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**Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3 Medium Attachment Units
(MAUs)
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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines objects for managing IEEE 802.3 Medium Attachment Units (MAUs). This memo obsoletes [RFC 3636](#). This memo extends that specification by moving MAU type object identities and some other relevant textual conventions into a separate Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA) maintained MIB module, first version

of which is defined in this document. Thus, when the new MAU types are defined by IEEE, only the IANA MIB module needs to be modified, leaving the MAU MIB module unchanged. In addition, management information is added for the management of Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) and 10GBASE-CX4 MAUs. This memo also obsoletes [RFC 2668](#) and [RFC 1515](#).

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1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines objects for managing IEEE 802.3 Medium Attachment Units (MAUs).

The previous version of this memo, [RFC 3636](#) [[RFC3636](#)], defined a single MIB module. This memo splits the original MIB module into two, putting frequently updated object identities and textual conventions into a separate, IANA maintained MIB module, in order to decrease re-issues of the basic MIB module.

The first version of the IANA maintained MIB module also extends the list of managed objects to support Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) and 10GBASE-CX4 interfaces.

Ethernet technology, as defined by the 802.3 Working Group of the IEEE, continues to evolve, with scalable increases in speed, new types of cabling and interfaces, and new features. This evolution may require changes in the managed objects in order to reflect this new functionality. This document, as with other documents issued by this working group, reflects a certain stage in the evolution of Ethernet technology. In the future, this document might be revised, or new documents might be issued by the Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group, in order to reflect the evolution of Ethernet technology.

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to [section 7 of RFC 3410](#) [[RFC3410](#)].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIV2, which is described in STD 58, [RFC 2578](#) [[RFC2578](#)], STD 58, [RFC 2579](#) [[RFC2579](#)] and STD 58, [RFC 2580](#) [[RFC2580](#)]. A detailed introduction to the current SNMP Management Framework can be found in [RFC 2570](#) [[RFC2570](#)].

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#) [[RFC2119](#)].

3. Overview

Instances of these object types represent attributes of an IEEE 802.3 MAU. Several types of MAUs are defined in the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD standard [[IEEE802.3](#)]. These MAUs may be connected to IEEE 802.3 repeaters or to 802.3 (Ethernet-like) interfaces. For convenience this document refers to these devices as "repeater MAUs" and "interface MAUs."

The definitions presented here are based on [Section 30.5](#), "Layer Management for 10 Mb/s, 100 Mb/s, 1000 Mb/s and 10 Gb/s Medium Attachment Units (MAUs)", [Section 30.6](#), "Management for link Auto-Negotiation", and Annex 30A, "GDMO Specifications for 802.3 managed object classes" of IEEE Std. 802.3, 2002 edition [[IEEE802.3](#)], as amended by IEEE Std. 802.3ae-2002 [[IEEE802.3ae](#)], IEEE Std. 802.3ah-2004 [[IEEE802.3ah](#)] and IEEE Std. 802.3ak-2004 [[IEEE802.3ak](#)]. This specification is intended to provide for management of all types of Ethernet/802.3 MAUs.

3.1 Relationship to [RFC 3636](#)

The management definitions provided in this memo are intended to be a superset of those defined by [RFC 3636](#) [[RFC3636](#)].

In order to decrease re-issues of this document due to the new MAU type introduction, all relevant object identities and textual conventions have been moved to a separate, IANA maintained MIB module, first version of which is defined in this memo. Thus when a new MAU type is defined by the IEEE 802.3 working group, only the IANA maintained module would be re-issued by IANA, leaving the basic MIB module defined in this memo unchanged.

In addition, the new definitions are added to the IANA maintained MIB module, to support Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) and 10GBASE-CX4 interfaces defined in IEEE Std 802.3ah-2004 and IEEE Std 802.3ak-2004 respectively.

3.2 Relationship to [RFC 2668](#)

This MIB is intended to be a superset of that defined by [RFC 2668](#) [[RFC2668](#)]. This MIB includes all of the objects contained in that MIB, with new and updated definitions which provide support for additional capabilities. Implementors are encouraged to support all applicable conformance groups in order to make the best use of the new functionality provided by this MIB. The new and updated definitions provide management support for 10 Gb/s devices.

3.3 Relationship to RFC 2239

[RFC 2668](#) was a replacement for [RFC 2239](#) [[RFC2239](#)]. [RFC 2668](#) defined a superset of that defined by [RFC 2239](#), which contained all of the objects defined in [RFC 2239](#), plus several new ones which provide additional capabilities. The new objects provided management support for:

- o management of 1000 Mb/s devices
- o management of PAUSE negotiation
- o management of remote fault status

3.4 Relationship to RFC 1515

[RFC 2239](#) was a replacement for [RFC 1515](#) [[RFC1515](#)]. [RFC 2239](#) defined a superset of [RFC 1515](#) which contained all of the objects defined in [RFC 1515](#), plus several new ones which provided additional capabilities. The new objects in [RFC 2239](#) provided management support for:

- o management of 100 Mb/s devices
- o auto-negotiation on interface MAUs
- o jack management

3.5 Relationship to other MIBs

It is assumed that an agent implementing this MIB will also implement (at least) the 'system' group defined in the SNMPv2 MIB [[RFC3418](#)]. The following sections identify other MIBs that such an agent should implement.

3.5.1 Relationship to the Interfaces MIB

The sections of this document that define interface MAU-related objects specify an extension to the Interfaces MIB [[RFC2863](#)]. An agent implementing these interface-MAU related objects MUST also implement the relevant groups of the ifCompliance3 MODULE-COMPLIANCE statement of the Interface MIB. The value of the object ifMauIfIndex is the same as the value of 'ifIndex' used to instantiate the interface to which the given MAU is connected.

It is REQUIRED that an agent implementing the interface-MAU related

objects in this MIB will also fully comply with the dot3Compliance2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE statement of the Ethernet-like Interfaces MIB, [RFC3635]. Furthermore, when the interface-MAU related objects are used to manage a 10GBASE-W PHY -- i.e., when ifMauType is equal to dot3MauType10GigBaseW or any other 10GBASE-W variant -- then the agent MUST also support the Ethernet WAN Interface Sublayer (WIS) MIB [RFC3637] and must follow the interface layering model specified therein. In that case the value of the object ifMauIfIndex is the same as the value of 'ifIndex' for the layer at the top of the stack, i.e., for the ifTable entry that has 'ifType' equal to ethernetCsmacd(6). If the interface-MAU related objects are used to manage a PHY that allows the MAU type to be changed dynamically, then the agent SHALL create ifTable, ifStackTable, and ifInvStackTable entries that pertain to the WIS when ifMauDefaultType is changed to a 10GBASEW variant (i.e., one of dot3MauType10GigBaseW, dot3MauType10GigBaseEW, dot3MauType10GigBaseLW, or dot3MauType10GigBaseSW) from any other type, and shall destroy the WIS-related entries when ifMauDefaultType is changed to a non-10GBASE-W type. The agent SHALL also change the values of 'ifConnectorPresent' and 'ifHighSpeed' in the ifTable entry indexed by ifMauIfIndex as specified in [RFC3635] and [RFC3637] when ifMauDefaultType is manipulated in this way but SHALL NOT otherwise alter that entry.

(Note that repeater ports are not represented as interfaces in the Interface MIB.)

3.5.2 Relationship to the 802.3 Repeater MIB module

The section of this document that defines repeater MAU-related objects specifies an extension to the 802.3 Repeater MIB defined in [RFC2108]. An agent implementing these repeater-MAU related objects MUST also comply with the snmpRptrModCompl compliance statement of the 802.3 Repeater MIB module.

The values of 'rpMauGroupIndex' and 'rpMauPortIndex' used to instantiate a repeater MAU variable SHALL be the same as the values of 'rptrPortGroupIndex' and 'rptrPortIndex' used to instantiate the port to which the given MAU is connected.

3.6 Management of Internal MAUs

In some situations, a MAU can be "internal" -- i.e., its functionality is implemented entirely within a device. For example, a managed repeater may contain an internal repeater-MAU and/or an internal interface-MAU through which management communications originating on one of the repeater's external ports pass in order to reach the management agent associated with the repeater. Such

internal MAUs may or may not be managed. If they are managed, objects describing their attributes should appear in the appropriate MIB subtree: dot3RpMauBasicGroup for internal repeater-MAUs and dot3IfMauBasicGroup for internal interface-MAUs.

3.7 Management of IEEE 802.3 Managed Objects

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object	Corresponding SNMP Object
oMAU	
.aMAUID	rpMauIndex or ifMauIndex or broadMauIndex
.aMAUType	rpMauType or ifMauType
.aMAUTypeList	ifMauTypeListBits
.aMediaAvailable	rpMauMediaAvailable or ifMauMediaAvailable
.aLoseMediaCounter	rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits or ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits
.aJabber	rpMauJabberState and rpMauJabberingStateEnters or ifMauJabberState and ifMauJabberingStateEnters
.aMAUAdminState	rpMauStatus or ifMauStatus
.aBbMAUXmitRcvSplitType	broadMauXmtRcvSplitType
.aBroadbandFrequencies	broadMauXmtCarrierFreq and broadMauTranslationFreq
.aFalseCarriers	rpMauFalseCarriers or ifMauFalseCarriers
.acResetMAU	rpMauStatus or ifMauStatus
.acMAUAdminControl	rpMauStatus or ifMauStatus
.nJabber	rpMauJabberTrap or ifMauJabberTrap
oAutoNegotiation	
.aAutoNegID	ifMauIndex
.aAutoNegAdminState	ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus
.aAutoNegRemoteSignalling	ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignalling
.aAutoNegAutoConfig	ifMauAutoNegConfig
.aAutoNegLocalTechnologyAbility	ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits
.aAutoNegAdvertisedTechnologyAbility	ifMauAutoNegAdvertisedBits and ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised
.aAutoNegReceivedTechnologyAbility	ifMauAutoNegReceivedBits and ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultReceived
.acAutoNegRestartAutoConfig	ifMauAutoNegRestart
.acAutoNegAdminControl	ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus

Table 1

The following IEEE 802.3 managed objects have not been included in this MIB for the following reasons.

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object	Corresponding SNMP Object
oMAU	
.aIdleErrorCount	Only useful for 100BaseT2, which is not widely implemented.
oAutoNegotiation	
.aAutoNegLocalSelectorAbility	Only needed for support of isoethernet (802.9a), which is not supported by this MIB.
.aAutoNegAdvertisedSelectorAbility	
.aAutoNegReceivedSelectorAbility	

Table 2

3.8 Addition of new MAU Types

3.8.1 dot3MauType OBJECT-IDENTITIES

The dot3MauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER and its OBJECT-IDENTITY definitions has been moved from the MAU-MIB into the IANA maintained IANA-MAU-TC-MIB, first version of which is defined in this memo.

When a new IEEE 802.3 MAU is defined, IANA can re-issue a version of IANA-MAU-TC-MIB with the new dot3MauType OBJECT-IDENTITY and its matching IANAifMauTypeListBits textual convention value and, possibly, with a new JackType value.

An Expert Review is REQUIRED for the addition of the new MAU types.

Any document that proposes such an addition is REQUIRED to note any special properties of the MAU types that it defines - for example, side effects on the ifStackTable as noted for 10GBASE-W MAUs.

3.8.2 IANAifMauTypeListBits Textual Convention

The syntax of ifMauTypeListBits is changed to be a textual convention, such that the enumerated integer values are now defined

in the textual convention, IANAifMauTypeListBits, which can be re-specified (with additional values) in the IANA maintained MIB module, without issuing a new version of this document.

3.8.3 JackType Textual Convention

The JackType Textual Convention has been moved to the IANA maintained MIB module, so it can be re-specified with additional values without issuing a new version of this document.

4. MAU MIB Definitions

```
MAU-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

IMPORTS

```
Counter32, Integer32, Counter64, zeroDotZero,
OBJECT-TYPE, MODULE-IDENTITY, NOTIFICATION-TYPE,
OBJECT-IDENTITY, mib-2
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI          -- [RFC2578]
TruthValue, AutonomousType, TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    FROM SNMPv2-TC          -- [RFC2579]
OBJECT-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    FROM SNMPv2-CONF        -- [RFC2580]
InterfaceIndex
    FROM IF-MIB              -- [RFC2863]
IANAifMauTypeListBits, JackType
    FROM IANA-MAU-TC-MIB     -- [RFC3636BIS]
;
```

mauMod MODULE-IDENTITY

```
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CONTACT-INFO
    "WG charter:
     http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/hubmib-charter.html
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DESCRIPTION

"Management information for 802.3 MAUs.

The following reference is used throughout this MIB module:

[IEEE 802.3 Std] refers to:

IEEE Std 802.3, 2002 Edition: 'IEEE Standard
for Information technology -
Telecommunications and information exchange
between systems - Local and metropolitan
area networks - Specific requirements -
Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with
collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method
and physical layer specifications', as
amended by IEEE Std 802.3ae-2002:
'Amendment: Media Access Control (MAC)
Parameters, Physical Layer, and Management
Parameters for 10 Gb/s Operation', August,
2002.

Of particular interest is Clause 30, '10Mb/s,
100Mb/s, 1000Mb/s and 10 Gb/s Management'.

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version of this MIB module is part of RFC 3636bis;
see the RFC itself for full legal notices."

REVISION "200502240000Z" -- February 24, 2005

DESCRIPTION "Updated to reference IANA maintained textual
conventions for MAU types, instead of using
internally defined values.

This version is published as RFC XXXX."

-- EdNote: Replace XXXX with the actual RFC number & remove
-- this note.

REVISION "200309190000Z" -- September 19, 2003

DESCRIPTION "Updated to include support for 10 Gb/s MAUs.
This resulted in the following revisions:
- Added OBJECT-IDENTITY definitions for

- 10 gigabit MAU types
- Added fiberLC jack type to JackType TC
- Extended ifMauTypeListBits with bits for the 10 gigabit MAU types
- Added enumerations to ifMauMediaAvailable, and updated its DESCRIPTION to reflect behaviour at 10 Gb/s
- Added 64-bit version of ifMauFalseCarriers and added mauIfGrpHCStats object group to contain the new object
- Deprecated mauModIfCompl2 and replaced it with mauModIfCompl3, which includes the new object group

This version published as [RFC 3636](#)."

REVISION "199908240400Z" -- August 24, 1999
 DESCRIPTION "This version published as [RFC 2668](#). Updated to include support for 1000 Mb/sec MAUs and flow control negotiation."

REVISION "199710310000Z" -- October 31, 1997
 DESCRIPTION "Version published as [RFC 2239](#)."

REVISION "199309300000Z" -- September30, 1993
 DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as [RFC 1515](#)."

::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 6 }

snmpDot3MauMgt OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 26 }

dot3RpMauBasicGroup

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 1 }

dot3IfMauBasicGroup

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 2 }

dot3BroadMauBasicGroup

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 3 }

dot3IfMauAutoNegGroup

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 5 }

--

-- The Basic Repeater MAU Table

--

rpMauTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RpMauEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible


```

STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Table of descriptive and status information
            about the MAU(s) attached to the ports of a
            repeater."
 ::= { dot3RpMauBasicGroup 1 }

rpMauEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      RpMauEntry
MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information
            about a single MAU."
INDEX       { rpMauGroupIndex,
              rpMauPortIndex,
              rpMauIndex
            }
 ::= { rpMauTable 1 }

RpMauEntry ::=
SEQUENCE {
    rpMauGroupIndex      Integer32,
    rpMauPortIndex       Integer32,
    rpMauIndex           Integer32,
    rpMauType            AutonomousType,
    rpMauStatus          INTEGER,
    rpMauMediaAvailable  INTEGER,
    rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits Counter32,
    rpMauJabberState      INTEGER,
    rpMauJabberingStateEnters Counter32,
    rpMauFalseCarriers    Counter32
}

rpMauGroupIndex OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only -- read-only since originally an
                      -- SMIV1 index
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the group
            containing the port to which the MAU described
            by this entry is connected."

Note: In practice, a group will generally be
a field-replaceable unit (i.e., module, card,
or board) that can fit in the physical system
enclosure, and the group number will correspond
to a number marked on the physical enclosure.

The group denoted by a particular value of this

```


object is the same as the group denoted by the same value of rpPtrGroupIndex."

REFERENCE "Reference [RFC 2108](#), rpPtrGroupIndex."
::= { rpMauEntry 1 }

rpMauPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
MAX-ACCESS read-only -- read-only since originally an
-- SMIV1 index
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the repeater
port within group rpMauGroupIndex to which the
MAU described by this entry is connected."
REFERENCE "Reference [RFC 2108](#), rpPtrPortIndex."
::= { rpMauEntry 2 }

rpMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
MAX-ACCESS read-only -- read-only since originally an
-- SMIV1 index
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the MAU
described by this entry from among other
MAUs connected to the same port
(rpMauPortIndex)."
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID."
::= { rpMauEntry 3 }

rpMauType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX AutonomousType
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "This object identifies the MAU type. Values for
standard IEEE 802.3 MAU types are defined in the
IANA maintained IANA-MAU-TC-MIB module, as
OBJECT-IDENTITIES of dot3MauType.
If the MAU type is unknown, the object identifier
zeroDotZero is returned."
DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.2, aMAUType."
::= { rpMauEntry 4 }

rpMauStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
other(1),
unknown(2),
operational(3),
standby(4),


```
        shutdown(5),
        reset(6)
    }
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "The current state of the MAU. This object MAY
be implemented as a read-only object by those
agents and MAUs that do not implement software
control of the MAU state. Some agents may not
support setting the value of this object to some
of the enumerated values.
```

The value other(1) is returned if the MAU is in a state other than one of the states 2 through 6.

The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized.

A MAU in the operational(3) state is fully functional, operates, and passes signals to its attached DTE or repeater port in accordance to its specification.

A MAU in standby(4) state forces DI and CI to idle and the media transmitter to idle or fault, if supported. Standby(4) mode only applies to link type MAUs. The state of rpMauMediaAvailable is unaffected.

A MAU in shutdown(5) state assumes the same condition on DI, CI, and the media transmitter as though it were powered down or not connected. The MAU MAY return other(1) value for the rpMauJabberState and rpMauMediaAvailable objects when it is in this state. For an AUI, this state will remove power from the AUI.

Setting this variable to the value reset(6) resets the MAU in the same manner as a power-off, power-on cycle of at least one-half second would. The agent is not required to return the value reset (6).

Setting this variable to the value operational(3), standby(4), or shutdown(5) causes the MAU to assume the respective state

except that setting a mixing-type MAU or an AUI to standby(4) will cause the MAU to enter the shutdown state."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.7, aMAUAdminState, 30.5.1.2.2, acMAUAdminControl, and 30.5.1.2.1, acResetMAU."

::= { rpMauEntry 5 }

rpMauMediaAvailable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 other(1),
 unknown(2),
 available(3),
 notAvailable(4),
 remoteFault(5),
 invalidSignal(6),
 remoteJabber(7),
 remoteLinkLoss(8),
 remoteTest(9),
 offline(10),
 autoNegError(11)
}

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "If the MAU is a link or fiber type (FOIRL, 10BASE-T, 10BASE-F) then this is equivalent to the link test fail state/low light function. For an AUI or a coax (including broadband) MAU this indicates whether or not loopback is detected on the DI circuit. The value of this attribute persists between packets for MAU types AUI, 10BASE5, 10BASE2, 10BROAD36, and 10BASE-FP.

The value other(1) is returned if the mediaAvailable state is not one of 2 through 11.

The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized. At power-up or following a reset, the value of this attribute will be unknown for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUs. For these MAUs loopback will be tested on each transmission during which no collision is detected. If DI is receiving input when DO returns to IDL after a transmission and there has been no collision during the transmission then loopback will be detected. The value of this attribute will only change during

non-collided transmissions for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUs.

For 100Mbps and 1000Mbps MAUs, the enumerations match the states within the respective link integrity state diagrams, fig 32-16, 23-12 and 24-15 of sections [32](#), [23](#) and [24](#) of [[IEEE802.3](#)]. Any MAU which implements management of auto-negotiation will map remote fault indication to remote fault.

The value available(3) indicates that the link, light, or loopback is normal. The value notAvailable(4) indicates link loss, low light, or no loopback.

The value remoteFault(5) indicates that a fault has been detected at the remote end of the link. This value applies to 10BASE-FB, 100BASE-T4 Far End Fault Indication and non-specified remote faults from a system running auto-negotiation. The values remoteJabber(7), remoteLinkLoss(8), and remoteTest(9) SHOULD be used instead of remoteFault(5) where the reason for remote fault is identified in the remote signaling protocol.

The value invalidSignal(6) indicates that an invalid signal has been received from the other end of the link. invalidSignal(6) applies only to MAUs of type 10BASE-FB.

Where an IEEE Std 802.3-2002 clause 22 MII is present, a logic one in the remote fault bit (reference [section 22.2.4.2.8](#) of that document) maps to the value remoteFault(5), and a logic zero in the link status bit (reference [section 22.2.4.2.10](#) of that document) maps to the value notAvailable(4). The value notAvailable(4) takes precedence over the value remoteFault(5).

Any MAU that implements management of clause 37 Auto-Negotiation will map the received Remote Fault (RF1 and RF2) bit values for Offline to offline(10), Link Failure to remoteFault(5) and Auto-Negotiation Error to autoNegError(11)."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.4, aMediaAvailable."
 ::= { rpMauEntry 6 }

rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that
rpMauMediaAvailable for this MAU instance leaves
the state available(3).

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can
occur at re-initialization of the management
system, and at other times as indicated by the
value of rpMauMonitorPortLastChange."
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.5,
aLoseMediaCounter.
[RFC 2108](#), rpMauMonitorPortLastChange"
 ::= { rpMauEntry 7 }

rpMauJabberState OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 other(1),
 unknown(2),
 noJabber(3),
 jabbering(4)
}
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "The value other(1) is returned if the jabber
state is not 2, 3, or 4. The agent MUST always
return other(1) for MAU type dot3MauTypeAUI.

The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's
true state is unknown; for example, when it is
being initialized.

If the MAU is not jabbering the agent returns
noJabber(3). This is the 'normal' state.

If the MAU is in jabber state the agent returns
the jabbering(4) value."
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.6,
aJabber.jabberFlag."
 ::= { rpMauEntry 8 }

rpMauJabberingStateEnters OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that

mauJabberState for this MAU instance enters the state jabbering(4). For MAUs of type dot3MauTypeAUI, dot3MauType100BaseT4, dot3MauType100BaseTX, dot3MauType100BaseFX and all 1000Mbps types, this counter will always indicate zero.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of rpPtrMonitorPortLastChange."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.6,
aJabber.jabberCounter.
[RFC 2108](#), rpPtrMonitorPortLastChange"
::= { rpMauEntry 9 }

rpMauFalseCarriers OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of false carrier events during IDLE in 100BASE-X links. This counter does not increment at the symbol rate. It can increment after a valid carrier completion at a maximum rate of once per 100 ms until the next carrier event.

This counter increments only for MAUs of type dot3MauType100BaseT4, dot3MauType100BaseTX, and dot3MauType100BaseFX and all 1000Mbps types.

For all other MAU types, this counter will always indicate zero.

The approximate minimum time for rollover of this counter is 7.4 hours.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of rpPtrMonitorPortLastChange."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.10, aFalseCarriers.
[RFC 2108](#), rpPtrMonitorPortLastChange"
::= { rpMauEntry 10 }

-- The rpJackTable applies to MAUs attached to repeaters
-- which have one or more external jacks (connectors).

rpJackTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RpJackEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "Information about the external jacks attached
to MAUs attached to the ports of a repeater."
::= { dot3RpMauBasicGroup 2 }

rpJackEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RpJackEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information
about a particular jack."
INDEX { rpMauGroupIndex,
rpMauPortIndex,
rpMauIndex,
rpJackIndex
}
::= { rpJackTable 1 }

RpJackEntry ::=

SEQUENCE {
rpJackIndex Integer32,
rpJackType JackType
}

rpJackIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the jack
described by this entry from among other jacks
attached to the same MAU (rpMauIndex)."
::= { rpJackEntry 1 }

rpJackType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX JackType
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "The jack connector type, as it appears on the
outside of the system."
::= { rpJackEntry 2 }

--

-- The Basic Interface MAU Table

--

ifMauTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfMauEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "Table of descriptive and status information
about MAU(s) attached to an interface."
::= { dot3IfMauBasicGroup 1 }

ifMauEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IfMauEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information
about a single MAU."
INDEX { ifMauIfIndex,
ifMauIndex
}
::= { ifMauTable 1 }

IfMauEntry ::=

SEQUENCE {
ifMauIfIndex InterfaceIndex,
ifMauIndex Integer32,
ifMauType AutonomousType,
ifMauStatus INTEGER,
ifMauMediaAvailable INTEGER,
ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits Counter32,
ifMauJabberState INTEGER,
ifMauJabberingStateEnters Counter32,
ifMauFalseCarriers Counter32,
ifMauTypeList Integer32,
ifMauDefaultType AutonomousType,
ifMauAutoNegSupported TruthValue,
ifMauTypeListBits IANAifMauTypeListBits,
ifMauHCFFalseCarriers Counter64
}

ifMauIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
MAX-ACCESS read-only -- read-only since originally an
-- SMIV1 index
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the interface
to which the MAU described by this entry is
connected."
REFERENCE [RFC 2863](#), ifIndex"
::= { ifMauEntry 1 }

ifMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  -- read-only since originally an
                        -- SMIV1 index

STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the MAU
            described by this entry from among other MAUs
            connected to the same interface (ifMauIfIndex)."
```

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID."

```
::= { ifMauEntry 2 }
```

ifMauType OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      AutonomousType
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "This object identifies the MAU type.  Values for
            standard IEEE 802.3 MAU types are defined in the
            IANA maintained IANA-MAU-TC-MIB module, as
            OBJECT-IDENTITIES of dot3MauType.
            If the MAU type is unknown, the object identifier
            zeroDotZero is returned.
```

This object represents the operational type of the MAU, as determined by either (1) the result of the auto-negotiation function or (2) if auto-negotiation is not enabled or is not implemented for this MAU, by the value of the object ifMauDefaultType. In case (2), a set to the object ifMauDefaultType will force the MAU into the new operating mode."

```
DEFVAL      { zeroDotZero }
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.2, aMAUType."
::= { ifMauEntry 3 }
```

ifMauStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                    other(1),
                    unknown(2),
                    operational(3),
                    standby(4),
                    shutdown(5),
                    reset(6)
                }
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "The current state of the MAU.  This object MAY
            be implemented as a read-only object by those
            agents and MAUs that do not implement software
```


control of the MAU state. Some agents may not support setting the value of this object to some of the enumerated values.

The value other(1) is returned if the MAU is in a state other than one of the states 2 through 6.

The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized.

A MAU in the operational(3) state is fully functional, operates, and passes signals to its attached DTE or repeater port in accordance to its specification.

A MAU in standby(4) state forces DI and CI to idle and the media transmitter to idle or fault, if supported. Standby(4) mode only applies to link type MAUs. The state of ifMauMediaAvailable is unaffected.

A MAU in shutdown(5) state assumes the same condition on DI, CI, and the media transmitter as though it were powered down or not connected. The MAU MAY return other(1) value for the ifMauJabberState and ifMauMediaAvailable objects when it is in this state. For an AUI, this state will remove power from the AUI.

Setting this variable to the value reset(6) resets the MAU in the same manner as a power-off, power-on cycle of at least one-half second would. The agent is not required to return the value reset (6).

Setting this variable to the value operational(3), standby(4), or shutdown(5) causes the MAU to assume the respective state except that setting a mixing-type MAU or an AUI to standby(4) will cause the MAU to enter the shutdown state."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.7, aMAUAdminState, 30.5.1.2.2, acMAUAdminControl, and 30.5.1.2.1, acResetMAU."

::= { ifMauEntry 4 }

`ifMauMediaAvailable` OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                other(1),
                unknown(2),
                available(3),
                notAvailable(4),
                remoteFault(5),
                invalidSignal(6),
                remoteJabber(7),
                remoteLinkLoss(8),
                remoteTest(9),
                offline(10),
                autoNegError(11),
                pmdLinkFault(12),
                wisFrameLoss(13),
                wisSignalLoss(14),
                pcsLinkFault(15),
                excessiveBER(16),
                dxsLinkFault(17),
                pxsLinkFault(18)
            }
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "If the MAU is a link or fiber type (FOIRL,
            10BASE-T, 10BASE-F) then this is equivalent to
            the link test fail state/low light function.
            For an AUI or a coax (including broadband) MAU
            this indicates whether or not loopback is
            detected on the DI circuit.  The value of this
            attribute persists between packets for MAU types
            AUI, 10BASE5, 10BASE2, 10BROAD36, and 10BASE-FP.
```

The value `other(1)` is returned if the `mediaAvailable` state is not one of 2 through 18.

The value `unknown(2)` is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized. At power-up or following a reset, the value of this attribute will be unknown for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUs. For these MAUs loopback will be tested on each transmission during which no collision is detected. If DI is receiving input when DO returns to IDL after a transmission and there has been no collision during the transmission then loopback will be detected. The value of this attribute will only change during non-collided transmissions for AUI, coax, and

10BASE-FP MAUs.

For 100Mbps and 1000Mbps MAUs, the enumerations match the states within the respective link integrity state diagrams, fig 32-16, 23-12 and 24-15 of sections [32](#), [23](#) and [24](#) of [[IEEE802.3](#)]. Any MAU which implements management of auto-negotiation will map remote fault indication to remote fault.

The value available(3) indicates that the link, light, or loopback is normal. The value notAvailable(4) indicates link loss, low light, or no loopback.

The value remoteFault(5) indicates that a fault has been detected at the remote end of the link. This value applies to 10BASE-FB, 100BASE-T4 Far End Fault Indication and non-specified remote faults from a system running auto-negotiation. The values remoteJabber(7), remoteLinkLoss(8), and remoteTest(9) SHOULD be used instead of remoteFault(5) where the reason for remote fault is identified in the remote signaling protocol. The value invalidSignal(6) indicates that an invalid signal has been received from the other end of the link. invalidSignal(6) applies only to MAUs of type 10BASE-FB.

Where an IEEE Std 802.3-2002 clause 22 MII is present, a logic one in the remote fault bit (reference [section 22.2.4.2.8](#) of that document) maps to the value remoteFault(5), and a logic zero in the link status bit (reference [section 22.2.4.2.10](#) of that document) maps to the value notAvailable(4). The value notAvailable(4) takes precedence over the value remoteFault(5).

Any MAU that implements management of clause 37 Auto-Negotiation will map the received RF1 and RF2 bit values for Offline to offline(10), Link Failure to remoteFault(5) and Auto-Negotiation Error to autoNegError(11).

For 10 Gb/s, the enumerations map to the states within the Reconciliation Sublayer state diagram as follows:

NoFault maps to the enumeration 'available(3)'

LocalFault maps to the enumeration

'notAvailable(4)'

RemoteFault maps to the enumeration

'remoteFault(5)'

The enumerations 'pmdLinkFault(12)',
'wisFrameLoss(13)', 'wisSignalLoss(14)',
'pcsLinkFault(15)', 'excessiveBER(16)', and
'dxsLinkFault(17)' and 'pxsLinkFault(18)' should
be used instead of the enumeration
'notAvailable(4)' where the reason for the local
fault can be identified through the use of the
MDIO Interface. Where multiple reasons for the
local fault state can be identified only the
highest precedence error should be reported.
The precedence in descending order is as
follows:

pxsLinkFault
pmdLinkFault
wisFrameLoss
wisSignalLoss
pcsLinkFault
excessiveBER
dxsLinkFault"

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.4, aMediaAvailable."

::= { ifMauEntry 5 }

ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that
ifMauMediaAvailable for this MAU instance leaves
the state available(3).

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can
occur at re-initialization of the management
system, and at other times as indicated by the
value of ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.5,
aLoseMediaCounter.
[RFC 2863](#), ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ifMauEntry 6 }

ifMauJabberState OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
other(1),
unknown(2),


```
        noJabber(3),
        jabbering(4)
    }
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "The value other(1) is returned if the jabber
state is not 2, 3, or 4. The agent MUST always
return other(1) for MAU type dot3MauTypeAUI.
```

The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized.

If the MAU is not jabbering the agent returns noJabber(3). This is the 'normal' state.

If the MAU is in jabber state the agent returns the jabbering(4) value."

```
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.6,
aJabber.jabberFlag."
::= { ifMauEntry 7 }
```

ifMauJabberingStateEnters OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that
mauJabberState for this MAU instance enters the
state jabbering(4). This counter will always
indicate zero for MAUs of type dot3MauTypeAUI
and those of speeds above 10Mbps.
```

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."

```
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.6,
aJabber.jabberCounter.
RFC 2863, ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."
::= { ifMauEntry 8 }
```

ifMauFalseCarriers OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of false carrier events
during IDLE in 100BASE-X and 1000BASE-X links.
```


For all other MAU types, this counter will always indicate zero. This counter does not increment at the symbol rate.

It can increment after a valid carrier completion at a maximum rate of once per 100 ms for 100BASE-X and once per 10us for 1000BASE-X until the next CarrierEvent.

This counter can roll over very quickly. A management station is advised to poll the ifMauHCFALSECarriers instead of this counter in order to avoid loss of information.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.10, aFalseCarriers.
[RFC 2863](#), ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ifMauEntry 9 }

ifMauTypeList OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****"

This object has been deprecated in favour of ifMauTypeListBits.

A value that uniquely identifies the set of possible IEEE 802.3 types that the MAU could be. The value is a sum which initially takes the value zero. Then, for each type capability of this MAU, 2 raised to the power noted below is added to the sum. For example, a MAU which has the capability to be only 10BASE-T would have a value of 512 (2^{*9}). In contrast, a MAU which supports both 10Base-T (full duplex) and 100BASE-TX (full duplex) would have a value of $((2^{*11}) + (2^{*16}))$ or 67584.

The powers of 2 assigned to the capabilities are these:

Power	Capability
0	other or unknown

1	AUI
2	10BASE-5
3	FOIRL
4	10BASE-2
5	10BASE-T duplex mode unknown
6	10BASE-FP
7	10BASE-FB
8	10BASE-FL duplex mode unknown
9	10BROAD36
10	10BASE-T half duplex mode
11	10BASE-T full duplex mode
12	10BASE-FL half duplex mode
13	10BASE-FL full duplex mode
14	100BASE-T4
15	100BASE-TX half duplex mode
16	100BASE-TX full duplex mode
17	100BASE-FX half duplex mode
18	100BASE-FX full duplex mode
19	100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
20	100BASE-T2 full duplex mode

If auto-negotiation is present on this MAU, this object will map to ifMauAutoNegCapability."

::= { ifMauEntry 10 }

ifMauDefaultType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX AutonomousType

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "This object identifies the default administrative baseband MAU type, to be used in conjunction with the operational MAU type denoted by ifMauType.

The set of possible values for this object is the same as the set defined for the ifMauType object.

This object represents the administratively-configured type of the MAU. If auto-negotiation is not enabled or is not implemented for this MAU, the value of this object determines the operational type of the MAU. In this case, a set to this object will force the MAU into the specified operating mode.

If auto-negotiation is implemented and enabled for this MAU, the operational type of the MAU

is determined by auto-negotiation, and the value of this object denotes the type to which the MAU will automatically revert if/when auto-negotiation is later disabled.

NOTE TO IMPLEMENTORS: It may be necessary to provide for underlying hardware implementations which do not follow the exact behavior specified above. In particular, when ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus transitions from enabled to disabled, the agent implementation MUST ensure that the operational type of the MAU (as reported by ifMauType) correctly transitions to the value specified by this object, rather than continuing to operate at the value earlier determined by the auto-negotiation function."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID, and 22.2.4.1.4."

::= { ifMauEntry 11 }

ifMauAutoNegSupported OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "This object indicates whether or not auto-negotiation is supported on this MAU."

::= { ifMauEntry 12 }

ifMauTypeListBits OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IANAifMauTypeListBits

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "A value that uniquely identifies the set of possible IEEE 802.3 types that the MAU could be. If auto-negotiation is present on this MAU, this object will map to ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits.

Note that this MAU may be capable of operating as a MAU type that is beyond the scope of this MIB. This is indicated by returning the bit value bOther in addition to any bit values for capabilities that are listed above."

::= { ifMauEntry 13 }

ifMauHCFALSECarriers OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of false carrier events during IDLE in 100BASE-X and 1000BASE-X links.

For all other MAU types, this counter will always indicate zero. This counter does not increment at the symbol rate.

This counter is a 64 bit version of ifMauFalseCarriers. Since the 32 bit version of this counter can roll over very quickly, management stations are advised to poll the 64 bit version instead in order to avoid loss of information.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.10, aFalseCarriers.
[RFC 2863](#), ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ifMauEntry 14 }

-- The ifJackTable applies to MAUs attached to interfaces
-- which have one or more external jacks (connectors).

ifJackTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfJackEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "Information about the external jacks attached to MAUs attached to an interface."

::= { dot3IfMauBasicGroup 2 }

ifJackEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IfJackEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information about a particular jack."

INDEX { ifMauIfIndex,
ifMauIndex,
ifJackIndex
}

::= { ifJackTable 1 }

IfJackEntry ::=

SEQUENCE {

ifJackIndex

Integer32,


```
        ifJackType                               JackType
    }

ifJackIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the jack
                described by this entry from among other jacks
                attached to the same MAU."
    ::= { ifJackEntry 1 }

ifJackType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      JackType
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "The jack connector type, as it appears on the
                outside of the system."
    ::= { ifJackEntry 2 }

--
-- The MAU Auto-Negotiation Table
--

ifMauAutoNegTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF IfMauAutoNegEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "Configuration and status objects for the
                auto-negotiation function of MAUs attached to
                interfaces.

                The ifMauAutoNegTable applies to systems in
                which auto-negotiation is supported on one or
                more MAUs attached to interfaces. Note that if
                auto-negotiation is present and enabled, the
                ifMauType object reflects the result of the
                auto-negotiation function."
    ::= { dot3IfMauAutoNegGroup 1 }

ifMauAutoNegEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      IfMauAutoNegEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing configuration
                and status information for the auto-negotiation
                function of a particular MAU."
    INDEX      { ifMauIfIndex,
```



```

        ifMauIndex
    }
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegTable 1 }

IfMauAutoNegEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus          INTEGER,
        ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling      INTEGER,
        ifMauAutoNegConfig                INTEGER,
        ifMauAutoNegCapability            Integer32,
        ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertised         Integer32,
        ifMauAutoNegCapReceived           Integer32,
        ifMauAutoNegRestart               INTEGER,
        ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits        BITS,
        ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits     BITS,
        ifMauAutoNegCapReceivedBits       BITS,
        ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised INTEGER,
        ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultReceived   INTEGER
    }

ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                    enabled(1),
                    disabled(2)
                }
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "Setting this object to enabled(1) will cause
                the interface which has the auto-negotiation
                signaling ability to be enabled.

                If the value of this object is disabled(2) then
                the interface will act as it would if it had no
                auto-negotiation signaling. Under these
                conditions, an IEEE 802.3 MAU will immediately
                be forced to the state indicated by the value of
                the object ifMauDefaultType.

                NOTE TO IMPLEMENTORS: When
                ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus transitions from enabled
                to disabled, the agent implementation MUST
                ensure that the operational type of the MAU (as
                reported by ifMauType) correctly transitions to
                the value specified by the ifMauDefaultType
                object, rather than continuing to operate at the
                value earlier determined by the auto-negotiation
                function."
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.2,
```



```
        aAutoNegAdminState and 30.6.1.2.2,  
        acAutoNegAdminControl."  
 ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 1 }
```

ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {  
                detected(1),  
                notdetected(2)  
            }  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      current  
DESCRIPTION "A value indicating whether the remote end of  
            the link is using auto-negotiation signaling. It  
            takes the value detected(1) if and only if,  
            during the previous link negotiation, FLP Bursts  
            were received."  
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.3,  
            aAutoNegRemoteSignaling."  
 ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 2 }
```

ifMauAutoNegConfig OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {  
                other(1),  
                configuring(2),  
                complete(3),  
                disabled(4),  
                parallelDetectFail(5)  
            }  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      current  
DESCRIPTION "A value indicating the current status of the  
            auto-negotiation process. The enumeration  
            parallelDetectFail(5) maps to a failure in  
            parallel detection as defined in 28.2.3.1 of  
            [IEEE 802.3 Std]."  
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.4,  
            aAutoNegAutoConfig."  
 ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 4 }
```

ifMauAutoNegCapability OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS  read-only  
STATUS      deprecated  
DESCRIPTION "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****"
```

This object has been deprecated in favour of
ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits.

A value that uniquely identifies the set of capabilities of the local auto-negotiation entity. The value is a sum which initially takes the value zero. Then, for each capability of this interface, 2 raised to the power noted below is added to the sum. For example, an interface which has the capability to support only 100Base-TX half duplex would have a value of 32768 (2^{15}). In contrast, an interface which supports both 100Base-TX half duplex and 100Base-TX full duplex would have a value of 98304 ($(2^{15}) + (2^{16})$).

The powers of 2 assigned to the capabilities are these:

Power	Capability
0	other or unknown
(1-9)	(reserved)
10	10BASE-T half duplex mode
11	10BASE-T full duplex mode
12	(reserved)
13	(reserved)
14	100BASE-T4
15	100BASE-TX half duplex mode
16	100BASE-TX full duplex mode
17	(reserved)
18	(reserved)
19	100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
20	100BASE-T2 full duplex mode

Note that interfaces that support this MIB may have capabilities that extend beyond the scope of this MIB."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.5,
aAutoNegLocalTechnologyAbility."

::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 5 }

ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertised OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****"

This object has been deprecated in favour of ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits.

A value that uniquely identifies the set of

capabilities advertised by the local auto-negotiation entity. Refer to ifMauAutoNegCapability for a description of the possible values of this object.

Capabilities in this object that are not available in ifMauAutoNegCapability cannot be enabled."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.6,
aAutoNegAdvertisedTechnologyAbility."

::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 6 }

ifMauAutoNegCapReceived OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****"

This object has been deprecated in favour of ifMauAutoNegCapReceivedBits.

A value that uniquely identifies the set of capabilities received from the remote auto-negotiation entity. Refer to ifMauAutoNegCapability for a description of the possible values of this object.

Note that interfaces that support this MIB may be attached to remote auto-negotiation entities which have capabilities beyond the scope of this MIB."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.7,
aAutoNegReceivedTechnologyAbility."

::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 7 }

ifMauAutoNegRestart OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 restart(1),
 norestart(2)
}

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "If the value of this object is set to restart(1) then this will force auto-negotiation to begin link renegotiation. If auto-negotiation signaling is disabled, a write to this object has no effect.
Setting the value of this object to norestart(2)

has no effect."
 REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.2.1,
 acAutoNegRestartAutoConfig."
 ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 8 }

ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BITS {
 bOther(0), -- other or unknown
 b10baseT(1), -- 10BASE-T half duplex mode
 b10baseTFD(2), -- 10BASE-T full duplex mode
 b100baseT4(3), -- 100BASE-T4
 b100baseTX(4), -- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode
 b100baseTXFD(5), -- 100BASE-TX full duplex mode
 b100baseT2(6), -- 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
 b100baseT2FD(7), -- 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode
 bfdxPause(8), -- PAUSE for full-duplex links
 bfdxAPause(9), -- Asymmetric PAUSE for full-duplex
 -- links
 bfdxSPause(10), -- Symmetric PAUSE for full-duplex
 -- links
 bfdxBPause(11), -- Asymmetric and Symmetric PAUSE for
 -- full-duplex links
 b1000baseX(12), -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX half
 -- duplex mode
 b1000baseXFD(13), -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX full
 -- duplex mode
 b1000baseT(14), -- 1000BASE-T half duplex mode
 b1000baseTFD(15) -- 1000BASE-T full duplex mode
 }
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
 capabilities of the local auto-negotiation
 entity. Note that interfaces that support this
 MIB may have capabilities that extend beyond the
 scope of this MIB.

 Note that the local auto-negotiation entity may
 support some capabilities beyond the scope of
 this MIB. This is indicated by returning the
 bit value bOther in addition to any bit values
 for capabilities that are listed above."
 REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.5,
 aAutoNegLocalTechnologyAbility."
 ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 9 }

ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits OBJECT-TYPE


```

SYNTAX      BITS {
    bOther(0),          -- other or unknown
    b10baseT(1),        -- 10BASE-T half duplex mode
    b10baseTFD(2),      -- 10BASE-T full duplex mode
    b100baseT4(3),      -- 100BASE-T4
    b100baseTX(4),      -- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode
    b100baseTXFD(5),    -- 100BASE-TX full duplex mode
    b100baseT2(6),      -- 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
    b100baseT2FD(7),    -- 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode
    bFdxPause(8),       -- PAUSE for full-duplex links
    bFdxAPause(9),      -- Asymmetric PAUSE for full-duplex
                        -- links
    bFdxSPause(10),     -- Symmetric PAUSE for full-duplex
                        -- links
    bFdxBPause(11),     -- Asymmetric and Symmetric PAUSE for
                        -- full-duplex links
    b1000baseX(12),     -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX half
                        -- duplex mode
    b1000baseXFD(13),   -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX full
                        -- duplex mode
    b1000baseT(14),     -- 1000BASE-T half duplex mode
    b1000baseTFD(15)    -- 1000BASE-T full duplex mode
}
MAX-ACCESS  read-write
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
capabilities advertised by the local
auto-negotiation entity.

Capabilities in this object that are not
available in ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits cannot
be enabled.

Note that the local auto-negotiation entity may
advertise some capabilities beyond the scope of
this MIB. This is indicated by returning the
bit value bOther in addition to any bit values
for capabilities that are listed above."
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.6,
aAutoNegAdvertisedTechnologyAbility."
 ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 10 }

```

ifMauAutoNegCapReceivedBits OBJECT-TYPE

```

SYNTAX      BITS {
    bOther(0),          -- other or unknown
    b10baseT(1),        -- 10BASE-T half duplex mode
    b10baseTFD(2),      -- 10BASE-T full duplex mode
    b100baseT4(3),      -- 100BASE-T4

```



```

b100baseTX(4),      -- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode
b100baseTXFD(5),    -- 100BASE-TX full duplex mode
b100baseT2(6),      -- 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
b100baseT2FD(7),    -- 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode
bFdxPause(8),       -- PAUSE for full-duplex links
bFdxAPause(9),       -- Asymmetric PAUSE for full-duplex
                      -- links
bFdxSPause(10),      -- Symmetric PAUSE for full-duplex
                      -- links
bFdxBPAuse(11),      -- Asymmetric and Symmetric PAUSE for
                      -- full-duplex links
b1000baseX(12),      -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX half
                      -- duplex mode
b1000baseXFD(13),    -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX full
                      -- duplex mode
b1000baseT(14),      -- 1000BASE-T half duplex mode
b1000baseTFD(15)     -- 1000BASE-T full duplex mode
}
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION   "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
               capabilities received from the remote
               auto-negotiation entity.
               Note that interfaces that support this MIB may
               be attached to remote auto-negotiation entities
               which have capabilities beyond the scope of this
               MIB. This is indicated by returning the bit
               value bOther in addition to any bit values for
               capabilities that are listed above."
REFERENCE     "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.7,
               aAutoNegReceivedTechnologyAbility."
 ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 11 }

```

ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised OBJECT-TYPE

```

SYNTAX        INTEGER {
                    noError(1),
                    offline(2),
                    linkFailure(3),
                    autoNegError(4)
                }
MAX-ACCESS    read-write
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION   "A value that identifies any local fault
               indications that this MAU has detected and will
               advertise at the next auto-negotiation
               interaction for 1000Mbps MAUs."
REFERENCE     "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.6,
               aAutoNegAdvertisedTechnologyAbility."

```



```
 ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 12 }

ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultReceived OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                    noError(1),
                    offline(2),
                    linkFailure(3),
                    autoNegError(4)
                }
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION  "A value that identifies any fault indications
                  received from the far end of a link by the
                  local auto-negotiation entity for 1000Mbps
                  MAUs."
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.7,
                  aAutoNegReceivedTechnologyAbility."
    ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 13 }

--
-- The Basic Broadband MAU Table
--

broadMauBasicTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF BroadMauBasicEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS       deprecated
    DESCRIPTION  "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****

                  This entire table has been deprecated.  There
                  have been no reported implementations of this
                  table, and it is unlikely that there ever will
                  be.  IEEE recommends that broadband MAU types
                  should not be used for new installations.

                  Table of descriptive and status information
                  about the broadband MAUs connected to
                  interfaces."
    ::= { dot3BroadMauBasicGroup 1 }

broadMauBasicEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      BroadMauBasicEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS       deprecated
    DESCRIPTION  "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****

                  An entry in the table, containing information
```



```

        about a single broadband MAU."
INDEX      { broadMauIfIndex,
             broadMauIndex
            }
 ::= { broadMauBasicTable 1 }

BroadMauBasicEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        broadMauIfIndex      InterfaceIndex,
        broadMauIndex        Integer32,
        broadMauXmtRcvSplitType INTEGER,
        broadMauXmtCarrierFreq Integer32,
        broadMauTranslationFreq Integer32
    }

broadMauIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only -- read-only since originally an
                           -- SMIV1 index
    STATUS       deprecated
    DESCRIPTION  "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****

                This variable uniquely identifies the interface
                to which the MAU described by this entry is
                connected."
    REFERENCE    "Reference RFC 2863, ifIndex."
    ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 1 }

broadMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only -- read-only since originally an
                           -- SMIV1 index
    STATUS       deprecated
    DESCRIPTION  "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****

                This variable uniquely identifies the MAU
                connected to interface broadMauIfIndex that is
                described by this entry."
    REFERENCE    "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID."
    ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 2 }

broadMauXmtRcvSplitType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                    other(1),
                    single(2),
                    dual(3)
                }
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only

```


STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****"

This object indicates the type of frequency multiplexing/cabling system used to separate the transmit and receive paths for the 10BROAD36 MAU.

The value other(1) is returned if the split type is not either single or dual.

The value single(2) indicates a single cable system. The value dual(3) indicates a dual cable system, offset normally zero."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.8,
aBbMAUXmitRcvSplitType."
::= { broadMauBasicEntry 3 }

broadMauXmtCarrierFreq OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****"

This variable indicates the transmit carrier frequency of the 10BROAD36 MAU in MHz/4; that is, in units of 250 kHz."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.9,
aBroadbandFrequencies.xmitCarrierFrequency."
::= { broadMauBasicEntry 4 }

broadMauTranslationFreq OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION "***** THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED *****"

This variable indicates the translation offset frequency of the 10BROAD36 MAU in MHz/4; that is, in units of 250 kHz."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.9,
aBroadbandFrequencies.translationFrequency."
::= { broadMauBasicEntry 5 }

-- Notifications for use by 802.3 MAUs

snmpDot3MauTraps OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 0 }


```
rpMauJabberTrap NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS      { rpMauJabberState }
  STATUS       current
  DESCRIPTION  "This trap is sent whenever a managed repeater
                MAU enters the jabber state.

                The agent MUST throttle the generation of
                consecutive rpMauJabberTraps so that there is at
                least a five-second gap between them."
  REFERENCE    "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.3.1, nJabber
                notification."
  ::= { snmpDot3MauTraps 1 }

ifMauJabberTrap NOTIFICATION-TYPE
  OBJECTS      { ifMauJabberState }
  STATUS       current
  DESCRIPTION  "This trap is sent whenever a managed interface
                MAU enters the jabber state.

                The agent MUST throttle the generation of
                consecutive ifMauJabberTraps so that there is at
                least a five-second gap between them."

  REFERENCE    "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.3.1, nJabber
                notification."
  ::= { snmpDot3MauTraps 2 }

-- Conformance information

mauModConf
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauMod 1 }
mauModCompls
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 1 }
mauModObjGrps
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 2 }
mauModNotGrps
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 3 }

-- Object groups

mauRpGrpBasic OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS      { rpMauGroupIndex,
                rpMauPortIndex,
                rpMauIndex,
                rpMauType,
                rpMauStatus,
                rpMauMediaAvailable,
                rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits,
```



```
        rpMauJabberState,
        rpMauJabberingStateEnters
    }
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "Basic conformance group for MAUs attached to
        repeater ports.  This group is also the
        conformance specification for RFC 1515
        implementations."
    ::= { mauModObjGrps 1 }

mauRpGrp100Mbs OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS      { rpMauFalseCarriers }
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to
        repeater ports with 100 Mb/s or greater
        capability."
    ::= { mauModObjGrps 2 }

mauRpGrpJack OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS      { rpJackType }
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to
        repeater ports with managed jacks."
    ::= { mauModObjGrps 3 }

mauIfGrpBasic OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS      { ifMauIfIndex,
        ifMauIndex,
        ifMauType,
        ifMauStatus,
        ifMauMediaAvailable,
        ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits,
        ifMauJabberState,
        ifMauJabberingStateEnters
    }
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "Basic conformance group for MAUs attached to
        interfaces.  This group also provides a
        conformance specification for RFC 1515
        implementations."
    ::= { mauModObjGrps 4 }

mauIfGrp100Mbs OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS      { ifMauFalseCarriers,
        ifMauTypeList,
        ifMauDefaultType,
        ifMauAutoNegSupported
    }
}
```


STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION "***** THIS GROUP IS DEPRECATED *****"

Conformance group for MAUs attached to
interfaces with 100 Mb/s capability.

This object group has been deprecated in favor
of mauIfGrpHighCapacity."

::= { mauModObjGrps 5 }

mauIfGrpJack OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { ifJackType }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to
interfaces with managed jacks."
::= { mauModObjGrps 6 }

mauIfGrpAutoNeg OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus,
ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling,
ifMauAutoNegConfig,
ifMauAutoNegCapability,
ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertised,
ifMauAutoNegCapReceived,
ifMauAutoNegRestart
}
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION "***** THIS GROUP IS DEPRECATED *****"

Conformance group for MAUs attached to
interfaces with managed auto-negotiation.

This object group has been deprecated in favor
of mauIfGrpAutoNeg2."

::= { mauModObjGrps 7 }

mauBroadBasic OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { broadMauIfIndex,
broadMauIndex,
broadMauXmtRcvSplitType,
broadMauXmtCarrierFreq,
broadMauTranslationFreq
}
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION "***** THIS GROUP IS DEPRECATED *****"

Conformance group for broadband MAUs attached
to interfaces.

This object group is deprecated. There have been no reported implementations of this group, and it was felt to be unlikely that there will be any future implementations."

::= { mauModObjGrps 8 }

mauIfGrpHighCapacity OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { ifMauFalseCarriers,
ifMauTypeListBits,
ifMauDefaultType,
ifMauAutoNegSupported
}

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to
interfaces with 100 Mb/s or greater capability."

::= { mauModObjGrps 9 }

mauIfGrpAutoNeg2 OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus,
ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling,
ifMauAutoNegConfig,
ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits,
ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits,
ifMauAutoNegCapReceivedBits,
ifMauAutoNegRestart
}

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to
interfaces with managed auto-negotiation."

::= { mauModObjGrps 10 }

mauIfGrpAutoNeg1000Mbps OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised,
ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultReceived
}

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for 1000Mbps MAUs attached to
interfaces with managed auto-negotiation."

::= { mauModObjGrps 11 }

mauIfGrpHCStats OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { ifMauHCFalseCarriers }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "Conformance for high capacity statistics for
MAUs attached to interfaces"

::= { mauModObjGrps 12 }

-- Notification groups


```
rpMauNotifications NOTIFICATION-GROUP
  NOTIFICATIONS { rpMauJabberTrap }
  STATUS        current
  DESCRIPTION "Notifications for repeater MAUs."
  ::= { mauModNotGrps 1 }

ifMauNotifications NOTIFICATION-GROUP
  NOTIFICATIONS { ifMauJabberTrap }
  STATUS        current
  DESCRIPTION "Notifications for interface MAUs."
  ::= { mauModNotGrps 2 }

-- Compliances

mauModRpCompl MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS        deprecated
  DESCRIPTION "***** THIS COMPLIANCE IS DEPRECATED *****
    Compliance for MAUs attached to repeater
    ports.

    This compliance is deprecated and replaced by
    mauModRpCompl2, which corrects an oversight by
    allowing rpMauStatus to be implemented
    read-only."

  MODULE -- this module
    MANDATORY-GROUPS { mauRpGrpBasic }

    GROUP        mauRpGrp100Mbs
    DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is
      recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s or
      greater capability."

    GROUP        mauRpGrpJack
    DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is
      recommended for MAUs which have one or more
      external jacks."

    GROUP        rpMauNotifications
    DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is recommended
      for MAUs attached to repeater ports."
  ::= { mauModCompls 1 }

mauModIfCompl MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS        deprecated
  DESCRIPTION "***** THIS COMPLIANCE IS DEPRECATED *****
    Compliance for MAUs attached to interfaces.
```


This compliance is deprecated and replaced by
mauModIfCompl2."

MODULE -- this module

MANDATORY-GROUPS { mauIfGrpBasic }

GROUP mauIfGrp100Mbs

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is
recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s
capability."

GROUP mauIfGrpJack

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is
recommended for MAUs which have one or more
external jacks."

GROUP mauIfGrpAutoNeg

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory
for MAUs which support managed
auto-negotiation."

GROUP mauBroadBasic

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory
for broadband MAUs."

GROUP ifMauNotifications

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is recommended
for MAUs attached to interfaces."

::= { mauModCompls 2 }

mauModIfCompl2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION "***** THIS COMPLIANCE IS DEPRECATED *****

Compliance for MAUs attached to interfaces.

This compliance is deprecated and replaced by
mauModIfCompl3."

MODULE -- this module

MANDATORY-GROUPS { mauIfGrpBasic }

GROUP mauIfGrpHighCapacity

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is
recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s
or greater capability."

GROUP mauIfGrpJack

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have one or more external jacks."

GROUP mauIfGrpAutoNeg2

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for MAUs which support managed auto-negotiation."

GROUP mauIfGrpAutoNeg1000Mbps

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for MAUs which have 1000Mb/s or greater capability and support managed auto-negotiation."

GROUP ifMauNotifications

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is recommended for MAUs attached to interfaces."

OBJECT ifMauStatus

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

::= { mauModCompls 3 }

mauModRpCompl2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "Compliance for MAUs attached to repeater ports.

Note that compliance with this compliance statement requires compliance with the snmpRptrModCompl MODULE-COMPLIANCE statement of the SNMP-REPEATER-MIB ([RFC 2108](#))."

MODULE -- this module

MANDATORY-GROUPS { mauRpGrpBasic }

GROUP mauRpGrp100Mbps

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s or greater capability."

GROUP mauRpGrpJack

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have one or more external jacks."

GROUP rpMauNotifications

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is recommended for MAUs attached to repeater ports."

OBJECT rpMauStatus

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

::= { mauModCompls 4 }

mauModIfCompl3 MODULE-COMPLIANCE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION "Compliance for MAUs attached to interfaces.

Note that compliance with this compliance statement requires compliance with the ifCompliance3 MODULE-COMPLIANCE statement of the IF-MIB ([RFC 2863](#)) and the dot3Compliance2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE statement of the EtherLike-MIB ([RFC3635](#))."

MODULE -- this module

MANDATORY-GROUPS { mauIfGrpBasic }

GROUP mauIfGrpHighCapacity

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s or greater capability."

GROUP mauIfGrpHCStats

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for MAUs which have 1000Mb/s capacity, and is recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s capacity."

GROUP mauIfGrpJack

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have one or more external jacks."

GROUP mauIfGrpAutoNeg2

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for MAUs which support managed auto-negotiation."

GROUP mauIfGrpAutoNeg1000Mbps

DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for MAUs which have 1000Mb/s or greater capability and support managed auto-negotiation."


```
GROUP          ifMauNotifications
DESCRIPTION    "Implementation of this group is recommended
               for MAUs attached to interfaces."

OBJECT         ifMauStatus
MIN-ACCESS     read-only
DESCRIPTION    "Write access is not required."
::= { mauModCompls 5 }

END
```

5. IANA maintained MAU TC Definitions

```
IANA-MAU-TC-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-IDENTITY, mib-2
FROM SNMPv2-SMI
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
FROM SNMPv2-TC
;
```

```
ianaMauTC MODULE-IDENTITY
```

```
LAST-UPDATED "200410240000Z" -- Oct 24, 2004
ORGANIZATION "IANA"
CONTACT-INFO "          Internet Assigned Numbers Authority

                    Postal: ICANN
                    4676 Admiralty Way, Suite 330
                    Marina del Rey, CA 90292

                    Tel:    +1 310 823 9358
                    E-Mail: iana@iana.org"
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This MIB module defines dot3MauType OBJECT-IDENTITIES and
IANAifMauListBits and JackType Textual Conventions,
specifying enumerated values of the ifMauTypeListBits and
ifJackType objects respectively, defined in the MAU-MIB.
```

A Standards Action (as defined in [RFC 2434](#)) is REQUIRED for the addition of the new MAU types, so that any prospective assignments are documented in an RFC.

Any document that proposes such an addition is REQUIRED to note any special properties of the MAU types that it defines -- for example, side effects on the ifStackTable such as are

noted in [RFC 3636 Section 3.4.1](#) for 10GBASE-W MAUs."

REVISION "200410240000Z" -- Oct 24, 2004

DESCRIPTION "Initial version of this MIB as published in
RFC XXX."

-- EdNote: Replace XXXX with the actual RFC number & remove this note
::= { mib-2 snmpDot3MauMgt(26) 7 } -- mauMod+1

-- Textual Conventions

IANAifMauTypeListBits ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This data type is used as the syntax of the ifMauTypeListBits
object in the (updated) definition of MAU-MIB's ifMauTable.

The definition of this textual convention with the addition of
newly assigned values is published periodically by the IANA,
in either the Assigned Numbers RFC, or some derivative of it
specific to Internet Network Management number assignments.
(The latest arrangements can be obtained by contacting the
IANA.)

Requests for new values should be made to IANA via email
(iana@iana.org).

Note that changes in this textual convention SHALL be
synchronized with relevant changes in the dot3MauType
OBJECT-IDENTITIES."

SYNTAX BITS {

bOther(0),	-- other or unknown
bAUI(1),	-- AUI
b10base5(2),	-- 10BASE-5
bFoir1(3),	-- FOIRL
b10base2(4),	-- 10BASE-2
b10baseT(5),	-- 10BASE-T duplex mode unknown
b10baseFP(6),	-- 10BASE-FP
b10baseFB(7),	-- 10BASE-FB
b10baseFL(8),	-- 10BASE-FL duplex mode unknown
b10broad36(9),	-- 10BROAD36
b10baseTHD(10),	-- 10BASE-T half duplex mode
b10baseTFD(11),	-- 10BASE-T full duplex mode
b10baseFLHD(12),	-- 10BASE-FL half duplex mode
b10baseFLFD(13),	-- 10BASE-FL full duplex mode
b100baseT4(14),	-- 100BASE-T4
b100baseTXHD(15),	-- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode
b100baseTXFD(16),	-- 100BASE-TX full duplex mode


```

b100baseFXHD(17),    -- 100BASE-FX half duplex mode
b100baseFXFD(18),    -- 100BASE-FX full duplex mode
b100baseT2HD(19),    -- 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
b100baseT2FD(20),    -- 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode

b1000baseXHD(21),    -- 1000BASE-X half duplex mode
b1000baseXFD(22),    -- 1000BASE-X full duplex mode
b1000baseLXHD(23),   -- 1000BASE-LX half duplex mode
b1000baseLXFD(24),   -- 1000BASE-LX full duplex mode
b1000baseSXHD(25),   -- 1000BASE-SX half duplex mode
b1000baseSXFD(26),   -- 1000BASE-SX full duplex mode
b1000baseCXHD(27),   -- 1000BASE-CX half duplex mode
b1000baseCXFD(28),   -- 1000BASE-CX full duplex mode
b1000baseTHD(29),    -- 1000BASE-T half duplex mode
b1000baseTFD(30),    -- 1000BASE-T full duplex mode

b10GbaseX(31),       -- 10GBASE-X
b10GbaseLX4(32),     -- 10GBASE-LX4
b10GbaseR(33),       -- 10GBASE-R
b10GbaseER(34),      -- 10GBASE-ER
b10GbaseLR(35),      -- 10GBASE-LR
b10GbaseSR(36),      -- 10GBASE-SR
b10GbaseW(37),       -- 10GBASE-W
b10GbaseEW(38),      -- 10GBASE-EW
b10GbaseLW(39),      -- 10GBASE-LW
b10GbaseSW(40),      -- 10GBASE-SW
-- new since RFC 3636
b10GbaseCX4(41),     -- 10GBASE-CX4
b2BaseTL(42),        -- 2BASE-TL
b10PassTS(43),       -- 10PASS-TS
b100BaseBX10D(44),   -- 100BASE-BX10D
b100BaseBX10U(45),   -- 100BASE-BX10U
b100BaseLX10(46),    -- 100BASE-LX10
b1000BaseBX10D(47),  -- 1000BASE-BX10D
b1000BaseBX10U(48),  -- 1000BASE-BX10U
b1000BaseLX10(49),   -- 1000BASE-LX10
b1000BasePX10D(50),  -- 1000BASE-PX10D
b1000BasePX10U(51),  -- 1000BASE-PX10U
b1000BasePX20D(52),  -- 1000BASE-PX20D
b1000BasePX20U(53)   -- 1000BASE-PX20U

```

```

}
```

JackType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Common enumeration values for repeater and interface MAU jack types. This data type is used as the syntax of the ifJackType and rpJackType objects in the (updated) definition

of MAU-MIB's ifJackTable and RpJackTable respectively.

The definition of this textual convention with the addition of newly assigned values is published periodically by the IANA, in either the Assigned Numbers RFC, or some derivative of it specific to Internet Network Management number assignments. (The latest arrangements can be obtained by contacting the IANA.)

Requests for new values should be made to IANA via email (iana@iana.org).

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
    other(1),
    rj45(2),
    rj45S(3),      -- rj45 shielded
    db9(4),
    bnc(5),
    fAUI(6),      -- female aui
    mAUI(7),      -- male aui
    fiberSC(8),
    fiberMIC(9),
    fiberST(10),
    telco(11),
    mtrj(12),      -- fiber MT-RJ
    hssdc(13),      -- fiber channel style-2
    fiberLC(14),
    -- new since RFC 3636
    cx4(15)        -- IB4X for 10GBASE-CX4
}
```

```
-- OBJECT IDENTITIES for MAU types
-- (see rpMauType and ifMauType of MAU-MIB for usage)
-- The following definitions has been moved from RFC 3636 and
-- no longer appear in its revision.
```

```
dot3MauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 snmpDot3MauMgt(26) 4 }
```

```
dot3MauTypeAUI OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "no internal MAU, view from AUI"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 7"
    ::= { dot3MauType 1 }
```

```
dot3MauType10Base5 OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "thick coax MAU"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 7"
    ::= { dot3MauType 2 }
```


dot3MauTypeFoir1 OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "FOIRL MAU"
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], [Section 9.9](#)"
::= { dot3MauType 3 }

dot3MauType10Base2 OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "thin coax MAU"
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], [Section 10](#)"
::= { dot3MauType 4 }

dot3MauType10BaseT OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "UTP MAU.
Note that it is strongly recommended that agents return either dot3MauType10BaseTHD or dot3MauType10BaseTFD if the duplex mode is known. However, management applications should be prepared to receive this MAU type value from older agent implementations."
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], [Section 14](#)"
::= { dot3MauType 5 }

dot3MauType10BaseFP OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "passive fiber MAU"
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], [Section 16](#)"
::= { dot3MauType 6 }

dot3MauType10BaseFB OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "sync fiber MAU"
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], [Section 17](#)"
::= { dot3MauType 7 }

dot3MauType10BaseFL OBJECT-IDENTITY

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION "async fiber MAU.
Note that it is strongly recommended that agents return either dot3MauType10BaseFLHD or dot3MauType10BaseFLFD if the duplex mode is known. However, management applications should be prepared to receive this MAU type value from older agent implementations."
REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], [Section 18](#)"
::= { dot3MauType 8 }


```
dot3MauType10Broad36 OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "broadband DTE MAU.
                Note that 10BROAD36 MAUs can be attached to
                interfaces but not to repeaters."
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 11"
    ::= { dot3MauType 9 }
```

----- new since [RFC 1515](#):

```
dot3MauType10BaseTHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "UTP MAU, half duplex mode"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 14"
    ::= { dot3MauType 10 }
```

```
dot3MauType10BaseTFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "UTP MAU, full duplex mode"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 14"
    ::= { dot3MauType 11 }
```

```
dot3MauType10BaseFLHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "async fiber MAU, half duplex mode"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 18"
    ::= { dot3MauType 12 }
```

```
dot3MauType10BaseFLFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "async fiber MAU, full duplex mode"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 18"
    ::= { dot3MauType 13 }
```

```
dot3MauType100BaseT4 OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "4 pair category 3 UTP"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 23"
    ::= { dot3MauType 14 }
```

```
dot3MauType100BaseTXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "2 pair category 5 UTP, half duplex mode"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 25"
    ::= { dot3MauType 15 }
```

```
dot3MauType100BaseTXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION "2 pair category 5 UTP, full duplex mode"
```



```
REFERENCE    "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 25"
::= { dot3MauType 16 }

dot3MauType100BaseFXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION  "X fiber over PMT, half duplex mode"
  REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 26"
  ::= { dot3MauType 17 }

dot3MauType100BaseFXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION  "X fiber over PMT, full duplex mode"
  REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 26"
  ::= { dot3MauType 18 }

dot3MauType100BaseT2HD OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION  "2 pair category 3 UTP, half duplex mode"
  REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 32"
  ::= { dot3MauType 19 }

dot3MauType100BaseT2FD OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION  "2 pair category 3 UTP, full duplex mode"
  REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 32"
  ::= { dot3MauType 20 }

----- new since RFC 2239:
dot3MauType1000BaseXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION  "PCS/PMA, unknown PMD, half duplex mode"
  REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 36"
  ::= { dot3MauType 21 }

dot3MauType1000BaseXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION  "PCS/PMA, unknown PMD, full duplex mode"
  REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 36"
  ::= { dot3MauType 22 }

dot3MauType1000BaseLXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
  STATUS      current
  DESCRIPTION  "Fiber over long-wavelength laser, half duplex
mode"
  REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 38"
  ::= { dot3MauType 23 }

dot3MauType1000BaseLXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
```



```
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Fiber over long-wavelength laser, full duplex
mode"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 38"
::= { dot3MauType 24 }

dot3MauType1000BaseSXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Fiber over short-wavelength laser, half
duplex mode"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 38"
::= { dot3MauType 25 }

dot3MauType1000BaseSXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Fiber over short-wavelength laser, full
duplex mode"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 38"
::= { dot3MauType 26 }

dot3MauType1000BaseCXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Copper over 150-Ohm balanced cable, half
duplex mode"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 39"
::= { dot3MauType 27 }

dot3MauType1000BaseCXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Copper over 150-Ohm balanced cable, full
duplex mode"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 39"
::= { dot3MauType 28 }

dot3MauType1000BaseTHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Four-pair Category 5 UTP, half duplex mode"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 40"
::= { dot3MauType 29 }

dot3MauType1000BaseTFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Four-pair Category 5 UTP, full duplex mode"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 40"
::= { dot3MauType 30 }

----- new since RFC 2668:
dot3MauType10GigBaseX OBJECT-IDENTITY
```



```
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "X PCS/PMA, unknown PMD."
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 48"
 ::= { dot3MauType 31 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseLX4 OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "X fiber over WDM optics"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 53"
 ::= { dot3MauType 32 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseR OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "R PCS/PMA, unknown PMD."
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 49"
 ::= { dot3MauType 33 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseER OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "R fiber over 1550 nm optics"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 52"
 ::= { dot3MauType 34 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseLR OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "R fiber over 1310 nm optics"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 52"
 ::= { dot3MauType 35 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseSR OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "R fiber over 850 nm optics"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 52"
 ::= { dot3MauType 36 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseW OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "W PCS/PMA, unknown PMD."
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 49 and 50"
 ::= { dot3MauType 37 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseEW OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "W fiber over 1550 nm optics"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 52"
 ::= { dot3MauType 38 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseLW OBJECT-IDENTITY
```



```
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "W fiber over 1310 nm optics"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 52"
::= { dot3MauType 39 }

dot3MauType10GigBaseSW OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "W fiber over 850 nm optics"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 52"
::= { dot3MauType 40 }

----- new since RFC 3636:
dot3MauType10GigBaseCX4 OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "X copper over 8 pair 100-Ohm balanced cable"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 54"
::= { dot3MauType 41 }

dot3MauType2BaseTL OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Voice grade UTP copper, up to 2700m "
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Sections 61 and 63; [EFM-CU-MIB]"
::= { dot3MauType 42 }

dot3MauType10PassTS OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Voice grade UTP copper, up to 750m"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Sections 61 and 62; [EFM-CU-MIB]"
::= { dot3MauType 43 }

dot3MauType100BaseBX10D OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "One single-mode fiber OLT"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 58"
::= { dot3MauType 44 }

dot3MauType100BaseBX10U OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "One single-mode fiber ONU"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 58"
::= { dot3MauType 45 }

dot3MauType100BaseLX10 OBJECT-IDENTITY
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION "Two fiber"
REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 58"
::= { dot3MauType 46 }
```



```
dot3MauType1000BaseBX10D OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "One single-mode fiber OLT"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 59"
    ::= { dot3MauType 47 }

dot3MauType1000BaseBX10U OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "One single-mode fiber ONU"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 59"
    ::= { dot3MauType 48 }

dot3MauType1000BaseLX10 OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "Two fiber 10km"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 59"
    ::= { dot3MauType 49 }

dot3MauType1000BasePX10D OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "One single-mode fiber OMP OLT 10km"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 60"
    ::= { dot3MauType 50 }

dot3MauType1000BasePX10U OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "One single-mode fiber OMP ONU 10km"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 60"
    ::= { dot3MauType 51 }

dot3MauType1000BasePX20D OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "One single-mode fiber OMP OLT 20km"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 60"
    ::= { dot3MauType 52 }

dot3MauType1000BasePX20U OBJECT-IDENTITY
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION  "One single-mode fiber OMP ONU 20km"
    REFERENCE   "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], Section 60"
    ::= { dot3MauType 53 }
```

END

6. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write. Setting these objects can have a serious effect on the operation of the network, including:

- o enabling or disabling a MAU
- o changing a MAU's default type
- o enabling, disabling or restarting autonegotiation
- o modifying the capabilities that a MAU advertizes during autonegotiation.

Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. In some environments it may be undesirable to allow unauthorized parties to access statistics or status information about individual links in a network. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is recommended that the implementors consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [[RFC3410](#)], [section 8](#)), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Furthermore, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

7. Acknowledgments

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Mike Heard

John Flick

Dan Romascanu

This document is based on the Proposed Standard MAU MIB, [RFC 3636](#) [[RFC3636](#)], edited by John Flick of Hewlett-Packard, and produced by the Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group. It extends that document by moving the object identities and textual conventions for MAU types into a IANA maintained MIB module. In addition, support is provided for the EFM and 10GBASE-CX4 MAUs as defined in [[IEEE802.3ah](#)] and [[IEEE802.3ak](#)] respectively.

[RFC 3636](#), in turn, was based on the Proposed Standard MAU MIB, [RFC 2668](#) [[RFC2668](#)], edited by John Flick of Hewlett-Packard and Andrew Smith, then of Extreme Networks, and produced by the Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group. It extends that document by providing support for 10 Gb/s MAUs as defined in [[IEEE802.3ae](#)].

[RFC 2668](#), in turn, was based on the Proposed Standard MAU MIB, [RFC 2239](#) [[RFC2239](#)], edited by Kathryn de Graaf, then of 3Com, and Dan Romascanu, then of Madge Networks, and produced by the Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group. It extended that document by providing support for 1000 Mb/sec MAUs as defined in [[IEEE802.3](#)].

[RFC 2239](#), in turn, was based on the Proposed Standard MAU MIB, [RFC 1515](#) [[RFC1515](#)], edited by Donna McMaster, then of SynOptics Communications, Keith McCloghrie, then of Hughes LAN Systems, and Sam Roberts, then of Farallon Computing, and produced by the Hub MIB Working Group. It extends that document by providing support for 100 Mb/sec MAUs, full duplex MAUs, and auto-negotiation, as defined in [[IEEE802.3](#)].

8. References

8.1 Normative References

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