Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB WG

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Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) OAM MIB

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Abstract

This document defines objects for managing Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) capabilities on Ethernet likeEthernet like interfaces conformant to the Ethernet OAM functionality defined in [802.3ah]. The Ethernet OAM functionality is complementary to SNMP management in that it is focused on a small set of link-specific functions for Ethernet interfaces. This document defines objects for controlling those link OAM functions, and on providing mechanisms to take status and input from Ethernet OAM and feed it into a larger TCP/IP network management system.

Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

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1. Introduction

The IEEE 802.3ah Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) task force added new management capabilities to Ethernet like interfaces. These management capabilities were introduced to provide some basic OAM function on Ethernet media. The defined functionality includes discovery, error signaling, loopback, and link monitoring. This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community to manage these new EFM interface capabilities.

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to $\frac{1}{100}$ section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally

accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

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Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

Overview

Ethernet networks have evolved over the past 30 years from simple LANs to a variety of other applications, including wide area networks. To address some of these emerging markets, the IEEE 802.3ah task force defined additional clauses for the IEEE 802.3 standard [802.3-2002] to better address Ethernet deployments in the public access network.

The Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) task force was focused on four somewhat independent objectives to better address Ethernet access deployments: optics, copper, Ethernet passive optical networks (Ethernet PON, or EPON), and operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM). The optics sub-taskforce developed new optical physical layers that better served the long-reach outside plant networks typically found in the access network, including developing physical layers that operate up to 20Km and supporting the environmental conditions of outside access deployments. The copper sub-taskforce developed two new physical layers that run Ethernet natively over existing twisted pair wires that have been supporting voice services for decades. The EPON sub-taskforce developed a new point-to-multipoint Ethernet physical layer, utilizing Ethernet framing natively over a time-division multiple-access (TDMA) infrastructure. The OAM sub-taskforce introduced some basic management functionality into an Ethernet link to better monitor and maintain Ethernet networks in geographically disparate networks.

This document defines the management objects necessary to integrate Ethernet OAM functionality into the SNMP management framework.

Ethernet OAM is composed of a core set of functions, and a set of optional functional groups that are not required to be implemented along with the core set. The mandatory functions include discovery operations (determining if the other end of the link is OAM capable, and what OAM functions it implements supports), state machine implementation, and some critical event flows. The optional functional groups are for (a) link events, (b) remote loopback, and (c) variable retrieval and response. Each optional functional group is controlled by a separate MIB table(s).

Ethernet OAM is complementary, not competitive, with SNMP management

in that it provides some basic management functions at layer two,

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rather than using layer three and above as required by SNMP over an IP infrastructure. Ethernet OAM provides single-hop functionality in that it works only between two directly connected Ethernet stations. SNMP can be used to manage the Ethernet OAM interactions of one Ethernet station with another.

Ethernet OAM has three functional objectives which are detailed in the following sections.

3.1 Remote fault indication

Remote fault indication provides a mechanism for one end of an Ethernet link to signal the other end that the receive path is non operational. Some Ethernet physical layers offer mechanisms to signal this condition at the physical layer. Ethernet OAM added a mechanism so that some Ethernet physical layers can operate in unidirectional mode, allowing frames to be transmitted in one direction even when the other direction is non-operational. Traditionally, Ethernet PHYs do not allow frame transmission in one direction if the other direction is not operational. Using this mode, Ethernet OAM allows frame-based signaling of remote fault conditions while still not allowing higher layer applications to be aware of the unidirectional capability. This document includes mechanisms for capturing that fault information and reflecting such information in objects and notifications into within the SNMP management framework.

3.2 Link monitoring

Ethernet OAM includes event signaling capability so that one end of an Ethernet link can indicate the occurrence of certain important events to the other end of the link. This happens via a layer two protocol. This document defines methods for incorporating the occurrence of these layer two events, both at the local end and far end of the link, into the SNMP management framework.

Ethernet OAM also includes mechanisms for one Ethernet station to query another directly connected Ethernet station about the status of its Ethernet interface variables and status. This document DOES NOT include mechanisms for controlling how one Ethernet endpoint may use this functionality to query the status or statistics of a peer Ethernet entity.

3.3 Remote loopback

Remote loopback is a link state where the peer Ethernet entity echoes every received packet (without modifications) back onto the link.

Remote loopback is intrusive in that the other end of the link is not forwarding traffic from higher layers out over the link. This

document defines objects controlling loopback operation and reading the status of the loopback state.

4. Relation to the Other MIBs

The definitions presented here are based on Clauses 30 and 57 of [802.3ah]. Note that these clauses describe many of these variables and their affects on the MAC layer. In some cases there is a one-to one relationship between an object in this document and an object in the Clause 30 MIB of [802.3ah]. In other cases, the objects of this document reflect a more complex entity and are reflected by more than one objectx in the Clause 30 MIB of [802.3ah].

4.1 Relation to other SNMP MIBs

This objects defined in this document do not overlap with MIB-2 [RFC1213], the interfaces MIB [RFC2863], or the Ethernet-likeEthernet like interfaces MIB [RFC3635]. The objects defined here are defined for Ethernet-likeEthernet like interfaces only and use the same ifIndex as the associated Ethernet interface. Ethernet OAM can be implemented on any Ethernet like interface managed via these MIBs.

4.2 Relation to other EFM MIBs

ThisThe Ethernet OAM functionality and MIB document is independent of the other functionality and MIBs derived from [802.3ah] for copper [802.3ah-copper] and EPON [802.3ah-epon].

Ethernet OAM may be implemented on point-to-multipoint EFM EPON interfaces. However, because higher layer protocols that run over Ethernet interfaces are not designed for the partial connectivity provided by a point-to-multipoint interface, EPON provides a point to-point emulation layer (see [802.3ah] and [802.3ah-epon]) whereby the single EPON interface of 1-to-N connectivity is represented via N point-to-point interfaces. Ethernet OAM, like any other protocol at the Ethernet layer or above (for example, bridging), utilizes the point-to-point emulation layer of EPON in that the EPON interface is viewed as N point-to-point Ethernet interfaces. Thus OAM, and other protocols, do not need to be altered for the EPON environment.

Ethernet OAM may be implemented on the 2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS Ethernet-over-copper interfaces defined in EFM [802.3ah]. 2BASE-TL and 10PASS-TS can be aggregated interfaces, meaning that they can use the ifStackTable of the Interfaces Group MIB [RFC2863] to manage a set of N (1 <= N <= 32) physical layers into a single Ethernet interface.

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The other Ethernet interfaces introduced in EFM [802.3ah] are simply new optical physical layers that are managed by minimal extensions to the MAU MIB [RFC3636] defining new types of Ethernet interfaces.

4.24.3 IANA Considerations

The EFM OAM MIB requires the allocation of a single object identifier for its MODULE-IDENTITY under the MIB-2 tree. IANA has not yet allocated this object identifier.

4.34.4 Mapping of IEEE 802.3ah Managed Objects

This section contains the mapping between managed objects defined in [802.3ah] Clause 30, and managed objects defined in this document.

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object Corresponding SNMP object

.aOAMID IF-MIB ifIndex .aOAMAdminState dot3OamAdminState

.aOAMMode dot3OamMode

.aOAMDiscoveryStatedot30amOperStatus.aOAMRemoteMACAddressdot30amPeerMacAddress.aOAMLocalConfigurationdot30amFunctionsSupported.aOAMRemoteConfigurationdot30amPeerFunctionsSupported,

dot30amPeerMode

.aOAMLocalPDUConfiguration dot3OamMaxOamPduSize
.aOAMRemotePDUConfiguration dot3OamPeerMaxOamPduSize

.aOAMLocalFlagsField dot30amOperStatus,

dot30amLclErrEventFlagsData

.aOAMRemoteFlagsField dot3OamOperStatus,

dot30amRmtErrEventFlagsData

.aOAMLocalRevisiondot30amConfigRevision.aOAMRemoteRevisiondot30amPeerConfigRevision.aOAMLocalStatedot30amLoopbackStatus.aOAMRemoteStatedot30amLoopbackStatus.aOAMRemoteVendorOUIdot30amPeerVendorOui.aOAMRemoteVendorSpecificInfodot30amPeerVendorInfo

.aOAMUnsupportedCodesTxdot3OamUnsupportedCodesTx.aOAMUnsupportedCodesRxdot3OamUnsupportedCodesRx.aOAMInformationTxdot3OamInformationTx.aOAMInformationRxdot3OamInformationRx

.aOAMUniqueEventNotificationTx
.aOAMUniqueEventNotificationRx
dot3OamUniqueEventNotificationRx

.aOAMDuplicateEventNotificationTx

 ${\tt dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx}$

.aOAMDuplicateEventNotificationRx

dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx

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.aOAMLoopbackControlRxdot30amLoopbackControlRx.aOAMVariableRequestTxdot30amVariableRequestTx.aOAMVariableRequestRxdot30amVariableRequestRx.aOAMVariableResponseTxdot30amVariableResponseTx.aOAMVariableResponseRxdot30amVariableResponseRx.aOAMOrganizationSpecificTxdot30amOrgSpecificTx.aOAMOrganizationSpecificRxdot30amOrgSpecificTx

.aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodConfig dot3OamErrSymPeriodWindow, dot3OamErrSymPeriodThreshold

 $.\,a OAM Local Err SymPeriod Event$

 $\tt dot 30 am Lcl Err SymPeriod Data dot 30 am Event Log Entry$

.aOAMLocalErrFrameConfig dot3OamErrFrameWindow, dot3OamErrFrameThreshold

.aOAMLocalErrFrameEvent

dot30amEventLogEntrydot30amLclErrFrameData

.aOAMLocalErrFramePeriodConfig dot3OamErrFramePeriodWindow, dot3OamErrFramePeriodThreshold

.aOAMLocalErrFramePeriodEven

dot30amEventLogEntrydot30amLclErrFramePeriodData

.aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryConfig

dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow,
dot30amErrFrameSecssummaryThreshold

.aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryEvent

dot30amEventLogEntrydot30amLclErrFrameSecsSumData

.aOAMRemoteErrSymPeriodEvent

dot30amEventLogEntrydot30amRmtErrSymPeriodData

.aOAMRemoteErrFrameEvent

 ${\tt dot 30 am Event Log Entry dot 30 am Rmt Err Frame Data}\\$

.aOAMRemoteErrFramePeriodEven

dot30amEventLogEntrydot30amRmtErrFramePeriodData

.aOAMRemoteErrFrameSecsSummaryEvent

dot30amEventLogEntrydot30amRmtErrFrameSecsSumData

- .aFramesLostDueToOAmError
- .acOAmAdminControl dot30amFramesLostDueToOam

There are no IEEE 802.3ah managed objects that are not reflected in this MIB in some waymanner.

5. MIB Structure

The common EFM MIB objects of this memo focus on the OAM capabilities introduced in IEEE 802.3ah. The MIB objects are partitioned into four (4)six different MIB groups.

[Page 7]

The dot30amTable group manages the primary OAM objects of the Ethernet interface. This group controls the state and status of OAM as well as the mode in which it operates.

The dot30amStats table maintains statistics on the number and type of Ethernet OAM frames being transmitted and received on the Ethernet interface.

The dot30amPeerT table maintains the current information on the status and configuration of the peer OAM entity on the Ethernet interface. Managed information includes the capabilities and function available on the peer OAM entity.

The dot30amLoopbackTable manages the loopback function introduced in EFM [802.3ah]. This table controls enabling and disabling loopback, as well as indicating the loopback status of Ethernet OAM on this interface.

The dot30amStatsTable maintains statistics on the number and type of Ethernet OAM frames being transmitted and received on the Ethernet interface.

The dot30amEventConfigTable dot30amEvent table defines the management objects for managing the event notification capability available in IEEE P802.3ahEthernet OAM. With IEEE P802.3ah EFM OAM, one device may send notifications to its peer devices whenever an important event happens on the local device. This table provides management of which events result in notifications via EFM OAM notifications and via SNMP notifications.

The dot30amEventLogTable manages the current status of local and remote events detected via Ethernet OAM. This table is updated whenever local events are detected by Ethernet OAM or whenever EFM OAM Event Notifications are received from the peer OAM entity.

6. MIB Definition

```
EFM-COMMON-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, mib-2, OBJECT-TYPE, Counter32, Unsigned32,
    Integer32, NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, MacAddress, DateAndTime
    FROM SNMPv2-TC
CounterBasedGauge64
FROM HCNUM-TC
```

[Page 8]

```
ifIndex
  FROM IF-MIB
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
  FROM SNMPv2-CONF;
efmOamMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
  LAST-UPDATED "200410240000Z" -- October 24, 2004"
  ORGANIZATION
    "IETF Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group"
  CONTACT-INFO
    "WG Charter:
      http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/hubmib-charter.html
    Mailing lists:
      General Discussion: hubmib@ietf.org
      To Subscribe: hubmib-requests@ietf.org
      In Body: subscribe your_email_address
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```

DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for managing the new Ethernet OAM features introduced by the Ethernet in the First Mile task force (IEEE 802.3ah). The functionality presented here is based on IEEE 802.3ah [802.3ah], released in October, 2004.

In particular, this MIB focused on the changes to Clause 30 of the draft that are not specific to any physical layer. These changes are primarily reflected in the new OAM features developed under this project, that can be applied to any Ethernet like interface. The OAM features are described in Clause 57 of [802.3ah].

The following reference is used throughout this MIB module:

```
[802.3ah] refers to:
 IEEE Std 802.3ah-2004: 'Draft amendment to -
 Information technology - Telecommunications and
 information exchange between systems - Local and
 metropolitan are networks - Specific requirements - Part
 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection
 (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications
```

- Media Access Control Parameters, Physical Layers and
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```
Management Parameters for subscriber access networks',
          October 2004.
         [802-2001] refers to:
           'IEEE Standard for LAN/MAN (Local Area
          Network/Metropolitan Area Network): Overview and
          Architecture', IEEE 802, June 2001.
      Copyright (c) The Internet Society (2004). This version of
      this MIB module is part of RFC XXXX; See the RFC itself for
      full legal notices. "
-- RFC Editor: Update XXXX to appropriate RFC number
-- RFC Editor: Remove these notes
               "200410240000Z" -- October 24, 2004"
    REVISION
    DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC XXXX."
-- RFC Editor: Update XXXX to appropriate RFC number
-- RFC Editor: Remove these notes
     ::= { mib-2 XXX }
-- RFC Editor: Replace value with IANA assigned number
-- RFC Editor: Remove these notes
   -- Sections of the EFM OAM MIB
     dot30amMIB
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efmOamMIB 1 }
     dot30amConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { efm0amMIB 2 }
   -- Textual conventions for OAM MIB
  Dot30ui ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
      "24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier. Information on
      OUIs can be found in IEEE 802-2001 [802-2001] Clause 9."
               OCTET STRING(SIZE(3))
    SYNTAX
   -- Ethernet OAM Control group
```

```
dot30amTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Primary controls and status for the OAM capabilities of an
    Ethernet like interface. There will be one row in this table
    for each Ethernet like interface in the system that supports
    the Ethernet OAM functions defined in [802.3ah]."
  ::= { dot30amMIB 1 }
dot30amEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Dot30amEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
           current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the table, containing information on the Ethernet
    OAM function for a single Ethernet like interface."
              { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amTable 1 }
Dot30amEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    dot30amAdminState
                                       INTEGER,
    dot30amOperStatus
                                       INTEGER,
    dot30amMode
                                       INTEGER,
                                       Integer32,
    dot30amMax0amPduSize
    dot30amConfigRevision
                                       Unsigned32,
    dot30amFunctionsSupported
                                       BITS
 }
dot30amAdminState OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                disabled(1),
                enabled(2)
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This object is used to provision the default administrative
    OAM mode for this interface. This object represents the
    desired state of OAM for this interface.
    The dot30amAdminState always starts in the disabled(1) state
    until an explicity management action or configuration
```

information retained by the system causes a transition to the

enabled(2) state.

```
Note that the value of this object is ignored when the
    interface is not operating in full-duplex mode. OAM is not
    supported on half-duplex links.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.2"
  ::= { dot30amEntry 1 }
dot30amOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                disabled(1),
                linkfault(2),
                passiveWait(3),
                activeSendLocal(4),
                sendLocalAndRemote(5),
                sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6),
                oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7),
                oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8),
                operational(9)
              }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
```

"At initialization and failure conditions, two OAM entities on the same full-duplex Ethernet link begin a discovery phase to determine what OAM capabilities may be used on that link. The progress of this initialization is controlled by the OAM sublayer.

This value is always disabled(1) if OAM is disabled on this interface via the dot30amAdminState.

If the link has detected a fault and is transmitting OAMPDUs with a link fault indication, the value is linkFault(2).

The passiveWait(3) state is returned only by OAM entities in passive mode (dot30amMode) and reflects the state in which the OAM entity is waiting to see if the peer device is OAM capable. The activeSendLocal(4) is used by active mode devices (dot30amMode) and reflects the OAM entity actively trying to discover whether the peer has OAM capability but has not yet made that determination.

The state sendLocalAndRemote(5) reflects that the local OAM entity has discovered the peer but has not yet accepted or rejected the configuration of the peer. The local device can, for whatever reason, decide that the peer device is unacceptable and decline OAM peering. If the local OAM entity rejects the peer OAM entity, the state becomes oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7). If the OAM peering is allowed

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sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6). Note that both the sendLocalAndRemote(5) and oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7) states fall within the state SEND_LOCAL_REMOTE of the Discovery state diagram [802.3ah, Figure 57-5], with the difference being whether the local OAM client has actively rejected the peering or has just not indicated any decision yet. Whether a peering decision has been made is indicated via the local flags field in the OAMPDU (reflected in the aOAMLocalFlagsField of 30.3.6.1.10).

If the remote OAM entity rejects the peering, the state becomes oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8). Note that both the sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6) and oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8) states fall within the state SEND_LOCAL_REMOTE_OK of the Discovery state diagram [802.3ah, Figure 57-5], with the difference being whether the remote OAM client has rejected the peering or has just not yet decided. This is indicated via the remote flags field in the OAM PDU (reflected in the aOAMRemoteFlagsField of 30.3.6.1.11).

STATUS

DESCRIPTION

current

"This object configures the mode of OAM operation for this Ethernet like interface. OAM on Ethernet interfaces may be in 'active' mode or 'passive' mode. These two modes differ in that active mode provides additional capabilities to initiate monitoring activities with the remote OAM peer entity, while passive mode generally waits for the peer to initiate OAM actions with it. As an example, an active OAM entity can put the remote OAM entity in a loopback state, where a passive OAM entity cannot.

Changing this value results in incrementing the configuration revision field of locally generated OAMPDUs (30.3.6.1.12) and potentially re-doing the OAM discovery process if the

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```
"[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.3"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEntry 3 }
dot30amMax0amPduSize OBJECT-TYPE
              Integer32 (64..1522)
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The largest OAMPDU that the OAM entity supports. OAM
    entities exchange maximum OAMPDU sizes and negotiate to use
    the smaller of the two maximum OAMPDU sizes between the peers.
    This value is determined by the local implementation.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.8"
  ::= { dot30amEntry 4 }
dot30amConfigRevision OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The configuration revision of the OAM entity as reflected in
    the latest OAMPDU sent by the OAM entity. The config revision
    is used by OAM entities to indicate configuration changes have
    occured which might require the peer OAM entity to re-evaluate
    whether the peering is allowed. See local_satisfied in
    [<u>802.3ah</u>, 57.3.1.2].
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.12"
  ::= { dot30amEntry 5 }
dot30amFunctionsSupported OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              BITS {
                unidirectionalSupport (0),
                loopbackSupport(1),
                eventSupport(2),
                variableSupport(3)
              }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "The OAM functions supported on this Ethernet like interface.
    OAM consists of separate functional sets beyond the basic
    discovery process which is always required. These functional
    groups can be supported independently by any implementation.
    These values are communicated to the peer via the local
    configuration field of Information OAMPDUs.
  REFERENCE
             "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.6"
  ::= { dot30amEntry 6 }
```

```
-- Ethernet OAM Peer group
dot30amPeerTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            SEQUENCE OF Dot30amPeerEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Information about the OAM peer for a particular Ethernet like
    interface. OAM entities communicate with a single OAM peer
    entity on full-duplex Ethernet links on which OAM is enabled
    and operating properly.
    In certain states, the OAM peer information is not available.
    Whether peer information is available is communicated via the
    dot30amPeerStatus object. When this object is inactive, all
    other information in the row is to be considered invalid. "
  ::= { dot30amMIB 2 }
dot30amPeerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            Dot30amPeerEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
         current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the table, containing information on the peer OAM
    entity for a single Ethernet like interface.
    Note that there is at most one OAM peer for each Ethernet like
    interface. There is exactly one row in this table for each
    Ethernet like interface supporting OAM.
             { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amPeerTable 1 }
Dot30amPeerEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    dot30amPeerStatus
                                        INTEGER,
    dot30amPeerMacAddress
                                        MacAddress,
    dot30amPeerVendor0ui
                                        Dot30ui,
    dot30amPeerVendorInfo
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amPeerMode
                                        INTEGER,
    dot30amPeerMax0amPduSize
                                        Integer32,
    dot30amPeerConfigRevision
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported
                                        BITS
  }
```

```
dot30amPeerStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                active(1),
                inactive(2)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This object indicates whether the information in this row
    should be considered valid. When active(1), the information
    is valid and represents the current peer of the OAM entity.
    When inactive(2), the information in this row is invalid.
    A value of inactive(2) is returned if the dot30am0perStatus is
    disabled, passiveWait, or activeSendLocal. For all other
    values of dot30am0perStatus, a value of active(1) is returned.
              "N/A"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 1 }
dot30amPeerMacAddress OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            MacAddress
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The MAC address of the peer OAM entity. The MAC address is
    derived from the most recently received OAMPDU. This value is
    initialized to all zeros (0x0000000000). This value is
    invalid if the dot30amPeerStatus is inactive.
    An OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination
    MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow
    Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field
    equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) and a Slow
    Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for
    OAM. "
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.5."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 2 }
dot30amPeerVendorOui OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Dot30ui
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The OUI of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest
    Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The
```

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entity. This value is initialized to all zeros (0x000000). This value is considered invalid if the dot30amPeerStatus is inactive.

An Information OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, (4) a OAM code that equals the code reserved for Information OAMPDUs. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.16." 
::= { dot30amPeerEntry 3 }
```

dot30amPeerVendorInfo OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The Vendor Info of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The vendor information field is within the Local Information TLV, and can be used to determine additional information about the peer entity. The format of the vendor information is unspecified within the 32-bit field. This value is intialized to all zeros (0x00000000). This value is invalid if the dot30amPeerStatus is inactive.

An Information OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) a OAM code that equals the code reserved for Information OAMPDUs. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.17." 
::= { dot30amPeerEntry 4 }
```

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"The mode of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The mode of the peer can be determined from the Configuration field in the Local Information TLV of the last Information OAMPDU received from the peer. This value is initialized to unknown(3), and is not valid if the dot30amPeerStatus is inactive.

An Information OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) a OAM code that equals the code reserved for Information OAMPDUs. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.7." 
::= { dot30amPeerEntry 5 }
```

dot30amPeerMax0amPduSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (64..1522)

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum size of OAMPDU supported by the peer as reflected in the latest Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. Ethernet OAM on this interface must not use OAMPDUs that exceed this size. The maximum OAMPDU size can be determined from the PDU Configuration field of the Local Information TLV of the last Information OAMPDU received from the peer. This value is initialized to 64, and is invalid if the dot30amPeerStatus is inactive.

An Information OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) a OAM code that equals the code reserved for Information OAMPDUs. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.9." 
::= { dot30amPeerEntry 6 }
```

dot30amPeerConfigRevision OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The configuration revision of the OAM peer as reflected in

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the latest OAMPDU. This attribute is changed by the peer whenever it has a local configuration change for Ethernet OAM this interface. This value is initialized to all zeros (0x00000000), and is invalid if the dot30amPeerStatus is inactive.

The configuration revision can be determined from the Revision field of the Local Information TLV of the most recently received Information OAMPDU with a Local Information TLV.

An Information OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) a OAM code that equals the code reserved for Information OAMPDUs. "

"[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.13."

REFERENCE

"The OAM functions supported on this Ethernet like interface. OAM consists of separate functionality sets above the basic discovery process. This value indicates the capabilities of the peer OAM entity with respect to these functions. This value is initialized so all bits are clear, and is invalid if the dot30amPeerStatus is inactive.

The capbilities of the OAM peer can be determined from the configuration field of the Local Information TLV of the most recently received Information OAMPDU with a Local Information TLV.

An Information OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the

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```
code reserved for Information OAMPDUs.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 30.3.6.1.7."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 8 }
-- Ethernet OAM Loopback group
dot30amLoopbackTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              SEQUENCE OF Dot30amLoopbackEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
          current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table contains methods to control the loopback state of
    the local link as well as indicating the status of the
    loopback function.
    Loopback can be used to place the remote OAM entity in a state
    where every received frame (except OAMPDUs) are echoed back
    over the same interface on which they were received.
                                                           In this
    state, at the remote entity, 'normal' traffic is disabled as
    only the looped back frames are transmitted on the interface.
    Loopback is thus an intrusive operation that prohibits normal
    data flow and should be used accordingly. "
  ::= { dot30amMIB 3 }
dot30amLoopbackEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Dot30amLoopbackEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the table, containing information on the loopback
    status for a single Ethernet like interface. There is an
    entry in this table for every Ethernet like interface on which
    supports OAM and loopback function within OAM (as indicated in
    dot30amFunctionsSupported). "
              { ifIndex }
  INDEX
  ::= { dot30amLoopbackTable 1 }
Dot30amLoopbackEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    dot30amLoopbackCommand
                                      INTEGER,
    dot30amLoopbackStatus
                                      INTEGER,
    dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx
                                      INTEGER
  }
```

```
dot30amLoopbackCommand OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                noLoopback (1),
                startRemoteLoopback (2),
                stopRemoteLoopback (3)
              }
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This attribute initiates or terminates remote loopback with
    an OAM peer. Writing startRemoteLoopback(2) to this attribute
    cause the local OAM client to send a loopback OAMPDU to the
    OAM peer with the loopback enable flags set. Writing
    stopRemoteLoopback(3) to this attribute will cause the local
    OAM client to send a loopback OAMPDU to the OAM peer with the
    loopback enable flags cleared. Writing noLoopback to this
    attribute has no effect.
    Writes to this attribute are ignored unless the OAM status of
    this interface is 'operational' (dot30amOperStatus).
    The attribute always returns no Loopback on a read. To
    determine the loopback status, use the attribute
    dot30amLoopbackStatus.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 57.2.11"
  ::= { dot30amLoopbackEntry 1 }
dot30amLoopbackStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                noLoopback (1),
                initiatingLoopback (2),
                remoteLoopback (3),
                terminatingLoopback (4),
                localLoopback (5),
                unknown (6)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The loopback status of the OAM entity. This status is
    determined by a combination of the local parser and
    multiplexer states, the remote parser and multiplexer states,
    as well as by the actions of the local OAM client. When
    operating in normal mode with no loopback in progress, the
    status reads noLoopback(1).
```

If the OAM client has sent an Loopback OAMPDU and is waiting for a response, where the local parser and multiplexer states M. Squire Expires - December 2005 [Page 21]

'initiatingLoopback'. In this case, the local OAM entity has yet to receive any acknowledgement that the remote OAM entity has received its loopback command request.

If the local OAM client knows that the remote OAM entity is in loopback mode (via the remote state information as described in [802.3ah, 57.2.11.1, 30.3.6.1.15]), the status is remoteLoopback(3). If the local OAM client is in the process of terminating the remote loopback [802.3ah, 57.2.11.3, 30.3.6.1.14], with its local multiplexer and parser states in DISCARD, the status is terminatingLoopback(4). If the remote OAM client has put the local OAM entity in loopback mode as indicated by its local parser state, the status is localLoopback(5).

The unknown(6) status indicates the parser and multiplexer combination is unexpected. This status may be returned if the OAM loopback is in a transition state but should not persist.

The values of this attribute correspond to the following values of the local and remote parser and multiplexer states.

```
value
                     LclPrsr
                               LclMux
                                          RmtPrsr
                                                    RmtMux
    noLoopback
                       FWD
                                  FWD
                                            FWD
                                                      FWD
    initLoopback
                     DISCARD
                               DISCARD
                                            FWD
                                                      FWD
    rmtLoopback
                                 FWD
                                           LPBK
                                                   DISCARD
                     DISCARD
    tmtngLoopback
                     DISCARD
                               DISCARD
                                          LPBK
                                                   DISCARD
    lclLoopback
                       LPBK
                               DISCARD
                                          DISCARD
                                                      FWD
                       * * *
                                                      * * *
    unknown
                             any other combination
REFERENCE
            "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 57.2.11, 30.3.61.14,
```

30.3.6.1.15"
::= { dot30amLoopbackEntry 2 }

dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { ignore(1), process(2) }

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Since OAM loopback is a distruptive operation (user traffic does not pass), this attribute provides a mechanism to provide controls over whether received OAM loopback commands are processed or ignored. When the value is ignore(1), received loopback commands are ignored. When the value is process(2), OAM loopback commands are processed. The default value is to ignore loopback commands (ignore(1)).

The attribute has no meaning if the local OAM entity does not

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```
dot30amFunctionsSupported). "
             "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 57.2.11, 30.3.61.14,
 REFERENCE
   30.3.6.1.15"
  ::= { dot30amLoopbackEntry 3 }
  -- Ethernet OAM Statistics group
dot30amStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
             SEQUENCE OF Dot30amStatsEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
         current
 DESCRIPTION
    "Statistics for the OAM function on a particular Ethernet like
   interface."
  ::= { dot30amMIB 4 }
dot30amStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
          Dot30amStatsEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "An entry in the table, containing statistics information on
   the Ethernet OAM function for a single Ethernet like
   interface."
  INDEX
             { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amStatsTable 1 }
Dot30amStatsEntry ::=
 SEQUENCE {
           dot30amInformationTx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amInformationRx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx Counter32,
           dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx Counter32,
           dot30amLoopbackControlTx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amLoopbackControlRx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amVariableRequestTx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amVariableRequestRx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amVariableResponseTx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amVariableResponseRx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amOrgSpecificTx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amOrgSpecificRx
                                              Counter32,
```

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```
dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx
    dot30amFramesLostDueTo0am
}
Counter32
```

dot30amInformationTx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Information OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface.

An Information OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Information code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.20." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 1 }
```

dot30amInformationRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Information OAMPDUs received on this interface.

An Information OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Information code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.21."

```
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 2 }
```

dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of unique Event OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface. Event notifications may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possiblity that a frame may be lost in transit.

An Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Event code.

A unique Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is distinct from the previously transmitted Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.22." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 3 }
```

dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of unique Event OAMPDUs received on this interface. Event notification OAMPDUs may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possiblity that a frame may be lost in transit.

An Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Event code.

A unique Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is distinct from the previously received Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.24."

::= { dot30amStatsEntry 4 }

dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of duplicate Event OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface. Event notification OAMPDUs may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possiblity that a frame may be lost in transit.

An Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Event code.

A duplicate Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is identical to the previously transmitted Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.23." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 5 }

dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of duplicate Event OAMPDUs received on this interface. Event notification OAMPDUs may be sent in M. Squire Expires - December 2005

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received, given the possiblity that a frame may be lost in transit.

An Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Event code.

A duplicate Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is identical to the previously received Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.25."

```
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 6 }
```

dot30amLoopbackControlTx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Loopback Control OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface.

An Loopback Conrol OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Loopback Control code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.26."
```

```
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 7 }
```

dot30amLoopbackControlRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

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"A count of the number of Loopback Control OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface.

An Loopback Control OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Loopback Control code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.27." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 8 }
```

dot30amVariableRequestTx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Variable Request OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface.

An Variable Request OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Variable Request code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.28." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 9 }
```

dot30amVariableRequestRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Variable Request OAMPDUs received on this interface.

An Variable Request OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with

- (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC
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address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Variable Request code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.29." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 10 }
```

dot30amVariableResponseTx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Variable Response OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface.

An Variable Response OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Variable Response code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.30." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 11 }
```

dot30amVariableResponseRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Variable Response OAMPDUs received on this interface.

An Variable Response OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the

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Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.31."

::= { dot30amStatsEntry 12 }

dot30amOrgSpecificTx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Organization Specific OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface.

An Organization Specific OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Organization Specific code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.32."

::= { dot30amStatsEntry 13 }

dot30amOrgSpecificRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Organization Specific OAMPDUs received on this interface.

An Organization Specific OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the OAM Organization Specific code.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "

```
REFERENCE
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.33."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 14 }
dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Counter32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of OAMPDUs transmitted on this
    interface with an unsupported op-code.
    An unsupported opcode OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame
    with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved
    MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a
    lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow
    Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the
    subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the
    opcode for a function that is not supported by the device.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
  REFERENCE
             "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.18."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 15 }
dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Counter32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of OAMPDUs received on this interface
    with an unsupported op-code.
    An unsupported opcode OAMPDU is indicated by a valid frame
    with (1) destination MAC address equal to that of the reserved
    MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), (2) a
    lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow
    Protocols, (3) a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the
    subtype reserved for OAM, and (4) an OAMPDU code equals the
    opcode for a function that is not supported by the device.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. "
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.19."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 16 }
```

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MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of frames that were dropped by the OAM multiplexer. Since the OAM mulitplexer has multiple inputs and a single output, there may be cases where frames are dropped due to transmit resource contention. This counter is incremented whenever a frame is dropped by the OAM layer. When this counter is incremented, no other counters in this MIB are incremented.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.46."
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 17 }
```

-- Ethernet OAM Event Configuration group

dot30amEventConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEventConfigEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Ethernet OAM includes the ability to generate and receive event notifications to indicate various link problems. This table contains the mechanisms to configure the thresholds to generate the standard Ethernet OAM events.

These events are:

- Errored Symbol Period Event. Generated when the number of symbol errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a number of symbols (e.g. 1,000 symbols out of 1,000,000 had errors).
- Errored Frame Period Event. Generated when the number of frame errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a number of frames (e.g. 10 frames out of 1000 had errors).
- Errored Frame Event. Generated when the number of frame errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a period of time (e.g. 10 frames in 1 second had errors).
- Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event. Generated when the

number of errored frame seconds exceeds a threshold within

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```
a given time period (e.g. 10 errored frame seconds within
        the last 100 seconds). An errored frame second is defined
        as a 1 second interval which had >0 frame errors.
  ::= { dot30amMIB 5 }
dot30amEventConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Dot30amEventConfigEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Event configuration information is available for every
    Ethernet like interface that supports OAM and the event
    function of OAM as indicated in the dot30amFunctionsSupported
    attribute.
    Event configuration controls when the local management entity
    sends Event Notification OAMPDUs to its OAM peer.
  INDEX
              { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigTable 1 }
Dot30amEventConfigEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
            dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable
                                               INTEGER,
            dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable INTEGER,
            dot30amErrFrameWindow
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFrameThreshold
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable
                                               INTEGER,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow
                                               Integer32,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold Integer32,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable
                                               INTEGER
          }
dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi and
    dot30amErrSymPeriodLo together form an unsigned 64-bit
    integer representing the number of symbols over which this
    threshold event is defined. This is defined as
```

```
dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow = ((2^32)*dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi)
                                    + dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo
    If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.34"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 1 }
dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi and
    dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo together form an unsigned 64-bit
    integer representing the number of symbols over which this
    threshold event is defined. This is defined as
  dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow = ((2^32)*dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi)
                                    + dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo
    If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.34"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 2 }
dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi and
    dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo together form an unsigned
    64-bit integer representing the number of symbol errors that
    must occur within a given window to cause this event.
    This is defined as
      dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold =
                        ((2^32) * dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi)
                                + dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo
```

```
If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.34"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 3 }
dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi and
    dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo together form an unsigned
    64-bit integer representing the number of symbol errors that
    must occur within a given window to cause this event.
    This is defined as
      dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold =
                        ((2^32) * dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi)
                                + dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo
    If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.34"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 4 }
dot30amErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2) }
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Indicates whether the occurence of Errored Symbol Period
    Events should result in Event Notification OAMPDUs generated
    by the OAM layer.
    By default, this object should have the value enabled(1) for
    Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer
    does not support event notifications (as indicated via the
    dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.
```

"N/A"

REFERENCE

::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 5 }

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```
dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The number of frames over which the threshold is defined.
    If dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold frame errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow frames, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.38"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 6 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The number of frame errors that must occur for this event to
    be triggered.
    If dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold frame errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow frames, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.38"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 7 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2) }
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "Indicates whether the occurence of an Errored Frame Period
    Event should result in an Event Notification OAMPDU generated
    by the OAM layer.
    By default, this object should have the value enabled(1) for
    Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer
    does not support event notifications (as indicated via the
    dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored. "
  REFERENCE
              "N/A"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 8 }
```

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```
SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The amount of time (in 100ms increments) over which the
    threshold is defined.
   If dot30amErrFrameThreshold frame errors occur within a window
   of dot30amErrFrameWindow seconds (measured in tenths of
   seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated with
   an Errored Frame Event TLV indicating the threshold has been
   crossed in this window.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.36"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 9 }
dot30amErrFrameThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The number of frame errors that must occur for this event to
    be triggered.
    If dot30amErrFrameThreshold frame errors occur within a window
    of dot30amErrFrameWindow (in tenths of seconds), an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame
    Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in this
    window. "
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.36"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 10 }
dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2) }
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "Indicates whether the occurence of an Errored Frame Event
    should result in an Event Notification OAMPDU generated by the
    OAM layer.
    By default, this object should have the value enabled(1) for
    Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer
    does not support event notifications (as indicated via the
    dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored. "
              "N/A"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 11 }
```

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```
SYNTAX
              Integer32 (100..9000)
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The amount of time (in 100ms intervals) over which the
    threshold is defined.
    If dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold frame errors occur
    within a window of dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow (in tenths
    of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated
    with an Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event TLV indicating the
    threshold has been crossed in this window.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.40"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 12 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
              Integer32 (1..900)
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The number of errored frame seconds that must occur for this
    event to be triggered.
    If dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold frame errors occur
    within a window of dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow (in tenths
    of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated
    with an Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event TLV indicating the
    threshold has been crossed in this window.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.40"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 13 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE
              INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2) }
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Indicates whether the occurence of an Errored Frame Seconds
    Summary Event should result in an Event Notification OAMPDU
    generated by the OAM layer.
    By default, this object should have the value enabled(1) for
    Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer
    does not support event notifications (as indicated via the
    dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored."
              "N/A"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 14 }
```


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```
-- Ethernet OAM Event Status group
dot30amEventLogTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEventLogEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table records a history of the events that have occurred
    at the Ethernet OAM level. These events can include locally
    detected events, which may result in locally generated
    OAMPDUs, and remotely detected events, which are detected by
    the OAM peer entity and signaled to the local entity via
    Ethernet OAM. Ethernet OAM events can be signaled by Event
    Notification OAMPDUs or by the flags field in any OAMPDU.
    ::= { dot30amMIB 6 }
dot30amEventLogEntry OBJECT-TYPE
            Dot30amEventLogEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION "An entry in the dot30amEventLogTable."
              { ifIndex, dot30amEventLogIndex }
  ::= { dot30amEventLogTable 1 }
Dot30amEventLogEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    dot30amEventLogIndex
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogTimestamp
                                        DateAndTime,
    dot30amEventLog0ui
                                        Dot30ui,
    dot30amEventLogType
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogLocation
                                        INTEGER,
    dot30amEventLogWindowHi
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogWindowLo
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogThresholdHi
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogValue
                                        CounterBasedGauge64,
    dot30amEventLogRunningTotal
                                        CounterBasedGauge64,
    dot30amEventLogEventTotal
                                        Unsigned32
  }
                           OBJECT-TYPE
dot30amEventLogIndex
  SYNTAX
            Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An arbitrary integer for identifying individual events
```

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```
"N/A"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 1 }
DateAndTime
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The date and time that this event instance occurred. "
  REFERENCE
              "N/A"
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 2 }
dot30amEventLog0ui OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Dot30ui
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The OUI of the entity defining the object type. All IEEE
    802.3 defined events (as appearing in [802.3ah] except for the
    Organizationally Unique Event TLVs) use the IEEE 802.3 OUI of
    0x0180C2. Organizations defining their own Event Notification
    TLVs include their OUI in the Event Notification TLV which
    gets reflected here. "
  REFERENCE
             "N/A"
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 3 }
dot30amEventLogType
                        OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The type of event that generated this entry in the event log.
    When the OUI is the IEEE 802.3 OUI of 0x0180C2, the following
    event types are defined:
       erroredSymbolEvent(1),
       erroredFramePeriodEvent (2),
       erroredFrameEvent(3),
       erroredFrameSecondsEvent(4),
       linkFault(256),
       dyingGaspEvent(257),
       criticalLinkEvent(258)
    The first four are considered threshold crossing events as
    they are generated when a metric exceeds a given value within
    a specified window. The other three are not threshold
    crossing events.
```

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```
defined the event space. If event subtyping is known to the
    implementation, it may be reflected here. Otherwise, this
    value should return all Fs (0xFFFFFFF).
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.10 and 57.5.3."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 4 }
dot30amEventLogLocation OBJECT-TYPE
              INTEGER { local(1), remote(2) }
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Whether this event occurred locally, or was received from the
    OAM peer via Ethernet OAM."
              "N/A"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 5 }
dot30amEventLogWindowHi
                             OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
    objects dot30amEventWindowHi and dot30amEventWindowLo form an
    unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the window over which the
    value was measured for the threshold crossing event (e.g. 5,
    when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold
    was 10).
             The two objects are combined as:
    dot30amEventLogWindow = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogWindowHi)
                                    + dot30amEventLogWindowLo
    Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (0xFFFFFFFF) and
    adds no useful information.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 6 }
dot30amEventLogWindowLo
                             OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
    objects dot30amEventWindowHi and dot30amEventWindowLo form an
    unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the window over which the
    value was measured for the threshold crossing event (e.g. 5,
    when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold
```

was 10). The two objects are combined as:

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```
dot30amEventLogWindow = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogWindowHi)
                                    + dot30amEventLogWindowLo
    Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (0xFFFFFFF) and
    adds no useful information.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 7 }
dot30amEventLogThresholdHi
                                OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
    objects dot30amEventThresholdHi and dot30amEventThresholdLo
    form an unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the value that was
    crossed for the threshold crossing event (e.g. 10, when 11
    occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold was 10).
    The two objects are combined as:
  dot30amEventLogThreshold = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogThresholdHi)
                                     + dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
    Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (0xFFFFFFF) and
    adds no useful information. "
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 8 }
dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
                                OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
    objects dot30amEventThresholdHi and dot30amEventThresholdLo
    form an unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the value that was
    crossed for the threshold crossing event (e.g. 10, when 11
    occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold was 10).
    The two objects are combined as:
  dot30amEventLogThreshold = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogThresholdHi)
                                     + dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
    Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (0xFFFFFFFF) and
    adds no useful information. "
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 9 }
```

```
dot30amEventLogValue
                          OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              CounterBasedGauge64
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, this
    value indicates the value of the parameter within the given
    window that generated this event (e.g. 11, when 11 occurrences
    happened in 5 seconds while the threshold was 10).
    Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's
    (0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFF) and adds no useful information.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 10 }
dot30amEventLogRunningTotal
                                 OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              CounterBasedGauge64
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This value respresents the total number of times this
    occurence has happened since the last reset (e.g. 3253, when
    3253 symbol errors have occurred since the last reset, which
    has resulted in 51 symbol error threshold crossing events
    since the last reset).
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 11 }
dot30amEventLogEventTotal
                               OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This value respresents the total number of times one or ore
    of these occurences have resulted in an event (e.g. 51 when
    3253 symbol errors have occurred since the last reset, which
    has resulted in 51 symbol error threshold crossing events
    since the last reset).
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 12 }
-- Ethernet OAM Notifications
```

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```
dot30amTrapsPrefix OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {dot30amTraps 0}
dot30amThresholdEvent NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS { ifIndex,
            dot30amEventLogTimestamp,
            dot30amEventLog0ui,
            dot30amEventLogType,
            dot30amEventLogLocation,
            dot30amEventLogWindowHi,
            dot30amEventLogWindowLo,
            dot30amEventLogThresholdHi,
            dot30amEventLogThresholdLo,
            dot30amEventLogValue,
            dot30amEventLogRunningTotal,
            dot30amEventLogEventTotal
          }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A dot30amThresholdEvent notification is sent when a local or
    remote threshold crossing event is detected. A local
    threshold crossing event is detected by the local entity,
    while a remote threshold crossing event is detected by the
    reception of an Ethernet OAM Event Notification OAMPDU
    indicating a threshold event.
    This notification should not be sent more than once per
    second.
    The management entity should periodically check
    dot30amEventLogTable to detect any missed events."
 ::= { dot30amTrapsPrefix 1 }
dot30amNonThresholdEvent NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS { ifIndex,
            dot30amEventLogTimestamp,
            dot30amEventLog0ui,
            dot30amEventLogType,
            dot30amEventLogLocation,
            dot30amEventLogEventTotal
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A dot30amNonThresholdEvent notification is sent when a local
    or remote non-threshold crossing event is detected. A local
    event is detected by the local entity, while a remote event is
    detected by the reception of an Ethernet OAM Event
    Notification OAMPDU indicating a non-threshold crossing event.
```

```
This notification should not be sent more than once per
    second.
    The management entity should periodically check
    dot30amEventLogTable to detect any missed events."
 ::= { dot30amTrapsPrefix 2 }
-- Ethernet OAM Compliance group
dot30amGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amConformance 1 }
dot30amCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amConformance 2 }
-- Compliance statements
dot30amCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS
                  current
  DESCRIPTION "The compliance statement for managed entities
               supporting OAM on Ethernet like interfaces.
MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS { dot30amControlGroup,
                     dot30amPeerGroup,
                     dot30amStatsBaseGroup
                   }
  GROUP
              dot30amLoopbackGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support loopback functionality. "
  GROUP
              dot30amErrSymbolPeriodEventGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support event functionality. "
              dot30amErrFramePeriodEventGroup
  GROUP
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support event functionality. "
  GROUP
              dot30amErrFrameEventGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support event functionality. "
```

```
GROUP
               dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryEventGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support event functionality. "
  GROUP
               dot30amEventLogGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations. "
  GROUP
               dot30amNotificationGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations. "
   ::= { dot30amCompliances 1}
dot30amControlGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
                   dot30amAdminState,
                   dot30amOperStatus,
                   dot30amMode,
                   dot30amMax0amPduSize,
                   dot30amConfigRevision,
                   dot30amFunctionsSupported
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects providing the abilities,
    configuration, and status of an Ethernet OAM entity. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 1 }
dot30amPeerGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
               {
                   dot30amPeerStatus,
                   dot30amPeerMacAddress,
                   dot30amPeerVendor0ui,
                   dot30amPeerVendorInfo,
                   dot30amPeerMode,
                   dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported,
                   dot30amPeerMax0amPduSize,
                   dot30amPeerConfigRevision
               }
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects providing the abilities,
    configuration, and status of a peer Ethernet OAM entity. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 2 }
```

```
dot30amStatsBaseGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
               {
                   dot30amInformationTx,
                   dot30amInformationRx,
                   dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx,
                   dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx,
                   dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx,
                   dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx,
                   dot30amLoopbackControlTx,
                   dot30amLoopbackControlRx,
                   dot30amVariableRequestTx,
                   dot30amVariableRequestRx,
                   dot30amVariableResponseTx,
                   dot30amVariableResponseRx,
                   dot30amOrgSpecificTx,
                   dot30amOrgSpecificRx,
                   dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx,
                   dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx,
                   dot30amFramesLostDueTo0am
               }
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects providing the statistics for the
    number of various transmit and recieve events for OAM on an
    Ethernet like interface. Note that all of these counters must
    be supported even if the related function (as described in
    dot30amFunctionsSupported) is not supported.
   ::= { dot30amGroups 3 }
dot30amLoopbackGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
                   dot30amLoopbackCommand,
                   dot30amLoopbackStatus,
                   dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx
               }
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for controlling the OAM remote
    loopback function. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 4 }
dot30amErrSymbolPeriodEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
               {
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable
               }
               current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
```

"A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an

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```
Errored Symbol Period Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
    independently of any other. "
  ::= { dot30amGroups 5 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
              {
                   dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow,
                   dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Period Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
    independently of any other.
   ::= { dot30amGroups 6 }
dot30amErrFrameEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
                   dot30amErrFrameWindow,
                   dot30amErrFrameThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable
               current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
    independently of any other. "
  ::= { dot30amGroups 7 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
                   dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow,
  OBJECTS
              {
                   dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable
               }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
```

conformance group because each event can be implemented

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```
independently of any other.
   ::= { dot30amGroups 8 }
dot30amEventLogGroup OBJECT-GROUP
 OBJECTS { dot30amEventLogTimestamp,
             dot30amEventLog0ui,
             dot30amEventLogType,
             dot30amEventLogLocation,
             dot30amEventLogWindowHi,
             dot30amEventLogWindowLo,
             dot30amEventLogThresholdHi,
             dot30amEventLogThresholdLo,
             dot30amEventLogValue,
             dot30amEventLogRunningTotal,
             dot30amEventLogEventTotal
           }
 STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event and maintaining the event
    information.
   ::= { dot30amGroups 9 }
dot30amNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
 NOTIFICATIONS {
              dot30amThresholdEvent,
              dot30amNonThresholdEvent
                }
 STATUS
              current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of notifications used by Ethernet OAM to signal
   to a management entity that local or remote events have occured
   on a specified Ethernet link."
  ::= { dot30amGroups 10 }
END
```

7. Security Considerations

The readable objects in this module can provide information about network traffic, and therefore may be considered sensitive. In particular, OAM provides mechanisms for reading the IEEE 802.3 Clause 30 MIB attributes from a link partner via a specialized layer two protocol. Unlike SNMP, IEEE P802.3ah OAM does not include encryption or authorization mechanisms. It should be used in environments where either this interface information is not considered sensitive, or

where the facility terminations are protected. By default, OAM is

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disabled on Ethernet-likeEthernet like interfaces and is therefore not a risk.

IEEE 802.3ah OAM is designed to support deployment in access and enterprise networks. In access networks, one end of a link is the CO-side, and the other is the CPE-side, and the facilities are often protected in wiring cages or closets. In such deployments, it is often the case that the CO-side is protected from access from the CPE side. Within IEEE P802.3ah OAM, this protection from remote access is accomplished by configuring the CPE-side in passive mode using the dot30amMode attribute. This prevents the CPE from accessing functions and information at the CO-side of the connection. In enterprise networks, read-only interface information is often considered non-sensitive.

The operation of OAM on an Ethernet interface does not adversely affect data traffic as OAM is a slow protocol with very limited bandwidth potential, and it is not required for normal link operation. And although there are a number of objects in this module with read-write or read-create MAX-ACCESS, they only affect the operation of the OAM protocol itself and not user data traffic.

The loopback capability of OAM can have potentially disruptive effects in that the when enabling remote loopback, the remote station automatically transmits all received traffic back to the local station except for OAM traffic. This completely disrupts all higher layer protocols such as bridging, IP, and SNMP. Therefore an attribute (dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx) was introduced to control whether the local station processes or ignores received loopback commands.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them

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