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**Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) Data Model  
draft-ietf-ippm-twamp-yang-03**

**Abstract**

This document specifies a data model for client and server implementations of the Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP). We define the TWAMP data model through Unified Modeling Language (UML) class diagrams and formally specify it using YANG.

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## **1. Introduction**

The Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP) [[RFC5357](#)] is used to measure network performance parameters such as latency, bandwidth, and packet loss by sending probe packets and measuring their experience in the network. To date, TWAMP implementations do not come with a standard management framework and, as such, configuration depends on proprietary mechanisms developed by the corresponding TWAMP vendor. This document addresses this gap by formally specifying the TWAMP data model using YANG.

### **1.1. Motivation**

In current TWAMP deployments the lack of a standardized data model limits the flexibility to dynamically instantiate TWAMP-based measurements across equipment from different vendors. In large, virtualized, and dynamically instantiated infrastructures where network functions are placed according to orchestration algorithms as discussed in [[I-D.unify-nfvrg-challenges](#)][[I-D.unify-nfvrg-devops](#)], proprietary mechanisms for managing TWAMP measurements pose severe limitations with respect to programmability.

Two major trends call for standardizing TWAMP management aspects. First, we expect that in the coming years large-scale and multi-vendor TWAMP deployments will become the norm. From an operations perspective, dealing with several vendor-specific TWAMP configuration mechanisms is simply unsustainable in this context. Second, the increasingly software-defined and virtualized nature of network infrastructures, based on dynamic service chains [[NSC](#)] and programmable control and management planes [[RFC7426](#)] requires a well-defined data model for TWAMP implementations. This document defines such a TWAMP data model and specifies it formally using the YANG data modeling language [[RFC6020](#)].

### **1.2. Terminology**

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

### **1.3. Document Organization**

The rest of this document is organized as follows. [Section 2](#) presents the scope and applicability of this document. [Section 3](#) provides a high-level overview of the TWAMP data model. [Section 4](#) details the configuration parameters of the data model and [Section 5](#) specifies in YANG the TWAMP data model. [Section 6](#) lists illustrative



examples which conform to the YANG data model specified in this document. [Appendix A](#) elaborates these examples further.

## 2. Scope, Model, and Applicability

The purpose of this document is the specification of a vendor-independent data model for TWAMP implementations.

Figure 1 illustrates a redrawn version of the TWAMP logical model found in [Section 1.2 of \[RFC5357\]](#). The figure is annotated with pointers to the UML diagrams provided in this document and associated with the data model of the four logical entities in a TWAMP deployment, namely the TWAMP Control-Client, Server, Session-Sender and Session-Reflector.

As per [\[RFC5357\]](#), unlabeled links in Figure 1 are left unspecified and may be proprietary protocols.

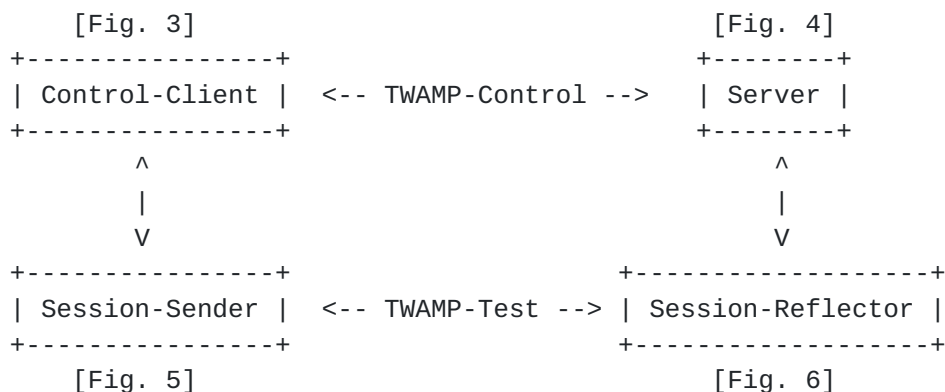


Figure 1: Annotated TWAMP logical model

As per [\[RFC5357\]](#), a TWAMP implementation may follow a simplified logical model, in which the same node acts both as Control-Client and Session-Sender, while another node acts at the same time as TWAMP Server and Session-Reflector. Figure 2 illustrates this simplified logical model and indicates the interaction between the TWAMP configuration client and server using, for instance, NETCONF [\[RFC6241\]](#) or RESTCONF [\[I-D.ietf-netconf-restconf\]](#).



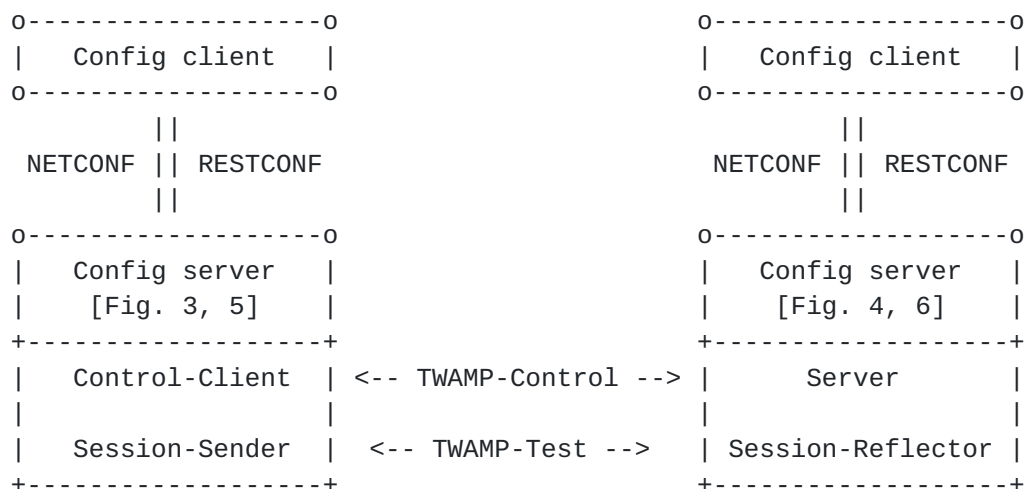


Figure 2: Simplified TWAMP model and protocols

The data model defined in this document is orthogonal to the specific protocol used between the Config client and Config server to communicate the TWAMP configuration parameters.

Operational actions such as how TWAMP-Test sessions are started and stopped, how performance measurement results are retrieved, or how stored results are cleared, and so on, are not addressed by the configuration model defined in this document. As noted above, such operational actions are not part of the TWAMP specification [RFC5357] and hence are out of scope of this document. See also [Appendix B](#).

### 3. Data Model Overview

The TWAMP data model includes four categories of configuration items.

First, global configuration items relate to parameters that are set on a per device level. For example, the administrative status of the device with respect to whether it allows TWAMP sessions and, if so, in what capacity (e.g. Control-Client, Server or both), is a typical instance of a global configuration item.

A second category includes attributes that can be configured on a per TWAMP-Control connection basis, such as the Server IP address.

A third category includes attributes related to per TWAMP-Test session attributes, for instance setting different values in the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) field.

Finally, the data model includes attributes that relate to the operational state of the TWAMP implementation.





As we describe the TWAMP data model in the remaining sections of this document, readers should keep in mind the functional entity grouping illustrated in Figure 1.

### **3.1. Control-Client**

A TWAMP Control-Client has an administrative status field set at the device level that indicates whether the node is enabled to function as such.

Each TWAMP Control-Client is associated with zero or more TWAMP-Control connections. The main configuration parameters of each control connection are:

- o A name which can be used to uniquely identify at the Control-Client a particular control connection. This name is necessary for programmability reasons because at the time of creation of a TWAMP-Control connection not all IP and TCP port number information needed to uniquely identify the connection is available.
- o The IP address of the interface the Control-Client will use for connections.
- o The IP address of the remote TWAMP Server.
- o Authentication and encryption attributes such as KeyID, Token and the Client Initialization Vector (Client-IV); see also the last paragraph of [Section 6 in \[RFC4656\]](#) and [\[RFC4086\]](#).

Each TWAMP-Control connection, in turn, is associated with zero or more TWAMP-Test sessions. For each test session we note the following configuration items:

- o The test session name that uniquely identifies a particular test session at the Control-Client and Session-Sender. Similarly to the control connections above, this unique test session name is needed because at the time of creation of a TWAMP-Test session, for example, the source UDP port number is not known to uniquely identify the test session.
- o The IP address and UDP port number of the Session-Sender on the path under test by TWAMP.
- o The IP address and UDP port number of the Session-Reflector on said path.



- o Information pertaining to the test packet stream, such as the test starting time, which performance metric is to be used [[I-D.ietf-ippm-metric-registry](#)], or whether the test should be repeated.

### **3.2. Server**

Each TWAMP Server has an administrative status field set at the device level to indicate whether the node is enabled to function as a TWAMP Server.

Each Server is associated with zero or more TWAMP-Control connections. Each control connection is uniquely identified by the 4-tuple {Control-Client IP address, Control-Client TCP port number, Server IP address, Server TCP port}. Control connection configuration items on a TWAMP Server are read-only.

### **3.3. Session-Sender**

A TWAMP Session-Sender has an administrative status field set at the device level that indicates whether the node is enabled to function as such.

There is one Session-Sender instance for each TWAMP-Test session that is initiated from the sending device. Primary configuration fields include:

- o The test session name that MUST be identical with the corresponding test session name on the TWAMP Control-Client ([Section 3.1](#)).
- o The control connection name, which along with the test session name uniquely identify the TWAMP Session-Sender instance.
- o Information pertaining to the test packet stream, such as, for example, the number of test packets and the packet distribution to be employed; see also [[RFC3432](#)].

### **3.4. Session-Reflector**

Each TWAMP Session-Reflector has an administrative status field set at the device level to indicate whether the node is enabled to function as such.

Each Session-Reflector is associated with zero or more TWAMP-Test sessions. For each test session, the REFWAIT timeout parameter which determines whether to discontinue the session if no packets have been received ([\[RFC5357\]](#), [Section 4.2](#)) can be configured.



Read-only access to other data model parameters, such as the Sender IP address is foreseen. Each test session can be uniquely identified by the 4-tuple mentioned in [Section 3.2](#).

#### **4. Data Model Parameters**

This section defines the TWAMP data model using UML and introduces selected parameters associated with the four TWAMP logical entities. The complete TWAMP data model specification is provided in the YANG module presented in [Section 5.2](#).

##### **[4.1.](#) Control-Client**

The client container (see Figure 3) holds items that are related to the configuration of the TWAMP Control-Client logical entity (recall Figure 1).

The client container includes an administrative configuration parameter (client/admin-state) that indicates whether the device is allowed to initiate TWAMP-Control connections.



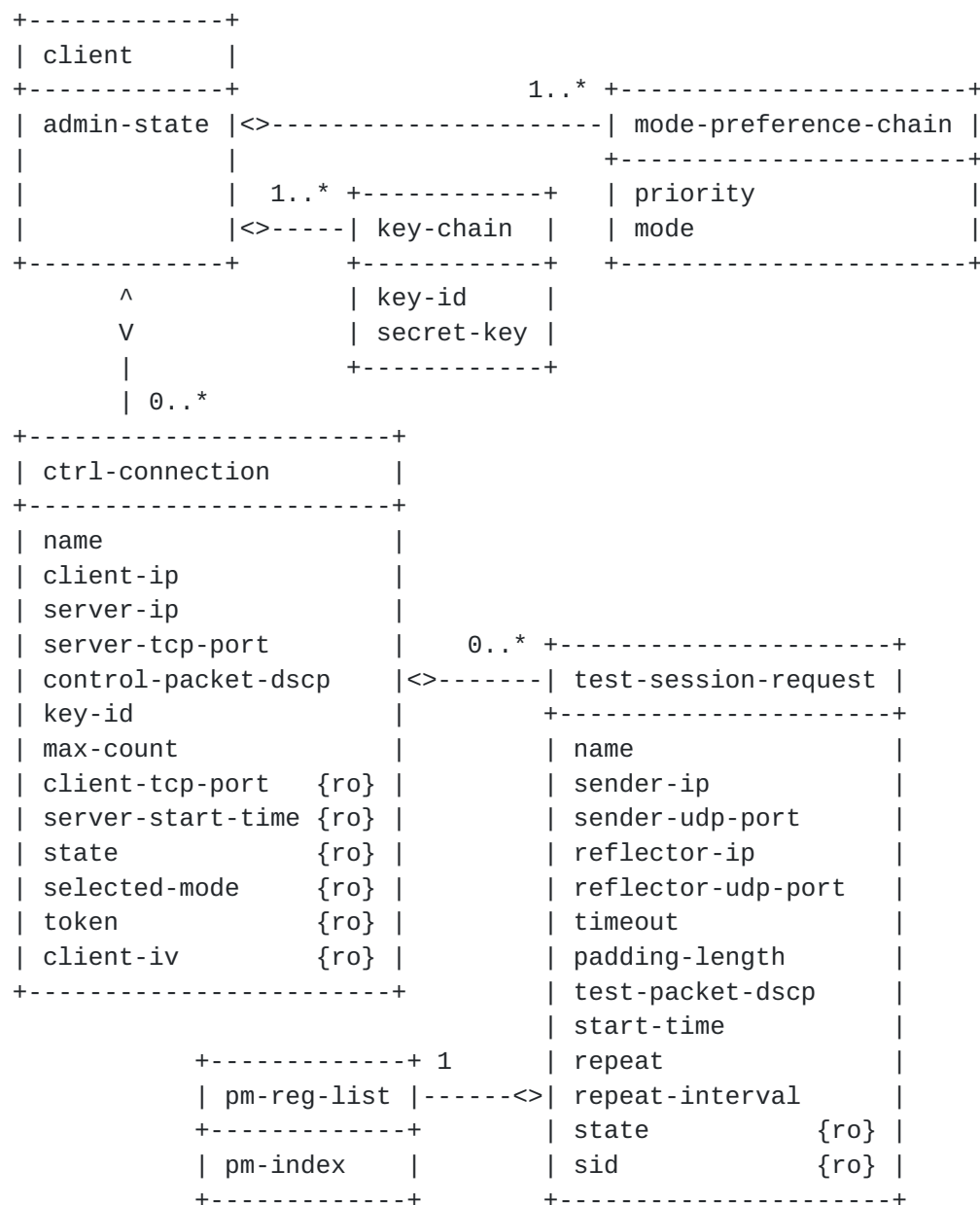


Figure 3: TWAMP Control-Client UML class diagram

The client container holds a list (mode-preference-chain) which specifies the Mode values according to their preferred order of use by the operator of this Control-Client, including the authentication and encryption Modes. Specifically, mode-preference-chain lists the mode and its corresponding priority, expressed as a 16-bit unsigned integer, where zero is the highest priority and subsequent values are monotonically increasing.





Depending on the Modes available in the Server Greeting, the Control-Client MUST choose the highest priority Mode from the configured mode-preference-chain list.

Note that the list of preferred Modes may set bit position combinations when necessary, such as when referring to the extended TWAMP features in [[RFC5618](#)], [[RFC5938](#)], [[RFC6038](#)], and [[RFC7717](#)]. If the Control-Client cannot determine an acceptable Mode, it MUST respond with zero Mode bits set in the Set-up Response message, indicating it will not continue with the control connection.

In addition, the client container holds a list named key-chain which relates KeyIDs with the respective secret keys. Both the Server and the Control-Client use the same mappings from KeyIDs to shared secrets (key-id and secret-key in Figure 3, respectively). The Server, being prepared to conduct sessions with more than one Control-Client, uses KeyIDs to choose the appropriate secret-key; a Control-Client would typically have different secret keys for different Servers. The secret-key is the shared secret, an octet string of arbitrary length whose interpretation as a text string is unspecified. The key-id and secret-key encoding SHOULD follow [Section 9.4 of \[RFC6020\]](#). The derived key length (dkLen in [[RFC2898](#)]) MUST be 16 octets for the AES Session-key used for encryption and 32 octets for the HMAC-SHA1 Session-key used for authentication; see also [Section 6.10 of \[RFC4656\]](#).

Each client container also holds a list of control connections, where each item in the list describes a TWAMP control connection initiated by this Control-Client. There SHALL be one ctrl-connection per TWAMP-Control (TCP) connection that is to be initiated from this device.

In turn, each ctrl-connection holds a list of test-session-request. test-session-request holds information associated with the Control-Client for this test session. This includes information associated with the Request-TW-Session/Accept-Session message exchange (see [Section 3.5 of \[RFC5357\]](#)).

There SHALL be one instance of test-session-request for each TWAMP-Test session that is to be negotiated by this TWAMP-Control connection via a Request-TW-Session/Accept-Session exchange.

The Control-Client is also responsible for scheduling TWAMP-Test sessions so test-session-request holds information related to these actions (e.g. pm-index, repeat-interval).



#### 4.2. Server

The server container (see Figure 4) holds items that are related to the configuration of the TWAMP Server logical entity (recall Figure 1).

The server container includes an administrative configuration parameter (server/admin-state) that indicates whether the device is allowed to receive TWAMP-Control connections.

A device operating in the Server role cannot configure attributes on a per TWAMP-Control connection basis, as it has no foreknowledge of the incoming TWAMP-Control connections to be received. Consequently, any parameter that the Server might want to apply to an incoming control connection must be configured at the overall Server level and applied to all incoming TWAMP-Control connections.

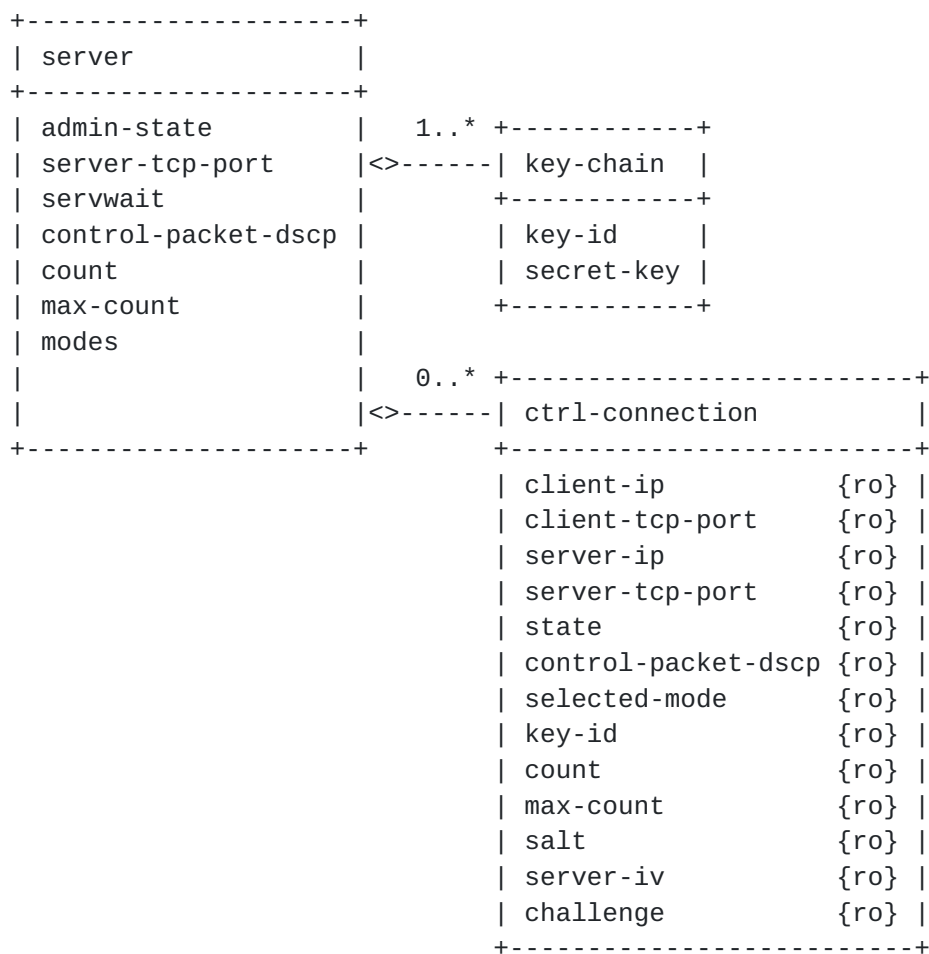


Figure 4: TWAMP Server UML class diagram



Each server container holds a list named key-chain which relates KeyIDs with the respective secret keys. As mentioned in [Section 4.1](#), both the Server and the Control-Client use the same mappings from KeyIDs to shared secrets. The Server, being prepared to conduct sessions with more than one Control-Client, uses KeyIDs to choose the appropriate secret-key; a Control-Client would typically have different secret keys for different Servers. key-id tells the Server which shared-secret the Control-Client wishes to use for authentication or encryption.

Each incoming control connection active on the Server is represented by a ctrl-connection. There SHALL be one ctrl-connection per incoming TWAMP-Control (TCP) connection that is received and active on the Server. Each ctrl-connection can be uniquely identified by the 4-tuple {client-ip, client-tcp-port, server-ip, server-tcp-port}. All items in the ctrl-connection list are read-only.

#### **[4.3.](#) Session-Sender**

The session-sender container, illustrated in Figure 5, holds items that are related to the configuration of the TWAMP Session-Sender logical entity.

The session-sender container includes an administrative parameter (session-sender/admin-state) that controls whether the device is allowed to initiate TWAMP-Test sessions.



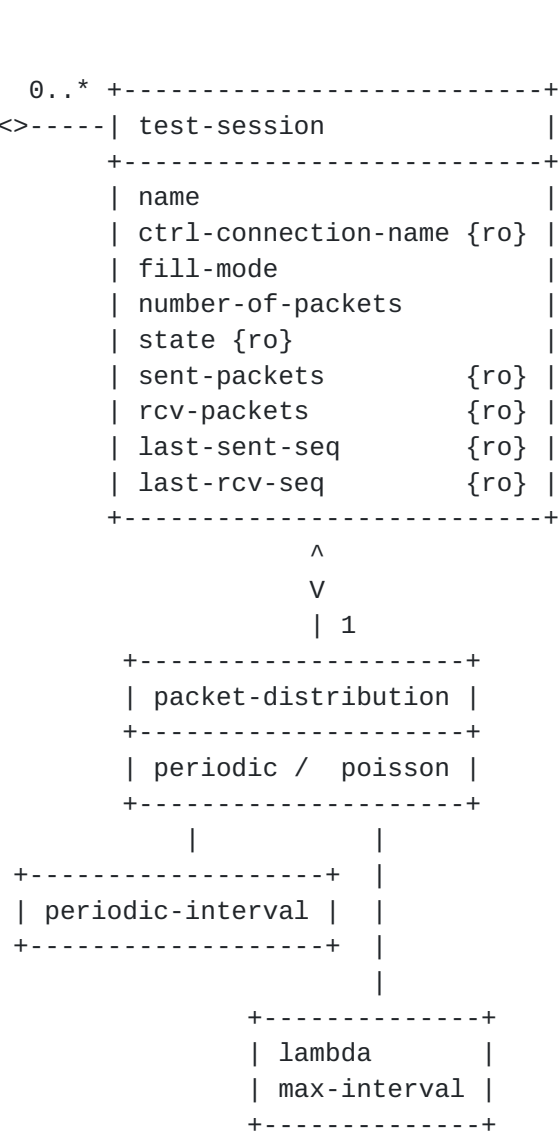


Figure 5: TWAMP Session-Sender UML class diagram

Each TWAMP-Test session initiated by the Session-Sender will be represented by an instance of a test-session object. There SHALL be one instance of test-session for each TWAMP-Test session for which packets are being sent.

#### 4.4. Session-Reflector

The session-reflector container, illustrated in Figure 6, holds items that are related to the configuration of the TWAMP Session-Reflector logical entity.





The session-reflector container includes an administrative parameter (session-reflector/admin-state) that controls whether the device is allowed to respond to incoming TWAMP-Test sessions.

A device operating in the Session-Reflector role cannot configure attributes on a per-session basis, as it has no foreknowledge of what incoming sessions it will receive. As such, any parameter that the Session-Reflector might want to apply to an incoming TWAMP-Test session must be configured at the overall Session-Reflector level and are applied to all incoming sessions.

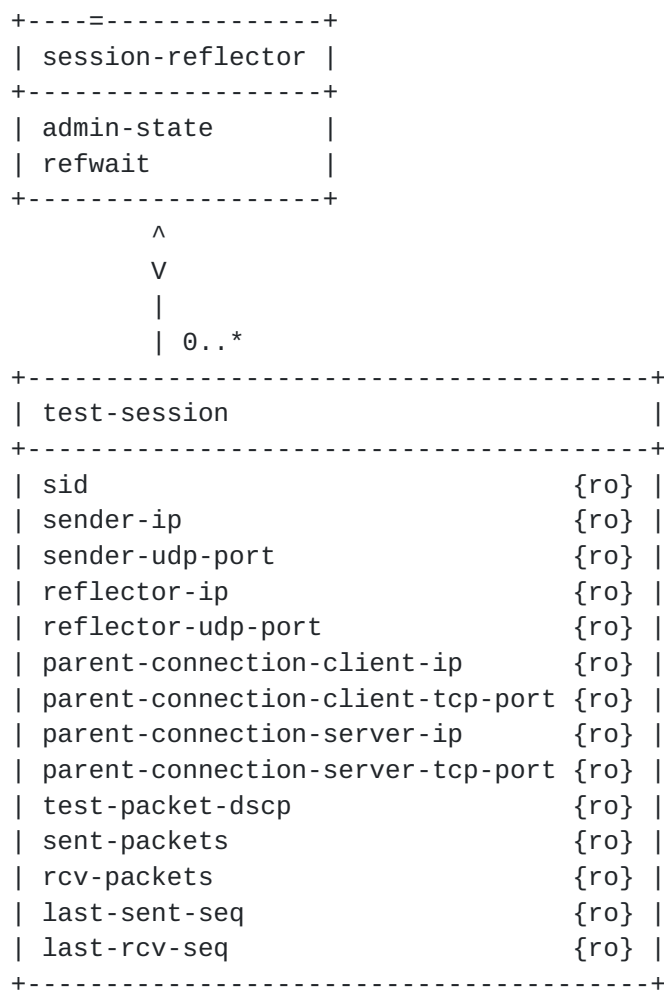


Figure 6: TWAMP Session-Reflector UML class diagram

Each incoming TWAMP-Test session that is active on the Session-Reflector SHALL be represented by an instance of a test-session object. All items in the test-session object are read-only.

Instances of test-session are indexed by a session identifier (sid). This value is auto-allocated by the TWAMP Server as test session



requests are received, and communicated back to the Control-Client in the SID field of the Accept-Session message; see [Section 4.3 of \[RFC6038\]](#).

When attempting to retrieve operational data for active test sessions from a Session-Reflector device, the user will not know what sessions are currently active on that device, or what SIDs have been auto-allocated for these test sessions. If the user has network access to the Control-Client device, then it is possible to read the data for this session under `client/ctrl-connection/test-session-request/sid` and obtain the SID (see Figure 3). The user may then use this SID value as an index to retrieve an individual session-reflector/test-session instance on the Session-Reflector device.

If the user has no network access to the Control-Client device, then the only option is to retrieve all test-session instances from the Session-Reflector device. This could be problematic if a large number of test sessions are currently active on that device.

Each Session-Reflector TWAMP-Test session contains the following 4-tuple: {parent-connection-client-ip, parent-connection-client-tcp-port, parent-connection-server-ip, parent-connection-server-tcp-port}. This 4-tuple MUST correspond to the equivalent 4-tuple {client-ip, client-tcp-port, server-ip, server-tcp-port} in server/ctrl-connection. This 4-tuple allows the user to trace back from the TWAMP-Test session to the (parent) TWAMP-Control connection that negotiated this test session.

## 5. Data Model

This section formally specifies the TWAMP data model using YANG.

### 5.1. YANG Tree Diagram

This section presents a simplified graphical representation of the TWAMP data model using a YANG tree diagram. Readers should keep in mind that the limit of 72 characters per line forces us to introduce artificial line breaks in some tree diagram nodes.

```
module: ietf-twamp
  +--rw twamp
    +--rw client! {control-client}?
      | +--rw admin-state          boolean
      | +--rw mode-preference-chain* [priority]
      |   | +--rw priority        uint16
      |   | +--rw mode?          twamp-modes
      | +--rw key-chain* [key-id]
      |   | +--rw key-id          binary
```



```

| | +--rw secret-key?  binary
| +--rw ctrl-connection* [name]
|   +--rw name          string
|   +--rw client-ip?    inet:ip-address
|   +--rw server-ip     inet:ip-address
|   +--rw server-tcp-port? inet:port-number
|   +--rw control-packet-dscp? inet:dscp
|   +--rw key-id?       string
|   +--rw max-count?    uint8
|   +--ro client-tcp-port? inet:port-number
|   +--ro server-start-time? uint64
|   +--ro state? \
|       control-client-connection-state
|   +--ro selected-mode? twamp-modes
|   +--ro token?         binary
|   +--ro client-iv?     binary
|   +--rw test-session-request* [name]
|     +--rw name          string
|     +--rw sender-ip?    inet:ip-address
|     +--rw sender-udp-port? union
|     +--rw reflector-ip  inet:ip-address
|     +--rw reflector-udp-port? dynamic-port-number
|     +--rw timeout?      uint64
|     +--rw padding-length? uint32
|     +--rw test-packet-dscp? inet:dscp
|     +--rw start-time?   uint64
|     +--rw repeat?       union
|     +--rw repeat-interval? uint32
|     +--rw pm-reg-list* [pm-index]
|       | +--rw pm-index  uint16
|       +--ro state?      test-session-state
|       +--ro sid?        string
+--rw server! {server}?
|   +--rw admin-state      boolean
|   +--rw server-tcp-port? inet:port-number
|   +--rw servwait?        uint32
|   +--rw control-packet-dscp? inet:dscp
|   +--rw count?           uint8
|   +--rw max-count?       uint8
|   +--rw modes?           twamp-modes
|   +--rw key-chain* [key-id]
|     | +--rw key-id      binary
|     | +--rw secret-key? binary
|     +--ro ctrl-connection* \
|         [client-ip client-tcp-port server-ip server-tcp-port]
|     +--ro client-ip      inet:ip-address
|     +--ro client-tcp-port inet:port-number
|     +--ro server-ip      inet:ip-address

```



```

|   +---ro server-tcp-port      inet:port-number
|   +---ro state?               server-ctrl-connection-state
|   +---ro control-packet-dscp? inet:dscp
|   +---ro selected-mode?       twamp-modes
|   +---ro key-id?              string
|   +---ro count?               uint8
|   +---ro max-count?           uint8
|   +---ro salt?                binary
|   +---ro server-iv?           binary
|   +---ro challenge?           binary
+---rw session-sender! {session-sender}?
|   +---rw admin-state          boolean
|   +---rw test-session* [name]
|       +---rw name              string
|       +---ro ctrl-connection-name? string
|       +---rw fill-mode?        padding-fill-mode
|       +---rw number-of-packets uint32
|       +---rw (packet-distribution)?
|           | +---:(periodic)
|           | | +---rw periodic-interval      decimal64
|           | | +---:(poisson)
|           | |   +---rw lambda                decimal64
|           | |   +---rw max-interval?          decimal64
|       +---ro state?                  sender-session-state
|       +---ro sent-packets?            uint32
|       +---ro rcv-packets?             uint32
|       +---ro last-sent-seq?           uint32
|       +---ro last-rcv-seq?           uint32
+---rw session-reflector! {session-reflector}?
|   +---rw admin-state          boolean
|   +---rw refwait?             uint32
|   +---ro test-session* \
|       [sender-ip sender-udp-port \
|         reflector-ip reflector-udp-port]
|       +---ro sid?              string
|       +---ro sender-ip          inet:ip-address
|       +---ro sender-udp-port \
|           dynamic-port-number
|       +---ro reflector-ip        inet:ip-address
|       +---ro reflector-udp-port \
|           dynamic-port-number
|       +---ro parent-connection-client-ip? inet:ip-address
|       +---ro parent-connection-client-tcp-port? \
|           inet:port-number
|       +---ro parent-connection-server-ip? inet:ip-address
|       +---ro parent-connection-server-tcp-port? \
|           inet:port-number
|       +---ro test-packet-dscp?    inet:dscp

```





+++ro sent-packets?	uint32
+++ro rcv-packets?	uint32
+++ro last-sent-seq?	uint32
+++ro last-rcv-seq?	uint32

Figure 7: YANG Tree Diagram.

## 5.2. YANG Module

This section presents the YANG module for the TWAMP data model defined in this document.

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-twamp@2017-02-22.yang"
module ietf-twamp {
  namespace
    urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp;

  prefix
    ietf-twamp;

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
  }

  organization
    "IETF IPPM (IP Performance Metrics) Working Group";

  contact
    draft-ietf-ippm-twamp-yang@tools.ietf.org;

  description
    "This YANG module specifies a vendor-independent data
    model for the Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP).

    The data model covers four TWAMP logical entities, namely,
    Control-Client, Server, Session-Sender, and Session-Reflector,
    as illustrated in the annotated TWAMP logical model (Fig. 1
    of draft-ietf-ippm-twamp-yang).

    This YANG module uses features to indicate which of the four
    logical entities are supported by a TWAMP implementation.";

  revision 2017-02-22 {
    description
      "Revision appearing in draft-ietf-ippm-twamp-yang-03.

      Covers RFC 5357, RFC 5618, RFC 5938, RFC 6038, RFC 7717, and
      draft-ietf-ippm-metric-registry";
```



```
reference
draft-ietf-ippm-twamp-yang;
}

/*
 * Typedefs
 */

typedef twamp-modes {
  type bits {
    bit unauthenticated {
      position 0;
      description
        "Unauthenticated mode, in which no encryption or
        authentication is applied in TWAMP-Control and TWAMP-Test.
        KeyID, Token, and Client-IV are not used in the
        Set-Up-Response message. See Section 3.1 of RFC 4656.";
      reference
        "RFC 4656: A One-way Active Measurement Protocol (OWAMP)";
    }
    bit authenticated {
      position 1;
      description
        "Authenticated mode, in which the Control-Client and Server
        possess a shared secret thus prohibiting 'theft of service'.
        As per Section 6 of RFC 4656, in 'authenticated mode, the
        timestamp is in the clear and is not protected
        cryptographically in any way, while the rest of the message
        has the same protection as in encrypted mode. This mode
        allows one to trade off cryptographic protection against
        accuracy of timestamps.'";
      reference
        "RFC 4656: A One-way Active Measurement Protocol (OWAMP)";
    }
    bit encrypted {
      position 2;
      description
        "Encrypted mode 'makes it impossible to alter
        timestamps undetectably.' See also Section 4 of RFC 7717
        and Section 6 of RFC 4656.";
      reference
        "RFC 4656: A One-way Active Measurement Protocol (OWAMP)";
    }
    bit unauth-test-encrpyt-control {
      position 3;
      description
        "When using the Mixed Security Mode, the TWAMP-Test
```



```
    protocol follows the Unauthenticated mode and the
    TWAMP-Control protocol the Encrypted mode.";
  reference
    "RFC 5618: Mixed Security Mode for the Two-Way Active
    Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)";
}
bit individual-session-control {
  position 4;
  description
    "This mode enables individual test sessions using
    Session Identifiers.";
  reference
    "RFC 5938: Individual Session Control Feature
    for the Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)";
}
bit reflect-octets {
  position 5;
  description
    "This mode indicates the reflect octets capability.";
  reference
    "RFC 6038: Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)
    Reflect Octets and Symmetrical Size Features";
}
bit symmetrical-size {
  position 6;
  description
    "This mode indicates support for the symmetrical size
    sender test packet format.";
  reference
    "RFC 6038: Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)
    Reflect Octets and Symmetrical Size Features";
}
bit IKEv2Derived {
  position 7;
  description
    "In this mode the the shared key is derived
    from an IKEv2 security association (SA).";
  reference
    "RFC 7717: IKEv2-Derived Shared Secret Key for
    the One-Way Active Measurement Protocol (OWAMP)
    and Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)";
}
}
description
  "Specifies the configurable TWAMP-Modes supported during a
  TWAMP-Control Connection setup between a Control-Client
  and a Server. Section 7 of RFC 7717 summarizes the
  TWAMP-Modes registry and points to their formal
```



```
        specification.";
    }

typedef control-client-connection-state {
    type enumeration {
        enum active {
            description
                "Indicates an active TWAMP-Control connection to Server.";
        }
        enum idle {
            description
                "Indicates an idle TWAMP-Control connection to Server.";
        }
    }
    description
        "Indicates the Control-Client TWAMP-Control connection state.";
}

typedef test-session-state {
    type enumeration {
        enum accepted {
            value 0;
            description
                "Indicates that accepted TWAMP-Test session request.";
        }
        enum failed {
            value 1;
            description
                "Indicates a TWAMP-Test session failure due to
                some unspecified reason (catch-all).";
        }
        enum internal-error {
            value 2;
            description
                "Indicates a TWAMP-Test session failure due to
                an internal error.";
        }
        enum not-supported {
            value 3;
            description
                "Indicates a TWAMP-Test session failure because
                some aspect of the TWAMP-Test session request
                is not supported.";
        }
        enum permanent-resource-limit {
            value 4;
            description
                "Indicates a TWAMP-Test session failure due to
```





```
        permanent resource limitations.";
    }
    enum temp-resource-limit {
        value 5;
        description
            "Indicates a TWAMP-Test session failure due to
            temporary resource limitations.";
    }
}
description
    "Indicates the Control-Client TWAMP-Test session state.";
}

typedef server-ctrl-connection-state {
    type enumeration {
        enum active {
            description
                "Indicates an active TWAMP-Control connection
                to the Control-Client.";
        }
        enum servwait {
            description
                "Indicates that the TWAMP-Control connection to the
                Control-Client is in SERVWAIT as per the definition of
                Section 3.1 of RFC 5357.";
        }
    }
}
description
    "Indicates the Server TWAMP-Control connection state.";
}

typedef sender-session-state {
    type enumeration {
        enum active {
            description
                "Indicates that the TWAMP-Test session is active.";
        }
        enum failure {
            description
                "Indicates that the TWAMP-Test session has failed.";
        }
    }
}
description
    "Indicates the Session-Sender TWAMP-Test session state.";
}

typedef padding-fill-mode {
    type enumeration {
```



```
    enum zero {
      description
        "TWAMP-Test packets are padded with all zeros.";
    }
    enum random {
      description
        "TWAMP-Test packets are padded with pseudo-random
        numbers.";
    }
  }
  description
    "Indicates what type of packet padding is used in the
    TWAMP-Test packets.";
}

typedef dynamic-port-number {
  type inet:port-number {
    range 49152..65535;
  }
  description "Dynamic range for port numbers.";
}

/*
 * Features
 */

feature control-client {
  description
    "Indicates that the device supports configuration of the
    TWAMP Control-Client logical entity.";
}

feature server {
  description
    "Indicates that the device supports configuration of the
    TWAMP Server logical entity.";
}

feature session-sender {
  description
    "Indicates that the device supports configuration of the
    TWAMP Session-Sender logical entity.";
}

feature session-reflector {
  description
    "Indicates that the device supports configuration of the
    TWAMP Session-Reflector logical entity.";
```



```
}

/*
 * Reusable node groups
 */

grouping key-management {
  list key-chain {
    key key-id;
    leaf key-id {
      type binary {
        length 1..80;
      }
      description
        "KeyID used for a TWAMP-Control connection. As per
        Section 3.1 of RFC 4656, KeyID is 'a UTF-8 string, up to
        80 octets in length' and is used to select which 'shared
        shared secret the [Control-Client] wishes to use to
        authenticate or encrypt'.";
    }
    leaf secret-key {
      type binary;
      description
        "The secret key corresponding to the KeyID for this
        TWAMP-Control connection.";
    }
    description
      "Relates KeyIDs with their respective secret keys
      in a TWAMP-Control connection.";
  }
  description
    "Used by the Control-Client and Server for TWAMP-Control
    key management.";
}

grouping maintenance-statistics {
  leaf sent-packets {
    type uint32;
    config false;
    description "Indicates the number of packets sent.";
  }

  leaf rcv-packets {
    type uint32;
    config false;
    description "Indicates the number of packets received.";
  }
}
```



```
leaf last-sent-seq {
  type uint32;
  config false;
  description "Indicates the last sent sequence number.";
}

leaf last-rcv-seq {
  type uint32;
  config false;
  description "Indicates the last received sequence number.";
}
description "Used for TWAMP-Test maintenance statistics.";
}

grouping count {
  leaf count {
    type uint8 {
      range "10..31";
    }
    default 10;
    description
      "Parameter communicated to the Control-Client as part of the
      Server Greeting message and used for deriving a key from a
      shared secret as per Section 3.1 of RFC 4656: MUST be a
      power of 2 and at least 1024; SHOULD be increased as more
      computing power becomes common.";
  }
  description
    "Reusable data structure for count which is used both in the
    Server container.";
}

grouping max-count {
  leaf max-count {
    type uint8 {
      range "10..31";
    }
    default 15;
    description
      "This parameter limits the maximum Count value, which MUST
      be a power of 2 and at least 1024 as per RFC 5357. It is
      configured by providing said power. For example,
      configuring 10 here means max count  $2^{10} = 1024$ .
      The default is 15, meaning  $2^{15} = 32768$ .

      A TWAMP Server uses this configured value in the
      Server-Greeting message sent to the Control-Client.
```





A TWAMP Control-Client uses this configured value to prevent denial-of-service (DOS) attacks by closing the control connection to the Server if it 'receives a Server-Greeting message with Count greater than its maximum configured value', as per [Section 6 of RFC 5357](#).

Further, note that according to [Section 6 of RFC 5357](#):

'If an attacking system sets the maximum value in Count ( $2^{32}$ ), then the system under attack would stall for a significant period of time while it attempts to generate keys.

TWAMP-compliant systems SHOULD have a configuration control to limit the maximum count value. The default max-count value SHOULD be 32768.'

[RFC 5357](#) does not qualify 'significant period' in terms of time, but it is clear that this depends on the processing capacity available and operators need to pay attention to this security consideration.";

```
}
description
  "Reusable data structure for max-count which is used both at
  the Control-Client and the Server containers.";
}

/*
 * Configuration data nodes
 */

container twamp {
  description
    "TWAMP logical entity configuration grouping of four models
    which correspond to the four TWAMP logical entities
    Control-Client, Server, Session-Sender, and Session-Reflector
    as illustrated in Fig. 1 of draft-ietf-ippm-twamp-yang";

  container client {
    if-feature control-client;
    presence "Enables TWAMP Control-Client functionality.";
    description
      "Configuration of the TWAMP Control-Client logical entity.";

    leaf admin-state {
      type boolean;
      mandatory true;
```



```
    description
      "Indicates whether the device is allowed to operate as a
      TWAMP Control-Client.";
  }

  list mode-preference-chain {
    key priority;
    unique mode;
    leaf priority {
      type uint16;
      description
        "Indicates the Control-Client Mode preference priority
        expressed as a 16-bit unsigned integer, where zero is the
        highest priority and subsequent values monotonically
        increasing.";
    }
    leaf mode {
      type twamp-modes;
      description
        "The supported TWAMP Mode matching the corresponding
        priority.";
    }
  }
  description
    "Indicates the Control-Client preferred order of use of
    the supported TWAMP Modes.

    Depending on the Modes available in the TWAMP Server
    Greeting message (see Fig. 2 of RFC 7717), the
    this Control-Client MUST choose the highest priority Mode
    from the configured mode-preference-chain list.";
}

uses key-management;

list ctrl-connection {
  key name;
  description
    "List of TWAMP Control-Client control connections.
    Each item in the list describes a control connection
    that will be initiated by this Control-Client";

  leaf name {
    type string;
    description
      "A unique name used as a key to identify this individual
      TWAMP-Control connection on the Control-Client device.";
  }
}
```



```
leaf client-ip {
  type inet:ip-address;
  description
    "The IP address of the local Control-Client device,
    to be placed in the source IP address field of the
    IP header in TWAMP-Control (TCP) packets belonging
    to this control connection. If not configured, the
    device SHALL choose its own source IP address.";
}
leaf server-ip {
  type inet:ip-address;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "The IP address of the remote Server device, which the
    TWAMP-Control connection will be initiated to.";
}

leaf server-tcp-port {
  type inet:port-number;
  default 862;
  description
    "This parameter defines the TCP port number that is
    to be used by this outgoing TWAMP-Control connection.
    Typically, this is the well-known TWAMP-Control
    port number (862) as per RFC 5357. However, there are known
    realizations of TWAMP in the field that were implemented
    before this well-known port number was allocated. These
    early implementations allowed the port number to be
    configured. This parameter is therefore provided for
    backward compatibility reasons.";
}

leaf control-packet-dscp {
  type inet:dscp;
  default 0;
  description
    "The DSCP value to be placed in the IP header of
    TWAMP-Control (TCP) packets generated by this
    Control-Client.";
}

leaf key-id {
  type string {
    length 1..80;
  }
  description
    "Indicates the KeyID value selected for this
    TWAMP-Control connection.";
```



```
}

uses max-count;

leaf client-tcp-port {
  type inet:port-number;
  config false;
  description
    "Indicates the source TCP port number used in the
    TWAMP-Control packets belonging to this control
    connection.";
}

leaf server-start-time {
  type uint64;
  config false;
  description
    "Indicates the Start-Time advertized by the Server in the
    Server-Start message (RFC 4656, Section 3.1),
    representing the time when the current
    instantiation of the Server started operating.
    The timestamp format follows RFC 1305
    according to Section 4.1.2 of RFC 4656.";
}

leaf state {
  type control-client-connection-state;
  config false;
  description
    "Indicates the current state of the TWAMP-Control
    connection state.";
}

leaf selected-mode {
  type twamp-modes;
  config false;
  description
    "The TWAMP Mode that the Control-Client has chosen for
    this control connection as set in the Mode field of the
    Set-Up-Response message (RFC 4656, Section 3.1).";
}

leaf token {
  type binary {
    length 64;
  }
  config false;
  description
```





"This parameter holds the 64 octets containing the concatenation of a 16-octet Challenge, a 16-octet AES Session-key used for encryption, and a 32-octet HMAC-SHA1 Session-key used for authentication; see also the last paragraph of [Section 6 in RFC 4656](#).

If the Mode defined in [RFC 7717](#) is selected (selected-mode), Token is limited to 16 octets.";

reference

"[RFC 4086](#): Randomness Requirements for Security

[RFC 7717](#): IKEv2-Derived Shared Secret Key for the One-Way Active Measurement Protocol (OWAMP) and Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)";

}

leaf client-iv {

  type binary {

    length 16;

  }

  config false;

  description

    "Indicates the Control-Client Initialization Vector (Client-IV), that is generated randomly by the Control-Client. As per [RFC 4656](#):

      Client-IV merely needs to be unique (i.e., it MUST never be repeated for different sessions using the same secret key; a simple way to achieve that without the use of cumbersome state is to generate the Client-IV values using a cryptographically secure pseudo-random number source.

If the Mode defined in [RFC 7717](#) is selected (selected-mode), Client-IV is limited to 12 octets.";

reference

"[RFC 4656](#): A One-way Active Measurement Protocol (OWAMP)

[RFC 7717](#): IKEv2-Derived Shared Secret Key for the One-Way Active Measurement Protocol (OWAMP) and Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol (TWAMP)";

}

list test-session-request {

  key name;

  description

    "Information associated with the Control-Client for this test session";



```
leaf name {
  type string;
  description
    "A unique name to be used for identification of
    this TWAMP-Test session on the Control-Client.";
}

leaf sender-ip {
  type inet:ip-address;
  description
    "The IP address of the Session-Sender device,
    which is to be placed in the source IP address
    field of the IP header in TWAMP-Test (UDP) packets
    belonging to this test session. This value will be
    used to populate the sender address field of the
    Request-TW-Session message.

    If not configured, the device SHALL choose its own
    source IP address.";
}

leaf sender-udp-port {
  type union {
    type dynamic-port-number;
    type enumeration {
      enum autoallocate {
        description
          "Indicates that the Control-Client will
          auto-allocate the TWAMP-Test (UDP) port number
          from the dynamic port range.";
      }
    }
  }
  default autoallocate;
  description
    "The UDP port number that is to be used by
    the Session-Sender for this TWAMP-Test session.
    The number is restricted to the dynamic port range.

    By default the Control-Client SHALL auto-allocate a
    UDP port number for this TWAMP-Test session.

    The configured (or auto-allocated) value is advertized
    in the Sender Port field of the Request-TW-session
    message (see Section 3.5 of RFC 5357). Note that
    in the scenario where a device auto-allocates a UDP
    port number for a session, and the repeat parameter
    for that session indicates that it should be
```



```
        repeated, the device is free to auto-allocate a
        different UDP port number when it negotiates the
        next (repeated) iteration of this session.";
    }

    leaf reflector-ip {
        type inet:ip-address;
        mandatory true;
        description
            "The IP address belonging to the remote
            Session-Reflector device to which the TWAMP-Test
            session will be initiated. This value will be
            used to populate the receiver address field of
            the Request-TW-Session message.";
    }

    leaf reflector-udp-port {
        type dynamic-port-number;
        description
            "This parameter defines the UDP port number that
            will be used by the Session-Reflector for
            this TWAMP-Test session. The number is restricted
            to the dynamic port range and is to be placed in
            the Receiver Port field of the Request-TW-Session
            message.";
    }

    leaf timeout {
        type uint64;
        units seconds;
        default 2;
        description
            "The length of time (in seconds) that the
            Session-Reflector should continue to respond to
            packets belonging to this TWAMP-Test session after
            a Stop-Sessions TWAMP-Control message has been
            received (RFC 5357, Section 3.8).

            This value will be placed in the Timeout field of
            the Request-TW-Session message.";
    }

    leaf padding-length {
        type uint32 {
            range 64..4096;
        }
        description
            "The number of padding bytes to be added to the
```



TWAMP-Test (UDP) packets generated by the Session-Sender.

This value will be placed in the Padding Length field of the Request-TW-Session message ([RFC 4656, Section 3.5](#)).";

}

leaf test-packet-dscp {

type inet:dscp;

default 0;

description

"The DSCP value to be placed in the IP header of TWAMP-Test packets generated by the Session-Sender, and in the UDP header of the TWAMP-Test response packets generated by the Session-Reflector for this test session.

This value will be placed in the Type-P Descriptor field of the Request-TW-Session message ([RFC 5357](#)).";

}

leaf start-time {

type uint64;

default 0;

description

"Time when the session is to be started (but not before the TWAMP Start-Sessions command is issued; see [Section 3.4 of RFC 5357](#)).

The start-time value is placed in the Start Time field of the Request-TW-Session message.

The timestamp format follows [RFC 1305](#) as per [Section 3.5 of RFC 4656](#).

The default value of 0 indicates that the session will be started as soon as the Start-Sessions message is received.";

}

leaf repeat {

type union {

type uint32 {

range 0..4294967294;

}

type enumeration {

enum forever {





```
        description
          "Indicates that the test session SHALL be
           repeated *forever* using the information in
           repeat-interval parameter, and SHALL NOT
           decrement the value.";
      }
    }
  }
  default 0;
  description
    "This value determines if the TWAMP-Test session must
     be repeated. When a test session has completed, the
     repeat parameter is checked.

    The default value of 0 indicates that the session
    MUST NOT be repeated.

    If the repeat value is 1 through 4,294,967,294
    then the test session SHALL be repeated using the
    information in repeat-interval parameter, and the
    parent TWAMP-Control connection for this test
    session is restarted to negotiate a new instance
    of this TWAMP-Test session. The implementation
    MUST decrement the value of repeat after
    determining a repeated session is expected.";
}

leaf repeat-interval {
  when "../repeat!='0'" {
    description
      "This parameter determines the timing of repeated
       TWAMP-Test sessions when repeat is more than 0.

      When the value of repeat-interval is 0, the
      negotiation of a new test session SHALL begin
      immediately after the previous test session
      completes. Otherwise, the Control-Client will
      wait for the number of seconds specified in the
      repeat-interval parameter before negotiating the
      new instance of this TWAMP-Test session.";
    }
  type uint32;
  units seconds;
  default 0;
  description "Repeat interval (in seconds).";
}

list pm-reg-list {
```



```
    key pm-index;
    leaf pm-index {
        type uint16;
        description
            "Numerical index value of a Registered Metric
            in the Performance Metric Registry
            (see ietf-ippm-metric-registry). Output statistics
            are specified in the corresponding Registry entry.";
    }
    description
        "A list of one or more Performance Metric Registry
        Index values, which communicate packet stream
        characteristics along with one or more metrics
        to be measured.

        All members of the pm-reg-list MUST have the same
        stream characteristics, such that they combine
        to specify all metrics that shall be measured on
        a single stream.";
    reference
        "ietf-ippm-metric-registry:
        Registry for Performance Metrics";
}
leaf state {
    type test-session-state;
    config false;
    description
        "Indicates the TWAMP-Test session state (accepted or
        indication of an error); see Section 3.5 of RFC 5357.";
}
leaf sid {
    type string;
    config false;
    description
        "The SID allocated by the Server for this TWAMP-Test
        session, and communicated back to the Control-Client
        in the SID field of the Accept-Session message;
        see Section 4.3 of RFC 6038.";
}
}
}
}

container server {
    if-feature server;
    presence "Enables TWAMP Server functionality.";
    description "Configuration of the TWAMP Server logical entity.";
```



```
leaf admin-state {
  type boolean;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "Indicates whether the device is allowed to operate
    as a TWAMP Server.";
}

leaf server-tcp-port {
  type inet:port-number;
  default 862;
  description
    "This parameter defines the well known TCP port number
    that is used by TWAMP-Control. The Server will listen
    on this port number for incoming TWAMP-Control
    connections. Although this is defined as a fixed value
    (862) in RFC 5357, there are several realizations of
    TWAMP in the field that were implemented before this
    well-known port number was allocated. These early
    implementations allowed the port number to be
    configured. This parameter is therefore provided for
    backward compatibility reasons.";
}

leaf servwait {
  type uint32 {
    range 1..604800;
  }
  units seconds;
  default 900;
  description
    "TWAMP-Control (TCP) session timeout, in seconds.
    According to Section 3.1 of RFC 5357,

    Server MAY discontinue any established control
    connection when no packet associated with that
    connection has been received within SERVWAIT seconds.";
}

leaf control-packet-dscp {
  type inet:dscp;
  description
    "The DSCP value to be placed in the IP header of
    TWAMP-Control (TCP) packets generated by the Server.

    Section 3.1 of RFC 5357 specifies that the server
    SHOULD use the DSCP value from the Control-Client's
    TCP SYN. However, for practical purposes TWAMP will
```



typically be implemented using a general purpose TCP stack provided by the underlying operating system, and such a stack may not provide this information to the user. Consequently, it is not always possible to implement the behavior described in [RFC 5357](#) in an OS-portable version of TWAMP.

The default behavior if this item is not set is to use the DSCP value from the Control-Client's TCP SYN, as per [Section 3.1 of RFC 5357](#)."

}

uses count;

uses max-count;

leaf modes {

type twamp-modes;

description

"The bit mask of TWAMP Modes this Server instance is willing to support; see IANA TWAMP Modes Registry."

}

uses key-management;

list ctrl-connection {

key "client-ip client-tcp-port server-ip server-tcp-port";

config false;

description

"List of all incoming TWAMP-Control (TCP) connections."

leaf client-ip {

type inet:ip-address;

description

"The IP address on the remote Control-Client device, which is the source IP address used in the TWAMP-Control (TCP) packets belonging to this control connection."

}

leaf client-tcp-port {

type inet:port-number;

description

"The source TCP port number used in the TWAMP-Control (TCP) packets belonging to this control connection."

}

leaf server-ip {





```
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
      "The IP address of the local Server device, which is
      the destination IP address used in the
      TWAMP-Control (TCP) packets belonging to this control
      connection.";
  }

  leaf server-tcp-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    description
      "The destination TCP port number used in the
      TWAMP-Control (TCP) packets belonging to this
      control connection. This will usually be the
      same value as the server-tcp-port configured
      under twamp/server. However, in the event that
      the user re-configured server/server-tcp-port
      after this control connection was initiated, this
      value will indicate the server-tcp-port that is
      actually in use for this control connection.";
  }

  leaf state {
    type server-ctrl-connection-state;
    description
      "Indicates the Server TWAMP-Control connection state.";
  }

  leaf control-packet-dscp {
    type inet:dscp;
    description
      "The DSCP value used in the IP header of the
      TWAMP-Control (TCP) packets sent by the Server
      for this control connection. This will usually
      be the same value as is configured in the
      control-packet-dscp parameter under the twamp/server
      container. However, in the event that the user
      re-configures server/dscp after this control
      connection is already in progress, this read-only
      value will show the actual dscp value in use by this
      TWAMP-Control connection.";
  }

  leaf selected-mode {
    type twamp-modes;
    description
      "The Mode that was chosen for this TWAMP-Control
      connection as set in the Mode field of the
```



```
        Set-Up-Response message.";
    }

    leaf key-id {
        type string {
            length 1..80;
        }
        description
            "The KeyID value that is in use by this TWAMP-Control
            connection as selected by Control-Client.";
    }

    uses count {
        description
            "The count value that is in use by this TWAMP-Control
            connection. This will usually be the same value
            as is configured under twamp/server. However, in the
            event that the user re-configured server/count
            after this control connection is already in progress,
            this read-only value will show the actual count that
            is in use for this TWAMP-Control connection.";
    }

    uses max-count {
        description
            "This read-only value indicates the actual max-count in use
            for this control connection. Usually this would be the
            same value as configured under twamp/server.";
    }

    leaf salt {
        type binary {
            length 16;
        }
        description
            "A parameter used in deriving a key from a
            shared secret as described in Section 3.1 of RFC 4656.
            It is communicated to the Control-Client as part of
            the Server Greeting message.";
    }

    leaf server-iv {
        type binary {
            length 16;
        }
        description
            "The Server Initialization Vector
            (IV) generated randomly by the Server.";
    }
}
```



```
    }

    leaf challenge {
      type binary {
        length 16;
      }
      description
        "A random sequence of octets generated by the Server.
        As described in client/token, Challenge is used
        by the Control-Client to prove possession of a
        shared secret.";
    }
  }
}

container session-sender {
  if-feature session-sender;
  presence "Enables TWAMP Session-Sender functionality.";
  description
    "Configuration of the TWAMP Session-Sender logical entity";
  leaf admin-state {
    type boolean;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Indicates whether the device is allowed to operate
      as a TWAMP Session-Sender.";
  }
}

list test-session{
  key name;
  description "List of TWAMP Session-Sender test sessions.";

  leaf name {
    type string;
    description
      "A unique name for this TWAMP-Test session to be used
      for identifying this test session by the Session-Sender
      logical entity.";
  }

  leaf ctrl-connection-name {
    type string;
    config false;
    description
      "The name of the parent TWAMP-Control connection that
      is responsible for negotiating this TWAMP-Test session.";
  }
}
```



```
leaf fill-mode {
  type padding-fill-mode;
  default zero;
  description
    "Indicates whether the padding added to the
    TWAMP-Test (UDP) packets will contain pseudo-random
    numbers, or whether it should consist of all zeroes,
    as per Section 4.2.1 of RFC 5357.";
}

leaf number-of-packets {
  type uint32;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "The overall number of TWAMP-Test (UDP) packets to be
    transmitted by the Session-Sender for this test session.";
}

choice packet-distribution {
  description
    "Indicates the distribution to be used for transmitting
    the TWAMP-Test (UDP) packets.";
  case periodic {
    leaf periodic-interval {
      type decimal64 {
        fraction-digits 5;
      }
      units seconds;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Indicates the time to wait (in seconds) between the
        first bits of TWAMP-Test (UDP) packet transmissions for
        this test session";
      reference
        "RFC 3432: Network performance measurement
        with periodic streams";
    }
  }
  case poisson {
    leaf lambda {
      type decimal64 {
        fraction-digits 5;
      }
      units seconds;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "Indicates the average time interval (in seconds)
        between packets in the Poisson distribution."
    }
  }
}
```





```
        The packet is calculated using the reciprocal of lambda
        and the TWAMP-Test packet size (which depends on the
        selected Mode and the packet padding).";
    reference
        "RFC 2330: Framework for IP Performance Metrics";
}
leaf max-interval {
    type decimal64 {
        fraction-digits 5;
    }
    units seconds;
    description
        "Indicates the maximum time (in seconds)
        between packet transmissions.";
    reference
        "RFC 7312: Advanced Stream and Sampling Framework
        for IP Performance Metrics (IPPM)";
}
}
}

leaf state {
    type sender-session-state;
    config false;
    description
        "Indicates the Session-Sender test session state.";
}

    uses maintenance-statistics;
}
}

container session-reflector {
    if-feature session-reflector;
    presence "Enables TWAMP Session-Reflector functionality.";
    description
        "Configuration of the TWAMP Session-Reflector logical entity";

    leaf admin-state {
        type boolean;
        mandatory true;
        description
            "Indicates whether the device is allowed to operate
            as a TWAMP Session-Reflector.";
    }

    leaf refwait {
        type uint32 {
```



```
    range 1..604800;
  }
  units seconds;
  default 900;
  description
    "The Session-Reflector MAY discontinue any session that has
    been started when no packet associated with that session has
    been received for REFWAIT seconds. As per Section 3.1 of
RFC 5357, this timeout allows a Session-Reflector to free up
    resources in case of failure.";
}

list test-session {
  key
    "sender-ip sender-udp-port
    reflector-ip reflector-udp-port";
  config false;
  description "TWAMP Session-Reflector test sessions.";

  leaf sid {
    type string;
    description
      "An auto-allocated identifier for this TWAMP-Test
      session that is unique within the context of this
      Server/Session-Reflector device only. This value
      is communicated to the Control-Client that
      requested the test session in the SID field of the
      Accept-Session message.";
  }

  leaf sender-ip {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
      "The IP address on the remote device, which is the
      source IP address used in the TWAMP-Test (UDP) packets
      belonging to this test session.";
  }

  leaf sender-udp-port {
    type dynamic-port-number;
    description
      "The source UDP port used in the TWAMP-Test packets
      belonging to this test session.";
  }

  leaf reflector-ip {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
```



```
    "The IP address of the local Session-Reflector
    device, which is the destination IP address used
    in the TWAMP-Test (UDP) packets belonging to this test
    session.";
}

leaf reflector-udp-port {
    type dynamic-port-number;
    description
        "The destination UDP port number used in the
        TWAMP-Test (UDP) test packets belonging to this
        test session.";
}

leaf parent-connection-client-ip {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
        "The IP address on the Control-Client device, which
        is the source IP address used in the TWAMP-Control
        (TCP) packets belonging to the parent control
        connection that negotiated this test session.";
}

leaf parent-connection-client-tcp-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    description
        "The source TCP port number used in the TWAMP-Control
        (TCP) packets belonging to the parent control connection
        that negotiated this test session.";
}

leaf parent-connection-server-ip {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
        "The IP address of the Server device, which is the
        destination IP address used in the TWAMP-Control
        (TCP) packets belonging to the parent control
        connection that negotiated this test session.";
}

leaf parent-connection-server-tcp-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    description
        "The destination TCP port number used in the TWAMP-Control
        (TCP) packets belonging to the parent control connection
        that negotiated this test session.";
}
```



```
    leaf test-packet-dscp {  
      type inet:dscp;  
      description  
        "The DSCP value present in the IP header of  
        TWAMP-Test (UDP) packets belonging to this session.";  
    }  
  
    uses maintenance-statistics;  
  }  
}  
}  
}
```

<CODE ENDS>

## 6. Data Model Examples

This section presents a simple but complete example of configuring all four entities in Figure 1, based on the YANG module specified in [Section 5](#). The example is illustrative in nature, but aims to be self-contained, i.e. were it to be executed in a real TWAMP implementation it would lead to a correctly configured test session. For completeness, examples are provided for both IPv4 and IPv6.

A more elaborated example, which also includes authentication parameters, is provided in [Appendix A](#).

### 6.1. Control-Client

Figure 8 shows a configuration example for a Control-Client with client/admin-state enabled. In a real implementation following Figure 2 this would permit the initiation of TWAMP-Control connections and TWAMP-Test sessions.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>  
<config xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">  
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">  
    <client>  
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>  
    </client>  
  </twamp>  
</config>
```

Figure 8: XML instance enabling Control-Client operation.

The following example shows a Control-Client with two instances of client/ctrl-connection, one called "RouterA" and another called





"RouterB". Each TWAMP-Control connection is to a different Server. The control connection named "RouterA" has two test session requests. The TWAMP-Control connection named "RouterB" has no TWAMP-Test session requests.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<config xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <client>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <ctrl-connection>
        <name>RouterA</name>
        <client-ip>203.0.113.1</client-ip>
        <server-ip>203.0.113.2</server-ip>
        <test-session-request>
          <name>Test1</name>
          <sender-ip>203.0.113.3</sender-ip>
          <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
          <reflector-ip>203.0.113.4</reflector-ip>
          <reflector-udp-port>50001</reflector-udp-port>
          <start-time>0</start-time>
        </test-session-request>
        <test-session-request>
          <name>Test2</name>
          <sender-ip>203.0.113.1</sender-ip>
          <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
          <reflector-ip>203.0.113.2</reflector-ip>
          <reflector-udp-port>50001</reflector-udp-port>
          <start-time>0</start-time>
        </test-session-request>
      </ctrl-connection>
      <ctrl-connection>
        <name>RouterB</name>
        <client-ip>203.0.113.1</client-ip>
        <server-ip>203.0.113.3</server-ip>
      </ctrl-connection>
    </client>
  </twamp>
</config>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<config xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <client>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <ctrl-connection>
        <name>RouterA</name>
        <client-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::1</client-ip>
```



```

    <server-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::2</server-ip>
    <test-session-request>
      <name>Test1</name>
      <sender-ip>2001:DB8:203:1:113::3</sender-ip>
      <sender-udp-port>54000</sender-udp-port>
      <reflector-ip>2001:DB8:203:1:113::4</reflector-ip>
      <reflector-udp-port>55000</reflector-udp-port>
      <start-time>0</start-time>
    </test-session-request>
    <test-session-request>
      <name>Test2</name>
      <sender-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::1</sender-ip>
      <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
      <reflector-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::2</reflector-ip>
      <reflector-udp-port>55001</reflector-udp-port>
      <start-time>0</start-time>
    </test-session-request>
  </ctrl-connection>
</ctrl-connection>
  <name>RouterB</name>
  <client-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::1</client-ip>
  <server-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::3</server-ip>
</ctrl-connection>
</client>
</twamp>
</config>

```

## 6.2. Server

Figure 9 shows a configuration example for a Server with server/admin-state enabled, which permits a device following Figure 2 to respond to TWAMP-Control connections and TWAMP-Test sessions.

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<config xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <server>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
    </server>
  </twamp>
</config>

```

Figure 9: XML instance enabling Server operation.

The following example presents a Server with the TWAMP-Control connection corresponding to the control connection name (client/ctrl-connection/name) "RouterA" presented in [Section 6.1](#).



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <server>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <ctrl-connection>
        <client-ip>203.0.113.1</client-ip>
        <client-tcp-port>16341</client-tcp-port>
        <server-ip>203.0.113.2</server-ip>
        <server-tcp-port>862</server-tcp-port>
        <state>
          active
        </state>
      </ctrl-connection>
    </server>
  </twamp>
</data>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <server>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <ctrl-connection>
        <client-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::1</client-ip>
        <client-tcp-port>16341</client-tcp-port>
        <server-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::2</server-ip>
        <server-tcp-port>862</server-tcp-port>
        <state>
          active
        </state>
      </ctrl-connection>
    </server>
  </twamp>
</data>
```

### **6.3. Session-Sender**

Figure 10 shows a configuration example for a Session-Sender with session-sender/admin-state enabled, which permits a device following Figure 2 to initiate TWAMP-Test sessions.



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<config xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <session-sender>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
    </session-sender>
  </twamp>
</config>
```

Figure 10: XML instance enabling Session-Sender operation.

The following configuration example shows a Session-Sender with the two TWAMP-Test sessions presented in [Section 6.1](#).

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <session-sender>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <test-session>
        <name>Test1</name>
        <ctrl-connection-name>RouterA</ctrl-connection-name>
        <number-of-packets>900</number-of-packets>
        <periodic-interval>1</periodic-interval>
        <state>setup</state>
      </test-session>
      <test-session>
        <name>Test2</name>
        <ctrl-connection-name>
          RouterA
        </ctrl-connection-name>
        <number-of-packets>900</number-of-packets>
        <lambda>1</lambda>
        <max-interval>2</max-interval>
        <state>setup</state>
      </test-session>
    </session-sender>
  </twamp>
</data>
```

#### [6.4.](#) Session-Reflector

This configuration example shows a Session-Reflector with session-reflector/admin-state enabled, which permits a device following Figure 2 to respond to TWAMP-Test sessions.





```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<config xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <session-reflector>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
    </session-reflector>
  </twamp>
</config>
```

Figure 11: XML instance enabling Session-Reflector operation.

The following example shows the two Session-Reflector TWAMP-Test sessions corresponding to the test sessions presented in [Section 6.3](#).

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <session-reflector>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <test-session>
        <sender-ip>203.0.113.3</sender-ip>
        <sender-udp-port>54000</sender-udp-port>
        <reflector-ip>203.0.113.4</reflector-ip>
        <reflector-udp-port>50001</reflector-udp-port>
        <sid>1232</sid>
        <parent-connection-client-ip>
          203.0.113.1
        </parent-connection-client-ip>
        <parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
          16341
        </parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
        <parent-connection-server-ip>
          203.0.113.2
        </parent-connection-server-ip>
        <parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
          862
        </parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
        <sent-packets>2</sent-packets>
        <rcv-packets>2</rcv-packets>
        <last-sent-seq>1</last-sent-seq>
        <last-rcv-seq>1</last-rcv-seq>
      </test-session>
      <test-session>
        <sender-ip>203.0.113.1</sender-ip>
        <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
        <reflector-ip>192.68.0.2</reflector-ip>
        <reflector-udp-port>50001</reflector-udp-port>
        <sid>178943</sid>
```



```
<parent-connection-client-ip>
  203.0.113.1
</parent-connection-client-ip>
<parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
  16341
</parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
<parent-connection-server-ip>
  203.0.113.2
</parent-connection-server-ip>
<parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
  862
</parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
<sent-packets>21</sent-packets>
<rcv-packets>21</rcv-packets>
<last-sent-seq>20</last-sent-seq>
<last-rcv-seq>20</last-rcv-seq>
</test-session>
</session-reflector>
</twamp>
</data>

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <session-reflector>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <test-session>
        <sender-ip>203.0.113.3</sender-ip>
        <sender-udp-port>54000</sender-udp-port>
        <reflector-ip>203.0.113.4</reflector-ip>
        <reflector-udp-port>54001</reflector-udp-port>
        <sid>1232</sid>
        <parent-connection-client-ip>
          203.0.113.1
        </parent-connection-client-ip>
        <parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
          16341
        </parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
        <parent-connection-server-ip>
          203.0.113.2
        </parent-connection-server-ip>
        <parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
          862
        </parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
        <sent-packets>2</sent-packets>
        <rcv-packets>2</rcv-packets>
        <last-sent-seq>1</last-sent-seq>
        <last-rcv-seq>1</last-rcv-seq>
```



```
</test-session>
<test-session>
  <sender-ip>203.0.113.1</sender-ip>
  <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
  <reflector-ip>192.68.0.2</reflector-ip>
  <reflector-udp-port>55001</reflector-udp-port>
  <sid>178943</sid>
  <parent-connection-client-ip>
    203.0.113.1
  </parent-connection-client-ip>
  <parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
    16341
  </parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
  <parent-connection-server-ip>
    203.0.113.2
  </parent-connection-server-ip>
  <parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
    862
  </parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
  <sent-packets>21</sent-packets>
  <rcv-packets>21</rcv-packets>
  <last-sent-seq>20</last-sent-seq>
  <last-rcv-seq>20</last-rcv-seq>
</test-session>
</session-reflector>
</twamp>
</data>
```

## 7. Security Considerations

The YANG module defined in [Section 5](#) is designed to be accessed, among other protocols, via NETCONF [[RFC6241](#)]. Protocols like NETCONF use a secure transport layer like SSH that is mandatory to implement. The NETCONF Access Control Module (NACM) [[RFC6536](#)] provides the means to restrict access for particular users to a pre-configured set of NETCONF protocol operations and attributes.

There are a number of nodes defined in this YANG module which are writeable. These data nodes may be considered sensitive and vulnerable to attacks in some network environments. Ability to write into these nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on the devices that support this feature.

Examples of nodes that are particularly vulnerable include several timeout values put in the protocol to protect against sessions that are not active but are consuming resources.



## **8. IANA Considerations**

This document registers a URI in the IETF XML registry [[RFC3688](#)]. Following the format in [[RFC3688](#)], the following registration is requested to be made.

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp

Registrant Contact: The IPPM WG of the IETF.

XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.

This document registers a YANG module in the YANG Module Names registry [[RFC6020](#)].

name: ietf-twamp

namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp

prefix: twamp

reference: RFC XXXX

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## **Appendix A. Detailed Data Model Examples**

This appendix extends the example presented in [Section 6](#) by configuring more fields such as authentication parameters, DSCP values and so on.

### **A.1. Control-Client**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <client>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <mode-preference-chain>
        <priority>0</priority>
        <mode>authenticated</mode>
      </mode-preference-chain>
      <mode-preference-chain>
        <priority>1</priority>
        <mode>unauthenticated</mode>
      </mode-preference-chain>
      <key-chain>
        <key-id>KeyClient1ToRouterA</key-id>
        <secret-key>secret1</secret-key>
      </key-chain>
      <key-chain>
        <key-id>KeyForRouterB</key-id>
        <secret-key>secret2</secret-key>
      </key-chain>
      <ctrl-connection>
        <name>RouterA</name>
        <client-ip>203.0.113.1</client-ip>
```



```
<server-ip>203.0.113.2</server-ip>
<dscp>32</dscp>
<key-id>KeyClient1ToRouterA</key-id>
<test-session-request>
  <name>Test1</name>
  <sender-ip>203.0.113.3</sender-ip>
  <sender-udp-port>54000</sender-udp-port>
  <reflector-ip>203.0.113.4</reflector-ip>
  <reflector-udp-port>55000</reflector-udp-port>
  <padding-length>64</padding-length>
  <start-time>0</start-time>
  <state>ok</state>
  <sid>1232</sid>
</test-session-request>
<test-session-request>
  <name>Test2</name>
  <sender-ip>203.0.113.1</sender-ip>
  <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
  <reflector-ip>203.0.113.2</reflector-ip>
  <reflector-udp-port>55001</reflector-udp-port>
  <padding-length>128</padding-length>
  <start-time>0</start-time>
  <state>ok</state>
  <sid>178943</sid>
</test-session-request>
</ctrl-connection>
</client>
</twamp>
</data>

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <client>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <mode-preference-chain>
        <priority>0</priority>
        <mode>authenticated</mode>
      </mode-preference-chain>
      <mode-preference-chain>
        <priority>1</priority>
        <mode>unauthenticated</mode>
      </mode-preference-chain>
      <key-chain>
        <key-id>KeyClient1ToRouterA</key-id>
        <secret-key>secret1</secret-key>
      </key-chain>
      <key-chain>
```





```

    <key-id>KeyForRouterB</key-id>
    <secret-key>secret2</secret-key>
  </key-chain>
  <ctrl-connection>
    <name>RouterA</name>
    <client-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::1</client-ip>
    <server-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::2</server-ip>
    <dscp>32</dscp>
    <key-id>KeyClient1ToRouterA</key-id>
    <test-session-request>
      <name>Test1</name>
      <sender-ip>2001:DB8:10:1:1::1</sender-ip>
      <sender-udp-port>54000</sender-udp-port>
      <reflector-ip>2001:DB8:10:1:1::2</reflector-ip>
      <reflector-udp-port>55000</reflector-udp-port>
      <padding-length>64</padding-length>
      <start-time>0</start-time>
      <state>ok</state>
      <sid>1232</sid>
    </test-session-request>
    <test-session-request>
      <name>Test2</name>
      <sender-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::1</sender-ip>
      <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
      <reflector-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::2</reflector-ip>
      <reflector-udp-port>55001</reflector-udp-port>
      <padding-length>128</padding-length>
      <start-time>0</start-time>
      <state>ok</state>
      <sid>178943</sid>
    </test-session-request>
  </ctrl-connection>
</client>
</twamp>
</data>

```

## [A.2.](#) Server

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <server>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <servwait>1800</servwait>
      <dscp>32</dscp>
      <modes>authenticated unauthenticated</modes>
      <count>1024</count>
      <key-chain>

```



```
        <key-id>KeyClient1ToRouterA</key-id>
        <secret-key>secret1</secret-key>
    </key-chain>
    <key-chain>
        <key-id>KeyClient10ToRouterA</key-id>
        <secret-key>secret10</secret-key>
    </key-chain>
    <ctrl-connection>
        <client-ip>203.0.113.1</client-ip>
        <client-tcp-port>16341</client-tcp-port>
        <server-ip>203.0.113.2</server-ip>
        <server-tcp-port>862</server-tcp-port>
        <state>
            active
        </state>
        <dscp>32</dscp>
        <selected-mode>unauthenticated</selected-mode>
        <key-id>KeyClient1ToRouterA</key-id>
        <count>1024</count>
    </ctrl-connection>
</server>
</twamp>
</data>

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <server>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <servwait>1800</servwait>
      <dscp>32</dscp>
      <modes>authenticated unauthenticated</modes>
      <count>1024</count>
      <key-chain>
        <key-id>KeyClient1ToRouterA</key-id>
        <secret-key>secret1</secret-key>
      </key-chain>
      <key-chain>
        <key-id>KeyClient10ToRouterA</key-id>
        <secret-key>secret10</secret-key>
      </key-chain>
      <ctrl-connection>
        <client-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::1</client-ip>
        <client-tcp-port>16341</client-tcp-port>
        <server-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::2</server-ip>
        <server-tcp-port>862</server-tcp-port>
        <state>
          active
        </state>
      </ctrl-connection>
    </server>
  </twamp>
</data>
```



```
        </state>
        <dscp>32</dscp>
        <selected-mode>unauthenticated</selected-mode>
        <key-id>KeyClient1ToRouterA</key-id>
        <count>1024</count>
    </ctrl-connection>
</server>
</twamp>
</data>
```

### [A.3.](#) Session-Sender

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <session-sender>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <test-session>
        <name>Test1</name>
        <ctrl-connection-name>RouterA</ctrl-connection-name>
        <fill-mode>zero</fill-mode>
        <number-of-packets>900</number-of-packets>
        <periodic-interval>1</periodic-interval>
        <state>setup</state>
        <sent-packets>2</sent-packets>
        <rcv-packets>2</rcv-packets>
        <last-sent-seq>1</last-sent-seq>
        <last-rcv-seq>1</last-rcv-seq>
      </test-session>
      <test-session>
        <name>Test2</name>
        <ctrl-connection-name>
          RouterA
        </ctrl-connection-name>
        <fill-mode>random</fill-mode>
        <number-of-packets>900</number-of-packets>
        <lambda>1</lambda>
        <max-interval>2</max-interval>
        <state>setup</state>
        <sent-packets>21</sent-packets>
        <rcv-packets>21</rcv-packets>
        <last-sent-seq>20</last-sent-seq>
        <last-rcv-seq>20</last-rcv-seq>
      </test-session>
    </session-sender>
  </twamp>
</data>
```



#### [A.4.](#) Session-Reflector

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <session-reflector>
      <admin-state>
        true
      </admin-state>
      <test-session>
        <sender-ip>203.0.113.3</sender-ip>
        <sender-udp-port>54000</sender-udp-port>
        <reflector-ip>203.0.113.4</reflector-ip>
        <reflector-udp-port>55000</reflector-udp-port>
        <sid>1232</sid>
        <parent-connection-client-ip>
          203.0.113.1
        </parent-connection-client-ip>
        <parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
          16341
        </parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
        <parent-connection-server-ip>
          203.0.113.2
        </parent-connection-server-ip>
        <parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
          862
        </parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
        <dscp>32</dscp>
        <sent-packets>2</sent-packets>
        <rcv-packets>2</rcv-packets>
        <last-sent-seq>1</last-sent-seq>
        <last-rcv-seq>1</last-rcv-seq>
      </test-session>
      <test-session>
        <sender-ip>203.0.113.1</sender-ip>
        <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
        <reflector-ip>192.68.0.2</reflector-ip>
        <reflector-udp-port>55001</reflector-udp-port>
        <sid>178943</sid>
        <parent-connection-client-ip>
          203.0.113.1
        </parent-connection-client-ip>
        <parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
          16341
        </parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
        <parent-connection-server-ip>
          203.0.113.2
        </parent-connection-server-ip>
```





```
<parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
  862
</parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
<dscp>32</dscp>
<sent-packets>21</sent-packets>
<rcv-packets>21</rcv-packets>
<last-sent-seq>20</last-sent-seq>
<last-rcv-seq>20</last-rcv-seq>
</test-session>
</session-reflector>
</twamp>
</data>

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<data xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
  <twamp xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-twamp">
    <session-reflector>
      <admin-state>true</admin-state>
      <test-session>
        <sender-ip>2001:DB8:10:1:1::1</sender-ip>
        <sender-udp-port>54000</sender-udp-port>
        <reflector-ip>2001:DB8:10:1:1::2</reflector-ip>
        <reflector-udp-port>55000</reflector-udp-port>
        <sid>1232</sid>
        <parent-connection-client-ip>
          2001:DB8:203:0:113::1
        </parent-connection-client-ip>
        <parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
          16341
        </parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
        <parent-connection-server-ip>
          2001:DB8:203:0:113::2
        </parent-connection-server-ip>
        <parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
          862
        </parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
        <dscp>32</dscp>
        <sent-packets>2</sent-packets>
        <rcv-packets>2</rcv-packets>
        <last-sent-seq>1</last-sent-seq>
        <last-rcv-seq>1</last-rcv-seq>
      </test-session>
      <test-session>
        <sender-ip>2001:DB8:203:0:113::1</sender-ip>
        <sender-udp-port>54001</sender-udp-port>
        <reflector-ip>2001:DB8:192:68::2</reflector-ip>
        <reflector-udp-port>55001</reflector-udp-port>
        <sid>178943</sid>
```



```
<parent-connection-client-ip>
  2001:DB8:203:0:113::1
</parent-connection-client-ip>
<parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
  16341
</parent-connection-client-tcp-port>
<parent-connection-server-ip>
  2001:DB8:203:0:113::2
</parent-connection-server-ip>
<parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
  862
</parent-connection-server-tcp-port>
<dscp>32</dscp>
<sent-packets>21</sent-packets>
<rcv-packets>21</rcv-packets>
<last-sent-seq>20</last-sent-seq>
<last-rcv-seq>20</last-rcv-seq>
</test-session>
</session-reflector>
</twamp>
</data>
```

## [Appendix B](#). TWAMP Operational Commands

TWAMP operational commands could be performed programmatically or manually, e.g. using a command-line interface (CLI).

With respect to programmability, YANG can be used to define NETCONF Remote Procedure Calls (RPC), therefore it would be, in principle, possible to define TWAMP RPC operations for actions such as starting or stopping control connections or test sessions or groups of sessions; retrieving results; clearing stored results, and so on.

However, [[RFC5357](#)] does not attempt to describe such operational actions. Refer also to [Section 2](#) and the unlabeled links in Figure 1. In actual deployments different TWAMP implementations may support different sets of operational commands, with different restrictions. Therefore, this document considers it the responsibility of the individual implementation to define its corresponding TWAMP operational commands data model.

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