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Management Information Base for the Internet Protocol (IP) draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-05.txt

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects used for implementations of the Internet Protocol (IP) in an IP version independent manner. This memo obsoletes RFCs 2011, 2465 and 2466.

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1. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [9].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [1], STD

58, RFC 2579 [2] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [3].

2. Revision History

One of the primary purposes of this revision of the IP MIB is to create a single set of objects to describe and manage IP modules in an IP version independent manner. Where RFCs 2465 and 2466 created a set of objects independent from RFC2011 this document merges those three documents into a single unified set of objects. The ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable tables are examples of updating objects to be independent of IP version. Both of these tables contain counters to reflect IP traffic statistics that originated in much earlier MIBs and both include an IP address type in order to separate the information based on IP version.

Another purpose of this document is to increase the manageability of a node running IPv6 by adding new objects. Some of these tables, such as ipDefaultRouterTable, may be useful on both IPv4 and IPv6 nodes while others, such as ipv6RouterAdvertTable, are specific to a single protocol.

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-- RFC Editor
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- -- The remainder of this section (up to the section header "Overview")
- -- is to be removed before publication.

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Changes from draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-04.txt

December 2003

Corrected descriptive text for inetIcmpOutMsgs. It was referring to messages received, it now refers to messages sent.

Modified several objects to use InetVersion instead of InetAddressType. These objects were using the address type to specify a version and can now make use of the more specific TC. Changed ipSystemStatsAFType to ipSystemStatsIPVersion, changed ipIfStatsAFType to ipIfStatsIPVersion, changed inetIcmpAFType to inetIcmpIPVersion and inetIcmpMsgAFType to inetIcmpMsgIPVersion.

Modified the ipAddressTable to allow entries to be created or modified. This entailed the addition of ipAddressSpinLock, ipAddressRowStatus and ipAddressStorageType objects. Also ipAddressIfIndex, ipAddressType and ipAddressStatus were made readcreate.

In the case diagram moved the incrementing of InHdrErrors to occur before the incrementing of InMcastPkts and InBcastPkts.

Moved the boradcast counters into separate groups to allow them to be tagged as required only for systems including IPv4.

Added note 5 to the case diagram describing the desired outcome when counting short pakcets (header errors vs truncated packets).

Added text to note 2 of the case diagram to specify which discard counter may be inremented.

Clarified text about summing interface levels statistics into system level statistics.

Added ipv6InterfaceForwarding and made the object mandatory. Also included text suggesting that a simple system that doesn't allow forwarding to be enabled on a per-interface basis could set these objects to "forward" and rely on ip6Forwarding to enable or disable forwarding for the system.

Modified the size restrictions on ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize to be (1500..65535).

Added ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime and made it mandatory for IPv4 entities.

Made ipDefaultRouterIfIndex part of the index for ipDefaultRouterTable.

Changed ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSubnetLocal to ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3.

Modified the size restrictions on ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime to be (0 | 4..9000).

Added HC counters for InForwDatagrams, InDelivers, OutRequests and OutForwDatagrams.

Modified the text for OutForwDatagrams to allow for forwarding of locally generated packets. Also added a note to the Case diagram mentioning that the forwarding counters may be incremented even if the packets are generated by or destined for the local host.

Added references for the router selection draft and the update to 2096.

Removed the size constraint on indexes of type InetAddress.

Changed ipDefaultRouterAFType to ipDefaultRouterAddressType

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-03.txt</u>

September 2003

Deprecated the ipRoutingDiscards object and add some text to describe why and that the new version specific object can be found in the IP-FORWARD-MIB.

Modified the syntax for ipIfStatsIfIndex to be InterfaceIndex instead of InterfaceIndexOrZero as we no longer need the capability of using zero within the index. (The MIB originally used a zero index to specify the system level statistics.)

Added a description clause to the ipAddressGroup object.

Added the ipLastChangeGroup to ipMIBComliance2 with a description of optional.

Changed draft-ietf-ipngwg-addr-arch-v3-11.txt to RFC3513.

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-02.txt</u>

June 2003

Removed the ipv4 and ipv6 only requirements on the ipSystemStatsAFType and ipIfStatsAFType objects. Instead added a pseudo compliance statement requiring only global ipv4 and ipv6 types for those two objects as well as inetIcmpAFType and inetIcmpMsgAFType.

Added a pseudo compliance statement requiring only global ipv4 and ipv6 types for ipAddressPrefixType.

Added a pseudo compliance statement requiring only global and non global ipv4 and ipv6 types for ipAddressAddrType, inetNetToMediaNetAddressType and ipDefaultRouterAFType

In response to a question about the size constraint on the various InetAddress objects (0..36). I have decided to leave this as is for now. The actually size will be one of 4, 8, 16 or 20 depending on the type in use and the syntax could be reduced to cover those sizes. However using such a small limit might require a new mib if a new address type is added to the InetAddress MIB that uses a larger size. 36 seems to be a reasonable compromise for allowing possible growth but avoiding problems with index length limitations.

May 2003

Restored ipRoutingDiscards to a current object from the deprecated group per discussions with previous MIB authors. The argument to move it to deprecated relied on the fact that it really belongs with the routing group rather than the main IP group. However as it already exists in the IP group and any router must contain the IP group it is not reasonable to remove it and create a new object in the routing area simply to adjust where the object is rooted in the MIB tree. This object was placed in a new group "ipRoutingGroup" and the group was made mandatory in order to mimic the previous MIB.

Changed the text to use "address type" or "address types" instead of "address family" or "address families" in order to avoid any confusion with the term as used by IANA in the assignment of address family numbers.

Added some text to the description of ipAddressTable to remind users that link-local addresses must use the "ipv6z" type.

Changes from draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-01.txt

February 2003

Added ipLastChangeGroup which makes the lastChange objects a SHOULD for agents that have the proper values available.

Added normative references for IMPORTed mibs.

January 2003

Editorial cleanup.

Renamed the ipv4If entries to ipv4Interface in order to be similar to the ipv6Interface entries.

Updated the SNMP boilerplate.

Updated the references to remove many SNMP specific entries and split the remainder into normative and informative.

Updated the security considerations section.

Decided not to add the netmask or BcastAddr information from the deprecated ipAddrTable into the new mib as there was no major

support for them.

Removed IPv6 conformance and compliance OIDs as they are no longer in use.

Renamed ipv6Forwarding and ipv6DefaultHopLimit to ip6Forwarding and ip6DefaultHopLimit and moved them from the IPv6 branch to the IP branch, thus removing the last objects in the IPv6 branch.

 ${\tt Added ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock \ and \ ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus}$

Added ipv4IfTableLastChange, ipv6IfTableLastChange and ipIfStatsTableLastChange.

Renumbered pretty much everything at the IP branch level in order to rationalize things and fit in the new objects.

Changes from <u>draft-ops-rfc2011-update-02.txt</u>:

October 2002

Renumbered objects in groups that had objects removed from one draft to another. As per SMI rules no objects that have been published in an RFC have been renumbered. The affected areas are: ipv6InterfaceTable, ipIfStatsTable, inetIcmpTable and inetIcmpMsgTable

Split the ipIfStatsTable into two tables under a common OID. The two tables are ipSystemStatsTable which contains system-wide statistics and ipIfStatsTable which contains interface-specific statistics. The same counters are available from both tables.

The compliance and conformance section was rebuilt. ipGroup2 was renamed to ipv4GeneralGroup and ipReasmTimeout was added to it. The following groups were created: ipv4IfGroup, ipv6Ifgroup, ipSystemStatsGroup, ipSystemStatsHCOctetGroup, ipSystemStatsHCPacketGroup, ipIfStatsGroup, ipIfStatsHCOctetGroup, ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup, ipAddressPrefixGroup, ipAddressGroup, ipNetToMediaGroup, ipDefaultRouterGroup, ipv6RouterAdvertGroup and icmpGroup2. The compliance section allows a compliant agent to provide read-only access to all of the nominally read-write objects.

Many minor changes to deal with errors found from mib compilers.

Changed the indexing from inetNetToMediaEntry to use a local copy of the ifIndex.

Import InetZoneIndex for use a a scope index. Previously this was the ScopeIdentifier TC defined within this document. Also change the naming convention for scopes to use index instead of identifier.

Close several issues without changes:

Should we include an object or objects to express the capability of an implementation with respect to items like extension headers for IPv6. I have decided to not include such objects. I believe that we should wait for some deployment experience to see if such objects would be useful and to determine their proper granularity.

Are there other items that could be added to the $ipv\{4\ 6\}IfTables$ such as (for v4) directed broadcast, proxy arp, header compression, broadcast address and arp cache timeout. As I receive only one request for such objects I have not added them.

Is there a better SMI data type for the lifetime objects in the ipAddressPrefixTable, ipDefaultRouterTable and ipv6RouterAdvertTable. I don't think there is a better SMI data type. We could generate some TCs for them (there are several classes of lifetime) but I don't think that would be useful.

There was a note in the v6 interface table suggesting that some of the objects could be removed. I think we have now removed all of those objects and don't intend to remove more without comments.

Should the ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable include associated objects to provide a scope description similar to ipMRouteScopeNameString (rfc2932)?

My current decision is to NOT add such an object or set of objects. Should the ipv6AddressIfIdentifier be dropped? I think this provides some utility in specifying the how addresses are formed (at least some of them). There is also the further question of moving the Ipv6AddressIfIdentifier TC somewhere else. I don't think it is completely an EUI and therefore it should have a TC somewhere other than the IF-MIB and here seems reasonable.

Any other objects from ipv6IfTable that we need? I don't think so.

Are there other possible sources for ipAddressPrefixOrigin? No additions were suggested and no action was taken.

May 2002

Removed ipv6InterfaceEffectiveMtu and ipv6InterfaceIdentifierLength.

Added text to ipAddressPrefixTable to describe its utility.

Added text to ipAddressTable to state that multicast addresses are described in their own table(s).

Added ipv4IfAdminStatus and ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus.

Added text to ipAddressPrefixOrigin to describe that an address becomes well known by assignment from IANA or the address registries or by specification in a standards track RFC.

Added text to ipAddressOrigin to clarify the manual vs random difference.

Added text to inetNetToMediaType to clarify the difference between static and local.

Created textual conventions for the following IpAddressOrigin, IpAddressStatus and IpAddressPrefixOrigin.

Added persistence information to all read-write and read-create objects:

ipForwarding & ipDefaultTTL - should be persistent

ipv6Forwarding, ipv4AdminStatus & ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus - SHOULD
be persistent

ipv6InterfaceIdentifier - modified from RW to Read-only

ipNetToMediaPhysAddress & ipNetToMediaType - should not be persistent

inetNetToMediaPhysAddress & inetNetToMediaType - SHOULD NOT be
persistent

Added text to specify that ifIndex objects (ipv4IfIndex, ipv6InterfaceIfIndex, ipIfStatsIfIndex, ipAddressPrefixIfIndex, ipAddressIfIndex and ipv6ScopeIdIfIndex) use the same indexes as ifIndex.

Removed ifIndex and code from the descriptions of inetIcmpMsg{InOut}Pkts.

Updated the text for the objects in the ipIfStatsTable. The new text allows them to be either system wide or interface specific. It also clarifies which interface should be used for some objects. Finally descriptions were added to some newer objects.

Added ipIfStatsRefreshRate

Modified the author information. The main author list has been moved to a section within the document and replaced on the front page with the editor's name. The MIB contact information has been modified.

Added text mentioning that ARP ($\underbrace{RFC826}$) and ND ($\underbrace{RFC2461}$) are the two most likely ways of populating the Net to Media table.

Added a reference clause to inetIcmpMsgType pointing to the IANA pages for ICMP and ICMPv6 parameters.

Added text mentioning that ipIfStatsInTooBigErrors is only valid for IPv6 but that it should be instantiated for IPv4 as well.

Added text to the ipAddressPrefixTable and it's objects mentioning that it isn't tuned for IPv4 and defaults to use for IPv4 addresses.

Added the ipAddressLastChanged object.

Added reference clauses to ipv6DefaultHopLimit and several objects in the ipAddressPrefix table. I don't think that any other objects that don't already have some text have something to reference.

Modified the IP statistics table.

ipIfStatsHCInUcastPkts became ipIfStatsHCInReceives

removed ipIfStatsInTooBigErrors and include those packets in ipIfStatsOutFragFails

added ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams to count packets that we attempt to forward

clarified the text in ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams to make it clear that "success" was related to the forwarding step and not the transmission step

added ipIfStatsOutTransmits and ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits as counters of the packets sent to the lower layers and pointed the OutOctet counters to them

added ipIfStatsOutNoRoutes to count the number of locally generated datagrams that couldn't be transmitted as no route was found

added ipIfStatsOutFragReqds to count the number of datagrams that require fragmentation

Added text and a Case diagram describing the statistics table.

Added the ipAddressCreated object.

Removed ipIfStatsHCOutUcastPkts as HCOutTransmits replaces it.

Also re-arranged the statsTable sequence to try and group the objects more rationally.

Added reachable and retransmit times to the ipv6InterfaceTable

Added Default router list.

Added router advertisement configuration table.

November 2001

Modified the ICMP message table to remove some indexes. The table no longer tracks counters with per-interface or per-ICMP code granularity.

12 Jul 2001

Changed to IPNG working group work item.

Removed mention of SIIT, since it's just for transition

Added lots of counters to ipIfStats table, and ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime

Changed ipAddressIfIndex and ScopeIdentifier to refer to IF-MIB instead of RFC 2863 or RFC 2233

Removed text about agents supporting a subset of values from ipv6Forwarding; this belongs in an AGENT-CAPABILITIES.

Un-deprecated ipReasmTimeout. XXX Do we need ipv6ReasmTimeout too? I think not; RFC2460 seems to say that it's a constant 60 seconds.

Changes from first draft posted to v6mib mailing list:

23 Feb 2001

Added ipv4InterfaceTable

Added ipv6InterfaceTable

Added ipAddressPrefixTable and slightly reworked ipAddressTable (nee inetAddressTable).

Deprecated ipMIBCompliance. Still need to finish updated ones.

Added copyright and table of contents.

7 Feb 2001

Renamed inetIfStats to ipIfStats

Added ipv6ScopeTable

Added ScopeIdentifier TC, which should be in INET-ADDRESS-MIB.

Added SIZE to inetAddrAddr and inetNetToMediaAddress

Wrote some boilerplate for multi-interface-or-system-wide counter tables.

Overview

3.1. Multi-Stack Implementations

This MIB does not provide native support for implementations of multiple stacks sharing the same address type. One option for supporting such designs is to assign each stack within an address type to a separate context. These contexts could then be selected based upon the community string or context name, with the Entity MIB providing a method for listing the supported contexts.

3.2. Discussion of Tables and Groups

This MIB is composed of a small number of discrete objects and a series of tables meant to form the base for managing IPv4 and IPv6 entities.

While some of the objects are meant to be included in all entities some of the objects are only conditionally mandatory. The unconditionally mandatory objects are mostly counters for IP and ICMP statistics. The

conditionally mandatory objects fall into one of several groups: objects for use in higher bandwidth situations, objects for use with IPv4, objects for use with IPv6 and objects for use on IPv6 routers. In short it is not expected that every entity will implement all of the objects within this MIB. The reader should consult the conformance and compliance section to determine which objects are appropriate for a given entity.

3.2.1. General Objects

In both IPv4 and IPv6 there are only a small number of "knobs" for controlling the general IP stack. Most controls will be in a more specific setting, such as for controlling a router or TCP engine.

This MIB defines a total of three general knobs only two of which are used for both IPv4 and IPv6.

Objects are included for both protocols to enable or disable forwarding and to set limits on the lifetime of a packet (ttl or hop count).

The third knob, the timeout period for reassembling fragments, is only defined for IPv4 as IPv6 specifies this value directly.

Each group of objects is required when implementing their respective protocols.

3.2.2. Interface Tables

This MIB includes a pair of tables to convey information about the IPv4 and IPv6 protocols that is interface specific.

Special note should be taken of the administrative status objects. These are defined to allow each protocol to selectively enable or disable interfaces. These objects can be used in conjunction with the ifAdminStatus object to manipulate the interfaces as necessary. With these three objects an interface may be enabled or disabled completely as well as connected to the IPv4 stack, the IPv6 stack or both stacks. Setting ifAdminStatus to "down" should not affect the protocol specific status objects.

Each interface table is required when implementing their respective protocols.

3.2.3. IP Statistics Tables

The IP statistics tables (ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable) contain objects to count the number of datagrams and octets that a given entity has processed. Unlike the previous attempt this document uses a single table for multiple address types. Typically the only two types of interest are IPv4 and IPv6 however the table can support other types if necessary.

The first table, ipSystemStatsTable, conveys system wide information. (That is, the various counters are for all interfaces and not a specific set of interfaces.) Its index is formed from a single sub-id that represents the address type for which the statistics were counted.

The second table, ipIfStatsTable, conveys interface specific information. Its index is formed from two sub-ids. The first represents the address type (IPv4 and IPv6) and the interface within that address type is represented by the second sub-id.

The two tables have a similar set of objects which are intended to count the same things except for the difference in granularity. The object ID "ipSystemStatsEntry.2" is reserved in order to align the object ids of the counters in the first table with their counterparts in the second table.

Several objects of note are ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime, ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime, ipSystemsStatsRefreshRate and ipIfStatsRefreshRate. These objects provide information about the row in the table more than about the system itself.

The discontinuity objects allow a management entity to determine if a discontinuity event which would invalidate the management entity's understanding of the counters has occurred. The system being reinitialized or the interface being cycled are possible examples of a discontinuity event.

The refresh objects allow a management entity to determine a proper polling interval for the rest of the objects.

The following Case diagram represents the general ordering of the packet counters. In order to avoid extra clutter the prefixes "ipSystemStats" and "ipIfStats" have been removed from each of the counter names.

from	from
interface	upper
	layers
V	V
1	1

```
+ OutRequests
+ InReceives (1)
+--> InHdrErrors (5)
                                           +--> OutNoRoutes
+->-+ InMcastPkts (1)
| V
+-<-+
+->-+ InBcastPkts (1)
| V
+-<-+
+--> InTruncatedPkts (5)
+--> InAddrErrors
+--> InDiscards (2)
| InForwDatagrams (6) | OutForwDatagrams (6)|
                                          +->-+ OutFragReqds
                 InNoRoutes
                                           | | (packets)
/ (local packet (3)
| IF is that of the address
                                         | +--> OutFragFails
| and may not be the receiving IF)
                                         | | (packets)
+->-+ ReasmReqds (fragments)
                                          +-<-+ OutFragCreates
                                          | (fragments)
+--> ReasmFails (fragments (4))
                                          +->-+ OutMcastPkts (1)
                                           +-<-+
+-<-+ ReasmOKs (reassembled packets)
                                           +->-+ OutBcastPkts (1)
                                           +-<-+
+--> InUnknownProtos
+--> InDiscards (2)
                                           +--> OutDiscards (2)
+ InDelivers
                                           + OutTransmits (1)
```

|
V|
Vtotoupperinterfacelayers

- (1) The HC counters and octet counters are also found at these points but have been left out for clarity.
- (2) The discard counters may increment at any time in the processing path. Packets discared to the left of InNoRoutes cause the InDiscards counter to increment while those discarded to the right are counted in the OutDiscards counters.
- (3) Local packets on the input side are counted on the interface associated with their destination address, which may not be the interface on which they were received. This requirement is caused by the possibility of losing the original interface during processing, especially re-assembly.
- (4) Some re-assembly algorithms may lose track of the number of fragments during processing and so some fragments may not be counted in this object.
- (5) InTruncatedPkts should only be incremented if the frame contained a valid header but was otherwise shorter than required. Frames that are too short to contain a valid header should be counted as InHdrErrors.
- (6) The forwarding objects may be incremented even for packets that were originated locally or are destined for the local host if their addresses are such that the local host would need to forward the packet to pass it to the correct interface.

The objects in both tables are spread amongst several conformance groups based on the bandwidth required to wrap the counters within an hour. The base system group is mandatory for all entities. The other system groups are optional depending on bandwidth. The interface specificgroups are optional.

3.2.4. Internet Address Prefix Table

This table provides information about the prefixes that this entity is using including their lifetimes. This table provides a convenient place to which other tables that make use of prefixes, such as the ipAddressTable, may point. By including this table the MIB can supply the prefix information for all addresses yet minimize the amount of duplication required in storing and accessing this data. This

arrangement also makes the relationship between addresses that have the same prefix clear.

This table is required for IPv6 entities.

3.2.5. Internet Address Table

This table lists the IP addresses (both IPv4 and IPv6) used by this entity. It also includes some basic information about how and when the address was formed and last updated. This table allows a manager to determine who a given entity thinks it is.

This table is required for all IP entities.

3.2.6. Internet Address Translation Table

This table provides a mapping between IP layer addresses and physical addresses as would be formed by either ARP for IPv4 or the neighbor discovery protocol for IPv6.

3.2.7. IPv6 Scope Zone Index

This table specifies the zone index to interface mapping. By examining the table a manager can determine which groups of interfaces are within a particular zone for a given scope.

The zone index information is only valid within a given entity, the indexes used on one entity may not be comparable to those used on a different entity.

This table is required for IPv6 entities.

3.2.8. Default Router Table

This table lists the default routers known to this entity. This table is intended to be a simple list to display the information end nodes may have been configured with or acquired through a simple system such as IPv6 router advertisements. Managers attempting to view more complicated routing information should examine the routing specific tables from other MIBs.

This table is required for all entities.

3.2.9. Router Advertisement Table

This table contains the non-routing information that an IPv6 router would use in constructing a router advertisement message. It does not contain information about the prefixes or other routing specific information that the router might advertise. The router should acquire such information from either the routing tables or from some routing table specific MIB.

This table is only required for IPv6 router entities.

3.2.10. ICMP Statistics Tables

There are two sets of statistics for ICMP. The first contains a simple set of counters to track the number of ICMP messages and errors processed by this entity.

The second supplies more detail about the ICMP messages processed by this entity. Its index is formed from two sub-ids. The first represents the address type (IPv4 and IPv6) and the particular message type being counted is represented by the second sub-id.

Both of these tables are required for all entities.

3.2.11. Conformance and Compliance

This MIB contains several sets of objects. Some of these sets are useful on all types of entities while others are only useful on a limited subset of entities. The conformance section attempts to group the objects into sets that may be discussed as units and the compliance section then details which of these units are required in various circumstances.

The circumstances used in the compliance section are implementing IPv4, IPv6 or IPv6 router functions and having bandwidth less than 20MB, between 20MB and 650MB or greater than 650MB.

3.2.12. Deprecated Objects

This MIB also includes a set of deprecated objects from pervious iterations. They are included as part of the historical record.

4. Updating Implementations

There are several general classes of change that are required.

The first and most major change is that most of the previous objects have different object ids and additional indexes to support the possibility of different address types. The general counters for IP and ICMP are examples of this. They have been moved to the ipSystemStatsTable and inetIcmpMsgTable respectively.

The second change is the extension of all address objects to allow for both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and the addition of an address type object to specify what address type is in use.

The third change is the addition of several new objects to the replacement for a previously existing table such as inetNetToMedia.

The fourth change is the addition of completely new tables such as ipIfStatsTable and ipDefaultRouterTable. The first is based on the previous statistics groups while the second is completely new to this MIB.

4.1. Updating an implementation of the IPv4-only IP-MIB

The somewhat more specific changes that are required for IPv4 follow. Note well: this is not meant to be an exhaustive list and the reader should examine the MIB for full details.

Several of the general objects (ipForwarding, ipDefaultTTL, ipReasmTimeout) remain unchanged.

Most of the rest of the general objects were counters and have been moved into the ipSystemStatsTable. The basic instrumentation should remain the same though the object definitions should be checked for any clarifications. If they aren't already in a structure putting the counter variables in one would be useful. Several new objects have been added to count additional items, instrumentation code must be added for these objects. Finally the SNMP routines must be updated to handle the new indexing.

In addition to the ipSystemStatsTable the MIB includes the ipIfStatsTable. This table counts the same items as the system table but does so on a per interface basis. It is optional and may be ignored. If you decide to implement it you may wish to arrange to collect the data on a per-interface basis and then sum those counters in order to provide the aggregate system level statistics. However if you

choose to provide the system level statistics by summing the interface level counters no interface level statistics can be lost - if an interface is removed the statistics associated with it must be retained.

The ipAddrTable has, loosely, been converted to the ipAddressTable. While the general idea remains the same the ipAddressTable is sufficiently different that writing new code may be easier than updating old code. The primary difference is the addition of several new objects. In addition the ipAdEntReasmMaxSize has been moved to another table, ipv4InterfaceTable. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ipNetToMediaTable has been moved to the inetNetToMediaTable. These tables are fairly similar and updating the old code may be straightforward. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

Two new tables, ipv4InterfaceTable and ipDefaultRouterTable, are required as well as several new ICMP counters.

Finally there are several tables that are required for IPv6 but are optional for IPv4 that you may elect to implement.

4.2. Updating an implementation of the IPv6-MIB

The somewhat more specific changes that are required for IPv6 follow. Note well: this is not meant to be an exhaustive list and the reader should examine the MIB for full details.

Two of the general objects, ipv6Forwarding and ipv6DefaultHopLimit, have been renamed and given new object identifiers within the ip branch but are otherwise unchanged. The new names are ip6Forwarding and ip6DefaultHopLimit.

While there is an ipv6InterfaceTable that contains some of the pieces from the ipv6IfTable the two are somewhat different in concept. The ipv6IfTable was meant to replicate the ifTable while the ipv6InterfaceTable is meant to be an addition to the ifTable. As such items that were duplicated between the ifTable and ipv6IfTable have been removed and some new objects added.

The ipv6IfStatsTable most closely resembles the ipIfStatsTable with an additional index for the address type and most of the instrumentation should be re-usable. Some new objects have been added to the ipIfStatsTable. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing. Finally the ipIfStatsTable is optional and may be ignored.

The ipSystemStatsTable is effectively new, but it may be able to make use of most of the instrumentation from the old ipv6IfStatsTable. As with the IPv4 discussion one implementation strategy would be to count the statistics for the ipIfStatsTable and aggregate them when queried for this table. Again, as with the IPv4 discussion, this strategy only works if the interfaces can not be removed or if the statistics for removed interfaces are somehow retained.

The ipv6AddrPrefixTable is now the ipAddressPrefixTable. The new table contains an extra object and the additional index required for IPv4 compatibility. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ipAddressTable is loosely based on the ipv6AddrTable but has changed considerably with the addition of several new objects and the removal of one of its indexes.

The IPv6 routing information (ipv6RouteNumber, ipv6DiscardedRoutes and ipv6RouteTable) has been removed from this MIB. The replacements or updates for this information is in the update to the IP Forwarding Table MIB [16]. The ipv6NetToMediaTable has been converted to the inetNetToMediaTable. The new table contains an extra object and the additional index required for IPv4 compatibility. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ICMP tables have been substantially changed. The previous tables required counting on a per-message and per-interface basis. The new tables only require counting on a per-message per-protocol basis and include an aggregate of all messages on a per-protocol basis.

In addition to the above several new tables have been added. Both the ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable and ipDefaultRouterTable are required on all IPv6 entities. The ipv6RouterAdvertTable is only required on IPv6 routers.

Definitions

IP-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,
Integer32, Counter32, IpAddress,
mib-2, Unsigned32, Counter64,
zeroDotZero FROM SNMPv2-SMI
PhysAddress, TruthValue,
TimeStamp, RowPointer,
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, TestAndIncr,

```
RowStatus, StorageType
                                       FROM SNMPv2-TC
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
                                       FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    InetAddress, InetAddressType,
    InetAddressPrefixLength,
    InetVersion, InetZoneIndex
                                      FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB
    InterfaceIndex
                                       FROM IF-MIB;
ipMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "200312280000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "IETF IPv6 MIB Revision Team"
    CONTACT-INFO
           "Editor:
            Shawn A. Routhier
            Wind River
            500 Wind River Way
            Alameda, CA
            USA
            Phone: +1 510 749 2095
            EMail: <shawn.routhier@windriver.com>"
    DESCRIPTION
           "The MIB module for managing IP and ICMP implementations, but
            excluding their management of IP routes.
            Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2003). This version of
            this MIB module is part of RFC xxxx; see the RFC itself for
            full legal notices."
                  "200312280000Z"
    REVISION
    DESCRIPTION
           "Update and clarify the IP version neutral revision as well
            as add IPv6 objects for ND, default routers and router
            advertisements."
                  "200107130000Z"
    REVISION
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP version neutral revision."
                "199411010000Z"
    REVISION
    DESCRIPTION
           "Published separately as RFC 2011."
    REVISION
                  "199103310000Z"
    DESCRIPTION
           "The initial revision of this MIB module was part of MIB-II."
    ::= { mib-2 48}
-- The textual conventions we define and use in this MIB.
```

```
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
```

"The origin of the address.

manual(2) indicates that the address was manually configured to a specified address, e.g by user configuration.

wellknown(3) indicates an address constructed from a well-known value, e.g. an IANA-assigned anycast address.

dhcp(4) indicates an address that was assigned to this system by a DHCP server.

random(6) indicates an address chosen by the system at random, e.g. an IPv4 address within 169.254/16, or an $\underline{\sf RFC}$ 3041 privacy address."

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    other(1),
    manual(2),
    wellknown(3),
    dhcp(4),
    linklayer(5),
    random(6)
}
```

IpAddressStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The status of an address. Most of the states correspond to states from the IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfiguration protocol [5].

The preferred(1) state indicates that this is a valid address that can appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

The deprecated(2) state indicates that this is a valid but deprecated address that should no longer be used as a source address in new communications, but packets addressed to such an address are processed as expected.

The invalid(3) state indicates that this is not valid address which should not appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

The inaccessible(4) state indicates that the address is not accessible because the interface to which this address is assigned is not operational.

The unknown(5) state indicates that the status can not be determined for some reason.

The tentative(6) state indicates the uniqueness of the address on the link is being verified. Addresses in this state should not be used for general communication and should only be used to determine the uniqueness of the address.

The duplicate(7) state indicates the address has been determined to be non-unique on the link and so must not be used.

In the absence of other information, an IPv4 address is always preferred(1)."

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    preferred(1),
    deprecated(2),
    invalid(3),
    inaccessible(4),
    unknown(5),
    tentative(6),
    duplicate(7)
}
```

"The origin of this prefix.

manual(2) indicates a prefix that was manually configured.

wellknown(3) indicates a well-known prefix, e.g. 169.254/16 for IPv4 auto-configuration or fe80::/10 for IPv6 link-local addresses. Well known prefixes may be assigned by IANA or the address registries or by specification in a standards track RFC.

dhcp(4) indicates a prefix that was assigned by a DHCP server.

routeradv(5) indicates a prefix learned from a router advertisement.

```
Note: while IpAddressOrigin and IpAddressPrefixOrigin are
            similar they are not identical. The first defines how an
            address was created while the second defines how a prefix
            was found."
               INTEGER {
    SYNTAX
        other(1),
        manual(2),
        wellknown(3),
        dhcp(4),
        routeradv(5)
    }
Ipv6AddressIfIdentifier ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
     DISPLAY-HINT "2x:"
     STATUS
                 current
     DESCRIPTION
       "This data type is used to model IPv6 address
       interface identifiers. This is a binary string
        of up to 8 octets in network byte-order."
     SYNTAX
                 OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..8))
-- the IP general group
-- some objects that affect all of IPv4
         OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 4 }
ip
ipForwarding OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                    forwarding(1), -- acting as a router
                    notForwarding(2) -- NOT acting as a router
               }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv4
            router in respect to the forwarding of datagrams received
            by, but not addressed to, this entity. IPv4 routers forward
            datagrams. IPv4 hosts do not (except those source-routed
            via the host).
           When this object is written the entity should save the
            change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system.
            Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object
            was previously defined."
    ::= { ip 1 }
```

```
ipDefaultTTL OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER (1..255)
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The default value inserted into the Time-To-Live field of
            the IPv4 header of datagrams originated at this entity,
            whenever a TTL value is not supplied by the transport layer
            protocol.
            When this object is written the entity should save the
            change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system.
            Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object
            was previously defined."
    ::= { ip 2 }
ipReasmTimeout OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Integer32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The maximum number of seconds which received fragments are
            held while they are awaiting reassembly at this entity."
    ::= { ip 13 }
-- the IPv6 general group
-- Some objects that affect all of IPv6
ip6Forwarding OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                    forwarding(1), -- acting as a router
                    notForwarding(2) -- NOT acting as a router
               }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv6
            router on any interface in respect to the forwarding of
            datagrams received by, but not addressed to, this entity.
            IPv6 routers forward datagrams. IPv6 hosts do not (except
            those source-routed via the host).
```

When this object is written the entity SHOULD save the change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."

```
::= { ip 25 }
ip6DefaultHopLimit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              INTEGER (0..255)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The default value inserted into the Hop Limit field of the
            IPv6 header of datagrams originated at this entity, whenever
            a Hop Limit value is not supplied by the transport layer
            protocol.
            When this object is written the entity SHOULD save the
            change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.3.2"
    ::= { ip 26 }
-- IPv4 Interface Table
ipv4IfTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            a row in the ipv4InterfaceTable was added or deleted or when
            an ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize or an ipv4InterfaceAdminStatus
            object was modified.
            If new objects are added to the ipv6InterfaceTable that
            require the ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange to be updated when
            they are modified they must specify that requirement in
            their description clause."
    ::= { ip 27 }
ipv4InterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE
              SEQUENCE OF Ipv4InterfaceEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing per-interface IPv4-specific
            information."
    ::= { ip 28 }
```

ipv4InterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX
               Ipv4InterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An entry containing IPv4-specific information for a specific
            interface."
    INDEX { ipv4InterfaceIfIndex }
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceTable 1 }
Ipv4InterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipv4InterfaceIfIndex
                                     InterfaceIndex,
        ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize
                                     Integer32,
        ipv4InterfaceAdminStatus
                                     INTEGER,
        ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime Unsigned32
    }
ipv4InterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 1 }
ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
               Integer32 (0..65535)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the largest IPv4 datagram which this entity can
            re-assemble from incoming IPv4 fragmented datagrams received
            on this interface."
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 2 }
ipv4InterfaceAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                 up(1),
                 down(2)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether IPv4 is enabled (up) or disabled
            (down) on this interface. This object does not affect the
            state of the interface itself, only its connection to an
```

```
IPv4 stack. The IF-MIB should be used to control the state
            of the interface."
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 3 }
ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
    UNITS "milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The time between retransmissions of ARP requests to a
            neighbor when resolving the address or when probing the
            reachability of a neighbor."
    REFERENCE "RFC1122"
    DEFVAL { 1000 }
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 4 }
-- v6 interface table
ipv6IfTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
              TimeStamp
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            a row in the ipv6InterfaceTable was added or deleted or when
            an ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize, ipv6InterfaceIdentifier,
            ipv6InterfacePhysicalAddress, ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus,
            ipv6InterfaceReachableTime, ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime or
            ipv6InterfaceForwarding object was modified.
            If new objects are added to the ipv6InterfaceTable that
            require the ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange to be updated when
            they are modified they must specify that requirement in
            their description clause."
    ::= { ip 29 }
ipv6InterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF Ipv6InterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing per-interface IPv6-specific
            information."
```

```
::= { ip 30 }
ipv6InterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Ipv6InterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An entry containing IPv6-specific information for a given
            interface."
    INDEX { ipv6InterfaceIfIndex }
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceTable 1 }
Ipv6InterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipv6InterfaceIfIndex
                                      InterfaceIndex,
        ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize
                                      Unsigned32,
        ipv6InterfaceIdentifier
                                      Ipv6AddressIfIdentifier,
        ipv6InterfacePhysicalAddress
                                      PhysAddress,
        ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus
                                      INTEGER,
        ipv6InterfaceReachableTime
                                      Unsigned32,
                                      Unsigned32,
        ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime
        ipv6InterfaceForwarding
                                      INTEGER
    }
ipv6InterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 1 }
ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (1500..65535)
                "octets"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the largest IPv6 datagram which this entity can
            re-assemble from incoming IPv6 fragmented datagrams received
            on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 2 }
ipv6InterfaceIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Ipv6AddressIfIdentifier
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The Interface Identifier for this interface that is (at
            least) unique on the link this interface is attached to. The
            Interface Identifier is combined with an address prefix to
            form an interface address.
            By default, the Interface Identifier is auto-configured
            according to the rules of the link type this interface is
            attached to."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 3 }
ipv6InterfacePhysicalAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               PhysAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The interface's physical address. For example, for an IPv6
            interface attached to an 802.x link, this object normally
            contains a MAC address. Note that in some cases this address
           may differ from the address of the interface's protocol sub-
            layer. The interface's media-specific MIB must define the
            bit and byte ordering and the format of the value of this
            object. For interfaces which do not have such an address
            (e.g., a serial line), this object should contain an octet
            string of zero length."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 4 }
ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                 up(1),
                 down(2)
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether IPv6 is enabled (up) or disabled
            (down) on this interface. This object does not affect the
            state of the interface itself, only its connection to an
            IPv6 stack. The IF-MIB should be used to control the state
            of the interface.
           When this object is written the entity SHOULD save the
           change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 5 }
```

```
SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
    UNITS "milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The time a neighbor is considered reachable after receiving
            a reachability confirmation."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461, Section 6.3.2"
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 6 }
ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
    UNITS "milliseconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The time between retransmissions of Neighbor Solicitation
            messages to a neighbor when resolving the address or when
            probing the reachability of a neighbor."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461, Section 6.3.2"
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 7 }
ipv6InterfaceForwarding OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                    forwarding(1), -- acting as a router
                    notForwarding(2) -- NOT acting as a router
               }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv6
            router on this interface in respect to the forwarding of
            datagrams received by, but not addressed to, this entity.
            IPv6 routers forward datagrams. IPv6 hosts do not (except
            those source-routed via the host).
            This object is constrained by ip6Forwarding and is ignored
            if ip6Forwarding is set to notForwarding. Those systems
            that do not provide per-interface control of the forwarding
            function should set this object to forwarding for all
            interfaces and allow the ip6Forwarding object to control the
            forwarding capability.
            When this object is written the entity SHOULD save the
            change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 8 }
```

```
-- Per-Interface or System-Wide IP statistics.
-- The following two tables, ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable
-- are intended to provide the same counters at different granularities.
-- The ipSystemStatsTable provides system wide counters aggregating
-- the traffic counters for all interfaces for a given address type.
-- The ipIfStatsTable provides the same counters but for specific
-- interfaces rather than as an aggregate.
-- Note well: If a system provides both system-wide and interface-specific
-- values the system-wide value may not be equal to the sum of the
-- interface-specific values across all interfaces due to e.g. dynamic
-- interface creation/deletion.
ipTrafficStats OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ip 31 }
ipSystemStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpSystemStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing system wide, IP version specific
            traffic statistics. This table and the ipIfStatsTable
            contain similar objects whose difference is in their
            granularity. Where this table contains system wide traffic
            statistics the ipIfStatsTable contains the same statistics
            but counted on a per-interface basis."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 1 }
ipSystemStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpSystemStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A statistics entry containing system-wide objects for a
            particular IP version."
    INDEX { ipSystemStatsIPVersion }
    ::= { ipSystemStatsTable 1 }
IpSystemStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipSystemStatsIPVersion
                                         InetVersion,
        ipSystemStatsInReceives
                                         Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInReceives
                                         Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsInOctets
                                         Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInOctets
                                         Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors
                                         Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes
                                         Counter32,
```

```
ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsReasmReqds
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsReasmOKs
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsReasmFails
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInDiscards
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInDelivers
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutRequests
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutDiscards
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragReqds
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragFails
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutTransmits
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutOctets
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInBcastPkts
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime
                                          TimeStamp,
        ipSystemStatsRefreshRate
                                          Unsigned32
ipSystemStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetVersion
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of this row."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 1 }
```

}

```
-- This object ID is reserved to allow the IDs for this table's objects
-- to align with the objects in the ipIfStatsTable.
-- ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 2 }
ipSystemStatsInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of input IP datagrams received, including
            those received in error.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 3 }
ipSystemStatsHCInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of input IP datagrams received, including
            those received in error. This object counts the same
            datagrams as ipSystemStatsInReceives but allows for larger
            values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 4 }
ipSystemStatsInOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams,
            including those received in error. Octets from datagrams
            counted in ipSystemStatsInReceives MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 5 }
```

```
ipSystemStatsHCInOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams,
            including those received in error. This object counts the
            same octets as ipSystemStatsInOctets but allows for larger
            values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 6 }
ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded due to errors in
            their IP headers, including version number mismatch, other
            format errors, hop count exceeded, errors discovered in
            processing their IP options, etc.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 7 }
ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded because no route
            could be found to transmit them to their destination.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 8 }
ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX

Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the IP address in their IP header's destination field was not a valid address to be received at this entity. This count includes invalid addresses (e.g., ::0) and unsupported addresses (e.g., addresses with unallocated prefixes). For entities which are not IP routers and therefore do not forward datagrams, this counter includes datagrams discarded because the destination address was not a local address.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 9 }

ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of locally-addressed IP datagrams received successfully but discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 10 }

ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the datagram frame didn't carry enough data.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other

```
times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 11 }
ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. In entities which do not act as IP routers,
            this counter will include only those datagrams which were
            Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route
            processing was successful.
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            incoming interface is incremented for each datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 12 }
ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. This object counts the same packets as
            ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 13 }
ipSystemStatsReasmRegds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
```

DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP fragments received which needed to be reassembled at this interface.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the interface to which these fragments were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the fragments.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 14 }

ipSystemStatsReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP datagrams successfully reassembled.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 15 }

ipSystemStatsReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of failures detected by the IP re-assembly algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc.). Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IP fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in RFC 815) can lose track of the number of fragments by combining them as they are received.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the interface to which these fragments were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the fragments.

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 16 }
ipSystemStatsInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams for which no problems were
            encountered to prevent their continued processing, but which
            were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that
            this counter does not include any datagrams discarded while
            awaiting re-assembly.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 17 }
ipSystemStatsInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP
            user-protocols (including ICMP).
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these datagrams were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the datagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 18 }
ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP
```

user-protocols (including ICMP). This object counts the same packets as ipSystemStatsInDelivers but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 19 }

ipSystemStatsOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The total number of IP datagrams which local IP userprotocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for transmission. Note that this counter does not include any datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 20 }

ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The total number of IP datagrams which local IP userprotocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for transmission. This object counts the same packets as ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 21 }

ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of local generated IP datagrams discarded because

no route could be found to transmit them to their destination.

As no route can be found for these datagrams the interface specific instances are not meaningful for this object.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 22 }

ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of datagrams which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. In entities which do not act as IP routers, this counter will include only those datagrams which were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route processing was successful.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully forwarded datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 23 }

ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of datagrams which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. This object counts the same packets as ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of

```
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 24 }
ipSystemStatsOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of output IP datagrams for which no problem was
            encountered to prevent their transmission to their
            destination, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of
            buffer space). Note that this counter would include
            datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams if any
            such datagrams met this (discretionary) discard criterion.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 25 }
ipSystemStatsOutFragReqds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that would require fragmentation
            in order to be transmitted.
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 26 }
ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that have been successfully
            fragmented.
```

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the

outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 27 }

ipSystemStatsOutFragFails OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP datagrams that have been discarded because they needed to be fragmented but could not be. This includes IPv4 packets that have the DF bit set and IPv6 packets that are being forwarded and exceed the outgoing link MTU.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for an unsuccessfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 28 }

ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of output datagram fragments that have been generated as a result of IP fragmentation.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 29 }

```
ipSystemStatsOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
            to the lower layers for transmission. This includes
            datagrams generated local and those forwarded by this
            entity.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 30 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
            to the lower layers for transmission. This object counts
            the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsOutTransmits but allows
            for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 31 }
ipSystemStatsOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. Octets from datagrams
            counted in ipSystemStatsOutTransmits MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 32 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX

Counter64

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. This objects counts the same
            octets as ipSystemStatsOutOctets but allows for larger
            values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 33 }
ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 34 }
ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received. This object
           counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts but
            allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 35 }
ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
```

"The total number of octets received in IP multicast datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts MUST be counted here. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 36 } ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The total number of octets received in IP multicast datagrams. This object counts the same octets as ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets but allows for larger values. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 37 } ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 38 } ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted. This object counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at

```
re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 39 }
ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
            ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 40 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. This object counts the same octets as
            ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 41 }
ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 42 }
```

```
ipSystemStatsHCInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
   STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received. This object
           counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts but
            allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 43 }
ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 44 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted. This
            object counts the same datagrams as
            ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 45 }
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            any one or more of this entry's counters suffered a
            discontinuity.
            If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 46 }
ipSystemStatsRefreshRate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
    UNITS "milli-seconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The minimum reasonable polling interval for this entry.
            This object provides an indication of the minimum amount of
            time required to update the counters in this entry."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 47 }
ipIfStatsTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            a row in the ipIfStatsTable was added or deleted.
            If new objects are added to the ipIfStatsTable that require
            the ipIfStatsTableLastChange to be updated when they are
            modified they must specify that requirement in their
            description clause."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 2 }
ipIfStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpIfStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing per-interface traffic statistics. This
            table and the ipSystemStatsTable contain similar objects
            whose difference is in their granularity. Where this table
            contains per-interface statistics the ipSystemStatsTable
            contains the same statistics but counted on a system wide
            basis."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 3 }
```

```
ipIfStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpIfStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An interface statistics entry containing objects for a
            particular interface and version of IP."
    INDEX { ipIfStatsIPVersion, ipIfStatsIfIndex }
    ::= { ipIfStatsTable 1 }
IpIfStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipIfStatsIPVersion
                                      InetVersion,
        ipIfStatsIfIndex
                                      InterfaceIndex,
        ipIfStatsInReceives
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInReceives
                                      Counter64,
        ipIfStatsInOctets
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInOctets
                                      Counter64,
        ipIfStatsInHdrErrors
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInNoRoutes
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInAddrErrors
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInUnknownProtos
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams
                                      Counter64,
        ipIfStatsReasmReqds
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsReasm0Ks
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsReasmFails
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInDiscards
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInDelivers
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInDelivers
                                      Counter64,
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsOutRequests
        ipIfStatsHCOutRequests
                                      Counter64,
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsOutNoRoutes
        ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams
                                      Counter64,
        ipIfStatsOutDiscards
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsOutFragReqds
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsOutFragOKs
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsOutFragFails
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsOutFragCreates
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsOutTransmits
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits
                                      Counter64,
        ipIfStatsOutOctets
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCOutOctets
                                      Counter64,
        ipIfStatsInMcastPkts
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts
                                      Counter64,
        ipIfStatsInMcastOctets
                                      Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets
                                      Counter64,
```

```
ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts
                                     Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts
                                     Counter64,
        ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets
                                     Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets
                                     Counter64,
        ipIfStatsInBcastPkts
                                     Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts
                                     Counter64,
        ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts
                                     Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts
                                     Counter64,
        ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime
                                     TimeStamp,
        ipIfStatsRefreshRate
                                     Unsigned32
    }
ipIfStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetVersion
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of this row."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 1 }
ipIfStatsIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 2 }
ipIfStatsInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of input IP datagrams received, including
            those received in error.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 3 }
ipIfStatsHCInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of input IP datagrams received, including those received in error. This object counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsInReceives but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 4 }

ipIfStatsInOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams, including those received in error. Octets from datagrams counted in ipIfStatsInReceives MUST be counted here.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 5 }

ipIfStatsHCInOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams, including those received in error. This object counts the same octets as ipIfStatsInOctets but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 6 }

ipIfStatsInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded due to errors in their IP headers, including version number mismatch, other format errors, hop count exceeded, errors discovered in processing their IP options, etc.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 7 }

ipIfStatsInNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because no route could be found to transmit them to their destination.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 8 }

ipIfStatsInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the IP address in their IP header's destination field was not a valid address to be received at this entity. This count includes invalid addresses (e.g., ::0) and unsupported addresses (e.g., addresses with unallocated prefixes). For entities which are not IP routers and therefore do not forward datagrams, this counter includes datagrams discarded because the destination address was not a local address.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 9 }

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of locally-addressed IP datagrams received successfully but discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 10 }

ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the datagram frame didn't carry enough data.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 11 }

ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which this entity attempted to find a route to forward them to that final destination. In entities which do not act as IP routers, this counter will include only those datagrams which were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route processing was successful.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the incoming interface is incremented for each datagram.

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 12 }
ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. This object counts the same packets as
            ipIfInForwDatagrams but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 13 }
ipIfStatsReasmRegds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP fragments received which needed to be
            reassembled at this interface.
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these fragments were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the fragments.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 14 }
ipIfStatsReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams successfully reassembled.
```

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When tracking interface statistics the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 15 }

ipIfStatsReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of failures detected by the IP re-assembly algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc.). Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IP fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in RFC 815) can lose track of the number of fragments by combining them as they are received.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the interface to which these fragments were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the fragments.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 16 }

ipIfStatsInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams for which no problems were encountered to prevent their continued processing, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter does not include any datagrams discarded while awaiting re-assembly.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of

```
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 17 }
ipIfStatsInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP
            user-protocols (including ICMP).
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these datagrams were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the datagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 18 }
ipIfStatsHCInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP
            user-protocols (including ICMP). This object counts the
            same packets as ipIfStatsInDelivers but allows for larger
            values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 19 }
ipIfStatsOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams which local IP user-
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for
            transmission. Note that this counter does not include any
```

datagrams counted in ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams.

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 20 }
ipIfStatsHCOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams which local IP user-
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for
            transmission. This object counts the same packets as
            ipIfStatsHCOutRequests but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 21 }
ipIfStatsOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of local generated IP datagrams discarded because
            no route could be found to transmit them to their
            destination.
            As no route can be found for these datagrams the interface
            specific instances are not meaningful for this object.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 22 }
ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of datagrams which this entity was not their
            final IP destination and for which it was successful in
```

finding a path to their final destination. In entities

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which do not act as IP routers, this counter will include only those datagrams which were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route processing was successful.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully forwarded datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 23 }

 ${\tt ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams}\ {\tt OBJECT-TYPE}$

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of datagrams which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. This object counts the same packets as ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 24 }

ipIfStatsOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of output IP datagrams for which no problem was encountered to prevent their transmission to their destination, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter would include datagrams counted in ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams if any such datagrams met this (discretionary) discard criterion.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

```
::= { ipIfStatsEntry 25 }
ipIfStatsOutFragReqds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that would require fragmentation
            in order to be transmitted.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 26 }
ipIfStatsOutFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that have been successfully
           fragmented.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 27 }
ipIfStatsOutFragFails OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that have been discarded because
            they needed to be fragmented but could not be. This
            includes IPv4 packets that have the DF bit set and IPv6
```

packets that are being forwarded and exceed the outgoing

link MTU.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for an unsuccessfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 28 }

ipIfStatsOutFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of output datagram fragments that have been generated as a result of IP fragmentation.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 29 }

ipIfStatsOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied to the lower layers for transmission. This includes datagrams generated local and those forwarded by this entity.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 30 }

ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current INTERNET-DRAFT Expires: June 2004 December 2003

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied to the lower layers for transmission. This object counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutTransmits but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 31 }

ipIfStatsOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the lower layers for transmission. Octets from datagrams counted in ipIfStatsOutTransmits MUST be counted here.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 32 }

ipIfStatsHCOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the lower layers for transmission. This objects counts the same octets as ipIfStatsOutOctets but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 33 }

ipIfStatsInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP multicast datagrams received.

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 34 }
ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsInMcastPkts but allows
            for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 35 }
ipIfStatsInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
            ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 36 }
ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. This object counts the same octets as
            ipIfStatsInMcastOctets but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
```

re-initialization of the management system, and at other

times as indicated by the value of

```
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 37 }
ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 38 }
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted. This
            object counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts
            but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 39 }
ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
            ipIfStatsInMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 40 }
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter64
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. This object counts the same octets as
            ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 41 }
ipIfStatsInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 42 }
ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter64
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsInBcastPkts but allows
            for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 43 }
ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted.
```

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 44 }
ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted. This
            object counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts
            but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 45 }
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            any one or more of this entry's counters suffered a
            discontinuity.
            If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 46 }
ipIfStatsRefreshRate OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
    UNITS "milli-seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The minimum reasonable polling interval for this entry.
            This object provides an indication of the minimum amount of
            time required to update the counters in this entry."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 47 }
```

```
-- Internet Address Prefix table
ipAddressPrefixTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              SEQUENCE OF IpAddressPrefixEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This table allows the user to determine the source of an IP
            address or set of IP addresses and allows other tables to
            share the information via pointer rather than by copying.
            For example when the node configures both a unicast and
            anycast address for a prefix the ipAddressPrefix objects for
            those addresses will point to a single row in this table.
           This table primarily provides support for IPv6 prefixes and
            several of the objects are less meaningful for IPv4. The
            table continues to allow IPv4 addresses to allow future
            flexibility. In order to promote a common configuration
            this document includes suggestions for default values for
            IPv4 prefixes. Each of these values may be overridden if an
            object is meaningful to the node.
           All prefixes used by this entity should be included in this
            table independent of how the entity learned the prefix.
            (This table isn't limited to prefixes learned from router
            advertisements.) "
    ::= { ip 32 }
ipAddressPrefixEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              IpAddressPrefixEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "inet prefix entry"
             { ipAddressPrefixIfIndex, ipAddressPrefixType,
    INDEX
               ipAddressPrefixPrefix, ipAddressPrefixLength }
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixTable 1 }
IpAddressPrefixEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipAddressPrefixIfIndex
                                             InterfaceIndex,
        ipAddressPrefixType
                                             InetAddressType,
        ipAddressPrefixPrefix
                                             InetAddress,
        ipAddressPrefixLength
                                             InetAddressPrefixLength,
        ipAddressPrefixOrigin
                                             IpAddressPrefixOrigin,
        ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag
                                             TruthValue,
```

```
ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag
                                             TruthValue,
        ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime Unsigned32,
        ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime
                                             Unsigned32
    }
ipAddressPrefixIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface on
            which this prefix is configured. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 1 }
ipAddressPrefixType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The address type of ipAddressPrefix."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 2 }
ipAddressPrefixPrefix OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddress
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The address prefix. This object is the standard length for
            objects of the type specified in ipAddressPrefixType (4 or
            16 bytes). Any bits after ipAddressPrefixLength must be
            zero.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
            ipAddressPrefixPrefix exceeds 114 octets than OIDS of
            instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
            sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c
            or SNMPv3."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 3 }
ipAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressPrefixLength
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The prefix length associated with this prefix."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 4 }
```

```
ipAddressPrefixOrigin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddressPrefixOrigin
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The origin of this prefix."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 5 }
ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "This object has the value 'true(1)', if this prefix can be
            used for on-link determination and the value 'false(2)'
            otherwise.
            The default for IPv4 prefixes is 'true(1)'."
    REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC2461, especially sections 2 and 4.6.2 and
RFC2462"
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 6 }
ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "Autonomous address configuration flag. When true(1),
            indicates that this prefix can be used for autonomous
            address configuration (i.e. can be used to form a local
            interface address). If false(2), it is not used to auto-
            configure a local interface address.
            The default for IPv4 prefixes is 'false(2)'."
    REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC2461, especially sections 2 and 4.6.2 and
RFC2462"
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 7 }
ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
                "seconds"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The remaining length of time in seconds that this prefix
            will continue to be preferred, i.e. time until deprecation.
            A value of 4,294,967,295 represents infinity.
```

The address generated from a deprecated prefix should no longer be used as a source address in new communications,

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but packets received on such an interface are processed as expected.

The default for IPv4 prefixes is 4,294,967,295 (infinity)." REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC2461, especially sections $\underline{2}$ and $\underline{4.6.2}$ and RFC2462"

::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 8 }

ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32
UNITS "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The remaining length of time, in seconds, that this prefix will continue to be valid, i.e. time until invalidation. A value of 4,294,967,295 represents infinity.

The address generated from an invalidated prefix should not appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

The default for IPv4 prefixes is 4,294,967,295 (infinity)." REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC2461, especially sections $\underline{2}$ and $\underline{4.6.2}$ and RFC2462"

::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 9 }

--- Internet Address Table
-ipAddressSpinLock OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX TestAndIncr

MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An advisory lock used to allow cooperating SNMP managers to coordinate their use of the set operation in creating or modifying rows within this table.

In order to use this lock to coordinate the use of set operations managers should first retrieve ipvAddressTableSpinLock. They should then determine the appropriate row to create or modify. Finally they should issue the appropriate set command including the retrieved value of ipAddressSpinLock. If another manager has altered the table in the meantime, then the value of ipAddressSpinLock will have changed and the creation will

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```
ipAddressSpinLock.
    ::= { ip 33 }
ipAddressTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpAddressEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This table contains addressing information relevant to the
            entity's interfaces.
            This table does not contain multicast address information.
            Tables for such information should be contained in multicast
            specific MIBs such as <a href="https://example.com/RFC3019">RFC3019</a>.
            Note well: When including IPv6 link-local addresses in this
            table the entry must use an InetAddressType of 'ipv6z' in
            order to differentiate between the possible interfaces."
    ::= { ip 34 }
ipAddressEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddressEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An address mapping for a particular interface."
    INDEX { ipAddressAddrType, ipAddressAddr }
    ::= { ipAddressTable 1 }
IpAddressEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipAddressAddrType
                               InetAddressType,
        ipAddressAddr
                               InetAddress,
        ipAddressIfIndex
                               InterfaceIndex,
        ipAddressType
                               INTEGER,
        ipAddressPrefix
                               RowPointer,
        ipAddressOrigin
                               IpAddressOrigin,
        ipAddressStatus
                               IpAddressStatus,
        ipAddressCreated
                               TimeStamp,
        ipAddressLastChanged TimeStamp,
        ipAddressRowStatus
                               RowStatus,
        ipAddressStorageType StorageType
    }
ipAddressAddrType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The address type of ipAddressAddr."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 1 }
ipAddressAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP address to which this entry's addressing information
            pertains.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
            ipAddressAddr exceeds 116 octets than OIDS of instances of
            columns in this row will have more than 128 sub-identifiers
            and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c or SNMPv3."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 2 }
ipAddressIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
           InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
           which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 3 }
ipAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                 unicast(1),
                 anycast(2),
                 broadcast(3)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of address. broadcast(3) is not a valid value for
            IPv6 addresses (RFC3513). "
    DEFVAL { unicast }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 4 }
ipAddressPrefix OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              RowPointer
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A pointer to the row in the prefix table to which this
```

```
address belongs. May be { 0 0 } if there is no such row."
    DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 5 }
ipAddressOrigin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              IpAddressOrigin
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The origin of the address."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 6 }
ipAddressStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddressStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of the address, describing if the address can be
           used for communication.
            In the absence of other information, an IPv4 address is
            always preferred(1)."
    DEFVAL { preferred }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 7 }
ipAddressCreated OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was created.
            If this entry was created prior to the last re-
            initialization of the local network management subsystem,
            then this object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 8 }
ipAddressLastChanged OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was last
            updated. If this entry was updated prior to the last re-
            initialization of the local network management subsystem,
            then this object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 9 }
ipAddressRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The status of this conceptual row.

The RowStatus TC requires that this states under which circumstances of the readified. The realize of this
```

The RowStatus TC requires that this DESCRIPTION clause states under which circumstances other objects in this row can be modified. The value of this object has no effect on whether other objects in this conceptual row can be modified.

-- the Internet Address Translation table --

inetNetToMediaTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF InetNetToMediaEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION

"The IP Address Translation table used for mapping from IP addresses to physical addresses.

The Address Translation tables contain the IP address to 'physical' address equivalences. Some interfaces do not use translation tables for determining address equivalences (e.g., DDN-X.25 has an algorithmic method); if all interfaces are of this type, then the Address Translation table is empty, i.e., has zero entries.

While many protocols may be used to populate this table, ARP [10] and Neighbor Discovery [4] are the most likely

```
options."
    ::= { ip 35 }
inetNetToMediaEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InetNetToMediaEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "Each entry contains one IP address to `physical' address
           equivalence."
    INDEX
               { inetNetToMediaIfIndex,
                 inetNetToMediaNetAddressType,
                 inetNetToMediaNetAddress }
    ::= { inetNetToMediaTable 1 }
InetNetToMediaEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       inetNetToMediaIfIndex
                                     InterfaceIndex,
       inetNetToMediaNetAddressType InetAddressType,
       inetNetToMediaNetAddress
                                     InetAddress,
       inetNetToMediaPhysAddress
                                     PhysAddress,
       inetNetToMediaLastUpdated
                                     TimeStamp,
       inetNetToMediaType
                                     INTEGER,
       inetNetToMediaState
                                     INTEGER
    }
inetNetToMediaIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             InterfaceIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
           which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
           a particular value of this index is the same interface as
           identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { inetNetToMediaEntry 1 }
inetNetToMediaNetAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
              InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The type of inetNetToMediaNetAddress."
    ::= { inetNetToMediaEntry 2 }
inetNetToMediaNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
```

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```
DESCRIPTION
           "The IP Address corresponding to the media-dependent
            `physical' address.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
            inetNetToMediaNetAddress exceeds 115 octets than OIDS of
            instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
            sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c
            or SNMPv3."
    ::= { inetNetToMediaEntry 3 }
inetNetToMediaPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
              PhysAddress
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The media-dependent `physical' address.
           As the entries in this table are typically not persistent
           when this object is written the entity SHOULD NOT save the
            change to non-volatile storage."
    ::= { inetNetToMediaEntry 4 }
inetNetToMediaLastUpdated OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was last
            updated. If this entry was updated prior to the last re-
            initialization of the local network management subsystem,
            then this object contains a zero value."
    ::= { inetNetToMediaEntry 5 }
inetNetToMediaType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
               other(1), -- none of the following
                invalid(2),
                                -- an invalidated mapping
                dynamic(3),
                static(4),
                local(5)
                                -- local interface
           }
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of mapping.
           Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect
```

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of invalidating the corresponding entry in the inetNetToMediaTable. That is, it effectively dis-associates the interface identified with said entry from the mapping identified with said entry. It is an implementation-specific matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be prepared to receive tabular information from agents that corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant inetNetToMediaType object.

The 'dynamic(3)' type indicates that the IP address to physical addresses mapping has been dynamically resolved using e.g. IPv4 ARP or the IPv6 Neighbor Discovery protocol.

The 'static(4)' type indicates that the mapping has been statically configured. Both of these refer to entries that provide mappings for other entities addresses.

The 'local(5)' type indicates that the mapping is provided for an entity's own interface address.

As the entries in this table are typically not persistent when this object is written the entity SHOULD NOT save the change to non-volatile storage."

STATUS current

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The Neighbor Unreachability Detection [4] state for the
            interface when the address mapping in this entry is used.
            If Neighbor Unreachability Detection is not in use (e.g. for
            IPv4), this object is always unknown(6)."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461"
    ::= { inetNetToMediaEntry 7 }
-- The IPv6 Scope Zone Index Table.
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table used to describe IPv6 unicast and multicast scope
            zones."
    ::= { ip 36 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains the list of scope identifiers on a given
            interface."
    INDEX { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex }
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable 1 }
Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex
                                             InterfaceIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexAdminLocal
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSiteLocal
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC
                                             InetZoneIndex,
                                              InetZoneIndex
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD
    }
```

```
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
              InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this these scopes belong. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 1 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the link-local scope on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 2 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the subnet-local scope on this
            interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 3 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexAdminLocal OBJECT-TYPE
              InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the admin-local scope on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 4 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSiteLocal OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the site-local scope on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 5 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope 6 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 6 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope 7 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 7 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the organization-local scope on this
            interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 8 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope 9 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 9 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope A on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 10 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope B on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 11 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope C on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 12 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
           InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope D on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 13 }
-- The Default Router Table
-- This table simply lists the default routers, for more information
-- about routing tables see the routing MIBs
ipDefaultRouterTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpDefaultRouterEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table used to describe the default routers known to this
            entity."
    ::= { ip 37 }
ipDefaultRouterEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpDefaultRouterEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains information about a default router known
            to this entity."
    INDEX {ipDefaultRouterAddressType, ipDefaultRouterAddress,
           ipDefaultRouterIfIndex}
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterTable 1 }
IpDefaultRouterEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipDefaultRouterAddressType InetAddressType,
        ipDefaultRouterAddress
                                    InetAddress,
        ipDefaultRouterIfIndex
ipDefaultRouterLifetime
                                    InterfaceIndex,
                                    Unsigned32,
        ipDefaultRouterPreference INTEGER
    }
```

```
ipDefaultRouterAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The address type for this row."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 1 }
ipDefaultRouterAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP address of the default router represented by this
            row.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
            ipDefaultRouterAddress exceeds 115 octets than OIDS of
            instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
            sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c
            or SNMPv3."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 2 }
ipDefaultRouterIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface by
           which the router can be reached. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 3 }
ipDefaultRouterLifetime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..65535)
               "seconds"
    UNITS
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The reamining length of time, in seconds, that this router
           will continue to be useful as a default router. A value of
           zero indicates that it is no longer useful as a default
            router. It is left to the implementor of the MIB as to
           whether a router with a lifetime of zero is removed from the
           list.
```

For IPv6 this value should be extracted from the router

```
advertisement messages.
    REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC2462 sections 4.2 and 6.3.4"
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 4 }
ipDefaultRouterPreference OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                     reserved (-2),
                     low (-1),
                     medium (0),
                     high (1)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An indication of preference given to this router as a
            default router as described in [8]. Treating the value as a
            2 bit signed integer allows for simple arithmetic
            comparisons.
            For IPv4 routers or IPv6 routers that are not using the
            updated router advertisement format this object is set to
            medium (0).
    REFERENCE "draft-ietf-ipv6-router-selection-02.txt, section 2.1
-- RFC Editor
-- Please update this reference as the RFC number is assigned.
_ _ "
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 5 }
-- Configuration information for constructing router advertisements
ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TestAndIncr
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An advisory lock used to allow cooperating SNMP managers to
            coordinate their use of the set operation in creating or
            modifying rows within this table.
            In order to use this lock to coordinate the use of set
            operations managers should first retrieve
            ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. They should then determine the
            appropriate row to create or modify. Finally they should
```

issue the appropriate set command including the retrieved

```
value of ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. If another manager has
            altered the table in the meantime, then the value of
            ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock will have changed and the creation
            will fail as it will be specifying an incorrect value for
            ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. "
    ::= { ip 38 }
ipv6RouterAdvertTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing information used to construct router
            advertisements."
    ::= { ip 39 }
ipv6RouterAdvertEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An entry containing information used to construct router
            advertisements.
            Information in this table is persistent and when this object
            is written the entity SHOULD save the change to non-volatile
            storage."
    INDEX { ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertTable 1 }
Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex
                                         InterfaceIndex,
        ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts
                                         TruthValue,
        ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag
                                         TruthValue,
        ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag
                                         TruthValue,
        ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit
                                         Unsigned32,
       ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime
                                         Unsigned32,
                                         RowStatus
        ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus
    }
ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface on
           which router advertisements constructed with this
            information will be transmitted. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 1 }
ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts OBJECT-TYPE
             TruthValue
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A flag indicating whether or not the router sends periodic
           router advertisements and responds to router solicitations
            on this interface."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 2 }
ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32 (4..1800)
              "seconds"
   UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The maximum time allowed between sending unsolicited router
            advertisements from this interface."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { 600 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 3 }
ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (3..1350)
   UNITS
               "seconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The minimum time allowed between sending unsolicited router
           advertisements from this interface.
           The default is 0.33 * ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 4 }
ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TruthValue
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The true/false value to be placed into the 'managed address
           configuration' flag field in router advertisements sent from
           this interface."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
   DEFVAL { false }
   ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 5 }
ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The true/false value to be placed into the 'other stateful
           configuration' flag field in router advertisements sent from
           this interface."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
   DEFVAL { false }
   ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 6 }
ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The value to be placed in MTU options sent by the router on
           this interface.
           A value of zero indicates that no MTU options are sent."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
   DEFVAL { 0 }
   ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 7 }
ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32 (0..3600000)
   SYNTAX
   UNITS "milliseconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The value to be placed in the reachable time field in router
           advertisement messages sent from this interface.
           A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that
           the advertisement isn't specifying a value for reachable
           time."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
```

```
DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 8 }
ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
    UNITS "milliseconds"
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value to be placed in the retransmit timer field in
            router advertisements sent from this interface.
            A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that
            the advertisement isn't specifying a value for retrans
            time."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 9 }
ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (0..255)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The default value to be placed in the current hop limit
            field in router advertisements sent from this interface.
            The value should be set to the current diameter of the
            Internet.
            A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that
            the advertisement isn't specifying a value for curHopLimit.
            The default should be set to the value specified in the
            'Assigned Numbers' RFC that was in effect at the time of
            implementation."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 10 }
ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32 (0|4..9000)
    SYNTAX
    UNITS "seconds"
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value to be placed in the router lifetime field of
            router advertisements sent from this interface. This value
            MUST be either 0 or between ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval and
            9000 seconds.
```

A value of zero indicates that the router is not to be used

```
as a default router.
            The default is 3 * ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 11 }
ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this conceptual row.
            The RowStatus TC requires that this DESCRIPTION clause
            states under which circumstances other objects in this row
            can be modified. The value of this object has no effect on
            whether other objects in this conceptual row can be
            modified."
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 12 }
-- ICMP section
         OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 5 }
icmp
-- ICMP non-message-specific counters
inetIcmpTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF InetIcmpEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table of generic system-wide ICMP counters."
    ::= { icmp 27 }
inetIcmpEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetIcmpEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A conceptual row in the inetIcmpTable."
```

```
{ inetIcmpIPVersion }
    INDEX
    ::= { inetIcmpTable 1 }
InetIcmpEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       inetIcmpIPVersion InetVersion,
       inetIcmpInMsgs
                          Counter32,
       inetIcmpInErrors
                          Counter32,
       inetIcmpOutMsgs
                          Counter32,
       inetIcmpOutErrors Counter32
    }
inetIcmpIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetVersion
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The IP version of the statistics."
    ::= { inetIcmpEntry 1 }
inetIcmpInMsqs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages which the entity received.
           Note that this counter includes all those counted by
            inetIcmpInErrors."
    ::= { inetIcmpEntry 2 }
inetIcmpInErrors OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages which the entity received but
            determined as having ICMP-specific errors (bad ICMP
            checksums, bad length, etc.)."
    ::= { inetIcmpEntry 3 }
inetIcmpOutMsgs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages which the entity attempted
            to send. Note that this counter includes all those counted
            by inetIcmpOutErrors."
    ::= { inetIcmpEntry 4 }
```

```
inetIcmpOutErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages which this entity did not send
           due to problems discovered within ICMP such as a lack of
            buffers. This value should not include errors discovered
            outside the ICMP layer such as the inability of IP to route
            the resultant datagram. In some implementations there may
            be no types of error which contribute to this counter's
           value."
    ::= { inetIcmpEntry 5 }
-- per-version, per-message type ICMP counters
inetIcmpMsgTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              SEQUENCE OF InetIcmpMsgEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table of system-wide per-version, per-message type ICMP
           counters."
    ::= { icmp 28 }
inetIcmpMsgEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             InetIcmpMsgEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A conceptual row in the inetIcmpMsgTable.
           The system should track each ICMP type value, even if that
            ICMP type is not supported by the system."
    INDEX { inetIcmpMsgIPVersion, inetIcmpMsgType }
    ::= { inetIcmpMsgTable 1 }
InetIcmpMsgEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       inetIcmpMsgIPVersion InetVersion,
       inetIcmpMsgType
                             Integer32,
       inetIcmpMsgInPkts
                             Counter32,
       inetIcmpMsgOutPkts
                             Counter32
    }
```

```
inetIcmpMsgIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetVersion
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of the statistics."
    ::= { inetIcmpMsgEntry 1 }
inetIcmpMsgType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Integer32 (0..255)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The ICMP type field of the message type being counted by
            this row.
            Note that ICMP message types are scoped by the address type
            in use."
    REFERENCE "http://www.iana.org/assignments/icmp-parameters and
               http://www.iana.org/assignments/icmpv6-parameters"
    ::= { inetIcmpMsgEntry 2 }
inetIcmpMsgInPkts OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The number of input packets for this AF and type."
    ::= { inetIcmpMsgEntry 3 }
inetIcmpMsgOutPkts OBJECT-TYPE
             Counter32
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The number of output packets for this AF and type."
    ::= { inetIcmpMsgEntry 4 }
-- conformance information
ipMIBConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIB 2 }
ipMIBCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIBConformance 1 }
ipMIBGroups
            OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIBConformance 2 }
```

```
-- compliance statements
ipMIBCompliance2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for systems which implement IP -
either
            IPv4 or IPv6.
            There are a number of INDEX objects that cannot be represented
in
            the form of OBJECT clauses in SMIv2, but for which we have the
            following compliance requirements, expressed in OBJECT clause
form
            in this description clause:
            -- OBJECT
                             ipSystemStatsIPVersion
            -- SYNTAX
                             InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6
versions.
            -- OBJECT
                             ipIfStatsIPVersion
            -- SYNTAX
                             InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6
versions.
            -- OBJECT
                             inetIcmpIPVersion
                             InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
            -- SYNTAX
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6
versions.
                             inetIcmpMsgIPVersion
            -- OBJECT
            -- SYNTAX
                             InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6
versions.
                             ipAddressPrefixType
            -- OBJECT
                             InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
            -- SYNTAX
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This MIB requires support for only global IPv4 and IPv6
                   address types.
            -- OBJECT
                             ipAddressAddrType
            -- SYNTAX
                             InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
```

```
-- DESCRIPTION
-- This MIB requires support for only global and non-global
-- IPv4 and IPv6 address types.
--
-- OBJECT inetNetToMediaNetAddressType
-- SYNTAX InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
```

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```
-- DESCRIPTION
              This MIB requires support for only global and non-global
              IPv4 and IPv6 address types.
        -- OBJECT
                        ipDefaultRouterAddressType
        -- SYNTAX
                       InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                          ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
        -- DESCRIPTION
              This MIB requires support for only global and non-global
              IPv4 and IPv6 address types.
        - -
MODULE -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipSystemStatsGroup, ipAddressGroup,
                   ipNetToMediaGroup, ipDefaultRouterGroup,
                   icmpGroup2 }
GROUP ipSystemStatsHCOctetGroup
DESCRIPTION
       "This group is mandatory for systems that have an aggregate
       bandwidth greater than 20MB."
GROUP ipSystemStatsHCPacketGroup
DESCRIPTION
       "This group is mandatory for systems that have an aggregate
       bandwidth greater than 650MB."
GROUP ipIfStatsGroup
DESCRIPTION
       "This group is optional for all systems."
GROUP ipIfStatsHCOctetGroup
DESCRIPTION
       "This group is mandatory for systems that include the
       ipIfStatsGroup and include links with bandwidths greater
       than 20MB."
GROUP ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup
DESCRIPTION
       "This group is mandatory for systems that include the
        ipIfStatsGroup and include links with bandwidths greater
        than 650MB."
GROUP ipv4GeneralGroup
DESCRIPTION
```

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4."

GROUP ipv4IfGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4."

GROUP ipv4SystemStatsGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4."

GROUP ipv4SystemStatsHCPacketGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and that have an aggregate bandwidth greater than 650MB."

GROUP ipv4IfStatsGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and including the ipIfStatsGroup."

GROUP ipv4IfStatsHCPacketGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and including the ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup."

GROUP ipv6GeneralGroup2

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipv6IfGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipAddressPrefixGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipv6ScopeGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipv6RouterAdvertGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for all IPv6 routers."

GROUP ipLastChangeGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is optional for all agents."

OBJECT ip6Forwarding

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ip6DefaultHopLimit

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv4InterfaceAdminStatus

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6InterfaceForwarding

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipAddressSpinLock

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object. However if an agent provides write access to any of the other objects in the ipAddressGroup it SHOULD provide write access to this object as well."

OBJECT ipAddressIfIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object"

OBJECT ipAddressType

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access

to this object"

OBJECT ipAddressStatus

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object"

OBJECT ipAddressRowStatus

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object"

OBJECT ipAddressStorageType

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object

If an agent allows this object to be written or created it is not required to allow this object to be set to readOnly, permanent or nonVolatile."

OBJECT inetNetToMediaPhysAddress

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object"

OBJECT inetNetToMediaType

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object. However if an agent provides write access to any of the other objects in the ipv6RouterAdvertGroup it SHOULD provide write access to this object as well."

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this

object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this

```
object"
              ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime
    OBJECT
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write access to this
            object"
    OBJECT
              ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
           "An agent is not required to provide write or create access
            to this object"
    ::= { ipMIBCompliances 2 }
-- units of conformance
ipv4GeneralGroup OBJECT-GROUP
            { ipForwarding, ipDefaultTTL, ipReasmTimeout }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of IPv4-specific objects for basic management of
            IPv4 entities."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 3 }
ipv4IfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize, ipv4InterfaceAdminStatus,
    OBJECTS
                ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of IPv4-specific objects for basic management of
            IPv4 interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 4 }
ipv6GeneralGroup2 OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ip6Forwarding, ip6DefaultHopLimit }
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IPv6 group of objects providing for basic management of
            IPv6 entities."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 5 }
ipv6IfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
                                              ipv6InterfaceIdentifier,
    OBJECTS
              { ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize,
                ipv6InterfacePhysicalAddress, ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus,
                ipv6InterfaceReachableTime,
                                              ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime,
                ipv6InterfaceForwarding }
```

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of IPv6-specific objects for basic management of
            IPv6 interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 6 }
ipLastChangeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipv4IfTableLastChange, ipv6IfTableLastChange,
                ipIfStatsTableLastChange }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The last change objects associated with this MIB. These
            objects are optional for all agents. They SHOULD be
            implemented on agents where it is possible to determine the
            proper values. Where it is not possible to determine the
            proper values, for example when the tables are split amongst
            several sub-agents using AgentX, the agent MUST NOT
            implement these objects to return an incorrect or static
            value."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 7 }
ipSystemStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipSystemStatsInReceives,
                                               ipSystemStatsInOctets,
                ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors,
                                               ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes,
                ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors,
                                               ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos,
                ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts, ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams,
                ipSystemStatsReasmRegds,
                                               ipSystemStatsReasmOKs,
                ipSystemStatsReasmFails,
                                               ipSystemStatsInDiscards,
                ipSystemStatsInDelivers,
                                               ipSystemStatsOutRequests,
                ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes,
                                               ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams,
                ipSystemStatsOutDiscards,
                                               ipSystemStatsOutFragReqds,
                ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs,
                                               ipSystemStatsOutFragFails,
                                               ipSystemStatsOutTransmits,
                ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates,
                ipSystemStatsOutOctets,
                                               ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts,
                ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets,
                                               ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts,
                ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets,
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime,
                ipSystemStatsRefreshRate }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP system wide statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 8 }
ipv4SystemStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts, ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts }
    OBJECTS
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only System wide statistics."
```

```
::= { ipMIBGroups 9 }
```

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```
ipSystemStatsHCOctetGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipSystemStatsHCInOctets,
                                              ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets,
                ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets, ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets
}
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP system wide statistics for systems that may overflow the
            standard octet counters within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 10 }
ipSystemStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
             { ipSystemStatsHCInReceives,
    OBJECTS
ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams,
                ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers,
                                                 ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests,
                ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams,
ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits,
                ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts,
                                                 ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts
}
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP system wide statistics for systems that may overflow the
            standard packet counters within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 11 }
ipv4SystemStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
             { ipSystemStatsHCInBcastPkts, ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only system wide statistics for systems that may
            overflow the standard packet counters within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 12 }
ipIfStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipIfStatsInReceives,
                                          ipIfStatsInOctets,
                ipIfStatsInHdrErrors,
                                          ipIfStatsInNoRoutes,
                ipIfStatsInAddrErrors,
                                          ipIfStatsInUnknownProtos,
                ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts, ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams,
                                          ipIfStatsReasmOKs,
                ipIfStatsReasmReqds,
                ipIfStatsReasmFails,
                                          ipIfStatsInDiscards,
                ipIfStatsInDelivers,
                                          ipIfStatsOutRequests,
                ipIfStatsOutNoRoutes,
                                          ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams,
                ipIfStatsOutDiscards,
                                          ipIfStatsOutFragReqds,
                ipIfStatsOutFragOKs,
                                          ipIfStatsOutFragFails,
                ipIfStatsOutFragCreates, ipIfStatsOutTransmits,
                ipIfStatsOutOctets,
                                          ipIfStatsInMcastPkts,
                ipIfStatsInMcastOctets,
                                          ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts,
                ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets,
                                          ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime,
                ipIfStatsRefreshRate }
```

```
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "IP per-interface statistics."
::= { ipMIBGroups 13 }
```

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```
ipv4IfStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS 
            { ipIfStatsInBcastPkts, ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts }
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only per-interface statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 14 }
ipIfStatsHCOctetGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipIfStatsHCInOctets,
    OBJECTS
                                         ipIfStatsHCOutOctets,
                ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets, ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets }
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP per-interfaces statistics for systems that include
           interfaces that may overflow the may overflow the standard
            octet counters within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 15 }
ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
             { ipIfStatsHCInReceives,
                                            ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams,
                ipIfStatsHCInDelivers,
                                           ipIfStatsHCOutRequests,
                ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams, ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits,
                ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts,
                                        ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts }
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP per-interfaces statistics for systems that include
            interfaces that may overflow the standard packet counters
           within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 16 }
ipv4IfStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS 
             { ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts, ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only per-interface statistics for systems that include
            intefaces that may overflow the standard packet counters
           within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 17 }
ipAddressPrefixGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
            { ipAddressPrefixOrigin,
                ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag,
                ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag,
                ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime,
                ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime }
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The group of objects for providing information about address
            prefixes used by this node."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 18 }
ipAddressGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS 
            { ipAddressSpinLock, ipAddressIfIndex,
                ipAddressType,
                                   ipAddressPrefix,
                ipAddressOrigin,
                                    ipAddressStatus,
                ipAddressCreated, ipAddressLastChanged,
                ipAddressRowStatus, ipAddressStorageType }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about the
            addresses relevant to this entity's interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 19 }
ipNetToMediaGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS 
             { inetNetToMediaPhysAddress, inetNetToMediaLastUpdated,
                inetNetToMediaType,
                                         inetNetToMediaState }
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about the
           mappings of network address to physical address known to
            this node."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 20 }
ipv6ScopeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
             { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal,
                                                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3,
                ipv6ScopeZoneIndexAdminLocal,
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSiteLocal,
                ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6,
                                                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7,
                ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal, ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9,
                ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA,
                                                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB,
                ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC,
                                                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD }
    STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for managing IPv6 scope zones."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 21 }
ipDefaultRouterGroup OBJECT-GROUP
             { ipDefaultRouterLifetime, ipDefaultRouterPreference }
    OBJECTS
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about default
            routers known to this node."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 22 }
ipv6RouterAdvertGroup OBJECT-GROUP
```

OBJECTS { ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock, ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts,

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```
ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval,
                                               ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval,
                ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag,
ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag,
                ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU,
ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime,
                ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime,
ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit,
                ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime, ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus
}
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for controlling information advertised
            by IPv6 routers."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 23 }
icmpGroup2 OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              {inetIcmpInMsgs, inetIcmpInErrors, inetIcmpOutMsgs,
               inetIcmpOutErrors, inetIcmpMsgInPkts, inetIcmpMsgOutPkts }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects providing ICMP statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 24 }
-- Deprecated objects
ipInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of input datagrams received from
            interfaces, including those received in error."
    ::= { ip 3 }
ipInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams discarded due to errors in
            their IPv4 headers, including bad checksums, version number
            mismatch, other format errors, time-to-live exceeded, errors
            discovered in processing their IPv4 options, etc."
    ::= { ip 4 }
ipInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated

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DESCRIPTION

"The number of input datagrams discarded because the IPv4 address in their IPv4 header's destination field was not a valid address to be received at this entity. This count includes invalid addresses (e.g., 0.0.0.0) and addresses of unsupported Classes (e.g., Class E). For entities which are not IPv4 routers and therefore do not forward datagrams, this counter includes datagrams discarded because the destination address was not a local address."

::= { ip 5 }

ipForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not their final IPv4 destination, as a result of which an attempt was made to find a route to forward them to that final destination. In entities which do not act as IPv4 routers, this counter will include only those packets which were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route option processing was successful."

::= { ip 6 }

ipInUnknownProtos OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"The number of locally-addressed datagrams received successfully but discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol."

::= { ip 7 }

ipInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IPv4 datagrams for which no problems were encountered to prevent their continued processing, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter does not include any datagrams discarded while awaiting re-assembly."

::= { ip 8 }

ipInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of input datagrams successfully delivered
            to IPv4 user-protocols (including ICMP)."
    ::= { ip 9 }
ipOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IPv4 datagrams which local IPv4 user
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IPv4 in requests for
            transmission. Note that this counter does not include any
            datagrams counted in ipForwDatagrams."
    ::= { ip 10 }
ipOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of output IPv4 datagrams for which no problem was
            encountered to prevent their transmission to their
            destination, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of
            buffer space). Note that this counter would include
            datagrams counted in ipForwDatagrams if any such packets met
            this (discretionary) discard criterion."
    ::= { ip 11 }
ipOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams discarded because no route
            could be found to transmit them to their destination. Note
            that this counter includes any packets counted in
            ipForwDatagrams which meet this `no-route' criterion. Note
            that this includes any datagrams which a host cannot route
            because all of its default routers are down."
    ::= { ip 12 }
ipReasmReqds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 fragments received which needed to be
            reassembled at this entity."
    ::= { ip 14 }
ipReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams successfully re-assembled."
    ::= { ip 15 }
ipReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of failures detected by the IPv4 re-assembly
            algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc).
            Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IPv4
            fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in
            RFC 815) can lose track of the number of fragments by
            combining them as they are received."
    ::= { ip 16 }
ipFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams that have been successfully
            fragmented at this entity."
    ::= { ip 17 }
ipFragFails OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams that have been discarded
            because they needed to be fragmented at this entity but
            could not be, e.g., because their Don't Fragment flag was
            set."
    ::= { ip 18 }
ipFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagram fragments that have been
            generated as a result of fragmentation at this entity."
    ::= { ip 19 }
ipRoutingDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of routing entries which were chosen to be
            discarded even though they are valid. One possible reason
            for discarding such an entry could be to free-up buffer
            space for other routing entries.
            This object was defined in pre-IPv6 versions of the IP MIB.
            It was implicitly IPv4 only but the original specifications
            did not indicate this protocol restriction. In order to
            clarify the specifications this object has been deprecated
            and a similar, but more thoroughly clarified, object has
            been added to the IP-FORWARD-MIB."
    ::= { ip 23 }
-- the deprecated IPv4 address table
ipAddrTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpAddrEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table of addressing information relevant to this
            entity's IPv4 addresses."
    ::= { ip 20 }
ipAddrEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpAddrEntry
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The addressing information for one of this entity's IPv4
            addresses."
               { ipAdEntAddr }
    INDEX
    ::= { ipAddrTable 1 }
```

```
IpAddrEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipAdEntAddr
                             IpAddress,
        ipAdEntIfIndex
                             INTEGER,
        ipAdEntNetMask
                             IpAddress,
        ipAdEntBcastAddr
                             INTEGER,
        ipAdEntReasmMaxSize INTEGER
    }
ipAdEntAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IPv4 address to which this entry's addressing
            information pertains."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 1 }
ipAdEntIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 2 }
ipAdEntNetMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The subnet mask associated with the IPv4 address of this
            entry. The value of the mask is an IPv4 address with all
            the network bits set to 1 and all the hosts bits set to 0."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 3 }
ipAdEntBcastAddr OBJECT-TYPE
               INTEGER (0..1)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of the least-significant bit in the IPv4 broadcast
            address used for sending datagrams on the (logical)
            interface associated with the IPv4 address of this entry.
            For example, when the Internet standard all-ones broadcast
```

```
address is used, the value will be 1. This value applies to
            both the subnet and network broadcasts addresses used by the
            entity on this (logical) interface."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 4 }
ipAdEntReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the largest IPv4 datagram which this entity can
            re-assemble from incoming IPv4 fragmented datagrams received
            on this interface."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 5 }
-- the deprecated IPv4 Address Translation table
-- The Address Translation tables contain the IpAddress to
-- "physical" address equivalences. Some interfaces do not
-- use translation tables for determining address
-- equivalences (e.g., DDN-X.25 has an algorithmic method);
-- if all interfaces are of this type, then the Address
-- Translation table is empty, i.e., has zero entries.
ipNetToMediaTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpNetToMediaEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IPv4 Address Translation table used for mapping from
            IPv4 addresses to physical addresses."
    ::= { ip 22 }
ipNetToMediaEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              IpNetToMediaEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains one IpAddress to `physical' address
            equivalence."
                { ipNetToMediaIfIndex,
    INDEX
                  ipNetToMediaNetAddress }
    ::= { ipNetToMediaTable 1 }
IpNetToMediaEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
```

```
ipNetToMediaIfIndex
                                 INTEGER,
        ipNetToMediaPhysAddress PhysAddress,
        ipNetToMediaNetAddress
                                 IpAddress,
        ipNetToMediaType
                                 INTEGER
    }
ipNetToMediaIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The interface on which this entry's equivalence is
            effective. The interface identified by a particular value
            of this index is the same interface as identified by the
            same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 1 }
ipNetToMediaPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               PhysAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The media-dependent `physical' address. This object should
            return 0 when this entry is in the 'incomplete' state.
            As the entries in this table are typically not persistent
            when this object is written the entity should not save the
            change to non-volatile storage. Note: a stronger
            requirement is not used because this object was previously
            defined."
    ::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 2 }
ipNetToMediaNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IpAddress corresponding to the media-dependent
            `physical' address."
    ::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 3 }
ipNetToMediaType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                             -- none of the following
                other(1),
                invalid(2),
                                -- an invalidated mapping
                dynamic(3),
                static(4)
            }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION

"The type of mapping.

Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect of invalidating the corresponding entry in the ipNetToMediaTable. That is, it effectively dis-associates the interface identified with said entry from the mapping identified with said entry. It is an implementation-specific matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be prepared to receive tabular information from agents that corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant ipNetToMediaType object.

As the entries in this table are typically not persistent when this object is written the entity should not save the change to non-volatile storage. Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object was previously defined."

::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 4 }

::= { icmp 2 }

```
-- the deprecated ICMP group
icmpInMsqs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages which the entity received.
            Note that this counter includes all those counted by
            icmpInErrors."
    ::= { icmp 1 }
icmpInErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages which the entity received but
            determined as having ICMP-specific errors (bad ICMP
            checksums, bad length, etc.)."
```

```
icmpInDestUnreachs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Destination Unreachable messages
            received."
    ::= { icmp 3 }
icmpInTimeExcds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Time Exceeded messages received."
    ::= { icmp 4 }
icmpInParmProbs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Parameter Problem messages received."
    ::= { icmp 5 }
icmpInSrcQuenchs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Source Quench messages received."
    ::= { icmp 6 }
icmpInRedirects OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Redirect messages received."
    ::= { icmp 7 }
icmpInEchos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo (request) messages received."
    ::= { icmp 8 }
```

```
icmpInEchoReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo Reply messages received."
    ::= { icmp 9 }
icmpInTimestamps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp (request) messages received."
    ::= { icmp 10 }
icmpInTimestampReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp Reply messages received."
    ::= { icmp 11 }
icmpInAddrMasks OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Request messages received."
    ::= { icmp 12 }
icmpInAddrMaskReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Reply messages received."
    ::= { icmp 13 }
icmpOutMsgs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages which this entity
            attempted to send. Note that this counter includes all
            those counted by icmpOutErrors."
```

```
::= { icmp 14 }
icmpOutErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages which this entity did not send
            due to problems discovered within ICMP such as a lack of
            buffers. This value should not include errors discovered
            outside the ICMP layer such as the inability of IP to route
            the resultant datagram. In some implementations there may
            be no types of error which contribute to this counter's
            value."
    ::= { icmp 15 }
icmpOutDestUnreachs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Destination Unreachable messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 16 }
icmpOutTimeExcds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Time Exceeded messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 17 }
icmpOutParmProbs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Parameter Problem messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 18 }
icmpOutSrcQuenchs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Source Quench messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 19 }
```

```
icmpOutRedirects OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Redirect messages sent. For a host, this
            object will always be zero, since hosts do not send
            redirects."
    ::= { icmp 20 }
icmpOutEchos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo (request) messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 21 }
icmpOutEchoReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
              deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo Reply messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 22 }
icmpOutTimestamps OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp (request) messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 23 }
icmpOutTimestampReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp Reply messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 24 }
icmpOutAddrMasks OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Request messages sent."
```

```
::= { icmp 25 }
icmpOutAddrMaskReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Reply messages sent."
    ::= { icmp 26 }
-- deprecated conformance information
-- deprecated compliance statements
ipMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The compliance statement for systems which implement only
            IPv4. For version-independence, this compliance statement
            is deprecated in favor of ipMIBCompliance2."
    MODULE -- this module
        MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipGroup,
                           icmpGroup }
    ::= { ipMIBCompliances 1 }
-- deprecated units of conformance
ipGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipForwarding,
                                        ipDefaultTTL,
                                                           ipInReceives,
                ipInHdrErrors,
                                        ipInAddrErrors,
                                                           ipForwDatagrams,
                ipInUnknownProtos,
                                        ipInDiscards,
                                                           ipInDelivers,
                ipOutRequests,
                                        ipOutDiscards,
                                                           ipOutNoRoutes,
                ipReasmTimeout,
                                        ipReasmReqds,
                                                           ipReasmOKs,
                ipReasmFails,
                                        ipFragOKs,
                                                           ipFragFails,
                ipFragCreates,
                                        ipAdEntAddr,
                                                           ipAdEntIfIndex,
                ipAdEntNetMask,
                                        ipAdEntBcastAddr,
ipAdEntReasmMaxSize,
                ipNetToMediaIfIndex,
                                        ipNetToMediaPhysAddress,
                ipNetToMediaNetAddress, ipNetToMediaType, ipRoutingDiscards
}
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The ip group of objects providing for basic management of IP
            entities, exclusive of the management of IP routes."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 1 }
icmpGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { icmpInMsgs,
                                     icmpInErrors,
                icmpInDestUnreachs, icmpInTimeExcds,
```

icmpInParmProbs, icmpInSrcQuenchs,
icmpInRedirects, icmpInEchos,

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```
icmpInEchoReps,
                                  icmpInTimestamps,
            icmpInTimestampReps, icmpInAddrMasks,
            icmpInAddrMaskReps,
                                 icmpOutMsgs,
            icmpOutErrors,
                                 icmpOutDestUnreachs,
            icmpOutTimeExcds,
                                 icmpOutParmProbs,
            icmpOutSrcQuenchs,
                                 icmpOutRedirects,
                                 icmpOutEchoReps,
            icmpOutEchos,
            icmpOutTimestamps,
                                 icmpOutTimestampReps,
            icmpOutAddrMasks,
                                 icmpOutAddrMaskReps }
STATUS
           deprecated
DESCRIPTION
       "The icmp group of objects providing ICMP statistics."
```

END

6. Acknowledgments

::= { ipMIBGroups 2 }

This document contains objects modified from RFC 1213 [11], RFC 2011 [12], RFC 2465 [13], and RFC 2466 [14].

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 - -- Please update this reference as the RFC number is assigned.

- -

8. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

ipForwarding and ip6Forwarding - these objects allow a manager to enable or disable the routing functions on the entity. By disabling the routing functions an attacker would possibly be able to deny service to users. By enabling the routing functions an attacker could open open an conduit into an area. This might result in the area providing transit for packets it shouldn't or allow the attacker access to the area bypassing security safeguards.

ipDefaultTTL and ip6DefaultHopLimit - these objects allow a manager to determine the diameter of the valid area for a packet. By decreasing the value of these objects an attacker could cause packets to be discarded before reaching their destinations.

ipv4InterfaceAdminStatus and ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus - these objects allow a manager to enable or disable IPv4 and IPv6 on a specific interface. By enabling a protocol on an interface an attacker might be able to create an unsecured path into a node (or through it if routing is also enabled). By disabling a protocol on an interface an attacker might be able to force packets to be routed through some other interface or deny access to some or all of the network via that protocol.

ipv6RouterAdvertTable - the objects in this table specify the information that a router should propagate in its routing advertisement messages. By modifying this information an attacker can interfere with the auto-configuration of all hosts on the link. Most modifications to this table will result in a denial of service to some or all hosts on the link. However two objects, ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag and ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag, indicate if a host should acquire configuration information from some other source. By enabling these an attacker might be able to cause a host to retrieve its configuration information from a compromised source.

inetNetToMediaPhysAddress and inetNetToMediaType - these objects

specify information used to translate a network (IP) address into a media dependent address. By modifying these objects an attacker could disable communication with a node or divert messages from one node to another. However the attacker may be able to carry out a similar attack by simply responding to the ARP or ND requests made by the target node.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

Essentially all of the objects in this MIB could be considered sensitive as they report on the status of the IP modules within a system. However the ipSystemStatsTable, ipIfStatsTable and ipAddressTable are likely to be of most interest to an attacker. The statistics tables supply information about the quantity and type of traffic this node is processing and, especially for transit providers, may be considered sensitive. The address table provides a convenient list of all address in use by this node. Each address in isolation is unremarkable however the total list would allow an attacker to correlate otherwise unrelated traffic. For example an attacker might be able to correlate the a RFC 3041 [15] private address with known public addresses thus circumventing the intentions of RFC 3041.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [9], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

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This document updates parts of the MIBs from several other documents. $\frac{RFC2011}{T}$ is the previous update to the IP MIB. $\frac{RFC2465}{T}$ and $\frac{RFC2466}{T}$ are the first versions specifying IPv6 addresses and information.

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13. RFC Editor Notes

- -- RFC Editor
- -- This section to be removed as well.

This section contains notes to the RFC Editor and should be removed as the document is converted into an RFC.

Most of the revision history section is to be removed. The sections to

be removed include all of the specific changes to various iterations of the drafts and is indicated with a removal tag.

In the module identity section of the MIB (beginning of $\underline{\text{section 5}}$) the RFC number of this document must be added in the description field (replacing xxxx).

In the references section of object ipDefaultRouterPreference the reference needs to be udpated to refer to the correct document.

In the references section (8.1) the references to 3291Bis, 2096Bis and the router selection RFC must be replaced with proper RFCs as those numbers are assigned.