Hub MIB Working Group INTERNET DRAFT

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## Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-like Interface Types

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#### Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. This memo obsoletes RFC 2358 ''Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-like Interface Types''. This memo extends that specification by including management information useful for the management of 1000 Mb/s and full-duplex Ethernet interfaces.

Ethernet technology, as defined by the 802.3 Working Group of the IEEE, continues to evolve, with scalable increases in speed, new types of cabling and interfaces, and new features. This evolution may require changes in the managed objects in order to reflect this new functionality. This document, as with other documents issued by this working group, reflects a certain stage in the evolution of Ethernet technology. In the future, this document might be revised, or new documents might be issued by the Ethernet Interfaces and Hub

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MIB Working Group, in order to reflect the evolution of Ethernet technology.

Distribution of this memo is unlimited. Please forward comments to hubmib@hprnd.rose.hp.com.

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## **1**. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines objects for managing Ethernet-like interfaces.

This memo also includes a MIB module. This MIB module extends the list of managed objects specified in the earlier version of this MIB: <u>RFC 2358</u> [23].

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT",

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"SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [<u>26</u>].

#### 2. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- o An overall architecture, described in <u>RFC 2271</u> [1].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIv1 and described in <u>RFC 1155 [2]</u>, <u>RFC 1212 [3]</u> and <u>RFC 1215 [4]</u>. The second version, called SMIv2, is described in <u>RFC 1902 [5]</u>, <u>RFC 1903 [6]</u> and <u>RFC 1904 [7]</u>.
- Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in <u>RFC 1157</u> [8]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in <u>RFC 1901</u> [9] and <u>RFC 1906</u> [10]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in <u>RFC 1906</u> [10], <u>RFC 2272</u> [11] and <u>RFC 2274</u> [12].
- Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in <u>RFC 1157</u> [8]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in <u>RFC 1905</u> [13].
- A set of fundamental applications described in <u>RFC 2273</u> [<u>14</u>] and the view-based access control mechanism described in <u>RFC 2275</u> [<u>15</u>].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI.

This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2. A MIB conforming to the SMIv1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIv2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIv1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

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# 3. Overview

Instances of these object types represent attributes of an interface to an ethernet-like communications medium. At present, ethernet-like media are identified by the following values of the ifType object in the Interfaces MIB [25]:

```
ethernetCsmacd(6)
iso88023Csmacd(7)
starLan(11)
```

The definitions presented here are based on <u>Section 30</u>, "10 Mb/s, 100 Mb/s and 1000 Mb/s Management", and Annex 30A, "GDMO Specification for 802.3 managed object classes" of IEEE Std. 802.3, 1998 Edition [16], as originally interpreted by Frank Kastenholz then of Interlan in [17]. Implementors of these MIB objects should note that IEEE Std. 802.3 [16] explicitly describes (in the form of Pascal pseudocode) when, where, and how various MAC attributes are measured. The IEEE document also describes the effects of MAC actions that may be invoked by manipulating instances of the MIB objects defined here.

To the extent that some of the attributes defined in [16] are represented by previously defined objects in MIB-2 [24] or in the Interfaces MIB [25], such attributes are not redundantly represented by objects defined in this memo. Among the attributes represented by objects defined in other memos are the number of octets transmitted or received on a particular interface, the number of frames transmitted or received on a particular interface, the promiscuous status of an interface, the MAC address of an interface, and multicast information associated with an interface.

# 3.1. Relation to MIB-2

This section applies only when this MIB is used in conjunction with the "old" (<u>RFC 1213</u>) [24] interface group.

The relationship between an ethernet-like interface and an interface in the context of MIB-2 is one-to-one. As such, the value of an ifIndex object instance can be directly used to identify corresponding instances of the objects defined herein.

For agents which implement the (now deprecated) ifSpecific object, an instance of that object that is associated with an ethernet-like interface has the OBJECT IDENTIFIER value:

dot3 OBJECT IDENTIFER ::= { transmission 7 }

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## 3.2. Relation to the Interfaces MIB

The Interface MIB [25] requires that any MIB which is an adjunct of the Interface MIB clarify specific areas within the Interface MIB. These areas were intentionally left vague in the Interface MIB to avoid over constraining the MIB, thereby precluding management of certain media-types.

Section 3.3 of [25] enumerates several areas which a media-specific MIB must clarify. Each of these areas is addressed in a following subsection. The implementor is referred to [25] in order to understand the general intent of these areas.

### 3.2.1. Layering Model

This MIB does not provide for layering. There are no sublayers.

EDITOR'S NOTE:

One could foresee the development of an 802.2 and enet-transceiver MIB. They could be higher and lower sublayers, respectively. All that THIS document should do is allude to the possibilities and urge the implementor to be aware of the possibility and that they may have requirements which supersede the requirements in this document.

## 3.2.2. Virtual Circuits

This medium does not support virtual circuits and this area is not applicable to this MIB.

#### <u>3.2.3</u>. ifTestTable

This MIB defines two tests for media which are instrumented with this MIB; TDR and Loopback. Implementation of these tests is not required. Many common interface chips do not support one or both of these tests.

These two tests are provided as a convenience, allowing a common method to invoke the test.

Standard MIBs do not include objects in which to return the results of the TDR test. Any needed objects MUST be provided in the vendor specific MIB.

Note that the ifTestTable is now deprecated. Work is underway to

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define a replacement MIB for system and interface testing. It is expected that the tests defined in this document will be usable in this replacement MIB.

### <u>3.2.4</u>. ifRcvAddressTable

This table contains all IEEE 802.3 addresses, unicast, multicast, and broadcast, for which this interface will receive packets and forward them up to a higher layer entity for local consumption. The format of the address, contained in ifRcvAddressAddress, is the same as for ifPhysAddress.

In the event that the interface is part of a MAC bridge, this table does not include unicast addresses which are accepted for possible forwarding out some other port. This table is explicitly not intended to provide a bridge address filtering mechanism.

### <u>3.2.5</u>. ifPhysAddress

This object contains the IEEE 802.3 address which is placed in the source-address field of any Ethernet, Starlan, or IEEE 802.3 frames that originate at this interface. Usually this will be kept in ROM on the interface hardware. Some systems may set this address via software.

In a system where there are several such addresses the designer has a tougher choice. The address chosen should be the one most likely to be of use to network management (e.g. the address placed in ARP responses for systems which are primarily IP systems).

If the designer truly can not chose, use of the factory- provided ROM address is suggested.

If the address can not be determined, an octet string of zero length should be returned.

The address is stored in binary in this object. The address is stored in "canonical" bit order, that is, the Group Bit is positioned as the low-order bit of the first octet. Thus, the first byte of a multicast address would have the bit 0x01 set.

### 3.2.6. ifType

This MIB applies to interfaces which have any of the following ifType values:

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ethernetCsmacd(6)
iso88023Csmacd(7)
starLan(11)

It is RECOMMENDED that all Ethernet-like interfaces use an ifType of ethernetCsmacd(6) regardless of the speed that the interface is running or the link-layer encapsulation in use. iso88023Csmacd(7) and starLan(11) are supported for backwards compatability.

There are three other interface types defined in the IANAifType-MIB for Ethernet. They are fastEther(62), fastEtherFX(69), and gigabitEthernet(117). This document takes the position that an Ethernet is an Ethernet, and Ethernet interfaces SHOULD always have the same value of ifType. Information on the particular flavor of Ethernet that an interface is running is available from ifSpeed in the Interfaces MIB, and ifMauType in the 802.3 MAU MIB. An Ethernet-like interface SHOULD NOT use the fastEther(62), fastEtherFX(69), or gigabitEthernet(117) ifTypes.

Interfaces with any of the supported ifType values map to the EtherLike-MIB in the same manner. There are no implementation differences.

# 3.2.7. Specific Interface MIB Objects

The following table provides specific implementation guidelines for applying the interface group objects to ethernet-like media.

**O**bject

ifIndex	Each ethernet-like interface is represented by an ifEntry. The dot3StatsTable in this MIB module is indexed by dot3StatsIndex. The interface identified by a particular value of dot3StatsIndex is the same interface as identified by the same value of ifIndex.
ifDescr	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].
ifType	Refer to <u>section 3.2.6</u> .
ifMtu	1500 octets. NOTE: This is the MTU as seen by the MAC client. When a higher layer protocol, like IP, is running over Ethernet, this is the MTU that will be seen by that higher layer protocol.

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However, when using the IEEE 802.2 LLC protocol, higher layer protocols will see a different MTU. In particular, an LLC type 1 client protocol will see an MTU of 1497 octets, and a protocol running over SNAP will see an MTU of 1492 octets. ifSpeed The current operational speed of the interface in bits per second. For current ethernet-like interfaces, this will be equal to 1,000,000 (1 million), 10,000,000 (10 million), 100,000,000 (100 million), or 1,000,000,000 (1 billion). If the interface implements auto-negotiation, auto-negotiation is enabled for this interface, and the interface has not yet negotiated to an operational speed, this object SHOULD reflect the maximum speed supported by the interface. Note that this object MUST NOT indicate a doubled value when operating in full-duplex mode. It MUST indicate the correct line speed regardless of the current duplex mode. The duplex mode of the interface may be determined by examining either the dot3StatsDuplexStatus object in this MIBmodule, or the ifMauType object in the 802.3 MAU MIB. ifPhysAddress Refer to section 3.2.5. ifAdminStatus Write access is not required. Support for 'testing' is not required. The operational state of the interface. if0perStatus Support for 'testing' is not required. The value 'dormant' has no meaning for an ethernet-like interface.

ifLastChange Refer to [<u>25</u>].

ifInOctets The number of octets in valid MAC frames received on this interface, including the MAC header and FCS.

ifInUcastPkts Refer to [25].

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ifInDiscards	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].	
ifInErrors	The sum for this interface dot3StatsAlignmentErrors, dot3StatsFCSErrors, dot3StatsFrameTooLongs, dot3StatsInternalMacReces dot3StatsSymbolErrors.	,
ifInUnknownProtos	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].	
ifOutOctets	The number of octets tran valid MAC frames on this including the MAC header	interface,
ifOutUcastPkts	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].	
ifOutDiscards	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].	
ifOutErrors	The sum for this interface dot3StatsSQETestErrors, dot3StatsLateCollisions, dot3StatsExcessiveCollis dot3StatsInternalMacTrans dot3StatsCarrierSenseErro	ions, smitErrors and
ifName	Locally-significant textu interface (e.g. lan0).	ual name for the
ifInMulticastPkts	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].	
ifInBroadcastPkts	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].	
ifOutMulticastPkts	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].	
ifOutBroadcastPkts	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].	
ifHCInOctets ifHCOutOctets	64-bit versions of counter for ethernet-like interface capable of operating at 2 faster, even if the inter currently operating at le 20Mbit/sec.	aces that are 20Mbit/sec or rface is
ifHCInUcastPkts ifHCInMulticastPkts ifHCInBroadcastPkts ifHCOutUcastPkts	64-bit versions of packet Required for ethernet-lik that are capable of opera 640Mbit/sec or faster, ev	ke interfaces ating at

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ifHCOutMulticastPkts ifHCOutBroadcastPkts	interface is currently operating at less than 640Mbit/sec.
ifLinkUpDownTrapEnable	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ]. Default is 'enabled'
ifHighSpeed	The current operational speed of the interface in millions of bits per second. For current ethernet-like interfaces, this will be equal to 1, 10, 100, or 1,000. If the interface implements auto-negotiation, auto-negotiation is enabled for this interface, and the interface has not yet negotiated to an operational speed, this object SHOULD reflect the maximum speed supported by the interface. Note that this object MUST NOT indicate a doubled value when operating in full-duplex mode. It MUST indicate the correct line speed regardless of the current duplex mode. The duplex mode of the interface may be determined by examining either the dot3StatsDuplexStatus object in this MIB module, or the ifMauType object in the 802.3 MAU MIB.
ifPromiscuousMode	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].
ifConnectorPresent	This will normally be 'true'.
ifAlias	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].
ifCounterDiscontinuityTime	Refer to [ <u>25</u> ].
ifStackHigherLayer ifStackLowerLayer ifStackStatus	Refer to <u>section 3.2.1</u> .
ifRcvAddressAddress ifRcvAddressStatus ifRcvAddressType	Refer to <u>section 3.2.4</u> .

# 3.3. Relation to the 802.3 MAU MIB

Support for the mauModIfCompl2 compliance statement of the MAU-MIB [27] is REQUIRED for Ethernet-like interfaces. This MIB is needed in order to allow applications to determine the current MAU type in use

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by the interface, and to control autonegotiation and duplex mode for the interface. Implementing this MIB module without implementing the MAU-MIB would leave applications with no standard way to determine the media type in use, and no standard way to control the duplex mode of the interface.

#### 3.4. dot3StatsEtherChipSet

This document defines an object called dot3StatsEtherChipSet, which is used to identify the MAC hardware used to communicate on an interface. Previous versions of this document contained a number of OID assignments for some existing Ethernet chipsets. Maintaining that list as part of this document has proven to be problematic, so the OID assignments contained in prevous versions of this document have now been moved to a separate document [28].

The dot3StatsEtherChipSet object has now been deprecated. Implementation feedback indicates that this object is much more useful in theory than in practice. The object's utility in debugging network problems in the field appears to be limited. In those cases where it may be useful, it is not sufficient, since it identifies only the MAC chip, and not the PHY, PMD, or driver. The administrative overhead involved in maintaining a central registry of chipset OIDs cannot be justified for an object whose usefulness is guestionable at best.

Implementations which continue to support this object for the purpose of backwards compatability may continue to use the values defined in [28]. For chipsets not listed in [28], implementors should assign OBJECT IDENTIFIERS within that part of the registration tree delegated to individual enterprises.

### 3.5. Mapping of IEEE 802.3 Managed Objects

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object	Corresponding SNMP Object
oMacEntity	
.aMACID	dot3StatsIndex or
	IF-MIB - ifIndex
.aFramesTransmittedOK	IF-MIB - ifOutUCastPkts +
	ifOutMulticastPkts +
	ifOutBroadcastPkts
.aSingleCollisionFrames	dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames
.aMultipleCollisionFrames	dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames
.aFramesReceivedOK	IF-MIB - ifInUcastPkts +
	ifInMulticastPkts +

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*ifInBroadcastPkts* .aFrameCheckSequenceErrors dot3StatsFCSErrors .aAlignmentErrors dot3StatsAlignmentErrors .aOctetsTransmittedOK IF-MIB - ifOutOctets\* .aFramesWithDeferredXmissions dot3StatsDeferredTransmissions .aLateCollisions dot3StatsLateCollisions .aFramesAbortedDueToXSColls dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions .aFramesLostDueToIntMACXmitError dot3StatsInternalMacTransmitErrors dot3StatsCarrierSenseErrors .aCarrierSenseErrors IF-MIB - ifInOctets\* .aOctetsReceivedOK .aFramesLostDueToIntMACRcvError dot3StatsInternalMacReceiveErrors .aPromiscuousStatus IF-MIB - ifPromiscuousMode .aReadMulticastAddressList IF-MIB - ifRcvAddressTable .aMulticastFramesXmittedOK IF-MIB - ifOutMulticastPkts .aBroadcastFramesXmittedOK IF-MIB - ifOutBroadcastPkts IF-MIB - ifInMulticastPkts .aMulticastFramesReceivedOK .aBroadcastFramesReceivedOK IF-MIB - ifInBroadcastPkts .aFrameTooLongErrors dot3StatsFrameTooLongs .aReadWriteMACAddress IF-MIB - ifPhysAddress .aCollisionFrames dot3CollFrequencies .aDuplexStatus dot3StatsDuplexStatus IF-MIB - ifRcvAddressTable .acAddGroupAddress IF-MIB - ifRcvAddressTable .acDeleteGroupAddress .acExecuteSelfTest dot3TestLoopBack oPHYEntity .aPHYID dot3StatsIndex or IF-MIB - ifIndex .aSQETestErrors dot3StatsSQETestErrors .aSymbolErrorDuringCarrier dot3StatsSymbolErrors oMACControlEntity .aMACControlID dot3StatsIndex or IF-MIB - ifIndex .aMACControlFunctionsSupported dot3ControlFunctionsSupported and dot3ControlFunctionsEnabled .aUnsupportedOpcodesReceived dot3ControlInUnknownOpcodes oPAUSEEntity dot3PauseLinkDelayAllowance .aPAUSELinkDelayAllowance .aPAUSEMACCtrlFramesTransmitted dot3OutPauseFrames .aPAUSEMACCtrlFramesReceived dot3InPauseFrames

\* Note that the octet counters in IF-MIB do not exactly match the definition of the octet counters in IEEE 802.3. aOctetsTransmittedOK and aOctetsReceivedOK count only the octets in the clientData and Pad fields, whereas ifInOctets and ifOutOctets include the entire MAC

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frame, including MAC header and FCS. However, the IF-MIB counters can be derived from the IEEE 802.3 counters as follows:

ifInOctets = aOctetsReceivedOK + (18 \* aFramesReceivedOK)
ifOutOctets = aOctetsTransmittedOK + (18 \* aFramesTransmittedOK)

The following IEEE 802.3 managed objects have been removed from this MIB module as a result of implementation feedback:

#### oMacEntity

- .aFramesWithExcessiveDeferral .aInRangeLengthErrors .aOutOfRangeLengthField .aMACEnableStatus .aTransmitEnableStatus
- .aMulticastReceiveStatus
- .acInitializeMAC

Please see [19] for the detailed reasoning on why these objects were removed.

In addition, the following IEEE 802.3 managed objects have not been included in this MIB for the following reasons.

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object	Disposition
oMACEntity .aMACCapabilities	Can be derived from MAU-MIB - ifMauTypeListBits
oPHYEntity .aPhyType	Can be derived from MAU-MIB - ifMauType
.aPhyTypeList	Can be derived from MAU-MIB - ifMauTypeListBits
.aMIIDetect	Not considered useful.
.aPhyAdminState	Can already obtain interface state from IF-MIB - ifOperStatus and MAU state from MAU-MIB - ifMauStatus. Providing an additional state for the PHY was not considered useful.
.acPhyAdminControl	Can already control interface state from IF-MIB - ifAdminStatus

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and MAU state from MAU-MIB ifMauStatus. Providing separate admin control of the PHY was not considered useful.

oMACControlEntity	
.aMACControlFramesTransmitted	Can be determined by summing the OutFrames counters for the individual control functions
.aMACControlFramesReceived	Can be determined by summing the InFrames counters for the individual control functions

# 4. Definitions

EtherLike-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

```
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, OBJECT-IDENTITY,
    Counter32, Unsigned32, mib-2, transmission
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
        FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    ifIndex, InterfaceIndex
        FROM IF-MIB;
etherMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "9901280031Z" -- January 28, 1999
    ORGANIZATION "IETF Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB
                 Working Group"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "WG E-mail: hubmib@hprnd.rose.hp.com
      To subscribe: hubmib-request@hprnd.rose.hp.com
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Tel: +1 916 785 4018 Fax: +1 916 785 1199 E-mail: johnf@rose.hp.com Editor: Jeffrey Johnson Postal: RedBack Networks 2570 North First Street, Suite 410 San Jose, CA, 95131 USA Tel: +1 408 571 2699 Fax: +1 408 571 2698 E-Mail: jeff@redbacknetworks.com" DESCRIPTION "The MIB module to describe generic objects for Ethernet-like network interfaces. The following reference is used throughout this MIB module: [IEEE 802.3 Std] refers to: IEEE Std 802.3, 1998 Edition: 'Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems -Local and metropolitan area networks -Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications', September 1998. Of particular interest is Clause 30, '10Mb/s, 100Mb/s and 1000Mb/s Management'." "9901280031Z" -- January 28, 1999 REVISION DESCRIPTION "Updated to include support for 1000 Mb/sec interfaces and full-duplex interfaces." "9806032150Z" -- June 3, 1998 REVISION DESCRIPTION "Updated to include support for 100 Mb/sec interfaces. Published as RFC 2358." REVISION "9402030400Z" -- February 3, 1994 DESCRIPTION "Version published as RFC 1650." ::= { mib-2 35 } etherMIBObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherMIB 1 }

dot3 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { transmission 7 }

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```
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      -- the Ethernet-like Statistics group
      dot3StatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX
                     SEQUENCE OF Dot3StatsEntry
          MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          STATUS
                     current
          DESCRIPTION "Statistics for a collection of ethernet-like
                      interfaces attached to a particular system."
           ::= { dot3 2 }
      dot3StatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
          SYNTAX
                    Dot3StatsEntry
          MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          STATUS
                     current
          DESCRIPTION "Statistics for a particular interface to an
                      ethernet-like medium."
          INDEX
                      { dot3StatsIndex }
           ::= { dot3StatsTable 1 }
      Dot3StatsEntry ::=
          SEQUENCE {
              dot3StatsIndex
                                                   InterfaceIndex,
              dot3StatsAlignmentErrors
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsFCSErrors
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsSOETestErrors
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsDeferredTransmissions
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsLateCollisions
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsInternalMacTransmitErrors Counter32,
              dot3StatsCarrierSenseErrors
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsFrameTooLongs
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsInternalMacReceiveErrors
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsEtherChipSet
                                                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
              dot3StatsSymbolErrors
                                                  Counter32,
              dot3StatsDuplexStatus
                                                  INTEGER
          }
      dot3StatsIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                  InterfaceIndex
          SYNTAX
          MAX-ACCESS read-only
          STATUS
                      current
          DESCRIPTION "An index value that uniquely identifies an
                      interface to an ethernet-like medium. The
                      interface identified by a particular value of
                       this index is the same interface as identified
                      by the same value of ifIndex."
```

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REFERENCE "RFC 2233, ifIndex" ::= { dot3StatsEntry 1 } dot3StatsAlignmentErrors OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of frames received on a particular interface that are not an integral number of octets in length and do not pass the FCS check. The count represented by an instance of this object is incremented when the alignmentError status is returned by the MAC service to the LLC (or other MAC user). Received frames for which multiple error conditions obtain are, according to the conventions of IEEE 802.3 Layer Management, counted exclusively according to the error status presented to the LLC. This counter does not increment for 8-bit wide group encoding schemes." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.7, aAlignmentErrors" ::= { dot3StatsEntry 2 } dot3StatsFCSErrors OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of frames received on a particular interface that are an integral number of octets in length but do not pass the FCS check. This count does not include frames received with frame-too-long or frame-too-short error. The count represented by an instance of this object is incremented when the frameCheckError status is returned by the MAC service to the LLC (or other MAC user). Received frames for which multiple error conditions obtain are, according to the conventions of IEEE 802.3 Layer Management, counted exclusively according to the error status presented to the LLC. Note: Coding errors detected by the physical layer for speeds above 10 Mb/s will cause the frame to fail the FCS check."

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"[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.6, REFERENCE aFrameCheckSequenceErrors." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 3 } dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of successfully transmitted frames on a particular interface for which transmission is inhibited by exactly one collision. A frame that is counted by an instance of this object is also counted by the corresponding instance of either the ifOutUcastPkts, ifOutMulticastPkts, or ifOutBroadcastPkts, and is not counted by the corresponding instance of the dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames object. This counter does not increment when the interface is operating in full-duplex mode." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.3, aSingleCollisionFrames." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 4 } dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of successfully transmitted frames on a particular interface for which transmission is inhibited by more than one collision. A frame that is counted by an instance of this object is also counted by the corresponding instance of either the ifOutUcastPkts, ifOutMulticastPkts, or ifOutBroadcastPkts, and is not counted by the corresponding instance of the dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames object. This counter does not increment when the interface is operating in full-duplex mode." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.4, aMultipleCollisionFrames." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 5 }

[Page 18]

dot3StatsSQETestErrors OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of times that the SQE TEST ERROR message is generated by the PLS sublayer for a particular interface. The SOE TEST ERROR is set in accordance with the rules for verification of the SOE detection mechanism in the PLS Carrier Sense Function as described in IEEE Std. 802.3, 1998 Edition, section 7.2.4.6. This counter does not increment on interfaces operating at speeds greater than 10 Mb/s, or on interfaces operating in full-duplex mode." "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 7.2.4.6, also 30.3.2.1.4, REFERENCE aSOETestErrors." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 6 } dot3StatsDeferredTransmissions OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of frames for which the first transmission attempt on a particular interface is delayed because the medium is busy. The count represented by an instance of this object does not include frames involved in collisions. This counter does not increment when the interface is operating in full-duplex mode." "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.9, REFERENCE aFramesWithDeferredXmissions." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 7 } dot3StatsLateCollisions OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of times that a collision is detected on a particular interface later than one slotTime into the transmission of a packet. A (late) collision included in a count represented by an instance of this object is

also considered as a (generic) collision for

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purposes of other collision-related statistics. This counter does not increment when the interface is operating in full-duplex mode." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.10, aLateCollisions." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 8 } dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of frames for which transmission on a particular interface fails due to excessive collisions. This counter does not increment when the interface is operating in full-duplex mode." "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.11, REFERENCE aFramesAbortedDueToXSColls." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 9 } dot3StatsInternalMacTransmitErrors OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of frames for which transmission on a particular interface fails due to an internal MAC sublayer transmit error. A frame is only counted by an instance of this object if it is not counted by the corresponding instance of either the dot3StatsLateCollisions object, the dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions object, or the dot3StatsCarrierSenseErrors object. The precise meaning of the count represented by an instance of this object is implementationspecific. In particular, an instance of this object may represent a count of transmission errors on a particular interface that are not otherwise counted." "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.12, REFERENCE aFramesLostDueToIntMACXmitError." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 10 } dot3StatsCarrierSenseErrors OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32

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MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of times that the carrier sense condition was lost or never asserted when attempting to transmit a frame on a particular interface. The count represented by an instance of this object is incremented at most once per transmission attempt, even if the carrier sense condition fluctuates during a transmission attempt. This counter does not increment when the interface is operating in full-duplex mode." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.13, aCarrierSenseErrors." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 11 } -- { dot3StatsEntry 12 } is not assigned dot3StatsFrameTooLongs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of frames received on a particular interface that exceed the maximum permitted frame size. The count represented by an instance of this object is incremented when the frameTooLong status is returned by the MAC service to the LLC (or other MAC user). Received frames for which multiple error conditions obtain are, according to the conventions of IEEE 802.3 Layer Management, counted exclusively according to the error status presented to the LLC." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.25, aFrameTooLongErrors." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 13 } -- { dot3StatsEntry 14 } is not assigned -- { dot3StatsEntry 15 } is not assigned dot3StatsInternalMacReceiveErrors OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only

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STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of frames for which reception on a particular interface fails due to an internal MAC sublayer receive error. A frame is only counted by an instance of this object if it is not counted by the corresponding instance of either the dot3StatsFrameTooLongs object, the dot3StatsAlignmentErrors object, or the dot3StatsFCSErrors object. The precise meaning of the count represented by an instance of this object is implementationspecific. In particular, an instance of this object may represent a count of receive errors on a particular interface that are not otherwise counted." "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.15, REFERENCE aFramesLostDueToIntMACRcvError." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 16 } dot3StatsEtherChipSet OBJECT-TYPE **OBJECT IDENTIFIER** SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "\*\*\*\*\*\*\* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED \*\*\*\*\*\*\* This object contains an OBJECT IDENTIFIER which identifies the chipset used to realize the interface. Ethernet-like interfaces are typically built out of several different chips. The MIB implementor is presented with a decision of which chip to identify via this object. The implementor should identify the chip which is usually called the Medium Access Control chip. If no such chip is easily identifiable, the implementor should identify the chip which actually gathers the transmit and receive statistics and error indications. This would allow a manager station to correlate the statistics and the chip generating them, giving it the ability to take into account any known anomalies in the chip." ::= { dot3StatsEntry 17 }

dot3StatsSymbolErrors OBJECT-TYPE

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```
SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION "For an interface operating at 100 Mb/s, the
                number of times there was an invalid data symbol
                when a valid carrier was present.
                For an interface operating in half-duplex mode
                at 1000 Mb/s, the number of times the receiving
                media is non-idle (a carrier event) for a period
                of time equal to or greater than slotTime, and
                during which there was at least one occurrence
                of an event that causes the PHY to indicate
                'Data reception error' or 'carrier extend error'
                on the GMII.
                For an interface operating in full-duplex mode
                at 1000 Mb/s, the number of times the receiving
                media is non-idle a carrier event) for a period
                of time equal to or greater than minFrameSize,
                and during which there was at least one
                occurrence of an event that causes the PHY to
                indicate 'Data reception error' on the GMII.
                The count represented by an instance of this
                object is incremented at most once per carrier
                event, even if multiple symbol errors occur
                during the carrier event. This count does
                not increment if a collision is present."
                "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.2.1.5,
    REFERENCE
                aSymbolErrorDuringCarrier."
    ::= { dot3StatsEntry 18 }
dot3StatsDuplexStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                    unknown(1),
                    halfDuplex(2),
                    fullDuplex(3)
                }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "The current mode of operation of the MAC
                entity. 'unknown' indicates that the current
                duplex mode could not be determined.
                Management control of the duplex mode is
                accomplished through the MAU MIB. When
                an interface does not support autonegotiation,
```

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```
or when autonegotiation is not enabled, the
duplex mode is controlled using
ifMauDefaultType. When autonegotiation is
supported and enabled, duplex mode is controlled
using ifMauAutoNegAdvertisedBits. In either
case, the currently operating duplex mode is
reflected both in this object and in ifMauType."
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.1.1.32,
aDuplexStatus."
::= { dot3StatsEntry 19 }
```

## -- the Ethernet-like Collision Statistics group

```
-- Implementation of this group is optional; it is appropriate
-- for all systems which have the necessary metering
```

```
dot3CollTable OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
dot3CollEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Dot3CollEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "A cell in the histogram of per-frame
```

```
collisions for a particular interface. An
instance of this object represents the
frequency of individual MAC frames for which
the transmission (successful or otherwise) on a
particular interface is accompanied by a
particular number of media collisions."
INDEX { ifIndex, dot3CollCount }
::= { dot3CollTable 1 }
```

```
Dot3CollEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
        dot3CollCount INTEGER,
        dot3CollFrequencies Counter32
   }
```

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```
-- { dot3CollEntry 1 } is no longer in use
dot3CollCount OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..16)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "The number of per-frame media collisions for
               which a particular collision histogram cell
               represents the frequency on a particular
                interface."
    ::= { dot3CollEntry 2 }
dot3CollFrequencies OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "A count of individual MAC frames for which the
               transmission (successful or otherwise) on a
               particular interface occurs after the
               frame has experienced exactly the number
               of collisions in the associated
               dot3CollCount object.
               For example, a frame which is transmitted
               on interface 77 after experiencing
               exactly 4 collisions would be indicated
               by incrementing only dot3CollFrequencies.77.4.
               No other instance of dot3CollFrequencies would
               be incremented in this example.
               This counter does not increment when the
                interface is operating in full-duplex mode."
    ::= { dot3CollEntry 3 }
dot3ControlTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dot3ControlEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION "A table of descriptive and status information
               about the MAC Control sublayer on the
                ethernet-like interfaces attached to a
               particular system."
    ::= { dot3 9 }
dot3ControlEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Dot3ControlEntry
```

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```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information
                about the MAC Control sublayer on a single
                ethernet-like interface."
    INDEX
                { dot3StatsIndex }
    ::= { dot3ControlTable 1 }
Dot3ControlEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        dot3ControlFunctionsSupported
                                            BITS,
        dot3ControlInUnknownOpcodes
                                            Counter32
    }
dot3ControlFunctionsSupported OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                BITS {
                    pause(0)
                }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "A list of the possible MAC Control functions
                implemented for this interface."
    REFERENCE
                "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.3.2,
                aMACControlFunctionsSupported."
    ::= { dot3ControlEntry 1 }
dot3ControlInUnknownOpcodes OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "A count of MAC Control frames received on this
                interface that contain an opcode that is not
                supported by this device."
    REFERENCE
                "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.3.5,
                aUnsupportedOpcodesReceived"
    ::= { dot3ControlEntry 2 }
dot3PauseTable OBJECT-TYPE
                SEQUENCE OF Dot3PauseEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "A table of descriptive and status information
                about the MAC Control PAUSE function on the
                ethernet-like interfaces attached to a
                particular system."
    ::= { dot3 10 }
```

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```
dot3PauseEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Dot3PauseEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information
                about the MAC Control PAUSE function on a single
                ethernet-like interface."
                { dot3StatsIndex }
    INDEX
    ::= { dot3PauseTable 1 }
Dot3PauseEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        dot3PauseAdminMode
                                            INTEGER,
        dot3PauseOperMode
                                            INTEGER,
        dot3PauseLinkDelayAllowance
                                            Unsigned32,
        dot3InPauseFrames
                                            Counter32,
        dot30utPauseFrames
                                            Counter32
    }
dot3PauseAdminMode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                    disabled(1),
                    enabledXmit(2),
                    enabledRcv(3),
                    enabledXmitAndRcv(4)
                }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "This object is used to configure the default
                administrative PAUSE mode for this interface.
                This object represents the
                administratively-configured PAUSE mode for this
                interface. If auto-negotiation is not enabled
                or is not implemented for the active MAU
                attached to this interface, the value of this
                object determines the operational PAUSE mode
                of the interface whenever it is operating in
                full-duplex mode. In this case, a set to this
                object will force the interface into the
                specified mode.
                If auto-negotiation is implemented and enabled
                for the MAU attached to this interface, the
                PAUSE mode for this interface is determined by
                auto-negotiation, and the value of this object
                denotes the mode to which the interface will
                automatically revert if/when auto-negotiation is
```

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```
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```

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```
later disabled. Note that when auto-negotiation
                is running, administrative control of the PAUSE
                mode may be accomplished using the
                ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits object in the
                MAU-MIB.
                Note that the value of this object is ignored
                when the interface is not operating in
                full-duplex mode.
                An attempt to set this object to
                'enabledXmit(2)' or 'enabledRcv(3)' will fail
                on interfaces that do not support operation
                at greater than 100 Mb/s."
    ::= { dot3PauseEntry 1 }
dot3PauseOperMode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                    disabled(1),
                    enabledXmit(2),
                    enabledRcv(3),
                    enabledXmitAndRcv(4)
                }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "This object reflects the PAUSE mode currently
                in use on this interface, as determined by
                either (1) the result of the auto-negotiation
                function or (2) if auto-negotiation is not
                enabled or is not implemented for the active MAU
                attached to this interface, by the value of
                dot3PauseAdminMode. Interfaces operating at
                100 Mb/s or less will never return
                'enabledXmit(2)' or 'enabledRcv(3)'. Interfaces
                operating in half-duplex mode will always return
                'disabled(1)'. Interfaces on which
                auto-negotiation is enabled but not yet
                completed should return the value
                'disabled(1)'."
    ::= { dot3PauseEntry 2 }
dot3PauseLinkDelayAllowance OBJECT-TYPE
                Unsigned32 (0..4294967295)
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION "The allowance, in bit times, made by the PAUSE
                MAC Control entity for round-trip propagation
                delay of the full-duplex link."
```

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```
"[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.4.1,
    REFERENCE
                aPAUSELinkDelayAllowance."
    ::= { dot3PauseEntry 3 }
dot3InPauseFrames OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
            Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION "A count of MAC Control frames received on this
                interface with an opcode indicating the PAUSE
                operation.
                This counter does not increment when the
                interface is operating in half-duplex mode."
               "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.4.3,
    REFERENCE
                aPAUSEMACCtrlFramesReceived."
    ::= { dot3PauseEntry 4 }
dot3OutPauseFrames OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION "A count of MAC Control frames transmitted on
                this interface with an opcode indicating the
                PAUSE operation.
                This counter does not increment when the
                interface is operating in half-duplex mode."
                "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.3.4.2,
    REFERENCE
                aPAUSEMACCtrlFramesTransmitted."
    ::= { dot3PauseEntry 5 }
-- 802.3 Tests
dot3Tests
           OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot3 6 }
dot3Errors OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { dot3 7 }
-- TDR Test
dot3TestTdr OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION "The Time-Domain Reflectometry (TDR) test is
                specific to ethernet-like interfaces of type
                10Base5 and 10Base2. The TDR value may be
                useful in determining the approximate distance
```

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to a cable fault. It is advisable to repeat this test to check for a consistent resulting TDR value, to verify that there is a fault.

A TDR test returns as its result the time interval, measured in 10 MHz ticks or 100 nsec units, between the start of TDR test transmission and the subsequent detection of a collision or deassertion of carrier. On successful completion of a TDR test, the result is stored as the value of an appropriate instance of an appropriate vendor specific MIB object, and the OBJECT IDENTIFIER of that instance is stored in the appropriate instance of the appropriate test result code object (thereby indicating where the result has been stored)."

```
::= { dot3Tests 1 }
```

```
-- Loopback Test
```

dot3TestLoopBack OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "This test configures the MAC chip and executes an internal loopback test of memory, data paths, and the MAC chip logic. This loopback test can only be executed if the interface is offline. Once the test has completed, the MAC chip should be reinitialized for network operation, but it should remain offline.

> If an error occurs during a test, the appropriate test result object will be set to indicate a failure. The two OBJECT IDENTIFIER values dot3ErrorInitError and dot3ErrorLoopbackError may be used to provided more information as values for an appropriate test result code object."

```
::= { dot3Tests 2 }
```

dot3ErrorInitError OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "Couldn't initialize MAC chip for test."
::= { dot3Errors 1 }

dot3ErrorLoopbackError OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Expected data not received (or not received

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correctly) in loopback test." ::= { dot3Errors 2 } -- conformance information etherConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherMIB 2 } etherGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherConformance 1 } etherCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherConformance 2 } -- compliance statements etherCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "\*\*\*\*\*\* THIS COMPLIANCE IS DEPRECATED \*\*\*\*\*\*\* The compliance statement for managed network entities which have ethernet-like network interfaces. This compliance is deprecated and replaced by dot3Compliance." MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { etherStatsGroup } etherCollisionTableGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "This group is optional. It is appropriate for all systems which have the necessary metering. Implementation in such systems is highly recommended." ::= { etherCompliances 1 } ether100MbsCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "\*\*\*\*\*\*\* THIS COMPLIANCE IS DEPRECATED \*\*\*\*\*\*\* The compliance statement for managed network entities which have 100 Mb/sec ethernet-like network interfaces. This compliance is deprecated and replaced by dot3Compliance." MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { etherStats100MbsGroup }

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GROUP etherCollisionTableGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional. It is appropriate for all systems which have the necessary metering. Implementation in such systems is highly recommended." ::= { etherCompliances 2 } dot3Compliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The compliance statement for managed network entities which have ethernet-like network interfaces." MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { etherStatsBaseGroup } etherDuplexGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all ethernet-like network interfaces which are capable of operating in full-duplex mode. It is highly recommended for all ethernet-like network interfaces." GROUP etherStatsLowSpeedGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all ethernet-like network interfaces which are capable of operating at 10 Mb/s or slower in half-duplex mode." GROUP etherStatsHighSpeedGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all ethernet-like network interfaces which are capable of operating at 100 Mb/s or faster." etherControlGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all ethernet-like network interfaces that support the MAC Control sublayer." etherControlPauseGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all ethernet-like network interfaces that support the MAC Control PAUSE function." OBJECT dot3PauseLinkDelayAllowance MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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GROUP etherCollisionTableGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional. It is appropriate for all ethernet-like network interfaces which are capable of operating in half-duplex mode and have the necessary metering. Implementation in systems with such interfaces is highly recommended." ::= { etherCompliances 3 } -- units of conformance etherStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { dot3StatsIndex, dot3StatsAlignmentErrors, dot3StatsFCSErrors, dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames, dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames, dot3StatsSQETestErrors, dot3StatsDeferredTransmissions, dot3StatsLateCollisions, dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions, dot3StatsInternalMacTransmitErrors, dot3StatsCarrierSenseErrors, dot3StatsFrameTooLongs, dot3StatsInternalMacReceiveErrors, dot3StatsEtherChipSet } STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "\*\*\*\*\*\*\* THIS GROUP IS DEPRECATED \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* A collection of objects providing information applicable to all ethernet-like network interfaces. This object group has been deprecated and replaced by etherStatsBaseGroup and etherStatsLowSpeedGroup." ::= { etherGroups 1 } etherCollisionTableGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { dot3CollFrequencies } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing a histogram of packets successfully transmitted after experiencing exactly N collisions." ::= { etherGroups 2 }

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etherStats100MbsGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { dot3StatsIndex, dot3StatsAlignmentErrors, dot3StatsFCSErrors, dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames, dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames, dot3StatsDeferredTransmissions, dot3StatsLateCollisions, dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions, dot3StatsInternalMacTransmitErrors, dot3StatsCarrierSenseErrors, dot3StatsFrameTooLongs, dot3StatsInternalMacReceiveErrors, dot3StatsEtherChipSet, dot3StatsSymbolErrors } STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "\*\*\*\*\*\*\* THIS GROUP IS DEPRECATED \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* A collection of objects providing information applicable to 100 Mb/sec ethernet-like network interfaces. This object group has been deprecated and replaced by etherStatsBaseGroup and etherStatsHighSpeedGroup." ::= { etherGroups 3 } etherStatsBaseGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { dot3StatsIndex, dot3StatsAlignmentErrors, dot3StatsFCSErrors, dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames, dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames, dot3StatsDeferredTransmissions, dot3StatsLateCollisions, dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions, dot3StatsInternalMacTransmitErrors, dot3StatsCarrierSenseErrors, dot3StatsFrameTooLongs, dot3StatsInternalMacReceiveErrors } current STATUS DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing information applicable to all ethernet-like network interfaces." ::= { etherGroups 4 }

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```
etherStatsLowSpeedGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
                { dot3StatsSQETestErrors }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing information
                applicable to ethernet-like network interfaces
                capable of operating at 10 Mb/s or slower in
                half-duplex mode."
    ::= { etherGroups 5 }
etherStatsHighSpeedGroup OBJECT-GROUP
                { dot3StatsSymbolErrors }
    OBJECTS
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing information
                applicable to ethernet-like network interfaces
                capable of operating at 100 Mb/s or faster."
    ::= { etherGroups 6 }
etherDuplexGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
                { dot3StatsDuplexStatus }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing information
                about the duplex mode of an ethernet-like
                network interface."
    ::= { etherGroups 7 }
etherControlGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
                { dot3ControlFunctionsSupported,
                  dot3ControlInUnknownOpcodes
                }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing information
                about the MAC Control sublayer on ethernet-like
                network interfaces."
    ::= { etherGroups 8 }
etherControlPauseGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
                { dot3PauseAdminMode,
                  dot3PauseOperMode,
                  dot3PauseLinkDelayAllowance,
                  dot3InPauseFrames,
                  dot30utPauseFrames
                }
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION "A collection of objects providing information
                about and control of the MAC Control PAUSE
                function on ethernet-like network interfaces."
    ::= { etherGroups 9 }
```

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END

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## 6. Acknowledgements

This document was produced by the Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group.

This document is based on the Proposed Standard Ethernet MIB, <u>RFC</u> 2358 [23], edited by John Flick of Hewlett-Packard and Jeffrey Johnson of RedBack Networks and produced by the 802.3 Hub MIB Working Group. It extends that document by providing support for full-duplex Ethernet interfaces and 1000 Mb/sec Ethernet interfaces as outlined in [<u>16</u>].

<u>RFC 2358</u>, in turn, is almost completely based on both the Standard Ethernet MIB, <u>RFC 1643 [21]</u>, and the Proposed Standard Ethernet MIB using the SNMPv2 SMI, <u>RFC 1650 [22]</u>, both of which were edited by Frank Kastenholz of FTP Software and produced by the Interfaces MIB Working Group. <u>RFC 2358</u> extends those documents by providing support for 100 Mb/sec ethernet interfaces.

<u>RFC 1643</u> and <u>RFC 1650</u>, in turn, are based on the Draft Standard Ethernet MIB, <u>RFC 1398</u> [20], also edited by Frank Kastenholz and produced by the Ethernet MIB Working Group.

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<u>RFC 1398</u>, in turn, is based on the Proposed Standard Ethernet MIB, <u>RFC 1284</u> [<u>18</u>], which was edited by John Cook of Chipcom and produced by the Transmission MIB Working Group. The Ethernet MIB Working Group gathered implementation experience of the variables specified in <u>RFC 1284</u>, documented that experience in <u>RFC 1369</u> [<u>19</u>], and used that information to develop this revised MIB.

RFC 1284, in turn, is based on a document written by Frank Kastenholz, then of Interlan, entitled IEEE 802.3 Layer Management Draft M compatible MIB for TCP/IP Networks [17]. This document was modestly reworked, initially by the SNMP Working Group, and then by the Transmission Working Group, to reflect the current conventions for defining objects for MIB interfaces. James Davin, of the MIT Laboratory for Computer Science, and Keith McCloghrie of Hughes LAN Systems, contributed to later drafts of this memo. Marshall Rose of Performance Systems International, Inc. converted the document into RFC 1212 [3] concise format. Anil Rijsinghani of DEC contributed text that more adequately describes the TDR test. Thanks to Frank Kastenholz of Interlan and Louis Steinberg of IBM for their experimentation.

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#### 8. Security Considerations

There are two management objects defined in this MIB that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

There are a number of managed objects in this MIB that may be considered to contain sensitive information. In particular, the dot3StatsEtherChipSet object may be considered sensitive in many environments, since it would allow an intruder to obtain information about which vendor's equipment is in use on the network. Note that this object has been deprecated. However, some implementors may still choose to implement it for backwards compatability.

Therefore, it may be important in some environments to control read access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. Not all versions of SNMP provide features for such a secure environment.

SNMPv1 by itself is such an insecure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET (read) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementors consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model <u>RFC 2274</u> [12] and the View-based Access Control Model <u>RFC 2275</u> [15] is recommended.

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It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB, is properly configured to give access to those objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to access them.

# 9. Author's Addresses

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# A. Change Log

#### A.1. Changes since <u>RFC 2358</u>

This section enumerates changes made to  $\frac{\sf RFC\ 2358}{\sf document.}$  to produce this document.

- <u>Section 2</u> has been replaced with the current SNMP Management Framework boilerplate.
- (2) The ifMtu mapping has been clarified.
- (3) The relationship between the IEEE 802.3 octet counters and the IF-MIB octet counters has been clarified.
- (4) REFERENCE clauses have been updated to reflect the actual IEEE 802.3 managed object that each MIB object is based on.
- (5) The following object DESCRIPTION clauses have been updated to reflect that they do not increment in

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full-duplex mode: dot3StatsSingleCollisionFrames, dot3StatsMultipleCollisionFrames, dot3StatsSQETestErrors, dot3StatsDeferredTransmissions, dot3StatsLateCollisions, dot3StatsExcessiveCollisions, dot3StatsCarrierSenseErrors, dot3CollFrequencies.

- (6) The following object DESCRIPTION clauses have been updated to reflect behaviour on full-duplex and 1000 Mb/s interfaces: dot3StatsAlignmentErrors, dot3StatsFCSErrors, dot3StatsSQETestErrors, dot3StatsLateCollisions, dot3StatsSymbolErrors.
- (7) Two new tables, dot3ControlTable and dot3PauseTable, have been added.
- (8) A new object, dot3StatsDuplexStatus, has been added.
- (9) The object groups and compliances have been restructured.
- (10) The dot3StatsEtherChipSet object has been deprecated.
- (11) The dot3ChipSets have been moved to a separate document.

### A.2. Changes between <u>RFC 1650</u> and <u>RFC 2358</u>

This section enumerates changes made to <u>RFC 1650</u> to produce <u>RFC 2358</u>.

- (1) The MODULE-IDENTITY has been updated to reflect the changes in the MIB.
- (2) A new object, dot3StatsSymbolErrors, has been added.
- (3) The definition of the object dot3StatsIndex has been converted to use the SMIv2 OBJECT-TYPE macro.
- (4) A new conformance group, etherStats100MbsGroup, has been added.
- (5) A new compliance statement, ether100MbsCompliance, has been added.
- (6) The Acknowledgements were extended to provide a more complete history of the origin of this document.
- (7) The discussion of ifType has been expanded.
- (8) A section on mapping of Interfaces MIB objects has

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been added.

- (9) A section defining the relationship of this MIB to the MAU MIB has been added.
- (10) A section on the mapping of IEEE 802.3 managed objects to this MIB and the Interfaces MIB has been added.
- (11) Converted the dot3Tests, dot3Errors, and dot3ChipSets OIDs to use the OBJECT-IDENTITY macro.
- (12) Added to the list of registered dot3ChipSets.
- (13) An intellectual property notice and copyright notice were added, as required by <u>RFC 2026</u>.

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