Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB WG

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Definitions and Managed Objects for OAM Functions on Ethernet Like Interfaces

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Abstract

This document defines objects for managing Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) capabilities on Ethernet like interfaces conformant to the Ethernet OAM functionality defined in [802.3ah]. The Ethernet OAM functionality is complementary to SNMP management in that it is focused on a small set of link-specific functions for directly connected Ethernet interfaces. This document defines objects for controlling those link OAM functions, and for providing results and status of the OAM functions to management entities.

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Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

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Introduction

1.

The IEEE 802.3ah Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) task force added new management capabilities to Ethernet like interfaces. These management capabilities were introduced to provide some basic OAM function on Ethernet media. The defined functionality includes discovery, error signaling, loopback, and link monitoring. This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community to manage these new Ethernet interface capabilities.

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

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For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

Overview

Ethernet networks have evolved over the past 30 years from simple LANs to a variety of other applications, including wide area networks. To address some of these emerging markets, the IEEE 802.3ah task force defined additional clauses in [802.3ah] for the IEEE 802.3 standard [802.3-2002] to better address Ethernet deployments in the public access network. Although Ethernet access deployments were the primary motivation for the task force activity, the results of the task force are not strictly limited to that application.

The Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) task force was focused on four somewhat independent objectives to better address Ethernet access deployments: optics, copper, Ethernet passive optical networks (Ethernet PON, or EPON), and operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM). The optics sub-taskforce developed new optical physical layers that better served the long-reach outside plant networks typically found in the access network, including developing physical layers that operate up to 20Km and supporting the environmental conditions of access deployments. The copper sub taskforce developed two new physical layers that run Ethernet natively over existing twisted pair wires that have been supporting voice services for decades. The EPON sub-taskforce developed a new point-to-multipoint Ethernet physical layer, utilizing Ethernet framing natively over a time-division multiple-access (TDMA) infrastructure. The OAM sub-taskforce introduced some basic management functionality into an Ethernet link to better monitor and maintain Ethernet networks in geographically disparate networks.

This document defines the management objects necessary to integrate Ethernet OAM functionality into the SNMP management framework.

Ethernet OAM is composed of a core set of functions, and a set of $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$ optional functional groups. The mandatory functions include

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discovery operations (determining if the other end of the link is OAM capable, and what OAM functions it supports), state machine implementation, and some critical event flows. The optional functional groups are for (a) link events, (b) remote loopback, and (c) variable retrieval and response. Each optional functional group is controlled by a separate MIB table(s).

Ethernet OAM is complementary with SNMP management in that it provides some basic management functions at layer two, rather than using layer three and above as required by SNMP over an IP infrastructure. Ethernet OAM provides single-hop functionality in that it works only between two directly connected Ethernet stations. SNMP can be used to manage the Ethernet OAM interactions of one Ethernet station with another.

Ethernet OAM has three functional objectives which are detailed in the next three sections.

3.1 Remote fault indication

Remote fault indication provides a mechanism for one end of an Ethernet link to signal the other end that the receive path is non operational. Some Ethernet physical layers offer mechanisms to signal this condition at the physical layer. Ethernet OAM added a mechanism so that some Ethernet physical layers can operate in unidirectional mode, allowing frames to be transmitted in one direction even when the other direction is non-operational. Traditionally, Ethernet PHYs do not allow frame transmission in one direction if the other direction is not operational. Using this mode, Ethernet OAM allows frame-based signaling of remote fault conditions while still not allowing higher layer applications to be aware of the unidirectional capability. This document includes mechanisms for capturing that fault information and reflecting such information in objects and notifications within the SNMP management framework.

3.2 Link monitoring

Ethernet OAM includes event signaling capability so that one end of an Ethernet link can indicate the occurrence of certain important events to the other end of the link. This happens via layer two protocols. This document defines methods for incorporating the occurrence of these layer two events, both at the local end and far end of the link, into the SNMP management framework.

Ethernet OAM also includes mechanisms for one Ethernet station to

query another directly connected Ethernet station about the status of its Ethernet interface variables and status. This document does not include mechanisms for controlling how one Ethernet endpoint may use

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this functionality to query the status or statistics of a peer Ethernet entity.

3.3

Remote loopback

Remote loopback is a link state where the peer Ethernet entity echoes every received packet (without modifications) back onto the link.

Remote loopback is intrusive in that the other end of the link is not forwarding traffic from higher layers out over the link. This document defines objects controlling loopback operation and reading the status of the loopback state.

3.4 Ethernet OAM Protocol Data Units

An Ethernet OAM protocol data unit is a valid Ethernet frame with a destination MAC address equal to the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah], a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, and a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for Ethernet OAM.

OAMPDU is used throughout this document as an abbreviation for Ethernet OAM protocol data unit. OAMPDUs are the mechanism two directly connected Ethernet interfaces exchange OAM information.

4. Relation to the Other MIB Modules

The definitions presented here are based on Clauses 30 and 57 of [802.3ah]. Note that these clauses describe many of these variables and their effects on the MAC layer. In some cases there is a one-to one relationship between an object in this document and an object in the Clause 30 MIB of [802.3ah]. In other cases, the objects of this document reflect a more complex entity and are reflected by more than one object in the Clause 30 MIB of [802.3ah].

4.1 Relation to other SNMP MIB Modules

The objects defined in this document manage OAM functionality introduced in [802.3ah] These objects do not overlap with the interfaces MIB [RFC2863], the Ethernet like interfaces MIB [RFC3635], or any other MIB currently used to manage various aspects of an Ethernet interface. The objects defined here are defined for Ethernet like interfaces only and use the same ifIndex as the associated Ethernet interface. Ethernet OAM can be implemented on any Ethernet like interface.

4.2					
Relation	to	other	EFM	MIB	Modules

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The Ethernet OAM functionality and MIB Module is independent of the other functionality and MIB Modules derived from [802.3ah] for copper [802.3ah-copper] and EPON [802.3ah-epon]. Ethernet OAM may be implemented (or not) on the new EFM interface types, just as it can on any other Ethernet interface.

4.3

Mapping of IEEE 802.3ah Managed Objects

This section contains the mapping between managed objects defined in [802.3ah] Clause 30, and managed objects defined in this document.

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object Corresponding SNMP object

o0AM

.aOAMID IF-MIB ifIndex .aOAMAdminState dot30amAdminState

.aOAMMode dot30amMode

.aOAMDiscoveryState dot30amOperStatus .aOAMRemoteMACAddress dot30amPeerMacAddress .aOAMLocalConfiguration dot30amFunctionsSupported .aOAMRemoteConfiguration dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported,

dot30amPeerMode

.aOAMLocalPDUConfiguration dot30amMax0amPduSize .aOAMRemotePDUConfiguration dot30amPeerMax0amPduSize

.aOAMLocalFlagsField dot30amOperStatus,

dot30amEventLogEntry dot30amOperStatus,

.aOAMRemoteFlagsField

dot30amEventLogEntry dot30amConfigRevision

.aOAMLocalRevision .aOAMRemoteRevision dot30amPeerConfigRevision .aOAMLocalState dot30amLoopbackStatus dot30amLoopbackStatus .aOAMRemoteState .aOAMRemoteVendorOUI dot30amPeerVendor0ui .aOAMRemoteVendorSpecificInfo dot30amPeerVendorInfo .aOAMUnsupportedCodesTx dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx .aOAMUnsupportedCodesRx dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx

.aOAMInformationTx dot30amInformationTx .aOAMInformationRx dot30amInformationRx

.aOAMUniqueEventNotificationTx dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx .aOAMUniqueEventNotificationRx

.aOAMDuplicateEventNotificationTx

dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx

.aOAMDuplicateEventNotificationRx

dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx

.aOAMLoopbackControlTx dot30amLoopbackControlTx .aOAMLoopbackControlRx dot30amLoopbackControlRx .aOAMVariableRequestTx dot30amVariableRequestTx

.aOAMVariableRequestRx .aOAMVariableResponseTx dot30amVariableRequestRx
dot30amVariableResponseTx

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.aOAMVariableResponseRx dot3OamVariableResponseRx

.aOAMOrganizationSpecificTx
.aOAMOrganizationSpecificRx
dot30amOrgSpecificTx
dot30amOrgSpecificTx

.aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodConfig dot3OamErrSymPeriodWindow,

dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold

.aOAMLocalErrSymPeriodEvent dot3OamEventLogEntry
.aOAMLocalErrFrameConfig dot3OamErrFrameWindow,
dot3OamErrFrameThreshold

dot30amEventLogEntry

.aOAMLocalErrFramePeriodConfig dot3OamErrFramePeriodWindow,

dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold

dataoamEventlasEntin

 $. \verb|aOAML| ocalErrFramePeriodEvent| | dot 30 am EventLogEntry|$

.aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryConfig

.aOAMLocalErrFrameEvent

dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow,
dot30amErrFrameSecssummaryThreshold

.aOAMLocalErrFrameSecsSummaryEvent

dot30amEventLogEntry

.aOAMRemoteErrSymPeriodEvent dot3OamEventLogEntry
.aOAMRemoteErrFrameEvent dot3OamEventLogEntry
.aOAMRemoteErrFramePeriodEvent dot3OamEventLogEntry

.aOAMRemoteErrFrameSecsSummaryEvent

dot30amEventLogEntry

.aFramesLostDueToOAmError dot30amFramesLostDueToOam

.acOAMAdminControl dot30amAdminState

There are no IEEE 802.3ah managed objects that are not reflected in this MIB Module in some manner.

5. MIB Structure

The Ethernet OAM MIB objects of this memo focus on the OAM capabilities introduced in [802.3ah]. The MIB objects are partitioned into six different MIB groups.

The dot30amTable group manages the primary OAM objects of the Ethernet interface. This group controls the state and status of OAM as well as the mode in which it operates.

The dot30amPeerTable maintains the current information on the status and configuration of the peer OAM entity on the Ethernet interface. Managed information includes the capabilities and function available on the peer OAM entity.

The dot30amLoopbackTable manages the loopback function introduced in [802.3ah]. This table controls enabling and disabling loopback, as well as indicating the loopback status of Ethernet OAM on this

interface.

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The dot30amStatsTable maintains statistics on the number and type of Ethernet OAM frames being transmitted and received on the Ethernet interface.

The dot30amEventConfigTable defines the objects for managing the event notification capability available in Ethernet OAM. With Ethernet OAM, one device may send notifications to its peer devices whenever an important event happens on the local device. This table provides management of which events result in notifications via Ethernet OAM notifications and/or via SNMP notifications.

The dot30amEventLogTable manages the current status of local and remote events detected via Ethernet OAM. This table is updated whenever local events are detected by Ethernet OAM or whenever Ethernet OAM Event Notifications are received from the peer OAM entity.

There are two notifications defined to report Ethernet OAM events (one for threshold crossing events, one for non-threshold crossing events). Both notifications are contained within the same conformance group.

6.

```
MIB Definition
 DOT3-OAM-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
 TMPORTS
   MODULE-IDENTITY, mib-2, OBJECT-TYPE, Counter32, Unsigned32,
      Integer32, NOTIFICATION-TYPE
      FROM SNMPv2-SMI
   TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, MacAddress, TimeStamp, TruthValue
      FROM SNMPv2-TC
   CounterBasedGauge64
      FROM HCNUM-TC
   ifIndex
      FROM IF-MIB
   MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
      FROM SNMPv2-CONF;
    dot30amMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
      LAST-UPDATED "200610200000Z" -- October 20,2006"
      ORGANIZATION
        "IETF Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group"
      CONTACT-INFO
        "WG Charter:
```

http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/hubmib-charter.html

Mailing lists:

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DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for managing the new Ethernet OAM features introduced by the Ethernet in the First Mile task force (IEEE 802.3ah). The functionality presented here is based on IEEE 802.3ah [802.3ah], released in October, 2004. [802.3ah] was prepared as an addendum to the standing version of IEEE 802.3 [802.3-2002] at the time. Since then, [802.3ah] has been merged into the base IEEE 802.3 specification in [802.3-2005].

In particular, this MIB focuses on the new OAM functions introduced in Clause 57 of [802.3ah]. The OAM functionality of Clause 57 is controlled by new management attributes introduced in Clause 30 of [802.3ah]. The OAM functions are not specific to any particular Ethernet physical layer, and can be generically applied to any Ethernet interface of [802.3-2002].

An Ethernet OAM protocol data unit is a valid Ethernet frame with a destination MAC address equal to the reserved MAC address for Slow Protocols (See 43B of [802.3ah]), a lengthOrType field equal to the reserved type for Slow Protocols, and a Slow Protocols subtype equal to that of the subtype reserved for Ethernet OAM. OAMPDU is used throughout this document as an abbreviation for Ethernet OAM protocol data unit.

The following reference is used throughout this MIB module:

[802.3ah] refers to:

IEEE Std 802.3ah-2004: 'Draft amendment to Information technology - Telecommunications and
information exchange between systems - Local and
metropolitan are networks - Specific requirements - Part
3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection
(CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications
- Media Access Control Parameters, Physical Layers and

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October 2004.

[802.3-2002] refers to:

IEEE Std 802.3-2002:

'Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan are networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications - Media Access Control Parameters, Physical Layers and Management Parameters for subscriber access networks', March 2002.

[802.3-2005] refers to:

IEEE Std 802.3-2002:

'Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan are networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications - Media Access Control Parameters, Physical Layers and Management Parameters for subscriber access networks', December 2005.

[802-2001] refers to:

'IEEE Standard for LAN/MAN (Local Area Network/Metropolitan Area Network): Overview and Architecture', IEEE 802, June 2001.

Copyright (c) The Internet Society (2006). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC XXXX; See the RFC itself for full legal notices. "

-- RFC Editor: Update XXXX to appropriate RFC number

-- RFC Editor: Remove these notes

REVISION "200610200000Z" -- October 20, 2006"

DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC XXXX."

-- RFC Editor: Update XXXX to appropriate RFC number

-- RFC Editor: Remove these notes

::= { mib-2 XXX }

-- RFC Editor: Replace value with IANA assigned number

-- RFC Editor: Remove these notes

- -

-- Sections of the Ethernet OAM MIB

- -

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```
dot30amNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amMIB 0 }
  dot30amObjects
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amMIB 1 }
  dot30amConformance
                      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amMIB 2 }
-- Textual conventions for OAM MIB
Dot3Oui ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
 STATUS
          current
 DESCRIPTION
   "24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier. Information on
   OUIs can be found in IEEE 802-2001 [802-2001] Clause 9."
              OCTET STRING(SIZE(3))
 SYNTAX
-- Ethernet OAM Control group
dot30amTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
             SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
            current
 DESCRIPTION
   "This table contains the primary controls and status for the
   OAM capabilities of an Ethernet like interface. There will be
   one row in this table for each Ethernet like interface in the
   system that supports the OAM functions defined in [802.3ah].
  ::= { dot30am0bjects 1 }
dot30amEntry OBJECT-TYPE
            Dot30amEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
            current
 DESCRIPTION
   "An entry in the table, containing information on the Ethernet
   OAM function for a single Ethernet like interface. Entries in
   the table are created automatically for each interface
   supporting Ethernet OAM. The status of the row entry can be
   determined from dot30amOperStatus.
   A dot30amEntry is indexed in the dot30amTable by the ifIndex
   object of the Interfaces MIB.
             { ifIndex }
 INDEX
```

::= { dot30amTable 1 }

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```
Dot30amEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    dot30amAdminState
                                       INTEGER,
    dot30amOperStatus
                                       INTEGER,
    dot30amMode
                                       INTEGER,
    dot30amMax0amPduSize
                                       Unsigned32,
    dot30amConfigRevision
                                       Unsigned32,
    dot30amFunctionsSupported
                                       BITS
  }
dot30amAdminState OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                enabled(1),
                disabled(2)
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This object is used to provision the default administrative
    OAM mode for this interface. This object represents the
    desired state of OAM for this interface.
    The dot30amAdminState always starts in the disabled(1) state
    until an explicit management action or configuration
    information retained by the system causes a transition to the
    enabled(1) state. When enabled(1), Ethernet OAM will attempt
    to operate over this interface.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.2"
  ::= { dot30amEntry 1 }
dot30amOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                disabled(1),
                linkFault(2),
                passiveWait(3),
                activeSendLocal(4),
                sendLocalAndRemote(5),
                sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6),
                oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7),
                oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8),
                operational(9),
                nonOperHalfDuplex(10)
              }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
```

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"At initialization and failure conditions, two OAM entities on the same full-duplex Ethernet link begin a discovery phase to determine what OAM capabilities may be used on that link. The progress of this initialization is controlled by the OAM sublayer.

This value is always disabled(1) if OAM is disabled on this interface via the dot30amAdminState.

If the link has detected a fault and is transmitting OAMPDUs with a link fault indication, the value is linkFault(2). Also, if the interface is not operational (ifOperStatus is not up(1)), linkFault(2) is returned. Note that the object ifOperStatus may not be up(1) as a result of link failure or administrative action (ifAdminState being down(2) or testing(3)).

The passiveWait(3) state is returned only by OAM entities in passive mode (dot30amMode) and reflects the state in which the OAM entity is waiting to see if the peer device is OAM capable. The activeSendLocal(4) value is used by active mode devices (dot30amMode) and reflects the OAM entity actively trying to discover whether the peer has OAM capability but has not yet made that determination.

The state sendLocalAndRemote(5) reflects that the local OAM entity has discovered the peer but has not yet accepted or rejected the configuration of the peer. The local device can, for whatever reason, decide that the peer device is unacceptable and decline OAM peering. If the local OAM entity rejects the peer OAM entity, the state becomes oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7). If the OAM peering is allowed by the local device, the state moves to sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6). Note that both the sendLocalAndRemote(5) and oamPeeringLocallyRejected(7) states fall within the state SEND_LOCAL_REMOTE of the Discovery state diagram [802.3ah, Figure 57-5], with the difference being whether the local OAM client has actively rejected the peering or has just not indicated any decision yet. Whether a peering decision has been made is indicated via the local flags field in the OAMPDU (reflected in the aOAMLocalFlagsField of 30.3.6.1.10).

If the remote OAM entity rejects the peering, the state becomes oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8). Note that both the sendLocalAndRemoteOk(6) and oamPeeringRemotelyRejected(8) states fall within the state SEND_LOCAL_REMOTE_OK of the Discovery state diagram [802.3ah, Figure 57-5], with the

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the peering or has just not yet decided. This is indicated via the remote flags field in the OAM PDU (reflected in the aOAMRemoteFlagsField of 30.3.6.1.11).

When the local OAM entity learns that both it and the remote OAM entity have accepted the peering, the state moves to operational(9) corresponding to the SEND_ANY state of the Discovery state diagram [802.3ah, Figure 57-5].

Since Ethernet OAM functions are not designed to work completely over half-duplex interfaces, the value nonOperHalfDuplex(10) is returned whenever Ethernet OAM is enabled (dot3OamAdminState is enabled(1)) but the interface is in half-duplex operation.

"This object configures the mode of OAM operation for this Ethernet like interface. OAM on Ethernet interfaces may be in 'active' mode or 'passive' mode. These two modes differ in that active mode provides additional capabilities to initiate monitoring activities with the remote OAM peer entity, while passive mode generally waits for the peer to initiate OAM actions with it. As an example, an active OAM entity can put the remote OAM entity in a loopback state, where a passive OAM entity cannot.

The default value of dot30amMode is dependent on the type of system on which this Ethernet like interface resides. The default value should be 'active(2)' unless it is known that this system should take on a subservient role to the other device connected over this interface.

Changing this value results in incrementing the configuration revision field of locally generated OAMPDUs (30.3.6.1.12) and potentially re-doing the OAM discovery process if the dot30amOperStatus was already operational(9).

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.3"
```

::= { dot30amEntry 3 }

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```
dot30amMax0amPduSize OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Unsigned32 (64..1518)
  UNITS
              "octets"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "The largest OAMPDU that the OAM entity supports. OAM
    entities exchange maximum OAMPDU sizes and negotiate to use
    the smaller of the two maximum OAMPDU sizes between the peers.
    This value is determined by the local implementation.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.8"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEntry 4 }
dot30amConfigRevision OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32(0..65535)
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The configuration revision of the OAM entity as reflected in
    the latest OAMPDU sent by the OAM entity. The config revision
    is used by OAM entities to indicate configuration changes have
    occurred which might require the peer OAM entity to
    re-evaluate whether OAM peering is allowed.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.12"
  ::= { dot30amEntry 5 }
dot30amFunctionsSupported OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              BITS {
                unidirectionalSupport (0),
                loopbackSupport(1),
                eventSupport(2),
                variableSupport(3)
              }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The OAM functions supported on this Ethernet like interface.
    OAM consists of separate functional sets beyond the basic
    discovery process which is always required. These functional
    groups can be supported independently by any implementation.
    These values are communicated to the peer via the local
    configuration field of Information OAMPDUs.
    Setting 'unidirectionalSupport(0)' indicates that the OAM
```

entity supports the transmission of OAMPDUs on links that are

operating in undirectional mode (traffic flowing in one

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```
direction only). Setting 'loopbackSupport(1)' indicates the
   OAM entity can initiate and respond to loopback commands.
   Setting 'eventSupport(2)' indicates the OAM entity can send
   and receive Event Notification OAMPDUs. Setting
    'variableSupport(3)' indicates the OAM entity can send and
   receive Variable Request and Response OAMPDUs.
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.6"
 REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEntry 6 }
  -- Ethernet OAM Peer group
dot30amPeerTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
             SEQUENCE OF Dot30amPeerEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "This table contains information about the OAM peer for a
   particular Ethernet like interface. OAM entities communicate
   with a single OAM peer entity on Ethernet links on which OAM
   is enabled and operating properly. There is one entry in this
   table for each entry in the dot30amTable for which information
   on the peer OAM entity is available.
  ::= { dot30am0bjects 2 }
dot30amPeerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
            Dot30amPeerEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the table, containing information on the peer OAM
   entity for a single Ethernet like interface.
   Note that there is at most one OAM peer for each Ethernet like
   interface. Entries are automatically created when information
   about the OAM peer entity becomes available, and automatically
   deleted when the OAM peer entity is no longer in
   communication. Peer information is not available when
   dot30amOperStatus is disabled(1), linkFault(2),
   passiveWait(3), activeSendLocal(4). or nonOperHalfDuplex(10)).
 INDEX
             { ifIndex }
```

```
::= { dot30amPeerTable 1 }
```

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```
Dot30amPeerEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    dot30amPeerMacAddress
                                        MacAddress,
    dot30amPeerVendor0ui
                                        Dot30ui,
    dot30amPeerVendorInfo
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amPeerMode
                                        INTEGER,
    dot30amPeerMax0amPduSize
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amPeerConfigRevision
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported
                                        BITS
  }
dot30amPeerMacAddress OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             MacAddress
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "The MAC address of the peer OAM entity. The MAC address is
    derived from the most recently received OAMPDU.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.5."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 1 }
dot30amPeerVendorOui OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Dot30ui
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The OUI of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest
    Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The
    OUI can be used to identify the vendor of the remote OAM
    entity. This value is initialized to three octets of zero
    before any Local Information TLV is received.
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.16."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 2 }
dot30amPeerVendorInfo OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "The Vendor Info of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest
    Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The
    vendor information field is within the Local Information TLV,
```

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```
and can be used to determine additional information about the
    peer entity. The format of the vendor information is
    unspecified within the 32-bit field. This value is
    initialized to zero before any Local Information TLV is
    received.
  REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.17."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 3 }
dot30amPeerMode OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                passive(1),
                active(2),
                unknown(3)
              }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The mode of the OAM peer as reflected in the latest
    Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. The
    mode of the peer can be determined from the Configuration
    field in the Local Information TLV of the last Information
    OAMPDU received from the peer. The value is unknown(3)
    whenever no Local Information TLV has been received. The
    values of active(2) and passive(1) are returned when a Local
    Information TLV has been received indicating the peer is in
    active or passive mode, respectively.
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.7."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 4 }
dot30amPeerMax0amPduSize OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0 | 64..1518)
              "octets"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
```

"The maximum size of OAMPDU supported by the peer as reflected in the latest Information OAMPDU received with a Local Information TLV. Ethernet OAM on this interface must not use OAMPDUs that exceed this size. The maximum OAMPDU size can be determined from the PDU Configuration field of the Local Information TLV of the last Information OAMPDU received from the peer. A value of zero is returned if no Local Information TLV has been received. Otherwise, the value of the OAM peer's maximum OAMPDU size is returned in this value.

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REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.9."

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```
::= { dot30amPeerEntry 5 }
dot30amPeerConfigRevision OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32(0..65535)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The configuration revision of the OAM peer as reflected in
    the latest OAMPDU. This attribute is changed by the peer
    whenever it has a local configuration change for Ethernet OAM
    this interface. The configuration revision can be determined
    from the Revision field of the Local Information TLV of the
    most recently received Information OAMPDU with a Local
    Information TLV. A value of zero is returned if no Local
    Information TLV has been received.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.13."
  ::= { dot30amPeerEntry 6 }
dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              BITS {
                unidirectionalSupport (0),
                loopbackSupport(1),
                eventSupport(2),
                variableSupport(3)
              }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "The OAM functions supported on this Ethernet like interface.
    OAM consists of separate functionality sets above the basic
    discovery process. This value indicates the capabilities of
    the peer OAM entity with respect to these functions. This
    value is initialized so all bits are clear.
```

If unidirectionalSupport(0) is set, then the peer OAM entity supports sending OAM frames on Ethernet interfaces when the receive path is known to be inoperable. If loopbackSupport(1) is set, then the peer OAM entity can send and receive OAM loopback commands. If eventSupport(2) is set, then the peer OAM entity can send and receive event OAMPDUs to signal various error conditions. If variableSupport(3) is set, then the peer OAM entity can send and receive variable requests to monitor attribute value as described in Clause 57 of [802.3ah].

The capabilities of the OAM peer can be determined from the

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configuration field of the Local Information TLV of the most recently received Information OAMPDU with a Local Information TLV. All zeros are returned if no Local Information TLV has yet been received.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 30.3.6.1.7." 
::= { dot30amPeerEntry 7 }
```

__ *********************

- -

-- Ethernet OAM Loopback group

- -

dot30amLoopbackTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amLoopbackEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table contains controls for the loopback state of the local link as well as indicating the status of the loopback function. There is one entry in this table for each entry in dot30amTable that supports loopback functionality (where dot30amFunctionsSupported includes the loopbackSupport bit set).

Loopback can be used to place the remote OAM entity in a state where every received frame (except OAMPDUs) are echoed back over the same interface on which they were received. In this state, at the remote entity, 'normal' traffic is disabled as only the looped back frames are transmitted on the interface. Loopback is thus an intrusive operation that prohibits normal data flow and should be used accordingly. "

::= { dot30am0bjects 3 }

dot30amLoopbackEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Dot30amLoopbackEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in the table, containing information on the loopback status for a single Ethernet like interface. Entries in the table are automatically created whenever the local OAM entity supports loopback capabilities. The loopback status on the interface can be determined from the dot30amLoopbackStatus object.

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```
INDEX
              { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amLoopbackTable 1 }
Dot30amLoopbackEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    dot30amLoopbackStatus
                                      INTEGER,
    dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx
                                      INTEGER
  }
dot30amLoopbackStatus OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                -- all values, except where noted, can be read
                -- but cannot be written
                noLoopback (1),
                -- initiatingLoopback can be read or written
                initiatingLoopback (2),
                remoteLoopback (3),
                -- terminatingLoopback can be read or written
                terminatingLoopback (4),
                localLoopback (5),
                unknown (6)
              }
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The loopback status of the OAM entity. This status is
    determined by a combination of the local parser and
    as well as by the actions of the local OAM client. When
```

multiplexer states, the remote parser and multiplexer states, operating in normal mode with no loopback in progress, the status reads noLoopback(1).

The values initiatingLooopback(2) and terminatingLoopback(4) can be read or written. The other values can only be read they can never be written. Writing initiatingLoopback causes the local OAM entity to start the loopback process with its This value can only be written when the status is noLoopback(1). Writing the value initiatingLoopback(2) in any other state has no effect. When in remoteLoopback(3), writing terminatingLoopback(4) causes the local OAM entity to initiate the termination of the loopback state. Writing terminatingLoopack(4) in any other state has no effect.

If the OAM client initiates a looopback and has sent an Loopback OAMPDU and is waiting for a response, where the local parser and multiplexer states are DISCARD (see [802.3ah,

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case, the local OAM entity has yet to receive any acknowledgement that the remote OAM entity has received its loopback command request.

If the local OAM client knows that the remote OAM entity is in loopback mode (via the remote state information as described in [802.3ah, 57.2.11.1, 30.3.6.1.15]), the status is remoteLoopback(3). If the local OAM client is in the process of terminating the remote loopback [802.3ah, 57.2.11.3, 30.3.6.1.14], with its local multiplexer and parser states in DISCARD, the status is terminatingLoopback(4). If the remote OAM client has put the local OAM entity in loopback mode as indicated by its local parser state, the status is localLoopback(5).

The unknown(6) status indicates the parser and multiplexer combination is unexpected. This status may be returned if the OAM loopback is in a transition state but should not persist.

The values of this attribute correspond to the following values of the local and remote parser and multiplexer states.

```
value
                     LclPrsr
                               LclMux
                                          RmtPrsr
                                                    RmtMux
    noLoopback
                       FWD
                                 FWD
                                            FWD
                                                      FWD
    initLoopback
                     DISCARD
                               DISCARD
                                            FWD
                                                      FWD
    rmtLoopback
                                 FWD
                                           LPBK
                                                   DISCARD
                     DISCARD
    tmtngLoopback
                     DISCARD
                               DISCARD
                                          LPBK
                                                   DISCARD
    lclLoopback
                       LPBK
                               DISCARD
                                          DISCARD
                                                      FWD
                       * * *
                                                      * * *
    unknown
                             any other combination
REFERENCE
            "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 57.2.11, 30.3.61.14,
  30.3.6.1.15"
```

dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx OBJECT-TYPE

::= { dot30amLoopbackEntry 1 }

SYNTAX INTEGER { ignore(1), process(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Since OAM loopback is a distruptive operation (user traffic does not pass), this attribute provides a mechanism to provide controls over whether received OAM loopback commands are processed or ignored. When the value is ignore(1), received loopback commands are ignored. When the value is process(2), OAM loopback commands are processed. The default value is to ignore loopback commands (ignore(1)).

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], REFERENCE 57.2.11, 30.3.61.14,
```

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```
::= { dot30amLoopbackEntry 2 }
   -- Ethernet OAM Statistics group
dot30amStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
             SEQUENCE OF Dot30amStatsEntry
 SYNTAX
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "This table contains statistics for the OAM function on a
   particular Ethernet like interface. There is an entry in the
   table for every entry in the dot30amTable.
   The counters in this table are defined as 32-bit entries to
   match the counter size as defined in [802.3ah]. Given the OAM
   protocol is a slow protocol, the counters increment at a slow
   rate.
  ::= { dot30am0bjects 4 }
dot30amStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
          Dot30amStatsEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
             current
 STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the table, containing statistics information on
   the Ethernet OAM function for a single Ethernet like
   interface. Entries are automatically created for every entry
   in the dot30amTable. Counters are maintained across
   transitions in dot30amOperStatus.
 INDEX
             { ifIndex }
  ::= { dot30amStatsTable 1 }
Dot30amStatsEntry ::=
 SEQUENCE {
           dot30amInformationTx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amInformationRx
                                              Counter32,
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx
           dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx
                                              Counter32,
           dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx Counter32,
           dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx Counter32,
           dot30amLoopbackControlTx
                                              Counter32,
```

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```
dot30amVariableRequestTx
                                                 Counter32,
            dot30amVariableRequestRx
                                                 Counter32,
            dot30amVariableResponseTx
                                                 Counter32,
            dot30amVariableResponseRx
                                                 Counter32,
                                                 Counter32,
            dot30amOrgSpecificTx
            dot30amOrgSpecificRx
                                                 Counter32,
            dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx
                                                 Counter32,
            dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx
                                                 Counter32,
            dot30amFramesLostDueTo0am
                                                 Counter32
           }
dot30amInformationTx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Counter32
              "frames"
  UNTTS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Information OAMPDUs transmitted on
    this interface.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
  REFERENCE
             "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.20."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 1 }
dot30amInformationRx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Counter32
              "frames"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Information OAMPDUs received on this
    interface.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.21."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 2 }
dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Counter32
              "frames"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
```

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"A count of the number of unique Event OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface. Event notifications may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possiblity that a frame may be lost in transit. Duplicate Event Notification transmissions are counted by dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx.

A unique Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is distinct from the previously transmitted Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.22." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 3 }
```

dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 UNITS "frames" MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of unique Event OAMPDUs received on this interface. Event notification OAMPDUs may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possiblity that a frame may be lost in transit. Duplicate Event Notification receptions are counted by dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx.

A unique Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is distinct from the previously received Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

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DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of duplicate Event OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface. Event notification OAMPDUs may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possiblity that a frame may be lost in transit.

A duplicate Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is identical to the previously transmitted Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.23." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 5 }
```

dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 UNITS "frames" MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of duplicate Event OAMPDUs received on this interface. Event notification OAMPDUs may be sent in duplicate to increase the probability of successfully being received, given the possibility that a frame may be lost in transit.

A duplicate Event Notification OAMPDU is indicated as an Event Notification OAMPDU with a Sequence Number field that is identical to the previously received Event Notification OAMPDU Sequence Number.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.25." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 6 }
```

dot30amLoopbackControlTx OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
UNITS "frames"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current

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"A count of the number of Loopback Control OAMPDUs transmitted

on this interface. Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. REFERENCE "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.26." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 7 } dot30amLoopbackControlRx OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 UNITS "frames" MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of Loopback Control OAMPDUs received on this interface. Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.27." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 8 } dot30amVariableRequestTx OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 SYNTAX UNITS "frames" MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of Variable Request OAMPDUs transmitted on this interface. Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime. REFERENCE "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.28." ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 9 } dot30amVariableRequestRx OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 SYNTAX "frames" UNITS MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of Variable Request OAMPDUs received on

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```
this interface.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.29."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 10 }
dot30amVariableResponseTx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Counter32
  UNITS
              "frames"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Variable Response OAMPDUs
    transmitted on this interface.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.30."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 11 }
dot30amVariableResponseRx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Counter32
              "frames"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Variable Response OAMPDUs received
    on this interface.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.31."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 12 }
 dot30amOrgSpecificTx OBJECT-TYPE
```

"A count of the number of Organization Specific OAMPDUs

SYNTAX

STATUS

DESCRIPTION

UNITS

Counter32

"frames"

current

MAX-ACCESS read-only

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```
Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.32."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 13 }
dot30amOrgSpecificRx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Counter32
  UNITS
              "frames"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of Organization Specific OAMPDUs
    received on this interface.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.33."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 14 }
dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Counter32
              "frames"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of OAMPDUs transmitted on this
    interface with an unsupported op-code.
    Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization
    of the management system, and at other times as indicated by
    the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.18."
  ::= { dot30amStatsEntry 15 }
dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Counter32
  UNTTS
              "frames"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A count of the number of OAMPDUs received on this interface
```

with an unsupported op-code.

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Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.19." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 16 }
```

dot30amFramesLostDueTo0am OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
UNITS "frames"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A count of the number of frames that were dropped by the OAM multiplexer. Since the OAM mulitplexer has multiple inputs and a single output, there may be cases where frames are dropped due to transmit resource contention. This counter is incremented whenever a frame is dropped by the OAM layer. Note that any Ethernet frame, not just OAMPDUs, may be dropped by the OAM layer. This can occur when an OAMPDU takes precedence over a 'normal' frame resulting in the 'normal' frame being dropped.

When this counter is incremented, no other counters in this MIB are incremented.

Discontinuities of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of the ifCounterDiscontinuityTime.

```
REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.46." 
::= { dot30amStatsEntry 17 }
```

__ *********************

-- Ethernet OAM Event Configuration group

- -

dot30amEventConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEventConfigEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Ethernet OAM includes the ability to generate and receive Event Notification OAMPDUs to indicate various link problems. This table contains the mechanisms to enable Event

Notifications and configure the thresholds to generate the

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standard Ethernet OAM events. There is one entry in the table for every entry in dot30amTable that supports OAM events (where dot30amFunctionsSupported includes the eventSupport bit set). The values in the table are maintained across changes to dot30amOperStatus.

The standard threshold crossing events are:

- Errored Symbol Period Event. Generated when the number of symbol errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a number of symbols (for example, 1,000 symbols out of 1,000,000 had errors).
- Errored Frame Period Event. Generated when the number of frame errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a number of frames (for example, 10 frames out of 1000 had errors).
- Errored Frame Event. Generated when the number of frame errors exceeds a threshold within a given window defined by a period of time (for example, 10 frames in 1 second had errors).
- Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event. Generated when the number of errored frame seconds exceeds a threshold within a given time period (for example, 10 errored frame seconds within the last 100 seconds). An errored frame second is defined as a 1 second interval which had >0 frame errors.

There are other events (dying gasp, critical events) that are not threshold crossing events but which can be enabled/disabled via this table.

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Entries are automatically created and deleted from this table, and exist whenever the OAM entity supports Ethernet OAM events (as indicated by the eventSupport bit in dot30amFunctionsSuppported). Values in the table are maintained across changes to the value of dot30amOperStatus.

Event configuration controls when the local management entity sends Event Notification OAMPDUs to its OAM peer, and when certain event flags are set or cleared in OAMPDUs.

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```
SEQUENCE {
            dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable
                                               TruthValue,
            dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable TruthValue,
            dot30amErrFrameWindow
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFrameThreshold
                                               Unsigned32,
            dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable
                                                TruthValue,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow
                                               Integer32,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold Integer32,
            dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable
                                                TruthValue,
            dot30amDyingGaspEnable
                                                TruthValue,
            dot30amCriticalEventEnable
                                               TruthValue
          }
dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  UNITS
              "2^32 symbols"
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi and
    dot30amErrSymPeriodLo together form an unsigned 64-bit
    integer representing the number of symbols over which this
    threshold event is defined. This is defined as
  dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow = ((2^32)*dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi)
                                    + dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo
    If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
    The default value for dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow is the number
    of symbols in one second for the underlying physical layer.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.34"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 1 }
dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  UNITS
              "symbols"
```

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STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi and dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo together form an unsigned 64-bit integer representing the number of symbols over which this threshold event is defined. This is defined as

If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in this window.

The default value for dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow is the number of symbols in one second for the underlying physical layer.

```
REFERENCE "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.34"
::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 2 }
```

dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32
UNITS "2^32 symbols"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi and dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo together form an unsigned 64-bit integer representing the number of symbol errors that must occur within a given window to cause this event.

This is defined as

If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in this window.

The default value for dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold is one symbol errors. If the threshold value is zero, then an Event Notification OAMPDU is sent periodically (at the end of every window). This can be used as an asynchronous notification to

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DESCRIPTION

"The two objects dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi and dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo together form an unsigned 64-bit integer representing the number of symbol errors that must occur within a given window to cause this event.

This is defined as

If dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold symbol errors occur within a window of dot30amErrSymPeriodWindow symbols, an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Symbol Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in this window.

The default value for dot30amErrSymPeriodThreshold is one symbol error. If the threshold value is zero, then an Event Notification OAMPDU is sent periodically (at the end of every window). This can be used as an asynchronous notification to the peer OAM entity of the statistics related to this threshold crossing alarm.

```
REFERENCE "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.34"
::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 4 }
```

dot30amErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"If true, the OAM entity should send an Event Notification OAMPDU when an Errored Symbol Period Event occurs.

By default, this object should have the value true for

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```
does not support event notifications (as indicated via the
    dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 5 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            Unsigned32
  UNTTS
             "frames"
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
            current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "The number of frames over which the threshold is defined.
    The default value of the window is the number of minimum size
    Ethernet frames that can be received over the physical layer
    in one second.
    If dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold frame errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow frames, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.38"
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 6 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Unsigned32
             "frames"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The number of frame errors that must occur for this event to
    be triggered. The default value is one frame error. If the
    threshold value is zero, then an Event Notification OAMPDU is
    sent periodically (at the end of every window). This can be
    used as an asynchronous notification to the peer OAM entity of
    the statistics related to this threshold crossing alarm.
    If dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold frame errors occur within a
    window of dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow frames, an Event
    Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame
    Period Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in
    this window.
```

dot30amErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE

::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 7 }

"[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.38"

REFERENCE

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MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"If true, the OAM entity should send an Event Notification OAMPDU when an Errored Frame Period Event occurs.

By default, this object should have the value true for Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer does not support event notifications (as indicated via the dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.

::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 8 }

dot30amErrFrameWindow OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "tenths of a second"

MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The amount of time (in 100ms increments) over which the threshold is defined. The default value is 10 (1 second).

If dot30amErrFrameThreshold frame errors occur within a window of dot30amErrFrameWindow seconds (measured in tenths of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in this window.

REFERENCE "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.36" ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 9 }

dot30amErrFrameThreshold OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 UNITS "frames" MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of frame errors that must occur for this event to be triggered. The default value is one frame error. If the threshold value is zero, then an Event Notification OAMPDU is sent periodically (at the end of every window). This can be used as an asynchronous notification to the peer OAM entity of the statistics related to this threshold crossing alarm.

If dot30amErrFrameThreshold frame errors occur within a window of dot30amErrFrameWindow (in tenths of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame

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```
window.
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.36"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 10 }
dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE
             TruthValue
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "If true, the OAM entity should send an Event Notification
    OAMPDU when an Errored Frame Event occurs.
    By default, this object should have the value true for
    Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer
    does not support event notifications (as indicated via the
    dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 11 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Integer32 (100..9000)
  UNTTS
              "tenths of a second"
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The amount of time (in 100ms intervals) over which the
    threshold is defined. The default value is 100 (10 seconds).
    If dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold frame errors occur
    within a window of dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow (in tenths
    of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated
    with an Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event TLV indicating the
    threshold has been crossed in this window.
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.40"
  ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 12 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Integer32 (1..900)
              "errored frame seconds"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The number of errored frame seconds that must occur for this
    event to be triggered. The default value is one errored frame
    second. If the threshold value is zero, then an Event
```

Notification OAMPDU is sent periodically (at the end of every

window). This can be used as an asynchronous notification to

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the peer OAM entity of the statistics related to this threshold crossing alarm.

If dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold frame errors occur within a window of dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow (in tenths of seconds), an Event Notification OAMPDU should be generated with an Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event TLV indicating the threshold has been crossed in this window.

REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.40" ::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 13 }

dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"If true, the local OAM entity should send an Event Notification OAMPDU when an Errored Frame Seconds Event occurs.

By default, this object should have the value true for Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer does not support event notifications (as indicated via the dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.

::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 14 }

dot30amDyingGaspEnable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"If true, the local OAM entity should attempt to indicate a dying gasp via the OAMPDU flags field to its peer OAM entity when a dying gasp event occurs. The exact definition of a dying gasp event is implementation dependent. If the system does not support dying gasp capability, setting this object has no effect, and reading the object should always result in 'false'.

By default, this object should have the value true for Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer does not support event notifications (as indicated via the dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.

::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 15 }

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SYNTAX TruthValue
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"If true, the local OAM entity should attempt to indicate a critical event via the OAMPDU flags to its peer OAM entity when a critical event occurs. The exact definition of a critical event is implementation dependent. If the system does not support critical event capability, setting this object has no effect, and reading the object should always result in 'false'.

By default, this object should have the value true for Ethernet like interfaces that support OAM. If the OAM layer does not support event notifications (as indicated via the dot30amFunctionsSupported attribute), this value is ignored.

::= { dot30amEventConfigEntry 16 }

__ *******************

- -

-- Ethernet OAM Event Log group

- -

dot30amEventLogTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot30amEventLogEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table records a history of the events that have occurred at the Ethernet OAM level. These events can include locally detected events, which may result in locally generated OAMPDUs, and remotely detected events, which are detected by the OAM peer entity and signaled to the local entity via Ethernet OAM. Ethernet OAM events can be signaled by Event Notification OAMPDUs or by the flags field in any OAMPDU.

This table contains both threshold crossing events and non-threshold crossing events. The parameters for the threshold window, threshold value, and actual value (dot30amEventLogWindowXX, dot30amEventLogThresholdXX, dot30amEventLogValue) are only applicable to threshold crossing events, and are returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) for non-threshold crossing events.

Entries in the table are automatically created when such

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```
dependent. When the table reaches its maximum size, older
    entries are automatically deleted to make room for newer
    entries.
    ::= { dot30am0bjects 6 }
dot30amEventLogEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Dot30amEventLogEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in the dot30amEventLogTable. Entries are
    automatically created whenever Ethernet OAM events occur at
    the local OAM entity, and when Event Notification OAMPDUs are
    received at the local OAM entity (indicating events have
    occurred at the peer OAM entity). The size of the table is
    implementation dependent, but when the table becomes full,
    older events are automatically deleted to make room for newer
    events. The table index dot30amEventLogIndex increments for
    each new entry, and when the maximum value is reached the
    value restarts at zero.
              { ifIndex, dot30amEventLogIndex }
  INDEX
  ::= { dot30amEventLogTable 1 }
Dot30amEventLogEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
    dot30amEventLogIndex
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogTimestamp
                                        TimeStamp,
    dot30amEventLog0ui
                                        Dot30ui,
    dot30amEventLogType
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogLocation
                                        INTEGER,
    dot30amEventLogWindowHi
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogWindowLo
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogThresholdHi
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
                                        Unsigned32,
    dot30amEventLogValue
                                        CounterBasedGauge64,
    dot30amEventLogRunningTotal
                                        CounterBasedGauge64,
    dot30amEventLogEventTotal
                                        Unsigned32
  }
dot30amEventLogIndex
                           OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "An arbitrary integer for identifiying individual events
    within the event log. "
```

::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 1 }

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```
dot30amEventLogTimestamp OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The value of sysUpTime at the time of the logged event. For
    locally generated events, the time of the event can be
    accurately retrieved from sysUpTime. For remotely generated
    events, the time of the event is indicated by the reception of
    the Event Notification OAMPDU indicating the event occurred on
    the peer. A system may attempt to adjust the timestamp value
    to more accurately reflect the time of the event at the peer
    OAM entity by using other information, such as that found in
    the timestamp found of the Event Notification TLVs, which
    provides an indication of the relative time between events at
    the peer entity.
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 2 }
dot30amEventLog0ui OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Dot30ui
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The OUI of the entity defining the object type. All IEEE
    802.3 defined events (as appearing in [802.3ah] except for the
    Organizationally Unique Event TLVs) use the IEEE 802.3 OUI of
    0x0180C2. Organizations defining their own Event Notification
    TLVs include their OUI in the Event Notification TLV which
    gets reflected here.
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 3 }
dot30amEventLogType
                         OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "The type of event that generated this entry in the event log.
    When the OUI is the IEEE 802.3 OUI of 0x0180C2, the following
    event types are defined:
        erroredSymbolEvent(1),
        erroredFramePeriodEvent (2),
        erroredFrameEvent(3),
        erroredFrameSecondsEvent(4),
        linkFault(256),
        dyingGaspEvent(257),
        criticalLinkEvent(258)
```

The first four are considered threshold crossing events as

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they are generated when a metric exceeds a given value within

```
a specified window. The other three are not threshold
    crossing events.
    When the OUI is not 71874 (0x0180C2 in hex), then some other
    organization has defined the event space. If event subtyping
    is known to the implementation, it may be reflected here.
    Otherwise, this value should return all F's (2^32 - 1).
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.10 and 57.5.3."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 4 }
dot30amEventLogLocation OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              INTEGER { local(1), remote(2) }
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Whether this event occurred locally (local(1)), or was
    received from the OAM peer via Ethernet OAM (remote(2)).
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 5 }
dot30amEventLogWindowHi
                             OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
    "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two
    objects dot30amEventWindowHi and dot30amEventWindowLo form an
    unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the window over which the
    value was measured for the threshold crossing event (for
    example, 5, when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while
    the threshold was 10). The two objects are combined as:
    dot30amEventLogWindow = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogWindowHi)
                                    + dot30amEventLogWindowLo
    Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) and
    adds no useful information.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 6 }
dot30amEventLogWindowLo
                             OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

STATUS

current

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"If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two

objects dot30amEventWindowHi and dot30amEventWindowLo form an unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the window over which the value was measured for the threshold crossing event (for example, 5, when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold was 10). The two objects are combined as: dot30amEventLogWindow = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogWindowHi) + dot30amEventLogWindowLo Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) and adds no useful information. REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2." ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 7 } dot30amEventLogThresholdHi OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two objects dot30amEventThresholdHi and dot30amEventThresholdLo form an unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the value that was crossed for the threshold crossing event (for example, 10, when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold was 10). The two objects are combined as: $dot30amEventLogThreshold = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogThresholdHi)$ + dot30amEventLogThresholdLo Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (2^32 -1) and adds no useful information. REFERENCE "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2." ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 8 } dot30amEventLogThresholdLo **OBJECT-TYPE** SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, the two objects dot30amEventThresholdHi and dot30amEventThresholdLo form an unsigned 64-bit integer yielding the value that was crossed for the threshold crossing event (for example, 10,

when 11 occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold

was 10). The two objects are combined as:

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```
dot30amEventLogThreshold = ((2^32) * dot30amEventLogThresholdHi)
                                     + dot30amEventLogThresholdLo
    Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's (2^32 - 1) and
    adds no useful information.
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  REFERENCE
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 9 }
dot30amEventLogValue
                          OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              CounterBasedGauge64
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "If the event represents a threshold crossing event, this
    value indicates the value of the parameter within the given
    window that generated this event (for example, 11, when 11
    occurrences happened in 5 seconds while the threshold was 10).
    Otherwise, this value is returned as all F's
    (2^64 - 1) and adds no useful information.
  REFERENCE
              "[<u>802.3ah</u>], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 10 }
dot30amEventLogRunningTotal
                                 OBJECT-TYPE
              CounterBasedGauge64
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "Each Event Notification TLV contains a running total of the
    number of times an event has occurred, as well as the number
    of times an Event Notification for the event has been
    transmitted. For non-threshold crossing events, the number of
    events (dot30amLogRunningTotal) and the number of resultant
    Event Notifications (dot30amLogEventTotal) should be
    identical.
    For threshold crossing events, since multiple occurrences may
    be required to cross the threshold, these values are likely
    different. This value represents the total number of times
    this event has happened since the last reset (for example,
    3253, when 3253 symbol errors have occurred since the last
    reset, which has resulted in 51 symbol error threshold
    crossing events since the last reset).
  REFERENCE
              "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
```

::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 11 }

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```
dot30amEventLogEventTotal
                             OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX
             Unsigned32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
   "Each Event Notification TLV contains a running total of the
   number of times an event has occurred, as well as the number
   of times an Event Notification for the event has been
   transmitted. For non-threshold crossing events, the number of
   events (dot30amLogRunningTotal) and the number of resultant
   Event Notifications (dot30amLogEventTotal) should be
   identical.
   For threshold crossing events, since multiple occurrences may
   be required to cross the threshold, these values are likely
   different. This value represents the total number of times
   one or more of these occurrences have resulted in an Event
   Notification (for example, 51 when 3253 symbol errors have
   occurred since the last reset, which has resulted in 51 symbol
   error threshold crossing events since the last reset).
 REFERENCE
             "[802.3ah], 30.3.6.1.37 and 57.5.3.2."
  ::= { dot30amEventLogEntry 12 }
  -- Ethernet OAM Notifications
dot30amThresholdEvent NOTIFICATION-TYPE
 OBJECTS { dot30amEventLogTimestamp,
           dot30amEventLog0ui,
           dot30amEventLogType,
           dot30amEventLogLocation,
           dot30amEventLogWindowHi,
           dot30amEventLogWindowLo,
           dot30amEventLogThresholdHi,
           dot30amEventLogThresholdLo,
           dot30amEventLogValue,
           dot30amEventLogRunningTotal,
           dot30amEventLogEventTotal
         }
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
```

"A dot30amThresholdEvent notification is sent when a local or remote threshold crossing event is detected. A local

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while a remote threshold crossing event is detected by the reception of an Ethernet OAM Event Notification OAMPDU indicating a threshold event.

This notification should not be sent more than once per second.

The OAM entity can be derived from extracting the ifIndex from the variable bindings. The objects in the notification correspond to the values in a row instance of in the dot30amEventLogTable.

```
The management entity should periodically check dot30amEventLogTable to detect any missed events."
::= { dot30amNotifications 1 }
```

DESCRIPTION

"A dot30amNonThresholdEvent notification is sent when a local or remote non-threshold crossing event is detected. A local event is detected by the local entity, while a remote event is detected by the reception of an Ethernet OAM Event Notification OAMPDU indicating a non-threshold crossing event.

This notification should not be sent more than once per second.

The OAM entity can be derived from extracting the ifIndex from the variable bindings. The objects in the notification correspond to the values in a row instance of the dot30amEventLogTable.

```
The management entity should periodically check dot30amEventLogTable to detect any missed events."
::= { dot30amNotifications 2 }
```

-- Ethernet OAM Compliance group

- -

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```
dot30amGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amConformance 1 }
dot30amCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot30amConformance 2 }
-- Compliance statements
dot30amCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS
                  current
  DESCRIPTION "The compliance statement for managed entities
               supporting OAM on Ethernet like interfaces.
MODULE
         -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS { dot30amControlGroup,
                     dot30amPeerGroup,
                     dot30amStatsBaseGroup
                   }
  GROUP
              dot30amLoopbackGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support loopback functionality. "
  GROUP
              dot30amErrSymbolPeriodEventGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support event functionality. "
  GROUP
              dot30amErrFramePeriodEventGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support event functionality. "
  GROUP
              dot30amErrFrameEventGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support event functionality. "
  GROUP
              dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryEventGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is mandatory for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations that support event functionality. "
  GROUP
               dot30amFlagEventGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations. The ability to send critical events or dying
    gasp events is not required in any system."
```

```
GROUP
               dot30amEventLogGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations. Entries in this table are dependent on what
    event functionality is supported in the local OAM
    implementation. At least one type of event must be supported
    for entries to appear in this table.
  GROUP
               dot30amNotificationGroup
  DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional for all IEEE 802.3 OAM
    implementations. Since the information in the notifications
    is dependent on the dot30amEventLogTable, that table must be
    implemented for notifications. "
   ::= { dot30amCompliances 1}
dot30amControlGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
                   dot30amAdminState,
                   dot30amOperStatus,
                   dot30amMode,
                   dot30amMax0amPduSize,
                   dot30amConfigRevision,
                   dot30amFunctionsSupported
               current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects providing the abilities,
    configuration, and status of an Ethernet OAM entity.
   ::= { dot30amGroups 1 }
dot30amPeerGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
               {
                   dot30amPeerMacAddress,
                   dot30amPeerVendor0ui,
                   dot30amPeerVendorInfo,
                   dot30amPeerMode,
                   dot30amPeerFunctionsSupported,
                   dot30amPeerMax0amPduSize,
                   dot30amPeerConfigRevision
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects providing the abilities,
    configuration, and status of a peer Ethernet OAM entity. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 2 }
```

dot30amStatsBaseGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { dot30amInformationTx,

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```
dot30amInformationRx,
                   dot30amUniqueEventNotificationTx,
                   dot30amUniqueEventNotificationRx,
                   dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationTx,
                   dot30amDuplicateEventNotificationRx,
                   dot30amLoopbackControlTx,
                   dot30amLoopbackControlRx,
                   dot30amVariableRequestTx,
                   dot30amVariableRequestRx,
                   dot30amVariableResponseTx,
                   dot30amVariableResponseRx,
                   dot30amOrgSpecificTx,
                   dot30amOrgSpecificRx,
                   dot30amUnsupportedCodesTx,
                   dot30amUnsupportedCodesRx,
                   dot30amFramesLostDueTo0am
               }
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects providing the statistics for the
    number of various transmit and recieve events for OAM on an
    Ethernet like interface. Note that all of these counters must
    be supported even if the related function (as described in
    dot30amFunctionsSupported) is not supported.
   ::= { dot30amGroups 3 }
dot30amLoopbackGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
               {
                   dot30amLoopbackStatus,
                   dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx
               current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for controlling the OAM remote
    loopback function. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 4 }
dot30amErrSymbolPeriodEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowHi,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodWindowLo,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdHi,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodThresholdLo,
                   dot30amErrSymPeriodEvNotifEnable
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Symbol Period Event.
```

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```
conformance group because each event can be implemented
    independently of any other. "
  ::= { dot30amGroups 5 }
dot30amErrFramePeriodEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
                   dot30amErrFramePeriodWindow,
  OBJECTS
              {
                   dot30amErrFramePeriodThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFramePeriodEvNotifEnable
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Period Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
    independently of any other. "
  ::= { dot30amGroups 6 }
dot30amErrFrameEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
              {
                   dot30amErrFrameWindow,
                   dot30amErrFrameThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFrameEvNotifEnable
               }
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
    independently of any other. "
  ::= { dot30amGroups 7 }
dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS.
                   dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryWindow,
               {
                   dot30amErrFrameSecsSummaryThreshold,
                   dot30amErrFrameSecsEvNotifEnable
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event.
    Each [802.3ah] defined Event Notification TLV has its own
    conformance group because each event can be implemented
    independently of any other. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 8 }
```

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```
dot30amFlagEventGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS
               {
                   dot30amDyingGaspEnable,
                   dot30amCriticalEventEnable
               current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for configuring the sending OAMPDUs
    with the critical event flag or dying gasp flag enabled. "
   ::= { dot30amGroups 9 }
dot30amEventLogGroup OBJECT-GROUP
 OBJECTS { dot30amEventLogTimestamp,
             dot30amEventLog0ui,
             dot30amEventLogType,
             dot30amEventLogLocation,
             dot30amEventLogWindowHi,
             dot30amEventLogWindowLo,
             dot30amEventLogThresholdHi,
             dot30amEventLogThresholdLo,
             dot30amEventLogValue,
             dot30amEventLogRunningTotal,
             dot30amEventLogEventTotal
           }
 STATUS
             current
 DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of objects for configuring the thresholds for an
    Errored Frame Seconds Summary Event and maintaining the event
    information.
   ::= { dot30amGroups 10 }
dot30amNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
 NOTIFICATIONS {
              dot30amThresholdEvent,
              dot30amNonThresholdEvent
                }
              current
 STATUS
 DESCRIPTION
   "A collection of notifications used by Ethernet OAM to signal
   to a management entity that local or remote events have occured
   on a specified Ethernet link. "
  ::= { dot30amGroups 11 }
FND
```

7. Security Considerations

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The readable objects in this module can provide information about network traffic, and therefore may be considered sensitive. In particular, OAM provides mechanisms for reading the IEEE 802.3 Clause 30 MIB attributes from a link partner via a specialized layer two protocol. Unlike SNMP, IEEE P802.3ah OAM does not include encryption or authorization mechanisms. It should be used in environments where either this interface information is not considered sensitive, or where the facility terminations are protected. By default, OAM is disabled on Ethernet like interfaces and is therefore not a risk.

IEEE 802.3ah OAM is designed to support deployment in access and enterprise networks. In access networks, one end of a link is the CO-side, and the other is the CPE-side, and the facilities are often protected in wiring cages or closets. In such deployments, it is often the case that the CO-side is protected from access from the CPE side. Within IEEE P802.3ah OAM, this protection from remote access is accomplished by configuring the CPE-side in passive mode using the dot30amMode attribute. This prevents the CPE from accessing functions and information at the CO-side of the connection. In enterprise networks, read-only interface information is often considered non-sensitive.

The frequency of OAM PDUs on an Ethernet interface does not adversely affect data traffic as OAM is a slow protocol with very limited bandwidth potential, and it is not required for normal link operation. And although there are a number of objects in this module with read-write or read-create MAX-ACCESS, they have limited effects on user data.

The loopback capability of OAM can have potentially disruptive effects in that the when enabling remote loopback, the remote station automatically transmits all received traffic back to the local station except for OAM traffic. This completely disrupts all higher layer protocols such as bridging, IP, and SNMP. Therefore an attribute (dot30amLoopbackIgnoreRx) was introduced to control whether the local station processes or ignores received loopback commands.

The administrative state and mode are also read-write objects. Disabling OAM can interrupt management activities between peer devices, potentially causing serious problems. Setting the dot30amMode to an undesired value can allow access to Ethernet monitoring, events, and functions that may not be acceptable in a particular deployment scenario. In addition to loopback functionality, Ethernet interface statistics and events can be accessed via the OAM protocol, which may not be desired in some circumstances.

OAM event configuration also contains read-write objects. These

objects control whether events are sent, and at what thresholds.

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Note that the frequency of event communication is limited by the frequency limits of Slow Protocols on Ethernet interfaces. Also, the information available obtainable via OAM events is also available via OAM Variable Requests. Access to this information via either OAM events or Variable Requests is controlled by the dot30amAdminState and dot30amMode objects. As mentioned previously, inadequate protection of these variables can result in access to link information and functions.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them

IANA Considerations

8.

The Ethernet OAM MIB requires the allocation of a single object identifier for its MODULE-IDENTITY under the MIB-2 tree.

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor OBJECT IDENTIFIER
dot30amMIB { mib-2 XXX }

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication): the IANA is requested to assign a value for "XXX" under the 'mib-2' subtree and to record the assignment in the SMI Numbers registry. When the assignment has been made, the RFC Editor is asked to replace "XXX" (here and in the MIB module) with the assigned value and to remove this note.

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9. References

9.1

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9.2

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10.

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11.

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12.

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