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DHCP Server-ID Override Suboption  
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Abstract

This memo defines a new suboption of the DHCP relay information option [6] which allows the DHCP relay to specify a new value for the Server-ID option, which is inserted by the DHCP Server. In some cases it is convenient for the DHCP relay to act as the actual DHCP server such that DHCP RENEWAL requests will come to the relay instead of going to the server directly. This gives the relay the

opportunity to include the Relay Agent option with appropriate suboptions even on RENEWAL messages.

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## 1. Introduction

There are many situations where the DHCP relay is involved and can insert a relay agent option with appropriate suboptions easily into DHCP DISCOVER messages. Once the lease has been granted, however, future DHCP RENEWAL messages are sent directly to the DHCP Server as specified in the Server-ID option. This means that the relay may not see the DHCP RENEWAL messages (depending upon network topology) and thus can not provide the same relay agent option information in the RENEWAL messages.

This new DHCP relay agent suboption, Server-ID override, allows the relay to tell the DHCP server what value to place into the Server-ID option. Using this, the relay agent can force RENEWAL messages to come to it instead of the server. The relay may then insert the relay agent option with appropriate suboptions and relay the request to the actual server. In this fashion the DHCP server will be provided with the same relay agent information upon renewals (such as Circuit-ID, Remote-ID, Device Class, etc.) as was provided in the initial DISCOVER message. In effect, this makes a RENEWAL into a REBINDING.

This new suboption could also be used by the DHCP relay in order to allow the relay to appear as the actual DHCP server to the client. This has the advantage that the relay can more easily keep up-to-date information about leases granted, etc.

In short, this new suboption allows the DHCPv4 relay to function in the same fashion as the DHCPv6 relay currently does.

## 2. Server-ID Override Suboption Definition

The format of the suboption is:

Code	Len	Overriding Server-ID address			
TBD	n	a1	a2	a3	a4

Figure 1

The option length (n) is 4. The octets "a1" through "a4" specify the value which SHOULD be inserted into the Server-ID option by the DHCP Server upon reply.

DHCP Servers SHOULD use this value, if present, as the value to insert into the Server-ID option whenever responding to a DHCP Client.

When servicing a DHCP REQUEST packet the DHCP Server would normally look at the Server-ID option for verification that the address specified there is one of the addresses associated with the DHCP Server, silently ignoring the REQUEST if it does not match a configured DHCP Server interface address. If the REQUEST packet contains a Server-ID Override Suboption, however, comparison should be made between this suboption and the Server-ID option. If both of the Server-ID Override Suboption and the Server-ID Option specify the same address, then the Server should accept the REQUEST packet for

processing, regardless of whether or not the Server-ID Option matches a DHCP Server interface.

### [3.](#) Security Considerations

Message authentication in DHCP for intradomain use where the out-of-band exchange of a shared secret is feasible is defined in [\[3\]](#). Potential exposures to attack are discussed in [section 7](#) of the DHCP protocol specification in [\[2\]](#).

The DHCP Relay Agent option depends on a trusted relationship between the DHCP relay agent and the server, as described in section 5 of [RFC 3046](#). While the introduction of fraudulent relay-agent options can be prevented by a perimeter defense that blocks these options unless the relay agent is trusted, a deeper defense using the authentication option for relay agent options [\[4\]](#) SHOULD be deployed as well.

If a rogue DHCP relay were inserted between the client and the server, it could redirect clients to it using this suboption. This would allow such a system to later deny renew requests and thus force clients to discontinue use of their allocated address. This interception, however, would need to be done during the initial DISCOVER and OFFER phase, since the suboption value SHOULD be ignored by the server during RENEWAL state. Either DHCP Authentication [\[3\]](#) or DHCP Relay Agent option authentication [\[4\]](#) would address this

case.

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#### [4.](#) IANA Considerations

None.

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## 6. References

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