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# Ericsson TWAMP Value-Added Octets draft-ietf-ippm-twamp-value-added-octets-03.txt

#### Abstract

This memo describes an extension to the TWAMP test protocol for identifying and managing packet trains, which enables measuring capacity metrics like the available path capacity, tight section capacity and UDP delivery rate in the forward and reverse path directions.

This memo contains the description of a working prototype. It does not represent a consensus of the IETF community. The IETF community is currently working on the problem statement and has not reached consensus on the preferred method for measuring capacity metrics.

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April 26, 2012

# Table of Contents

INTERNET DRAFT

<u>1</u>	Introduction	. 4
	<u>1.1</u> Requirements Language	. 4
<u>2</u>	Purpose and scope	. <u>4</u>
<u>3</u>	Capacity Measurement Principles	. <u>5</u>
<u>4</u>	TWAMP Control Extensions	. 7
<u>5</u>	Extended TWAMP Test	. <u>7</u>
	<u>5.1</u> Sender Behavior	. <u>8</u>
	<u>5.1.1</u> Packet Timings	. <u>8</u>
	<u>5.1.2</u> Session-Sender Packet Format	. <u>8</u>
	<u>5.2</u> Reflector behavior	<u>12</u>
	<u>5.2.1</u> Session-Reflector Packet Format	<u>14</u>
	<u>5.3</u> Additional Considerations	<u>14</u>
<u>6</u>	Experiments	<u>14</u>
<u>7</u>	Security Considerations	<u>15</u>
<u>8</u>	IANA Considerations	<u>15</u>
9	References	<u>15</u>
	9.1 Normative References	<u>15</u>
	9.2 Informative References	<u>16</u>
Aut	thor's Addresses	16

#### 1 Introduction

The notion of embedding a number of meaningful fields in the padding octets has been established as a viable methodology for carrying additional information within the TWAMP-Test protocol running between a Session-Sender and a Session-Reflector [RFC5357] [RFC6038].

This memo describes an optional extension to the Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol [RFC5357]. It is called the Ericsson TWAMP Value-Added Octets feature. This memo defines version 1.

This feature enables the controller host to measure capacity metrics like the IP-type-P available path capacity (APC) [RFC5136], IP-layer tight section capacity (TSC) [Y1540] and UDP delivery rate on both forward and reverse paths using a single TWAMP test session. The actual method to calculate the APC, TSC or the UDP delivery rate from packet-level data performance data is not discussed in this memo.

The Valued-Added Octets feature consists of new behaviors for the Session-Sender and Session-Reflector, and a set of value-added octets of information that are placed at the beginning of the Packet Padding field [RFC5357] or at the beginning of the Packet Padding (to be reflected) field [RFC6038] by the Session-Sender, and are reflected or returned by the Session-Reflector. The length of the value-added octets in version 1 is 10 octets.

This memo contains the description of a working prototype. It does not represent a consensus of the IETF community. The IETF community is currently working on the problem statement and has not reached consensus on the preferred method for measuring capacity metrics.

### 1.1 Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in <a href="RFC 2119">RFC 2119</a> [RFC2119].

## 2 Purpose and scope

The purpose of this memo is to describe the Ericsson TWAMP Valued-Added Octets feature (version 1) for TWAMP [RFC5357].

The scope of the memo is limited to specifications of the following enhancements:

- o The definition of a structure for embedding a sequence of value-added fields at the beginning of the Packet Padding field [RFC5357] or Packet Padding (to be reflected) field [RFC6038] in the TWAMP test packets and,
- o The definition of new Session-Sender and Session-Reflector behaviors

The motivation for this feature is to enable the measurements of capacity metrics on both the forward and reverse paths using a single TWAMP test session. Multiple TWAMP test sessions between a controller and a responder with different DSCPs may also be used to evaluate the QoS impacts on the capacity metrics.

This memo does not extend the standard modes of operation through assignment of a new value in the Modes field (see Section 3.1 of [RFC4656] for the format of the Server Greeting message). A new mode is recommended to communicate feature capability during control connection setup.

This memo assumes the TWAMP responder is configured through nonstandard means to interpret the value-added padding octets embedded in each TWAMP test packet. Bootstrapping such behavior MAY be achieved using one of the following methods:

- o Configuration provided through the management interface
- o Assignment of a proprietary TWAMP mode communicated during TWAMP control connection setup

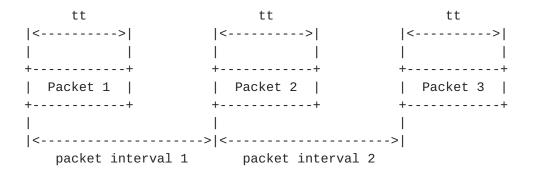
The Value-Added Octets Version 1 mode is intended to work with any TWAMP modes. When the Server and Control-Client are configured or have agreed to use the Value-Added Octets Version 1 mode during control connection setup, then the Control-Client, the Server, the Session-Sender, and the Session-Reflector must all conform to the requirements of that mode, as identified below.

The packet padding octets are designed to retain backward compatibility with the original TWAMP test protocol [RFC5357].

## **3** Capacity Measurement Principles

Most capacity estimation methods for APC [RRBNC][PDM][ENHJMMB][SBW] and for UDP delivery rate need to send and receive packets in groups, called packet trains or simply trains. Each train is sent at a specific transmission rate in a given direction. These trains must be identified within each bi-directional test session stream.

The first measurement principle is to send multiple trains within a test session stream from one IP node to another IP node in order to estimate the APC, TSC or UDP delivery rate in the forward direction. Each train consists of a group of test packets which are separated from each other by a packet interval, as shown in the picture below. The packet interval is measured using either the first bit or the last bit of two consecutive packets.



The test packet size and interval between consecutive packets for each train sent by the Session-Sender and reflected by the Session-Reflector MUST be calculated and determined by the controller or an application or entity communicating with the controller. The packet size and interval MAY vary within a train and/or between trains. Determination of the packet size and interval is implementationspecific.

The transmission time tt to send one packet (i.e. determined by the interface speed and the IP packet size) is also shown in the picture. Observe that the packet interval MUST be larger than or equal to tt.

At the Session-Reflector, each received test packet within a forward train is time stamped. This provides a second set of packet interval values. Methods for measuring the APC, TSC and UDP delivery rate use the packet intervals obtained from both end points in the estimation process. The method to measuring the UDP delivery rate may also require the packet loss. The estimation process itself as well as any requirements on software or hardware is implementation-specific.

The second measurement principle is referred to as self-induced congestion. According to this principle, in order to measure APC, TSC and UDP delivery rate, some trains MUST cause momentary congestion on the network path. In essence this means that some trains MUST be sent

at a higher rate than what is available on the network path.

In order to fulfill the above measurement principles and to measure the APC, TSC and UDP delivery rate in the reverse direction, the test packets at the Session-Reflector MUST be re-grouped into trains and then transmitted back to the Session-Sender with a provided packet interval.

## 4 TWAMP Control Extensions

TWAMP-Control protocol [RFC5357] uses the Modes field to identify and select specific communication capabilities, and this field is a recognized extension mechanism.

TWAMP connection establishment follows the procedure defined in Section 3.1 of [RFC4656] and Section 3.1 of [RFC5357]. For interoperability, the Value-added octet feature require one new bit position (and value) to identify the ability of the Server/Session-Reflector to read and act upon the new fields in the value-added octets. Such bit position (and value) is not defined in this memo. A proprietary value MAY be used.

Both the Reflect Octets mode and Symmetrical Size mode MAY be selected to ensure the reflection of the value-added padding octets by the Session-Reflector and symmetrical size TWAMP-Test packets in the forward and reverse directions of transmission.

## **5** Extended TWAMP Test

The forward and reverse APC, TSC and UDP delivery rate measurement characteristics depend on the size and packet intervals of the test packets. This memo allows variable packet sizes and packet intervals between trains and even between packets in the same train. The functionality is described below.

The TWAMP-test protocol carrying the value-added padding octets is identical to TWAMP [RFC5357] except for the definition of first 10 octets in Packet Padding that the Session-Sender expects to be reflected. The new octets define fields for Value-Added Octets Version, Flags, Last Sequence Number in Train and Desired Reverse Packet Interval. Each of these fields are described in detail below.

The Session-Sender and Session-Reflector behaviors are also modified.

## 5.1 Sender Behavior

This section describes the extensions to the behavior of the TWAMP Session-Sender.

## **5.1.1** Packet Timings

The Send Schedule is not utilized in TWAMP and this is unchanged in this memo.

#### 5.1.2 Session-Sender Packet Format

The Session-Sender packet format follows the same procedure and guidelines as defined in TWAMP [RFC5357] and TWAMP Reflect Octets and Symmetrical Size Features [RFC6038].

This feature allows the Session-Sender to set the first few octets in the TWAMP-Test Packet Padding field with information to communicate value-added padding version number, flag bits, sequence number of the last packet in a train and desired reverse packet interval (or perpacket waiting time) for the reverse path direction of transmission.

A version number and a sequence of flag bits are defined at the very beginning of the value-added padding octets. The version number identifies the version of the value-added padding octets and meaning of the flag bits and corresponding fields. Each flag bit indicates if a specific field is used in the valued-added padding octets. The version number and flag bits provide an effective method for extracting information at Session-Reflector and Session-Sender. This document defines version 1 with two flag bits: L and I.

The format of the test packet depends on the TWAMP modes. The Value-Added Octets Version 1 mode is intended to work with any TWAMP modes.

The Session-Sender SHALL use the following TWAMP test packet format when the Value-Added Octets version 1 is selected in conjunction with the Unauthenticated mode:

0			1								2								3	
0 1 2 3	3 4 5 6	7 8 9	9 0	1	2 3	3 4	5	6 7	8	9	0 1	2	3	4 5	6	7	8	9	0	1
+-+-+-	-+-+-+	+-+	-+	+-+	+-	+	+-+	-+-	+-+	+-+	-+-	+	<b>⊢</b> – +	- <b>-</b> + -	+-	+ - +	<b>⊢</b> – +	<del>-</del>	+	-+
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	Error	Est	ima	te				V	er		L I			Re	ese	rve	ed			
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1		Des	sire	ed	Rev	/er	se	Pac	ket	t I	nte	rva	al							
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1			Ado	dit	ior	nal	Pa	cke	t F	Pad	din	g								
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The Session-Sender SHALL use the following TWAMP test packet format when the Value-Added Octets Version 1 is selected in conjunction with the Unauthenticated mode, Symmetrical Size mode and Reflect Octets mode:

0 1	2 3
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+-	-+
Sequence Nu	'
+-	-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
Timestamp	p
+-	-+
Error Estimate	I
+-	i
1	i
	i i
MP7 (27 or	
MBZ (27 oc	lets)
+-+-+-+-+-+-	-+
Ver  L I    F	Reserved   Last
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-	-+
Seqno in Train	Desired
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-	-+
Reverse Packet Interval	Additional
· +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-	-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
Packet Paddi	ina I
T donot T dad	1
•	•
•	
+-	-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+

The Session-Sender SHALL use the following TWAMP test packet format when the Value-Added Octets Version 1 is selected in conjunction with the Unauthenticated mode, Symmetrical Size mode and Reflect Octets mode with a non-zero value in the Server Octets field:

0	1	2			3
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 0 1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8	9 0 1
+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+
1	•	ce Number			
+-+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+
	Time	stamp			
+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+
l Frror F	Estimate	1			1
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		- T			l
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	MBZ (	27 octets)			
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İ					i
-	+-+-+-+-+-+	_+_+_+	-+-+-+	_+_+_+	ı +-+-+
1	_	r Octets			
1				Ver  L	
+-+-+-+-+-+-	_	_	_	-+-+-+	-+-+-+
Reserved	Last	Seqno in Tra	in		
+-+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+
	Desir	ed Reverse P	acket In	terval	
+-+-+-+-+-	+-+-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+
	Addit	ional Packet	Padding		
+-+-+-+-+-	·-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+	-+-+-+
					1
					-
	<b></b>		+_+_+	_+_+_+	•

In the mode using Reflect Octets illustrated above, the value-added padding octets are embedded in the Packet Padding (to be reflected) field.

The Version (Ver) field MUST be encoded in the first 4 bits. It identifies the version number of the value-added padding octets and meaning of the flag bits and the corresponding fields. This memo defines version 1 with two flag bits: L and I. When the Value-Added Octets Version 1 mode is selected, the Session-Sender MUST set the

Ver field to 1.

The 2 bits after the Version field are used for flags: L and I.

The Last Segno in Train bit (L) is the first flag. When the Value-Added Octets Version 1 mode is selected, the Session-Sender MAY set the Last Segno in Train bit L to 1.

The Desired Reverse Packet Interval bit (I) is the second flag. When the Value-Added Octets Version 1 mode is selected, the Session-Sender MAY set the Desired Reverse Packet Interval bit I to 1.

The Reserved field is reserved for future use. All 10 bits of the Reserved field MUST be transmitted as zero by the Session-Sender.

If the Last Segno in Train bit is set to 1, then the Last Segno in Train field MUST contain an unsigned 32 bit integer generated by the Session-Sender. It MUST indicate the expected sequence number of the last packet in the train. It SHOULD be used by the Session-Sender and Session-reflector to identify the train a test packet belongs to. The packets belonging to a train are determined by observing the test packet sequence number in relation to the Last Seqno for a train. The Last Segno in Train MUST be higher or equal to the sequence number of the packet. It must also be higher than the Last Segno in Train for the previous train. If the L bit is set to 0, the Session-Sender shall set all the bits in the Last Segno in Train field to zero.

If the Desired Reverse Packet Interval bit is set to 1, then the Desired Reverse Packet Interval field MUST contain an unsigned 32 bit integer generated by the Session-Sender. It MUST indicate the desired packet interval (or the waiting time) that the Session-Reflector SHOULD use when transmitting the reflected test packets towards the Session-Sender. The value 0 means the The Session-Reflector SHOULD return the test packet to the Session-Sender as quickly as possible. The format of this field MUST be a fractional part of a second as defined in OWAMP [RFC4656]. If I bit is set to 0, the Session-Sender shall set all the bits in the Desired Reverse Packet Interval field to zero.

The values of the above fields are usually provided by a measurement method, tool or algorithm. This measurement algorithm is outside the scope of this specification.

## 5.2 Reflector behavior

The TWAMP Session-Reflector follows the procedures and guidelines in Section 4.2 of [RFC5357], with some changes and additional functions.

When the Value-Added Octets Version 1 is selected, the behavior of the Session-Reflector SHALL be as follows:

- o The Session-Reflector MUST read the Version field. If Ver = 1, the Session-Reflector MUST read the L and I flag bits.
- o If L=1 and I=1, the Session-Reflector MUST read and extract the information from the Last Seqno in Train field and the Desired Reverse Packet Interval field in the value-added padding octets.
  - The Last Seqno in Train field MUST be compared to Sequence number in the same packet in order to determine when a complete train has been collected. The Session-Reflector SHOULD buffer the packets belonging to the current train (or store the packet-level performance data). After the last packet of the train has been received, the Session-Reflector SHOULD transmit the packets belonging to a reverse train with a waiting time (packet interval) for each packet indicated in the Desired Reverse Packet Interval field. If the Desired Reverse Packet Interval field is set to zero, then the Session-Reflector SHOULD transmit the packet as quickly as possible. The last packet within a train has Sender Sequence Number = Last Seqno in Train.
  - The Last Seqno in Train of a packet MUST also be compared to the Last Seqno in Train of the previous packet in order to determine if a new train needs to be collected. In case of packet loss, the Session-Reflector MUST transmit the incomplete train when it receives a packet with a Last SeqNo in Train belonging to the another train (e.g. next train) of the test session, or after a timeout. The timeout MAY be the REFWAIT timer specified in <a href="mailto:section 4.2 of [RFC5357]">section 4.2 of [RFC5357]</a>.
  - Packets arriving out-of-order within a train MUST be buffered at the Session-Reflector if the train is not yet transmitted to the Session-Sender. If the train is already transmitted, the test packet SHOULD be returned to the Session-Sender as quickly as possible. The Session-Reflector MUST NOT reorder the test packets if they happen to arrive out-of-sequence.
  - Duplicate packets within a train MUST be buffered at the Session-Reflector if the train is not yet transmitted to the Session-Sender. If the train is already transmitted, the duplicate test packet SHOULD be returned to the Session-Sender as quickly as possible. The Session-Reflector MUST NOT discard duplicate test packets.

For any other combinations of the Version field and the L and I flags, the Session-Reflector SHOULD return the test packet to the Session-Sender as quickly as possible.

The Session-Reflector MUST implement the changes described above when the Value-Added Octets Version 1 mode is selected.

#### 5.2.1 Session-Reflector Packet Format

The Session-Reflector packet format follows the same procedure and guidelines as defined in TWAMP [RFC5357] and TWAMP Reflect Octets and Symmetrical Size Features [RFC6038], with the following changes:

- o The Session-Reflector MUST re-use (reflect) the value-added padding octets (10 octets) provided in the Sender's Packet Padding.
- o The Session-Reflector MAY re-use the rest of the padding octets in the Sender's Packet Padding.

The truncation process [RFC5357] is recommended when the Symmetrical mode is not used. The Session-Reflector MUST truncate exactly 27 octets of padding in Unauthenticated mode, and exactly 56 octets in Authenticated and Encrypted modes.

### **5.3** Additional Considerations

Capacity measurements introduce an additional consideration when the test sessions operate in TWAMP Light. When the Session-Reflector does not have knowledge of the session state, the measurement system may be restricted to estimate or calculate the capacity metrics in the forward path direction of transmission only. Capacity measurements in the reverse path direction is best handled with a Session-Reflector supporting knowledge of the session state and being capable to identify the test packets belonging to a specific test session. A method for creating a session state from the initial test packet may be implemented on the TWAMP Light Session-Reflector. This is outside the scope of this specification.

## 6 Experiments

This memo describes the protocol used in the current working prototype implementation of the Value-Added Octets feature in the Ericsson lab. The prototype has been tested in real network environments. The conclusion from these tests is that the Value-Added

Octets feature is able to enable estimation of capacity metrics such as available path capacity in both the forward and reverse direction of the network path.

During the experiments with the protocol described in this memo we have identified a need for the controller and responder to use the same maximum train length. The reflector must be able to buffer the whole trains received from the controller. In order to reduce the risk for buffer overrun the maximum train length should be negotiated. This can be resolved through configuration, introduction of new field in the value-added octets or with a new maximum train length field in the Request-TW-Session message.

The Sender Discriminator (SD) field that is defined in the first draft has been removed because of complications with different Session-Reflector implementations. A Session-Reflector may not be able to easily identify the SD field or associate it with a specific Session-Sender which may skew the test results.

The flags defined in the value-added octets now indicate the usage of fields and not the presence of fields. This modification was needed to simplify the responder implementation in the working prototype.

## 7 Security Considerations

The value-added padding octets permit DoS attacks on the responder host communicating with core TWAMP [RFC5357]. The responder host MUST provide a mechanism to protect or limit the use of its local memory, buffer space or maximum transmission time for a train.

The security considerations that apply to any active measurement of live networks are relevant here as well. See [RFC4656] and [RFC5357].

### 8 IANA Considerations

This document has no actions for IANA.

## 9 References

#### 9.1 Normative References

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