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# SR Policy Extensions for Path Segment and Bidirectional Path draft-ietf-idr-sr-policy-path-segment-03

#### Abstract

A Segment Routing (SR) policy is a set of candidate SR paths consisting of one or more segment lists with necessary path attributes. For each SR path, it may also have its own path attributes, and Path Segment is one of them. A Path Segment is defined to identify an SR path, which can be used for performance measurement, path correlation, and end-2-end path protection. Path Segment can be also used to correlate two unidirectional SR paths into a bidirectional SR path which is required in some scenarios, for example, mobile backhaul transport network.

This document defines extensions to BGP to distribute SR policies carrying Path Segment and bidirectional path information.

#### Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in <a href="RFC 2119">RFC 2119</a> [RFC2119].

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# Introduction

Segment routing (SR) [RFC8402] is a source routing paradigm that explicitly indicates the forwarding path for packets at the ingress node. The ingress node steers packets into a specific path according to the Segment Routing Policy (SR Policy) as defined in [I-D.ietf-spring-segment-routing-policy]. For distributing SR

policies to the headend, [I-D.ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy] specifies a mechanism by using BGP, and new sub-TLVs are defined for SR Policies in BGP UPDATE message.

In many use cases such as performance measurement, the path to which the packets belong is required to be identified. Futhermore, in some scenarios, for example, mobile backhaul transport network, there are requirements to support bidirectional path. However, there is no path identification information for each Segment List in the SR Policies defined in [I-D.ietf-spring-segment-routing-policy]. Also, the SR Policies defined in [I-D.ietf-spring-segment-routing-policy] only supports unidirectional SR paths.

Therefore, this document defines the extension to SR policies that carry Path Segment in the Segment List and support bidirectional path. The Path Segment can be a Path Segment in SR-MPLS [I-D.ietf-spring-mpls-path-segment] and SRv6 [I-D.ietf-spring-srv6-path-segment], or other IDs that can identify a path. Also, this document defines extensions to BGP to distribute SR policies carrying Path Segment and bidirectional path information.

# 2. Terminology

This memo makes use of the terms defined in [RFC8402] and [I-D.ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy].

#### **2.1**. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in <a href="https://example.com/BCP14">BCP 14 [RFC2119]</a> [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

# 3. Path Segment in SR Policy

As defined in [I-D.ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy] , the SR Policy encoding structure is as follows:

```
SR Policy SAFI NLRI: <Distinguisher, Policy-Color, Endpoint>
Attributes:
    Tunnel Encaps Attribute (23)
        Tunnel Type: SR Policy
        Binding SID
        Preference
        Priority
        Policy Name
        Explicit NULL Label Policy (ENLP)
        Segment List
        Weight
        Segment
        Segment
        ...
```

An SR path can be specified by an Segment List sub-TLV that contains a set of segment sub-TLVs and other sub-TLVs as shown above. As defined in [I-D.ietf-spring-segment-routing-policy], a candidate path includes multiple SR paths specified by SID list. The Path Segment can be used for identifying an SR path(specified by SID list) from the headend and the tailend. Also, it can be used for identifying an SR candidate path in some use cases if needed. This document defines a new Path Segment sub-TLV within Segment List sub-TLV, the details will be described at section 3.1. The new SR Policy encoding structure with Path Segmentg sub-TLV is expressed as below:

```
SR Policy SAFI NLRI: <Distinguisher, Policy-Color, Endpoint>
Attributes:
   Tunnel Encaps Attribute (23)
      Tunnel Type: SR Policy
          Binding SID
          Preference
          Priority
          Policy Name
          Explicit NULL Label Policy (ENLP)
          Segment List
              Weight
              Path Segment
              Segment
              Segment
              . . .
          Segment List
              Weight
              Path Segment
              Segment
              Segment
              . . .
```

The Path Segment is used to identified an SR path, and it can be used in OAM or IOAM use cases. When all the SID Lists within a candidate path share the same Path Segment ID, the Path Segment can be used to collect the aggregated information of the candidate path. Multiple Path Segment MAY be included in a Segment List for different use cases, all of them SHOULD be inserted into the SID List.

# 3.1. SR Path Segment Sub-TLV

. . .

This section defines an SR Path Segment sub-TLV.

An SR Path Segment sub-TLV is included in the segment list sub-TLV to identify an SID list. It has the following format:

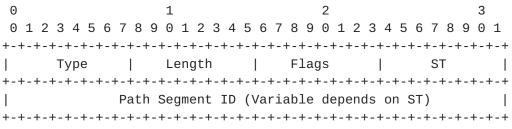


Figure 1. Path Segment sub-TLV

Where:

Type: to be assigned by IANA.

Length: the total length of the value field not including Type and Length fields.

Flags: 8 bits of flags. Following flags are defined:

```
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
+--+--+--+--+--+
| Reserved |L|
```

L-Flag: Local flag. Set when the Path Segment has local significance on an SR node. The rest bits of Flag are reserved and MUST be set to 0 on transmission and MUST be ignored on receipt.

ST: Segment type, specifies the type of the Path Segment, and it has following types:

- o 0: SR-MPLS Path Segment
- o 1: SRv6 Path Segment
- o 2-255:Reserved

Path Segment ID: The Path Segment ID of an SR path. The Path Segment type is indicated by the Segment Type(ST) field. It can be a Path Segment in SR-MPLS [I-D.ietf-spring-mpls-path-segment], a Path Segment in SRv6 [I-D.ietf-spring-srv6-path-segment], or other IDs that identifies a path. When ST is 0, the Path Segment ID is a SR-MPLS Path Segment, and format is shown below.

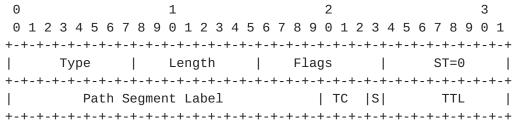


Figure 2. SR-MPLS Path Segment sub-TLV

When ST is 1, the Path Segment ID is a 128-bit SRv6 Path Segment.

# 4. SR Policy for Bidirectional Path

In some scenarios, for example, mobile backhaul transport network, there are requirements to support bidirectional path. In SR, a bidirectional path can be represented as a binding of two unidirectional SR paths. This document also defines a Reverse Segment List sub-TLV to describe the reverse path associated with the forward path specified by the Segment List. An SR policy carrying SR bidirectional path information is expressed as below:

```
SR Policy SAFI NLRI: <Distinguisher, Policy-Color, Endpoint>
    Attributes: Tunnel Encaps Attribute (23)
    Tunnel Type: SR Policy
        Binding SID
        Preference
        Priority
        Policy Name
        Explicit NULL Label Policy (ENLP)
        Segment List
            Weight
            Path Segment
            Segment
            Segment
            . . .
            Reverse Segment List
                Path Segment
                Segment
                Segment
                . . .
```

#### 4.1. Reverse Path Segment List Sub-TLV

A Reverse Path Segment List sub-TLV is defined to specify an SR reverse path associated with the path specified by the Segment List, and it has the following format:

where:

Type: TBA.

Length: the total length of the sub-TLVs encoded within the Reverse Path Segment List Sub-TLV not including the Type and Length fields.

RESERVED: 1 octet of reserved bits. SHOULD be unset on transmission and MUST be ignored on receipt.

sub-TLVs, reuse the sub-TLVs in Segment List defined in [I-D.ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy].

- o One or more mandatory SR Path Segment sub-TLVs that contains the Path Segments of the reverse SR path.
- o One or more Segment sub-TLVs to specify the reverse SR path.

The Segment sub-TLVs in the Reverse Path Segment List sub-TLV provides the information of the reverse SR path, which can be used for directing egress BFD peer to use specific path for the reverse direction of the BFD session [I-D.ietf-mpls-bfd-directed] or other applications.

#### 5. Operations

The document does not bring new operation beyond the description of operations defined in  $[\underline{\text{I-D.ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy}}]$ . The existing operations defined in

[<u>I-D.ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy</u>] can apply to this document directly.

Typically but not limit to, the unidirectional or bidirectional SR policies carrying path identification infomation are configured by a controller.

After configuration, the unidirectional or bidirectional SR policies carrying path identification infomation will be advertised by BGP update messages. The operation of advertisement is the same as defined in [I-D.ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy], as well as the reception.

The consumer of the unidirectional or bidirectional SR policies is not the BGP process, it can be any applications, such as performance measurement [I-D.gandhi-spring-udp-pm]. The operation of sending information to consumers is out of scope of this document.

# 6. IANA Considerations

This document defines new Sub-TLVs in following registries:

# 6.1. Existing Registry: BGP Tunnel Encapsulation Attribute sub-TLVs

This document defines new sub-TLVs in the registry "SR Policy List Sub-TLVs" [I-D.ietf-idr-segment-routing-te-policy] to be assigned by IANA:

| Codepoint | Description                  | Reference     |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| ТВА       | Path Segment sub-TLV         | This document |  |  |  |  |
| TBA       | Reverse Segment List sub-TLV | This document |  |  |  |  |

# 7. Security Considerations

TBA

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# 9. Acknowledgements

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