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Extended Message support for BGP
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Abstract

The BGP specification mandates a maximum BGP message size of 4,096 octets. As BGP is extended to support newer AFI/SAFIs and other features, there is a need to extend the maximum message size beyond 4,096 octets. This document updates the BGP specification [RFC4271](#) by extending the maximum message size from 4,096 octets to 65,535 octets for all except the OPEN and KEEPALIVE messages.

Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [BCP 14](#) [[RFC2119](#)] [[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

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Internet-Draft

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[1.](#) Introduction

The BGP specification [[RFC4271](#)] mandates a maximum BGP message size of 4,096 octets. As BGP is extended to support newer AFI/SAFIs and newer capabilities (e.g., BGPsec [[RFC8205](#)] and BGP-LS [[RFC7752](#)]), there is a need to extend the maximum message size beyond 4,096 octets. This draft provides an extension to BGP to extend its message size limit from 4,096 octets to 65,535 octets for all except the OPEN and KEEPALIVE messages.

[2.](#) BGP Extended Message

A BGP message over 4,096 octets in length is a BGP Extended Message.

BGP Extended Messages have a maximum message size of 65,535 octets. The smallest message that may be sent consists of a BGP KEEPALIVE which consists of 19 octets.

[3.](#) Extended Message Capability for BGP

The BGP Extended Message Capability is a new BGP Capability [[RFC5492](#)] defined with Capability code 6 and Capability length 0.

To advertise the BGP Extended Message Capability to a peer, a BGP speaker uses BGP Capabilities Advertisement [[RFC5492](#)]. By advertising the BGP Extended Message Capability to a peer, a BGP speaker conveys that it is able to send, receive, and properly handle, see [Section 4](#), BGP Extended Messages.

A peer which does not advertise this capability MUST NOT send BGP Extended Messages, and BGP Extended Messages MUST NOT be sent to it.

Peers that wish to use the BGP Extended Message capability MUST support Error Handling for BGP UPDATE Messages per [[RFC7606](#)].

[4.](#) Operation

The Extended Message Capability applies to all messages except for the OPEN and KEEPALIVE messages. The former exception is to reduce the complexity of providing backward compatibility.

A BGP speaker that is capable of sending and receiving BGP Extended Messages SHOULD advertise the BGP Extended Message Capability to its peers using BGP Capabilities Advertisement [[RFC5492](#)]. A BGP speaker MAY send Extended Messages to a peer if the Extended Message Capability was received from that peer.

An implementation that advertises the BGP Extended Message capability MUST be capable of receiving a message with a Length up to and including 65,535 octets.

Applications generating information which might be encapsulated within BGP messages MUST limit the size of their payload to take the maximum message size into account.

During the years of incremental deployment, speakers that are capable of Extended Messages should not simply pack as many NLRI in a message as they can, or otherwise unnecessarily generate UPDATES above the 4,096 octet pre- Extended Message limit, so as not to require downstream routers to decompose for peers that do not support Extended Messages. See [Section 8](#).

If a BGP message with a Length greater than 4,096 octets is received by a BGP listener who has not advertised the Extended Message Capability, the listener will generate a NOTIFICATION with the Error Subcode set to Bad Message Length ([\[RFC4271\]](#) Sec 6.1).

A BGP UPDATE will (policy, best path, etc., allowing) typically propagate throughout the BGP speaking Internet; and hence to BGP speakers which may not support Extended Messages. Therefore, an announcement in an Extended Message where the size of the attribute set plus the NLRI is larger than 4,096 octets may cause lack of reachability.

A BGP speaker with a mixture of peers some of which have advertised the BGP Extended Message capability and some which have not, may receive an UPDATE from one of its capable peers that produces an ongoing announcement that is larger than 4,096 octets. When propagating that UPDATE onward to a neighbor which has not advertised the BGP Extended Message capability, the sender SHOULD try to reduce the outgoing message size by removing attributes eligible under the "attribute discard" approach of [\[RFC7606\]](#). If the message is still too big, then it must not be sent to the neighbor ([\[RFC4271\]](#), [Section 9.2](#)). Additionally, if the NLRI was previously advertised to that peer, it must be withdrawn from service ([\[RFC4271\]](#), [Section 9.1.3](#)).

If an Autonomous System (AS) has multiple internal BGP speakers and also has multiple external BGP neighbors, to present a consistent external view care must be taken to ensure a consistent view within the AS. In the context of BGP Extended Messages, a consistent view can only be guaranteed if all the iBGP speakers advertise the BGP Extended Message capability. If that is not the case, then the operator should consider whether the BGP Extended Message capability should be advertised to external peers or not.

During the incremental deployment of BGP Extended Messages and [\[RFC7606\]](#) in an iBGP mesh, or with eBGP peers, the operator should monitor any routes dropped and any discarded attributes.

5. Error Handling

A BGP speaker that has the ability to use Extended Messages but has not advertised the BGP Extended Messages capability, presumably due to configuration, MUST NOT accept an Extended Message. A speaker MUST NOT implement a more liberal policy accepting BGP Extended Messages.

A BGP speaker that does not advertise the BGP Extended Messages capability might also genuinely not support Extended Messages. Such a speaker will follow the error handling procedures of [\[RFC4271\]](#) if it receives an Extended Message. Similarly, any speaker that treats an improper Extended Message as a fatal error, MUST follow the error handling procedures of [\[RFC4271\]](#).

It is RECOMMENDED that BGP protocol developers and implementers are conservative in their application and use of Extended Messages. Future protocol specifications MUST describe how to handle peers which can only accommodate 4,096 octet messages.

6. Changes to [RFC4271](#)

[RFC4271] states "The value of the Length field MUST always be at least 19 and no greater than 4,096." This document changes the latter number to 65,535 for all except the OPEN and KEEPALIVE messages.

[RFC4271] Sec 6.1, specifies raising an error if the length of a message is over 4,096 octets. For all messages except the OPEN message, if the receiver has advertised the BGP Extended Messages Capability, this document raises that limit to 65,535.

7. IANA Considerations

The IANA has made an early allocation for this new BGP Extended Message Capability referring to this document.

Registry: Capability Codes

Value	Description	Document
6	BGP Extended Message	[this draft]

8. Security Considerations

This extension to BGP does not change BGP's underlying security issues; [[RFC4272](#)].

Due to increased memory requirements for buffering, there may be increased exposure to resource exhaustion, intentional or unintentional.

If a remote speaker is able to craft a large BGP Extended Message to send on a path where one or more peers do not support BGP Extended Messages, peers which support BGP Extended Messages may act to reduce the outgoing message, see [Section 4](#), and in doing so cause an attack by discarding attributes its peer may be expecting. The attributes eligible under the "attribute discard" must have no effect on route selection or installation [[RFC7606](#)].

If a remote speaker is able to craft a large BGP Extended Message to send on a path where one or more peers do not support BGP Extended Messages, peers which support BGP Extended Messages may act to reduce

the outgoing message, see [Section 4](#), and in doing so allow a downgrade attack. This would only affect the attacker's message, where 'downgrade' has questionable meaning.

If a remote speaker is able to craft a large BGP Extended Message to send on a path where one or more peers do not support BGP Extended Messages, peers which support BGP Extended Messages may incur resource load (processing, message resizing, etc.) reformatting the large messages.

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