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IMAP REPLACE Extension  
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## Abstract

This document defines an IMAP extension which can be used to replace an existing message in a message store with a new message. Message replacement is a common operation for clients that automatically save drafts or notes as a user composes them.

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[1.](#) Conventions Used in This Document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

Formal syntax is defined by [[RFC5234](#)].

Example lines prefaced by "C:" are sent by the client and ones prefaced by "S:" by the server.

[2.](#) Overview

This document defines an IMAP [[RFC3501](#)] extension to facilitate replacing an existing message with a new one. This is accomplished by defining a new REPLACE command and extending the UID command to

allow UID REPLACE.

Since there is no replace function in the base IMAP specification, clients have instead had to use a combination of three separate commands issued in serial fashion; APPEND, STORE, EXPUNGE.

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Pipelining of these three commands is not recommended since failure of any individual command should prevent subsequent commands from being executed lest the original message version be lost.

Because of the non-atomic nature of the existing sequence, interruptions can leave messages in intermediate states which can be seen and acted upon by other clients. Such interruptions can also strand older revisions of messages, thereby forcing the user to manually clean up multiple revisions of the same message in order to avoid wasteful quota consumption. Additionally, the existing sequence can fail on APPEND due to an over-quota condition even though the subsequent STORE/EXPUNGE would free up enough space for the newly revised message. And finally, server efficiencies may be possible with a single logical message replacement operation as compared to the existing APPEND/STORE/EXPUNGE sequence.

In its simplest form, the REPLACE command is a single-command encapsulation of APPEND, STORE +flags \DELETED and UID EXPUNGE for a message, except that it avoids any of the quota implications or intermediate states associated with the 3 command sequence. In handling a REPLACE command, a server MUST NOT generate a response code for the STORE +flags \DELETED portion of the sequence. Additionally, servers supporting the REPLACE command MUST NOT infer any inheritance of content, flags, or annotations from the message being replaced. Finally, the replaced and replacing messages SHOULD NOT be present in the mailbox at the same time.

### [3.](#) REPLACE and UID REPLACE

#### [3.1.](#) Advertising Support for REPLACE

Servers that implement the REPLACE extension will return "REPLACE" as one of the supported capabilities in the CAPABILITY command response.

#### [3.2.](#) REPLACE Command

Arguments: message sequence number  
mailbox name  
OPTIONAL flag parenthesized list  
OPTIONAL date/time string  
message literal

Responses: no specific responses for this command

Result: OK - replace completed  
NO - replace error; can't remove specified message  
or can't add new message content  
BAD - command unknown or arguments invalid

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Example:

```
C: A003 REPLACE 4 Drafts (\Seen \Draft) {312}
S: + Ready for literal data
C: Date: Thu, 1 Jan 2015 00:05:00 -0500 (EST)
C: From: Fritz Schmidt <fritz.ze@example.org>
C: Subject: happy new year !!
C: To: miss.mitzzy@example.org
C: Message-Id: <B238822388-0100000@example.org>
C: MIME-Version: 1.0
C: Content-Type: TEXT/PLAIN; CHARSET=US-ASCII
C:
C: Just saw the best fireworks show. Wish you were here.
C:
S: * OK [APPENDUID 1 2000] Replacement Message ready
S: * 5 EXISTS
S: * 4 EXPUNGE
S: A003 OK Replace completed
```

### [3.3.](#) UID REPLACE Command

This extends the first form of the UID command (see [\[RFC3501\]](#) [Section 6.4.8](#)) to add the REPLACE command defined above as a valid argument. This form of REPLACE uses a UID rather than sequence number as its first parameter.

Example:

```
C: A004 UID REPLACE 2000 Drafts (\Seen \Draft) {350}
S: + Ready for literal data
C: Date: Thu, 1 Jan 2015 00:06:00 -0500 (EST)
```

C: From: Fritz Schmidt <fritz.ze@example.org>  
C: Subject: happy new year !!  
C: To: miss.mitzzy@example.org  
C: Message-Id: <B238822389-0100000@example.org>  
C: MIME-Version: 1.0  
C: Content-Type: TEXT/PLAIN; CHARSET=US-ASCII  
C:  
C: Just saw the best fireworks show. Wish you were here.  
C: Hopefully next year you can join us.  
C:  
S: \* OK [APPENDUID 1 2001] Replacement Message ready  
S: \* 5 EXISTS  
S: \* 4 EXPUNGE  
S: A004 OK Replace completed

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### [3.4.](#) Semantics of REPLACE and UID REPLACE

The REPLACE and UID REPLACE commands take five arguments: a message identifier, a named mailbox, an optional parenthesized flag list, an optional message date/time string, and a message literal. The message literal will be appended to the named mailbox, and the message specified by the message identifier will be removed from the selected mailbox. These operations will appear to the client as a single action. This has the same effect as the following sequence:

1. APPEND
2. [UID] STORE +FLAGS.SILENT \DELETED
3. UID EXPUNGE

In the cited sequence, the quota implications of the APPEND are evaluated within the context of the pending EXPUNGE so that only the net quota consumption is considered. Additionally, the EXPUNGE portion of the sequence only applies to the specified message, not all messages flagged as \Deleted.

Although the effect of REPLACE is identical to the steps above, the semantics are not identical; similar to MOVE [[RFC6851](#)], the

intermediate states produced do not occur, and the response codes are different. In particular, the response codes for APPEND and EXPUNGE will be returned while those for the STORE operation MUST NOT be generated.

When an error occurs while processing REPLACE or UID REPLACE, the server MUST NOT leave the selected mailbox in an inconsistent state; any untagged EXPUNGE response MUST NOT be sent until all actions are successfully completed.

While it may be common for the named mailbox argument to match the selected mailbox for the common use case of replacing a draft, the REPLACE extension intentionally does not require the two to be the same. As an example, it's possible to use the REPLACE command to replace a message in the \Drafts special-use mailbox (see [[RFC6154](#)]) with a message in the \Sent special-use mailbox following message submission.

Because of the similarity of REPLACE to APPEND, extensions that affect APPEND affect REPLACE in the same way. Response codes such as TRYCREATE (see [[RFC3501](#)] [Section 6.3.11](#)), along with those defined by extensions, are sent as appropriate. See [Section 4](#) for more information about how REPLACE interacts with other IMAP extensions.

### [3.5.](#) IMAP State Diagram Impacts

Unlike the APPEND command which is valid in the authenticated state, the REPLACE and UID REPLACE commands MUST only be valid in the selected state. This difference from APPEND is necessary since REPLACE operates on message sequence numbers.

## [4.](#) Interaction with other extensions

This section describes how REPLACE interacts with some other IMAP extensions.

### [4.1.](#) [RFC 4314](#), ACL

The ACL rights [[RFC4314](#)] required for UID REPLACE are the union of

the ACL rights required for UID STORE and UID EXPUNGE in the current mailbox, and APPEND in the target mailbox.

#### 4.2. [RFC 4469](#), CATENATE

Servers supporting both REPLACE and CATENATE [[RFC4469](#)] MUST support the additional append-data and resp-text-code elements defined the Formal Syntax section of [RFC4469](#) in conjunction with the REPLACE command. When combined with CATENATE, REPLACE can become a quite efficient way for message manipulation.

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Example:

User composes message and attaches photo

```
-----  
C: A010 APPEND Drafts (\Seen \Draft) {1201534}  
S: + Ready for literal data  
C: Date: Thu, 1 Jan 2015 00:10:00 -0500 (EST)  
C: From: Fritz Schmidt <fritz.ze@example.org>
```

C: Message-ID: <B238822388-0100003@example.org>  
C: MIME-Version: 1.0  
C: Content-Type: multipart/mixed;  
C:       boundary="-----030305060306060609050804"  
C:  
C: -----030305060306060609050804  
C: Content-Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8; format=flowed  
C: Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
C:  
C: Here is picture from the fireworks  
C:  
C: Yours...  
C: Fritz  
C:  
C: -----030305060306060609050804  
C: Content-Type: image/jpeg;  
C:       name="Fireworks.jpg"  
C: Content-Transfer-Encoding: base64  
C: Content-Disposition: attachment;  
C:       filename="Fireworks.jpg"  
C:  
C:     <large base64 encoded part goes here>  
C:  
C: -----030305060306060609050804--  
S: A010 OK [APPENDUID 1 3002] APPEND complete

User completes message with To: and Subject: fields

-----  
C: A011 UID REPLACE 3002 Drafts CATENATE (TEXT {71})  
S: + Ready for literal data  
C: To: Mitzy <miss.mitzy@example.org>  
C: Subject: My view of the fireworks  
C:    URL "/Drafts/;UID=3002")  
S: \* OK [APPENDUID 1 3003] Replacement Message ready  
S: \* 5 EXISTS  
S: \* 4 EXPUNGE  
S: A011 OK REPLACE completed



Servers supporting both REPLACE and UIDPLUS [[RFC4315](#)] SHOULD send APPENDUID in response to a UID REPLACE command. For additional information see [section 3 of RFC4315](#). Servers implementing REPLACE and UIDPLUS are also advised to send the APPENDUID response code in an untagged OK before sending the EXPUNGE or replaced responses. (Sending the APPENDUID in the tagged OK, as described in the UIDPLUS specification means that the client first receives an EXPUNGE for a message and afterwards APPENDUID for the new message. It can be unnecessarily difficult to process that sequence usefully.)

#### [4.4. RFC 6785](#), IMAP Events in Sieve

REPLACE applies to IMAP events in Sieve [[RFC6785](#)] in the same way that APPEND does. Therefore, REPLACE can cause a Sieve script to be invoked with the `imap.cause` set to "APPEND". Because the intermediate state of STORE +FLAGS.SILENT \DELETED is not exposed by REPLACE, no action will be taken that results in a `imap.cause` of FLAG.

#### [4.5. RFC 7162](#), CONDSTORE/QRESYNC

Servers implementing both REPLACE and CONDSTORE/QRESYNC [[RFC7162](#)] MUST treat the message being replaced as if it were being removed with a UID EXPUNGE command. Sections [3.2.9](#) and [3.2.10](#) of [RFC 7162](#) are particularly relevant for this condition.

#### [4.6. RFC 8474](#), OBJECTID

Servers implementing both REPLACE and OBJECTID [[RFC8474](#)] MUST return different EMAILIDs for both the replaced and replacing messages. The only exception to this is the case outlined in OBJECTID [section 5.1](#) when the server detects that both messages' immutable content are identical.

#### [4.7. RFC 3502](#), MULTIAPPEND

The REPLACE extension has no interaction with MULTIAPPEND [[RFC3502](#)]. This document explicitly does not outline a method for replacing multiple messages concurrently.

### [5. Formal Syntax](#)

The following syntax specification uses the Augmented Backus-Naur Form (ABNF) notation as specified in [[RFC5234](#)]. [[RFC3501](#)] defines the non-terminals "capability", "command-select", "mailbox", and "sequence-number". [[RFC4466](#)] defines the non-terminal "append-message".

Except as noted otherwise, all alphabetic characters are case-insensitive. The use of upper or lower case characters to define token strings is for editorial clarity only. Implementations MUST accept these strings in a case-insensitive fashion.

```
capability      =/ "REPLACE"
```

```
command-select =/ replace
```

```
replace        = "REPLACE" SP seq-number SP mailbox append-message
```

```
uid            = "UID" SP (copy / fetch/ search / store / move /  
                        replace)
```

## 6. Security Considerations

This document is believed to add no security problems beyond those that may already exist with the base IMAP specification. The REPLACE command may actually prevent some potential security problems because it avoids intermediate message states that could possibly be exploited by an attacker.

## 7. IANA Considerations

The IANA is requested to add REPLACE to the "IMAP 4 Capabilities" registry, <http://www.iana.org/assignments/imap4-capabilities>.

## 8. Acknowledgements

The author would like to thank the participants of IMAPEXT with particular thanks to Arnt Gulbrandsen, Alexey Melkinov, Chris Newman, and Bron Gondwana for their specific contributions.

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