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- M. Fine
- K. McCloghrie Cisco Systems
- J. Seligson
- K. Chan

Nortel Networks

S. Hahn

Intel

A. Smith

Extreme Networks Francis Reichmeyer IPHighway

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Differentiated Services Quality of Service Policy Information Base

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1. Glossary

PRC Policy Rule Class. A type of policy data.

PRI Policy Rule Instance. An instance of a PRC.

PIB Policy Information Base. The database of policy information.

PDP Policy Decision Point. See [RAP-FRAMEWORK].

PEP Policy Enforcement Point. See [RAP-FRAMEWORK].

PRID Policy Rule Instance Identifier. Uniquely identifies an instance of a a PRC.

2. Introduction

[SPPI] describes a structure for specifying policy information that can then be transmitted to a network device for the purpose of configuring policy at that device. The model underlying this structure is one of well defined policy rule classes and instances of these classes residing in a virtual information store called the Policy Information Base (PIB).

This document specifies a set of policy rule classes specifically for configuring QoS Policy for Differentiated Services [DSARCH].

One way to provision policy is by means of the COPS protocol [COPS] with the extensions for provisioning [COPS-PR]. This protocol supports multiple clients, each of which may provision policy for a specific policy domain such as QoS. The PRCs defined in this DiffServ QoS PIB are intended for use by the COPS-PR QoS client type. Furthemore, these PRCs are in addition to any other PIBs that may be defined for the QoS client type in the future, as well as the PRCs defined in the Framework PIB [FR-PIB]

3. DiffServ PIB Concepts

3.1. Filters, Filter Groups and Classifiers

The basis of differential QoS treatment of packets is a filter. This is simply a general specification for matching a pattern to appear in packets belonging to flows, e.g. microflows or bandwidth aggregates. Associated with each filter is a permit/deny flag which effectively gives a negation operation.

Sets of these filters are used to create classifiers. Classifiers are applied to interfaces with a direction flag to indicate an ingress or egress classifier. Filters are combined, in order, into filter groups;

filter groups are then combined, in order, to build a classifier. This allows a rudimentary classification grammar to be defined. On input, each packet is checked against the ingress classifier on the interface. Similarly, on output each packet is checked against the egress classifier on the interface. The result of the classifier then feeds into appropriate meters and actions to be applied to packets.

For each classifier, the packet is checked against the set of filter groups in the appropriate order. The detailed operation of the PIB syntax is as follows. If a packet matches a filter in the first filter group of a classifier and the sense is "permit" then the subsequent meters and actions associated with that classifier are applied to that packet and no further filters are compared. If the sense is "deny" then the rest of the filters in the current filter group are skipped and operation proceeds with the first filter of the next filter group. If the packet does not match any of the filters in the filter group then the next filter group is tried. This process is continued until a definitive match is obtained. Each classifier must cover all possible matches i.e., it must be complete.

3.2. Applying QoS Policy Using Targets

The task of applying QoS policy within a network requires the specification of several components. The flows to which QoS policy should be applied must be identified. The interfaces of the device on which the policy should be enforced must be known. A certain set of parameters to support flow metering is also required. The combination of these components provides the target against which QoS policy is to be applied. Within the context of the QoS PIB, the association between these components is defined efficiently using the Target class.

The Target class serves to logically link several other QoS policy classes. Flow classification rules, specifying behavior aggregate (BA) or multi-field (MF) classification parameters, are indirectly identified using the PRC for the appropriate classification class (e.g., IP, 802) coupled with an identifier for a specific classifier. Interface information is specified using the role combination tag, defined in the Interface Type class, to identify the group of interfaces on which classification is to be performed. The direction of packet flow on the identified interfaces is provided as well. A link to the metering component is provided using the PRC for the appropriate metering class instance.

Once a target has been defined, actions based on the classification and metering phases must be specified. Action class instances are linked

with the Target entry through the associated Meter class instance. A precedence component is also provided so that a definitive order of evaluation may be defined for Target class instances being applied to the same interface role and flow direction targets. The Target class thus functions as the integration point for the range of components used for the application of QoS policy.

3.3. Interface Modeling with Queue Sets

The traffic processing capabilities of an interface are determined by the queuing resources that are associated with the interface. These capabilities are represented abstractly using queue sets. A queue set is comprised of one or more individual queues. The PDP creates the queue sets, configures the parameters of the individual queues, configures the scheduling discipline to be used to schedule the queues and then assigns a queue set to each <interface type, role combination> tuple. In this way, the PDP sets the scheduling policy for each interface based on the role combination of the interface and the type of the interface.

In order for the PDP to configure a queue set that can be properly realized by an interface, the PEP reports to the PDP the types of interfaces it has together with various capabilities and configuration limits (such as the maximum number of queues an interface could support) of the interface types.

It should be emphasized that the PDP does not configure individual interfaces directly. Rather, it configures them indirectly by specifying the configuration for each interface type and role combination pair. It is the responsibility of the PEP to apply the queue set characteristics, and hence the interface scheduling configuration, to the individual interfaces on the basis of the type and role combination information.

3.3.1. Queue Scheduling

There are two basic scheduling disciplines supported by queue sets: priority queueing and weighted fair queueing. To support these, each queue is assigned a priority which is then used to determine a strict processing order between queues. However, several queues may be assigned the same priority. In this case, these queues form a group, called a priority group, and are scheduled using WFQ. In other words, service is given to the priority group with the highest priority that has any non-empty queue. Within a priority group queues are serviced

using WFQ.

3.3.2. Assigning Packets To Queues and Thresholds

In keeping with the DiffServ model of classifying packets into behaviour classes and then providing service suitable for that behaviour, packets are assigned to queues on the basis of their final DSCP values. Furthermore, each queue is configured with a set of thresholds to support multiple discard priorities for the PHBs in a PHB group. Packets are assigned to thresholds within a queue on the basis of their DSCPs. The PDP is responsible for this assignment of DSCP values to queues and the associated thresholds.

3.3.3. Hierarchies of Queues

Sometimes policy may require hierachies of queues. For example, a department might has some set of traffic classes with a defined scheduling policy between these classes. Multiple departments might then share a link with there being a defined scheduling policy between traffic from the various depertments.

The PIB does not support hierarchical queueing at this time. However, we expect to add this support in the future by allowing the traffic from one queue set to feed into the queues of another queue set.

3.4. IP Mapping to and from Layer 2

The PIB specifies QoS policy by assigning DSCP values to specific queues, but in order to provide a complete QoS picture, the PIB must consider that not all devices on the network are DiffServ capable, i.e., capable of setting/inspecting a packet's DSCP value. Specifically, the network might include layer 2 devices (switches) that can only support IEEE 802.1p classes of service. In order to support network configuration that consists of DiffServ capable devices and devices that can only support IEEE 802.1p, the PIB has included a mapping table that can allow the DSCP values to be mapped to specific IEEE 802.1p tag values.

DSCP ----- DSCP ----- DSCP ----- DSCP

```
---->|diffserv|----->|L2 |----->|diffserv|---->
| router | 802.1p |switch| 802.1p | router | 802.1p
----- priority ----- priority ------
```

A second case exists where packets coming into the network are arriving from a non-DiffServ enabled device and no DSCP exists with in the packet, but an 802.1p tag does exist. In the case where the DiffServ device has the ability to set a DSCP in the packet, the DiffServ router can map the layer 2 tag into a DSCP value. The PIB supports a mapping table that can be used to map from the layer 2 tag to a DSCP value. This mapping would be configured to apply to those ports where the upstream device marks packets using a L2 802.1p tag as shown in the figure below.

Alternatively, the DiffServ router can have policies applied to it that cause it to reclassify the incoming packet using a MF classifier, ignoring the incoming 802.1p tag.

4. Summary of the DiffServ PIB

The DiffServ PIB consists of two modules. The first, DIFFSERV-BASE-PIB contains all the base PRCs for setting DiffServ policy, queues, classifiers, meters, etc., and also contains filters for matching IP packets. The second, the DIFFSERV-802-PIB contains PRCs to map the IEEE 802.3 class of service values to DiffServ code points and filters for matching on the datalink headers of 802.3 frames. Devices are not required to support the second module.

These two modules comprise several groups which are summarized in this section.

QoS Interface Group

This group consists of PRCs to indicate to the PDP the types of interface supported on the PEP in terms of their QoS capabilities and PRCs that the PDP can install in order to configure these interfaces (queues, scheduling parameters, buffer sizes, etc.) to affect the desired policy. This group describes capabilities in

terms of the types of interfaces and takes configuration in terms of interface types and role combinations [FR-PIB]; it does not deal with individual interfaces on the device.

QoS Metering Group

This group contains configuration of meters. These meters can then be used to by target classes to specify metering policy.

QoS Action Group

This group contains the policies that define the action to be taken after the result of the classification and metering. This group also contains the policies that associate the classifiers, meters and actions.

IP Classification and Policing Group

This group contains the policies that define the IP classifier elements.

802 Config Group

This group configures the relationship between 802.3 class of service values and DiffServ codepoints.

802 Classification and Policing Group

This group contains the policies that define the IEEE 802 classifier elements.

5. PIB Operational Overview

This section provides an operation overview of configuring DiffServ QoS policy.

After initial PEP to PDP communication setup, using [COPS-PR] for example, the PEP will provide to the PDP the PIB Policy Rule Classes (PRCs), interface types, and interface type capabilities it supports.

The PRCs supported by the PEP are reported to the PDP in the PRC Support Table, policyPrcSupportTable defined in the framework PIB. Each instance of the policyPrcSupportTable indicates a PRC that the PEP understands and for which the PDP can send class instances as part of the policy information.

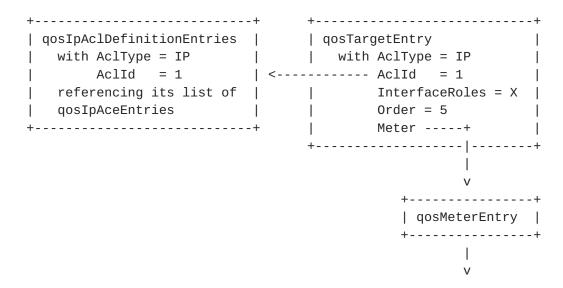
The interface types the PEP supports are described by rows in the interface type table, qosIfTypeTable. Each row, or instance of this class describes the characteristics of an interface type. The PEP

informs the PDP of these interface types and then the PDP configures the interfaces, per role combination, by means of installing queue sets.

The PDP, with knowledge of the PEP's capabilities, then provides the PEP with:

- (1) Administration domain policy information in qosIfDscpAssignTable qos802DscpMappingTable qos802CosToDscpTable
- (2) Interface type and role specific IP policy information in qosIpAceTable qosIpAclDefinitionTable qosActionTable qosTargetTable qosMeterTable
- (3) Interface type and role specific IEEE 802 policy information in qos802AceTable qos802AclDefinitionTable

Instances of the qosTargetTable define how the Traffic Conditioning Elements are combined into Traffic Conditioning Blocks, as described in [MODEL]. Each instance of the qosTargetTable applies to an interface type defined by its roles and direction (ingress or egress). This is pictured in the following diagram where the InterfaceRoles X, and Y would be used by the network device to associate the traffic conditioning block with the interfaces needing each of thess policies.



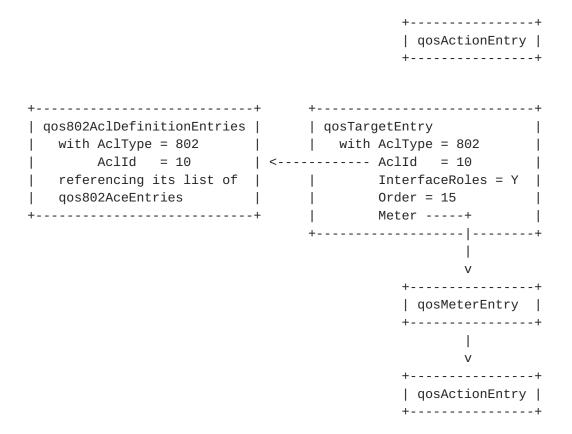


Figure 7.1 DiffServ PIB Table Relationships

Notice in the above diagram, IEEE 802 type classifiers are intermixed with the IP type classifiers, sharing the same pool of Traffic Conditioning Elements. The qosTargetTable allows use of heterogeneous classifiers with same instance of qosMeterTable. Using IP and IEEE 802 classifiers together is just one example. Other types of classifiers may be used heterogeneously.

After receiving the PIB, the PEP will associate the Classifier, Meter and Action with the corresponding interfaces supporting the specific interface type and roles.

6. PIB Definitions

NOTE

In these PIB definitions, we use the term "access control entry" (ACE) synonymous with filter, "access control list" (ACL) synonymous with filter group, and sets of ACLs synonymous with classifier.

6.1. The DiffServ Base PIB

```
DIFFSERV-BASE-PIB PIB-DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    Unsigned32, IpAddress, Integer32,
   MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE
            FROM COPS-PR-SPPI
   TruthValue, TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
            FROM SNMPv2-TC
    PolicyInstanceId, PolicyReferenceId
            FROM COPS-PR-SPPI;
    RoleCombination
            FROM POLICY-FRAMEWORK-PIB;
qosPolicyIpPib MODULE-IDENTITY
    CLIENT-TYPE { tbd -- QoS Client Type
    LAST-UPDATED "200003101800Z"
    ORGANIZATION "IETF DIFFSERV WG"
    CONTACT-INFO "
                  Michael Fine
                  Cisco Systems, Inc.
                  170 West Tasman Drive
                  San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA
                  Phone: +1 408 527 8218
                  Email: mfine@cisco.com
                  Keith McCloghrie
                  Cisco Systems, Inc.
                  170 West Tasman Drive,
                  San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA
                  Phone: +1 408 526 5260
                  Email: kzm@cisco.com
```

John Seligson

```
Nortel Networks, Inc.
                  4401 Great America Parkway
                  Santa Clara, CA 95054 USA
                  Phone: +1 408 495 2992
                  Email: jseligso@nortelnetworks.com"
    DESCRIPTION
            "The PIB module containing a set of policy rule classes
            that describe quality of service (QoS) policies for
            DiffServ. It includes general classes that may be extended
            by other PIB specifications as well as a set of PIB
            classes related to IP processing."
    ::= { tbd }
qosPolicyGenPibClasses OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicyIpPib 1 }
qosPolicyIpPibClasses    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicyIpPib 2 }
-- Textual Conventions
-- DiffServ Codepoint
Dscp ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An integer that is in the range of the DiffServ codepoint
        values."
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..63)
-- Interface types
QosInterfaceQueueCount ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An integer that describes the number of queues an interface
        supports. It is limited to the number of DSCP values."
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..64)
```

```
-- QoS Interface Group
-- This group specifies the configuration of the various interface
-- types including the configuration of queue sets, setting of
-- queueing parameters and the mapping of DSCPs to thresholds in
-- queues.
qosIfParameters OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicyGenPibClasses 1 }
-- Interface Type Table
qosIfTypeTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfTypeEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS notify
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Interface type definitions. This class describes the types
        of interfaces that exist on the device. An interface type is
        defined by its name. Associated with each interface type is a
        set of capabilities. These capabilities are used by the PDP
        to determine suitable queue sets for interfaces of this type."
    ::= { qosIfParameters 1 }
qosIfTypeEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIfTypeEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of this class describes the characteristics
        of a type of an interface."
    INDEX { qosIfTypePrid }
    UNIQUENESS { gosIfTypeName,
                 qosIfTypeCapabilityPrc }
    ::= { qosIfTypeTable 1 }
QosIfTypeEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       qosIfTypePrid
                                PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfTypeName
                                SnmpAdminString
```

```
qosIfTypeCapabilityPrc OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        qosIfTypeCapabilityId PolicyReferenceId
}
qosIfTypePrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies a
        instance of the class."
    ::= { qosIfTypeEntry 1 }
qosIfTypeName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SnmpAdminString
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The name of the interface type. The interface type name is
        the unique identifier of an interface type."
    ::= { qosIfTypeEntry 2 }
gosIfTypeCapabilityPrc OBJECT-TYPE
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    SYNTAX
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A reference to a PRC that specifies a set of interface
        capabilities. Together with the gosIfTypeCapabilityId,
        this specifies a PRI that contains a set of capabilities
        associated with this interface type.
        A given interface type may have several set of capabilities
        associated with it as long no two sets are of the same PRC.
        In this way, new capabilities can easily be added to the PIB
        as new interface types are developed by simply adding new
        capability PRCs."
    ::= { qosIfTypeEntry 3 }
qosIfTypeCapabilityId OBJECT-TYPE
                PolicyReferenceId
    SYNTAX
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The instance ID of the PRI of class
        qosIfTypeCapabilityPrc containing capabilities of the
```

```
interface."
    ::= { qosIfTypeEntry 4 }
-- Interface Type Role Combination Table
qosIfTypeRoleComboTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfTypeRoleComboEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS notify
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Policy for an interface may depend not only on the type
        of interface but also on its roles. This table specifies all
        the <interface type, role combination> tuples currently on the
        device."
    ::= { qosIfParameters 2 }
qosIfTypeRoleComboEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIfTypeRoleComboEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of this class describes the combinations of
        interface type and role combination."
    INDEX { gosIfTypeRoleComboPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosIfTypeRoleComboName,
                 qosIfTypeRoleComboRoles }
    ::= { qosIfTypeTable 1 }
QosIfTypeRoleComboEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIfTypeRoleComboPrid
                                 PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfTypeRoleComboIfName SnmpAdminString,
        qosIfTypeRoleComboRoles RoleCombination
}
qosIfTypeRoleComboPrid OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies a
```

```
instance of the class."
    ::= { qosIfTypeRoleComboEntry 1 }
qosIfTypeRoleComboIfName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SnmpAdminString
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The name of the interface type. This name must exist in
        qosIfTypeTable."
    ::= { qosIfTypeRoleComboEntry 2 }
qosIfTypeRoleComboRoles OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   RoleCombination
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A role combination. The PEP requires policy for interface
        with this role combination and of type
        gosIfTypeRoleComboName"
    ::= { qosIfTypeRoleComboEntry 3 }
-- Interface Type Capability Tables
-- The Interface type capability tables define capabilities that may
-- be associated with an interface of a specific type. This PIB
-- defines three such tables: a classification capabilities table, a
-- policing capabilities table and a scheduling capabilities table.
-- Other PIBs may define other capability tables to augment the
-- capability definitions of these tables or to introduce completely
-- new capabilities.
-- Classification Capabilities
qosIfTypeClassificationCapsTable OBJECT-TYPE
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfTypeClassificationCapsEntry
    SYNTAX
    POLICY-ACCESS notify
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This table specifies the classification capabilities of an
```

```
interface type"
    ::= { gosIfParameters 3 }
qosIfTypeClassificationCapsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIfTypeClassificationEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of this class describes the classification
        capabilities of an interface."
    INDEX { qosIfTypeClassificationCapsPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { gosIfTypeClassificationCaps }
    ::= { qosIfTypeClassificationCapsTable 1 }
QosIfTypeClassificationCapsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        gosIfTypeClassificationCapsPrid PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfTypeClassificationCaps
                                        BITS
}
qosIfTypeClassificationCapsPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies a
        instance of the class."
    ::= { qosIfTypeClassificationCapsEntry 1 }
qosIfTypeClassificationCaps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   BITS {
                        inputIpClassification(1),
                        outputIpClassification(2),
                        -- Indicates the ability to classify IP
                        -- packets on ingress and on egress,
                        -- respectively.
                        ipAddrClassification(3),
                        -- indicates the ability to classify based on
                        -- IP addresses
                        ipProtoClassification(4),
                        -- indicates the ability to classify based on
                        -- IP protocol numbers
                        ipL4Classification(4)
```

```
-- indicates the ability to classify based on
                        -- IP layer 4 port numbers for UDP and TCP
                   }
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Bit set of supported classification capabilities. In
        addition to these capabilities, other PIBs may define other
        capabilities that can then be specified in addition to the
        ones specified here (or instead of the ones specified here if
        none of these are specified)."
    ::= { qosIfTypeClassificationCapsEntry 2 }
-- Policing Capabilities
qosIfTypePolicingCapsTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfTypePolicingCapsEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS notify
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This table specifies the policing capabilities of an
        interface type"
    ::= { gosIfParameters 4 }
qosIfTypePolicingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIfTypePolicingEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of this class describes the classification
        capabilities of an interface."
    INDEX { gosIfTypePolicingCapsPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosIfTypePolicingCaps }
    ::= { gosIfTypePolicingCapsTable 1 }
QosIfTypePolicingCapsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIfTypePolicingCapsPrid
                                        PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfTypePolicingCaps
                                        BITS
}
```

```
qosIfTypePolicingCapsPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
   STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies a
        instance of the class."
    ::= { qosIfTypePolicingCapsEntry 1 }
gosIfTypePolicingCaps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                BITS {
                    policeByRemarking (1),
                    policeByDropping (2),
                    -- These capabilities indicate if the interface
                    -- can remark out of profile packets or drop them,
                    -- respectively
                    inputShaping (3),
                    outputShaping (4)
                    -- indicate if the interface can shape on ingress
                    -- or on egress, respectively.
                   }
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Bit set of supported classification capabilities. As with
        classification capabilities, these policing capabilities may
        be augmented by capabilities specified in other PRCs (in other
        PIBs)."
    ::= { qosIfTypePolicingCapsEntry 2 }
-- Scheduling Capabilities
qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsTable OBJECT-TYPE
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry
    SYNTAX
    POLICY-ACCESS notify
                   current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
        "This table specifies the scheduling capabilities of an
        interface type"
```

```
::= { qosIfParameters 5 }
qosIfTypeSchedulingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                   QosIfTypeSchedulingEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of this class describes the classification
        capabilities of an interface."
    INDEX { gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxQueues,
                 qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxThresholds,
                 qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxPriorities,
                 qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsServiceDisc,
                 qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMinQueueSize,
                 qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxQueueSize,
                 qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsTotalQueueSize,
                 qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsWredCapable }
    ::= { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsTable 1 }
QosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsPrid
                                                 PolicyInstanceId,
        gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxQueues
                                                 INTEGER
        gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxThresholds
                                                 INTEGER
        qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxPriorities
                                                 INTEGER
        gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsServiceDisc
                                                 BITS
        qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMinQueueSize
                                                 INTEGER
        qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxQueueSize
                                                 INTEGER
        qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsTotalQueueSize
                                                 INTEGER
        qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsWredCapable
                                                 TruthValue
}
qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies a
        instance of the class."
    ::= { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 1 }
qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxQueues OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                INTEGER
    STATUS
                current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum number of queues that this interface type can support. The queues set assigned to this interface type may not have more queues than this maximum. A value of zero means that there is no maximum."

```
::= { gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 2 }
```

gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxThresholds OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum number of drop thresholds that each queue supports. If the interface has a different number of thresholds for each of its queues, it must report the maximum number of thresholds any of the queues supports. The value of this attribute must be one or more."

```
::= { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 3 }
```

gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxPriorities OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum number of priority groups that the the queues of the interface may be grouped into. A value of zero means there is no maximum."

```
::= { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 4 }
```

qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsServiceDisc OBJECT-TYPE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The scheduling disciplines supported for servicing queues in the same priority group that the interface supports. Several general purpose and well-known queuing disciplines are supported by this attribute. Other queueing disciplines may be specified by setting this attribute to other(1) and providing another capabilities PRC specifying the other scheduling discipline.

A value of fg indicates that the interface supports fair

queuing, i.e., each queue is treated equally and is serviced in a round-robin fashion.

A value of wfq indicates that the queue is serviced using a weighted fair queuing discipline. Queues are serviced in a round robin fashion but each queue is given bandwidth in proportion to its weight.

If none is specified then the service discipline is either unspecified or specified by another capabilities PRC."

```
::= { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 5 }
```

qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMinQueueSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Some interfaces may allow the size of a queue to be configured. This attribute specifies the minimum size the queue can be configured to specified in bytes.

Some interfaces set queue size in terms of packets. These devices must report the minimum queue size in bytes by assuming an average packet size suitable for the particular interface."

```
::= { gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 6 }
```

qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxQueueSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Some interfaces may allow the size of a queue to be configured. This attribute specifies the maximum size the queue can be configured to specified in bytes. As with qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMinQueueSize, devices that set queue size in terms of packets must report the maximum queue size in bytes by assuming an average packet size suitable for the particular interface."

```
::= { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 7 }
```

qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsTotalQueueSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Some interfaces may have a limited buffer space to be share amoung all queues of that interface while also allowing the size of each queue to be configurable. To prevent the situation where the PDP configures the sizes of the queues in excess of the total buffer available to the interface, the PEP can report the total buffer space available with this capability. The value is the total number of bytes."

```
::= { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 8 }
qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsWredCapable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                TruthValue
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "If true, then this interface supports WRED on (at least one
        of) its queues. Otherwise it supports only taildrop."
    ::= { qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsEntry 9 }
-- Queue Set Assignment Table
qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfTypeQueueSetAssignEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS install
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Contains the assignment of queue sets to interface types per
        role combination."
    ::= { qosIfParameters 6 }
qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIfTypeQueueSetAssignEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A conceptual row in the qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignTable.
    INDEX { qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignIfName,
```

```
qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignRoleCombo }
    ::= { gosIfTypeQueueSetAssignTable 1 }
QosIfTypeQueueSetAssignEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignPrid
                                                 PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignName
                                                 SnmpAdminString,
        gosIfTypeQueueSetAssignRoles
                                                 RoleCombination,
        qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignQueueSetId
                                                 INTEGER
}
qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The index that uniquely identifies this row in the table,
        i.e., this PRI."
    ::= { qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignEntry 1 }
qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SnmpAdminString
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The name of an interface type. This name must exist in
        qosIfTypeTable."
    ::= { qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignEntry 2 }
qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignRoles OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   RoleCombination
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The role combination associated with the interface type.
    ::= { gosIfTypeQueueSetAssignEntry 3 }
qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignQueueSet OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The integer ID of the queue set to be assigned to all interfaces
        of type specified by qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignName and with role
        combination specified by qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignRoles.
        This queue set must exist in qosIfQueueSetTable."
```

```
::= { qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignEntry 4 }
-- Interface Queue Table
-- The Interface Queue Table enumerates the individual queues and
-- groups them into queue sets. Configuration of each queue, and
-- hence an entire queue set is specified by this table.
gosIfQueueTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfQueueEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS install
   STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Contains configuration information for the individual queues
        of the queue sets."
    ::= { gosIfParameters 7 }
qosIfQueueEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIfQueueEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A conceptual row in the qosIfQueueTable.
        Each row identifies a specific queue within a given queue
        set and contains detailed information about the queue. Queues
        are associated with a given set through this table and
        a queue set is associated with an interface set through
        the gosIfTypeQsetAssignTable."
    INDEX { gosIfQueuePrid }
    UNIQUENESS {}
    ::= { qosIfQueueTable 1 }
QosIfQueueEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIfQueuePrid
                                        PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfQueueSetId
                                        INTEGER,
        qosIfQueueQueueSize
                                        Unsigned32,
        qosIfQueueSetThreshSet
                                        INTEGER,
        qosIfQueuePriorityGroup
                                        INTEGER,
```

interface."

::= { qosIfQueueEntry 3 }

```
qosIfQueueServiceDisc
                                        INTEGER,
        qosIfQueueDrainSize
                                        Unsigned32,
        qosIfQueueMinAbsBandwidth
                                        Unsigned64,
        gosIfQueueBandwidthAllocation
                                        INTEGER
}
qosIfQueuePrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The index that uniquely identifies this row in the table,
        i.e., this PRI."
    ::= { qosIfQueueEntry 1 }
qosIfQueueSetId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An index that uniquely identifies a specific queue set. The
        queue set that is identified with this value is associated
        with an interface set through the qosIfTypeQueueSet
        object in the qosIfTypeTable. The individual queues
        that are members of this set all have the same value for
        this attribute (i.e., they have the same set ID)."
    ::= { gosIfQueueEntry 2 }
qosIfQueueQueueSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Unsigned32
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The size of the queue in bytes. Some devices set queue size
        in terms of packets. These devices must calculate the queue
        size in packets by assuming an average packet size suitable
        for the particular interface.
        Some devices have a fixed size buffer to be shared among all
        queues. These devices must allocate a fraction of the
        total buffer space to this queue calculated as the the ratio
        of the queue size to the sum of the queue sizes for the
```

```
qosIfQueueThreshSet OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX INTEGER STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The threshold set in the threshold set table that is to be used to configure the thresholds of this queue. The threshold set specifies how to configure the taildrop or RED thresholds for this queue.

"The threshold set may contain less thresholds than the queue actually supports. In this case the queue is free to configure the extra thresholds any way it likes since no packets will ever be assigned to those thresholds."

```
::= { qosIfQueueEntry 4 }
```

qosIfQueuePriorityGroup OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This attribute specifies the priority group that the queue belongs to. Queues with a larger priority group number are given a higher priority than those with a smaller group number. For example, a queue in priority group 2 will be serviced (i.e., drained) before some other queue with a group number of 1.

Queues with the same priority group number have the same priority. For these another scheduling discipline (other than priority scheduling) must be specified. This is done with the qosIfQueueServiceDisc attribute."

```
::= { qosIfQueueEntry 5 }
```

gosIfOueueServiceDisc OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX

INTEGER {
    na(1), -- only one queue in group
    other(2), -- specified by augmented attributes
    fq(3), -- Fair Queuing
    wfq(4) -- Weighted Fair Queuing
}

STATUS

current
```

DESCRIPTION

"This attribute identifies the service discipline used to service the queues in the same priority group. It must have

the same value for all queues in the priority group. Several general purpose and well-known queuing disciplines are supported by this attribute. Queuing disciplines that differ from those that are supported by this attribute are specified by setting this attribute to other(1) and augmenting this PRC with additional attributes to specify the desired service discipline.

As an example, an interface that is associated with a queue set supporting two priority queues and three queues that are serviced using WFQ would be modeled as follows:

Id	Q Discipline	Q Drain Size	Priority Group
22	na(1)	-	3
23	na(1)	-	2
24	wfq(3)	500	1
25	wfq(3)	350	1
26	wfq(3)	150	1

The queue set presented in this example would service all queued traffic in queue 22 first, followed by all of the queued traffic in queue 23. Next the queued traffic in queues 24 through 26 would be serviced in a round robin fashion with queue 24 receiving 50% of the available bandwidth, queue 25 receiving 35% of the available bandwidth and queue 26 receiving 15% of the available bandwidth. This example is presented for expository purposes and has been simplified accordingly.

Note that, in this example, queues 24, 25 and 26 form a priority group. The qosIfQueueDrainSize attribute is used to determine the additional processing characteristics of the individual queues in a this priority group."

::= { qosIfQueueEntry 6 }

qosIfQueueDrainSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum number of bytes that may be drained from the queue in one cycle. The percentage of the interface bandwidth allocated to this queue can be calculated from this attribute and the sum of the drain sizes of all the queues in a specific priority group in a queue set.

This attribute when compared with the drain size of other queues, represents the minimum bandwidth available to this queue. The minimum bandwidth specified in absolute terms is specified by the attribute qosIfQueueMinAbsBandwidth. Which of these two applies is specified by the attribute qosIfQueueBandwidthAllocation."

```
::= { qosIfQueueEntry 7 }
```

qosIfQueueMinAbsBandwidth OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned64 STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum interface bandwidth that is available for consumption when servicing this queue. This bandwidth is specified in terms of bits per second.

This attribute represents the absolute bandwidth that is available to a given queue. The relative bandwidth that is available to a given queue, with respect to other queues with which it is associated, is specified by the attribute qosIfQueueDrainSize. Which of these two applies is specified by the attribute qosIfQueueBandwidthAllocation.

"This attribute specifies whether to configure the queue for an absolute bandwidth limit or one that is relative to other queues of the priority group. i.e., whether to configure the queue using qosIfQueueMinAbsBandwidth or qosIfQueueDrainSize."

If some queues have their bandwidth requirement specified in absolute terms and others in relative terms then the requirements of the absolute specification is met first. That is, the drain sizes of the absolute queues must be calculated based on the interface speed so as to ensure the absolute bandwidth requirement.

```
::= { qosIfQueueEntry 9 }
-- Interface Threshold Table
-- The Interface Threshold Table enumerates the individual thresholds
-- and groups them into sets that can be applied to queues.
-- Configuration of individual thresholds and hence the threshold sets
-- of individual queues, id done through this table.
gosIfThresholdTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfThresholdEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS install
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Contains configuration information for the individual thresholds
        of the threshold sets."
    ::= { gosIfParameters 8 }
qosIfThresholdEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIfThresholdEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A conceptual row in the qosIfThresholdTable.
        Each row identifies a specific threshold within a given
        set and contains detailed information about the
        threshold. Threshold sets are associated with a queue set through
        the qosIfQueueThreshSet attribute of the qosIfQueueTable."
    INDEX { gosIfThresholdPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosIfThresholdSetId,
                 qosIfThresholdDropMethod,
                 qosIfThresholdMinThresh,
                 qosIfThresholdMaxThresh }
    ::= { qosIfThresholdSetTable 1 }
QosIfThresholdSetEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIfThresholdPrid
                                    PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfThresholdSetId
                                    INTEGER,
        qosIfThresholdDropMethod
                                    INTEGER,
```

```
qosIfThresholdMinThresh
                                    INTEGER,
        qosIfThresholdMaxThresh
                                    INTEGER
}
gosIfThresholdPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The index that uniquely identifies this row in the table,
        i.e., this PRI."
    ::= { gosIfThresholdEntry 1 }
qosIfThresholdSetId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An index that uniquely identifies a specific threshold set.
        The individual thresholds that are members of this set all
        have the same value for this attribute (i.e., they have the
        same set ID)."
    ::= { qosIfThresholdEntry 2 }
qosIfThresholdDropMethod OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER {
                       other(1),
                       tailDrop(2),
                       randomDrop(3)
                   }
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The drop method to apply to packets exceeding the threshold.
        If the mechanism is other then another policy may be specified
        by an additional attribute augmenting this table."
    ::= { qosIfThresholdEntry 3 }
qosIfThresholdMinThresh OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The queue depth below which no packets are dropped. If the
        queue depth is above this value and below the value of
        gosIfThresholdMaxThresh then packets assigned to this
```

qosIfDscpAssignEntry OBJECT-TYPE

threshold are dropped randomly by the random drop process if random drop is in effect. If tail drop is in effect, this attribute has no relevance." ::= { qosIfThresholdEntry 4 } qosIfThresholdMaxThresh OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The queue depth above which all packets assigned to this threshold are dropped." ::= { qosIfThresholdEntry 5 } -- DSCP Assignment Table -- Supports the assignment of DSCPs to queues and thresholds for each -- interface type indirectly through a DSCP map table. So, after -- classification and metering, when the packet has a final DSCP mark, -- the packet is enqueued on the appropriate queue at the appropriated -- threshold based on the mapping of the DSCP to threshollds in -- queues. gosIfDscpAssignTable OBJECT-TYPE SEQUENCE OF QosIfDscpAssignEntry POLICY-ACCESS install STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Assigns a DSCP map specified in qosIfDscpMapTable an interface type with a specific role combination. This map then determines to which queue and threshold a packet with a given DSCP gets assigned. We use a map rather than assigning individual DSCPs in this table because then the map can be used for multiple interface type and role combo combinations." ::= { gosIfParameters 9 }

```
SYNTAX
                   QosIfDscpAssignEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of the gosIfDscpAssign class."
    INDEX { qosIfDscpAssignPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosIfDscpAssignName,
                 gosIfDscpAssignRoles }
    ::= { gosIfDscpAssignTable 1 }
QosIfDscpAssignEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIfDscpAssignPrid
                                  PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfDscpAssignName
                                  SnmpAdminString,
        gosIfDscpAssignRoles
                                  RoleCombination,
        qosIfDscpAssignDscpMap
                                  INTEGER
}
qosIfDscpAssignPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An index that is used to uniquely identify the
        instance of the qosIfDscpAssign class."
    ::= { qosIfDscpAssignEntry 1 }
qosIfDscpAssignName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SnmpAdminString
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The type of interfaces to which this PRI applies.
    ::= { qosIfDscpAssignEntry 2 }
qosIfDscpAssignRoles OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   RoleCombination
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The role combination with which an interface must be
        configured to which this PRI applies."
    ::= { qosIfDscpAssignEntry 2 }
qosIfDscpAssignDscpMap OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
                   INTEGER
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The DSCP map to apply to interfaces of type
        qosIfDscpAssignName and role combo qosIfDscpAssignRoles."
    ::= { gosIfDscpAssignEntry 3 }
-- DSCP to Queue and Threshold Mapping Table
-- Supports the assignment of DSCPs to queues and thresholds for each
-- interface type
qosIfDscpMapTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIfDscpMapEntry
   POLICY-ACCESS install
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Assigns DSCP values to queues and thresholds for an arbitrary
        DSCP map. This map can then be assigned to various interface
        and role combination pairs."
    ::= { qosIfParameters 10 }
qosIfDscpMapEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIfDscpMapEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of the gosIfDscpMap class."
    INDEX { qosIfDscpMapPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosIfDscpMapMapId,
                 qosIfDscpMapDscp }
    ::= { gosIfDscpMapTable 1 }
QosIfDscpMapEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIfDscpMapPrid
                               PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIfDscpMapMapId
                               INTEGER,
        qosIfDscpMapDscp
                               Dscp,
        qosIfDscpMapQueue
                               PolicyReferenceId,
```

```
qosIfDscpMapThresh
                             PolicyReferenceId
}
qosIfDscpMapPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An index that is used to uniquely identify the
        instance of the qosIfDscpMap class."
    ::= { qosIfDscpMapEntry 1 }
qosIfDscpMapMapId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An integer that identifies the DSCP map to which this PRI
        belongs."
    ::= { qosIfDscpMapEntry 2 }
qosIfDscpMapDscp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Dscp
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The DSCP that is being assigned to a queue and threshold by
       this PRI."
    ::= { qosIfDscpMapEntry 3 }
qosIfDscpMapQueue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyReferenceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This attribute maps the DSCP specified by qosIfDscpMapDscp to
        the queue identified by qosIfQueuePrid in qosIfQueueTable.
        For a given DSCP map, all the queues must belong to a single
        queue set."
    ::= { qosIfDscpMapEntry 4 }
qosIfDscpMapThresh OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyReferenceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
```

the threshold identified by qosIfThresholdId in qosIfThresholdTable." The threshold set to which this threshold belongs must be assigned to the queue specified by gosIfDscpMapQueue." ::= { gosIfDscpMapEntry 5 } -- QoS Meter Table -- The QoS Meter Table contains metering specifications that -- can be used to provide an acceptable flow bandwidth -- dimension to the Target table. qosMeter OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicyGenPibClasses 2 } gosMeterTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF QosMeterEntry POLICY-ACCESS install STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Contains the current set of configured meters. The meters are associated with a classifier during operation through the QoS Target Table." INSTALL-ERRORS { invalidCommittedData(1), invalidPeakData(2) } ::= { qosMeter 1 } qosMeterEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX QosMeterEntry STATUS current DESCRIPTION "General metering definitions. Each entry specifies an instance of the gosMeter class which specifies metering information in terms of traffic stream

bandwidth parameters. An entry can thus be used to support traffic metering based on the specified

"This attribute maps the DSCP specified by gosIfDscpMapDscp to

```
service level specification."
    INDEX { gosMeterPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosMeterDataSpecification,
                 qosMeterCommittedRate,
                 qosMeterCommittedBurst,
                 qosMeterPeakRate,
                 qosMeterPeakBurst,
                 qosMeterHighConfAction,
                 gosMeterMedConfAction,
                 qosMeterLowConfAction }
    ::= { qosMeterTable 1 }
QosMeterEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosMeterPrid
                                  PolicyInstanceId,
        qosMeterDataSpecification INTEGER,
        qosMeterCommittedRate
                                  Unsigned32,
                                  Unsigned32,
        qosMeterCommittedBurst
                                  Unsigned32,
        qosMeterPeakRate
        qosMeterPeakBurst
                                  Unsigned32,
        qosMeterHighConfAction
                                  PolicyReferenceId,
        qosMeterMedConfAction
                                  PolicyReferenceId,
        qosMeterLowConfAction
                                  PolicyReferenceId
}
gosMeterPrid OBJECT-TYPE
                   PolicyInstanceId
    SYNTAX
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies
        the instance of the gosMeter class. Meters are
        associated with specific flows using this attribute
        through the qosTargetMeter attribute in the QoS
        Target class."
    ::= { qosMeterEntry 1 }
qosMeterDataSpecification OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER {
                        noMeterData(1), -- no metering reqd
                        committedData(2), -- committed rate only
                        peakData(3)
                                         -- committed and peak
                   }
```

STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"Specifies the metering data, and thus the actions, that are defined in a given entry.

A value of noMeterData(1) indicates that no flow metering is necessary. All flows associated with this meter entry are considered to be at a high level of conformance.

A value of committedData(2) indicates that committed rate and committed burst information has been specified and will be applied to associated flows. No peak rate and burst information has been specified meaning that two levels of conformance (high, medium) are supported.

A value of peakData(3) indicates that peak rate and peak burst information has been provided in addition to the committed rate and committed burst information. All provided information will be applied to associated flows meaning that three levels of conformance (high, medium, low) are supported."

::= { qosMeterEntry 2 }

qosMeterCommittedRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..'ffffffffh)

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object represents the committed information rate (CIR) against which associated traffic streams will be metered. The CIR specifies the rate at which incoming traffic can arrive to be considered to be at a high level of conformance. Typically, this value specifies the rate at which tokens are added to a token bucket used to meter received flows.

This object specifies a rate in bytes per second units such that, for example, a value of 100 equates to a committed information rate of 100 bytes per second.

Committed rate (and burst) information must be present if the qosMeterDataSpecification object has the value committedData(2) or peakRate(3). This, in turn, requires that at least both high and medium conformance actions be specified."

```
::= { qosMeterEntry 3 }
```

gosMeterCommittedBurst OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..'ffffffff'h)

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object represents the committed burst size (CBS) against which associated traffic streams will be metered. The CBS specifies the maximum burst size that is supported for flows to be considered to be at a high level of conformance. Typically, this value represents the maximum number of tokens in a token bucket.

This object specifies flow data in bytes per second units such that, for example, a value of 100 equates to a committed information rate of 100 bytes per second.

Committed burst (and rate) information must be present if the qosMeterDataSpecification object has the value committedData(2) or peakRate(3). This, in turn, requires that at least both high and medium conformance actions be specified."

```
::= { qosMeterEntry 4 }
```

gosMeterPeakRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..'ffffffffh)

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object represents the peak information rate (PIR) against which associated traffic streams will be metered. The PIR specifies the rate at which incoming traffic can arrive to be considered to be at a medium level of conformance. Typically, this value specifies the rate at which tokens are added to a token bucket used to meter received flows.

This object specifies a rate in bytes per second units such that, for example, a value of 100 equates to a committed information rate of 100 bytes per second.

Peak rate (and burst) information must be present if the gosMeterDataSpecification object has the value

peakData(3). This, in turn, requires that high, medium
and low conformance actions be specified."

```
::= { qosMeterEntry 5 }
```

qosMeterPeakBurst OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..'ffffffffh)

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object represents the peak burst size (PBS) against which associated traffic streams will be metered. The CBS specifies the maximum burst size that is supported for flows to be considered to be at a medium level of conformance. Typically, this value represents the maximum number of tokens in a token bucket.

This object specifies flow data in bytes per second units such that, for example, a value of 100 equates to a committed information rate of 100 bytes per second.

Peak burst (and rate) information must be present if the qosMeterDataSpecification object has the value peakData(3). This, in turn, requires that high, medium and low conformance actions be specified."

```
::= { gosMeterEntry 6 }
```

qosMeterHighConfAction OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PolicyReferenceId

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This attribute identifies the action that is to be initiated for flows that are determined to have a high level of conformance with regard to metering criteria being applied to the flow.

Actions must be defined in the qosActionTable prior to being referenced by this attribute. A valid value for this attribute must always be provided."

```
::= { gosMeterEntry 7 }
```

gosMeterMedConfAction OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PolicyReferenceId

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This attribute identifies the action that is to be initiated for flows that are determined to have a medium level of conformance with regard to metering criteria being applied to the flow.

Actions must be defined in the qosActionTable prior to being referenced by this attribute. A valid value for this attribute must be provided if the value of the associated qosMeterDataSpecification object is committedRate(2) or peakRate(3)."

```
::= { qosMeterEntry 8 }
```

qosMeterLowConfAction OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PolicyReferenceId

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This attribute identifies the action that is to be initiated for flows that are determined to have a low level of conformance with regard to metering criteria being applied to the flow.

Actions must be defined in the qosActionTable prior to being referenced by this attribute. A valid value for this attribute must be provided if the value of the associated qosMeterDataSpecification object is peakRate(3)."

```
::= { qosMeterEntry 9 }
```

```
--
-- The Generic QoS ACL Action Group
--
qosAction OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicyGenPibClasses 3 }
--
-- The QoS Action Table
--
-- The QoS Action Table describes actions that are associated with
```

```
-- specific IP, IEEE 802 and other ACLs through the QoS Target
-- Table. An action specification may be simple (i.e., a single
-- action) or complex (i.e., multiple actions that are performed
-- in "parallel").
gosActionTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF QosActionEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS install
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Contains the current set of configured actions. The actions
        are associated with IP, IEEE 802 and other ACLs and
        interfaces during operation."
    ::= { qosAction 1 }
qosActionEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosActionEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "General action definitions. Each entry specifies an instance
        of the qosAction class which describes (potentially)
        several distinct action attributes. Each action is taken
        individually regarding the data in question. Several actions
        can be taken for a single frame.
        An instance of this class can not be deleted while it is being
        referenced in a target instance in another class. This
        class may be extended with actions that apply to specific QoS
        policies (e.g., IP, IEEE 802, security) using augmentation."
    INDEX { gosActionPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosActionDrop,
                 qosActionUpdateDSCP,
                 qosActionMeter }
    ::= { qosActionTable 1 }
QosActionEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosActionPrid
                            PolicyInstanceId,
        qosActionDrop
                            TruthValue,
        gosActionUpdateDSCP Integer32,
        qosActionMeter
                          PolicyReferenceId
}
```

qosActionPrid OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PolicyInstanceId

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies the instance of the QoS Action class. Class instances may not be contiguous. Actions are associated with Target instances in other classes (e.g., the QoS Target class) using this attribute."

::= { qosActionEntry 1 }

qosActionDrop OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This action attribute, when specified, will cause the frame being evaluated to be dropped if the value is 'true(1)'. A value of 'false(2)' indicates that this action will not be initiated (i.e., the frame will not be dropped) based on this attribute.

Prior to discarding a packet, other actions that have been specified should be performed if they make protocol sense. For example, requests for traffic mirroring (if such an action is supported by a device) should be honored. However, updating protocol header values will typically not be necessary."

::= { qosActionEntry 2 }

qosActionUpdateDSCP OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (-1 | 0..63)

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This action component, when specified, will cause the value contained in the Differentiated Services (DS) field of an associated IP datagram to be updated with the value of this object.

A value of -1 indicates that this action component has not been set to an appropriate value and should not be used for action initiation. The DSCP should remain unchanged."

```
::= { gosActionEntry 3 }
```

qosActionMeter OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PolicyReferenceId STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"This action component, when specified, will identify another level of metering that should be applied to the given flow. This action is only taken if it is not in conflict with other specified actions, i.e., qosActionDrop.

A value of 0 indicates that an additional metering component has not been specified. No additional metering is thus required."

```
::= { gosActionEntry 4 }
```

-- The QoS Target Table

-- The QoS Target Table supports the association of ACLs,

-- interfaces and actions. It allows ACL class instances, as -- defined in various ACL Defintion classes, to be associated

-- with specific interfaces/flow direction (based on interface

-- role combination and traffic direction) and actions to be

-- performed based on traffic classification. Furthermore, it

-- allows heterogeneous ACL Definition class instances (e.g.,

-- IP, IEEE 802, security) to be applied to the same interface

-- group in a prescribed order of precedence.

qosTargetTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF QosTargetEntry

POLICY-ACCESS install STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A class that applies a set of ACLs to interfaces specifying, for each interface, the precedence order of the ACL with respect to other ACLs applied to the same interface and, for each ACL, the action to take for a packet that matches a permit ACE in that ACL. Interfaces are specified abstractly in terms of interface roles.

This class may contain ACLs that specify different types of traffic classification (e.g., IP ACLs and IEEE 802 ACLs

}

```
defined in their respective definition tables). An ACL is
        identified by its class and instance within that class. An
        ACL association is formed when ACLs apply to the same
        interfaces, as determined by the specified interface role
        and direction. ACL evaluation precedence within an
        association is determined by the precedence attribute."
    INSTALL-ERRORS {
        priPrecedenceConflict(1) -- precedence conflict detected
        }
    ::= { qosAction 2 }
qosTargetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosTargetEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of the gosTarget class. Instance creation
        may be prohibited based on the status of certain class
        attributes which must exist prior to class instantiation."
    INDEX { gosTargetPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { gosTargetAclId,
                 qosTargetAclType,
                 gosTargetInterfaceRoles,
                 gosTargetInterfaceDirection }
    ::= { gosTargetTable 1 }
QosTargetEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        gosTargetPrid
                                    PolicyInstanceId,
        qosTargetAclId
                                    PolicyReferenceId,
                                    OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        qosTargetAclType
        qosTargetInterfaceRoles
                                    RoleCombination,
        gosTargetInterfaceDirection INTEGER,
        gosTargetOrder
                                    Unsigned32,
                                    PolicyReferenceId
        qosTargetMeter
gosTargetPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                  PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies
        the instance of the QoS Target class."
```

::= { qosTargetEntry 1 }

qosTargetAclId OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PolicyReferenceId

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This attribute identifies the ACL that is associated with this target. It identifies (potentially many) ACL class instances in a specific ACL Definition table where ACLs, and their associated ACEs, are defined. For example, instances in the qosIpAclDefinitionTable are identified by setting the value of this object equal to the qosIpAclDefinitionAclId of the instances being targeted. This value, together with the value of the corresponding qosTargetAclType attribute, uniquely identifies one or more instances of a specific ACL Definition class.

Attempting to specify an unknown ACL class instance will result in an appropriate error indication being returned to the entity that is attempting to install the conflicting entry. For example, a 'priUnknown(2)' error indication is returned to the policy server in this situation."

::= { qosTargetEntry 2 }

gosTargetAclType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The ACL Definition class that is being referenced by this instance of the ACL Target class. This policy class identifier, together with the corresponding qosTargetAclId attribute, uniquely identifies instances of a specific ACL Definition class.

The object identifier value of this attribute must exist in the policyPrcSupportTable."

::= { qosTargetEntry 3 }

qosTargetInterfaceRoles OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RoleCombination

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The interfaces to which this ACL applies specified in terms of a set of roles. The role combination specified by this attribute must exist in the qosInterfaceTypeTable prior to being association with an instance of this class."

```
::= { qosTargetEntry 4 }
```

gosTargetInterfaceDirection OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    in(1),
    out(2)
}
```

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The direction of packet flow at the interface in question to which this ACL applies."

```
::= { qosTargetEntry 5 }
```

gosTargetOrder OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An integer that determines the precedence order of this ACL in the list of ACLs applied to interfaces of the specified role combination. An ACL with a given precedence order is positioned in the list before one with a higher-valued precedence order.

As an example, consider the following ACL Target association:

Index	IfRoleCombo	IfDirection	AclId	AclType	0rder
14	'eth1000+L2+L3'	'in'	8	'802'	1
15	'eth1000+L2+L3'	'in'	3	'802'	2
16	'eth1000+L2+L3'	'in'	12	'IP'	3
17	'eth1000+L2+L3'	'in'	6	'IP'	4
18	'eth1000+L2+L3'	'in'	21	'IP'	5

Five distinct ACL specifications, 3 from an IP ACL Definition class and 2 from an IEEE 802 ACL Definition class, form an Acl Target association (e.g., based on the specified interface role combination and direction attributes) with a prescribed order of evaluation. The AclType and AclId attributes identify the ACL Definition instances in their

```
respective classes.
        Precedence values within an association must be unique
        otherwise instance installation will be prohibited and an
        error value will be returned."
    ::= { qosTargetEntry 6 }
qosTargetMeter OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                  PolicyReferenceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This attribute identifies the meter that is associated
        with this QoS Target instance. Meters are defined
        in the qosMeterTable. The corresponding instance in
        the qosMeter class (i.e., the class instance where
        the qosMeterPrid is equal to the value of this object)
        must exist prior to being associated with a Target
        entry."
    ::= { qosTargetEntry 7 }
-- The IP Classification and Policing Group
qosIpQos OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicyIpPibClasses 1 }
-- The IP ACE Table
qosIpAceTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                  SEQUENCE OF QosIpAceEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS install
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "ACE definitions. A packet has to match all fields in an
        ACE. Wildcards may be specified for those fields that are
        not relevant."
    INSTALL-ERRORS {
        invalidDstL4PortData(1),
        invalidSrcL4PortData(2)
        }
    ::= { qosIpQos 1 }
```

```
qosIpAceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIpAceEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of the qosIpAce class."
    INDEX { qosIpAcePrid }
    UNIQUENESS { qosIpAceDstAddr,
                 qosIpAceDstAddrMask,
                 qosIpAceSrcAddr,
                 qosIpAceSrcAddrMask,
                 qosIpAceDscp,
                 qosIpAceProtocol,
                 qosIpAceDstL4PortMin,
                 qosIpAceDstL4PortMax,
                 qosIpAceSrcL4PortMin,
                 qosIpAceSrcL4PortMax }
    ::= { qosIpAceTable 1 }
QosIpAceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
                             PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIpAcePrid
        qosIpAceDstAddr
                             IpAddress,
        qosIpAceDstAddrMask IpAddress,
        qosIpAceSrcAddr
                             IpAddress,
        qosIpAceSrcAddrMask IpAddress,
        qosIpAceDscp
                             Integer32,
        qosIpAceProtocol
                             INTEGER,
        qosIpAceDstL4PortMin INTEGER,
        qosIpAceDstL4PortMax INTEGER,
        qosIpAceSrcL4PortMin INTEGER,
        qosIpAceSrcL4PortMax INTEGER,
        qosIpAcePermit
                        TruthValue
}
qosIpAcePrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An integer index to uniquely identify this ACE among all the
        ACEs."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 1 }
qosIpAceDstAddr OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
                   IpAddress
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The IP address to match against the packet's destination IP
        address."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 2 }
qosIpAceDstAddrMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   IpAddress
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A mask for the matching of the destination IP address.
        A zero bit in the mask means that the corresponding bit in
        the address always matches."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 3 }
qosIpAceSrcAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   IpAddress
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The IP address to match against the packet's source IP
        address."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 4 }
qosIpAceSrcAddrMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   IpAddress
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A mask for the matching of the source IP address."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 5 }
qosIpAceDscp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Integer32 (-1 \mid 0..63)
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The value that the DSCP in the packet can have and
        match this ACE. A value of -1 indicates that a specific
        DSCP value has not been defined and thus all DSCP values
        are considered a match."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 6 }
```

```
qosIpAceProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER (0..255)
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The IP protocol to match against the packet's protocol.
        A value of zero means match all."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 7 }
qosIpAceDstL4PortMin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER (0..65535)
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The minimum value that the packet's layer 4 destination
        port number can have and match this ACE."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 8 }
qosIpAceDstL4PortMax OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER (0..65535)
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The maximum value that the packet's layer 4 destination
        port number can have and match this ACE. This value must be
        equal to or greater that the value specified for this ACE in
        gosIpAceDstL4PortMin."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 9 }
qosIpAceSrcL4PortMin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER (0..65535)
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The minimum value that the packet's layer 4 source port
        number can have and match this ACE."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 10 }
qosIpAceSrcL4PortMax OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER (0..65535)
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The maximum value that the packet's layer 4 source port
        number can have and match this ACE. This value must be equal
        to or greater that the value specified for this ACE in
```

```
qosIpAceSrcL4PortMin."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 11 }
qosIpAcePermit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   TruthValue
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "If the packet matches this ACE and the value of this
        attribute is true, then the matching process terminates
        and the QoS associated with this ACE (indirectly through
        the ACL) is applied to the packet. If the value of this
        attribute is false, then no more ACEs in this ACL are
        compared to this packet and matching continues with the
        first ACE of the next ACL."
    ::= { qosIpAceEntry 12 }
-- The IP ACL Definition Table
qosIpAclDefinitionTable OBJECT-TYPE
                   SEQUENCE OF QosIpAclDefinitionEntry
    SYNTAX
    POLICY-ACCESS install
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A class that defines a set of ACLs each being an ordered list
        of ACEs. Each instance of this class identifies one ACE of
        an ACL and the precedence order of that ACE with respect to
        other ACEs in the same ACL."
    INSTALL-ERRORS {
        priPrecedenceConflict(1) -- precedence conflict detected
        }
    ::= { qosIpQos 2 }
qosIpAclDefinitionEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIpAclDefinitionEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of the gosIpAclDefinition class."
    INDEX { gosIpAclDefinitionPrid }
```

```
UNIQUENESS { qosIpAclDefinitionAclId,
                 qosIpAclDefinitionAceId }
    ::= { gosIpAclDefinitionTable 1 }
QosIpAclDefinitionEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qosIpAclDefinitionPrid
                                   PolicyInstanceId,
        qosIpAclDefinitionAclId
                                   INTEGER,
        qosIpAclDefinitionAceId
                                   PolicyReferenceId,
        gosIpAclDefinitionAceOrder Unsigned32
}
gosIpAclDefinitionPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Unique index of this policy rule instance."
    ::= { qosIpAclDefinitionEntry 1 }
qosIpAclDefinitionAclId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An ID for this ACL. There will be one instance of
        the class qosIpAclDefinition with this ID for each ACE in
        the ACL per role combination."
    ::= { gosIpAclDefinitionEntry 2 }
qosIpAclDefinitionAceId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyReferenceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This attribute specifies the ACE in the qosIpAceTable that
        is in the ACL specified by qosIpAclDefinitionAclId at the
        position specified by qosIpAceOrder.
        Attempting to specify an unknown class instance will result
        in an appropriate error indication being returned to the
        entity that is attempting to install the conflicting entry.
        For example, a 'priUnknown(2)' error indication is returned
        to the policy server in this situation."
    ::= { qosIpAclDefinitionEntry 3 }
```

```
qosIpAclDefinitionAceOrder OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Unsigned32
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The precedence order of this ACE. The precedence order
        determines the position of this ACE in the ACL. An ACE with
        a given precedence order is positioned in the access control
        list before one with a higher-valued precedence order.
        Precedence values within a group must be unique otherwise
        instance installation will be prohibited and an error
        value will be returned."
    ::= { qosIpAclDefinitionEntry 4 }
-- Conformance Section
gosPolicyIpPibConformance
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicyIpPib 3 }
gosPolicyIpPibCompliances
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicyIpPibConformance 1 }
qosPolicyIpPibGroups
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { gosPolicyIpPibConformance 2 }
qosPolicyIpPibCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Describes the requirements for conformance to the
            QoS Policy IP PIB."
    MODULE -- this module
        MANDATORY-GROUPS { qosifTypeGroup,
                           qosIfTypeRoleComboGroup,
                           qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsGroup,
                           qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignGroup,
                           qosIfQueueGroup,
                           gosMeterGroup,
                           qosActionGroup,
                           qosTargetGroup }
                      qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignName
        OBJECT
        MIN-ACCESS
                      notify
```

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignRoles

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignQueueSetId

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfQueueSetId

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfQueueQueueSize

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfQueueSetThreshSet

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfQueuePriorityGroup

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfQueueServiceDisc

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfQueueDrainSize

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfQueueMinAbsBandwidth

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfQueueBandwidthAllocation

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosMeterDataSpecification

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosMeterCommittedRate

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosMeterCommittedBurst

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosMeterPeakRate

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT gosMeterPeakBurst

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosMeterHighConfAction

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosMeterMedConfAction

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosMeterLowConfAction

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosActionDrop

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosActionUpdateDSCP

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosActionMeter

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

GROUP qosIfTypeClassificationCapsGroup

DESCRIPTION

"The qosIfTypeClassificationCapsGroup is mandatory if IP datagram classification is supported."

GROUP qosIfTypePolicingCapsGroup DESCRIPTION

"The qosIfTypePolicingCapsGroup is mandatory if policing and shaping capabilities are supported."

GROUP qosifThresholdGroup DESCRIPTION

"The qosIfThresholdGroup is mandatory if queue-based thresholds are supported and if the qosIfDscpMapGroup is supported."

OBJECT qosIfThresholdSetId

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfThresholdDropMethod

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfThresholdMinThresh

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfThresholdMaxThresh

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

GROUP qosIfDscpAssignGroup

DESCRIPTION

"The qosIfDscpAssignGroup is mandatory if traffic queue assignment based on DSCP is supported."

OBJECT qosIfDscpAssignName

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfDscpAssignRoles

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

OBJECT qosIfDscpAssignDscpMap

MIN-ACCESS notify

DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."

GROUP qosIfDscpMapGroup

DESCRIPTION

```
qosIfDscpAssignGroup is supported."
        OBJECT
                     qosIfDscpMapMapId
        MIN-ACCESS
                     notify
        DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."
        OBJECT
                     qosIfDscpMapDscp
        MIN-ACCESS
                     notify
        DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."
                     qosIfDscpMapQueue
        OBJECT
        MIN-ACCESS
                     notify
        DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."
        OBJECT
                     qosIfDscpMapThresh
                     notify
        MIN-ACCESS
        DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."
        GROUP
               qosIpAceGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "The gosIpAceGroup is mandatory if filtering
            based on IP traffic components is supported."
        GROUP
                qosIpAclDefinitionGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "The qosIpAclDefinitionGroup is mandatory if filtering
            based on IP traffic components is supported."
    ::= { gosPolicyIpPibCompliances 1 }
qosIfTypeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIfTypeName,
             qosIfTypeCapabilityPrc,
             qosIfTypeCapabilityId
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the gosIfTypeTable."
    ::= { gosPolicyIpPibGroups 1 }
qosIfTypeRoleComboGroup OBJECT-GROUP
```

"The qosIfDscpMapGroup is mandatory if the

```
OBJECTS {
             qosIfTypeRoleComboIfName,
             qosIfTypeRoleComboRoles
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosIfTypeRoleComboTable."
    ::= { gosPolicyIpPibGroups 2 }
qosIfTypeClassificationCapsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIfTypeClassificationCaps
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosIfTypeClassificationCapsTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 3 }
qosIfTypePolicingCapsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIfTypePolicingCaps
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the gosIfTypePolicingCapsTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 4 }
qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxQueues,
             qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxThresholds,
             qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxPriorities,
             qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsServiceDisc,
             qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMinQueueSize,
             qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsMaxQueueSize,
             qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsTotalQueueSize,
             qosIfTypeSchedulingCapsWredCapable
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the gosIfTypeSchedulingCapsTable."
```

```
::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 5 }
qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignName,
             qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignRoles,
             qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignQueueSetId,
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosIfTypeQueueSetAssignTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 6 }
qosIfQueueGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIfQueueSetId,
             qosIfQueueQueueSize,
             qosIfQueueSetThreshSet,
             qosIfQueuePriorityGroup,
             qosIfQueueServiceDisc,
             qosIfQueueDrainSize,
             qosIfQueueMinAbsBandwidth,
             qosIfQueueBandwidthAllocation
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosIfQueueTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 7 }
qosIfThresholdGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIfThresholdSetId,
             qosIfThresholdDropMethod,
             qosIfThresholdMinThresh,
             qosIfThresholdMaxThresh
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosIfThresholdTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 8 }
qosIfDscpAssignGroup OBJECT-GROUP
```

```
OBJECTS {
             qosIfDscpAssignName,
             qosIfDscpAssignRoles,
             qosIfDscpAssignDscpMap
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosIfDscpAssignTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 9 }
qosIfDscpMapGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIfDscpMapMapId,
             qosIfDscpMapDscp,
             qosIfDscpMapQueue,
             qosIfDscpMapThresh
    }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosIfDscpMapTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 10 }
qosMeterGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosMeterDataSpecification,
             qosMeterCommittedRate,
             qosMeterCommittedBurst,
             qosMeterPeakRate,
             qosMeterPeakBurst,
             qosMeterHighConfAction,
             qosMeterMedConfAction,
             gosMeterLowConfAction
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosMeterTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 11 }
qosActionGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosActionDrop,
             qosActionUpdateDSCP,
```

```
qosActionMeter
    }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosActionTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 12 }
qosTargetGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosTargetAclId,
             qosTargetAclType,
             qosTargetInterfaceRoles,
             qosTargetInterfaceDirection,
             qosTargetOrder,
             qosTargetMeter
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosTargetTable."
    ::= { gosPolicyIpPibGroups 13 }
qosIpAceGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qosIpAceDstAddr,
             qosIpAceDstAddrMask,
             qosIpAceSrcAddr,
             qosIpAceSrcAddrMask,
             qosIpAceDscp,
             qosIpAceProtocol,
             qosIpAceDstL4PortMin,
             qosIpAceDstL4PortMax,
             qosIpAceSrcL4PortMin,
             qosIpAceSrcL4PortMax,
             qosIpAcePermit
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qosIpAceTable."
    ::= { qosPolicyIpPibGroups 14 }
qosIpAclDefinitionGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
```

END

6.2. The DiffServ IEEE 802 PIB

DIFFSERV-802-PIB PIB-DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

Unsigned32, Integer32,

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE

FROM COPS-PR-SPPI

TruthValue, PhysAddress,

TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

FROM SNMPv2-TC

RoleCombination, PolicyInstanceId, PolicyReferenceId

FROM POLICY-FRAMEWORK-PIB

Dscp

FROM QOS-POLICY-IP-PIB;

qosPolicy802Pib MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "9906241800Z"

ORGANIZATION "IETF RAP WG"

CONTACT-INFO "

Michael Fine

Cisco Systems, Inc.

170 West Tasman Drive

San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA

Phone: +1 408 527 8218

Email: mfine@cisco.com

Keith McCloghrie

Cisco Systems, Inc.

170 West Tasman Drive,

San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA

Phone: +1 408 526 5260

Email: kzm@cisco.com

John Seligson

Nortel Networks, Inc.

4401 Great America Parkway

Santa Clara, CA 95054 USA

Phone: +1 408 495 2992

Email: jseligso@nortelnetworks.com"

DESCRIPTION

"The PIB module containing an initial set of policy rule classes that describe the quality of service (QoS) policies supported by devices for IEEE 802-based traffic."

```
::= { tbd }
qosPolicy802PibClasses OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicy802Pib 1 }
-- Textual Conventions
-- IEEE 802 CoS
QosIeee802Cos ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An integer that is in the range of the IEEE 802 CoS
        values. This corresponds to the 802.1p priority values."
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
-- General configuration information for the entire domain
qos802DomainConfig OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicy802PibClasses 1 }
-- 802 Classification Capabilities
qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsTable OBJECT-TYPE
                  SEQUENCE OF QosIfType802ClassificationCapsEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS notify
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This table specifies the 803 classification capabilities of
        interface types. A PRI in the qosIfTypeTable would reference
        a PRI in this table if the corresponding interface type
        supports some of these capabilities."
    ::= { qos802DomainConfig 1 }
qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                   QosIfType802ClassificationEntry
    SYNTAX
```

```
STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of this class describes the 802 classification
        capabilities of an interface."
    INDEX { qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { gos802IfTypeClassificationCaps }
    ::= { qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsTable 1 }
QosIfType802ClassificationCapsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsPrid
                                                PolicyInstanceId,
        gos802IfTypeClassificationCaps
                                                BITS
}
qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies a
        instance of the class."
    ::= { gos802IfTypeClassificationCapsEntry 1 }
qos802IfTypeClassificationCaps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   BITS {
                        input802Classification(1),
                        output802Classification(2),
                        -- Indicates the ability to classify 802.3
                        -- packets on ingress and on egress,
                        -- respectively.
                        etherAddrClassification(3),
                        -- indicates the ability to classify based on
                        -- addresses
                        etherTypeClassification(4),
                        etherSapClassification(4),
                        etherSnapClassification(4),
                        -- indicates the ability to classify based on
                        -- ether types, SAPs or SNAP types
                   }
                   current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
        "Bit set of supported 802.3 classification capabilities."
```

```
::= { qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsEntry 2 }
-- Differentiated Services Code Point Mapping Table
-- Supports the mapping of DSCP values to IEEE CoS values.
qos802DscpMappingTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF Qos802DscpMappingEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS install
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Maps each DSCP to an QosIeee802Cos. When configured
        for the first time, all 64 entries of the table must
        be specified. Thereafter, instances may be modified but
        not deleted unless all instances are deleted."
    INSTALL-ERRORS {
        priInstNotComplete(1) -- required instances not created
        }
    ::= { qos802DomainConfig 2 }
qos802DscpMappingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Qos802DscpMappingEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of the qos802DscpMapping class. A total of 64
        class instances are constantly maintained after initial device
        configuration."
    INDEX { gos802DscpMappingPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { gos802DscpMappingDscp }
    ::= { qos802DscpMappingTable 1 }
Qos802DscpMappingEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qos802DscpMappingPrid
                                      PolicyInstanceId,
        qos802DscpMappingDscp
                                      Dscp,
        qos802DscpMapping802Cos
                                      QosIeee802Cos
}
qos802DscpMappingPrid OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
PolicyInstanceId
    SYNTAX
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique ID for this policy rule instance."
    ::= { qos802DscpMappingEntry 1 }
qos802DscpMappingDscp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Dscp
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The DSCP class instance attribute that is used to
        determine the appropriate layer 2 CoS mappings. DSCP
        values 0 through 63 (inclusive) are maintained in
        the table."
    ::= { qos802DscpMappingEntry 2 }
qos802DscpMapping802Cos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIeee802Cos
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The IEEE 802 CoS value to use when mapping the DSCP
        value specified by the qos802DscpMappingDscp attribute
        to a IEEE 802 CoS."
    ::= { qos802DscpMappingEntry 3 }
-- Layer 2 CoS-to-DSCP Mapping Table
-- Supports the mapping of IEEE CoS values to DSCP values
-- for generic QoS traffic classification
qos802CosToDscpTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF Qos802CosToDscpEntry
    POLICY-ACCESS install
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Maps each of eight layer 2 CoS values to a DSCP. When
        configured for the first time, all 8 entries of the table
        must be specified. Thereafter, instances may be modified
        but not deleted unless all instances are deleted."
```

```
INSTALL-ERRORS {
        priInstNotComplete(1) -- required instances not created
        }
    ::= { qos802DomainConfig 3 }
qos802CosToDscpEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Qos802CosToDscpEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An instance of the qosCosToDscp class. A total of 8
        class instances are constantly maintained after initial
        device configuration."
    INDEX { gos802CosToDscpPrid }
    UNIQUENESS { gos802CosToDscpCos }
    ::= { gos802CosToDscpTable 1 }
Qos802CosToDscpEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qos802CosToDscpPrid PolicyInstanceId,
        qos802CosToDscpCos QosIeee802Cos,
        qos802CosToDscpDscp Dscp
}
qos802CosToDscpPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
   STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A unique index for this policy rule instance."
    ::= { qos802CosToDscpEntry 1 }
qos802CosToDscpCos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   QosIeee802Cos
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The layer 2 CoS class instance attribute that is used to
        determine the appropriate DSCP mappings. CoS values 0
        through 7 (inclusive) are maintained in the table."
    ::= { qos802CosToDscpEntry 2 }
qos802CosToDscpDscp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Dscp
```

```
STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The DSCP value to use when mapping the layer 2 CoS value
        specified by the gosCosToDscp attribute to a DSCP."
    ::= { qos802CosToDscpEntry 3 }
-- The IEEE 802 Classification and Policing Group
qos802Qos OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicy802PibClasses 2 }
-- The IEEE 802 ACE Table
-- The IEEE 802 ACE Table supports the specification of IEEE
-- 802-based (e.g., 802.3) information that is used to perform
-- traffic classification.
qos802AceTable OBJECT-TYPE
                   SEQUENCE OF Qos802AceEntry
    SYNTAX
    POLICY-ACCESS install
                   current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
        "IEEE 802-based ACE definitions. A class that contains
        attributes of IEEE 802 (e.g., 802.3) traffic that form
        an association that is used to perform traffic
        classification."
    ::= { qos802Qos 1 }
qos802AceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   Qos802AceEntry
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "IEEE 802-based ACE definitions. An entry specifies
        (potentially) several distinct matching components. Each
        component is tested against the data in a frame
        individually. An overall match occurs when all of the
        individual components match the data they are compared
        against in the frame being processed. A failure of any
        one test causes the overall match to fail.
```

```
Wildcards may be specified for those fields that are not
        relevant."
    INDEX { qos802AcePrid }
    UNIQUENESS { gos802AceDstAddr,
                 qos802AceDstAddrMask,
                 qos802AceSrcAddr,
                 qos802AceSrcAddrMask,
                 qos802AceVlanId,
                 qos802AceVlanTagRequired,
                 qos802AceEtherType,
                 qos802AceUserPriority}
    ::= { qos802AceTable 1 }
Qos802AceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
                                 PolicyInstanceId,
        qos802AcePrid
        qos802AceDstAddr
                                 PhysAddress,
                                 PhysAddress,
        qos802AceDstAddrMask
                                 PhysAddress,
        qos802AceSrcAddr
                                 PhysAddress,
        qos802AceSrcAddrMask
        qos802AceVlanId
                                 Integer32,
        qos802AceVlanTagRequired INTEGER,
        qos802AceEtherType
                                 Integer32,
        qos802AceUserPriority
                                 BITS,
        qos802AcePermit
                                 TruthValue
}
qos802AcePrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies this
        802 ACE among all of the 802 ACEs. Note that this identifier
        is used in instances of the gos802Acl class to associate a
        802 ACE with a 802 ACL. An active ACE/ACL association
        prohibits the deletion of the 802 ACE until the ACE/ACL
        association is terminated. Class instances may not be
        contiguous."
    ::= { qos802AceEntry 1 }
qos802AceDstAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PhysAddress
    STATUS
                   current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The 802 address against which the 802 DA of incoming traffic streams will be compared. Frames whose 802 DA matches the physical address specified by this object, taking into account address wildcarding as specified by the qos802AceDstAddrMask object, are potentially subject to the processing guidelines that are associated with this entry through the related action class."

::= { qos802AceEntry 2 }

qos802AceDstAddrMask OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PhysAddress STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object specifies the bits in a 802 destination address that should be considered when performing a 802 DA comparison against the address specified in the qos802AceDstAddr object.

The value of this object represents a mask that is logically and'ed with the 802 DA in received frames to derive the value to be compared against the qos802AceDstAddr address. A zero bit in the mask thus means that the corresponding bit in the address always matches. The qos802AceDstAddr value must also be masked using this value prior to any comparisons.

The length of this object in octets must equal the length in octets of the qos802AceDstAddr. Note that a mask with no bits set (i.e., all zeroes) effectively wildcards the qos802AceDstAddr object."

::= { qos802AceEntry 3 }

qos802AceSrcAddr OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PhysAddress STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The 802 MAC address against which the 802 MAC SA of incoming traffic streams will be compared. Frames whose 802 MAC SA matches the physical address specified by this object, taking into account address wildcarding as specified by the qos802AceSrcAddrMask object, are potentially subject to the processing guidelines that are associated with this entry through the related action class."

DESCRIPTION

"This object specifies the bits in a 802 MAC source address that should be considered when performing a 802 MAC SA comparison against the address specified in the qos802AceSrcAddr object.

The value of this object represents a mask that is logically and'ed with the 802 MAC SA in received frames to derive the value to be compared against the qos802AceSrcAddr address. A zero bit in the mask thus means that the corresponding bit in the address always matches. The qos802AceSrcAddr value must also be masked using this value prior to any comparisons.

The length of this object in octets must equal the length in octets of the qos802AceSrcAddr. Note that a mask with no bits set (i.e., all zeroes) effectively wildcards the qos802AceSrcAddr object."

```
::= { qos802AceEntry 5 }
```

qos802AceVlanId OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (-1 | 1..4094)

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The VLAN ID (VID) that uniquely identifies a VLAN within the device. This VLAN may be known or unknown (i.e., traffic associated with this VID has not yet been seen by the device) at the time this entry is instantiated.

Setting the qos802AceVlanId object to -1 indicates that VLAN data should not be considered during traffic classification."

```
::= { qos802AceEntry 6 }
```

```
priorityTaggedPlus(2),
untaggedOnly(3),
ignoreTag(4)
```

STATUS

current

}

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates whether the presence of an IEEE 802.1Q VLAN tag in data link layer frames must be considered when determining if a given frame matches this 802 ACE entry.

A value of 'taggedOnly(1)' means that only frames containing a VLAN tag with a non-Null VID (i.e., a VID in the range 1..4094) will be considered a match.

A value of 'priorityTaggedPlus(2)' means that only frames containing a VLAN tag, regardless of the value of the VID, will be considered a match.

A value of 'untaggedOnly(3)' indicates that only untagged frames will match this filter component.

The presence of a VLAN tag is not taken into consideration in terms of a match if the value is 'ignoreTag(4)'."

```
::= { qos802AceEntry 7 }
```

qos802AceEtherType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (-1 | 0..'ffff'h)

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object specifies the value that will be compared against the value contained in the EtherType field of an IEEE 802 frame. Example settings would include 'IP' (0x0800), 'ARP' (0x0806) and 'IPX' (0x8137).

Setting the qos802AceEtherTypeMin object to -1 indicates that EtherType data should not be considered during traffic classification.

Note that the position of the EtherType field depends on the underlying frame format. For Ethernet-II encapsulation, the EtherType field follows the 802 MAC source address. For 802.2 LLC/SNAP encapsulation, the EtherType value follows the Organization Code field in the 802.2 SNAP header. The value that is tested with regard to this filter component therefore depends on the data link layer frame format being used. If this 802 ACE component is active when there is no EtherType field in a frame (e.g., 802.2 LLC), a match is implied."

```
::= { gos802AceEntry 8 }
qos802AceUserPriority OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   BITS {
                         matchPriority0(0),
                         matchPriority1(1),
                         matchPriority2(2),
                         matchPriority3(3),
                         matchPriority4(4),
                         matchPriority5(5),
                         matchPriority6(6),
                         matchPriority7(7)
                   }
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
```

"The set of values, representing the potential range of user priority values, against which the value contained in the user priority field of a tagged 802.1 frame is compared. A test for equality is performed when determining if a match exists between the data in a data link layer frame and the value of this 802 ACE component. Multiple values may be set at one time such that potentially several different user priority values may match this 802 ACE component.

Setting all of the bits that are associated with this object causes all user priority values to match this attribute. This essentially makes any comparisons with regard to user priority values unnecessary. Untagged frames are treated as an implicit match."

and the QoS associated with this 802-based ACE (indirectly through the 802 ACL) is applied to the packet. If the value of this attribute is false, then no more 802 ACEs in this 802 ACL are compared to this packet and matching continues with the first 802-based ACE of the next 802 ACL."

```
::= { gos802AceEntry 10 }
-- The IEEE 802 ACL Definition Table
-- The IEEE 802 ACL Definition Table supports the association of
-- distinct IEEE 802-based (e.g., 802.3) traffic classification
-- specifications into an ordered list.
qos802AclDefinitionTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   SEQUENCE OF Qos802AclDefinitionEntry
   POLICY-ACCESS install
   STATUS
                   current
   DESCRIPTION
        "IEEE 802-based ACL definitions. A class that defines a
       set of 802 ACLs, each of which is comprised of an ordered
       list of 802 ACEs."
    INSTALL-ERRORS {
       priPrecedenceConflict(1) -- precedence conflict detected
       }
    ::= { qos802Qos 2 }
qos802AclDefinitionEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                  Qos802AclDefinitionEntry
   SYNTAX
    STATUS
                   current
   DESCRIPTION
       "IEEE 802-based ACL definitions. An entry specifies an
       instance of this class that associates an 802 ACE with
       a given 802 ACL. The evaluation order of distinct 802
       ACEs that are associated with a specific 802 ACL is
       specified as well."
    INDEX { gos802AclDefinitionPrid }
   UNIQUENESS { gos802AclDefinitionAclId,
                 qos802AclDefinitionAceId }
```

```
::= { qos802AclDefinitionTable 1 }
Qos802AclDefinitionEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        qos802AclDefinitionPrid
                                    PolicyInstanceId,
        qos802AclDefinitionAclId
                                    INTEGER,
        qos802AclDefinitionAceId
                                    PolicyReferenceId,
        qos802AclDefinitionAceOrder Unsigned32
}
qos802AclDefinitionPrid OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   PolicyInstanceId
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An arbitrary integer index that uniquely identifies this
        802 ACE / 802 ACL association."
    ::= { qos802AclDefinitionEntry 1 }
qos802AclDefinitionAclId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                   INTEGER
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
```

"An index for this 802 ACL. Each 802 ACL in the device is assigned a unique integer index. There will (potentially) be multiple instances of the qos802AclDefinition class with this identifier, one for each 802 ACE that is associated with the specified 802 ACL.

For example, assume that 2 802 ACLs, each comprised of 4 802 ACEs, have been installed. The instances of this class may appear as follows:

Index	AclId	AceId	AceOrder
10	6	4	1
11	6	5	2
12	6	9	23
13	6	11	24
65	18	5	8
66	18	9	12
67	18	13	15
70	18	14	16

Note that this identifier is used in instances of the qosAclTarget class to associate an 802 ACL with an interface set and action. An active ACL Target association prohibits the deletion of all of the qos802AclDefinition instances with a given qos802AclDefinitionAclId (i.e., at least one entry for the specific qos802AclDefinitionAclId must be present in this table) until the ACL Target association is terminated."

::= { gos802AclDefinitionEntry 2 }

qos802AclDefinitionAceId OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PolicyReferenceId

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This attribute identifies the 802 ACE in the qos802AceTable that is associated with the 802 ACL specified by qos802AclDefinitionAclId object. The corresponding instance in the qos802Ace class must exist prior to being associated with a 802 ACL.

Attempting to specify an unknown class instance will result in an appropriate error indication being returned to the entity that is attempting to install the conflicting entry. For example, a 'priUnknown(2)' error indication is returned to the policy server in this situation."

::= { gos802AclDefinitionEntry 3 }

qos802AclDefinitionAceOrder OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The precedence of the 802 ACE, identified via the qos802AclDefinitionAceId object, with regard to evaluation order. The precedence determines the order of evaluation of this ACE in relation to related 802 ACEs that are associated with an ACL. An ACE with a given precedence order in the access control list is evaluated before one with a higher-valued precedence order.

Precedence values within a group must be unique otherwise instance installation will be prohibited and an error value will be returned.

Note that qos802AclDefinitionAceOrder values within a given ACL need not be contiguous."

```
::= { qos802AclDefinitionEntry 4 }
-- Conformance Section
qosPolicy802PibConformance
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicy802Pib 2 }
qosPolicy802PibCompliances
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicy802PibConformance 1 }
qosPolicy802PibGroups
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qosPolicy802PibConformance 2 }
qosPolicy802PibCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Describes the requirements for conformance to the
            QoS Policy 802 PIB."
    MODULE -- this module
               qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsGroup
        GROUP
        DESCRIPTION
            "The qos802DscpMappingGroup is mandatory if 802.3
            frame classification is supported."
        GROUP
                gos802DscpMappingGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "The gos802DscpMappingGroup is mandatory if mapping
            from DSCP to 802.1 user priority is supported."
        OBJECT
                      qos802DscpMappingDscp
        MIN-ACCESS
                      notify
        DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."
                      qos802DscpMapping802Cos
        OBJECT
        MIN-ACCESS
                      notify
        DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."
        GROUP
                qos802CosToDscpGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "The qos802CosToDscpGroup is mandatory if mapping
            from 802.1 user priority to DSCP is supported."
```

```
OBJECT
                      qos802CosToDscpCos
        MIN-ACCESS
                      notify
        DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."
        OBJECT
                      qos802CosToDscpDscp
        MIN-ACCESS
                      notify
        DESCRIPTION "Install support is not required."
        GROUP
                qos802AceGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "The qos802AceGroup is mandatory if filtering
            based on 802 traffic criteria is supported."
        GROUP
                qos802AclDefinitionGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "The qos802AclDefinitionGroup is mandatory if
            filtering based on 802 traffic criteria is supported."
    ::= { qosPolicy802PibCompliances 1 }
qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             gos802IfTypeClassificationCaps
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qos802IfTypeClassificationCapsTable."
    ::= { qosPolicy802PibGroups 1 }
qos802DscpMappingGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qos802DscpMappingDscp,
             qos802DscpMapping802Cos
    }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qos802DscpMappingTable."
    ::= { qosPolicy802PibGroups 2 }
qos802CosToDscpGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qos802CosToDscpCos,
             qos802CosToDscpDscp
```

```
}
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qos802CosToDscpTable."
    ::= { qosPolicy802PibGroups 3 }
qos802AceGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qos802AceDstAddr,
             qos802AceDstAddrMask,
             qos802AceSrcAddr,
             qos802AceSrcAddrMask,
             qos802AceVlanId,
             qos802AceVlanTagRequired,
             qos802AceEtherType,
             qos802AceUserPriority,
             qos802AcePermit
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qos802AceTable."
    ::= { qosPolicy802PibGroups 4 }
qos802AclDefinitionGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
             qos802AclDefinitionAclId,
             qos802AclDefinitionAceId,
             qos802AclDefinitionAceOrder
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Objects from the qos802AclDefinitionTable."
    ::= { qosPolicy802PibGroups 5 }
```

END

7. Security Considerations

The information contained in a PIB when transported by the COPS protocol [COPS-PR] may be sensitive, and its function of provisioning a PEP requires that only authorized communication take place. The use of IPSEC between PDP and PEP, as described in [COPS], provides the necessary protection against these threats.

8. Intellectual Property Considerations

The IETF is being notified of intellectual property rights claimed in regard to some or all of the specification contained in this document. For more information consult the online list of claimed rights.

9. Authors' Addresses

Michael Fine Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA

Phone: +1 408 527 8218 Email: mfine@cisco.com

Keith McCloghrie Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA

Phone: +1 408 526 5260 Email: kzm@cisco.com

John Seligson Nortel Networks, Inc. 4401 Great America Parkway Santa Clara, CA 95054 USA

Phone: +1 408 495 2992

Email: jseligso@nortelnetworks.com

Kwok Ho Chan Nortel Networks, Inc. 600 Technology Park Drive Billerica, MA 01821 USA

Phone: +1 978 288 8175

Email: khchan@nortelnetworks.com

Scott Hahn Intel

2111 NE 25th Avenue

Hillsboro, OR 97124 USA

Phone: +1 503 264 8231

Email: scott.hahn@intel.com

Andrew Smith Extreme Networks 10460 Bandley Drive Cupertino CA 95014 USA

Phone: +1 408 342 0999 Email: andrew@extremenetworks.com

Francis Reichmeyer IPHighway Inc. Parker Plaza, 16th Floor 400 Kelby St. Fort-Lee, NJ 07024

Phone: (201) 585-0800

Email: FranR@iphighway.com

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