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**BGP-LS Advertisement of IGP Traffic Engineering Performance Metric
Extensions
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Abstract

This document defines new BGP-LS TLVs in order to carry the IGP Traffic Engineering Extensions defined in IS-IS and OSPF protocols.

Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [BCP 14](#) [[RFC2119](#)] [[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

Status of This Memo

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[1.](#) Introduction

BGP-LS ([\[RFC7752\]](#)) defines NLRI and attributes in order to carry link-state information. New BGP-LS Link-Attribute TLVs are required in order to carry the Traffic Engineering Metric Extensions defined in [\[RFC7810\]](#) and [\[RFC7471\]](#).

[2.](#) Link Attribute TLVs for TE Metric Extensions

The following new Link Attribute TLVs are defined:

```

    TLV Name
-----
Unidirectional Link Delay

Min/Max Unidirectional Link Delay

Unidirectional Delay Variation

Unidirectional Packet Loss

Unidirectional Residual Bandwidth

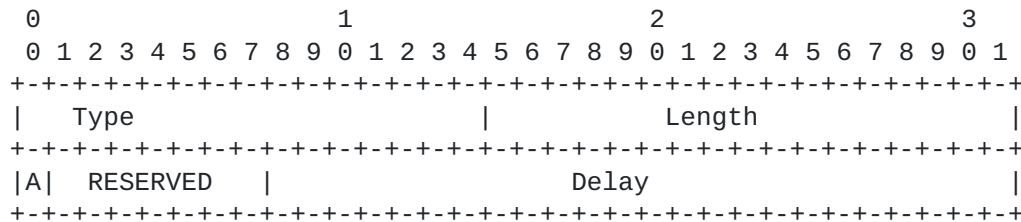
Unidirectional Available Bandwidth

Unidirectional Bandwidth Utilization
    
```

3. TLV Details

3.1. Unidirectional Link Delay TLV

This TLV advertises the average link delay between two directly connected IGP link-state neighbors. The semantic of the TLV is described in [RFC7810] and [RFC7471].



where:

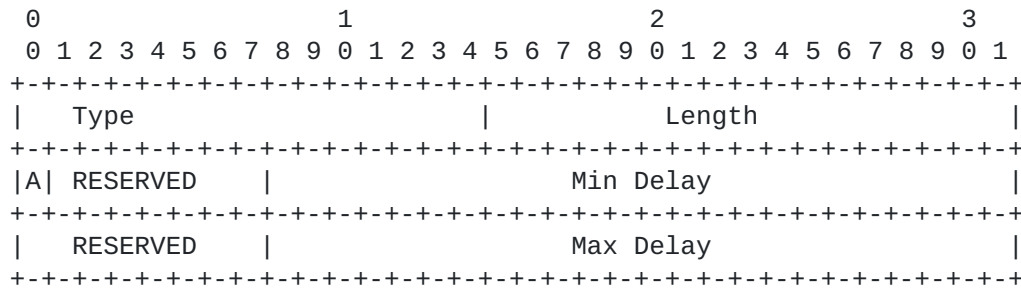
Figure 1

Type: 1114

Length: 4.

3.2. Min/Max Unidirectional Link Delay TLV

This sub-TLV advertises the minimum and maximum delay values between two directly connected IGP link-state neighbors. The semantic of the TLV is described in [RFC7810] and [RFC7471].



where:

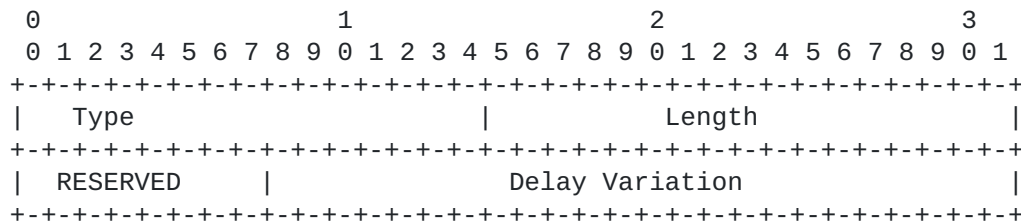
Figure 2

Type: 1115

Length: 8.

3.3. Unidirectional Delay Variation TLV

This sub-TLV advertises the average link delay variation between two directly connected IGP link-state neighbors. The semantic of the TLV is described in [[RFC7810](#)] and [[RFC7471](#)].



where:

Figure 3

Type: 1116

Length: 4.

3.4. Unidirectional Link Loss TLV

This sub-TLV advertises the loss (as a packet percentage) between two directly connected IGP link-state neighbors. The semantic of the TLV is described in [[RFC7810](#)] and [[RFC7471](#)].

0										1										2										3									
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Type										Length																													
RESERVED										Link Loss																													

where:

Type: 1117

Length: 4.

3.5. Unidirectional Residual Bandwidth TLV

This sub-TLV advertises the residual bandwidth between two directly connected IGP link-state neighbors. The semantic of the TLV is described in [RFC7810] and [RFC7471].

0										1										2										3									
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Type										Length										Residual Bandwidth																			

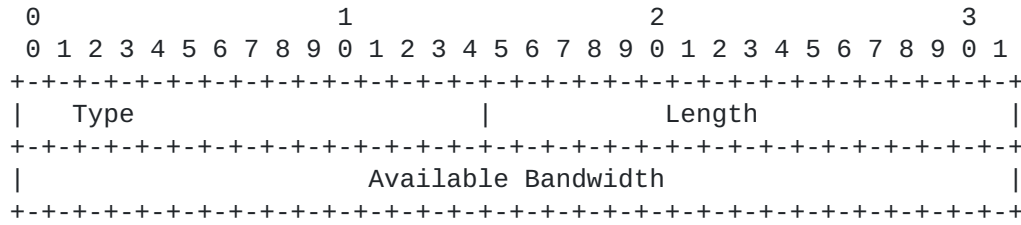
where:

Type: 1118

Length: 4.

3.6. Unidirectional Available Bandwidth TLV

This sub-TLV advertises the available bandwidth between two directly connected IGP link-state neighbors. The semantic of the TLV is described in [RFC7810] and [RFC7471].



where:

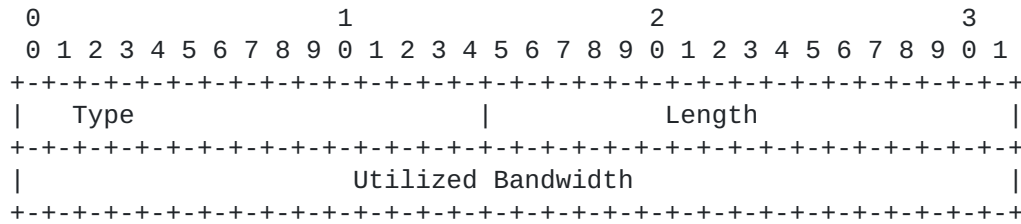
Figure 4

Type: 1119

Length: 4.

3.7. Unidirectional Utilized Bandwidth TLV

This sub-TLV advertises the bandwidth utilization between two directly connected IGP link-state neighbors. The semantic of the TLV is described in [[RFC7810](#)] and [[RFC7471](#)].



where:

Figure 5

Type: 1120

Length: 4.

4. Security Considerations

Procedures and protocol extensions defined in this document do not affect the BGP security model. See the 'Security Considerations' section of [[RFC4271](#)] for a discussion of BGP security. Also refer to [[RFC4272](#)] and [[RFC6952](#)] for analysis of security issues for BGP.

The TLVs introduced in this document are used to propagate IGP defined information ([[RFC7810](#)] and [[RFC7471](#)].) These TLVs represent the state and resources availability of the IGP link. The IGP

instances originating these TLVs are assumed to have all the required security and authentication mechanism (as described in [RFC7810] and [RFC7471]) in order to prevent any security issue when propagating the TLVs into BGP-LS.

5. IANA Considerations

This document requests assigning code-points from the registry "BGP-LS Node Descriptor, Link Descriptor, Prefix Descriptor, and Attribute TLVs" for the new Link Attribute TLVs defined in the table below:

TLV code-point	Value
1114	Unidirectional Link Delay
1115	Min/Max Unidirectional Link Delay
1116	Unidirectional Delay Variation
1117	Unidirectional Packet Loss
1118	Unidirectional Residual Bandwidth
1119	Unidirectional Available Bandwidth
1120	Unidirectional Bandwidth Utilization

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7. Acknowledgements

The authors wish to acknowledge comments from Ketan Talaulikar.

8. References

8.1. Normative References

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- [RFC7810] Previdi, S., Ed., Giacalone, S., Ward, D., Drake, J., and Q. Wu, "IS-IS Traffic Engineering (TE) Metric Extensions", [RFC 7810](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC7810, May 2016, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7810>>.
- [RFC8174] Leiba, B., "Ambiguity of Uppercase vs Lowercase in [RFC 2119](#) Key Words", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 8174](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC8174, May 2017, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc8174>>.

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- [RFC4272] Murphy, S., "BGP Security Vulnerabilities Analysis", [RFC 4272](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC4272, January 2006, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc4272>>.
- [RFC6952] Jethanandani, M., Patel, K., and L. Zheng, "Analysis of BGP, LDP, PCEP, and MSDP Issues According to the Keying and Authentication for Routing Protocols (KARP) Design Guide", [RFC 6952](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC6952, May 2013, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6952>>.

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