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Ethernet in the First Mile Copper (EFMCu) Interfaces MIB draft-ietf-hubmib-efm-cu-mib-03.txt

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Abstract

This document defines a Management Information Base (MIB) module for use with network management protocols in TCP/IP based internets. This document proposes an extension to the Ethernet-like Interfaces MIB and MAU MIB modules with a set of objects for managing an Ethernet in the First Mile Copper (EFMCu) interfaces 10PASS-TS and 2BASE-TL, defined in IEEE Std 802.3ah-2004.

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1. Introduction

New Ethernet-like interfaces have been defined in the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard 802.3ah-2004 [802.3ah], a.k.a. Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM). In particular 2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS physical interfaces (PHYs), defined over voice-grade copper pairs, have been specified for the long and short reach respectively. These interfaces, collectively called EFMCu, are based on ITU-T G.SHDSL [$\underline{G.991.2}$] and VDSL [$\underline{G.993.1}$] specifications and support variable rates and optional Physical Medium Entity (PME) aggregation (a.k.a. multi-pair bonding).

2BASE-TL PHY is capable of providing at least 2Mbps over 2700 m long single copper pair with a mean Bit Error Rate (BER) of 10^-7 (using 5dB target noise margin).

10PASS-TS PHY is capable of providing at least 10Mbps over 750 m long single copper pair with a mean BER of 10^-7 (using 6dB target noise margin).

This memo defines a Management Information Base (MIB) module for use with network management protocols in the Internet community to manage EFMCu interfaces.

Note that managed objects for Operation, Administration and Management (OAM) and Ethernet over Passive Optical Networks (EPON) clauses of IEEE 802.3ah are defined in EFM-COMMON-MIB [I-D.ietf-hubmib-efm-mib] and EFM-EPON-MIB [I-D.ietf-hubmib-efm-epon-mib] respectively.

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to $\frac{1}{100}$ Section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580]. A detailed introduction to the current SNMP Management Framework can be found in RFC 2570 [RFC2570].

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this

document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

3. Relation to other MIB modules

This section outlines the relationship of this MIB with other MIB modules described in the relevant RFCs. Specifically, Interfaces Group MIB (IF-MIB), Ethernet-Like (EtherLike-MIB), MAU (MAU-MIB), SHDSL (HDSL2-SHDSL-LINE-MIB) and VDSL (VDSL-LINE-EXT-MCM-MIB) are discussed.

3.1 Relation to Interfaces Group MIB module

2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS PHY's specified in this MIB module are stacked Ethernet interfaces and as such are managed using generic interface management objects defined in the IF-MIB [RFC2863]. The stack management is done via the ifStackTable, as defined in the IF-MIB [RFC2863] and ifInvStackTable, as defined in the IF-INVERTED-STACK-MIB [RFC2864].

3.1.1 Layering Model

An EFMCu interface can aggregate up to 32 Physical Medium Entity (PME) sub-layer devices (modems), using so called PME Aggregation Function (PAF).

A generic EFMCu device can have a number of Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) ports, connected to a MAC via Medium Independent Interface (MII) at the upper layer, and cross-connected to a number of underlying PMEs, with a single PCS per PME relationship, see clause 61.1 of [802.3ah] for more details.

Each PME in the aggregated EFMCu port is represented in the Interface table (ifTable) as a separate port with ifType of shdsl(169) for 2BASE-TL or vdsl(97) for 10PASS-TS. The ifType values are defined in [IANAifType-MIB].

ifSpeed for each PME SHALL return the actual data bitrate of the active PME (e.g. for 2BaseTL PMEs it is a multiple of 64Kbps). Zero value SHALL be returned when PME is initializing or down.

The ifSpeed of the PCS is the sum of the current operating data rates of all PMEs in the aggregation group, without the 64/65B encapsulation overhead and PAF overhead, but accounting for the Inter-Frame Gaps (IFG).

When using the stated definition of ifSpeed for the PCS, there would be no frame loss in the following configuration (the test-sets are configured to generate 100% of back to back traffic, i.e. minimal IFG, at 10 or 100Mbps, with min and max frame sizes; the EFM interfaces are obviously aggregated):

Figure 1: Example configuration with no frame loss

The following figure shows the layering diagram and corresponding use of ifTable and ifMauTable:

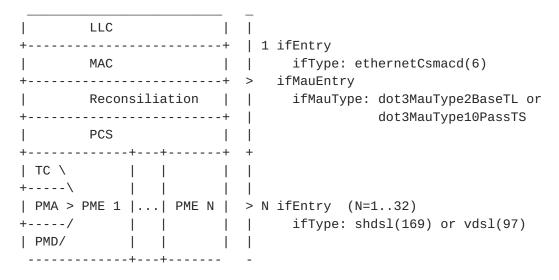


Figure 2: Use of ifTable and ifMauTable for EFMCu ports

The ifStackTable is indexed by the ifIndex values of the aggregated EFMCu port (PCS) and the PMEs connected to it. ifStackTable allows a Network Management application to determine which PMEs are connected to a particular PCS and change connections (if supported by the application). The ifInvStackTable, being an inverted version of the ifStackTable, provides an efficient means for a Network Management application to read a subset of the ifStackTable and thereby determine which PCS runs on top of a particular PME.

A new table ifAvailableStackTable defined in this MIB module, specifies for each PCS a list of PMEs, which can possibly be cross-connected to that PCS, determined by the cross-connect capability of the device. This table, modeled after ifStackTable, is

read only, reflecting current cross-connect capability, which can be dynamic in some implementations (e.g. if PMEs are located on a pluggable module and the module is pulled out). Note that PME availability per PCS, described by ifAvailableStackTable, can be constrained by other parameters, for example by aggregation capacity of a PCS or by the PME in question being already connected to another PCS. So, in order to ensure that a particular PME can be connected to the PCS, all respective parameters (e.g. ifAvailableStackTable, ifStackTable and efmCuPAFCapacity) SHALL be inspected.

3.1.2 PME Aggregation Function (PAF)

The PME Aggregation Function (PAF) allows a number of PMEs to be aggregated onto a PCS port, by fragmenting the Ethernet frames, transmitting the fragments over multiple PMEs and assembling the original frames at the remote port. PAF is OPTIONAL, meaning that a device with a single PME MAY perform fragmentation and re-assembly if this function is supported by the device. Note however that the agent is REQUIRED to report on the PAF capability for all EFMCu ports (2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS).

This MIB module allows a Network Management application to query PAF capability and enable/disable it if supported. Note that enabling PAF effectively turns on fragmentation and re-assembly, even on a single-PME port.

3.1.3 Discovery Operation

The EFMCu ports may optionally support discovery operation, whereby PMEs, during initialization, exchange information about their respective aggregation groups (PCS). This information can then be used to detect copper missconnections or for an automatic assignment of the local PMEs into aggregation groups instead of fixed pre-configuration.

This MIB module allows a Network Management application to control EFM Discovery mechanism and query its results. Note that the Discovery mechanism can work only if PAF is supported and enabled.

Two tables are used by Discovery mechanism: ifStackTable and ifAvailableStackTable defined. The following pseudo-code defines an example of Discovery and automatic PME assignment for a generic PAF enabled multi-PCS EFMCu device, located at Central Office (CO), using objects defined in this MIB module. [Note that automatic PME assignment is only shown here for the purposes of the example. Fixed PME pre-assignment, manual assignment or auto-assignment by an alternative internal algorithm may be chosen by a particular implementation]:

```
FOREACH pcs[i] IN co_device
{ // Discover only on PAF enabled ports with room for more PMEs
  IF ( pcs[i].PAFSupported AND pcs[i].NumPMEs < pcs[i].PAFCapacity )</pre>
    { dc = pcs[i].DiscoveryCode = MAC[i]; // unique 6 Byte per PCS
      // go over all currently disconnected PMEs, which can
      // pottentially be connected to PCS[i]
      FOREACH pme[j] IN ifAvailableStackTable[pcs[i]] AND
                     NOT IN ifInvStackTable[pme[j]] // unassigned
                                               // Set if Clear
        { pme[j].RemoteDiscoveryCode = dc;
          r = pme[j].RemoteDiscoveryCode;
                                                // Get
          IF ( r == dc AND pcs[i].NumPMEs < pcs[i].PAFCapacity)
            { // Remote CPE connected via PME[j] is/was a peer for
              // PCS[i]. Connect this PME to the PCS (there's room)
              ADD pme[j] TO ifStackTable[pcs[i]];
              pcs[i].NumPMEs = pcs[i].NumPMEs + 1;
              // Discover all other currently disconnected PMEs,
              // attached to the same CPE and connect them to the PCS
              // provided there is enough room for more PMEs.
              FOREACH pme[k] IN ifAvailableStackTable[pcs[i]] and
                             NOT IN ifInvStackTable[pme[k]]
                { r = pme[k].RemoteDiscoveryCode;
                                                         // Get
                  IF ( r == dc AND
                       pcs[i].NumPMEs < pcs[i].PAFCapacity)</pre>
                    { ADD pme[k] TO ifStackTable[pcs[i]];
                      pcs[i].NumPMEs = pcs[i].NumPMEs + 1;
                    }
                }
          // Discovered all PMEs which lead to the same CPE and
          // connected them to PCS[i]. Go to the next PCS.
          BREAK;
        }
   }
}
```

The SNMP Agent builds efmCuStackTable according to the information contained in the Clause 45 PME_Available_register (see [802.3ah] 61.1.5.3 and 45.2.3.20).

Adding a PME to the ifStackTable row for a specific PCS, involves actual connection of the PME to the PCS, which can be done by modifying Clause 45 PME_Aggregate_register (see [802.3ah] 61.1.5.3 and 45.2.3.21).

Note that PCS port does not have to be operationally 'down' for the connection to succeed. In fact, a dynamic PME addition (and removal) MAY be implemented whith an available PME being initialized first (by setting its ifAdminStatus to 'up') and then added to an operationally

'up' PCS port, by modifying a respective ifStackTable entry.

It is RECOMMENDED that a removal of the last operationally 'up' PME from an operationally 'up' PCS would be rejected by the implementation, as this action would completely drop the link.

3.1.4 EFMCu ports initialization

EFMCu ports being built on top of xDSL technology, require a lengthy initialization or 'training' process, before any data can pass. During this initialization both ends of a link (peers) work cooperatively to achieve required data rate on a particular copper pair. Sometimes, when the copper line is too long or the noise environment on the line is too high, that 'training' process may fail to achieve a specific target rate with required characteristics.

The ifAdminStatus object from the IF-MIB, controls the desired state of a PCS and a PME port. Setting this object to 'up' instructs a particular PCS or PME to start initialization process, which may take tens of seconds for EFMCu ports, especially if PAF is involved. The ifOperStatus object shows the operational state of an interface (extended by efmCuPmeOperStatus defined in this MIB module for PME interfaces).

A disconnected PME may be initialized by changing the ifAdminState from 'down' to 'up'. Changing the ifAdminState to 'up' on the PCS initializes all PMEs connected to that particular PCS. Note that in case of PAF some interfaces may fail to initialize while others succeed. The PCS is considered operationally 'up' if at least one PME aggregated by its PAF is operationally 'up'. When all PMEs connected to the PCS are 'down' the PCS SHALL be considered operationally 'lowerLayerDown'. The PCS SHALL be considered operationally 'notPresent' if it is not connected to any PME. The PCS/PME interface SHALL remain operationally 'down' during initialization.

The efmCuPmeOperStatus defined in this MIB module expands PME's ifOperStatus value of 'down' to 'downReady', 'downNotReady' and 'init' values, indicating various EFMCu PME specific states.

3.1.5 Usage of ifTable

Both PME and PCS interfaces of the EFMCu PHY are managed using interface specific management objects defined in this MIB module and generic interface objects from the ifTable of IF-MIB, with all management table entries referenced by the interface index ifIndex.

The following table summarizes EFMCu specific interpretations for

some of the ifTable objects specified by the mandatory ifGeneralInformationGroup:

IF-MIB object	EFMCu interpretation
ifIndex 	Interface index. Note that each PME and each PCS in the EFMCu PHY MUST have a unique index, as there some PCS and PME specific attributes accessible only on the PCS or PME level.
ifType 	ethernetCsmacd(6) for PCS, shdsl(169) for 2BASE-TL PME, vdsl(97) for 10PASS-TS PME
ifSpeed 	Operating data rate for the PME. For the PCS it is the sum of the current operating data rates of all PMEs in the aggregation group, without the 64/65B encapsulation overhead and PAF overhead, but accounting for the Inter-Frame Gaps (IFG)
ifAdminStatus 	Setting this object to 'up' instructs a particular PCS (with all PMEs connected to it) or PME to start initialization process
ifOperStatus 	efmCuPmeOperStatus supplements the 'down' value of ifOperStatus for PMEs.

Table 1

3.2 Relation to SHDSL MIB module

G.SHDSL.bis modems, similar to PME(s) comprising a 2BASE-TL port, are described in HDSL2-SHDSL-LINE-MIB [I-D.ietf-adslmib-gshdslbis]. Note that not all attributes of G.SHDSL modems reflected in HDSL2-SHDSL-LINE-MIB have adequate management objects (Clause 30 attributes and Clause 45 registers) in the EFM standard.

Because of these differences and for the purposes of simplicity, unification of attributes common to both 2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS PMEs and name consistency (e.g. prefixing the 2BASE-TL PME related objects with 'efmCuPme2B' instead of 'hdsl2shdsl'), it was decided

not to reference HDSL2-SHDSL-LINE-MIB objects, but define all the relevant objects in this MIB module.

However, if some functionality, not available in this MIB module, is required and supported by the PME, e.g. performance monitoring, relevant HDSL2-SHDSL-LINE-MIB groups MAY be included and aplied for PMEs of 2BASE-TL subtype.

3.3 Relation to VDSL MIB module

VDSL (DMT) modems, similar to the PME(s) comprising a 10PASS-TS port, are described in VDSL-LINE-EXT-MCM-MIB

[I-D.ietf-adslmib-vdsl-ext-mcm]. Note that not all attributes of VDSL modems reflected in VDSL-LINE-EXT-MCM-MIB have adequate management objects (Clause 30 attributes and Clause 45 registers) in the EFM standard.

Because of these differences and for the purposes of simplicity, unification of attributes common to both 2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS PMEs and name consistency, it was decided not to reference VDSL-LINE-EXT-MCM-MIB objects, but define all the relevant objects in this MIB module.

However, if some functionality, not available in this MIB module, is required and supported by the PME, relevant VDSL-LINE-EXT-MCM-MIB groups MAY be included and applied for PMEs of 10PASS-TS subtype.

3.4 Relation to Ethernet-Like and MAU MIB modules

The implementation of EtherLike-MIB [RFC3635] and MAU-MIB [I-D.ietf-hubmib-rfc3636bis] is REQUIRED for the EFMCu interfaces.

Two new values of ifMauType (OBJECT-IDENTITIES of dot3MauType) and corresponding bit definitions of ifMauTypeListBits (IANAifMauTypeListBits) have been defined in the IANA-MAU-TC-MIB [I-D.ietf-hubmib-rfc3636bis] for the EFMCu MAUs:

- o dot3MauType2BaseTL and b2BaseTL for 2BASE-TL MAU
- o dot3MauType10PassTS and b10PassTS for 10PASS-TS MAU

As an EtherLike interface every EFMCu port (an ifEntry representing a consolidation of LLC, MAC and PCS (sub)layers) SHALL return an ifType of ethernetCsmacd(6). While most of the MAU characteristics are not applicable to the EFMCu ports (no auto-negotiation, media available, false carriers or jabber), they SHALL return an appropriate ifMauType (dot3MauType2BaseTL or dot3mauType10PassTS) in order to direct the management software to look in the EFM-CU-MIB for the desired

information. For example the information on the particular EFMCu flavor that an EFMCu port is running is available from efmCuOperSubType, defined in this MIB module.

Since EFMCu PMEs are not EtherLike interfaces, they cannot be instantiated as MAU interface objects.

4. MIB Structure

4.1 Overview

The main management objects defined in this MIB module are split into 2 groups:

- o efmCuPort containing objects for configuration, capabilities, status and notifications, common to all EFMCu PHYs.
- o efmCuPme containing objects for configuration, capabilities, status and notifications of EFMCu PMEs.

In addition the ifAvailableStackTable is defined at the same level.

The efmCuPme group in turn contains efmCuPme2B and efmCuPme10P groups, which define PME Profiles specific to 2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS PMEs respectively, as well as PME specific status information.

4.2 PME Profiles

Since a managed node can have a large number of EFMCu PHYs, provisioning every parameter on every EFMCu PHY may become burdensome. Moreover, most PMEs are provisioned identically with the same set of parameters. To simplify the provisioning process, this MIB module makes use of configuration profiles, similar to HDSL2-SHDSL-LINE-MIB and VDSL-LINE-EXT-MCM-MIB. A profile is a set of parameters, used either for configuration or representation of a PME. The same profile can be shared by multiple PME ports, using the same configuration.

The PME profiles are defined in efmCuPme2BProfileTable and efmCu10PProfileTable for 2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS PMEs respectively. There are 12 predefined standard profiles for 2BASE-TL and 22 standard profiles for 10PASS-TS, defined in 802.3ah and dedicated for rapid provisioning of EFMCu PHYs in most scenarios. An ability to define new configuration profiles is also provided to allow for EFMCu deployment tailored to specific copper environment and spectral regulations.

A specific configuration or administrative profile is assigned to a

specific PME via efmCuPmeAdminProfile object. If efmCuPmeAdminProfile is zero, then efmCuAdminProfile object of the PCS port, connected to the PME, determines the configuration profile (or a list of possible profiles) for that PME. This mechanism allows to specify a common profile(s) for all PMEs connected to the PCS port, with an ability to change individual PME profiles by setting efmCuPmeAdminProfile objects, which overwrites profile set by efmCuAdminProfile.

A current operating PME profile is pointed to by efmCuPmeOperProfile object. Note that this profile entry, can be created automatically, to reflect achieved parameters in adaptive (not fixed) initialization.

4.3 Mapping of IEEE 802.3ah Managed Objects

This section contains the mapping between managed objects (attributes) defined in [802.3ah] Clause 30, and managed objects defined in this document and in associated MIB modules, i.e., the IF-MIB [RFC2863].

Note that majority of the objects defined in this MIB module do not have direct counterparts in Clause 30 and instead refer to Clause 45 registers.

*EdNote: It would be a good idea to update Clause 30 of 802.3ah after this MIB module is approved. I guess this should be done via a maintanence request. *

```
| IEEE 802.3 Managed Object | Corresponding SNMP Object
+----+
| oPAF - Basic Package
| (Mandatory)
                           | ifIndex (IF-MIB)
| aPAFID
| aPhyEnd
                            | efmCuPhySide
| aPHYCurrentStatus
                           | efmCuStatus
| aPAFSupported
                           | efmCuPAFSupported
oPAF - PME Aggregation Package
| (Optional)
| aPAFAdminState
                           | efmCuPAFAdminState
| aLocalPAFCapacity
                           | efmCuPAFCapacity
| aLocalPMEAvailable
                           | ifAvailableStackTable
| aLocalPMEAggregate
                           | ifStackTable (IF-MIB)
| aRemotePAFSupported
                          | efmCuRemotePAFSupported
                           | efmCuRemotePAFCapacity
| aRemotePAFCapacity
| aRemotePMEAggregate
oPME - 10P/2B Package
| (Mandatory)
                           | ifIndex (IF-MIB)
| aPMEID
| aPMEAdminState
                            | ifAdminState (IF-MIB)
l aPMEStatus
                           | efmCuPmeStatus
| aPMESNRMgn
                            | efmCuPmeSnrMgn
| aTCCodingViolations
                           | efmCuPmeTCCodingErrors
                           | efmCuAdminProfile,
| aProfileSelect
                           | efmCuPmeAdminProfile
| aPMEFECUncorrectableBlocks | efmCuPme10PFECUncorrectedBlocks |
```

Table 2

5. Definitions

```
FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB -- [RFC3411]
 ifIndex, ifSpeed, InterfaceIndex
   FROM IF-MIB
                           -- [RFC2863]
efmCuMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
 LAST-UPDATED "200504040000Z" -- April 04, 2005
 ORGANIZATION "IETF Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group"
 CONTACT-INFO
    "WG charter:
     http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/hubmib-charter.html
   Mailing Lists:
     General Discussion: hubmib@ietf.org
     To Subscribe: hubmib-request@ietf.org
     In Body: subscribe your_email_address
   Chair: Dan Romascanu
   Postal: Avaya
           Atidim Technology Park, Bldg. 3
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           Israel
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   E-mail: edward.beili@actelis.com"
 DESCRIPTION
    "The objects in this MIB module are used to manage
   the Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) Copper (EFMCu) Interfaces
   2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS, defined in IEEE Draft P802.3ah/D3.3.
   The following reference is used throughout this MIB module:
    [802.3ah] refers to:
      IEEE Std 802.3ah-2004: 'IEEE Standard for Information
      technology - Telecommunications and information exchange
     between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks -
     Specific requirements -
     Part 3: Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision
     Detection (CSMA/CD) Access Method and Physical Layer
     Specifications -
```

Amendment: Media Access Control Parameters, Physical Layers and Management Parameters for Subscriber Access Networks', 07 September 2004.

Of particular interest are Clause 61, 'Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) and common specifications, type 10PASS-TS and type 2BASE-TL', Clause 30, 'Management', Clause 45, 'Management Data Input/Output (MDIO) Interface', Annex 62A, 'PMD profiles for 10PASS-TS' and Annex 63A, 'PMD profiles for 2BASE-TL'.

```
Naming Conventions:
    Atn - Attenuation
    CO
         - Central Office
    CPE - Customer Premises Equipment
    EFM - Ethernet in the First Mile
    EFMCu - EFM Copper
    MDIO - Management Data Input/Output
     Man
         - Margin
     PAF - PME Aggregation Function
         - Physical Coding Sublayer
     PCS
     PMD - Physical Medium Dependent
     PME
         - Physical Medium Entity
     PSD - Power Spectral Density
     SNR
         - Signal to Noise Ratio
    TCPAM - Trellis Coded Pulse Amplitude Modulation
   Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2004). This version
   of this MIB module is part of RFC XXXX; see the RFC
   itself for full legal notices."
   -- EdNote: Replace XXXX with the actual RFC number &
   -- remove this note
 REVISION
             "200504040000Z" -- April 04, 2005
 DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC XXXX."
 ::= { mib-2 160 }
   -- EdNote: Replace YYY with a real OID once it is
   -- allocated & remove this note.
-- Sections of the module
efmCuObjects     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuMIB 1 }
```

efmCuConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuMIB 2 }

SYNTAX

```
-- Groups in the module
efmCuPort
                 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuObjects 1 }
efmCuPme
                 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuObjects 2 }
-- Textual Conventions
ProfileIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
  DISPLAY-HINT "d"
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A unique value, greater than zero, for each PME configuration
    profile in the managed EFMCu port. It is recommended that
    values are assigned contiguously starting from 1. The value
    for each profile must remain constant at least from one
    re-initialization of the entity's network management system
    to the next re-initialization."
  SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (1..255)
ProfileIndexOrZero ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
  DTSPLAY-HTNT "d"
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This textual convention is an extension of the ProfileIndex
    convention. The latter defines a greater than zero value used
    to identify a PME profile in the managed EFMCu port. This
    extension permits the additional value of zero. The value of
    zero is object-specific and must therefore be defined as part
    of the description of any object which uses this syntax.
    Examples of the usage of zero value migh include situations
    where current operational profile is unknown."
  SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (0..255)
ProfileIndexList ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
  DISPLAY-HINT "1d:"
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Represents a list of up to 6 ProfileIndex's.
    The ProfileIndex textual convention defines a greater than
    zero value used to identify a PME profile in the managed EFMCu
    port. The value of this object is a concatenation of one or
    more (up to 6) octets, where each octet contains an 8-bit
    ProfileIndex value.
    The ProfileIndexList specifies a list of alternative
    profiles, any of which can be chosen for configuration of an
    PME."
```

OCTET STRING (SIZE(1..6))

```
TruthValueOrUnknown ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This textual convention is an extension of the TruthValue
    convention. The latter defines a boolean value with
    possible values of true(1) and false(2). This
    extension permits the additional value of unknown(0), which
    can be returned as a result of GET operation, when an exact
    true or false value of the object cannot be determined."
  SYNTAX
                INTEGER { unknown(0), true(1), false(2) }
-- Port Notifications Group
efmCuPortNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuPort 0 }
efmCuLowBandwidth NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS {
     -- ifIndex is not needed here since we are under specific PCS
    ifSpeed,
    efmCuThreshLowBandwidth
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This notification indicates that EFMCu port's data rate
    reached or dropped below a Low Bandwidth Threshold
    (i.e. bandwidth degradation happening in case of PAF when one
    or more PMEs drop)."
     -- EdNote: add throttling limitations here
  ::= { efmCuPortNotifications 1 }
 -- PCS Port group
efmCuPortConfTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPortConfEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Table for Configuration of EFMCu 2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS (PCS)
    Ports. Entries in this table MUST be maintained in a
    persistent manner"
  ::= { efmCuPort 1 }
efmCuPortConfEntry OBJECT-TYPE
             EfmCuPortConfEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
           current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
     "An entry in the EFMCu Port Configuration table.
```

```
Each entry represents an EFMCu port indexed by the ifIndex.
    Note that an EFMCu PCS port runs on top of a single
    or multiple PME port(s), which are also indexed by ifIndex."
  INDEX { ifIndex }
  ::= { efmCuPortConfTable 1 }
EfmCuPortConfEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuPAFAdminState
                                     INTEGER,
    efmCuPAFDiscoveryCode
                                     PhysAddress,
    efmCuAdminProfile
                                     ProfileIndexList,
    efmCuTargetDataRate
                                     Unsigned32,
    efmCuTargetSnrMgn
                                     Unsigned32,
    efmCuThreshLowBandwidth
                                     Unsigned32,
    efmCuLowBandwidthEnable
                                     TruthValue
  }
efmCuPAFAdminState OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
    enabled(1),
    disabled(2)
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Administrative (desired) state of the PAF of the EFMCu port
    (PCS).
    When 'disabled', PME Aggregation will not be performed by the
    PCS. No more than a single PME can be assigned to this PCS in
    this case.
    When 'enabled', PAF will be performed by the PCS when the link
    is Up, even on a single attached PME, if PAF is supported.
```

PCS ports incapable of supporting PAF SHALL return a value of 'disabled'. Attempts to 'enable' such ports SHALL be ignored.

PAF 'enabled' port with multiple PMEs assigned cannot be 'disabled'. Attempts to 'disable' such port SHALL be rejected, until at most one PME is left assigned.

Changing PAFAdminState is a traffic disruptive operation and as such SHALL be done when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object SHALL be ignored if the link is Up or Initializing.

This object maps to the Clause 30 attribute aPAFAdminState.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then this

object maps to the PAF enable bit in the 10P/2B PCS control register.

This object MUST be maintained in a persistent manner." REFERENCE

```
"[802.3ah] 61.2.2, 45.2.3.18.3" ::= { efmCuPortConfEntry 1 }
```

efmCuPAFDiscoveryCode OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PhysAddress
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"PAF Discovery Code of the EFMCu port (PCS).

A unique 6 Byte long code used by the Discovery function, when PAF is supported.

PCS ports incapable of supporting PAF SHALL return a value of all zeroes. Attempts to change this object SHALL be ignored in this case.

This object MUST be instantiated for the -O subtype PCS before writing operations on the efmCuPAFRemoteDiscoveryCode (Set_if_Clear and Clear_if_Same) are performed by PMEs associated with the PCS.

The value of this object is read-only for -R port subtypes. The initial value of this object for -R ports after reset is 0. This value may be changed as a result of writing operation on efmCuPAFRemoteDiscoveryCode variable of remote PME of -O subtype, connected to one of the local PMEs associated with the PCS.

Discovery MUST be performed when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue if the link is Up or Initializing.

The PAF Discovery code maps to the local Discovery code variable in PAF (note that it does not have a corresponding Clause 45 register)"

REFERENCE

```
"[802.3ah] 61.2.2.8.3, 61.2.2.8.4, 45.2.6.6.1" 
::= { efmCuPortConfEntry 2 }
```

efmCuAdminProfile OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX ProfileIndexList

MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Desired configuration Profile(s), common for all PMEs in the EFMCu port. This object is a list of pointers to entries in

either efmCuPme2BProfileTable or efmCuPme10PProfileTable, depending on the current operating SubType of the EFMCu port as indicated by efmCuPortSide.

The value of this object is a list of up to 6 indices of Profiles. If this list consists of a single Profile index, then all PMEs assigned to this EFMCu port SHALL be configured according to the Profile referenced by that index, unless it is overwritten by corresponding non-zero efmCuPmeAdminProfile, which takes precedence over efmCuAdminProfile.

The list, consisting of more than one index, allows each PME in the port to be configured according to any Profile specified in the list.

By default this object has a single profile index 1, referencing 1st entry in efmCuPme2BProfileTable/efmCuPme2BProfileTable.

This object is writable and readable for the -O subtype (2BaseTL-O or 10PassTS-O) EFMCu ports. It is unavailable for the -R subtype (2BaseTL-R or 10PassTS-R) ports.

Note that current operational Profile value is available via efmCuPmeOperProfile object.

Modification of this object must be performed when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected, if the link is Up or Initializing.

Attempts to set this object to a list with a member value, that is not the value of the index for an active entry in the corresponding profile table, MUST be rejected.

This object MUST be maintained in a persistent manner." $\ensuremath{\mathsf{REFERENCE}}$

```
"[802.3ah] 30.11.2.1.6"

DEFVAL { '01'H }

::= { efmCuPortConfEntry 3 }
```

efmCuTargetDataRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32(1..100000|999999)

UNITS "Kbps"

MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"Desired EFMCu port 'net' (as seen across MII) Data Rate in Kbps, to be achieved during initialization, under spectral restrictions placed on each PME via efmCuAdminProfile or efmCuPmeAdminProfile, with the desired SNR Margin specified by efmCuTargetSnrMgn.

In case of PAF, this object represents a sum of individual PME data rates, modified to compensate for fragmentation and 64/65B framing overhead (e.g. target data rate of 10Mbps shall allow lossless transmission of full-duplex 10Mbps Ethernet frame stream with minimal inter-frame gap).

The value is limited above by 100Mbps as this is the max burst rate across MII for EFMCu ports.

The value between 1 and 100000 indicates that the total data rate (ifSpeed) of the EFMCu port after initialization should be equal to the target data rate or less, if the target data rate cannot be achieved under spectral restrictions specified by efmCuAdminProfile/efmCuPmeAdminProfile and with desired SNR margin. In case the copper environment allows to achieve higher total data rate than specified by the target, the excess capability SHALL be converted to additional SNR margin and spread evenly across all active PMEs assigned to the (PCS) port.

The value of 999999 means that the target data rate is not fixed and should be set to the maximum attainable rate during initialization (Best Effort), under specified spectral restrictions and with desired SNR Margin.

This object is read-write for the -O subtype EFMCu ports (2BaseTL-O/10PassTS-O) and not available for the -R subtypes.

Changing of the Target Data Rate MUST be performed when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue, if the link is Up or Initializing.

Note that current Data Rate of the EFMCu port is represented by ifSpeed object of IF-MIB.

This object MUST be maintained in a persistent manner."
::= { efmCuPortConfEntry 4 }

efmCuTargetSnrMgn OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..21)

UNITS "dB"

MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Desired EFMCu port SNR Margin to be achieved on all PMEs assigned to the port, during initializiation. (The SNR margin is the difference between the desired SNR and the actual SNR).

Note that 802.3ah recommends using default Target SNR Margin of 5dB for 2BASE-TL ports and 6dB for 10PASS-TS ports in order to achieve mean Bit Error Rate (BER) of 10^-7 at the PMA service interface.

This object is read-write for the -O subtype EFMCu ports (2BaseTL-O/10PassTS-O) and not available for the -R subtypes.

Changing of the Target SNR Margin MUST be performed when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue, if the link is Up or Initializing.

Note that current SNR Margin of the PMEs comprising the EFMCu port is represented by efmCuPmeSnrMgn.

This object MUST be maintained in a persistent manner." REFERENCE

```
"[<u>802.3ah</u>] 61.1.2"
::= { efmCuPortConfEntry 5 }
```

efmCuThreshLowBandwidth OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..100000)

UNITS "Kbps"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object configures the EFMCu port Low Bandwidth alarm threshold. When the current value of ifSpeed for this port reaches or drops below this threshold, an efmCuLowBandwidth notification MAY be generated if enabled by efmCuLowBandwidthEnable.

The value of 0 means no efmCuLowBandwidth notifications SHALL ever be generated.

This object is read-write for the -O subtype EFMCu ports (2BaseTL-O/10PassTS-O) and not available for the -R subtypes.

This object MUST be maintained in a persistent manner."
::= { efmCuPortConfEntry 6 }

efmCuLowBandwidthEnable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"Indicates whether efmCuLowBandwidth notifications should be

```
generated for this interface.
    Value of true(1) indicates that efmCuLowBandwidth
    notification is enabled. Value of false(2) indicates that
    the notification is disabled.
    This object MUST be maintained in a persistent manner."
  ::= { efmCuPortConfEntry 7 }
efmCuPortCapabilityTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPortCapabilityEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Table for Capabilities of EFMCu 2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS (PCS)
    Ports. Entries in this table MUST be maintained in a
    persistent manner"
  ::= { efmCuPort 2 }
efmCuPortCapabilityEntry OBJECT-TYPE
         EfmCuPortCapabilityEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the EFMCu Port Capability table.
    Each entry represents an EFMCu port indexed by the ifIndex.
    Note that an EFMCu PCS port runs on top of a single
    or multiple PME port(s), which are also indexed by ifIndex."
  INDEX { ifIndex }
  ::= { efmCuPortCapabilityTable 1 }
EfmCuPortCapabilityEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuPAFSupported
                                    TruthValue,
    efmCuPeerPAFSupported
                                    TruthValueOrUnknown,
    efmCuPAFCapacity
                                    Unsigned32,
    efmCuPeerPAFCapacity
                                    Unsigned32
  }
efmCuPAFSupported OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             TruthValue
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "PME Aggregation Function (PAF) Capability of the EFMCu port
    This object has a value of true(1) when the PCS can perform
```

```
PME aggregation on the available PMEs.
    Ports incapable of PAF SHALL return a value of false(2).
    This object maps to the Clause 30 attribute aPAFSupported.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present,
    then this object maps to the PAF available bit in the
    10P/2B capability register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 61.2.2, 30.11.1.1.4, 45.2.3.17.1"
  ::= { efmCuPortCapabilityEntry 1 }
efmCuPeerPAFSupported OBJECT-TYPE
              TruthValueOrUnknown
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "PME Aggregation Function (PAF) Capability of the EFMCu port
    (PCS) link partner.
    This object has a value of true(1) when the remote PCS can
    perform PME aggregation on its available PMEs.
    Ports whose peers are incapable of PAF, SHALL return a value
    of false(2).
    Ports whose peers cannot be reached because of the link
    state, SHALL return a value if unknown(0).
    This object maps to the Clause 30 attribute
    aRemotePAFSupported.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then
    this object maps to the Remote PAF supported bit in the
    10P/2B capability register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 61.2.2, 30.11.1.1.9, 45.2.3.17.2"
  ::= { efmCuPortCapabilityEntry 2 }
efmCuPAFCapacity OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (1..32)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "Number of PMEs that can be aggregated by the local PAF.
    The number of PMEs currently assigned to a particular
    EFMCu port (efmCuNumPMEs) is never greater than
    efmCuPAFCapacity.
    This object maps to the Clause 30 attribute
    aLocalPAFCapacity."
```

```
REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 61.2.2, 30.11.1.1.6"
  ::= { efmCuPortCapabilityEntry 3 }
efmCuPeerPAFCapacity OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
          Unsigned32 (0|1..32)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Number of PMEs that can be aggregated by the PAF of the peer
    Phy (PCS port).
    Value of 0 is returned when peer PAF Capacity is unknown
    (peer cannot be reached).
    This object maps to the Clause 30 attribute
    aRemotePAFCapacity."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 61.2.2, 30.11.1.1.10"
  ::= { efmCuPortCapabilityEntry 4 }
efmCuPortStatusTable OBJECT-TYPE
            SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPortStatusEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table provides overall status information of EFMCu
    2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS ports. This table contains live data from
    the equipment. As such, it is NOT persistent."
  ::= { efmCuPort 3 }
efmCuPortStatusEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
         EfmCuPortStatusEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
         current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the EFMCu Port Status table.
    Each entry represents an EFMCu port indexed by the ifIndex.
    Note that an EFMCu PCS port runs on top of a single
    or multiple PME port(s), which are also indexed by ifIndex."
  INDEX { ifIndex }
  ::= { efmCuPortStatusTable 1 }
EfmCuPortStatusEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuFltStatus
                                     BITS,
    efmCuPortSide
                                     INTEGER,
    efmCuNumPMEs
                                     Unsigned32,
```

```
efmCuPAFInErrors
                                     Counter32,
    efmCuPAFInSmallFragments
                                     Counter32,
    efmCuPAFInLargeFragments
                                     Counter32,
    efmCuPAFInBadFragments
                                     Counter32,
    efmCuPAFInLostFragments
                                     Counter32,
    efmCuPAFInLostStarts
                                     Counter32,
    efmCuPAFInLostEnds
                                     Counter32,
    efmCuPAFInOverflows
                                     Counter32
  }
efmCuFltStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            BITS {
    noPeer(0),
    pmeSubTypeMismatch(1),
    lowBandwidth(2)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "EFMCu (PCS) port Fault Status. This is a bitmap of possible
    conditions. The various bit positions are:
      noPeer
                          - peer PHY cannot be reached (e.g.
                            no PMEs attached, all PMEs are Down
                            etc.) More info is available in
                            efmCuPmeFltStatus.
      pmeSubTypeMismatch - local PMEs in the aggregation group
                            are not of the same sub-type, e.g.
                            some PMEs in the local device are -0
                            while others are -R subtype.
      lowBandwidth
                          - ifSpeed of the port reached or droped
                            below efmCuThreshLowBandwidth
    This object is intended to supplement ifOperStatus object
    in IF-MIB.
    Additional information is available via efmCuPmeFltStatus
    object for each PME in the aggregation group (single PME if
    PAF is disabled)."
  REFERENCE
    "ifOperStatus in IF-MIB; efmCuPmeFltStatus"
  ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 1 }
efmCuPortSide OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
    subscriber(1),
    office(2),
    unknown(3)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "EFM port mode of operation (subtype).
    The value of 'subscriber' indicates the port is designated as
    '-R' subtype (all PMEs assigned to this port are of subtype
    The value of the 'office' indicates that the port is
    designated as '-0' subtype (all PMEs assigned to this port are
    of subtype '-0').
    The value of 'unknown' indicates that the port has no assigned
    PMEs yet or that the assigned PMEs are not of the same side
    (subTypePMEMismatch).
    This object partially maps to the Clause 30 attribute
    aPhyEnd"
  REFERENCE
     "[802.3ah] 61.1, 30.11.1.1.2"
  ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 2 }
efmCuNumPMEs OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Unsigned32 (0..32)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Number of PMEs that is currently aggregated by the local PAF
    (assigned to the EFMCu port using ifStackTable).
    This number is never greater than efmCuPAFCapacity.
    This object SHALL be automatically incremented or decremented
    when a PME is added or deleted to/from the EFMCu port using
    ifStackTable."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 61.2.2, 30.11.1.1.6"
  ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 3 }
efmCuPAFInErrors OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A number of fragments that have been received across the
    gamma interface with RxErr asserted and discarded.
    This read-only counter is inactive (not incremented) when the
    PAF is unsupported or disabled. Upon disabling the PAF, the
    counter retains its previous value.
```

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then this object maps to the 10P/2B PAF RX error register."

```
REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.3.21"
  ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 4 }
efmCuPAFInSmallFragments OBJECT-TYPE
          Counter32
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "A number of fragments smaller than minFragmentSize
    (64 Bytes), that have been received across the gamma interface
    and discarded.
    This read-only counter is inactive when the PAF is
    unsupported or disabled. Upon disabling the PAF, the counter
    retains its previous value.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then
    this object maps to the 10P/2B PAF small fragments
    register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.3.22"
  ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 5 }
efmCuPAFInLargeFragments OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            Counter32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A number of fragments larger than maxFragmentSize
    (512 Bytes), that have been received across the gamma
    interface and discarded.
    This read-only counter is inactive when the PAF is
    unsupported or disabled. Upon disabling the PAF, the counter
    retains its previous value.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then
    this object maps to the 10P/2B PAF large fragments
    register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.3.23"
  ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 6 }
efmCuPAFInBadFragments OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            Counter32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
          current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A number of fragments which do not fit into the sequence
```

expected by the frame assembly function, that have been received across the gamma interface and discarded (the frame buffer is flushed to the next valid frame start). This read-only counter is inactive when the PAF is unsupported or disabled. Upon disabling the PAF, the counter retains its previous value.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then this object maps to the 10P/2B PAF bad fragments register."

REFERENCE

```
"[<u>802.3ah</u>] 45.2.3.25"
::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 7 }
```

efmCuPAFInLostFragments OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A number of gaps in the sequence of fragments, that have been received across the gamma interface (the frame buffer is flushed to the next valid frame start, when fragment/fragments expected by the frame assembly function is/are not received). This read-only counter is inactive when the PAF is unsupported or disabled. Upon disabling the PAF, the counter retains its previous value.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then this object maps to the 10P/2B PAF lost fragment register."

REFERENCE

```
"[<u>802.3ah</u>] 45.2.3.26"
::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 8 }
```

efmCuPAFInLostStarts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A number of missing StartOfPacket indicators expected by the frame assembly function.

This read-only counter is inactive when the PAF is unsupported or disabled. Upon disabling the PAF, the counter retains its previous value.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then this object maps to the 10P/2B PAF lost start of fragment register."

```
REFERENCE
    "[<u>802.3ah</u>] 45.2.3.27"
   ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 9 }
efmCuPAFInLostEnds OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
           Counter32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "A number of missing EndOfPacket indicators expected by the
    frame assembly function.
    This read-only counter is inactive when the PAF is
    unsupported or disabled. Upon disabling the PAF, the counter
    retains its previous value.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then
    this object maps to the 10P/2B PAF lost start of fragment
    register."
  REFERENCE
    "[<u>802.3ah</u>] 45.2.3.28"
   ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 10 }
efmCuPAFInOverflows OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
          current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "A number of fragements, received accross the gamma interface
    and discarded, which would have caused the frame assembly
    buffer to overflow.
    This read-only counter is inactive when the PAF is
    unsupported or disabled. Upon disabling the PAF, the counter
    retains its previous value.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then
    this object maps to the 10P/2B PAF overflow register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.3.24"
   ::= { efmCuPortStatusEntry 11 }
-- PME Notifications Group
efmCuPmeNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuPme 0 }
 -- EdNote: Should I add more notifications here, for example
        efmCuPmePerfES,
        efmCuPmePerfSES,
        efmCuPmePerfCRCanomalies,
```

```
efmCuPmePerfLOSWS,
- -
        efmCuPmePerfUAS,
        efmCuPmeDeviceFault,
        efmCuPmeLocalPowerLoss
-- Another option would be to reference HDSL2-SHDSL-LINE-MIB
-- or VDSL-LINE-EXT-MCM-MIB, reusing notifications defined there.
efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossing NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPmeLineAtn,
    efmCuPmeThreshLineAtn
  }
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This notification indicates that the loop attenuation
    threshold (as per the efmCuPmeThreshLineAtn
    value) has been reached/exceeded for the 2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS
    PME. This notification MAY be send on the crossing event in
    both directions: from normal to exceeded and from exceeded
    to normal.
    Generation of this notification is controlled by the
    efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossingEnable object."
    -- EdNote: add throttling limitations here, with 10 sec
    -- debouncing on clear to prevenmt intermittent alarms
  ::= { efmCuPmeNotifications 1 }
efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossing NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPmeSnrMgn,
    efmCuPmeThreshSnrMgn
  }
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This notification indicates that the SNR margin threshold
    (as per the efmCuPmeThreshSnrMgn value) has been
    reached/exceeded for the 2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS PME.
    This notification MAY be send on the crossing event in
    both directions: from normal to exceeded and from exceeded
    to normal.
    Generation of this notification is controlled by the
    efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossingEnable object."
```

-- EdNote: add throttling limitations here, with 10 sec -- debouncing on clear to prevenmt intermittent alarms

```
efmCuPmeDeviceFault NOTIFICATION-TYPE
```

::= { efmCuPmeNotifications 2 }

```
OBJECTS {
    efmCuPmeFltStatus
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This notification indicates that a fault in the PME has been
    detected by a vendor specific diagnostic or a self-test.
    Generation of this notification is controlled by the
    efmCuPmeDeviceFaultEnable object."
  ::= { efmCuPmeNotifications 3 }
efmCuPmeConfigInitFailure NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPmeFltStatus,
    efmCuAdminProfile,
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This notification indicates that PME initialization has
    failed, due to inability of the PME link to achieve requested
    configuration profile.
    Generation of this notification is controlled by the
    efmCuPmeConfigInitFailEnable object."
  ::= { efmCuPmeNotifications 4 }
efmCuPmeProtocolInitFailure NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPmeFltStatus,
    efmCuPmeOperSubType
  }
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This notification indicates that peer PME was using
    incompatible protocol during initialization.
    Generation of this notification is controlled by the
    efmCuPmeProtocolInitFailEnable object."
  ::= { efmCuPmeNotifications 5 }
-- The PME group
efmCuPmeConfTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPmeConfEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
    "Table for Configuration of common aspects for EFMCu
    2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS PME ports (modems). Configuration of
    aspects specific to 2BASE-TL or 10PASS-TS PME types is
    represented in efmCuPme2BConfTable and efmCuPme10PConfTable
    respectively.
    Entries in this table MUST be maintained in a persistent
    manner."
  ::= { efmCuPme 1 }
efmCuPmeConfEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             EfmCuPmeConfEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the EFMCu PME Configuration table.
    Each entry represents common aspects of an EFMCu PME port
    indexed by the ifIndex. Note that an EFMCu PME port can be
    stacked below a single PCS port, also indexed by ifIndex,
    possibly together with other PME ports if PAF is enabled."
  INDEX { ifIndex }
  ::= { efmCuPmeConfTable 1 }
EfmCuPmeConfEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuPmeAdminSubType
                                   INTEGER,
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile
                                   ProfileIndexOrZero,
    efmCuPAFRemoteDiscoveryCode
                                   PhysAddress,
    efmCuPmeThreshLineAtn
                                   Integer32,
    efmCuPmeThreshSnrMgn
                                   Integer32,
    efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossingEnable TruthValue,
    efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossingEnable
                                   TruthValue,
    efmCuPmeDeviceFaultEnable
                                   TruthValue,
    efmCuPmeConfigInitFailEnable
                                   TruthValue,
    efmCuPmeProtocolInitFailEnable TruthValue
  }
efmCuPmeAdminSubType OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
    ieee2BaseTLO(1),
    ieee2BaseTLR(2),
    ieee10PassTSO(3),
    ieee10PassTSR(4),
    ieee2BaseTLor10PassTSR(5),
    ieee2BaseTLor10PassTS0(6),
    ieee10PassTSor2BaseTL0(7)
```

}

```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS
       current
DESCRIPTION
  "Administrative (desired) sub-type of the PME.
  Possible values are:
    ieee2BaseTL0
                          - PME shall operate as 2BaseTL-0
    ieee2BaseTLR
                         - PME shall operate as 2BaseTL-R
                          - PME shall operate as 10PassTS-0
    ieee10PassTS0
    ieee10PassTSR
                          - PME shall operate as 10PassTS-R
    ieee2BaseTLor10PassTSR - PME shall operate as 2BaseTL-R or
                            10PassTS-R. Actual value will be
                            set by -0 link partner during
                            initialization (handshake).
    ieee2BaseTLor10PassTSO - PME shall operate as 2BaseTL-0
                            (preferred) or 10PassTS-0. Actual
                            value will be set during
                            initialization depending on -R
                            link partner capability (i.e. if
                             -R is incapable of the preferred
                            2BaseTL mode, 10PassTS will be
```

ieee10PassTSor2BaseTLO - PME shall operate as 10PassTS-0 (preferred) or 2BaseTL-0. Actual value will be set during initialization depending on -R link partner capability (i.e. if -R is incapable of the preferred 10PassTS mode, 2BaseTL will be used).

Changing efmCuPmeAdminSubType is a traffic disruptive operation and as such SHALL be done when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object SHALL be ignored if the link is Up or Initializing.

used).

Attempts to change this object to an unsupported subtype (see efmCuPmeSubTypesSupported) SHALL be rejected.

The current operational sub type is indicated by efmCuPmeOperSubType variable.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PMA/PMD is present, then this object combines values of the Port sub-type select bits and the PMA/PMD type selection bits in the 10P/2B PMA/PMD control register"

REFERENCE

```
"[802.3ah] 61.1, 45.2.1.11.4, 45.2.1.11.7"
::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 1 }
```

efmCuPmeAdminProfile OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX ProfileIndexOrZero
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Desired PME configuration Profile. This object is a pointer to an entry in either efmCuPme2BProfileTable or efmCuPme10PProfileTable, depending on the current operating SubType of the PME. The value of this object is the index of the referenced profile.

The value of zero (default) indicates that the PME is configured via efmCuAdminProfile object for the PCS port, to which this PME is assigned. That is, the profile referenced by efmCuPmeAdminProfile takes precedence over the profile(s) referenced by efmCuAdminProfile.

This object is writable and readable for the CO subtype PMEs (2BaseTL-0 or 10PassTS-0). It is unavailable for the CPE subtype (2BaseTL-R or 10PassTS-R).

Note that current operational Profile value is available via efmCuPmeOperProfile object.

Modification of this object must be performed when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected, if the link is Up or Initializing.

Attempts to set this object to a value that is not the value of the index for an active entry in the corresponding profile table, MUST be rejected."

REFERENCE

```
"[802.3ah] 30.11.2.1.6"

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 2 }
```

efmCuPAFRemoteDiscoveryCode OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PhysAddress MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"PAF Remote Discovery Code of the PME port at CO.

A 6 Byte long Discovery Code of the peer PCS connected via the PME.

Reading this object results in a Discovery Get operation. Writing a zero to this object results in a Discovery Clear_if_Same operation (the value of efmCuPAFDiscoveryCode at the peer PCS shall be the same as efmCuPAFDiscoveryCode of the local PCS associated with the PME for the operation to succeed).

Writing a non-zero value to this object results in a Discovery Set_if_Clear operation.

This object does not exist in CPE port subtypes. A zero length octet string SHALL be returned for CPE port subtypes and also when PAF aggregation is not enabled.

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Discovery MUST be performed when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue, if the link is Up or Initializing.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PMA/PMD is present, then this object is a function of 10P/2B aggregation discovery control register, Discovery operation result bits in 10P/2B aggregation and discovery status register and 10P/2B aggregation discovery code register"

REFERENCE

```
"[802.3ah] 61.2.2.8.4, 45.2.6.6-45.2.6.8" 
::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 3 }
```

efmCuPmeThreshLineAtn OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(-127..128)

UNITS "dB"

MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Desired Line Attenuation Threshold for the 2B/10P PME. This object configures the line attenuation alarm threshold. When the current value of Line Attenuation reaches or exceeds this threshold, a efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossing notification MAY be generated, if enabled by efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossingEnable.

This object is writable for the CO subtype PMEs (-0). It is read-only for the CPE subtype (-R).

Changing of the Line Attenuation Threshold must be performed when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue, if the link is Up or Initializing.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this object will map to the Loop attenuation threshold bits in the 2B PMD line quality thresholds register"

REFERENCE

```
"[802.3ah] 45.2.1.36"
::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 4 }
```

efmCuPmeThreshSnrMgn OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32(-127..128) "dB" UNITS MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Desired SNR Margin Threshold for the 2B/10P PME. This object configures the SNR margin alarm threshold. When the current value of SNR Margin reaches or exceeds this threshold, a efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossing notification MAY be generated, if enabled by efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossingEnable. This object is writable for the CO subtype PMEs (2BaseTL-0/10PassTS-R). It is read-only for the CPE subtype (2BaseTL-R/10PassTS-R). Changing of the SNR Margin Threshold must be performed when the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue, if the link is Up or Initializing. If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this object will map to the SNR margin threshold bits in the 2B PMD line quality thresholds register" REFERENCE "[<u>802.3ah</u>] 45.2.1.36" ::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 5 } efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossingEnable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-write current STATUS **DESCRIPTION** "Indicates whether efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossing notifications should be generated for this interface. Value of true(1) indicates that efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossing notification is enabled. Value of false(2) indicates that the notification is disabled." ::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 6 }

efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossingEnable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"Indicates whether efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossing notifications should be generated for this interface.

```
Value of true(1) indicates that efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossing
    notification is enabled. Value of false(2) indicates that
    the notification is disabled."
  ::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 7 }
efmCuPmeDeviceFaultEnable OBJECT-TYPE
          TruthValue
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
         current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Indicates whether efmCuPmeDeviceFault notifications
    should be generated for this interface.
    Value of true(1) indicates that efmCuPmeDeviceFault
    notification is enabled. Value of false(2) indicates that
    the notification is disabled."
  ::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 8 }
efmCuPmeConfigInitFailEnable OBJECT-TYPE
            TruthValue
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
         current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Indicates whether efmCuPmeConfigInitFailure notifications
    should be generated for this interface.
    Value of true(1) indicates that efmCuPmeConfigInitFailure
    notification is enabled. Value of false(2) indicates that
    the notification is disabled."
  ::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 9 }
efmCuPmeProtocolInitFailEnable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            TruthValue
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
         current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Indicates whether efmCuPmeProtocolInitFailure notifications
    should be generated for this interface.
    Value of true(1) indicates that efmCuPmeProtocolInitFailure
    notification is enabled. Value of false(2) indicates that
    the notification is disabled."
  ::= { efmCuPmeConfEntry 10 }
efmCuPmeCapabilityTable OBJECT-TYPE
          SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPmeCapabilityEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Table for Configuration of common aspects for EFMCu
    2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS PME ports (modems). Configuration of
    aspects specific to 2BASE-TL or 10PASS-TS PME types is
    represented in efmCuPme2BConfTable and efmCuPme10PConfTable
    respectively.
    Entries in this table MUST be maintained in a persistent
    manner."
  ::= { efmCuPme 2 }
efmCuPmeCapabilityEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             EfmCuPmeCapabilityEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the EFMCu PME Capability table.
    Each entry represents common aspects of an EFMCu PME port
    indexed by the ifIndex. Note that an EFMCu PME port can be
    stacked below a single PCS port, also indexed by ifIndex,
    possibly together with other PME ports if PAF is enabled."
  INDEX { ifIndex }
  ::= { efmCuPmeCapabilityTable 1 }
EfmCuPmeCapabilityEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuPmeSubTypesSupported
                                  BITS
  }
efmCuPmeSubTypesSupported OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              BITS {
    ieee2BaseTLO(0),
    ieee2BaseTLR(1),
    ieee10PassTSO(2),
    ieee10PassTSR(3)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "PME supported sub-types. This is a bitmap of possible
    sub-types. The various bit positions are:
      ieee2BaseTLO - PME is capable of operating as 2BaseTL-0
      ieee2BaseTLR - PME is capable of operating as 2BaseTL-R
      ieee10PassTS0 - PME is capable of operating as 10PassTS-0
      ieee10PassTSR - PME is capable of operating as 10PassTS-R
    An desired mode of operation is determined by
```

```
efmCuPmeAdminSubType, while efmCuPmeOperSubType relects the
    current operating mode.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PCS is present, then this
    object combines the 10PASS-TS capable and 2BASE-TL capable
    bits in the 10P/2B PMA/PMD speed ability register and the
    CO supported and CPE supported bits in the 10P/2B PMA/PMD
    status register"
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 61.1, 45.2.1.4.1, 45.2.1.4.2, 45.2.1.12.2,
    45.2.1.12.3"
  ::= { efmCuPmeCapabilityEntry 1 }
efmCuPmeStatusTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPmeStatusEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
         current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table provides common status information of EFMCu
    2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS PME ports. Status information specific
    to 10PASS-TS PME is represented in efmCuPme10PStatusTable.
    This table contains live data from the equipment. As such,
    it is NOT persistent."
  ::= { efmCuPme 3 }
efmCuPmeStatusEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX EfmCuPmeStatusEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the EFMCu PME Status table.
    Each entry represents common aspects of an EFMCu PME port
    indexed by the ifIndex. Note that an EFMCu PME port can be
    stacked below a single PCS port, also indexed by ifIndex,
    possibly together with other PME ports if PAF is enabled."
  INDEX { ifIndex }
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusTable 1 }
EfmCuPmeStatusEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuPmeOperStatus
                                  INTEGER,
    efmCuPmeFltStatus
                                  BITS,
    efmCuPmeOperSubType
                                  INTEGER,
    efmCuPmeOperProfile
                                  ProfileIndexOrZero,
    efmCuPmeSnrMqn
                                  Integer32,
    efmCuPmePeerSnrMgn
                                  Integer32,
```

```
efmCuPmeLineAtn
                                  Integer32,
    efmCuPmePeerLineAtn
                                  Integer32,
    efmCuPmeTCCodingErrors
                                 Counter32
  }
efmCuPmeOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
          INTEGER {
    up(1),
    downNotReady(2),
    downReady(3),
    init(4)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
           current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "Current PME link Operational Status. Possible values are:
                      - link is Up and ready to pass 64/65B
      up(1)
                        encoded frames or fragments.
      downNotReady(2) - link is Down and the PME does not detect
                        Handshake tones from its peer. This value
                        may indicate a possible problem with
                        the peer PME.
      downReady(3) - link is Down and the PME detects Handshake
                        tones from its peer.
      init(4)
                      - link is initializing, as a result of
                        ifAdminStatus being set to 'up' for a
                        particular PME or a PCS the PME is
                        connected to.
    This object is intended to supplement Down state of
    ifOperStatus.
    This object partially maps to the Clause 30 attribute
    aPMEStatus.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this
    object partially maps to PMA/PMD link status bits in 10P/2B
    PMA/PMD status register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 30.11.2.1.3, 45.2.1.12.4"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 1 }
efmCuPmeFltStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              BITS {
    lossOfFraming(0),
    snrMgnDefect(1),
    lineAtnDefect(2),
    deviceFault(3),
```

}

configInitFailure(4),

```
protocolInitFailure(5)
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS
           current
DESCRIPTION
  "Current/Last PME link Fault Status. This is a bitmap of
  possible conditions. The various bit positions are:
    lossOfFraming
                       - Loss of Framing for 10P or
                          Loss of Sync word for 2B PMD or
                          Loss of 64/65B Framing
    snrMgnDefect
                        - SNR Margin dropped below the Threshold
                        - Line Attenuation exceeds the Threshold
    lineAtnDefect
    deviceFault
                        - Indicates a vendor-dependent
                          diagnostic or self-test fault
                          has been detected.
    configInitFailure
                        - Configuration initialization failure,
                          due to inability of the PME link to
                          support configuration profile,
                          requested during initialization.
    protocolInitFailure - Protocol initialization failure,
                          due to incompatible protocol used by
                          the Peer PME during init (that could
                          happen if a peer PMD is G.SDHSL/VDSL
                          modem for 2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS PME
                          respectively).
```

This object is intended to supplement if OperStatus in IF-MIB.

The indications hold information about the last fault. efmCuPmeFltStatus is cleared by the device restart. In addition lossOfFraming, configInitFailure and protocolInitFailure are cleared by PME init. deviceFault is cleared by successful diagnostics/test. snrMgnDefect and lineAtnDefect are cleared by SNR Margin and line Attenuation respectively returning to norm and by PME init.

This object partially maps to the Clause 30 attribute aPMEStatus.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this object consolidates information from various PMA/PMD registers, namely: Fault bit in PMA/PMD status 1 register, 10P/2B PMA/PMD link loss register, 10P outgoing indicator bits status register, 10P incoming indicator bits status register,

```
2B state defects register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 30.11.2.1.3, 45.2.1.2.1, 45.2.1.38,
    45.2.1.39, 45.2.1.54"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 2 }
efmCuPmeOperSubType OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
    ieee2BaseTLO(1),
    ieee2BaseTLR(2),
    ieee10PassTSO(3),
    ieee10PassTSR(4)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Current operational sub-type of the PME.
    Possible values are:
      ieee2BaseTL0
                             - PME operates as 2BaseTL-0
      ieee2BaseTLR
                            - PME operates as 2BaseTL-R
      ieee10PassTS0
                             - PME operates as 10PassTS-0
      ieee10PassTSR
                             - PME operates as 10PassTS-R
    The operational sub type of the PME can be configured via
    efmCuPmeAdminSubType variable.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PMA/PMD is present, then
    this object combines values of the Port sub-type select
    bits, the PMA/PMD type selection bits in the 10P/2B
    PMA/PMD control register and the PMA/PMD link status bits in
    the 10P/2B PMA/PMD status register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 61.1, 45.2.1.11.4, 45.2.1.11.7, 45.2.1.12.4"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 3 }
efmCuPmeOperProfile OBJECT-TYPE
             ProfileIndexOrZero
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "PME current operating Profile. This object is a pointer to
    an entry in either efmCuPme2BProfileTable or
    efmCuPme10PProfileTable, depending on the current
    operating SubType of the PME as indicated by
    efmCuPmeOperSubType.
    Note that a profile entry, to which efmCuPmeOperProfile is
    pointing to, can be created automatically, to reflect achieved
    parameters in adaptive (not fixed) initialization,
```

```
i.e. values of efmCuPmeOperProfile and efmCuAdminProfile or
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile MAY differ.
    The value of zero indicates that PME is down or initializing.
    This object partially maps to the aOperatingProfile
    attribute in Clause 30."
  REFERENCE
    "[<u>802.3ah</u>] 30.11.2.1.7"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 4 }
efmCuPmeSnrMgn OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            Integer32(-127..128|65535)
             "dB"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
         current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The current Signal-to-Noise Ratio (SNR) margin with respect
    to the received signal as perceived by the local PME.
    The value of 65535 is returned when PME is down or
    initializing.
    This object maps to the aPMESNRMgn attribute in Clause 30.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface is present, then this
    object maps to the 10P/2B RX SNR margin register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 30.11.2.1.4, 45.2.1.16"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 5 }
efmCuPmePeerSnrMgn OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Integer32(-127..128|65535)
             "dB"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "The current SNR margin in dB with respect to the received
    signal, as perceived by the remote (link partner) PME.
    The value of 65535 is returned when PME is down or
    initializing.
    This object is not supported by -R PME subtypes.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface is present, then this
    object maps to the 10P/2B link partner RX SNR margin
    register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.1.17"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 6}
```

```
efmCuPmeLineAtn OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Integer32(-127..128|65535)
              "dB"
  UNTTS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The current Line Attenuation in dB as perceived by the local
    The value of 65535 is returned when PME is down or
    initializing.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface is present, then this
    object maps to the Line Attenuation register"
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.1.18"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 7 }
efmCuPmePeerLineAtn OBJECT-TYPE
              Integer32(-127..128|65535)
  SYNTAX
              "dB"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The current Line Attenuation in dB as perceived by the remote
    (link partner) PME.
    The value of 65535 is returned when PME is down or
    initializing.
    This object is not supported by CPE port subtypes.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface is present, then this
    object maps to the 20P/2B link partner Line Attenuation
    register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.1.19"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 8 }
efmCuPmeTCCodingErrors OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Counter32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A number of 64/65-octet encapsulation errors. This counter is
    incremented for each 64/65-octet encapsulation error detected
    by the 64/65-octet receive function.
    The value of zero SHALL be returned when PME is down or
    initializing.
```

```
If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME TC is present, then
    this object maps to the TC coding violations register
    (see 45.2.6.12)."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 61.3.3.1, 45.2.6.12"
  ::= { efmCuPmeStatusEntry 9 }
-- 2BASE-TL specific PME group
efmCuPme2B
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuPme 5 }
efmCuPme2BProfileTable OBJECT-TYPE
              SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPme2BProfileEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table supports definitions of administrative and
    operating Profiles for 2BASE-TL PMEs.
    First 14 entries in this table SHALL always be defined as
    follows (see 802.3ah Annex 63A):
    -----+-----+-----
    Profile Rate Power Region Constellation
     index (Kbps) (dBm) (G.991.2)
     -----+-----+-----
             512 13.5 1 16-TCPAM (default)
       2
             704 13.5
                           1
                                 16-TCPAM
            1024 13.5
                           1
                                 16-TCPAM
       3
           2048 13.5 1
3072 13.5 1
5696 13.5 1
       4
                                 16-TCPAM
       5
                                 32-TCPAM
       6
                                  32-TCPAM
             512 13.5 2 16-TCPAM
704 13.5 2 16-TCPAM
1024 13.5 2 16-TCPAM
       7
       8
       9
            2048 14.5

3072 14.5 2 32-10....

5696 14.5 2 32-TCPAM

0 0 1 0 (best effort)

0 0 2 0 (best effort)
            2048 14.5
      10
      11
      12
      13
      14
```

These default entries SHALL be created during agent initialization and MUST not be deleted.

Entries following the first 14, can be dynamically created and deleted, to provide custom administrative (configuration) profiles and automatic operating profiles.

This table MUST be maintained in a persistent manner." REFERENCE

```
"[802.3ah] Annex 63A, 30.11.2.1.6"
  ::= { efmCuPme2B 2 }
efmCuPme2BProfileEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX EfmCuPme2BProfileEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Each entry corresponds to a single 2BASE-TL PME profile.
    Each profile contains a set of parameters, used either for
    configuration or representation of a 2BASE-TL PME.
    In case a particular profile is referenced via
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile object (or efmCuAdminProfile if
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile is zero), it represent the desired
    parameters the 2BaseTL-0 PME initialization.
    If a profile is referenced via efmCuPmeOperProfile object,
    it represents current operating parameters of the
    operational PME.
    Profiles may be created/deleted using the row creation/
    deletion mechanism via efmCuPme2BProfileRowStatus. If an
    active entry is referenced, the entry MUST remain 'active'
    until all references are removed.
    Default entries MUST not be removed."
  INDEX { efmCuPme2BProfileIndex }
  ::= { efmCuPme2BProfileTable 1 }
EfmCuPme2BProfileEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuPme2BProfileIndex
                                     ProfileIndex,
    efmCuPme2BProfileDescr
                                     SnmpAdminString,
    efmCuPme2BRegion
                                     INTEGER,
    efmCuPme2BDataRate
                                     Unsigned32,
    efmCuPme2BPower
                                     Unsigned32,
    efmCuPme2BConstellation
                                     INTEGER,
    efmCuPme2BProfileRowStatus
                                     RowStatus
  }
efmCuPme2BProfileIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            ProfileIndex
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "2BASE-TL PME Profile index.
    This object is the unique index associated with this profile.
    Entries in this table are referenced via efmCuAdminProfile
    or efmCuPmeAdminProfile objects."
  ::= { efmCuPme2BProfileEntry 1 }
```

```
efmCuPme2BProfileDescr OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..255))
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "A textual string containing information about 2BASE-TL PME
    Profile. The string MAY include information about data rate
    and spectral limitations of this particular profile."
  ::= { efmCuPme2BProfileEntry 2 }
efmCuPme2BRegion OBJECT-TYPE
             INTEGER {
  SYNTAX
    region1(1),
    region2(2)
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Power Spectral Density (PSD) Regional settings as
    specified in the relevant Regional Annex of [G.991.2].
    Regional settings place limitations on the max allowed
    data rate, power and constellation.
    Possible values for this object are:
      region1
                 -- Annexes A and F (e.g. North America)
      region2
                 -- Annexes B and G (e.g. Europe)
    Changing of the Region must be performed when the link is
    Down.
    Attempts to change this object MUST be rejected with
    the error inconsistentValue, if the link is Up or
    Initializing.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this
    object maps to the Region bits in the 2B general
    parameter register."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.1.42"
  ::= { efmCuPme2BProfileEntry 3 }
efmCuPme2BDataRate OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32(0..5696)
              "Kbps"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "2BASE-TL PME Data Rate.
    The rate is fixed when the value of this object is n x 64Kbps,
```

where n=3..60 for 16-TCPAM and n=12..89 for 32-TCPAM. The value of 0 in the administrative profile means that data rate is not fixed but is adaptive and should be set to the maximum attainable rate during line probing, under the spectral limitations placed by the efmCuPme2BRegion.

If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this object maps to the Min/Max Data Rate1 bits in the 2B PMD parameters register.

```
This object MUST be maintained in a persistent manner."
  REFERENCE
    "[<u>802.3ah</u>] 45.2.1.43"
  ::= { efmCuPme2BProfileEntry 4 }
efmCuPme2BPower OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            Unsigned32(0|10..42)
  UNITS "0.5 dBm"
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "Signal Transmit Power. Multiple of 0.5dBm.
    The value of 0 in the administrative profile means that the
    signal transmit power is not fixed and should be set to
    maximize the attainable rate, under the spectral limitations
    placed by the efmCuPme2BRegion.
    Changing of the Signal Transmit Power must be performed when
    the link is Down. Attempts to change this object MUST be
    rejected with the error inconsistentValue, if the link is Up
    or Initializing.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this
    object will map to the Power1 bits in the 2B PMD
    parameters register"
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.1.43"
  ::= { efmCuPme2BProfileEntry 5 }
efmCuPme2BConstellation OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
    adaptive(0),
    tcpam16(1),
    tcpam32(2)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
             current
```

DESCRIPTION

"TCPAM Constellation of the 2BASE-TL PME.

```
The possible values are:
      adaptive(0) - either 16- or 32-TCPAM
      tcpam16(1)
                   - 16-TCPAM
      tcpam32(2) - 32-TCPAM
    The value of adaptive(0) in the administrative profile means
    that the constellation is not fixed and should be set to
    maximize the attainable rate, under the spectral limitations
    placed by the efmCuPme2BRegion.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this
    object map to the Constellation1 bits in the 2B general
    parameter register."
  REFERENCE
     "[802.3ah] 45.2.1.43"
  ::= { efmCuPme2BProfileEntry 6 }
efmCuPme2BProfileRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
             RowStatus
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
         current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This object controls creation/deletion of the associated
    entry in efmCuPme2BProfileTable per the semantics of
    RowStatus.
    If an 'active' entry is referenced via efmCuAdminProfile or
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile, the entry MUST remain 'active' until all
    references are removed."
  ::= { efmCuPme2BProfileEntry 7 }
-- 10PASS-TS specific PME group
efmCuPme10P
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuPme 6 }
efmCuPme10PProfileTable OBJECT-TYPE
             SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPme10PProfileEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table supports definitions of configuration profiles for
    10PassTL PMEs.
    First 22 entries in this table SHALL always be defined as
    follows (see 802.3ah Annex 62B.3):
    Profile Bandplan UPBO BandNotch DRate URate
     Index PSDMask# p#
                          p#
                                p#
    -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+------
```

1	1	3	2,6,10,11	20	20(default)
2	13	5	0	20	20
3	1	1	0	20	20
4	16	0	0	100	100
5	16	0	0	70	50
6	6	0	Θ	50	10
7	17	0	Θ	30	30
8	8	0	Θ	30	5
9	4	0	0	25	25
10	4	0	Θ	15	15
11	23	0	Θ	10	10
12	23	0	0	5	5
13	16	0	2,5,9,11	100	100
14	16	0	2,5,9,11	70	50
15	6	0	2,6,10,11	50	10
16	17	0	2,5,9,11	30	30
17	8	0	2,6,10,11	30	5
18	4	0	2,6,10,11	25	25
19	4	0	2,6,10,11	15	15
20	23	0	2,5,9,11	10	10
21	23	0	2,5,9,11	5	5
22	30	0	0	200	50

These default entries SHALL be created by during agent initialization and MUST not be deleted.

Entries following the first 22, can be dynamically created and deleted, to provide custom administrative (configuration) profiles and automatic operating profiles.

```
This table MUST be maintained in a persistent manner." \ensuremath{\mathsf{REFERENCE}}
```

```
"[802.3ah] Annex 62B.3, 30.11.2.1.6" 
::= { efmCuPme10P 1 }
```

efmCuPme10PProfileEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EfmCuPme10PProfileEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Each entry corresponds to a single 10PASS-TS PME profile.

Each profile contains a set of parameters, used either for configuration or representation of a 10PASS-TS PME. In case a particular profile is referenced via efmCuPmeAdminProfile object (or efmCuAdminProfile if efmCuPmeAdminProfile is zero), it represent the desired parameters the 10PassTS-0 PME initialization.

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```
If a profile is referenced via efmCuPmeOperProfile object,
    it represents current operating parameters of the PME.
    Profiles may be created/deleted using the row creation/
    deletion mechanism via efmCuPme10PProfileRowStatus. If an
    'active' entry is referenced, the entry MUST remain 'active'
    until all references are removed.
    Default entries MUST not be removed."
  INDEX { efmCuPme10PProfileIndex }
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileTable 1 }
EfmCuPme10PProfileEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuPme10PProfileIndex
                                     ProfileIndex,
    efmCuPme10PProfileDescr
                                     SnmpAdminString,
    efmCuPme10PBandplanPSDMskProfile INTEGER,
    efmCuPme10PUPBOReferenceProfile
                                     INTEGER,
    efmCuPme10PBandNotchProfiles
                                     BITS,
    efmCuPme10PPayloadURateProfile
                                     INTEGER,
    efmCuPme10PPayloadDRateProfile
                                     INTEGER,
    efmCuPme10PProfileRowStatus
                                     RowStatus
  }
efmCuPme10PProfileIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            ProfileIndex
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "10PASS-TS PME Profile Index.
    This object is the unique index associated with this profile.
    Entries in this table are referenced via efmCuAdminProfile or
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile."
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileEntry 1 }
efmCuPme10PProfileDescr OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..255))
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A textual string containing information about 10PASS-TS PME
    Profile. The string MAY include information about data rate
    and spectral limitations of this particular profile."
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileEntry 2 }
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    profile1(1),
    profile2(2),
```

```
profile3(3),
 profile4(4),
 profile5(5),
 profile6(6),
 profile7(7),
 profile8(8),
 profile9(9),
 profile10(10),
 profile11(11),
 profile12(12),
 profile13(13),
 profile14(14),
 profile15(15),
 profile16(16),
 profile17(17),
 profile18(18),
 profile19(19),
 profile20(20),
 profile21(21),
 profile22(22),
 profile23(23),
 profile24(24),
 profile25(25),
 profile26(26),
 profile27(27),
 profile28(28),
 profile29(29)
}
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS
          current
DESCRIPTION
 "10PASS-TS PME Bandplan and PSD Mask profile,
 as specified in 802.3ah Annex 62A. Possible values are:
  -----+----+-----
 Profile Name PSD Mask
                                       Bands Bandplan
 profile1(1) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTCab.M1 x/D/U/D/U A
 profile2(2) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTEx.M1
              - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTCab.M2
 profile3(3)
 profile4(4) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTEx.M2
 profile5(5) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTCab.M1 D/D/U/D/U
 profile6(6) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTEx.M1
 profile7(7)
              - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTCab.M2
 profile8(8) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTEx.M2
 profile9(9) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTCab.M1 U/D/U/D/x
 profile10(10) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTEx.M1
 profile11(11) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTCab.M2
 profile12(12) - T1.424/T-U P1 FTTEx.M2
```

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```
profile13(13) - TS1 101 270-1 Pcab.M1.A x/D/U/D/U B
    profile14(14) - TS1 101 270-1 Pcab.M1.B
    profile15(15) - TS1 101 270-1 Pex.P1.M1
    profile16(16) - TS1 101 270-1 Pex.P2.M1
    profile17(17) - TS1 101 270-1 Pcab.M2
    profile18(18) - TS1 101 270-1 Pex.P1.M2
    profile19(19) - TS1 101 270-1 Pex.P2.M2
    profile20(20) - TS1 101 270-1 Pcab.M1.A U/D/U/D/x
    profile21(21) - TS1 101 270-1 Pcab.M1.B
    profile22(22) - TS1 101 270-1 Pex.P1.M1
    profile23(23) - TS1 101 270-1 Pex.P2.M1
    profile24(24) - TS1 101 270-1 Pcab.M2
    profile25(25) - TS1 101 270-1 Pex.P1.M2
    profile26(26) - TS1 101 270-1 Pex.P2.M2
    profile27(27) - G.993.1 F.1.2.1 (VDSLoPOTS) x/D/U/D/U F
    profile28(28) - G.993.1 F.1.2.2 (VDSLoTCM-ISDN)
    profile29(29) - G.993.1 F.1.2.3 (PSD reduction)
    This object maps to the aBandplanPSDMaskProfile attribute
    in Clause 30."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] Annex 62A, 30.5.1.1.22"
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileEntry 3 }
efmCuPme10PUPB0ReferenceProfile OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER {
    profile1(1),
    profile2(2),
    profile3(3),
    profile4(4),
    profile5(5),
    profile6(6),
    profile7(7),
    profile8(8),
    profile9(9)
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "10PASS-TS PME Upstream Power Back-Off (UPBO) Reference PSD
    Profile, as specified in 802.3ah Annex 62A. Possible values
      profile1(1) - T1.424/T-U
                                         Noise A M1
      profile2(2) - T1.424/T-U
                                        Noise A M2
      profile3(3) - T1.424/T-U
                                        Noise F M1
      profile4(4) - T1.424/T-U
                                        Noise F M2
      profile5(5) - ETSI TS 101 270-1 Noise A&B
      profile6(6) - ETSI TS 101 270-1 Noise C
```

}

STATUS

MAX-ACCESS read-create

current

```
EFMCu Interfaces MIB
      profile7(7) - ETSI TS 101 270-1 Noise D
      profile8(8) - ETSI TS 101 270-1 Noise E
      profile9(9) - ETSI TS 101 270-1 Noise F
    This object maps to the aUPBOReferenceProfile attribute
    in Clause 30."
  REFERENCE
    "[<u>802.3ah</u>] Annex 62A.3.4, 30.5.1.1.23"
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileEntry 4 }
efmCuPme10PBandNotchProfiles OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX BITS {
    profile0(0),
    profile1(1),
    profile2(2),
    profile3(3),
    profile4(4),
    profile5(5),
    profile6(6),
    profile7(7),
    profile8(8),
    profile9(9),
    profile10(10),
    profile11(11)
```

DESCRIPTION "10PASS-TS PME Egress Control Band Notch Profile bitmap, as specified in 802.3ah Annex 62A. Possible values are:

Profile Name G.991.3 T1.424/T-U TS101 270-1 StartF EndF Table Table (MHz) (MHz) profile0(0) - no profile profile1(1) - F-5 #01 -1.810 1.825 profile2(2) - 6-2 15-1 1.810 2.000 17 1.907 1.912 - F-5 #02 profile3(3) profile4(4) - F-5 #03 -_ 3.500 3.575 3.500 3.800 profile5(5) - 6-2 17 profile6(6) - -15-1 -3.500 4.000 profile7(7) - F-5 #04 -3.747 3.754 profile8(8) - F-5 #05 -3.791 3.805 _ profile9(9) - 6-2 -17 7.000 7.100 _ 7.000 7.300 profile10(10) - F-5 #06 15-1 profile11(11) - 6-2 15-1 1 10.100 10.150

Any combination of profiles can be specified by ORing

```
individual profiles, for example value of 0x0622 selects
    profiles 2,6,10 and 11.
    This object maps to the aBandNotchProfile attribute
    in Clause 30."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] Annex 62A.3.5, 30.5.1.1.19"
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileEntry 5 }
efmCuPme10PPayloadURateProfile OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
    profile5(5),
    profile10(10),
    profile15(15),
    profile20(20),
    profile25(25),
    profile30(30),
    profile50(50),
    profile70(70),
    profile100(100)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "10PASS-TS PME Upstream Payload Rate Profile,
    as specified in 802.3ah Annex 62A. Possible values are:
      profile5(5)
                        - 2.5 Mbps
      profile10(10) - 5 Mbps
profile15(15) - 7.5 Mb
      profile15(15)
                       - 7.5 Mbps
      profile20(20)
                       - 10 Mbps
      profile25(25) - 12.5 Mbps
      profile30(30)
                      - 15 Mbps
      profile50(50)
                       - 25 Mbps
                       - 35 Mbps
      profile70(70)
      profile100(100) - 50 Mbps
    Each value represents a target for the PME's Upstream Payload
    Bitrate as seen at the MII. If the payload rate of the
    selected profile cannot be achieved based on the loop
    environment, bandplan and PSD mask, the PME initialization
    SHALL fail.
    This object maps to the aPayloadRateProfileUpstream
    attribute in Clause 30."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] Annex 62A.3.6, 30.5.1.1.20"
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileEntry 6 }
```

```
efmCuPme10PPayloadDRateProfile OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
    profile5(5),
    profile10(10),
    profile15(15),
    profile20(20),
    profile25(25),
    profile30(30),
    profile50(50),
    profile70(70),
    profile100(100),
    profile140(140),
    profile200(200)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "10PASS-TS PME Downstream Payload Rate Profile,
    as specified in 802.3ah Annex 62A. Possible values are:
      profile5(5)
                     - 2.5 Mbps
      profile10(10) - 5 Mbps
      profile15(15) - 7.5 Mbps
      profile20(20) - 10 Mbps
profile25(25) - 12.5 Mbps
      profile30(30) - 15 Mbps
      profile50(50) - 25 Mbps
profile70(70) - 35 Mbps
      profile100(100) - 50 Mbps
      profile140(140) - 70 Mbps
      profile200(200) - 100 Mbps
    Each value represents a target for the PME's Downstream
    Payload Bitrate as seen at the MII. If the payload rate of
    the selected profile cannot be achieved based on the loop
    environment, bandplan and PSD mask, the PME initialization
    SHALL fail.
    This object maps to the aPayloadRateProfileDownstream
    attribute in Clause 30."
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] Annex 62A.3.6, 30.5.1.1.21"
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileEntry 7 }
efmCuPme10PProfileRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              RowStatus
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This object controls creation/deletion of the associated
    entry in efmCuPme10PProfileTable per the semantics of
    RowStatus.
    If an active entry is referenced via efmCuAdminProfile or
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile, the entry MUST remain 'active' until
    all references are removed."
  ::= { efmCuPme10PProfileEntry 8 }
efmCuPme10PStatusTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             SEQUENCE OF EfmCuPme10PStatusEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Table reflecting status of EFMCu 10PASS-TS PMEs (modems)."
  ::= { efmCuPme10P 2 }
efmCuPme10PStatusEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX EfmCuPme10PStatusEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
         current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the EFMCu 10PASS-TS PME Status table."
  AUGMENTS { efmCuPmeStatusEntry }
  ::= { efmCuPme10PStatusTable 1 }
EfmCuPme10PStatusEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    efmCuPme10PElectricalLength
                                      Integer32,
    efmCuPme10PFECCorrectedBlocks
                                      Counter32,
    efmCuPme10PFECUncorrectedBlocks
                                      Counter32
    -- EdNote: To be continued
  }
efmCuPme10PElectricalLength OBJECT-TYPE
             Integer32(0..8192|65535)
  SYNTAX
  UNITS
              "m"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Electrical Length in meters as perceived by the 10PASS-TS PME
    after the link is established.
    The value of 65535 is returned if the link is Down or
    Initializing or the PME is unable to estimate the Electrical
    Length.
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PME is present, then this
    object maps to the 10P Electrical Length register"
```

```
"A count of received and corrected FEC codewords in 10PASS-TS
    This object maps to aPMEFECCorrectedBlocks attribute in
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PMA/PMD is present,
    then this object maps to the 10P FEC correctable errors
    "A count of received FEC codewords in 10PASS-TS PME, which are
    This object maps to aPMEFECUncorrectableBlocks attribute in
    If a Clause 45 MDIO Interface to the PMA/PMD is present,
    then this object maps to the 10P FEC uncorrectable errors
    register"
  REFERENCE
    "[802.3ah] 45.2.1.23"
  ::= { efmCuPme10PStatusEntry 3 }
-- ifAvailableStackTable for use in Discovery
ifAvailableStackTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfAvailableStackEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table, modeled after ifStackTable from [IF-MIB],
```

contains information on the possible 'on-top-of' relationships between the multiple sub-layers of network interfaces (as opposed to actual relationships in ifStackTable). In particular, it contains information on which PCS ports (sublayers) can possibly run 'on top of' which PMEs (sublayers), as determined by cross-connect capability of the EFMCu device, where each sub-layer corresponds to a conceptual row in the ifTable. For example, when the PCS port with ifIndex value x can be connected to run on top of the PME with ifIndex value y, then this table contains:

ifAvailableStackStatus.x.y=capable

Note that there's always at least on PCS for each PME and at least one PME for each PCS in the EFMCu devices, with efmCuPAFCapacity and efmCuPeerPAFCapacity indicating maximum number of PMEs which can be aggregated by local and remote PCS port respectively.

This table is read only as it describes device capability" $\ensuremath{\mathsf{REFERENCE}}$

```
"ifStackTable of RFC 2863"
  ::= { efmCuObjects 3 }
ifAvailableStackEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
         IfAvailableStackEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Information on a particular relationship between two
    sub-layers, specifying that one sub-layer (PCS) runs on 'top'
    of the other sub-layer (PME). Each sub-layer corresponds to a
    conceptual row in the ifTable (interface index for PCS and
    PME respectively)."
  INDEX {
    ifAvailableStackHigherLayer,
    ifAvailableStackLowerLayer
  }
  ::= { ifAvailableStackTable 1 }
IfAvailableStackEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
     ifAvailableStackHigherLayer InterfaceIndex,
     ifAvailableStackLowerLayer InterfaceIndex,
     ifAvailableStackStatus
                                  INTEGER
   }
```

ifAvailableStackHigherLayer OBJECT-TYPE

```
InterfaceIndex
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The value of ifIndex corresponding to the higher sub-layer
    of the 'cross-connect capability' relationship, i.e., the
    PCS sub-layer which MAY run on 'top' of the PME sub-layer
    identified by the corresponding instance of
    ifAvailableStackLowerLayer."
  ::= { ifAvailableStackEntry 1 }
ifAvailableStackLowerLayer OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             InterfaceIndex
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The value of ifIndex corresponding to the lower sub-layer
    of the 'cross-connect capability' relationship, i.e., the
    PME sub-layer which MAY run 'below' the PCS sub-layer
    identified by the corresponding instance of
    ifAvailableStackHigherLayer."
  ::= { ifAvailableStackEntry 2 }
ifAvailableStackStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
    capable(1),
    outOfService(2)
  }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The status of the 'cross-connect capability' relationship
    between two sub-layers. The following values are defined:
                      - the PME sub-layer interface, identified by
      capable(1)
                        the ifAvailableStackLowerLayer MAY be
                        connected to run 'below' the PCS sub-layer
                        interface, identified by the
                        ifAvailableStackLowerLayer.
      outOfService(2) - the PME sub-layer interface cannot be
                        connected due to unavailability of the
                        interface.
    Note that PME availability per PCS, indicated by 'capable'
    value, can be constrained by other parameters,
    for example by aggregation capacity of a PCS or by the PME in
```

question being already connected to another PCS. So, in

order to ensure that a particular PME can be connected to the

```
PCS, all respective parameters (e.g. ifAvailableStackTable,
    ifStackTable and efmCuPAFCapacity) SHALL be inspected.
    This object is read only, unlike ifStackStatus, as it
    describes the device capability."
   ::= { ifAvailableStackEntry 3 }
-- Conformance Statements
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuConformance 1 }
efmCuGroups
efmCuCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmCuConformance 2 }
 -- Object Groups
efmCuBasicGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPAFSupported,
    efmCuAdminProfile,
    efmCuTargetDataRate,
    efmCuTargetSnrMgn,
    efmCuPortSide,
    efmCuFltStatus
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects required for all of EFMCu ports."
   ::= { efmCuGroups 1 }
efmCuPAFGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPeerPAFSupported,
    efmCuPAFCapacity,
    efmCuPeerPAFCapacity,
    efmCuPAFAdminState,
    efmCuPAFDiscoveryCode,
    efmCuPAFRemoteDiscoveryCode,
    efmCuNumPMEs,
    ifAvailableStackStatus
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects required for optional PME
    Aggregation Function (PAF) and PAF discovery in EFMCu ports."
   ::= { efmCuGroups 2 }
```

```
ifStackCapabilityGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    ifAvailableStackStatus
  }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects providing information on
    the stacking capability of MIB-II interfaces."
  ::= { efmCuGroups 3 }
efmCuPAFErrorsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPAFInErrors,
    efmCuPAFInSmallFragments,
    efmCuPAFInLargeFragments,
    efmCuPAFInBadFragments,
    efmCuPAFInLostFragments,
    efmCuPAFInLostStarts,
    efmCuPAFInLostEnds,
    efmCuPAFInOverflows
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects supporting optional error counters
    of PAF on EFMCu ports."
  ::= { efmCuGroups 4 }
efmCuPmeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPmeAdminProfile,
    efmCuPmeOperStatus,
    efmCuPmeFltStatus,
    efmCuPmeSubTypesSupported,
    efmCuPmeAdminSubType,
    efmCuPmeOperSubType,
    efmCuPAFRemoteDiscoveryCode,
    efmCuPmeOperProfile,
    efmCuPmeSnrMgn,
    efmCuPmePeerSnrMgn,
    efmCuPmeLineAtn,
    efmCuPmePeerLineAtn,
    efmCuPmeTCCodingErrors,
    efmCuPmeThreshLineAtn,
    efmCuPmeThreshSnrMgn
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects providing information about
```

```
a 2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS PME."
  ::= { efmCuGroups 5 }
efmCuAlarmConfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuThreshLowBandwidth,
    efmCuLowBandwidthEnable,
    efmCuPmeThreshLineAtn,
    efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossingEnable,
    efmCuPmeThreshSnrMgn,
    efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossingEnable,
    efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossingEnable,
    efmCuPmeDeviceFaultEnable,
    efmCuPmeConfigInitFailEnable,
    efmCuPmeProtocolInitFailEnable
      efmCuPmeThreshES,
      efmCuPmethreshSES,
     efmCuPmeThreshCRCanomalies,
      efmCuPmeThreshLOSWS,
      efmCuPmeThreshUAS
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects required for configuration of alarm
    thresholds and notifications in EFMCu ports."
  ::= { efmCuGroups 6 }
efmCuNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
  NOTIFICATIONS {
    efmCuLowBandwidth,
    efmCuPmeLineAtnCrossing,
    efmCuPmeSnrMgnCrossing,
    efmCuPmeDeviceFault,
    efmCuPmeConfigInitFailure,
    efmCuPmeProtocolInitFailure
      efmCuPmePerfES,
      efmCuPmePerfSES,
      efmCuPmePerfCRCanomalies,
      efmCuPmePerfLOSWS,
      efmCuPmePerfUAS,
      efmCuPmeDeviceFault,
      efmCuPmeLocalPowerLoss
  }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group supports notifications of significant conditions
    associated with EFMCu ports."
  ::= { efmCuGroups 7 }
```

```
efmCuPme2BProfileGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPme2BProfileDescr,
    efmCuPme2BRegion,
    efmCuPme2BDataRate,
    efmCuPme2BPower,
    efmCuPme2BConstellation,
    efmCuPme2BProfileRowStatus
  }
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects that constitute a configuration
    profile for configuration of 2BASE-TL ports."
  ::= { efmCuGroups 8 }
efmCuPme10PProfileGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPme10PProfileDescr,
    efmCuPme10PBandplanPSDMskProfile,
    efmCuPme10PUPBOReferenceProfile,
    efmCuPme10PBandNotchProfiles,
    efmCuPme10PPayloadURateProfile,
    efmCuPme10PPayloadDRateProfile,
    efmCuPme10PProfileRowStatus
  }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects that constitute a configuration
    profile for configuration of 10PASS-TS ports."
   ::= { efmCuGroups 9 }
efmCuPme10PStatusGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
    efmCuPme10PElectricalLength,
    efmCuPme10PFECCorrectedBlocks,
    efmCuPme10PFECUncorrectedBlocks
  }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects providing status information
    specific to 10PASS-TS PMEs."
   ::= { efmCuGroups 10 }
-- Compliance Statements
efmCuCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The compliance statement for 2BASE-TL/10PASS-TS interfaces.
  Compliance with the following external compliance statements
  is prerequisite:
  MIB Module
                         Compliance Statement
  -----
                         ______
  IF-MIB
                         ifCompliance3
  IF-INVERTED-STACK-MIB ifInvCompliance
  EtherLike-MIB
                         dot3Compliance2
  MAU-MIB
                         mauModIfCompl3"
MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS {
    efmCuBasicGroup,
   efmCuPmeGroup,
   efmCuAlarmConfGroup,
   efmCuNotificationGroup
  }
  GROUP
             efmCuPme2BProfileGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "Support for this group is only required for implementations
    supporting 2BASE-TL Phy."
  GROUP
              efmCuPme10PProfileGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "Support for this group is only required for implementations
    supporting 10PASS-TS Phy."
  GROUP
             efmCuPAFGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "Support for this group is only required for
    implementations supporting PME Aggregation Function (PAF)."
  GROUP
              ifStackCapabilityGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "Support for this group is optional for implementations
    supporting layered interfaces architecture with
    flexible cross-connect between the layers."
  GROUP
              efmCuPAFErrorsGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "Support for this group is optional for implementations
    supporting PME Aggregation Function (PAF)."
  GROUP
              efmCuPme10PStatusGroup
  DESCRIPTION
```

"Support for this group is optional for implementations

```
supporting 10PASS-TS Phy."
       OBJECT
                   efmCuPmeSubTypesSupported
       SYNTAX
                   BITS {
         ieee2BaseTLO(0),
         ieee2BaseTLR(1),
         ieee10PassTS0(2),
         ieee10PassTSR(3)
       }
       DESCRIPTION
         "Support for all subtypes is not required. However at least
         one value SHALL be supported"
       OBJECT
                   efmCuPmeAdminSubType
       MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required (needed only for PMEs
         supporting more than a single subtype, e.g.
         ieee2BaseTLO and ieee2BaseTSR or ieee2BaseTLR and
         ieee10PassTSR)"
       OBJECT
                   efmCuTargetSnrMgn
       MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is optional. For PHYs without write access
         the target SNR margin SHALL be fixed at 5dB for 2BASE-TL
         and 6dB for 10PASS-TS."
       -- EdNote: To be Continued
     ::= { efmCuCompliances 1 }
END
```

6. Security Considerations

There is a number of managed objects defined in this MIB module that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write or read-create. Most objects are writeable only when the link is Down. Writing to these objects can have potentially disruptive effects on network operation, for example:

- o Changing of efmCuPmeAdminSubType MAY lead to a potential locking of the link, as peer PMEs of the same sub-type cannot exchange handshake messages.
- o Changing of efmCuPAFAdminState to enabled MAY lead to a potential

locking of the link, if the peer Phy does not support PAF.

- o Changing of efmCuPAFDiscoveryCode, before the discovery operation, MAY lead to a wrongful discovery, for example when two -0 ports are connected to the same multi-PME -R port and both -0 ports have the same Discovery register value.
- o Changing PCS or PME configuration parameters (e.g. profile of a PCS or PME via efmCuAdminProfile or efmCuPmeAdminProfile) MAY lead to anything from link quality and rate degradation to a complete link initialization failure, as ability of an EFMCu port to support a particular configuration depends on the copper environment.
- o Activation of a PME can cause a severe degradation of service for another EFMCu Phy, whose PME(s) MAY be affected by the cross-talk from the newly activated PME.
- o Removal of a PME from an operationally 'up' EFMCu port, aggregating several PMEs, MAY cause port's rate degradation

The user of this MIB module must therefore be aware that support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

The readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., those with MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive in some environments since, collectively, they provide information about the performance of network interfaces and can reveal some aspects of their configuration. In particular since EFMCu can be carried over Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) voice grade copper in a bundle with other pairs belonging to another operator/customer, it is theoretically possible to evasdrop to an EFMCu transmission simply by "listening" to a cross-talk from an EFMCu pair, especially if the parameters of the EFMCu link in question are known. In such environments it is important to control even GET and NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly even to encrypt their values when sending them over the network via SNMP.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for

authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

7. IANA Considerations

The two new values of dot3MauType (dot3MauType2BaseTL and dot3MauType10PassTS) and corresponding IANAifMauTypeListBits bit definitions (b2BaseTL and b10PassTS) SHALL be defined by the IANA in the IANA-MAU-TC-MIB module (see [I-D.ietf-hubmib-rfc3636bis]) before this document is published as an RFC.

8. Acknowledgments

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