresses that can be simultaneously allocated from the pool. This value may be less than count of total addresses. Calculated as the max-address-utilization (percentage) of the total-pool-addresses, rounded up.";
  }
  leaf allocated-address-count {
    type uint64;
  }
}
mandatory true;
description
"Number of addresses allocated from the pool."
}
}

notification prefix-pool-utilization-threshold-exceeded {
  if-feature prefix-delegation;

  description
  "Notification sent when the prefix pool utilization
  exceeds the threshold configured in
  max-pd-space-utilization.";
  leaf pool-id {
    type leafref {
      path "/dhcpv6-server/allocation-ranges" +
      "/allocation-range/prefix-pools/prefix-pool/pool-id";
    }
    mandatory true;
description
    "Unique identifier for the pool.";
  }
  leaf total-pool-prefixes {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
description
    "Total number of prefixes in the pool.";
  }
  leaf max-allocated-prefixes {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
description
    "Maximum number of prefixes that can be simultaneously
    allocated from the pool. This value may be less than
    count of total prefixes. Calculated as the
    max-prefix-utilization (percentage) of the
    total-pool-prefixes, rounded up.";
  }
  leaf allocated-prefixes-count {
    type uint64;
    mandatory true;
description
"Number of prefixes allocated from the pool."

notification invalid-client-detected {
    description "Notification sent when the server detects an invalid client.";
    leaf message-type {
        type enumeration {
            enum solicit {
                description "Solicit (1) message.";
            }
            enum request {
                description "Request (3) message.";
            }
            enum confirm {
                description "Confirm (4) message.";
            }
            enum renew {
                description "Renew (5) message.";
            }
            enum rebind {
                description "Rebind (6) message.";
            }
            enum release {
                description "Release (8) message.";
            }
            enum decline {
                description "Decline (9) message.";
            }
            enum info-request {
                description "Information request (11) message.";
            }
        }
    }
}
The message type received by the server that has caused the error.

Client DUID.

Description of the event (e.g., an error code or log message).

Notification sent when the server has received a Decline (9) message from a client.

Client DUID.

List of declined addresses and/or prefixes.

Type of resource that has been declined.

Address that has been declined.
4.3. DHCPv6 Relay YANG Module

This module imports typedefs from [RFC6991], [RFC8343].

<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-dhcpv6-relay@2022-03-07.yang"

module ietf-dhcpv6-relay {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-dhcpv6-relay";
  prefix "dhc6-rly";
  import ietf-inet-types {

prefix inet;
    reference
        "RFC 6991": Common YANG Data Types";
}

import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference
        "RFC 6991": Common YANG Data Types";
}

import ietf-dhcpv6-common {
    prefix dhc6;
    reference
        "RFC XXXX: To be updated on publication";
}

import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference
        "RFC 8343": A YANG Data Model for Interface Management";
}

import ietf-netconf-acm {
    prefix nacm;
    reference
        "RFC 8341": Network Configuration Access Control Model";
}

organization
    "IETF DHC (Dynamic Host Configuration) Working Group";

contact
    "WG Web: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/dhc/>
    WG List: <mailto:dhcwg@ietf.org>
    Author: Yong Cui <yong@csnet1.cs.tsinghua.edu.cn>
description
"This YANG module defines components necessary for the configuration and management of DHCPv6 relays.

The key words 'MUST', 'MUST NOT', 'REQUIRED', 'SHALL', 'SHALL NOT', 'SHOULD', 'SHOULD NOT', 'RECOMMENDED', 'NOT RECOMMENDED', 'MAY', and 'OPTIONAL' in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 (RFC 2119) (RFC 8174) when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

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This version of this YANG module is part of RFC XXXX (https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfcXXXX); see the RFC itself for full legal notices.

revision 2022-03-07 {
  description
    "Initial Revision.";
  reference
    "XXXX: YANG Data Model for DHCPv6 Configuration";
}

/*
 * Features
 */

feature prefix-delegation {
  description
    "Enable if the relay functions as a delegating router for DHCPv6 prefix delegation.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 6.3";
}
grouping pd-lease-state {
  description
    "State data for the relay.";
  list pd-leases {
    key ia-pd-prefix;
    config false;
    description
      "Information about an active IA_PD prefix delegation.";
    leaf ia-pd-prefix {
      type inet:ipv6-prefix;
      description
        "Prefix that is delegated."
    }
    leaf last-renew {
      type yang:date-and-time;
      description
        "Time of the last successful refresh or renew of the
         delegated prefix.";
    }
    leaf client-peer-address {
      type inet:ipv6-address;
      description
        "Peer-address of the leasing client."
    }
    leaf client-duid {
      type dhc6:duid;
      description
        "DUID of the leasing client."
    }
    leaf server-duid {
      type dhc6:duid;
      description
        "DUID of the delegating server.";
    }
  }
}

grouping message-statistics {
  description
    "Contains counters for the different DHCPv6 message types.";
  leaf discontinuity-time {
    type yang:date-and-time;
  }
}
description
  "The time on the most recent occasion at which any one or more of DHCPv6 relay's counters suffered a discontinuity. If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-initialization of the local management subsystem, then this node contains the time the local management subsystem re-initialized itself.";
}
leaf solicit-received-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
    "Number of Solicit (1) messages received.";
}
leaf advertise-sent-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
    "Number of Advertise (2) messages sent.";
}
leaf request-received-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
    "Number of Request (3) messages received.";
}
leaf confirm-received-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
    "Number of Confirm (4) messages received.";
}
leaf renew-received-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
    "Number of Renew (5) messages received.";
}
leaf rebind-received-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
"Number of Rebind (6) messages received."
}
leaf reply-sent-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Reply (7) messages sent."
}
leaf release-received-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Release (8) messages received."
}
leaf decline-received-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Decline (9) messages received."
}
leaf reconfigure-sent-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Reconfigure (10) messages sent."
}
leaf information-request-received-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of Information-request (11) messages received."
}
leaf unknown-message-received-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
        "Number of messages of unknown type that have been received."
}
leaf unknown-message-sent-count {

type yang:counter32;
config "false";
description
  "Number of messages of unknown type that have been sent.";
}
leaf discarded-message-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
  "Number of messages that have been discarded for any reason.";
}

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}}

grouping global-statistics {
  description
  "Global statistics for the device.";
leaf relay-forward-sent-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
  "Number of Relay-forward (12) messages sent.";
}
leaf relay-forward-received-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
  "Number of Relay-forward (12) messages received.";
}
leaf relay-reply-received-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
  "Number of Relay-reply (13) messages received.";
}
leaf relay-forward-unknown-sent-count {
  type yang:counter32;
  config "false";
  description
  "Number of Relay-forward (12) messages containing
a message of unknown type sent;"
}
leaf relay-forward-unknown-received-count {
type yang:counter32;
config "false";
description "Number of Relay-forward (12) messages containing a message of unknown type received;"
}
leaf discarded-message-count {
type yang:counter32;
config "false";
description "Number of messages that have been discarded for any reason;"
}
}
}

grouping interface-id-option-group {
description "OPTION_INTERFACE_ID (18) Interface-Id Option;"
reference "RFC 8415": Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.18";
container interface-id-option {
description "OPTION_INTERFACE_ID (18) Interface-Id Option;"
leaf interface-id {
type binary;
description "An opaque value of arbitrary length generated by the relay agent to identify one of the relay agent's interfaces;"
}
}

/*
 * Data Nodes
*/

container dhcpv6-relay {
description
  "This container contains the configuration data nodes for the relay."
reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 19"
leaf enabled {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Globally enables the DHCP relay function."
}
list relay-if {
  key if-name;
  description
    "List of interfaces configured for DHCPv6 relaying."
  leaf if-name {
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
      "interface-ref to the relay interface."
  }
  leaf enabled {
    type boolean;
    description
      "Enables the DHCP relay function for this interface."
  }
  leaf-list destination-address {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    description
      "Each DHCPv6 relay agent may be configured with a list of destination addresses for relayed messages. The list may include unicast addresses, multicast addresses or other valid addresses."
  }
  leaf link-address {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    description
      "An address that may be used by the server to identify the link on which the client is located."
  }
container relay-options {
  description
    "Definitions for DHCPv6 options that can be sent
by the relay are augmented to this location from other
YANG modules as required.
uses dhc6:auth-option-group;
uses interface-id-option-group;
}
}
}
}
}
}
}
}
{rsl/}
/*
* RPCs
*/

rpc clear-prefix-entry {
    nacm:default-denial-all;
    if-feature prefix-delegation;
    description
    "Clears an entry for an active delegated prefix
    from the relay.";
    reference "RFC8987": DHCPv6 Prefix Delegating Relay Requirements,
    Section 4.4";
    input {
        leaf lease-prefix {
            type leafref {
path "/dhcpv6-relay/relay-if/prefix-delegation" + "/pd-leases/ia-pd-prefix";

} mandatory true;

description
"IPv6 prefix of an active lease entry that will be deleted from the relay."
);

} output {
leaf return-message {

type string;

description
"Response message from the server. If available, a language identifier should be included in the message.";

reference "BCP 14 (RFC 2277) IETF Policy on Character Sets and Languages, Section 4.2."

};

}
}

rpc clear-client-prefixes {
	nacm:default-deny-all;

if-feature prefix-delegation;

description
"Clears all active prefix entries for a single client.";

reference "RFC8987: DHCPv6 Prefix Delegating Relay Requirements, Section 4.4";

input {
leaf client-duid {

type dhc6:duid;

mandatory true;

description  
"DUID of the client."

};

}

output {
leaf return-message {

type string;

description  
"Response message from the server. If available, a
rpc clear-interface-prefixes {
  nacm:default-deny-all;
  if-feature prefix-delegation;
  description "Clears all delegated prefix bindings from an interface on the relay.";
  reference "RFC8987: DHCPv6 Prefix Delegating Relay Requirements, Section 4.4";
  input {
    leaf interface {
      type leafref {
        path "/dhcpv6-relay/relay-if/if-name";
      }
      mandatory true;
      description "Reference to the relay interface that will have all active prefix delegation bindings deleted.";
    }
  }
  output {
    leaf return-message {
      type string;
      description "Response message from the server. If available, a language identifier should be included in the message.";
      reference "BCP_14 (RFC_2277) IETF Policy on Character Sets and Languages, Section 4.2.";
    }
  }
}

/*Notifications*/
notification relay-event {
  description "DHCPv6 relay event notifications.";
  container topology-change {
    description "Raised if the entry for an interface with DHCPv6 related
configuration or state is removed from if:interface-refs.

leaf relay-if-name {
  type leafref {
    path "/dhcpv6-relay/relay-if/if-name";
  }
  description
    "Name of the interface that has been removed.";
}
leaf last-ipv6-addr {
  type inet:ipv6-address;
  description
    "Last IPv6 address configured on the interface.";
}
}

<CODE ENDS>

4.4. DHCPv6 Client YANG Module

This module imports typedefs from [RFC6991], [RFC8343].

<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-dhcpv6-client@2022-03-07.yang"

module ietf-dhcpv6-client {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-dhcpv6-client";
  prefix "dhc6-clnt";

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
    reference
      "RFC_6991: Common YANG Data Types";
  }

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference
      "RFC_6991: Common YANG Data Types";
  }

  import ietf-dhcpv6-common {
    prefix dhc6;
import ietf-interfaces {

prefix if;
reference
"RFC 8343: A YANG Data Model for Interface Management";
}

organization
"IETF DHC (Dynamic Host Configuration) Working Group";

contact
"WG Web: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/dhc/>
WG List: <mailto:dhcwg@ietf.org>
Author: Yong Cui <yong@csnet1.cs.tsinghua.edu.cn>
Author: Linhui Sun <lh.sunlinh@gmail.com>
Editor: Ian Farrer <ian.farrer@telekom.de>
Author: Sladjana Zeichlin <sladjana.zechlin@telekom.de>
Author: Zihao He <hezihao9512@gmail.com>
Author: Michal Nowikowski <godfryd@isc.org>";

description
"This YANG module defines components necessary for the
configuration and management of DHCPv6 clients.

The key words 'MUST', 'MUST NOT', 'REQUIRED', 'SHALL',
'SHALL NOT', 'SHOULD', 'SHOULD NOT', 'RECOMMENDED',
'NOT RECOMMENDED', 'MAY', and 'OPTIONAL' in this document
are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 (RFC 2119)
(RFC 8174) when, and only when, they appear in all
capitals, as shown here.

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authors of the code. All rights reserved.

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without modification, is permitted pursuant to, and subject to
the license terms contained in, the Revised BSD License set
forth in Section 4.c of the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions
/**
 * Features
 */

feature non-temp-addr {
    description "Denotes that the client supports DHCPv6 non-temporary address allocations.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 6.2";
}

feature temp-addr {
    description "Denotes that the client supports DHCPv6 temporary address allocations.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 6.5";
}

feature prefix-delegation {
    description "Denotes that the client implements DHCPv6 prefix delegation.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 6.3";
}
feature anon-profile {
    description
        "Denotes that the client supports DHCP anonymity profiles.";
    reference "RFC 7844: Anonymity Profiles for DHCP Clients";
}

/*
 * Groupings
 */

grouping message-statistics {
    description
        "Counters for DHCPv6 messages."
    leaf discontinuity-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        description
            "The time on the most recent occasion at which any one or
             more of DHCPv6 client's counters suffered a discontinuity.
             If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last
             re-initialization of the local management subsystem, then
             this node contains the time the local management subsystem
             re-initialized itself.";
    }
    leaf solicit-count {
        type yang:counter32;
        config "false";
        description
            "Number of Solicit (1) messages sent."
    }
    leaf advertise-count {
        type yang:counter32;
        config "false";
        description
            "Number of Advertise (2) messages received."
    }
    leaf request-count {
        type yang:counter32;
        config "false";
        description
            "Number of Request (3) messages sent.";
    }
}
leaf confirm-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Confirm (4) messages sent.";
}

leaf renew-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Renew (5) messages sent.";
}

leaf rebind-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Rebind (6) messages sent.";
}

leaf reply-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Reply (7) messages received.";
}

leaf release-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Release (8) messages sent.";
}

leaf decline-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Decline (9) messages sent.";
}

leaf reconfigure-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description
    "Number of Reconfigure messages sent.";
"Number of Reconfigure (10) messages received."

leaf information-request-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description "Number of Information-request (11) messages sent."
}

leaf discarded-message-count {
    type yang:counter32;
    config "false";
    description "Number of messages that have been discarded for any reason."
}

grouping lease-state {
    description "Information about the active IA_NA lease."
    leaf preferred-lifetime {
        type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
        description "The preferred lifetime for the leased address expressed in seconds."
    }
    leaf valid-lifetime {
        type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
        description "The valid lifetime for the leased address expressed in seconds."
    }
    leaf allocation-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        description "Time and date that the address was first leased."
    }
    leaf last-renew-rebind {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        description "Time of the last successful renew or rebind of the
leased address.

leaf server-duid {
  type dhcp6:duid;
  description
    "DUID of the leasing server.";
}
uses dhcp6:status;
}

grouping option-request-option-group {
  description
    "OPTION_ORO (6) Option Request Option. A client MUST include
    an Option Request option in a Solicit, Request, Renew, 
    Rebind, or Information-request message to inform the server
    about options the client wants the server to send to the
    client."
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for
  IPv6 (DHCPv6), Sections 21.23, 21.24, 21.25, & 21.7"
}
container option-request-option {
  description
    "OPTION_ORO (6) Option Request Option.";
  leaf-list oro-option {
    type uint16;
    description
      "List of options that the client is requesting,
      identified by option code. This list MUST include the
      code for option SOL_MAX_RT (82) when included in a
      Solicit-message. If this option is being sent in an
      Information-request message, then the code for option
      OPTION_INFORMATION_REFRESH_TIME (32) and INF_MAX_RT (83)
      MUST be included.";
  }
}

grouping user-class-option-group {
  description
    "OPTION_USER_CLASS (15) User Class Option";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for
  IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.15";
container user-class-option {
    presence "Configures the option";
    description
        "OPTION_USER_CLASS (15) User Class Option.";
    list user-class-data-instance {
        key user-class-data-id;
        min-elements 1;
        description
            "The user classes of which the client is a member.";
        leaf user-class-data-id {
            type uint8;
            description
                "User class data ID";
        }
        leaf user-class-data {
            type binary;
            description
                "Opaque field representing a User Class of which the
client is a member.";
        }
    }
}

grouping vendor-class-option-group {
    description
        "OPTION_VENDOR_CLASS (16) Vendor Class Option";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.16";
    container vendor-class-option {
        description
            "OPTION_VENDOR_CLASS (16) Vendor Class Option.";
        list vendor-class-option-instances {
            key enterprise-number;
            description
                "The vendor class option allows for multiple instances
in a single message. Each list entry defines the contents
of an instance of the option.";
            leaf enterprise-number {
                type uint32;
                description
                    "The vendor's registered Enterprise Number as
maintained by IANA.";
            }
        }
        list vendor-class-data-element {
            key vendor-class-data-id;
            description

"The vendor classes of which the client is a member."
leaf vendor-class-data-id {
    type uint8;
    description
        "Vendor class data ID";
}
leaf vendor-class-data {
    type binary;
    description
        "Opaque field representing a vendor class of which
        the client is a member.";
}
/*
 * Data Nodes
*/
container dhcpv6-client {
    description
        "DHCPv6 client configuration and state.";
    leaf enabled {
        type boolean;
        default true;
        description
            "Globally enables the DHCP client function.";
    }
    leaf client-duid {
        if-feature "(non-temp-addr or prefix-delegation " +
            "or temp-addr) and not anon-profile";
        type dhc6:duid;
        description
            "A single Client DUID that will be used by all of the
            client's DHCPv6 enabled interfaces.";
        reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for
        IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 11";
    }
    list client-if {
        key if-name;
        description
            "The list of interfaces for which the client will
            be requesting DHCPv6 configuration.";
        leaf if-name {
            }
type if:interface-ref;
mandatory true;

description
  "Reference to the interface entry that the requested
  configuration is relevant to."
}
leaf enabled {
  type boolean;
  default true;
  description
  "Enables the DHCP client function for this interface."
}
leaf interface-duid {
  if-feature "("non-temp-addr or prefix-delegation " +
  "or temp-addr) and anon-profile"
  type dhc6:duid;
  description
  "Per-interface Client DUIDs for use with DHCP anonymity
  profiles.";
  reference "RFC 7844: Anonymity Profiles for DHCP Clients,
  Section_3";
}
container client-configured-options {
  description
  "Definitions for DHCPv6 options that can be be sent by
  the client. Additional option definitions can be
  augmented to this location from other YANG modules as
  required."
  uses option-request-option-group;
  uses dhc6:rapid-commit-option-group;
  uses user-class-option-group;
  uses vendor-class-option-group;
  uses dhc6:vendor-specific-information-option-group;
  uses dhc6:reconfigure-accept-option-group;
}
list ia-na {
  if-feature non-temp-addr;
  key ia-id;
  description
  "Configuration relevant for an IA_NA (Identity Association
  for Non-temporary Addresses).";
reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 13.1";
leaf ia-id {
    type uint32;
    description
        "A unique identifier for this IA_NA."
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 12";
}

container ia-na-options {
    description
        "An augmentation point for additional options that the client may send in the IA_NA-options field of OPTION_IA_NA."
}
container lease-state {
    config false;
    description
        "Information about the active IA_NA lease."
    leaf ia-na-address {
        type inet:ipv6-address;
        description
            "Address that is currently leased."
    }
    leaf lease-t1 {
        type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
        description
            "The time interval after which the client should contact the server from which the addresses in the IA_NA were obtained to extend the lifetimes of the addresses assigned to the IA_NA."
    }
    leaf lease-t2 {
        type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
        description
            "The time interval after which the client should contact any available server to extend the lifetimes of the addresses assigned to the IA_NA."
    }
    uses lease-state;
}
list ia-ta {
  if-feature temp-addr;
  key ia-id;
  description
    "Configuration relevant for an IA_TA (Identity Association for Temporary Addresses).";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 13.2";
  leaf ia-id {
    type uint32;
    description
      "The unique identifier for this IA_TA.";
    reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 12";
  }
}

container ia-ta-options {
  description
    "An augmentation point for additional options that the client may send in the IA_TA-options field of OPTION_IA_TA.";
}

container lease-state {
  config "false";
  description
    "Information about an active IA_TA lease.";
  leaf ia-ta-address {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    description
      "Address that is currently leased.";
    uses lease-state;
  }
}

list ia-pd {
  if-feature prefix-delegation;
  key ia-id;
  description
    "Configuration relevant for an IA_PD (Identity Association for Prefix Delegation).";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 12";
}

container ia-pd-options {
  description
    "An augmentation point for additional options that the client may send in the IA_PD-options field of OPTION_IA_PD.";
}

container lease-state {
  config "false";
  description
    "Information about an active IA_PD lease.";
  leaf ia-pd-address {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    description
      "Address that is currently leased.";
    uses lease-state;
  }
}

list ia-pd {
  if-feature prefix-delegation;
  key ia-id;
  description
    "Configuration relevant for an IA_PD (Identity Association for Prefix Delegation).";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 12";
}

container ia-pd-options {
  description
    "An augmentation point for additional options that the client may send in the IA_PD-options field of OPTION_IA_PD.";
}

container lease-state {
  config "false";
  description
    "Information about an active IA_PD lease.";
  leaf ia-pd-address {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    description
      "Address that is currently leased.";
    uses lease-state;
  }
}
IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 13.3;
leaf ia-id {
  type uint32;
  description
  "The unique identifier for this IA_PD."
  reference "RFC_8415": Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 12";
}
leaf prefix-length-hint {
  type uint8 {
    range "1..128";
  }
  description
  "Prefix-length hint value included in the messages sent to the server to indicate a preference for the size of the prefix to be delegated.";
  reference "RFC_8415": Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 18.2.1";
}
container ia-pd-options {
  description
  "An augmentation point for additional options that the client will send in the IA_PD-options field of
  OPTION_IA_TA.";
}
container lease-state {
  config "false";
  description
  "Information about an active IA_PD delegated prefix.";
  leaf ia-pd-prefix {
    type inet:ipv6-prefix;
    description
    "Delegated prefix that is currently leased.";
  }
  leaf lease-t1 {
    type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
    description
    "The time interval after which the client should contact the server from which the addresses in the IA_NA were obtained to extend the lifetimes of the addresses assigned to the IA_PD.";
leaf lease-t2 {
  type dhc6:timer-seconds32;
  description
      "The time interval after which the client should
       contact any available server to extend the lifetimes
       of the addresses assigned to the IA_PD."
}
uses lease-state;
}
}
container statistics {
  description
      "DHCPv6 message counters for the client.";
  uses message-statistics;
}
}

/**
 * Notifications
 */

notification invalid-ia-address-detected {
  if-feature "non-temp-addr or temp-addr";
  description
      "Notification sent when an address received in an identity
       association option is determined invalid. Possible conditions
       include a duplicate or otherwise illegal address.";
  reference "RFC 8415": Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 18.2.10.1";
leaf ia-id {
  type uint32;
  mandatory true;
  description
      "IA-ID";
}
leaf ia-na-t1-timer {
  type uint32;
  description
      "The value of the T1 time field for non-temporary address
allocations (OPTION_IA_NA)."

};

leaf ia-na-t2-timer {
  type uint32;
  description
  "The value of the preferred-lifetime field for non-temporary
  address allocations (OPTION_IA_NA)."

};

leaf invalid-address {
  type inet:ipv6-address;
  description
  "The IP address which has been detected to be invalid.";

};

leaf preferred-lifetime {
  type uint32;
  description
  "The value of the preferred-lifetime field in
  OPTION_IAADDR.";

};

leaf valid-lifetime {
  type uint32;
  description
  "The value of the valid-lifetime field in OPTION_IAADDR.";

};

leaf ia-options {
  type binary;
  description
  "A copy of the contents of the IAaddr-options field.";

};

leaf description {
  type string;
  description
  "Description of the invalid Identity Association (IA)
  detection error.";

};

notification transmission-failed {
  description
  "Notification sent when the transmission or retransmission
  of a message fails.";
leaf failure-type {
    type enumeration {
        enum "solicit-timeout" {
            description
                "Max Solicit timeout value (SOL_MAX_RT) exceeded.";
        }
        enum "request-timeout" {
            description
                "Max Request timeout value (REQ_MAX_RT) exceeded.";
        }
        enum "request-retries-exceeded" {
            description
                "Max Request retry attempts (REC_MAX_RC) exceeded.";
        }
        enum "confirm-duration-exceeded" {
            description
                "Max Confirm duration (CNF_MAX_RD) exceeded.";
        }
        enum "renew-timeout" {
            description
                "Max Renew timeout value (RENEW_MAX_RT) exceeded.";
        }
        enum "rebind-timeout" {
            description
                "Max Rebind timeout value (REB_MAX_RT) exceeded.";
        }
        enum "info-request-timeout" {
            description
                "Max Information-request timeout value (INF_MAX_RT) exceeded.";
        }
        enum "release-retries-exceeded" {
            description
                "Max Release retry attempts (REL_MAX_RC) exceeded.";
        }
        enum "decline-retries-exceeded" {
            description
                "Max Decline retry attempts (DEC_MAX_RT) exceeded.";
        }
    }
    mandatory true;
}
description
  "Description of the failure."
}
leaf description {
  type string;
  description
    "Information related to the failure, such as number of
     retries and timer values.";
}

notification unsuccessful-status-code {
  description
    "Notification sent when the client receives a message that
     includes an unsuccessful Status Code option.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for
     IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 21.13"
  leaf server-duid {
    type dhc6:duid;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "DUID of the server sending the unsuccessful error code.";
  }
  uses dhc6:status;
}

notification server-duid-changed {
  if-feature "non-temp-addr or prefix-delegation or " +
    "temp-addr";
  description
    "Notification sent when the client receives a lease from a
     server with different DUID to the one currently stored by the
     client, e.g., in response to a Rebind message.";
  reference "RFC 8415: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for
     IPv6 (DHCPv6), Section 18.2.5"
  leaf new-server-duid {
    type dhc6:duid;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "DUID of the new server.";
  }
  leaf previous-server-duid {
    type dhc6:duid;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "DUID of the previous server.";
  }
5. Security Considerations

The YANG modules defined in this document are designed to be accessed via network management protocols such as NETCONF [RFC6241] or RESTCONF [RFC8040]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is Secure Shell (SSH) [RFC6242]. The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [RFC8446].

The Network Configuration Access Control Model (NACM) [RFC8341] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF or RESTCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF or RESTCONF protocol operations and content.
All data nodes defined in the YANG modules which can be created, modified, and deleted (i.e., config true, which is the default) are considered sensitive. Write operations (e.g., edit-config) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

The RPCs for deleting/clearing active address and prefix entries in the server and relay modules are particularly sensitive. These RPCs use 'nacm:default-deny-all'.

An attacker with read/write access to the DHCPv6 server can undertake various attacks, such as:

* Denial of service attacks, such as disabling the DHCP server service, or removing address/prefix pool configuration.

* Various attacks based on re-configuring the contents of DHCPv6 options, leading to several types of security or privacy threats. These options could redirect clients to services under an attacker's control. For example, changing the address of a DNS server supplied in a DHCP option to point to a rogue server.

An attacker sending DHCPv6 messages which cause the server to generate 'invalid-client-detected' and 'decline-received' notifications could be used as a DoS attack. Such an attack could be mitigated by the NETCONF client unsubscribing from the affected notifications.

An attacker with read/write access the DHCPv6 relay can undertake various attacks, such as:

* Denial of service attacks, based on disabling the DHCP relay function, or modifying the relay's "destination-address" to a non-existent address.

* Modifying the relay's "destination-address" to send messages to a rogue DHCPv6 server.

* Deleting information about a client's delegated prefix, causing a
denial of service attack as traffic will no longer be routed to the client.

Some of the readable data nodes in this YANG module may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Therefore, it is important to control read access (e.g., via get, get-config, or notification) to these data nodes. These subtrees and data nodes can be misused to track the activity or fingerprint the device type of the host:

* Information the server holds about clients with active leases: (dhc6-srv/allocation-ranges/allocation-range/address-pools/address-pool/active-leases)

* Information the relay holds about clients with active leases: (dhc6-rly/relay-if/prefix-delegation/)

Information about a server's configured address and prefix pools may be used by an attacker for network reconnaissance [RFC7707]. The following subtrees and data nodes could be used for this purpose:

* Information about client address allocation ranges: (dhc6-srv/allocation-ranges/allocation-range/address-pools/address-pool/pool-prefix)

* Information about client prefix allocation ranges: (dhc6-srv/allocation-ranges/allocation-range/prefix-pools/prefix-pool/pool-prefix)

[RFC7844] describes anonymity profiles for DHCP clients. These can be used to prevent client tracking on a visited network. Support for this can be enabled by implementing the 'anon-profile' feature in the client module.

[RFC7824] covers privacy considerations for DHCPv6 and is applicable here.

Security considerations related to DHCPv6 are discussed in [RFC8415]. Security considerations given in [RFC7950] are also applicable here.
6. IANA Considerations

This document registers four URIs and four YANG modules.

6.1. URI Registration

This document requests IANA to register the following four URIs in the "IETF XML Registry" [RFC3688]:

Registrant Contact:  The IESG.
XML:  N/A; the requested URI is an XML namespace.

Registrant Contact:  The IESG.
XML:  N/A; the requested URI is an XML namespace.

Registrant Contact:  The IESG.
XML:  N/A; the requested URI is an XML namespace.

6.2. YANG Module Name Registration

This document registers the following four YANG modules in the "YANG Module Names" registry [RFC6020].

name:           ietf-dhcpv6-server
prefix:         dhc6-srv
reference:      RFC XXXX YANG Data Model for DHCPv6 Configuration

name:           ietf-dhcpv6-relay
prefix:         dhc6-rly
reference:      RFC XXXX YANG Data Model for DHCPv6 Configuration
7. Acknowledgments

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9. References

9.1. Normative References


[RFC6355] Narten, T. and J. Johnson, "Definition of the UUID-Based


Informative References


Appendix A. Data Tree Examples

This section contains XML examples of data trees for the different DHCPv6 elements.

A.1. DHCPv6 Server Configuration Examples

The following example shows a basic configuration for a server. The configuration defines:

* Enabling the DHCP server function.
* The server's DUID.
* An option set (id=1) with configuration for the Solicit Max Retry Timeout (SOL_MAX_RT (82)) option.
* A single network range (2001:db8::/32).
A single address pool, with start and end addresses, relevant lease timers and an option-set-id of "1" referencing the option set configured above.

```
<dhcpv6-server
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-dhcpv6-server">
    <enabled>true</enabled>
    <server-duid>000200090CC084D303000912</server-duid>
    <vendor-config/>
    <option-sets>
        <option-set>
            <option-set-id>1</option-set-id>
            <description>Example DHCP option set</description>
            <sol-max-rt-option>
                <sol-max-rt-value>3600</sol-max-rt-value>
            </sol-max-rt-option>
        </option-set>
    </option-sets>
    <class-selector/>
    <allocation-ranges>
        <valid-lifetime>54000</valid-lifetime>
        <renew-time>7200</renew-time>
        <rebind-time>32400</rebind-time>
        <preferred-lifetime>43200</preferred-lifetime>
        <allocation-range>
            <id>1</id>
            <description>example-allocation-range</description>
            <network-prefix>2001:db8::/32</network-prefix>
            <option-set-id>1</option-set-id>
            <address-pools>
                <address-pool>
                    <pool-id>1</pool-id>
                    <pool-prefix>2001:db8:1::/64</pool-prefix>
                    <start-address>2001:db8:1:1::1000</start-address>
                    <end-address>2001:db8:1:1::2000</end-address>
                    <max-address-utilization>50</max-address-utilization>
                    <option-set-id>1</option-set-id>
                </address-pool>
            </address-pools>
        </allocation-range>
    </allocation-ranges>
</dhcpv6-server>
```
Figure 4: Basic Server Configuration Example XML

The following example configuration snippet shows a static host reservation within an address pool. The host's lease timers are configured to be longer than hosts from the pool with dynamically assigned addresses.

```xml
<address-pools>
  <address-pool>
    <pool-id>1</pool-id>
    <pool-prefix>2001:db8:1:1::/64</pool-prefix>
    <start-address>2001:db8:1:1::1000</start-address>
    <end-address>2001:db8:1:1::2000</end-address>
    <max-address-utilization>50</max-address-utilization>
    <option-set-id>1</option-set-id>
  </address-pool>
</address-pools>
```

Figure 5: Server Host Reservation Configuration Example XML Snippet

The following example configuration snippet shows a network range and pool to be used for delegating prefixes to clients. In this example, each client will receive a /56 prefix.

```xml
<address-pools>
  <address-pool>
    <pool-id>1</pool-id>
    <pool-prefix>2001:db8:1:1::/64</pool-prefix>
    <start-address>2001:db8:1:1::1000</start-address>
    <end-address>2001:db8:1:1::2000</end-address>
    <max-address-utilization>50</max-address-utilization>
    <option-set-id>1</option-set-id>
  </address-pool>
</address-pools>
```
The 'max-pd-space-utilization' is set to 80 percent so that a 'prefix-pool-utilization-threshold-exceeded' notification will be raised if the number of prefix allocations exceeds this.

```xml
<allocation-ranges>
  <allocation-range>
    <id>1</id>
    <description>prefix-pool-example</description>
    <network-prefix>2001:db8::/32</network-prefix>
    <prefix-pools>
      <valid-lifetime>54000</valid-lifetime>
      <renew-time>7200</renew-time>
      <rebind-time>32400</rebind-time>
      <preferred-lifetime>43200</preferred-lifetime>
      <prefix-pool>
        <pool-id>0</pool-id>
        <option-set-id>1</option-set-id>
        <pool-prefix>2001:db8:1::/48</pool-prefix>
        <client-prefix-length>56</client-prefix-length>
        <max-pd-space-utilization>80</max-pd-space-utilization>
      </prefix-pool>
    </prefix-pools>
  </allocation-range>
</allocation-ranges>
```
The next example configuration snippet shows a set of options that may be returned to clients, depending on the contents of a received DHCP request message. The option set ID is '1', which will referenced by other places in the configuration (e.g., address pool configuration) as the available options for clients that request them.

The example shows how the option definitions can be extended via augmentation. In this case, "OPTION_SIP_SERVER_D (21) SIP Servers Domain-Name List" from the example module in Appendix B has been augmented to the server's option set.

```xml
<option-sets>
  <option-set>
    <option-set-id>1</option-set-id>
    <description>Example DHCP option set</description>
    <vendor-specific-information-options>
      <vendor-specific-information-option>
        <enterprise-number>32473</enterprise-number>
        <vendor-option-data>
          <sub-option-code>01</sub-option-code>
          <sub-option-data>1234abcd</sub-option-data>
        </vendor-option-data>
        <vendor-option-data>
          <sub-option-code>02</sub-option-code>
          <sub-option-data>abcd1234</sub-option-data>
```
Figure 7: Server Option Set Configuration Example XML Snippet

A.2. DHCPv6 Relay Configuration Example

The following example shows a basic configuration for a single DHCP relay interface and its interaction with the ietf-interfaces module. The configuration shows two XML documents, one for ietf-interfaces and a second for ietf-dhcpv6-relay, defining:

* Configuring an interface using the ietf-interfaces module that the relay configuration will be applied to.

* Enabling the DHCP relay function globally and for the relevant interface.

* Referencing the interface that the relay configuration is relevant for via an interface-ref to the ietf-interfaces module.

* Defining two destination addresses that incoming DHCP messages will be relayed to.

* Configures the link-address value that will be sent in the relay-
forward message.

* Configuring a value for the Interface ID Option (OPTION_INTERFACE_ID (18)), which will be included in the relay forward message.

```xml
<interfaces xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interfaces"
            xmlns:ianaift="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:iana-if-type">
  <interface>
    <name>eth0</name>
    <type>ianaift:ethernetCsmacd</type>
    <description>DHCPv6 Relay Interface</description>
    <enabled>true</enabled>
  </interface>
</interfaces>

<dhcpv6-relay xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-dhcpv6-relay">
  <enabled>true</enabled>
  <relay-if>
    <if-name>eth0</if-name>
    <enabled>true</enabled>
    <destination-address>2001:db8:2::1</destination-address>
    <destination-address>2001:db8:2::2</destination-address>
    <link-address>2001:db8:3::1</link-address>
    <relay-options>
      <interface-id-option>
        <interface-id>EXAMPLEINTERFACEID01</interface-id>
      </interface-id-option>
    </relay-options>
  </relay-if>
</dhcpv6-relay>
```

Figure 8: Basic Relay Configuration Example XML

A.3. DHCPv6 Client Configuration Example

The following example shows a basic configuration for a DHCP client and its interaction with the ietf-interfaces module. The configuration shows two XML documents, one for ietf-interfaces and a second for ietf-dhcpv6-client defining:
* Configuring an interface using the ietf-interfaces module that the client configuration will be applied to.

* Enabling the DHCP client function globally and for the relevant interface.

* References the interface that the client configuration is relevant for via an interface-ref to the ietf-interfaces module.

* Sets the DUID for the DHCPv6 enabled interface.

* Configures a list of option codes that will be requested by the client in its Option Request Option (OPTION_ORO (5)).

* Configures a single instance of the Vendor-specific Information Option (OPTION_VENDOR_OPTS (17)) with a single sub-option data item.

* Requests a non-temporary IPv6 address (IA_NA) with an identity association interface identifier of 1.

* Requests an IPv6 delegated prefix address (IA_PD) with an identity association interface identifier of 2.
<interfaces xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interfaces"
    xmlns:ianaift="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:iana-if-type">
    <interface>
        <name>eth0</name>
        <type>ianaift:ethernetCsmacd</type>
        <description>DHCPv6 Relay Interface</description>
        <enabled>true</enabled>
    </interface>
</interfaces>

<dhcpv6-client
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-dhcpv6-client">
    <enabled>true</enabled>
    <client-if>
        <if-name>eth0</if-name>
        <enabled>true</enabled>
        <interface-duid>000200090CC084D30300913</interface-duid>
        <client-configured-options>
            <option-request-option>
                <oro-option>17</oro-option>
                <oro-option>23</oro-option>
                <oro-option>24</oro-option>
                <oro-option>82</oro-option>
            </option-request-option>
            <vendor-specific-information-options>
                <vendor-specific-information-option>
                    <enterprise-number>32473</enterprise-number>
                    <vendor-option-data>
                        <sub-option-code>1</sub-option-code>
                        <sub-option-data>abcd1234</sub-option-data>
                    </vendor-option-data>
                </vendor-specific-information-option>
            </vendor-specific-information-options>
        </client-configured-options>
        <ia-na>
            <ia-id>1</ia-id>
        </ia-na>
        <ia-pd>
            <ia-id>2</ia-id>
        </ia-pd>
    </client-if>
</dhcpv6-client>
Appendix B. Example of Augmenting Additional DHCPv6 Option Definitions

The following section provides an example of how the DHCPv6 option definitions can be extended to include additional options. It is expected that additional specification documents will be published for this in the future.

The example defines YANG models for OPTION_SIP_SERVER_D (21) and OPTION_SIP_SERVER_D (22) defined in [RFC3319]. Example XML configuration, showing the interworking with other modules is provided in Figure 7.

The module is constructed as follows:

* The module is named using a meaningful, shortened version of the document name in which the DHCP option format is specified.
* A separate grouping is used to define each option.
* The name of the option is taken from the registered IANA name for the option, with an '-option' suffix added.
* The description field is taken from the relevant option code name and number.
* The reference section is the number and name of the RFC in which the DHCPv6 option is defined.
* The remaining fields match the fields in the DHCP option. They are in the same order as defined in the DHCP option. Where-ever possible, the format that is defined for the DHCP field should be matched by the relevant YANG type.
* Fields which can have multiple entries or instances are defined using list or leaf-list nodes.
Below the groupings for option definitions, augment statements are used to add the option definitions for use in the relevant DHCP element's module (server, relay and/or client).

```yang
module example-dhcpv6-opt-sip-serv {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "https://example.com/ns/" + "example-dhcpv6-opt-sip-serv";
  prefix "sip-srv";

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
  }

  import ietf-dhcpv6-server {
    prefix dhc6-srv;
  }

  organization
    "IETF DHC (Dynamic Host Configuration) Working Group";

  contact
    "WG Web:  <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/dhc/>
    WG List:  <mailto:dhcwg@ietf.org>
    Author:  Yong Cui <yong@cse1.cs.tsinghua.edu.cn>
    Author:  Linhui Sun <lh.sunlinh@gmail.com>
    Editor:  Ian Farrer <ian.farrer@telekom.de>
    Author:  Sladjana Zeichlin <sladjana.zechlin@telekom.de>
    Author:  Zihao He <hezihao9512@gmail.com>
    Author:  Michal Nowikowski <godfryd@isc.org>";

  description
    "This YANG module contains DHCPv6 options defined in RFC 8415
    that can be used by DHCPv6 servers."

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  authors of the code. All rights reserved.

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  modification, is permitted pursuant to, and subject to the license
  terms contained in, the Revised BSD License set
grouping sip-server-domain-name-list-option-group {
  description
    "OPTION_SIP_SERVER_D (21) SIP Servers Domain-Name List";
  container sip-server-domain-name-list-option {
    description
      "OPTION_SIP_SERVER_D (21) SIP Servers Domain Name List Option.";
    list sip-server {
      key sip-serv-id;
      description
        "SIP server information.";
      leaf sip-serv-id {
        type uint8;
        description
          "SIP server list identifier.";
      }
      leaf sip-serv-domain-name {
        type inet:domain-name;
        description
          "SIP server domain name.";
      }
    }
  }
}
grouping sip-server-address-list-option-group {
  description "OPTION_SIP_SERVER_A (22) SIP Servers IPv6 Address List";
  container sip-server-address-list-option {
    description "OPTION_SIP_SERVER_A (22) SIP Servers IPv6 Address List Option.";
    list sip-server {
      key sip-serv-id;
      description "SIP server information.";
      leaf sip-serv-id {
        type uint8;
        description "SIP server list entry identifier.";
      }
      leaf sip-serv-addr {
        type inet:ipv6-address;
        description "SIP server IPv6 address.";
      }
    }
  }
}

/*
 * Augmentations
 */

augment "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:option-sets/" + "dhc6-srv:option-set" {
  description
"Augment the option definition groupings to the server module."
uses sip-server-domain-name-list-option-group;
uses sip-server-address-list-option-group;
}
}
The correct location to augment the new option definition(s) will vary according to the specific rules defined for the use of that specific option. For example, for options which will be augmented into the ietf-dhcpv6-server module, in many cases, these will be augmented to:

'/dhc6-srv:dhc6-srv/dhc6-srv:option-sets/dhc6-srv:option-set'

So that they can be defined within option sets. However, there are some options which are only applicable for specific deployment scenarios and in these cases it may be more logical to augment the option group to a location relevant for the option.

One example for this could be OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE (67). This option is only relevant in combination with a delegated prefix which contains a specific prefix. In this case, the following location for the augmentation may be more suitable:


Appendix C. Example Vendor Specific Server Configuration Module

This section shows how to extend the server YANG module defined in this document with vendor specific configuration nodes, e.g., configuring access to a lease storage database.

The example module defines additional server attributes such as name and description. Storage for leases is configured using a lease-storage container. It allows storing leases in one of three options: memory (memfile), MySQL and PostgreSQL. For each case, the necessary configuration parameters are provided.

For simplicity, this example module assumes that the DHCPv6 server is colocated with the MySQL or PostgreSQL database server and can serve
traffic securely on the localhost without additional cryptographic protection. In a production deployment, these functions would likely not be colocated and thus use TLS to secure the database connection between the DHCPv6 server and database server. A YANG module for configuring TLS is defined in [I-D.ietf-netconf-tls-client-server].

At the end there is an augment statement which adds the vendor specific configuration defined in "dhcpv6-server-config:config" under the "/dhcpv6-server:config/dhcpv6-server:vendor-config" mount point.

module example-dhcpv6-server-conf {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "https://example.com/ns/" +
      "example-dhcpv6-server-conf";
  prefix "dhc6-srv-conf";

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
  }

  import ietf-dhcpv6-server {
    prefix dhc6-srv;
  }

  organization
    "IETF DHC (Dynamic Host Configuration) Working Group";

  contact
    "WG Web:  <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/dhc/>
    WG List:  <mailto:dhcwg@ietf.org>
    Author:  Yong Cui <yong@csnet1.cs.tsinghua.edu.cn>
    Author:  Linhui Sun <lh.sunlinh@gmail.com>
    Editor:  Ian Farrer <ian.farrer@telekom.de>
    Author:  Sladjana Zeichlin <sladjana.zechlin@telekom.de>
    Author:  Zihao He <hezihao9512@gmail.com>
    Author:  Michal Nowikowski <godfryd@isc.org>";
This YANG module defines components for the configuration and management of vendor/implementation specific DHCPv6 server functionality. As this functionality varies greatly between different implementations, the module is provided as an example only.

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This version of this YANG module is part of RFC XXXX (https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfcXXXX); see the RFC itself for full legal notices.

revision 2022-03-07 {
  description
    "Initial Revision.";
  reference
    "XXXX: YANG Data Model for DHCPv6 Configuration";
}

/*
 * Groupings
 */

grouping config {
  description
    "Parameters necessary for the configuration of a DHCPv6 server";
  container serv-attributes {
    description
      "Contains basic attributes necessary for running a DHCPv6 server.";
    leaf name {
      type string;
      description
        "Name of the DHCPv6 server.";
    }
    leaf description {
      type string;
      description
leaf ipv6-listen-port {
  type uint16;
  default 547;
  description
    "UDP port that the server will listen on.";
}

choice listening-interfaces {
  default all-interfaces;
  description
    "Configures which interface or addresses the server will
    listen for incoming messages on.";
  case all-interfaces {
    container all-interfaces {
      presence true;
      description
        "Configures the server to listen for incoming messages
        on all IPv6 addresses (unicast and multicast) on all of
        its network interfaces.";
    }
  }
  case interface-list {
    leaf-list interfaces {
      type if:interface-ref;
      description
        "List of interfaces on which the server will listen
        for incoming messages. Messages addressed to any
        valid IPv6 address (unicast and multicast) will be
        received.";
    }
  }
  case address-list {
    leaf-list address-list {
      type inet:ipv6-address;
      description
        "List of IPv6 address(es) on which the server will
        listen for incoming DHCPv6 messages.";
    }
  }
}

leaf-list interfaces-config {
  type if:interface-ref;
  default "if:interfaces/if:interface/if:name";
  description
    "A leaf list of interfaces on which the server should
container lease-storage {
    description
        "Configures how the server will store leases.";
    choice storage-type {
        description
            "The type of storage that will be used for lease information.";
        case memfile {
            description
                "Configuration for storing leases information in a Comma-Separated Value (CSV) file.";
            leaf memfile-name {
                type string;
                description
                    "Specifies the absolute location of the lease file. The format of the string follow the semantics of the relevant operating system.";
            }
            leaf memfile-lfc-interval {
                type uint64;
                description
                    "Specifies the interval in seconds, at which the server will perform a lease file cleanup (LFC).";
            }
        }
        case mysql {
            leaf mysql-name {
                type string;
                description
                    "Name of the MySQL database, running on the localhost.";
            }
            leaf mysql-username {
                type string;
                description
                    "User name of the account under which the server will access the database.";
            }
            leaf mysql-password {
type string;
description
    "Password of the account under which the server will access the database."
}
leaf mysql-port {
    type inet:port-number;
default 3306;
description
    "If the database is located on a different system, the port number may be specified.";
}
leaf mysql-lfc-interval {
    type uint64;
description
    "Specifies the interval in seconds, at which the server will perform a lease file cleanup (LFC)."
}
leaf mysql-connect-timeout {
    type uint64;
description
    "Defines the timeout interval for connecting to the database. A longer interval can be specified if the database is remote."
}
}
} case postgresql {
    leaf postgresql-name {
        type string;
description
        "Name of the PostgreSQL database, running on the localhost.";
    }
    leaf postgresql-username {
        type string;
description
        "User name of the account under which the server will access the database"
    }
    leaf postgresql-password {
        type string;
description
   "Password of the account under which the server will access the database";
}
leaf postgresql-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    default 5432;
    description
       "If the database is located on a different system, the port number may be specified";
}
leaf postgresql-lfc-interval {
    type uint64;
    description
       "Specifies the interval in seconds, at which the server will perform a lease file cleanup (LFC)";
}
leaf postgresql-connect-timeout {
    type uint64;
    description
       "Defines the timeout interval for connecting to the database. A longer interval can be specified if the database is remote.";
}

/*
 * Augmentations
 */

augment "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:vendor-config" {
    description
       "Augment the server specific YANG to the ietf-dhcpv6-server module.";
    uses config;
}

}
Appendix D. Example definition of class-selector configuration

The module "ietf-example-dhcpv6-class-selector" provides an example of how vendor-specific class selection configuration can be modeled and integrated with the "ietf-dhcpv6-server" module defined in this document.

The example module defines "client-class-names" with associated matching rules. A client can be classified based on "client-id", "interface-id" (ingress interface of the client's messages), packet's source or destination address, relay link address, relay link interface-id and more. Actually, there are endless methods for classifying clients. So this standard does not try to provide full specification for class selection, it only shows an example of how it could be defined.

At the end of the example augment statements are used to add the defined class selector rules into the overall DHCPv6 addressing hierarchy. This is done in two main parts:

* The augmented class-selector configuration in the main DHCPv6 Server configuration.

* client-class leafrefs augmented to "allocation-range", "address-pool" and "pd-pool", pointing to the "client-class-name" that is required.

The mechanism is as follows: class is associated to client based on rules and then client is allowed to get address(es)/prefix(es) from a given allocation-range/pool if the class name matches.

module example-dhcpv6-class-select {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "https://example.com/ns/" +
      "example-dhcpv6-class-select";
  prefix "dhc6-class-sel";

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
  }
}
import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
}

import ietf-dhcpv6-common {
    prefix dhc6;
}

import ietf-dhcpv6-server {
    prefix dhc6-srv;
}

organization
    "IETF DHC (Dynamic Host Configuration) Working Group";

contact
    "WG Web:   <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/dhc/>
    WG List:  <mailto:dhcwg@ietf.org>
    Author:   Yong Cui <yong@csnet1.cs.tsinghua.edu.cn>
    Author:   Linhui Sun <lh.sunlinh@gmail.com>
    Editor:   Ian Farrer <ian.farrer@telekom.de>
    Author:   Sladjana Zeichlin <sladjana.zechlin@telekom.de>
    Author:   Zihao He <hezihao9512@gmail.com>
    Author:   Michal Nowikowski <godfryd@isc.org>";

description
    "This YANG module defines components for the definition and
    configuration of the client class selector function for a
    DHCPv6 server. As this functionality varies greatly between
different implementations, the module provided as an example
only.

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without modification, is permitted pursuant to, and subject to
the license terms contained in, the Revised BSD License set
forth in Section 4.c of the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions
revision 2022-03-07 {
  description "Initial Revision.";
  reference "XXXX: YANG Data Model for DHCPv6 Configuration";
}

/*
 * Groupings
 */

grouping client-class-id {
  description "Definitions of client message classification for authorization and assignment purposes.";
  leaf client-class-name {
    type string;
    mandatory true;
    description "Unique Identifier for client class identification list entries.";
  }
  choice id-type {
    mandatory true;
    description "Definitions for different client identifier types.";
    case client-id-id {
      leaf client-id {
        type string;
        mandatory true;
        description "String literal client identifier.";
      }
    }
  }
}

description "Client class selection based on a string literal client identifier.";
case received-interface-id {
  description
  "Client class selection based on the incoming interface
  of the DHCPv6 message."
  leaf received-interface {
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
    "Reference to the interface entry for the incoming
    DHCPv6 message."
  }
}

case packet-source-address-id {
  description
  "Client class selection based on the source address of
  the DHCPv6 message."
  leaf packet-source-address {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    mandatory true;
    description
    "Source address of the DHCPv6 message."
  }
}

case packet-destination-address-id {
  description
  "Client class selection based on the destination address
  of the DHCPv6 message."
  leaf packet-destination-address {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    mandatory true;
    description
    "Destination address of the DHCPv6 message."
  }
}

case relay-link-address-id {
  description
  "Client class selection based on the prefix of the
  link-address field in the relay agent message header."
  leaf relay-link-address {
    type inet:ipv6-prefix;
    mandatory true;
    description
    "Prefix of the link-address field in the relay agent
    message header."
  }
}
case relay-peer-address-id {
  description
  "Client class selection based on the value of the peer-address field in the relay agent message header.";
  leaf relay-peer-address {
    type inet:ipv6-prefix;
    mandatory true;
    description
    "Prefix of the peer-address field in the relay agent message header.";
  }
}

case relay-interface-id {
  description
  "Client class selection based on a received instance of OPTION_INTERFACE_ID (18).";
  leaf relay-interface {
    type string;
    description
    "An opaque value of arbitrary length generated by the relay agent to identify one of the relay agent's interfaces.";
  }
}

case user-class-option-id {
  description
  "Client class selection based on the value of the OPTION_USER_CLASS (15) and its user-class-data field.";
  leaf user-class-data {
    type string;
    mandatory true;
    description
    "User Class value to match.";
  }
}

case vendor-class-present-id {
  description
  "Client class selection based on the presence of OPTION_VENDOR_CLASS (16) in the received message.";
  leaf vendor-class-present {
    type boolean;
    mandatory true;
    description
    "Presence of OPTION_VENDOR_CLASS (16) in the received message.";
  }
}
case vendor-class-option-enterprise-number-id {
  description
    "Client class selection based on the value of the enterprise-number field in OPTION_VENDOR_CLASS (16).";
  leaf vendor-class-option-enterprise-number {
    type uint32;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Value of the enterprise-number field.";
  }
}
case vendor-class-option-data {
  description
    "Client class selection based on the value of a data field within a vendor-class-data entry for a matching enterprise-number field in OPTION_VENDOR_CLASS (16).";
  container vendor-class-option-data {
    description
      "Vendor class option data container.";
    leaf enterprise-number {
      type uint32;
      description
        "The vendor's registered Enterprise Number as maintained by IANA."
    }
    leaf vendor-class-data-id {
      type uint8;
      description
        "Vendor class data ID"
    }
    leaf vendor-class-data {
      type string;
      description
        "Opaque field for matching the client's vendor class data."
    }
  }
}
case client-duid-id {
}
description
"Client class selection based on the value of the received client DUID."
leaf duid {
  type dhc6:duid;
  description
  "Client DUID.";
}

augment "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:class-selector" {
  description
  "Augment class selector functions to the DHCPv6 server module.";
  container client-classes {
    description
    "Client classes to augment.";
    list class {
      key client-class-name;
      description
      "List of the client class identifiers applicable to clients served by this address pool";
      uses client-class-id;
    }
  }
}

augment "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:allocation-ranges/dhc6-srv:allocation-range" {
  description
  "Augment class selector functions to the DHCPv6 server allocation-ranges.";
  leaf-list client-class {
    type leafref {
      path "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:" +
augment "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:" +
"allocation-ranges/dhc6-srv:allocation-range/dhc6-srv:" +
"address-pools/dhc6-srv:address-pool" {
  description
  "Augment class selector functions to the DHCPv6 server
  address-pools."
  leaf-list client-class {
    type leafref {
      path "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:" +
"class-selector/client-classes/class/client-class-name";
    }
    description
    "Leafrefs to client classes.";
  }
}

augment "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:" +
"prefix-pools/dhc6-srv:prefix-pool" {
  description
  "Augment class selector functions to the DHCPv6
  server prefix-pools."
  leaf-list client-class {
    type leafref {
      path "/dhc6-srv:dhcpv6-server/dhc6-srv:" +
"class-selector/client-classes/class/client-class-name";
    }
    description
    "Leafrefs to client classes.";
  }
}