Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group INTERNET DRAFT

Mike Ayers Consultant John Flick Hewlett-Packard Company C. M. Heard Consultant Kam Lam Lucent Technologies Kerry McDonald CSU San Bernardino K. C. Norseth Consultant Kaj Tesink Telcordia Technologies December 13, 2002

Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet WAN Interface Sublayer <draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-05.txt>

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Abstract

This document defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in TCP/IP based internets. In particular, it defines objects for managing the Ethernet Wide Area Network (WAN) Interface Sublayer (WIS).

The MIB module defined in this memo is an extension of the SONET/SDH Interface MIB and is implemented in conjunction with it and with the Ethernet-like Interface MIB, the 802.3 Medium Attachment Unit MIB, the Interfaces Group MIB, and the Inverted Stack Table MIB.

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1. Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL", when they appear in this document, are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 2570bis [RFC2570bis].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

3. Overview

The objects defined in this memo are used in conjunction with objects defined in the Interfaces Group MIB [RFC2863], the SONET/SDH Interface MIB [SONETng], and the 802.3 MAU MIB [MAU-MIB] to manage the Ethernet Wide Area Network (WAN) Interface Sublayer (WIS) defined in [802.3ae]. The WIS contains functions to perform OC-192c/VC-4-64c framing and scrambling. It resides between the Physical Coding Sublayer (PCS) and the Physical Medium Attachment (PMA) sublayer within a 10GBASE-W 10 Gb/s WAN-compatible physical layer device (PHY) and may be used in conjunction with any of the PCS, PMA, and Physical Medium Dependent (PMD) sublayers defined in [802.3ae] for 10GBASE-W PHYs. Three types of 10GBASE-W PHYs are defined, distinguished by the type of optics employed: 10GBASE-SW, 10GBASE-LW, and 10GBASE-EW. The objects defined in this memo may be used to manage an Ethernet interface employing any type of 10GBASE-W PHY. They do not apply to any other kind of interface. In particular, they do not apply to so-called Ethernet Line Terminating Equipment (ELTE) residing within a SONET network element that uses the 10GBASE-W PMA/PMD sublayers but otherwise acts as SONET Line Terminating Equipment (LTE).

The objects presented here -- along with those incorporated by reference from the Interfaces Group MIB, the SONET/SDH Interface MIB, and the 802.3 MAU MIB -- are intended to provide exact representations of the mandatory attributes in the oWIS managed object class (i.e., the members of the pWISBasic package) defined in

Clause 30 and Annex 30A of [802.3ae]. They are also intended to provide approximate representations of the optional attributes (i.e., the members of the pWISOptional package). Some objects with no analogues in oWIS are defined to support WIS testing features required by Clause 50 of [802.3ae].

3.1. Relationship to the SONET/SDH Interface MIB

Since the Ethernet WAN Interface Sublayer was designed to be SONET-compatible, information similar to that provided by most of the members of the oWIS managed object class is available from objects defined in the SONET-MIB [SONETng]. Thus, the MIB module defined in this memo is a sparse augmentation of the SONET-MIB -- in other words, every table defined here is an extension of some table in the SONET-MIB -- and its compliance statement REQUIRES that an agent implementing the objects defined in this memo also implement the relevant SONET-MIB objects. That includes all objects required by sonetCompliance2 as well as some that it leaves optional.

It should be noted that some of the objects incorporated by reference from the SONET-MIB -- specifically, the threshold objects and interval counter objects -- provide only approximate representations of the corresponding oWIS attributes, as detailed in Section 3.6. An alternative approach would have been to define new objects to exactly match the oWIS definitions. That approach was rejected because the SONET-MIB objects are already used in deployed systems to manage the SONET sublayers of ATM over SONET and PPP over SONET interfaces, and it was deemed undesirable to use a different scheme to manage the SONET sublayers of 10 Gb/s WAN-compatible Ethernet interfaces. Note that the approach adopted by this memo requires no hardware support beyond that mandated by [802.3ae] subclause 50.3.11.

3.2. Relationship to the Ethernet-like Interface MIB

An interface which includes the Ethernet WIS is, by definition, an Ethernet-like interface, and an agent implementing the objects defined in this memo MUST implement the objects required by the dot3Compliance2 compliance statement in the EtherLike-MIB.

3.3. Relationship to the 802.3 MAU MIB

Support for the mauModIfCompl3 compliance statement of the MAU-MIB [MAU-MIB] is REQUIRED for all Ethernet-like interfaces. The MAU-MIB is needed in order to allow applications to control and/or determine the media type in use. That is important for devices than can support both the 10GBASE-R 10 Gb/s LAN format (which does not include the WIS) and the 10GBASE-W 10 Gb/s WAN format (which does include the WIS). The MAU-MIB also provides the means to put a device in standby mode or to reset it; the latter may be used to re-initialize the WIS.

3.4. Use of the ifTable

This section specifies how the ifTable, as defined in [RFC2863], is used for the Ethernet WIS application.

3.4.1. Layering Model

Ethernet interfaces that employ the WIS are layered as defined in [802.3ae]. The corresponding use of the ifTable [RFC2863] is shown in the figure below.

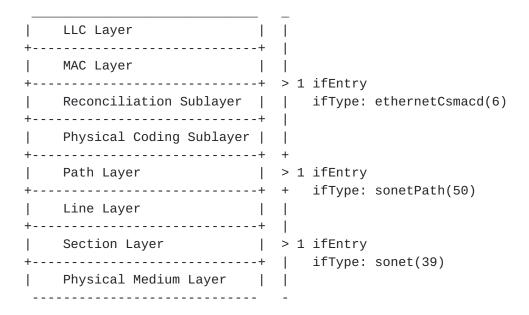


Figure 1 - Use of ifTable for an Ethernet WIS port

The exact configuration and multiplexing of the layers is maintained in the ifStackTable [RFC2863] and in the ifInvStackTable [RFC2864].

3.4.2. Use of ifTable for LLC Layer/MAC Layer/Reconciliation Sublayer/Physical Coding Sublayer

The ifTable MUST be used as specified in [ETHERIF] and [MAU-MIB] for the LLC Layer/MAC Layer/Reconciliation Sublayer/Physical Coding Sublayer.

3.4.3. Use of ifTable for SONET/SDH Path Layer

The ifTable MUST be used as specified in [SONETng] for the SONET/SDH Path Layer. The value of ifHighSpeed is set to 9585. ifSpeed reports a value of 4294967295.

3.4.4. Use of ifTable for SONET/SDH Medium/Section/Line Layer

The ifTable MUST be used as specified in [SONETng] for the SONET/SDH Medium/Section/Line Layer. The value of ifHighSpeed is set to 9953. ifSpeed reports a value of 4294967295.

3.5. SONET/SDH Terminology

The SONET/SDH terminology used in [802.3ae] is mostly the same as in [SONETng], but there are a few differences. In those cases the definitions in [802.3ae] take precedence. The specific differences are as follows.

Unequipped

This defect is not defined by [802.3ae]. An implementation that supports it SHOULD report it by setting the sonetPathUnequipped bit in the appropriate instance of sonetPathCurrentStatus.

Signal Label Mismatch

This defect is called Payload Label Mismatch (PLM) in [802.3ae]. It is reported by setting both the sonetPathSignalLabelMismatch bit in the appropriate instance of sonetPathCurrentStatus (defined in [SONETng]) and the etherWisPathPLM bit in the corresponding instance of etherWisPathCurrentStatus (defined below).

Loss of Codegroup Delineation

[802.3ae] defines Loss of Codegroup Delineation (LCD) as occurring when the Physical Coding Sublayer is unable to locate 64B/66B code group boundaries. There is no analogous defect defined in [SONETng]. It is reported by setting the etherWisPathLCD bit in the appropriate instance of the object etherWisPathCurrentStatus defined below.

STS-Path Remote Defect Indication

[802.3ae] mandates the use of ERDI-P (Enhanced Remote Defect Indication - Path) defined in [T1.231] to signal remote server defects (triggered by path AIS or path LOP) and remote payload defects (triggered by Payload Label Mismatch or Loss of Codegroup Delineation). [SONETng] defines the one-bit RDI-P (Remote Defect Indication - Path), which signals remote server detects (i.e., path AIS and path LOP) only. An implementation of the MIB module defined in this memo MUST set the sonetPathSTSRDI bit in the appropriate instance of sonetPathCurrentStatus when it receives an ERDI-P server defect indication from the remote end. Both ERDI-P payload defects and ERDI-P server defects are reported in the object etherWisFarEndPathCurrentStatus defined below.

Path Coding Violations

In [802.3ae] the path layer CV count is based on block errors and not BIP-8 errors, i.e., it is incremented only once for each B3 byte that indicates incorrect parity, regardless of the number of bits in error. Note that Section 8.4.5.1 of [T1.231] allows either path BIP-8 errors or path block errors to be used for the path layer error count.

3.6. Mapping of IEEE 802.3 Managed Objects

This section contains the mapping between oWIS managed objects defined in [802.3ae] and managed objects defined in this document and in associated MIB modules, i.e., the IF-MIB [RFC2863], the SONET-MIB [SONETng], and the MAU-MIB [MAU-MIB].

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object	Corresponding SNMP Object
oWIS - pWISBasic package aWISID aSectionStatus aLineStatus aPathStatus aFarEndPathStatus	IF-MIB - ifIndex SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentStatus SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentStatus etherWisPathCurrentStatus etherWisFarEndPathCurrentStatus
oWIS - pWISOptional package aSectionSESThreshold aSectionSESs	SONET-MIB - sonetSESthresholdSet SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentSESs +
aSectionESs	sonetSectionIntervalSESs SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentESs + sonetSectionIntervalESs
aSectionSEFSs	SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentSEFSs + sonetSectionIntervalSEFSs
aSectionCVs	SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentCVs + sonetSectionIntervalCVs

aJ0ValueTX	etherWisSectionCurrentJ0Transmitted
aJ0ValueRX	etherWisSectionCurrentJ0Received
aLineSESThreshold	SONET-MIB - sonetSESthresholdSet
aLineSESs	SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentSESs +
	sonetLineIntervalSESs
aLineESs	SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentESs +
	sonetLineIntervalESs
aLineCVs	SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentCVs +
	sonetLineIntervalCVs
aFarEndLineSESs	SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineCurrentSESs +
	sonetFarEndLineIntervalSESs
aFarEndLineESs	SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineCurrentESs +
	sonetFarEndLineIntervalESs
aFarEndLineCVs	SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineCurrentCVs +
	sonetFarEndLineIntervalCVs
aPathSESThreshold	SONET-MIB - sonetSESthresholdSet
aPathSESs	SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentSESs +
	sonetPathIntervalSESs
aPathESs	SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentESs +
	sonetPathIntervalESs
aPathCVs	SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentCVs +
	sonetPathIntervalCVs
aJ1ValueTX	etherWisPathCurrentJ1Transmitted
aJ1ValueRX	etherWisPathCurrentJ1Received
aFarEndPathSESs	SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathCurrentSESs +
	sonetFarEndPathIntervalSESs
aFarEndPathESs	SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathCurrentESs +
	sonetFarEndPathIntervalESs
aFarEndPathCVs	SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathCurrentCVs +
	sonetFarEndPathIntervalCVs

It should be noted that the threshold and counter objects imported from the SONET-MIB are not completely equivalent to the corresponding IEEE 802.3 objects. The specific differences are as follows:

IEEE 802.3 Managed Object How Corresponding SNMP Object Differs

aSectionSESThreshold	This object is defined in [802.3ae] as an integer with one instance per
	interface. sonetSESthresholdSet
	is an enumerated value that has one
	instance per network element; it
	controls the thresholds for all layers
	simultaneously and allows only certain
	discrete values to be selected.
aSectionSESs	This object is defined in [802.3ae] as
	a generalized nonresetable counter.
	The objects sonetSectionCurrentSESs and

sonetSectionIntervalSESs are 15-minute interval counters.

aSectionESs This object is defined as a generalized

> nonresetable counter in [802.3ae]. The objects sonetSectionCurrentESs and

sonetSectionIntervalESs are 15-minute

interval counters.

This object is defined as a generalized aSectionSEFSs

nonresetable counter in [802.3ae].

The objects sonetSectionCurrentSEFSs and sonetSectionIntervalSEFSs are 15-minute

interval counters.

aSectionCVs This object is defined as a generalized

nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetSectionCurrentCVs and sonetSectionIntervalCVs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as

severely errored seconds.

aLineSESThreshold This object is defined in [802.3ae]

> as an integer with one instance per interface. sonetSESthresholdSet is an enumerated value that has one instance per network element; it controls the thresholds for all layers simultaneously and allows only certain

discrete values to be selected.

aLineSESs This object is defined as a generalized

> nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetLineCurrentSESs and sonetLineIntervalSESs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as

unavailable seconds.

aLineESs This object is defined as a generalized

> nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetLineCurrentESs and sonetLineIntervalESs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as

unavailable seconds.

This object is defined as a generalized

aLineCVs

nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetLineCurrentCVs and sonetLineIntervalCVs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify either as severely errored seconds or as unavailable seconds.

This object is defined as a generalized nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetFarEndLineCurrentSESs and sonetFarEndLineIntervalSESs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as unavailable seconds.

This object is defined as a generalized nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetFarEndLineCurrentESs and sonetFarEndLineIntervalESs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as unavailable seconds.

This object is defined as a generalized nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetFarEndLineCurrentCVs and sonetFarEndLineIntervalCVs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify either as severely errored seconds or as unavailable seconds.

This object is defined in [802.3ae] as an integer with one instance per interface. sonetSESthresholdSet is an enumerated value that has one instance per network element; it controls the thresholds for all layers simultaneously and allows only certain discrete values to be selected. This object is defined as a generalized

This object is defined as a generalized nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The

aFarEndLineSESs

aFarEndLineESs

aFarEndLineCVs

aPathSESThreshold

aPathSESs

aPathESs

aPathCVs

aFarEndPathSESs

aFarEndPathESs

objects sonetPathCurrentSESs and sonetPathIntervalSESs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as unavailable seconds. In addition, [802.3ae] includes PLM-P and LCD-P defects in the criteria for declaring path layer severely errored seconds, while [SONETng] does not.

This object is defined as a generalized nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetPathCurrentESs and sonetPathIntervalESs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as unavailable seconds. In addition, [802.3ae] includes PLM-P and LCD-P defects in the criteria for declaring path layer errored seconds, while [SONETng] does not.

This object is defined as a generalized nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetPathCurrentCVs and sonetPathIntervalCVs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify either as severely errored seconds or as unavailable seconds.

This object is defined as a generalized nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetFarEndPathCurrentSESs and sonetFarEndPathIntervalSESs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as unavailable seconds. In addition, [802.3ae] includes far-end PLM-P and LCD-P defects in the criteria for declaring far-end path layer severely errored seconds, while [SONETng] does not.

This object is defined as a generalized

nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetFarEndPathCurrentESs and sonetFarEndPathIntervalESs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify as unavailable seconds. In addition, [802.3ae] includes far-end PLM-P and LCD-P defects in the criteria for declaring far-end path layer errored seconds, while [SONETng] does not. This object is defined as a generalized nonresetable counter in [802.3ae], and it is not subject to inhibiting. The objects sonetFarEndPathCurrentCVs and sonetFarEndPathIntervalCVs are 15-minute interval counters, and they are inhibited (not incremented) during one-second intervals that qualify either as severely errored seconds or as unavailable seconds.

aFarEndPathCVs

Note: despite the semantic differences between the threshold objects and counter objects imported from the SONET-MIB and the corresponding IEEE 802.3 objects, the hardware support mandated by [802.3ae] subclause 50.3.11 suffices for both. See Appendix A for details.

3.7. Mapping of SNMP Objects to WIS Station Management Registers

Some of the objects defined in this memo or incorporated by reference from the SONET-MIB [SONETng] or the MAU-MIB [MAU-MIB] require WISspecific hardware support. [802.3ae] subclause 50.3.11 specifies WIS management interface requirements, including a required subset of the WIS Management Data Input/Output (MDIO) registers defined in [802.3ae] subclause 45.2.2. The table below provides a crossreference between those managed objects and the WIS MDIO registers from the subset in [802.3ae] subclause 50.3.11 required to support them. Note that the MDIO interface is optional; however, if it is not implemented, then the capabilities of the required register subset must be provided by other means.

SNMP Object

WIS MDIO Register(s)

ETHER-WIS - etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode 10G WIS control 2 ETHER-WIS - etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode 10G WIS control 2 ETHER-WIS - etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors 10G WIS test pattern error counter

```
SONET-MIB - sonetMediumType
                                                none required
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetMediumTimeElapsed
SONET-MIB - sonetMediumValidIntervals
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetMediumLineCoding
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetMediumLineType
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetMediumCircuitIdentifier
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetMediumInvalidIntervals
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetMediumLoopbackConfig
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetSESthresholdSet
                                                none required
ETHER-WIS - etherWisSectionCurrentJ0Transmitted 10G WIS J0 transmit
ETHER-WIS - etherWisSectionCurrentJOReceived
                                                10G WIS J0 receive
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentStatus
                                                10G WIS status 3
SONET-MTB - sonetSectionCurrentESs
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentSESs
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentSEFSs
                                                  | 10G WIS status 3
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionCurrentCVs
                                                           +
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionIntervalESs
                                                  | 10G WIS section
                                                  | BIP error count
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionIntervalSESs
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionIntervalSEFSs
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionIntervalCVs
SONET-MIB - sonetSectionIntervalValidData
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentStatus
                                                10G WIS status 3
                                                \
SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentESs
SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentSESs
SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentCVs
                                                  | 10G WIS status 3
SONET-MIB - sonetLineCurrentUASs
                                                  +
SONET-MIB - sonetLineIntervalESs
                                                  | 10G WIS line
SONET-MIB - sonetLineIntervalSESs
                                                  | BIP errors
SONET-MIB - sonetLineIntervalCVs
SONET-MIB - sonetLineIntervalUASs
SONET-MIB - sonetLineIntervalValidData
                                                none required
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineCurrentESs
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineCurrentSESs
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineCurrentCVs
                                                  | 10G WIS status 3
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineCurrentUASs
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineIntervalESs
                                                  | 10G WIS far end
                                                  | line BIP errors
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineIntervalSESs
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineIntervalCVs
                                                 /
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineIntervalUASs
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndLineIntervalValidData
                                                10G WIS status 3
ETHER-WIS - etherWisPathCurrentStatus
                                                10G WIS status 3
ETHER-WIS - etherWisPathCurrentJ1Transmitted
                                                10G WIS J1 transmit
ETHER-WIS - etherWisPathCurrentJ1Received
                                                10G WIS J1 receive
```

```
SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentWidth
                                               none required
SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentStatus
                                               10G WIS status 3
SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentESs
SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentSESs
SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentCVs
                                                 | 10G WIS status 3
SONET-MIB - sonetPathCurrentUASs
SONET-MIB - sonetPathIntervalESs
                                                | 10G WIS
SONET-MIB - sonetPathIntervalSESs
                                                | path block
SONET-MIB - sonetPathIntervalCVs
                                                / error count
SONET-MIB - sonetPathIntervalUASs
SONET-MIB - sonetPathIntervalValidData
                                               none required
                                               10G WIS status 3
ETHER-WIS - etherWisFarEndPathCurrentStatus
SONET-MTB - sonetFarEndPathCurrentESs
                                               \
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathCurrentSESs
                                                 | 10G WIS status 3
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathCurrentCVs
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathCurrentUASs
                                                | 10G WIS far end
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathIntervalESs
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathIntervalSESs
                                                | path block
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathIntervalCVs
                                                / error count
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathIntervalUASs
SONET-MIB - sonetFarEndPathIntervalValidData
                                               10G WIS status 3
MAU-MIB - ifMauIfIndex
                                               none required
MAU-MIB - ifMauIndex
                                               none required
MAU-MIB - ifMauType
                                               10G WIS control 2
MAU-MIB - ifMauStatus
                                               WIS control 1
MAU-MIB - ifMauMediaAvailable
                                               \ WIS status 1 +
                                               / 10G WIS status 3
MAU-MIB - ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits
MAU-MIB - ifMauJabberState
                                               none required
MAU-MIB - ifMauJabberingStateEnters
                                               none required
MAU-MIB - ifMauFalseCarriers
                                               none required
MAU-MIB - ifMauDefaultType
                                               10G WIS control 2
MAU-MIB - ifMauAutoNegSupported
                                               none required
MAU-MIB - ifMauTypeListBits
                                               10G WIS status 2
```

3.8. Structure of the MIB Module

Four tables are defined in this MIB module.

3.8.1. etherWisDeviceTable

The purpose of this table is to define managed objects to control the WIS test pattern mode. These objects are required to support mandatory and optional WIS test features specified in [802.3ae] subclause 50.3.8.

The etherWisDeviceTable is a sparse augmentation of the sonetMediumTable of the SONET-MIB -- in other words, for each entry in the etherWisDeviceTable there MUST be an entry in the sonetMediumTable and the same ifIndex value MUST be used for both entries.

3.8.2. etherWisSectionCurrentTable

The purpose of this table is to define managed objects for the transmitted and received section trace messages (J0 byte).

The etherWisSectionCurrentTable is a sparse augmentation of the sonetSectionCurrentTable of the SONET-MIB -- in other words, for each entry in the etherWisSectionCurrentTable there MUST be an entry in the sonetSectionCurrentTable and the same ifIndex value MUST be used for both entries.

3.8.3. etherWisPathCurrentTable

The purpose of this table is to define managed objects for the current WIS path layer status and for the transmitted and received path trace messages (J1 byte). The path layer status object is provided because the WIS supports some near-end path status conditions that are not reported in sonetPathCurrentStatus.

The etherWisPathCurrentTable is a sparse augmentation of the sonetPathCurrentTable of the SONET-MIB -- in other words, for each entry in the etherWisPathCurrentTable there MUST be an entry in the sonetPathCurrentTable and the same ifIndex value MUST be used for both entries.

3.8.4. etherWisFarEndPathCurrentTable

The purpose of this table is to define a managed object for the current status of the far end of the path. This object is provided because the WIS supports some far-end path status conditions that are not reported in sonetPathCurrentStatus.

The etherWisFarEndPathCurrentTable is a sparse augmentation of the sonetFarEndPathCurrentTable of the SONET-MIB -- in other words, for each entry in the etherWisFarEndPathCurrentTable there MUST be an entry in the sonetFarEndPathCurrentTable and the same ifIndex value MUST be used for both entries.

4. Object Definitions

```
ETHER-WIS DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,
    Gauge32, transmission
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    ifIndex
        FROM IF-MIB
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
        FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    sonetMediumStuff2, sonetSectionStuff2,
    sonetLineStuff2, sonetFarEndLineStuff2,
    sonetPathStuff2, sonetFarEndPathStuff2,
    sonetMediumType, sonetMediumLineCoding,
    sonetMediumLineType, sonetMediumCircuitIdentifier,
    sonetMediumLoopbackConfig, sonetSESthresholdSet,
    sonetPathCurrentWidth
        FROM SONET-MIB;
etherWisMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "200212132358Z" -- December 13, 2002
        ORGANIZATION "IETF Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB
                     Working Group"
        CONTACT-INFO
           "WG charter:
              http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/hubmib-charter.html
             Chair: Dan Romascanu
            Postal: Avaya Inc.
                    Atidim Technology Park, Bldg. 3
                    Tel Aviv 61131
                    Israel
               Tel: +972 3 645 8414
            E-mail: dromasca@avaya.com
            Editor: C. M. Heard
            Postal: 600 Rainbow Dr. #141
                    Mountain View, CA 94041-2542
                    USA
               Tel: +1 650-964-8391
            E-mail: heard@pobox.com"
    DESCRIPTION
      "The objects in this MIB module are used in conjunction
      with objects in the SONET-MIB and the MAU-MIB to manage
      the Ethernet WAN Interface Sublayer (WIS).
```

The following reference is used throughout this MIB module:

[IEEE 802.3 Std] refers to:

IEEE Std 802.3, 2000 Edition: 'IEEE Standard for Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications', as amended by IEEE Std 802.3ae-2002, 'IEEE Standard for Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications - Media Access Control (MAC) Parameters, Physical Layer and Management Parameters for 10 Gb/s Operation', 30 August 2002.

Of particular interest are Clause 50, 'WAN Interface Sublayer (WIS), type 10GBASE-W', Clause 30, '10Mb/s, 100Mb/s, 1000Mb/s, and 10Gb/s MAC Control, and Link Aggregation Management', and Clause 45, 'Management Data Input/Output (MDIO) Interface'.

Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2002). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC yyyy; see the RFC itself for full legal notices."

-- RFC Ed.: replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this notice

REVISION "200212132358Z" -- December 13, 2002
DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC yyyy."

-- RFC Ed.: replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this notice

::= { transmission XXX }

-- RFC Ed.: replace XXX with IANA-assigned number & remove this notice

```
-- The main sections of the module
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisMIB 1 }
etherWisObjects
etherWisObjectsPath OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisMIB 2 }
etherWisConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisMIB 3 }
-- groups in the Ethernet WIS MIB module
etherWisDevice
                    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisObjects 1 }
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisObjects 2 }
etherWisSection
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisObjectsPath 1 }
etherWisPath
etherWisFarEndPath OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisObjectsPath 2 }
-- The Device group
-- These objects provide WIS extensions to
-- the SONET-MIB Medium Group.
etherWisDeviceTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF EtherWisDeviceEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The table for Ethernet WIS devices"
    ::= { etherWisDevice 1 }
etherWisDeviceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX EtherWisDeviceEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "An entry in the Ethernet WIS device table. For each
       instance of this object there MUST be a corresponding
       instance of sonetMediumEntry."
    INDEX { ifIndex }
     ::= { etherWisDeviceTable 1 }
```

```
EtherWisDeviceEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
        etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode
                                            INTEGER,
        etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode
                                            INTEGER,
        etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors
                                            Gauge32
        }
etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                none(1),
                squareWave(2),
                prbs31(3),
                mixedFrequency(4)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This variable controls the transmit test pattern mode.
       The value none(1) puts the the WIS transmit path into
       the normal operating mode. The value squareWave(2) puts
       the WIS transmit path into the square wave test pattern
       mode described in [IEEE 802.3 Std.] subclause 50.3.8.1.
       The value prbs31(3) puts the WIS transmit path into the
       PRBS31 test pattern mode described in [IEEE 802.3 Std.]
       subclause 50.3.8.2. The value mixedFrequency(4) puts the
       WIS transmit path into the mixed frequency test pattern
       mode described in [IEEE 802.3 Std.] subclause 50.3.8.3.
       Any attempt to set this object to a value other than
       none(1) when the corresponding instance of ifAdminStatus
       has the value up(1) MUST be rejected with the error
       inconsistent Value, and any attempt to set the corresponding
       instance of ifAdminStatus to the value up(1) when an
       instance of this object has a value other than none(1)
       MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue."
    REFERENCE
       "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 50.3.8, WIS test pattern generator and
       checker, 45.2.2.6, 10G WIS control 2 register (2.7), and
       45.2.2.7.2, PRBS31 pattern testing ability (2.8.1)."
     ::= { etherWisDeviceEntry 1 }
etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                none(1),
                prbs31(3),
                mixedFrequency(4)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION

"This variable controls the receive test pattern mode. The value none(1) puts the the WIS receive path into the normal operating mode. The value prbs31(3) puts the WIS receive path into the PRBS31 test pattern mode described in [IEEE 802.3 Std.] subclause 50.3.8.2. The value mixedFrequency(4) puts the WIS receive path into the mixed frequency test pattern mode described in [IEEE 802.3 Std.] subclause 50.3.8.3. Any attempt to set this object to a value other than none(1) when the corresponding instance of ifAdminStatus has the value up(1) MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue, and any attempt to set the corresponding instance of ifAdminStatus to the value up(1) when an instance of this object has a value other than none(1) MUST be rejected with the error inconsistentValue."

REFERENCE

"[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 50.3.8, WIS test pattern generator and
checker, 45.2.2.6, 10G WIS control 2 register (2.7), and
45.2.2.7.2, PRBS31 pattern testing ability (2.8.1)."
::= { etherWisDeviceEntry 2 }

etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Gauge32 (0..65535)
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"This object counts the number of errors detected when the WIS receive path is operating in the PRBS31 test pattern mode. It is reset to zero when the WIS receive path initially enters that mode, and it increments each time the PRBS pattern checker detects an error as described in [IEEE 802.3 Std.] subclause 50.3.8.2 unless its value is 65535, in which case it remains unchanged. This object is writeable so that it may be reset upon explicit request of a command generator application while the WIS receive path continues to operate in PRBS31 test pattern mode."

REFERENCE

"[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 50.3.8, WIS test pattern generator and checker, 45.2.2.7.2, PRBS31 pattern testing ability (2.8.1), and 45.2.2.8, 10G WIS test pattern error counter register (2.9)."

::= { etherWisDeviceEntry 3 }

```
-- The Section group
-- These objects provide WIS extensions to
-- the SONET-MIB Section Group.
etherWisSectionCurrentTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF EtherWisSectionCurrentEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The table for the current state of Ethernet WIS sections."
    ::= { etherWisSection 1 }
etherWisSectionCurrentEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX EtherWisSectionCurrentEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the etherWisSectionCurrentTable. For each
      instance of this object there MUST be a corresponding
      instance of sonetSectionCurrentEntry."
   INDEX { ifIndex }
     ::= { etherWisSectionCurrentTable 1 }
EtherWisSectionCurrentEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       etherWisSectionCurrentJOTransmitted OCTET STRING,
       etherWisSectionCurrentJOReceived
                                           OCTET STRING
       }
etherWisSectionCurrentJOTransmitted OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (16))
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This is the 16-octet section trace message that
      is transmitted in the J0 byte. The value SHOULD
      be '89'h followed by fifteen octets of '00'h
      (or some cyclic shift thereof) when the section
      trace function is not used, and the implementation
      SHOULD use that value (or a cyclic shift thereof)
      as a default if no other value has been set."
   REFERENCE
      "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.8.1.1.8, aJ0ValueTX."
     ::= { etherWisSectionCurrentEntry 1 }
```

```
etherWisSectionCurrentJOReceived OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (16))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This is the 16-octet section trace message that
      was most recently received in the J0 byte."
   REFERENCE
      "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.8.1.1.9, aJ0ValueRX."
     ::= { etherWisSectionCurrentEntry 2 }
-- The Path group
-- These objects provide WIS extensions to
-- the SONET-MIB Path Group.
etherWisPathCurrentTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF EtherWisPathCurrentEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The table for the current state of Ethernet WIS paths."
    ::= { etherWisPath 1 }
etherWisPathCurrentEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX EtherWisPathCurrentEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the etherWisPathCurrentTable. For each
      instance of this object there MUST be a corresponding
      instance of sonetPathCurrentEntry."
   INDEX { ifIndex }
     ::= { etherWisPathCurrentTable 1 }
EtherWisPathCurrentEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       etherWisPathCurrentStatus
                                           BITS,
       etherWisPathCurrentJ1Transmitted
                                           OCTET STRING,
       etherWisPathCurrentJ1Received
                                           OCTET STRING
       }
```

```
etherWisPathCurrentStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX BITS {
                etherWisPathLOP(0),
                etherWisPathAIS(1),
                etherWisPathPLM(2),
                etherWisPathLCD(3)
            }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This variable indicates the current status of the
      path payload with a bit map that can indicate multiple
      defects at once. The bit positions are assigned as
      follows:
      etherWisPathLOP(0)
          This bit is set to indicate that an
          LOP-P (Loss of Pointer - Path) defect
          is being experienced. Note: when this
         bit is set, sonetPathSTSLOP MUST be set
          in the corresponding instance of
          sonetPathCurrentStatus.
      etherWisPathAIS(1)
         This bit is set to indicate that an
         AIS-P (Alarm Indication Signal - Path)
         defect is being experienced. Note: when
          this bit is set, sonetPathSTSAIS MUST be
          set in the corresponding instance of
          sonetPathCurrentStatus.
      etherWisPathPLM(1)
         This bit is set to indicate that a
         PLM-P (Payload Label Mismatch - Path)
         defect is being experienced. Note: when
          this bit is set, sonetPathSignalLabelMismatch
         MUST be set in the corresponding instance of
          sonetPathCurrentStatus.
```

```
etherWisPathLCD(3)
         This bit is set to indicate that an
          LCD-P (Loss of Codegroup Delination - Path)
          defect is being experienced. Since this
          defect is detected by the PCS and not by
          the path layer itself, there is no
         corresponding bit in sonetPathCurrentStatus."
   REFERENCE
      "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.8.1.1.18, aPathStatus."
     ::= { etherWisPathCurrentEntry 1 }
etherWisPathCurrentJ1Transmitted OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (16))
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This is the 16-octet path trace message that
      is transmitted in the J1 byte. The value SHOULD
      be '89'h followed by fifteen octets of '00'h
      (or some cyclic shift thereof) when the path
      trace function is not used, and the implementation
      SHOULD use that value (or a cyclic shift thereof)
      as a default if no other value has been set."
   REFERENCE
      "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.8.1.1.23, aJ1ValueTX."
     ::= { etherWisPathCurrentEntry 2 }
etherWisPathCurrentJ1Received OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (16))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This is the 16-octet path trace message that
      was most recently received in the J1 byte."
   REFERENCE
      "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.8.1.1.24, aJ1ValueRX."
     ::= { etherWisPathCurrentEntry 3 }
```

```
-- The Far End Path group
-- These objects provide WIS extensions to
-- the SONET-MIB Far End Path Group.
etherWisFarEndPathCurrentTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF EtherWisFarEndPathCurrentEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The table for the current far-end state of Ethernet WIS
     ::= { etherWisFarEndPath 1 }
etherWisFarEndPathCurrentEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX EtherWisFarEndPathCurrentEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the etherWisFarEndPathCurrentTable. For each
      instance of this object there MUST be a corresponding
      instance of sonetFarEndPathCurrentEntry."
   INDEX { ifIndex }
     ::= { etherWisFarEndPathCurrentTable 1 }
EtherWisFarEndPathCurrentEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       etherWisFarEndPathCurrentStatus BITS
       }
etherWisFarEndPathCurrentStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX BITS {
               etherWisFarEndPayloadDefect(0),
               etherWisFarEndServerDefect(1)
           }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This variable indicates the current status at the
      far end of the path using a bit map that can indicate
      multiple defects at once. The bit positions are
      assigned as follows:
      etherWisFarEndPayloadDefect(0)
         A far end payload defect (i.e., far end
         PLM-P or LCD-P) is currently being signalled
          in G1 bits 5-7.
```

```
etherWisFarEndServerDefect(1)
         A far end server defect (i.e., far end
         LOP-P or AIS-P) is currently being signalled
          in G1 bits 5-7. Note: when this bit is set,
          sonetPathSTSRDI MUST be set in the corresponding
          instance of sonetPathCurrentStatus."
   REFERENCE
      "[IEEE 802.3 Std.], 30.8.1.1.25, aFarEndPathStatus."
     ::= { etherWisFarEndPathCurrentEntry 1 }
      Conformance Statements
- -
etherWisGroups
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisConformance 1 }
etherWisCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { etherWisConformance 2 }
      Object Groups
etherWisDeviceGroupBasic OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
       etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode,
       etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode
       }
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "A collection of objects that support test
      features required of all WIS devices."
     ::= { etherWisGroups 1 }
etherWisDeviceGroupExtra OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
       etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors
       }
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "A collection of objects that support
      optional WIS device test features."
    ::= { etherWisGroups 2 }
```

```
etherWisSectionGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        etherWisSectionCurrentJOTransmitted,
        etherWisSectionCurrentJOReceived
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A collection of objects that provide
       required information about a WIS section."
     ::= { etherWisGroups 3 }
etherWisPathGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        etherWisPathCurrentStatus,
        etherWisPathCurrentJ1Transmitted,
        etherWisPathCurrentJ1Received
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A collection of objects that provide
       required information about a WIS path."
     ::= { etherWisGroups 4 }
etherWisFarEndPathGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        etherWisFarEndPathCurrentStatus
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A collection of objects that provide required
       information about the far end of a WIS path."
     ::= { etherWisGroups 5 }
       Compliance Statements
etherWisCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The compliance statement for this module."
    MODULE -- this module
        MANDATORY-GROUPS {
            etherWisDeviceGroupBasic,
            etherWisSectionGroup,
            etherWisPathGroup,
            etherWisFarEndPathGroup
```

```
etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode
OBJECT
SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
    none(1),
    squareWave(2),
    mixedFrequency(4)
    }
DESCRIPTION
    "Support for values other than none(1),
    squareWave(2), and mixedFrequency(4)
    is not required. Furthermore, an
    implementation is not required to allow
    assignment of a value other than none(1)
    if that assignment would result in this
    object and etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode
    having values other than none(1) that are
    not the same."
OBJECT
             etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode
SYNTAX
             INTEGER {
    none(1),
    mixedFrequency(4)
    }
DESCRIPTION
    "Support for values other than none(1)
    and mixedFrequency(4) is not required.
    Furthermore, an implementation is not
    required to allow assignment of a value
    other than none(1) if that assignment
    would result in this object and
    etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode having
    values other than none(1) that are
    not the same."
GROUP
             etherWisDeviceGroupExtra
DESCRIPTION
    "Implementation of this group, along with support for
    the value prbs31(3) for etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode
    and etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode, is necessary if the
    optional PRBS31 test pattern mode is to be supported."
OBJECT
             etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors
WRITE-SYNTAX Gauge32 ( 0 )
DESCRIPTION
    "An implementation is not required to
    allow values other than zero to be
    written to this object."
```

```
MODULE SONET-MIB
    MANDATORY-GROUPS {
        sonetMediumStuff2,
        sonetSectionStuff2,
        sonetLineStuff2,
        sonetFarEndLineStuff2,
        sonetPathStuff2,
        sonetFarEndPathStuff2
        }
                 sonetMediumType
    OBJECT
                 INTEGER {
    SYNTAX
        sonet(1)
        }
    MIN-ACCESS
                 read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Write access is not required, nor is support
        for any value other than sonet(1)."
    OBJECT
                 sonetMediumLineCoding
    SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
        sonetMediumNRZ(4)
    MIN-ACCESS
                 read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Write access is not required, nor is support
        for any value other than sonetMediumNRZ(4)."
    OBJECT
                 sonetMediumLineType
                 read-only
    MIN-ACCESS
    DESCRIPTION
        "Write access is not required."
    OBJECT
                 sonetMediumCircuitIdentifier
    MIN-ACCESS
                 read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Write access is not required."
                 sonetMediumLoopbackConfig
    OBJECT
    SYNTAX
                 BITS {
        sonetNoLoop(0),
        sonetFacilityLoop(1)
        }
    MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Write access is not required, nor is support for values
        other than sonetNoLoop(0) and sonetFacilityLoop(1)."
```

```
OBJECT
               sonetSESthresholdSet
               read-only
  MIN-ACCESS
  DESCRIPTION
       "Write access is not required, and only one
      of the enumerated values need be supported."
  OBJECT
               sonetPathCurrentWidth
  SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
      sts192cSTM64(6)
      }
  MIN-ACCESS
               read-only
  DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required, nor is support
      for any value other than sts192cSTM64(6)."
::= { etherWisCompliances 1 }
```

END

5. Acknowledgments

This document is a product of the IETF Hubmib and ATOMMIB Working Groups. It builds upon the work of the IEEE P802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet Task Force.

6. Security Considerations

There are five managed objects defined in this MIB module that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write: etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode, etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors, etherWisSectionCurrentJ0Transmitted, and etherWisPathCurrentJ1Transmitted. Writing to these objects can have the following potentially disruptive effects on network operation:

- o changing the transmit or receive test pattern mode or modifying the accumulated error count from a PRBS31 pattern test on an administratively disabled 10GBASE-W interface, which can interfere with an in-progress pattern test;
- o modifying the transmitted section trace and/or path trace message on an operational 10GBASE-W interface, which can cause connectivity alarms to be raised at the remote of the link.

The user of this MIB module must therefore be aware that support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

All other managed objects in this MIB module have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-only. The information contained in those objects may be considered sensitive in some network environments. In such environments it is important to control even GET access to those objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC2570bis], section 8), inluding full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

7. References

7.1. Normative References

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- [802.3ae] Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, IEEE Std 802.3ae-2002, "IEEE Standard for Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications Media Access Control (MAC) Parameters, Physical Layer and Management Parameters for 10 Gb/s Operation", August 2002.

7.2. Informative References

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8. Authors' Addresses

Mike Ayers 1204 Knox Ave. San Jose, CA 95122 USA

Phone: +1 408 857 6810

EMail: mike.ayers@earthling.net

John Flick Hewlett-Packard Company 8000 Foothills Blvd. M/S 5557 Roseville, CA 95747-5557 USA

Phone: +1 916 785 4018 Fax: +1 916 785 1199 EMail: johnf@rose.hp.com

C. M. Heard 600 Rainbow Dr. #141 Mountain View, CA 94041-2542 USA

Phone: +1 650 964 8391 EMail: heard@pobox.com

Kam Lam Lucent Technologies 101 Crawfords Corner Road, Room 4C-616A Holmdel, NJ 07733 USA

Phone: +1 732 949 8338 EMail: hklam@lucent.com Kerry McDonald Institute for Applied Supercomputing California State University San Bernardino

EMail: kerry_mcd@hotmail.com kmcdonal@csci.csusb.edu

K. C. Norseth 934 S. Palos Verdes Dr. Kaysville, Utah 84037 USA

Phone: +1 801 546 3316 EMail: kcn@norseth.com

Kaj Tesink Telcordia Technologies 331 Newman Springs Road P.O. Box 7020 Red Bank, NJ 07701-7020 USA

Phone: +1 732 758 5254

EMail: kaj@research.telcordia.com

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Appendix A: Collection of Performance Data Using WIS MDIO Registers

The purpose of this appendix is to illustrate how the WIS MDIO registers specified in [802.3ae] subclause 45.2.2 (and more specifically the subset required by [802.3ae] subclause 50.3.11) can be used to collect performance data either according to the conventions adopted by this document or according to the conventions specified in [802.3ae] Clause 30.

For an agent implementing the SNMP managed objects required by this document the first step in collecting WIS performance data would be to poll the 10G WIS status 3 register and the various error count registers (10G WIS section BIP error count, 10G WIS line BIP errors, 10G WIS far end line BIP errors, 10G WIS path block error count, and 10G WIS far end path block error count) once per second. The 10G WIS status 3 register bits are all latched until read and so would indicate whether a given defect occurred any time during the previous second. The error count registers roll over modulo 2^16 or 2^32, and so to find the number of errors within the previous second the agent would need to subtract (modulo 2^16 or 2^32) the current reading from the reading taken one second ago. Armed with that information, the agent could determine for any layer whether the one second interval was an errored second, a severely errored second (that requires comparison with a threshold unless a defect is present), or a severely errored frame second. Determining whether a given second is or is not part of unavailable time requires additional logic; the most straightforward and accurate method is the delay-line approach outlined in Appendix A of [SONETng]. With that information available the agent would be able to determine by how much each current count should be incremented (including effects of inhibiting). Implementations that conform to [T1.231] would end each 15-minute interval on time-of-day clock 1/4 hour boundaries; if the delay-line approach is used then a time-of-day timestamp would accompany the one-second statistics. At the end of each interval the current registers would be pushed onto the history stack and then would be cleared. The xyxIntervalValidData flags would be set to False(2) if the number of samples was not between 890 and 910 or, in the case of far-end counts, if a near-end defect occurred during the justcompleted interval (see [T1.231] Section 9.1.2.2 for details).

An agent implementing the [802.3ae] Clause 30 oWIS objects could also start by polling the 10G WIS status 3 register and the various error count registers to find the defects and error counts for the previous second, and it could determine the number of errors and whether the second was an errored second, a severely errored second, or a severely errored frame second in the same manner as above. The rest of the process would simply be to increment the generalized nonresetable counters without consideration of any inhibiting rules.

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Revision History

NOTE TO RFC Editor: this section is to be removed prior to publication as an RFC.

The following changes were made to <draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-01.txt> to produce <<u>draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-02.txt</u>>:

- 1.) Section 3.1 was updated as agreed in "WIS MIB compliance statement issue" e-mail thread, specifically to explain that the ETHER-WIS compliance statement requires all objects that required by sonetCompliance2 as well as some that it leaves optional.
- 2.) In Section 3.5 the paragraph dealing with STS-Path Remote Defect Indication was updated to indicate that an implementation of the WIS MIB (not necessarily an arbitrary implementation of the WIS) has to set the SONET-MIB's RDI status bit when a remote server defect is detected.
- 3.) In <u>Section 3.6</u> the text introducing the table of semantic differences between IEEE GDMO and SNMP objects was wordsmithed.
- 4.) In <u>Section 3.7</u> the mapping between objects in the etherWisDeviceTable and the station management registers was updated to reflect the updated MDIO register definitions in P802.3ae/D4.01 and the corresponding updates to the MIB objects.
- 5.) In Section 3.8.1 the text was updated to state that the purpose of the etherWisDeviceTable is to support mandatory and optional WIS test features.
- 6.) In Sections 3.8.1, 3.8.2, 3.8.3, and 3.8.4 certain instances of "SHALL" were changed to "MUST" to improve readability.
- 7.) The LAST-UPDATED, ORGANIZATION, REVISION, and DESCRIPTION clauses of the MODULE-IDENTITY invocation were updated.
- 8.) The lower-case "shall" in the DESCRIPTION clause of each table entry was changed to an uppercase "MUST", per RFC 2119, because it describes a requirement of the specification in the draft.
- 9.) The etherWisDeviceTestPatternType objects was removed, and the objects etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode and etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode were changed from simple "enable/disable" flags to enumerations that reflect the specific text pattern mode in which the transmitter or receiver is operating. A new optional object called etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors was added to make visible the

error count MDIO register contents when the receiver is operating in the (optional) PRBS31 test pattern mode added in D4.01.

- 10.) The SYNTAX of etherWisSectionCurrentJOTransmitted and etherWisSectionCurrentJOReceived was changed from INTEGER (0..255) to OCTET STRING (SIZE (16)) to reflect the change from 1-byte to 16-byte section trace messages in D4.01, and the DESCRIPTION clauses were rewritten along the lines for those of the corresponding path trace objects.
- 11.) In the DESCRIPTION of etherWisPathCurrentJ0Transmitted "path message" was changes to "path trace message".
- 12.) etherWisDeviceGroup was split into a mandatory group etherWisDeviceGroupBasic and an optional group etherWisDeviceGroupExtra.
- 13.) The compliance name was changed from etherWisCurrentCompliance to etherWisCompliance.
- 14.) OBJECT clauses were added to specify required values for etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode and etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode.
- 15.) A GROUP clause was added to state that etherWisDeviceGroupExtra needs to be implemented in order to support the PRBS31 test pattern mode. The DESCRIPTION clause points out that the prbs31 enumeration is needed for $ether \verb|WisDeviceTxTestPattern| Mode/ether \verb|WisDeviceRxTestPattern| Mode.$
- 16.) References [SONETng] and [P802.3ae] were updated to draftietf-atommib-rfc2558bis-00.txt and P802.3ae/D4.01, respectively.

The following changes were made to <draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-02.txt> to produce <draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-03.txt>:

- 1.) The page formatting was changed to match that used in recent RFCs.
- 2.) Heading numbering and bracketed references were removed from the abstract, and "SONET MIB" was expanded to "SONET/SDH Interface MIB".
- 3.) RFC 2119 terminology conventions were moved from the abstract into a separate numbered "Conventions" section and were wordsmithed to match the style of recent RFCs.
- 4.) Each occurrence of "SONET MIB" in Section 3, "Overview", was expanded to "SONET/SDH Interface MIB".
- 5.) Each occurrence of "MAU-MIB" in <u>Section 3</u>, "Overview", was expanded to "802.3 MAU MIB".
- 6.) Each occurrence of "SONET MIB" in Sections 3.1, 3.8.1, 3.8.2, 3.8.3, and 3.8.4 was changed to "SONET-MIB" (this matches the usage elsewhere, specifically Sections 3.2 and 3.3).
- 7.) All occurrences of "[P802.3ae] subclause 50.3.10" were updated to "[P802.3ae] subclause 50.3.11" in order to match the subclause numbering in P802.3ae/D4.2 (affected sections are 3.1, 3.6, 3.7, and Appendix A).
- 8.) "Ethernet-like Interfaces MIB" was changed to "Ethernet-like Interface MIB" in <u>Section 3.2</u> in order to match the usage in the abstract.
- 9.) "mauModIfCompl2" was updated to "mauModIfCompl3" in Section 3.3 in order to match <draft-ietf-hubmib-mau-mib-v3-01.txt>.
- 10.) An unnecessary heading was removed the table in Section 3.6 that compares the semantics of IEEE threshold and counter objects with those of the corresponding objects imported from the SONET-MTB.
- 11.) The text at the end of <u>Section 3.6</u> was wordsmithed to remove unnecessary verbiage.
- 12.) The MDIO register name spellings in Section 3.7, Section 4, and Appendix A were updated to match those in P802.3ae/D4.2 subclause 45.2.2.

- 13.) A missing comma was added to the etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors REFERENCE clause.
- 14.) DESCRIPTION clauses of etherWisSectionCurrentJOTransmitted and etherWisPathCurrentJ1Transmitted were updates to state that the default value should be '89'h followed by 16 octets of '00'h, rather than 16 octets of '00'h followed by '89'h (this matches the resolution in P802.3ae/D4.2 of a byte ordering inconsistency).
- 15.) The MAX-ACCESS clauses of etherWisPathCurrentStatus and etherWisPathCurrentStatus were changed from 'read-write' to
- 16.) In Section 6, "Security Considerations", all read-write objects have been explicitly listed and mention of read-create objects has been removed.
- 17.) References [ETHERIF], [MAU-MIB], and [P802.3ae] were updated to <<u>draft-ietf-hubmib-etherif-mib-v3-01.txt</u>>, <<u>draft-ietf-hubmib-</u> mau-mib-v3-01.txt>, and P802.3ae/D4.2, respectively.
- 18.) Normative and informative references were moved into separate sub-sections.
- 19.) A "To-Do List" section was added.

The following changes were made to <draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-03.txt> to produce <<u>draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-04.txt</u>>:

- 1.) "tx" and "rx" were spelled out in the MDIO register names in Section 3.7 in order to match the usage in P802.3ae/D4.3 and P802.3ae/D5.0.
- 2.) References [IEEE 802.3 Std] in the MIB module and [P802.3ae] in the text were updated to point to P802.3ae/D5.0.
- 3.) Author contact information was updated.

The following changes were made to <draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-04.txt> to produce <<u>draft-ietf-hubmib-wis-mib-05.txt</u>>:

- 1.) Gauge32 was added to the IMPORTS list. It was not being imported from SNMPv2-SMI as required by RFC 2578.
- 2.) Enum values for etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode and etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode now start at 1 instead of 0, as recommended by RFC 2578.

- 3.) The OBJECT clauses for etherWisDeviceTxTestPatternMode and etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternMode now state that an implementation does not have to allow value assignments that the Clause 45 MDIO registers can't support.
- 4.) An OBJECT clause for etherWisDeviceRxTestPatternErrors was added to specify that the WRITE-SYNTAX is Gauge32(0).
- 5.) A paragraph warning that some environments may consider the information in read-only objects to be sensitive was added to the Security Considerations section, and the entire section was updated to conform to the latest template posted to the mibs@ops.ietf.org mailing list.
- 6.) The acronyms in <u>Section 3</u> were expanded on first use.
- 7.) All occurrences of "ifAdminState" were changed to "ifAdminStatus".
- 8.) The DESCRIPTION clauses for etherWisPathCurrentJ1Transmitted and etherWisSectionCurrentJOTransmitted were changed to use "transmitted" in place of "to be transmitted".
- 9.) All remaining instances of "SHALL" were changed to "MUST" in Sections 3.8.1, 3.8.2, 3.8.3, and 3.8.4 in order to improve readability.
- 10.) The reference tag [P802.3ae] was replaced with [802.3ae], and the corresponding normative reference was updated to point to IEEE Std 802.3ae-2002, published 30 Aug 2002. The reference [IEEE 802.3 Std] in the MIB module was similarly updated.
- 11.) RFC 2119 was moved from the informative reference list to the normative reference list, in accordance with current IESG and RFC Editor policy.
- 12.) The MIB boilerplate in Section 2 and the SMI/SNMP-related references were updated to conform to the latest template posted to the mibs@ops.ietf.org mailing list.
- 13.) The DESCRIPTION clause of the MODULE-IDENTITY invocation was updated to include the required copyright statement.
- 14.) The dates in the LAST-UPDATED and REVISION clauses of the MODULE-IDENTITY invocation were changed to the current date.
- 15.) The document pagination was changed to match that expected upon publication as an RFC.

To-Do List

NOTE TO RFC Editor: prior to publishing this document please take care of any open items listed below and then remove this section.

- 1.) Normative references [SONETng], [ETHERIF], and [MAU-MIB] must be updated to point to the appropriate RFCs when the respective Internet Drafts are published, and all occurrences of the reference tags must be changed to [RFCnnnn] where nnnn is the assigned RFC number.
- 2.) Informative reference [2570bis] should be updated to point to the appropriate RFC when the corresponding Internet Draft is published, and the reference tag should be changed to match.
- 3.) It must be determined whether members of WIS MIB design team other than editor C. M. Heard will continue to be listed in the front page as co-authors or whether they will be listed in a Contributors section with contact information, in a Contributors section without contact information, or in the Acknowledgments section.