IPv6 MIB Revision Design Team Shawn A. Routhier, Editor INTERNET-DRAFT Expires: November 2004

Management Information Base for the Internet Protocol (IP) draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-10.txt

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for

use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects used for implementations of the Internet Protocol (IP) in an IP version independent manner. This memo obsoletes RFCs 2011, 2465 and 2466.

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1. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to <u>section 7</u> of RFC <u>3410</u> [9].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the

Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is

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compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, <u>RFC 2578</u> [<u>1</u>], STD 58, <u>RFC 2579</u> [<u>2</u>] and STD 58, <u>RFC 2580</u> [<u>3</u>].

2. Revision History

One of the primary purposes of this revision of the IP MIB is to create a single set of objects to describe and manage IP modules in an IP version independent manner. Where RFCs 2465 and 2466 created a set of objects independent from <u>RFC2011</u> this document merges those three documents into a single unified set of objects. The ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable tables are examples of updating objects to be independent of IP version. Both of these tables contain counters to reflect IP traffic statistics that originated in much earlier MIBs and both include an IP address type in order to separate the information based on IP version.

Another purpose of this document is to increase the manageability of a node running IPv6 by adding new objects. Some of these tables, such as ipDefaultRouterTable, may be useful on both IPv4 and IPv6 nodes while others, such as ipv6RouterAdvertTable, are specific to a single protocol.

-- RFC Editor
 -- The remainder of this section (up to the section header "Overview")
 -- is to be removed before publication.

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-09.txt</u>

May 2004

Renamed icmpNeutralMsg to icmpMsgStats and icmpNeutralTable et al to icmpStats et al.

```
Corrected the OID of icmpMsgStatsTable to 30 from 28.
```

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-08.txt</u>

Renamed ipv4IfTableLastChange and ipv6IfTableLastChange to ipv4InterfaceTableLastChange and ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange for consistency with other names.

Renamed inetNetToMedia to ipNetToPhysical in order to avoid conflicts with either the INET TC module or the previous versions of the NetToMedia table.

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Renamed inetIcmp to icmpNeutral in order to avoid conflicts with either the INET TC module or the previous versions of the icmp objects.

Renamed icmpGroup2 to icmpNeutralGroup to bring it in line with the previous change.

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-07.txt</u>

April 2004

Modified ipv4InterfaceAdminStatus and ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus to be ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus and ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus

Removed ipv6InterfacePhysicalAddress and skipped over it's OID

Corrected the descriptions for ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets and ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets to be for octets transmitted rather than for octets received.

Modified the OIDs for inetIcmpTable and inetIcmpMsgTable to skip OIDs {icmp 27} and {icmp 28}

Changed ipNetToMediaGroup to inetNetToMediaGroup

Modifications per IESG review comments:

Removed mention of inalid prefixes from ipIfStatsInAddrErrors.

Removed mention of "unique on link" from ipv6InterfaceIdentifier.

Removed the "wellknown(3)" enum from the IpAddressOriginTC, but didn't modify other values.

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-06.txt</u>

February 2004

Removed the (0..128) constraint on ipAddressPrefixLength as a better constraint, (0..2040) the maximum number of bits, has been added to the TC.

Removed the comment characters on the syntax restriction for the ipAddressRowStatus instance in the compliance statement.

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-05.txt</u>

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January 2004

Minor typographical updates.

Removed ipIfStatsOutNoRoutes and updated ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes to remove the description of ipIfStatsOutNoRoutes.

Added a size constraint on ipv6InterfacePhysicalAddress, inetNetToMediaphysAddress and ipNetToMediaPhysAddress.

Added a value constraint on ipAddressPrefixLength

Added text to explain why ipNetToMediaIfIndex and ipNetToMediaNetAddress have a max access value of read-create rather than not-accessible.

Modified several objects to use a syntax of Integer32 instead of INTEGER: ipDefaultTTL and ip6DefaultHopLimit.

Added the suffix 'TC' to IpAddressPrefixOriginTC, IpAddressOriginTC, ipAddressStatusTC, and ipv6InterfaceIdentifierTC to separate them from the objects of the similar name.

Modified 'Multi-Stack Implementations' to remove the mention of communities and to add the Context table.

Updated the revision stamps in the MIB.

Added a units clause to ipReasmTimeout.

Modified ip6Forwarding and ip6DefaultHopLimit to be ipv6IpForwarding and ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit.

Added text to all of the objects with syntax InetAddress specifying which object determines the type of their addresses.

Added text to the description of the stats tables and to the compliance statements of the HC groups to reinforce that the 32 bit counters are the low order 32 bits of the 64 bit counters and that the 32 bit counters are required even if the 64 bit counters are included.

Added text suggesting that the spinlocks be the first varbind for their objects in a PDU.

Specified that if ipAddressStorageType is permanent, no other objects in the row are required to be able to be modified.

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Added text to ipAddressTable to describe the philosophy behind objects being read-only or read-create.

Added a reference clause to inetNetToMediaTable.

Added inetNetToMediaRowStatus and a defval to inetNetToMediaType.

Added some text to ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval to try and clear up its minimum value.

Added test to ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus describing when a row can go active.

Added text to ipMIBCompliance2 to make it clear that the required address sizes match the required address types.

Made MIN-ACCESS for ipAddressSpinLock be not-accessible.

Tagged the syntax for ipAddressRowStatus as 'active(1)' the compliance statement.

Added description of zero to ipv6InterfaceIdentifier and ipAddressPrefixLength.

Added a informative references for the address architecture document in the scope zone table.

Modified ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit to refer to www.iana.org.

Added IPR statement.

Added ipAddressTable to the security section.

Added OutFragOks to the case diagram and a note describing the intended relationship between the various fragment counters.

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-04.txt</u>

December 2003

Corrected descriptive text for inetIcmpOutMsgs. It was referring to messages received, it now refers to messages sent.

Modified several objects to use InetVersion instead of InetAddressType. These objects were using the address type to specify a version and can now make use of the more specific TC. Changed ipSystemStatsAFType to ipSystemStatsIPVersion, changed ipIfStatsAFType to ipIfStatsIPVersion, changed inetIcmpAFType to

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inetIcmpIPVersion and inetIcmpMsgAFType to inetIcmpMsgIPVersion.

Modified the ipAddressTable to allow entries to be created or modified. This entailed the addition of ipAddressSpinLock, ipAddressRowStatus and ipAddressStorageType objects. Also ipAddressIfIndex, ipAddressType and ipAddressStatus were made readcreate.

In the case diagram moved the incrementing of InHdrErrors to occur before the incrementing of InMcastPkts and InBcastPkts.

Moved the broadcast counters into separate groups to allow them to be tagged as required only for systems including IPv4.

Added note 5 to the case diagram describing the desired outcome when counting short packets (header errors vs truncated packets).

Added text to note 2 of the case diagram to specify which discard counter may be incremented.

Clarified text about summing interface levels statistics into system level statistics.

Added ipv6InterfaceForwarding and made the object mandatory. Also included text suggesting that a simple system that doesn't allow forwarding to be enabled on a per-interface basis could set these objects to "forward" and rely on ip6Forwarding to enable or disable forwarding for the system.

Modified the size restrictions on ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize to be (1500..65535).

Added ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime and made it mandatory for IPv4 entities.

Made ipDefaultRouterIfIndex part of the index for ipDefaultRouterTable.

Changed ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSubnetLocal to ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3.

Modified the size restrictions on ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime to be (0 | 4..9000).

Added HC counters for InForwDatagrams, InDelivers, OutRequests and OutForwDatagrams.

Modified the text for OutForwDatagrams to allow for forwarding of locally generated packets. Also added a note to the Case diagram

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mentioning that the forwarding counters may be incremented even if the packets are generated by or destined for the local host.

Added references for the router selection draft and the update to 2096.

Removed the size constraint on indexes of type InetAddress.

Changed ipDefaultRouterAFType to ipDefaultRouterAddressType

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-03.txt</u>

September 2003

Deprecated the ipRoutingDiscards object and add some text to describe why and that the new version specific object can be found in the IP-FORWARD-MIB.

Modified the syntax for ipIfStatsIfIndex to be InterfaceIndex instead of InterfaceIndexOrZero as we no longer need the capability of using zero within the index. (The MIB originally used a zero index to specify the system level statistics.)

Added a description clause to the ipAddressGroup object.

Added the ipLastChangeGroup to ipMIBComliance2 with a description of optional.

Changed <u>draft-ietf-ipngwg-addr-arch-v3-11.txt</u> to <u>RFC3513</u>.

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-02.txt</u>

June 2003

Removed the ipv4 and ipv6 only requirements on the ipSystemStatsAFType and ipIfStatsAFType objects. Instead added a pseudo compliance statement requiring only global ipv4 and ipv6 types for those two objects as well as inetIcmpAFType and inetIcmpMsgAFType.

Added a pseudo compliance statement requiring only global ipv4 and ipv6 types for ipAddressPrefixType.

Added a pseudo compliance statement requiring only global and non global ipv4 and ipv6 types for ipAddressAddrType, inetNetToMediaNetAddressType and ipDefaultRouterAFType

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In response to a question about the size constraint on the various InetAddress objects (0..36). I have decided to leave this as is for now. The actually size will be one of 4, 8, 16 or 20 depending on the type in use and the syntax could be reduced to cover those sizes. However using such a small limit might require a new mib if a new address type is added to the InetAddress MIB that uses a larger size. 36 seems to be a reasonable compromise for allowing possible growth but avoiding problems with index length limitations.

May 2003

Restored ipRoutingDiscards to a current object from the deprecated group per discussions with previous MIB authors. The argument to move it to deprecated relied on the fact that it really belongs with the routing group rather than the main IP group. However as it already exists in the IP group and any router must contain the IP group it is not reasonable to remove it and create a new object in the routing area simply to adjust where the object is rooted in the MIB tree. This object was placed in a new group "ipRoutingGroup" and the group was made mandatory in order to mimic the previous MIB.

Changed the text to use "address type" or "address types" instead of "address family" or "address families" in order to avoid any confusion with the term as used by IANA in the assignment of address family numbers.

Added some text to the description of ipAddressTable to remind users that link-local addresses must use the "ipv6z" type.

Changes from <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-rfc2011-update-01.txt</u>

February 2003

Added ipLastChangeGroup which makes the lastChange objects a SHOULD for agents that have the proper values available.

Added normative references for IMPORTed mibs.

January 2003

Editorial cleanup.

Renamed the ipv4If entries to ipv4Interface in order to be similar to the ipv6Interface entries.

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Updated the SNMP boilerplate.

Updated the references to remove many SNMP specific entries and split the remainder into normative and informative.

Updated the security considerations section.

Decided not to add the netmask or BcastAddr information from the deprecated ipAddrTable into the new mib as there was no major support for them.

Removed IPv6 conformance and compliance OIDs as they are no longer in use.

Renamed ipv6Forwarding and ipv6DefaultHopLimit to ip6Forwarding and ip6DefaultHopLimit and moved them from the IPv6 branch to the IP branch, thus removing the last objects in the IPv6 branch.

Added ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock and ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus

Added ipv4IfTableLastChange, ipv6IfTableLastChange and ipIfStatsTableLastChange.

Renumbered pretty much everything at the IP branch level in order to rationalize things and fit in the new objects.

Changes from <u>draft-ops-rfc2011-update-02.txt</u>:

October 2002

Renumbered objects in groups that had objects removed from one draft to another. As per SMI rules no objects that have been published in an RFC have been renumbered. The affected areas are: ipv6InterfaceTable, ipIfStatsTable, inetIcmpTable and inetIcmpMsgTable

Split the ipIfStatsTable into two tables under a common OID. The

two tables are ipSystemStatsTable which contains system-wide statistics and ipIfStatsTable which contains interface-specific statistics. The same counters are available from both tables.

The compliance and conformance section was rebuilt. ipGroup2 was renamed to ipv4GeneralGroup and ipReasmTimeout was added to it. The following groups were created: ipv4IfGroup, ipv6Ifgroup, ipSystemStatsGroup, ipSystemStatsHCOctetGroup, ipSystemStatsHCPacketGroup, ipIfStatsGroup, ipIfStatsHCOctetGroup, ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup, ipAddressPrefixGroup, ipAddressGroup, ipNetToMediaGroup, ipDefaultRouterGroup, ipv6RouterAdvertGroup and

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icmpGroup2. The compliance section allows a compliant agent to provide read-only access to all of the nominally read-write objects.

Many minor changes to deal with errors found from mib compilers.

Changed the indexing from inetNetToMediaEntry to use a local copy of the ifIndex.

Import InetZoneIndex for use a scope index. Previously this was the ScopeIdentifier TC defined within this document. Also change the naming convention for scopes to use index instead of identifier.

Close several issues without changes:

Should we include an object or objects to express the capability of an implementation with respect to items like extension headers for IPv6. I have decided to not include such objects. I believe that we should wait for some deployment experience to see if such objects would be useful and to determine their proper granularity.

Are there other items that could be added to the $ipv{4 6}IfTables$ such as (for v4) directed broadcast, proxy arp, header compression, broadcast address and arp cache timeout. As I receive only one request for such objects I have not added them.

Is there a better SMI data type for the lifetime objects in the ipAddressPrefixTable, ipDefaultRouterTable and ipv6RouterAdvertTable. I don't think there is a better SMI data type. We could generate some TCs for them (there are several classes of lifetime) but I don't think that would be useful.

There was a note in the v6 interface table suggesting that some of the objects could be removed. I think we have now removed all of those objects and don't intend to remove more without comments.

Should the ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable include associated objects to provide a scope description similar to ipMRouteScopeNameString (<u>rfc2932</u>)?

My current decision is to NOT add such an object or set of objects. Should the ipv6AddressIfIdentifier be dropped? I think this provides some utility in specifying the how addresses are formed (at least some of them). There is also the further question of moving the Ipv6AddressIfIdentifier TC somewhere else. I don't think it is completely an EUI and therefore it should have a TC somewhere other than the IF-MIB and here seems reasonable.

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Any other objects from ipv6IfTable that we need? I don't think so.

Are there other possible sources for ipAddressPrefixOrigin? No additions were suggested and no action was taken.

Changes from <u>draft-ops-rfc2011-update-00.txt</u>:

May 2002

Removed ipv6InterfaceEffectiveMtu and ipv6InterfaceIdentifierLength.

Added text to ipAddressPrefixTable to describe its utility.

Added text to ipAddressTable to state that multicast addresses are described in their own table(s).

Added ipv4IfAdminStatus and ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus.

Added text to ipAddressPrefixOrigin to describe that an address becomes well known by assignment from IANA or the address registries or by specification in a standards track RFC.

Added text to ipAddressOrigin to clarify the manual vs random difference.

Added text to inetNetToMediaType to clarify the difference between static and local.

Created textual conventions for the following IpAddressOrigin, IpAddressStatus and IpAddressPrefixOrigin.

Added persistence information to all read-write and read-create objects:

ipForwarding & ipDefaultTTL - should be persistent

ipv6Forwarding, ipv4AdminStatus & ipv6InterfaceAdminStatus - SHOULD be persistent

ipv6InterfaceIdentifier - modified from RW to Read-only

ipNetToMediaPhysAddress & ipNetToMediaType - should not be
persistent

inetNetToMediaPhysAddress & inetNetToMediaType - SHOULD NOT be
persistent

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Added text to specify that ifIndex objects (ipv4IfIndex, ipv6InterfaceIfIndex, ipIfStatsIfIndex, ipAddressPrefixIfIndex, ipAddressIfIndex and ipv6ScopeIdIfIndex) use the same indexes as ifIndex.

Removed ifIndex and code from the descriptions of inetIcmpMsg{In Out}Pkts.

Updated the text for the objects in the ipIfStatsTable. The new text allows them to be either system wide or interface specific. It also clarifies which interface should be used for some objects. Finally descriptions were added to some newer objects.

Added ipIfStatsRefreshRate

Modified the author information. The main author list has been moved to a section within the document and replaced on the front page with the editor's name. The MIB contact information has been modified.

Added text mentioning that ARP ($\underline{RFC826}$) and ND ($\underline{RFC2461}$) are the two most likely ways of populating the Net to Media table.

Added a reference clause to inetIcmpMsgType pointing to the IANA pages for ICMP and ICMPv6 parameters.

Added text mentioning that ipIfStatsInTooBigErrors is only valid for IPv6 but that it should be instantiated for IPv4 as well.

Added text to the ipAddressPrefixTable and it's objects mentioning that it isn't tuned for IPv4 and defaults to use for IPv4 addresses.

Added the ipAddressLastChanged object.

Added reference clauses to ipv6DefaultHopLimit and several objects in the ipAddressPrefix table. I don't think that any other objects that don't already have some text have something to reference. Modified the IP statistics table.

ipIfStatsHCInUcastPkts became ipIfStatsHCInReceives

removed ipIfStatsInTooBigErrors and include those packets in ipIfStatsOutFragFails

added ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams to count packets that we attempt to forward

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clarified the text in ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams to make it clear that "success" was related to the forwarding step and not the transmission step

added ipIfStatsOutTransmits and ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits as counters of the packets sent to the lower layers and pointed the OutOctet counters to them

added ipIfStatsOutNoRoutes to count the number of locally generated datagrams that couldn't be transmitted as no route was found

added ipIfStatsOutFragReqds to count the number of datagrams that require fragmentation

Added text and a Case diagram describing the statistics table.

Added the ipAddressCreated object.

Removed ipIfStatsHCOutUcastPkts as HCOutTransmits replaces it.

Also re-arranged the statsTable sequence to try and group the objects more rationally.

Added reachable and retransmit times to the ipv6InterfaceTable

Added Default router list.

Added router advertisement configuration table.

November 2001

Modified the ICMP message table to remove some indexes. The table no longer tracks counters with per-interface or per-ICMP code granularity.

<u>12</u> Jul 2001

Changed to IPNG working group work item.

Removed mention of SIIT, since it's just for transition

Added lots of counters to ipIfStats table, and ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime

Changed ipAddressIfIndex and ScopeIdentifier to refer to IF-MIB instead of $\underline{\text{RFC}\ 2863}$ or $\underline{\text{RFC}\ 2233}$

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Expires: November 2004

Removed text about agents supporting a subset of values from ipv6Forwarding; this belongs in an AGENT-CAPABILITIES.

Un-deprecated ipReasmTimeout. XXX Do we need ipv6ReasmTimeout too? I think not; <u>RFC2460</u> seems to say that it's a constant 60 seconds.

Changes from first draft posted to v6mib mailing list:

23 Feb 2001

Added ipv4InterfaceTable

Added ipv6InterfaceTable

Added ipAddressPrefixTable and slightly reworked ipAddressTable (nee inetAddressTable).

Deprecated ipMIBCompliance. Still need to finish updated ones.

Added copyright and table of contents.

7 Feb 2001

Renamed inetIfStats to ipIfStats

Added ipv6ScopeTable

Added ScopeIdentifier TC, which should be in INET-ADDRESS-MIB.

Added SIZE to inetAddrAddr and inetNetToMediaAddress

Wrote some boilerplate for multi-interface-or-system-wide counter tables.

3. Overview

<u>3.1</u>. Multi-Stack Implementations

This MIB does not provide native support for implementations of multiple stacks sharing the same address type. One option for supporting such designs is to assign each stack within an address type to a separate context. These contexts could then be selected based upon the context name, with the Entity MIB and VACM Context Table providing methods for listing the supported contexts.

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3.2. Discussion of Tables and Groups

This MIB is composed of a small number of discrete objects and a series of tables meant to form the base for managing IPv4 and IPv6 entities.

While some of the objects are meant to be included in all entities some of the objects are only conditionally mandatory. The unconditionally mandatory objects are mostly counters for IP and ICMP statistics. The conditionally mandatory objects fall into one of several groups: objects for use in higher bandwidth situations, objects for use with IPv4, objects for use with IPv6 and objects for use on IPv6 routers. In short it is not expected that every entity will implement all of the objects within this MIB. The reader should consult the conformance and compliance section to determine which objects are appropriate for a given entity.

<u>3.2.1</u>. General Objects

In both IPv4 and IPv6 there are only a small number of "knobs" for controlling the general IP stack. Most controls will be in a more specific setting, such as for controlling a router or TCP engine.

This MIB defines a total of three general knobs only two of which are used for both IPv4 and IPv6.

Objects are included for both protocols to enable or disable forwarding and to set limits on the lifetime of a packet (ttl or hop count).

The third knob, the timeout period for reassembling fragments, is only defined for IPv4 as IPv6 specifies this value directly.

Each group of objects is required when implementing their respective protocols.

3.2.2. Interface Tables

This MIB includes a pair of tables to convey information about the IPv4

and IPv6 protocols that is interface specific.

Special note should be taken of the administrative status objects. These are defined to allow each protocol to selectively enable or disable interfaces. These objects can be used in conjunction with the ifAdminStatus object to manipulate the interfaces as necessary. With these three objects an interface may be enabled or disabled completely as well as connected to the IPv4 stack, the IPv6 stack or both stacks. Setting ifAdminStatus to "down" should not affect the protocol specific

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status objects.

Each interface table is required when implementing their respective protocols.

3.2.3. IP Statistics Tables

The IP statistics tables (ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable) contain objects to count the number of datagrams and octets that a given entity has processed. Unlike the previous attempt this document uses a single table for multiple address types. Typically the only two types of interest are IPv4 and IPv6; however the table can support other types if necessary.

The first table, ipSystemStatsTable, conveys system wide information. (That is, the various counters are for all interfaces and not a specific set of interfaces.) Its index is formed from a single sub-id that represents the address type for which the statistics were counted.

The second table, ipIfStatsTable, conveys interface specific information. Its index is formed from two sub-ids. The first represents the address type (IPv4 and IPv6) and the interface within that address type is represented by the second sub-id.

The two tables have a similar set of objects which are intended to count the same things except for the difference in granularity. The object ID "ipSystemStatsEntry.2" is reserved in order to align the object ids of the counters in the first table with their counterparts in the second table.

Several objects of note are ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime, ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime, ipSystemsStatsRefreshRate and ipIfStatsRefreshRate. These objects provide information about the row in the table more than about the system itself.

The discontinuity objects allow a management entity to determine if a discontinuity event which would invalidate the management entity's understanding of the counters has occurred. The system being reinitialized or the interface being cycled are possible examples of a discontinuity event.

The refresh objects allow a management entity to determine a proper polling interval for the rest of the objects.

The following Case diagram represents the general ordering of the packet counters. In order to avoid extra clutter the prefixes "ipSystemStats" and "ipIfStats" have been removed from each of the counter names.

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```
from
                                        from
interface
                                        upper
                                        layers
V
                                         V
+ InReceives (1)
                                         + OutRequests
+--> InHdrErrors (5)
                                         +--> OutNoRoutes
+->-+ InMcastPkts (1)
| V
+-<-+
+->-+ InBcastPkts (1)
| V
+-<-+
+--> InTruncatedPkts (5)
+--> InAddrErrors
+--> InDiscards (2)
| InForwDatagrams (6) | OutForwDatagrams (6)|
V
                                         +->-+ OutFragReqds
                 InNoRoutes
                                         | | (packets)
/ (local packet (3)
                                         +--> OutFragFails
| IF is that of the address
and may not be the receiving IF)
                                         | | (packets)
                                         | V OutFragOks
                                         | | (packets) (7)
                                            +->-+ ReasmReqds (fragments)
                                         +-<-+ OutFragCreates
                                               (fragments)
+--> ReasmFails (fragments (4))
                                         +->-+ OutMcastPkts (1)
                                         | V
+ - < - +
+-<-+ ReasmOKs (reassembled packets)
```

+->-+ OutBcastPkts (1)

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```
V
 +--> InUnknownProtos
                                                 +-<-+
 +--> InDiscards (2)
                                                 +--> OutDiscards (2)
 + InDelivers
                                                 + OutTransmits (1)
 V
                                                 V
to
                                                to
                                                interface
upper
layers
```

(1) The HC counters and octet counters are also found at these points but have been left out for clarity.

(2) The discard counters may increment at any time in the processing path. Packets discarded to the left of InNoRoutes cause the InDiscards counter to increment while those discarded to the right are counted in the OutDiscards counters.

(3) Local packets on the input side are counted on the interface associated with their destination address, which may not be the interface on which they were received. This requirement is caused by the possibility of losing the original interface during processing, especially re-assembly.

(4) Some re-assembly algorithms may lose track of the number of fragments during processing and so some fragments may not be counted in this object.

(5) InTruncatedPkts should only be incremented if the frame contained a valid header but was otherwise shorter than required. Frames that are too short to contain a valid header should be counted as InHdrErrors.

(6) The forwarding objects may be incremented even for packets that were originated locally or are destined for the local host if their addresses are such that the local host would need to forward the packet to pass it to the correct interface.

(7) When fragmenting a packet an entity should increment the OutFragFails counter rather than the OutDiscards counter in order to preserve the equation FragOks + FragFails == FragRqds.

The objects in both tables are spread amongst several conformance groups based on the bandwidth required to wrap the counters within an hour. The base system group is mandatory for all entities. The other system

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groups are optional depending on bandwidth. The interface specificgroups are optional.

3.2.4. Internet Address Prefix Table

This table provides information about the prefixes that this entity is using including their lifetimes. This table provides a convenient place to which other tables that make use of prefixes, such as the ipAddressTable, may point. By including this table the MIB can supply the prefix information for all addresses yet minimize the amount of duplication required in storing and accessing this data. This arrangement also makes the relationship between addresses that have the same prefix clear.

This table is required for IPv6 entities.

<u>3.2.5</u>. Internet Address Table

This table lists the IP addresses (both IPv4 and IPv6) used by this entity. It also includes some basic information about how and when the address was formed and last updated. This table allows a manager to determine who a given entity thinks it is.

This table is required for all IP entities.

<u>3.2.6</u>. Internet Address Translation Table

This table provides a mapping between IP layer addresses and physical addresses as would be formed by either ARP for IPv4 or the neighbor discovery protocol for IPv6.

3.2.7. IPv6 Scope Zone Index

This table specifies the zone index to interface mapping. By examining the table a manager can determine which groups of interfaces are within

a particular zone for a given scope.

The zone index information is only valid within a given entity, the indexes used on one entity may not be comparable to those used on a different entity.

This table is required for IPv6 entities.

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<u>Section 3.2.7</u>. [Page 20]

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3.2.8. Default Router Table

This table lists the default routers known to this entity. This table is intended to be a simple list to display the information end nodes may have been configured with or acquired through a simple system such as IPv6 router advertisements. Managers attempting to view more complicated routing information should examine the routing specific tables from other MIBs.

This table is required for all entities.

3.2.9. Router Advertisement Table

This table contains the non-routing information that an IPv6 router would use in constructing a router advertisement message. It does not contain information about the prefixes or other routing specific information that the router might advertise. The router should acquire such information from either the routing tables or from some routing table specific MIB.

This table is only required for IPv6 router entities.

3.2.10. ICMP Statistics Tables

There are two sets of statistics for ICMP. The first contains a simple set of counters to track the number of ICMP messages and errors processed by this entity.

The second supplies more detail about the ICMP messages processed by this entity. Its index is formed from two sub-ids. The first represents the address type (IPv4 and IPv6) and the particular message type being counted is represented by the second sub-id.

Both of these tables are required for all entities.

This MIB contains several sets of objects. Some of these sets are useful on all types of entities while others are only useful on a limited subset of entities. The conformance section attempts to group the objects into sets that may be discussed as units and the compliance section then details which of these units are required in various circumstances.

The circumstances used in the compliance section are implementing IPv4,

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<u>Section 3.2.11</u>. [Page 21]

IPv6 or IPv6 router functions and having bandwidth less than 20MB, between 20MB and 650MB or greater than 650MB.

3.2.12. Deprecated Objects

This MIB also includes a set of deprecated objects from previous iterations. They are included as part of the historical record.

<u>4</u>. Updating Implementations

There are several general classes of change that are required.

The first and most major change is that most of the previous objects have different object ids and additional indexes to support the possibility of different address types. The general counters for IP and ICMP are examples of this. They have been moved to the ipSystemStatsTable and icmpMsgStatsTable respectively.

The second change is the extension of all address objects to allow for both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and the addition of an address type object to specify what address type is in use.

The third change is the addition of several new objects to the replacement for a previously existing table such as ipNetToPhysical.

The fourth change is the addition of completely new tables such as ipIfStatsTable and ipDefaultRouterTable. The first is based on the previous statistics groups while the second is completely new to this MIB.

4.1. Updating an implementation of the IPv4-only IP-MIB

The somewhat more specific changes that are required for IPv4 follow. Note well: this is not meant to be an exhaustive list and the reader should examine the MIB for full details. Several of the general objects (ipForwarding, ipDefaultTTL, ipReasmTimeout) remain unchanged.

Most of the rest of the general objects were counters and have been moved into the ipSystemStatsTable. The basic instrumentation should remain the same though the object definitions should be checked for any clarifications. If they aren't already in a structure putting the counter variables in one would be useful. Several new objects have been

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added to count additional items, instrumentation code must be added for these objects. Finally the SNMP routines must be updated to handle the new indexing.

In addition to the ipSystemStatsTable the MIB includes the ipIfStatsTable. This table counts the same items as the system table but does so on a per interface basis. It is optional and may be ignored. If you decide to implement it you may wish to arrange to collect the data on a per-interface basis and then sum those counters in order to provide the aggregate system level statistics. However if you choose to provide the system level statistics by summing the interface level counters no interface level statistics can be lost - if an interface is removed the statistics associated with it must be retained.

The ipAddrTable has, loosely, been converted to the ipAddressTable. While the general idea remains the same the ipAddressTable is sufficiently different that writing new code may be easier than updating old code. The primary difference is the addition of several new objects. In addition the ipAdEntReasmMaxSize has been moved to another table, ipv4InterfaceTable. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ipNetToMediaTable has been moved to the ipNetToPhysicalTable. These tables are fairly similar and updating the old code may be straightforward. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

Two new tables, ipv4InterfaceTable and ipDefaultRouterTable, are required as well as several new ICMP counters.

Finally there are several tables that are required for IPv6 but are optional for IPv4 that you may elect to implement.

4.2. Updating an implementation of the IPv6-MIB

The somewhat more specific changes that are required for IPv6 follow. Note well: this is not meant to be an exhaustive list and the reader should examine the MIB for full details. Two of the general objects, ipv6Forwarding and ipv6DefaultHopLimit, have been renamed and given new object identifiers within the ip branch but are otherwise unchanged. The new names are ipv6IpForwarding and ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit.

While there is an ipv6InterfaceTable that contains some of the pieces from the ipv6IfTable the two are somewhat different in concept. The ipv6IfTable was meant to replicate the ifTable while the

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ipv6InterfaceTable is meant to be an addition to the ifTable. As such items that were duplicated between the ifTable and ipv6IfTable have been removed and some new objects added.

The ipv6IfStatsTable most closely resembles the ipIfStatsTable with an additional index for the address type and most of the instrumentation should be re-usable. Some new objects have been added to the ipIfStatsTable. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing. Finally the ipIfStatsTable is optional and may be ignored.

The ipSystemStatsTable is effectively new, but it may be able to make use of most of the instrumentation from the old ipv6IfStatsTable. As with the IPv4 discussion one implementation strategy would be to count the statistics for the ipIfStatsTable and aggregate them when queried for this table. Again, as with the IPv4 discussion, this strategy only works if the interfaces can not be removed or if the statistics for removed interfaces are somehow retained.

The ipv6AddrPrefixTable is now the ipAddressPrefixTable. The new table contains an extra object and the additional index required for IPv4 compatibility. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ipAddressTable is loosely based on the ipv6AddrTable but has changed considerably with the addition of several new objects and the removal of one of its indexes.

The IPv6 routing information (ipv6RouteNumber, ipv6DiscardedRoutes and ipv6RouteTable) has been removed from this MIB. The replacements or updates for this information is in the update to the IP Forwarding Table MIB [16]. The ipv6NetToMediaTable has been converted to the ipNetToPhysicalTable. The new table contains an extra object and the additional index required for IPv4 compatibility. As above the SNMP routines will need to be updated to handle the new indexing.

The ICMP tables have been substantially changed. The previous tables required counting on a per-message and per-interface basis. The new tables only require counting on a per-message per-protocol basis and include an aggregate of all messages on a per-protocol basis.

In addition to the above several new tables have been added. Both the ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable and ipDefaultRouterTable are required on all IPv6 entities. The ipv6RouterAdvertTable is only required on IPv6 routers.

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5. Definitions

IP-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,	
Integer32, Counter32, IpAddress,	
mib-2, Unsigned32, Counter64,	
zeroDotZero	FROM SNMPv2-SMI
PhysAddress, TruthValue,	
TimeStamp, RowPointer,	
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, TestAndIncr,	
RowStatus, StorageType	FROM SNMPv2-TC
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP	FROM SNMPv2-CONF
InetAddress, InetAddressType,	
<pre>InetAddressPrefixLength,</pre>	
<pre>InetVersion, InetZoneIndex</pre>	FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB
InterfaceIndex	FROM IF-MIB;

ipMIB MODULE-IDENTITY LAST-UPDATED "200404260000Z" ORGANIZATION "IETF IPv6 MIB Revision Team" CONTACT-INFO "Editor: Shawn A. Routhier Wind River 500 Wind River Way Alameda, CA

Phone: +1 510 749 2095 EMail: <shawn.routhier@windriver.com>" DESCRIPTION "The MIB module for managing IP and ICMP implementations, but excluding their management of IP routes.

Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2004). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC xxxx; see the RFC itself for full legal notices." -- RFC Editor

-- Please update this reference as the RFC number is assigned.

- -

REVISION "200404260000Z"

USA

DESCRIPTION

"The IP version neutral revision with added IPv6 objects for ND, default routers and router advertisements. As well as being the successor to <u>RFC2011</u> this MIB is also the successor to <u>RFC2465</u> and <u>RFC 2466</u>. Published as RFC xxxx."

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Expires: November 2004

```
-- RFC Editor
-- Please update this reference as the RFC number is assigned.
- -
    REVISION
                  "199411010000Z"
    DESCRIPTION
           "A separate MIB module (IP-MIB) for IP and ICMP management
            objects. Published as <u>RFC 2011</u>."
                  "199103310000Z"
    REVISION
    DESCRIPTION
           "The initial revision of this MIB module was part of MIB-II,
            which was published as RFC 1213."
    ::= { mib-2 48}
- -
-- The textual conventions we define and use in this MIB.
- -
IpAddressOriginTC ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The origin of the address.
            manual(2) indicates that the address was manually configured
            to a specified address, e.g. by user configuration.
            dhcp(4) indicates an address that was assigned to this
            system by a DHCP server.
            linklayer(5) indicates an address created by IPv6 stateless
            auto-configuration.
            random(6) indicates an address chosen by the system at
            random, e.g. an IPv4 address within 169.254/16, or an RFC
            <u>3041</u> privacy address."
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
        other(1),
        manual(2),
        dhcp(4),
```

```
linklayer(5),
random(6)
}
IpAddressStatusTC ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The status of an address. Most of the states correspond to
```

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states from the IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfiguration protocol $[\underline{5}]\,.$

The preferred(1) state indicates that this is a valid address that can appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

The deprecated(2) state indicates that this is a valid but deprecated address that should no longer be used as a source address in new communications, but packets addressed to such an address are processed as expected.

The invalid(3) state indicates that this isn't a valid address and it shouldn't appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

The inaccessible(4) state indicates that the address is not accessible because the interface to which this address is assigned is not operational.

The unknown(5) state indicates that the status can not be determined for some reason.

The tentative(6) state indicates the uniqueness of the address on the link is being verified. Addresses in this state should not be used for general communication and should only be used to determine the uniqueness of the address.

The duplicate(7) state indicates the address has been determined to be non-unique on the link and so must not be used.

```
inaccessible(4),
unknown(5),
tentative(6),
duplicate(7)
}
```

IpAddressPrefixOriginTC ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

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-- the IP general group

```
STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The origin of this prefix.
           manual(2) indicates a prefix that was manually configured.
           wellknown(3) indicates a well-known prefix, e.g. 169.254/16
           for IPv4 auto-configuration or fe80::/10 for IPv6 link-local
            addresses. Well known prefixes may be assigned by IANA or
            the address registries or by specification in a standards
            track RFC.
            dhcp(4) indicates a prefix that was assigned by a DHCP
            server.
            routeradv(5) indicates a prefix learned from a router
            advertisement.
           Note: while IpAddressOriginTC and IpAddressPrefixOriginTC
           are similar they are not identical. The first defines how
           an address was created while the second defines how a prefix
           was found."
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
       other(1),
       manual(2),
       wellknown(3),
       dhcp(4),
       routeradv(5)
    }
Ipv6AddressIfIdentifierTC ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    DISPLAY-HINT "2x:"
     STATUS
                 current
     DESCRIPTION
      "This data type is used to model IPv6 address
      interface identifiers. This is a binary string
       of up to 8 octets in network byte-order."
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..8))
```

-- some objects that affect all of IPv4 --

ip OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 4 }

ipForwarding OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX INTEGER {

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```
forwarding(1), -- acting as a router
                    notForwarding(2) -- NOT acting as a router
               }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv4
            router in respect to the forwarding of datagrams received
            by, but not addressed to, this entity. IPv4 routers forward
            datagrams. IPv4 hosts do not (except those source-routed
           via the host).
           When this object is written the entity should save the
            change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system.
            Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object
           was previously defined."
    ::= { ip 1 }
ipDefaultTTL OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Integer32 (1..255)
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The default value inserted into the Time-To-Live field of
            the IPv4 header of datagrams originated at this entity,
           whenever a TTL value is not supplied by the transport layer
           protocol.
           When this object is written the entity should save the
           change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system.
           Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object
           was previously defined."
    ::= { ip 2 }
ipReasmTimeout OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Integer32
   UNITS "seconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The maximum number of seconds which received fragments are
           held while they are awaiting reassembly at this entity."
```

::= { ip 13 }

- -

-- the IPv6 general group

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```
-- Some objects that affect all of IPv6
- -
ipv6IpForwarding OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                    forwarding(1), -- acting as a router
                    notForwarding(2) -- NOT acting as a router
               }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv6
            router on any interface in respect to the forwarding of
            datagrams received by, but not addressed to, this entity.
            IPv6 routers forward datagrams. IPv6 hosts do not (except
            those source-routed via the host).
           When this object is written the entity SHOULD save the
            change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."
    ::= { ip 25 }
ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Integer32 (0..255)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The default value inserted into the Hop Limit field of the
            IPv6 header of datagrams originated at this entity, whenever
            a Hop Limit value is not supplied by the transport layer
            protocol.
            When this object is written the entity SHOULD save the
            change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
            non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.3.2"
    ::= { ip 26 }
-- IPv4 Interface Table
- -
```

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```
a row in the ipv4InterfaceTable was added or deleted or when
            an ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize or an ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus
            object was modified.
            If new objects are added to the ipv6InterfaceTable that
            require the ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange to be updated when
            they are modified they must specify that requirement in
            their description clause."
    ::= { ip 27 }
ipv4InterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF Ipv4InterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing per-interface IPv4-specific
            information."
    ::= { ip 28 }
ipv4InterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Ipv4InterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An entry containing IPv4-specific information for a specific
            interface."
    INDEX { ipv4InterfaceIfIndex }
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceTable 1 }
Ipv4InterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipv4InterfaceIfIndex
                                     InterfaceIndex,
        ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize
                                     Integer32,
        ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus
                                     INTEGER,
        ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime Unsigned32
    }
ipv4InterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
```

a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex." ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 1 }

ipv4InterfaceReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE

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```
Integer32 (0..65535)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the largest IPv4 datagram which this entity can
            re-assemble from incoming IPv4 fragmented datagrams received
            on this interface."
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 2 }
ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                 up(1),
                 down(2)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether IPv4 is enabled (up) or disabled
            (down) on this interface. This object does not affect the
            state of the interface itself, only its connection to an
            IPv4 stack. The IF-MIB should be used to control the state
            of the interface."
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 3 }
ipv4InterfaceRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
               Unsigned32
    SYNTAX
    UNITS "milliseconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The time between retransmissions of ARP requests to a
            neighbor when resolving the address or when probing the
            reachability of a neighbor."
    REFERENCE "RFC1122"
    DEFVAL { 1000 }
    ::= { ipv4InterfaceEntry 4 }
- -
-- v6 interface table
- -
```

ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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"The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which a row in the ipv6InterfaceTable was added or deleted or when an ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize, ipv6InterfaceIdentifier, ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus, ipv6InterfaceReachableTime, ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime or ipv6InterfaceForwarding object was modified. If new objects are added to the ipv6InterfaceTable that require the ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange to be updated when they are modified they must specify that requirement in their description clause." ::= { ip 29 } ipv6InterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE SEQUENCE OF Ipv6InterfaceEntry SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The table containing per-interface IPv6-specific information." ::= { ip 30 } ipv6InterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Ipv6InterfaceEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry containing IPv6-specific information for a given interface." INDEX { ipv6InterfaceIfIndex } ::= { ipv6InterfaceTable 1 } Ipv6InterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE { ipv6InterfaceIfIndex InterfaceIndex, ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize Unsigned32, Ipv6AddressIfIdentifierTC, ipv6InterfaceIdentifier ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus INTEGER, ipv6InterfaceReachableTime Unsigned32, ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime Unsigned32, ipv6InterfaceForwarding INTEGER }

SYNTAX InterfaceIndex MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to

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```
which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 1 }
ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             Unsigned32 (1500..65535)
              "octets"
   UNITS
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the largest IPv6 datagram which this entity can
            re-assemble from incoming IPv6 fragmented datagrams received
            on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 2 }
ipv6InterfaceIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
              Ipv6AddressIfIdentifierTC
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The Interface Identifier for this interface. The Interface
            Identifier is combined with an address prefix to form an
            interface address.
            By default, the Interface Identifier is auto-configured
            according to the rules of the link type this interface is
            attached to.
           A zero length identifier may be used where appropriate. One
            possible example is a loopback interface."
    ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 3 }
-- This object ID is reserved as it was used in earlier drafts of
-- the MIB module. In theory OIDs are not assigned until the specification
-- is released as an RFC, however as some companies may have shipped
-- code based on earlier versiosn of the MIB it seems best to reserve
-- this OID. This OID had been ipv6InterfacePhysicalAddress
-- ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 4}
ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX INTEGER {

```
up(1),
down(2)
}
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
```

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```
"The indication of whether IPv6 is enabled (up) or disabled
           (down) on this interface. This object does not affect the
            state of the interface itself, only its connection to an
           IPv6 stack. The IF-MIB should be used to control the state
           of the interface.
           When this object is written the entity SHOULD save the
           change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from
           non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system."
   ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 5 }
ipv6InterfaceReachableTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
   UNITS "milliseconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The time a neighbor is considered reachable after receiving
           a reachability confirmation."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461, Section 6.3.2"
   ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 6 }
ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             Unsigned32
   UNITS "milliseconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The time between retransmissions of Neighbor Solicitation
           messages to a neighbor when resolving the address or when
           probing the reachability of a neighbor."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461, Section 6.3.2"
   ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 7 }
ipv6InterfaceForwarding OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                    forwarding(1), -- acting as a router
                   notForwarding(2) -- NOT acting as a router
              }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The indication of whether this entity is acting as an IPv6
           router on this interface with respect to the forwarding of
```

datagrams received by, but not addressed to, this entity. IPv6 routers forward datagrams. IPv6 hosts do not (except those source-routed via the host).

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STATUS

current

This object is constrained by ipv6IpForwarding and is ignored if ipv6IpForwarding is set to notForwarding. Those systems that do not provide per-interface control of the forwarding function should set this object to forwarding for all interfaces and allow the ipv6IpForwarding object to control the forwarding capability.

When this object is written the entity SHOULD save the change to non-volatile storage and restore the object from non-volatile storage upon re-initialization of the system." ::= { ipv6InterfaceEntry 8 }

-- Per-Interface or System-Wide IP statistics. -- The following two tables, ipSystemStatsTable and ipIfStatsTable -- are intended to provide the same counters at different granularities. -- The ipSystemStatsTable provides system wide counters aggregating -- the traffic counters for all interfaces for a given address type. -- The ipIfStatsTable provides the same counters but for specific -- interfaces rather than as an aggregate. - --- Note well: If a system provides both system-wide and interface-specific -- values the system-wide value may not be equal to the sum of the -- interface-specific values across all interfaces due to e.g. dynamic -- interface creation/deletion. -- Note well: Both of these tables contain some items that are represented -- by two objects, representing the value in either 32 or 64 bits. For -- those objects the 32 bit value MUST be the low order 32 bits of the -- 64 bit value. Also note that the 32 bit counters must be when the -- 64 bit counters are included. ipTrafficStats OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ip 31 } ipSystemStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE SEQUENCE OF IpSystemStatsEntry SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

DESCRIPTION "The table containing system wide, IP version specific traffic statistics. This table and the ipIfStatsTable contain similar objects whose difference is in their granularity. Where this table contains system wide traffic statistics the ipIfStatsTable contains the same statistics

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```
but counted on a per-interface basis."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 1 }
ipSystemStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpSystemStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A statistics entry containing system-wide objects for a
            particular IP version."
    INDEX { ipSystemStatsIPVersion }
    ::= { ipSystemStatsTable 1 }
IpSystemStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipSystemStatsIPVersion
                                          InetVersion,
        ipSystemStatsInReceives
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInReceives
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsInOctets
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInOctets
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsReasmReqds
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsReasmOKs
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsReasmFails
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInDiscards
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsInDelivers
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutRequests
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutDiscards
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragRegds
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragFails
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsOutTransmits
                                          Counter32,
        ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits
                                          Counter64,
        ipSystemStatsOutOctets
                                          Counter32,
```

ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets	Counter64,
ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts	Counter32,
ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts	Counter64,

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```
ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets
                                 Counter32,
ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets
                                 Counter64,
ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts
                                 Counter32,
ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts
                                 Counter64,
ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets
                                 Counter32,
ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets
                                 Counter64,
ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts
                                 Counter32,
ipSystemStatsHCInBcastPkts
                                 Counter64,
ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts
                                 Counter32,
ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts
                                 Counter64,
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime
                                 TimeStamp,
ipSystemStatsRefreshRate
                                 Unsigned32
```

}

```
ipSystemStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetVersion
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of this row."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 1 }
-- This object ID is reserved to allow the IDs for this table's objects
-- to align with the objects in the ipIfStatsTable.
-- ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 2 }
ipSystemStatsInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of input IP datagrams received, including
            those received in error.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 3 }
ipSystemStatsHCInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of input IP datagrams received, including those received in error. This object counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsInReceives but allows for larger

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values.

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
  re-initialization of the management system, and at other
  times as indicated by the value of
  ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 4 }
```

```
ipSystemStatsInOctets OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
```

"The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams, including those received in error. Octets from datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsInReceives MUST be counted here.

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
re-initialization of the management system, and at other
times as indicated by the value of
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
```

```
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 5 }
```

```
ipSystemStatsHCInOctets OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams,
including those received in error. This object counts the
same octets as ipSystemStatsInOctets but allows for larger
values.
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
re-initialization of the management system, and at other
times as indicated by the value of
```

ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

```
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 6 }
```

ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of input IP datagrams discarded due to errors in their IP headers, including version number mismatch, other format errors, hop count exceeded, errors discovered in processing their IP options, etc.

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MAX-ACCESS read-only

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 7 }
ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded because no route
            could be found to transmit them to their destination.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 8 }
ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the IP
            address in their IP header's destination field was not a
           valid address to be received at this entity. This count
            includes invalid addresses (e.g., ::0) and unsupported
            addresses (e.g., addresses with unallocated prefixes). For
            entities which are not IP routers and therefore do not
            forward datagrams, this counter includes datagrams discarded
            because the destination address was not a local address.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 9 }
ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
```

STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of locally-addressed IP datagrams received successfully but discarded because of an unknown or unsupported protocol.

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```
When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these datagrams were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the datagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 10 }
ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the
            datagram frame didn't carry enough data.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 11 }
ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. In entities which do not act as IP routers,
            this counter will include only those datagrams which were
            Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route
            processing was successful.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            incoming interface is incremented for each datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
```

```
re-initialization of the management system, and at other
times as indicated by the value of
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 12 }
```

ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE

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DESCRIPTION

```
Counter64
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. This object counts the same packets as
            ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 13 }
ipSystemStatsReasmReqds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP fragments received which needed to be
            reassembled at this interface.
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these fragments were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the fragments.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 14 }
ipSystemStatsReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
    STATUS
```

"The number of IP datagrams successfully reassembled.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the interface to which these datagrams were addressed is incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the datagrams.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at

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```
re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 15 }
ipSystemStatsReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of failures detected by the IP re-assembly
            algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc.).
            Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IP
            fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in
            <u>RFC 815</u>) can lose track of the number of fragments by
            combining them as they are received.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these fragments were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the fragments.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 16 }
ipSystemStatsInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams for which no problems were
            encountered to prevent their continued processing, but which
           were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that
            this counter does not include any datagrams discarded while
            awaiting re-assembly.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
```

::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 17 }

ipSystemStatsInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only

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```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP
            user-protocols (including ICMP).
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these datagrams were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the datagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 18 }
ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP
            user-protocols (including ICMP). This object counts the
            same packets as ipSystemStatsInDelivers but allows for
            larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 19 }
ipSystemStatsOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams which local IP user-
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for
            transmission. Note that this counter does not include any
            datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams.
```

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 20 }

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```
ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams which local IP user-
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for
            transmission. This object counts the same packets as
            ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 21 }
ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of locally generated IP datagrams discarded
            because no route could be found to transmit them to their
            destination.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 22 }
ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of datagrams for which this entity was not their
            final IP destination and for which it was successful in
            finding a path to their final destination. In entities
            which do not act as IP routers, this counter will include
            only those datagrams which were Source-Routed via this
            entity, and the Source-Route processing was successful.
```

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully forwarded datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at

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```
re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 23 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of datagrams for which this entity was not their
            final IP destination and for which it was successful in
            finding a path to their final destination. This object
            counts the same packets as ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams but
            allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 24 }
ipSystemStatsOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of output IP datagrams for which no problem was
            encountered to prevent their transmission to their
            destination, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of
            buffer space). Note that this counter would include
            datagrams counted in ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams if any
            such datagrams met this (discretionary) discard criterion.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 25 }
ipSystemStatsOutFragReqds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of IP datagrams that would require fragmentation in order to be transmitted.

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```
When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 26 }
ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that have been successfully
           fragmented.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 27 }
ipSystemStatsOutFragFails OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that have been discarded because
            they needed to be fragmented but could not be. This
            includes IPv4 packets that have the DF bit set and IPv6
            packets that are being forwarded and exceed the outgoing
            link MTU.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
           outgoing interface is incremented for an unsuccessfully
```

fragmented datagram.

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
  re-initialization of the management system, and at other
  times as indicated by the value of
  ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 28 }
```

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```
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```

```
ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of output datagram fragments that have been
            generated as a result of IP fragmentation.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 29 }
ipSystemStatsOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
            to the lower layers for transmission. This includes
            datagrams generated local and those forwarded by this
            entity.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 30 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
            to the lower layers for transmission. This object counts
            the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsOutTransmits but allows
            for larger values.
```

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."

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```
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 31 }
ipSystemStatsOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. Octets from datagrams
            counted in ipSystemStatsOutTransmits MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 32 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. This objects counts the same
            octets as ipSystemStatsOutOctets but allows for larger
            values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 33 }
ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
```

```
times as indicated by the value of
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 34 }
```

ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter64

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```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts but
            allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 35 }
ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
            ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 36 }
ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. This object counts the same octets as
            ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 37 }
```

ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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```
"The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
           times as indicated by the value of
           ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
   ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 38 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted. This
           object counts the same datagrams as
           ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts but allows for larger values.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
           times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
   ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 39 }
ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast
           datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
           ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
           Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 40 }
ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast datagrams. This object counts the same octets as ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at

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```
re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 41 }
ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 42 }
ipSystemStatsHCInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts but
            allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 43 }
ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
```

```
times as indicated by the value of
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 44 }
```

ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter64

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```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted. This
            object counts the same datagrams as
            ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 45 }
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE
             TimeStamp
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            any one or more of this entry's counters suffered a
            discontinuity.
            If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 46 }
ipSystemStatsRefreshRate OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32
    SYNTAX
    UNITS "milli-seconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The minimum reasonable polling interval for this entry.
            This object provides an indication of the minimum amount of
            time required to update the counters in this entry."
    ::= { ipSystemStatsEntry 47 }
ipIfStatsTableLastChange OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which a row in the ipIfStatsTable was added or deleted.

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```
If new objects are added to the ipIfStatsTable that require
            the ipIfStatsTableLastChange to be updated when they are
            modified they must specify that requirement in their
            description clause."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 2 }
ipIfStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpIfStatsEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The table containing per-interface traffic statistics. This
            table and the ipSystemStatsTable contain similar objects
            whose difference is in their granularity. Where this table
            contains per-interface statistics the ipSystemStatsTable
            contains the same statistics but counted on a system wide
            basis."
    ::= { ipTrafficStats 3 }
ipIfStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpIfStatsEntry
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An interface statistics entry containing objects for a
            particular interface and version of IP."
    INDEX { ipIfStatsIPVersion, ipIfStatsIfIndex }
    ::= { ipIfStatsTable 1 }
IpIfStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        ipIfStatsIPVersion
                                     InetVersion,
        ipIfStatsIfIndex
                                     InterfaceIndex,
        ipIfStatsInReceives
                                     Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInReceives
                                     Counter64,
        ipIfStatsInOctets
                                     Counter32,
        ipIfStatsHCInOctets
                                     Counter64,
        ipIfStatsInHdrErrors
                                     Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInNoRoutes
                                     Counter32,
        ipIfStatsInAddrErrors
                                     Counter32,
       ipIfStatsInUnknownProtos
                                     Counter32,
       ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts
                                     Counter32,
       ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams
                                     Counter32,
       ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams
                                     Counter64,
        ipIfStatsReasmReqds
                                     Counter32,
```

ipIfStatsReasm0Ks	Counter32,
ipIfStatsReasmFails	Counter32,
ipIfStatsInDiscards	Counter32,
ipIfStatsInDelivers	Counter32,

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```
ipIfStatsHCInDelivers
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutRequests
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutRequests
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutDiscards
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutFragReqds
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutFragOKs
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutFragFails
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutFragCreates
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsOutTransmits
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutOctets
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutOctets
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsInMcastPkts
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsInMcastOctets
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsInBcastPkts
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts
                              Counter32,
ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts
                              Counter64,
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime
                              TimeStamp,
ipIfStatsRefreshRate
                              Unsigned32
```

```
}
```

ipIfStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX InetVersion
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
 "The IP version of this row."
 ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 1 }

```
ipIfStatsIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
```

a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex." ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 2 }

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```
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```

```
ipIfStatsInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The total number of input IP datagrams received, including
           those received in error.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 3 }
ipIfStatsHCInReceives OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of input IP datagrams received, including
           those received in error. This object counts the same
            datagrams as ipIfStatsInReceives but allows for larger
            values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 4 }
ipIfStatsInOctets OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams,
            including those received in error. Octets from datagrams
            counted in ipIfStatsInReceives MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
```

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 5 }

ipIfStatsHCInOctets OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter64
 MAX-ACCESS read-only

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```
STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in input IP datagrams,
            including those received in error. This object counts the
            same octets as ipIfStatsInOctets but allows for larger
            values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 6 }
ipIfStatsInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded due to errors in
            their IP headers, including version number mismatch, other
            format errors, hop count exceeded, errors discovered in
            processing their IP options, etc.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 7 }
ipIfStatsInNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded because no route
            could be found to transmit them to their destination.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 8 }
```

ipIfStatsInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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```
"The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the IP
            address in their IP header's destination field was not a
           valid address to be received at this entity. This count
            includes invalid addresses (e.g., ::0). For entities which
            are not IP routers and therefore do not forward datagrams,
            this counter includes datagrams discarded because the
            destination address was not a local address.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 9 }
ipIfStatsInUnknownProtos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of locally-addressed IP datagrams received
            successfully but discarded because of an unknown or
            unsupported protocol.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these datagrams were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the datagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 10 }
ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams discarded because the
            datagram frame didn't carry enough data.
```

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 11 }

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```
ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. In entities which do not act as IP routers,
            this counter will include only those datagrams which were
            Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route
            processing was successful.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            incoming interface is incremented for each datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 12 }
ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams for which this entity was not
            their final IP destination and for which this entity
            attempted to find a route to forward them to that final
            destination. This object counts the same packets as
            ipIfInForwDatagrams but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 13 }
ipIfStatsReasmReqds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The number of IP fragments received which needed to be reassembled at this interface.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the

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```
interface to which these fragments were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the fragments.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 14 }
ipIfStatsReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams successfully reassembled.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these datagrams were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the datagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 15 }
ipIfStatsReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of failures detected by the IP re-assembly
            algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc.).
            Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IP
            fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in
            <u>RFC 815</u>) can lose track of the number of fragments by
           combining them as they are received.
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
```

interface to which these fragments were addressed is

incremented. This interface might not be the same as the input interface for some of the fragments.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of

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```
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 16 }
ipIfStatsInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IP datagrams for which no problems were
           encountered to prevent their continued processing, but which
           were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that
            this counter does not include any datagrams discarded while
            awaiting re-assembly.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 17 }
ipIfStatsInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP
           user-protocols (including ICMP).
           When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            interface to which these datagrams were addressed is
            incremented. This interface might not be the same as the
            input interface for some of the datagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 18 }
ipIfStatsHCInDelivers OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The total number of datagrams successfully delivered to IP user-protocols (including ICMP). This object counts the same packets as ipIfStatsInDelivers but allows for larger values.

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```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 19 }
ipIfStatsOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams which local IP user-
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for
            transmission. Note that this counter does not include any
            datagrams counted in ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 20 }
ipIfStatsHCOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter64
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams which local IP user-
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IP in requests for
            transmission. This object counts the same packets as
            ipIfStatsHCOutRequests but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 21 }
-- This object ID is reserved to allow the IDs for this table's objects
-- to align with the objects in the ipSystemStatsTable.
```

```
-- ::= {ipIfStatsEntry 22}
```

ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
 "The number of datagrams for which this entity was not their

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final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. In entities which do not act as IP routers, this counter will include only those datagrams which were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route processing was successful.

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully forwarded datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 23 }

```
..= { tpilotatsEntry 25 }
```

```
ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The number of datagrams for which this entity was not their final IP destination and for which it was successful in finding a path to their final destination. This object counts the same packets as ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams but allows for larger values.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 24 }

```
ipIfStatsOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of output IP datagrams for which no problem was encountered to prevent their transmission to their destination, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note that this counter would include datagrams counted in ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams if any such datagrams met this (discretionary) discard criterion.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other

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```
times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 25 }
ipIfStatsOutFragReqds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that would require fragmentation
            in order to be transmitted.
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 26 }
ipIfStatsOutFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP datagrams that have been successfully
            fragmented.
            When tracking interface statistics the counter of the
            outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully
            fragmented datagram.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 27 }
```

SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of IP datagrams that have been discarded because they needed to be fragmented but could not be. This includes IPv4 packets that have the DF bit set and IPv6

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```
packets that are being forwarded and exceed the outgoing link MTU.
```

When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for an unsuccessfully fragmented datagram.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 28 }

```
ipIfStatsOutFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of output datagram fragments that have been generated as a result of IP fragmentation.

```
When tracking interface statistics the counter of the outgoing interface is incremented for a successfully fragmented datagram.
```

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 29 }

```
ipIfStatsOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Counter32
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
   "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
    to the lower layers for transmission. This includes
    datagrams generated local and those forwarded by this
    entity.
```

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 30 }

ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits OBJECT-TYPE

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```
SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IP datagrams that this entity supplied
            to the lower layers for transmission. This object counts
            the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutTransmits but allows for
            larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 31 }
ipIfStatsOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. Octets from datagrams
            counted in ipIfStatsOutTransmits MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 32 }
ipIfStatsHCOutOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets in IP datagrams delivered to the
            lower layers for transmission. This objects counts the same
            octets as ipIfStatsOutOctets but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
```

::= { ipIfStatsEntry 33 }

ipIfStatsInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Counter32
 MAX-ACCESS read-only

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SYNTAX

Counter64

```
STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 34 }
ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsInMcastPkts but allows
            for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 35 }
ipIfStatsInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets received in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
            ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 36 }
ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The total number of octets received in IP multicast datagrams. This object counts the same octets as ipIfStatsInMcastOctets but allows for larger values.

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```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 37 }
ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 38 }
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP multicast datagrams transmitted.
                                                              This
            object counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts
            but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 39 }
ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast
            datagrams. Octets from datagrams counted in
            ipIfStatsInMcastPkts MUST be counted here.
```

```
Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
  re-initialization of the management system, and at other
  times as indicated by the value of
  ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
::= { ipIfStatsEntry 40 }
```

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```
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```

```
ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of octets transmitted in IP multicast
            datagrams. This object counts the same octets as
            ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 41 }
ipIfStatsInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 42 }
ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams received. This object
            counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsInBcastPkts but allows
            for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 43 }
```

ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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```
"The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 44 }
ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IP broadcast datagrams transmitted. This
            object counts the same datagrams as ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts
           but allows for larger values.
            Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at
            re-initialization of the management system, and at other
            times as indicated by the value of
            ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 45 }
ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which
            any one or more of this entry's counters suffered a
            discontinuity.
            If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 46 }
ipIfStatsRefreshRate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
             Unsigned32
   UNITS "milli-seconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
```

DESCRIPTION
 "The minimum reasonable polling interval for this entry.
 This object provides an indication of the minimum amount of
 time required to update the counters in this entry."
 ::= { ipIfStatsEntry 47 }

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```
-- Internet Address Prefix table
ipAddressPrefixTable OBJECT-TYPE
              SEQUENCE OF IpAddressPrefixEntry
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This table allows the user to determine the source of an IP
            address or set of IP addresses and allows other tables to
            share the information via pointer rather than by copying.
            For example when the node configures both a unicast and
            anycast address for a prefix the ipAddressPrefix objects for
            those addresses will point to a single row in this table.
           This table primarily provides support for IPv6 prefixes and
            several of the objects are less meaningful for IPv4. The
            table continues to allow IPv4 addresses to allow future
            flexibility. In order to promote a common configuration
            this document includes suggestions for default values for
            IPv4 prefixes. Each of these values may be overridden if an
            object is meaningful to the node.
           All prefixes used by this entity should be included in this
            table independent of how the entity learned the prefix.
            (This table isn't limited to prefixes learned from router
            advertisements.) "
    ::= { ip 32 }
ipAddressPrefixEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddressPrefixEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
          "An entry in the ipAddressPrefixTable."
             { ipAddressPrefixIfIndex, ipAddressPrefixType,
    INDEX
               ipAddressPrefixPrefix, ipAddressPrefixLength }
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixTable 1 }
```

ipAddressPrefixIfIndex ipAddressPrefixType ipAddressPrefixPrefix ipAddressPrefixLength ipAddressPrefixOrigin ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag InterfaceIndex, InetAddressType, InetAddress, InetAddressPrefixLength, IpAddressPrefixOriginTC, TruthValue,

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TruthValue,

ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag

```
ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime Unsigned32,
        ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime
                                             Unsigned32
    }
ipAddressPrefixIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface on
           which this prefix is configured. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 1 }
ipAddressPrefixType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The address type of ipAddressPrefix."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 2 }
ipAddressPrefixPrefix OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The address prefix. The address type of this object is
            specified in ipAddressPrefixType. The length of this object
            is the standard length for objects of that type (4 or 16
            bytes). Any bits after ipAddressPrefixLength must be zero.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
            ipAddressPrefixPrefix exceeds 114 octets then OIDS of
            instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
            sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c
            or SNMPv3."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 3 }
ipAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetAddressPrefixLength
```

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The prefix length associated with this prefix.

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```
The value 0 has no special meaning for this object. It
            simply refers to address '::/0'."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 4 }
ipAddressPrefixOrigin OBJECT-TYPE
               IpAddressPrefixOriginTC
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The origin of this prefix."
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 5 }
ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This object has the value 'true(1)', if this prefix can be
            used for on-link determination and the value 'false(2)'
            otherwise.
            The default for IPv4 prefixes is 'true(1)'."
    REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC2461, especially sections 2 and 4.6.2 and
RFC2462"
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 6 }
ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Autonomous address configuration flag. When true(1),
            indicates that this prefix can be used for autonomous
            address configuration (i.e. can be used to form a local
            interface address). If false(2), it is not used to auto-
            configure a local interface address.
            The default for IPv4 prefixes is 'false(2)'."
    REFERENCE "For IPv6 RFC2461, especially sections 2 and 4.6.2 and
RFC2462"
    ::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 7 }
```

ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Unsigned32
UNITS "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "The remaining length of time in seconds that this prefix
 will continue to be preferred, i.e. time until deprecation.

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```
A value of 4,294,967,295 represents infinity.
```

The address generated from a deprecated prefix should no longer be used as a source address in new communications, but packets received on such an interface are processed as expected.

```
The default for IPv4 prefixes is 4,294,967,295 (infinity)."
REFERENCE "For IPv6 <u>RFC2461</u>, especially sections <u>2</u> and <u>4.6.2</u> and
<u>RFC2462</u>"
```

::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 8 }

```
ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32
  UNITS "seconds"
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "The remaining length of time, in seconds, that this prefix
    will continue to be valid, i.e. time until invalidation. A
    value of 4,294,967,295 represents infinity.
```

The address generated from an invalidated prefix should not appear as the destination or source address of a packet.

```
The default for IPv4 prefixes is 4,294,967,295 (infinity)."
REFERENCE "For IPv6 <u>RFC2461</u>, especially sections <u>2</u> and <u>4.6.2</u> and
<u>RFC2462</u>"
```

::= { ipAddressPrefixEntry 9 }

```
-- Internet Address Table
```

ipAddressSpinLock OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TestAndIncr MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An advisory lock used to allow cooperating SNMP managers to coordinate their use of the set operation in creating or modifying rows within this table.

In order to use this lock to coordinate the use of set operations managers should first retrieve ipvAddressTableSpinLock. They should then determine the appropriate row to create or modify. Finally they should issue the appropriate set command including the retrieved

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value of ipAddressSpinLock. If another manager has altered the table in the meantime, then the value of ipAddressSpinLock will have changed and the creation will fail as it will be specifying an incorrect value for ipAddressSpinLock. It is suggested, but not required, that the ipAddressSpinLock be the first var bind for each set of objects representing a 'row' in a PDU. " ::= { ip 33 } ipAddressTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpAddressEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This table contains addressing information relevant to the entity's interfaces.

This table does not contain multicast address information. Tables for such information should be contained in multicast specific MIBs such as RFC3019.

While this table is writable the user will note that several objects, such as ipAddressOrigin, are not. The intention in allowing a user to write to this table is to allow them to add or remove any entry that isn't permanent. The user should be allowed to modify objects and entries when that would not cause inconsistencies within the table. Allowing write access to objects such as ipAddressOrigin could allow a user to insert an entry and then label it incorrectly.

Note well: When including IPv6 link-local addresses in this table the entry must use an InetAddressType of 'ipv6z' in order to differentiate between the possible interfaces.

::= { ip 34 }

п

ipAddressEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX IpAddressEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An address mapping for a particular interface."
INDEX { ipAddressAddrType, ipAddressAddr }
::= { ipAddressTable 1 }

IpAddressEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
 ipAddressAddrType InetAddressType,

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}

```
ipAddressAddr
                              InetAddress,
        ipAddressIfIndex
                              InterfaceIndex,
        ipAddressType
                              INTEGER,
        ipAddressPrefix
                              RowPointer,
       ipAddressOrigin
                              IpAddressOriginTC,
       ipAddressStatus
                              IpAddressStatusTC,
        ipAddressCreated
                              TimeStamp,
        ipAddressLastChanged TimeStamp,
       ipAddressRowStatus
                              RowStatus,
        ipAddressStorageType
                              StorageType
ipAddressAddrType OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX InetAddressType MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The address type of ipAddressAddr." ::= { ipAddressEntry 1 }

```
ipAddressAddr OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX InetAddress

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

```
STATUS
           current
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"The IP address to which this entry's addressing information
pertains. The address type of this object is specified in
 ipAddressAddrType.
```

Implementors need to be aware that if the size of ipAddressAddr exceeds 116 octets then OIDS of instances of columns in this row will have more than 128 sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c or SNMPv3." ::= { ipAddressEntry 2 }

```
ipAddressIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
           which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
           a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
```

::= { ipAddressEntry 3 }

ipAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX INTEGER {

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```
unicast(1),
                 anycast(2),
                 broadcast(3)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of address. broadcast(3) is not a valid value for
            IPv6 addresses (<u>RFC3513</u>). "
    DEFVAL { unicast }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 4 }
ipAddressPrefix OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               RowPointer
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A pointer to the row in the prefix table to which this
            address belongs. May be \{0,0\} if there is no such row."
    DEFVAL { zeroDotZero }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 5 }
ipAddressOrigin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddress0riginTC
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The origin of the address."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 6 }
ipAddressStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              IpAddressStatusTC
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of the address, describing if the address can be
            used for communication.
            In the absence of other information, an IPv4 address is
            always preferred(1)."
    DEFVAL { preferred }
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 7 }
```

ipAddressCreated OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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```
"The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was created.
            If this entry was created prior to the last re-
            initialization of the local network management subsystem,
            then this object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 8 }
ipAddressLastChanged OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TimeStamp
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was last
            updated. If this entry was updated prior to the last re-
            initialization of the local network management subsystem,
            then this object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 9 }
ipAddressRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this conceptual row.
            The RowStatus TC requires that this DESCRIPTION clause
            states under which circumstances other objects in this row
            can be modified. The value of this object has no effect on
            whether other objects in this conceptual row can be
            modified.
            A conceptual row can not be made active until the
            ipAddressIfIndex has been set to a valid index. "
    ::= { ipAddressEntry 10 }
ipAddressStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The storage type for this conceptual row. If this object
            has a value of 'permanent' then no other objects are
            required to be able to be modified."
    DEFVAL { volatile }
```

::= { ipAddressEntry 11 }

- -

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```
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-- the Internet Address Translation table
- -
ipNetToPhysicalTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpNetToPhysicalEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP Address Translation table used for mapping from IP
           addresses to physical addresses.
            The Address Translation tables contain the IP address to
            'physical' address equivalences. Some interfaces do not use
            translation tables for determining address equivalences
            (e.g., DDN-X.25 has an algorithmic method); if all
            interfaces are of this type, then the Address Translation
            table is empty, i.e., has zero entries.
           While many protocols may be used to populate this table, ARP
            [10] and Neighbor Discovery [4] are the most likely
            options."
   REFERENCE "RFC0826 and RFC2461"
    ::= { ip 35 }
ipNetToPhysicalEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpNetToPhysicalEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains one IP address to `physical' address
            equivalence."
    INDEX
                { ipNetToPhysicalIfIndex,
                  ipNetToPhysicalNetAddressType,
                  ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress }
```

```
::= { ipNetToPhysicalTable 1 }
```

IpNetToPhysicalEntry ::= SEQUENCE { ipNetToPhysicalIfIndex InterfaceIndex, ipNetToPhysicalNetAddressType InetAddressType, ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress InetAddress, ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress PhysAddress, ipNetToPhysicalLastUpdated TimeStamp, ipNetToPhysicalType INTEGER,

ipNetToPhysicalState ipNetToPhysicalRowStatus RowStatus

INTEGER,

ipNetToPhysicalIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE

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}

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```
InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
           which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 1 }
ipNetToPhysicalNetAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress."
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 2 }
ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP Address corresponding to the media-dependent
            `physical' address. The address type of this object is
            specified in ipNetToPhysicalAddressType.
            Implementors need to be aware that if the size of
            ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress exceeds 115 octets then OIDS of
            instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
            sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c
            or SNMPv3."
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 3 }
ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
              PhysAddress (SIZE(0..65535))
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The media-dependent `physical' address.
           As the entries in this table are typically not persistent
```

when this object is written the entity SHOULD NOT save the

change to non-volatile storage."
::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 4 }

ipNetToPhysicalLastUpdated OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX TimeStamp

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```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The value of sysUpTime at the time this entry was last
           updated. If this entry was updated prior to the last re-
           initialization of the local network management subsystem,
            then this object contains a zero value."
   ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 5 }
ipNetToPhysicalType OBJECT-TYPE
              INTEGER {
   SYNTAX
                             -- none of the following
               other(1),
                                -- an invalidated mapping
               invalid(2),
               dynamic(3),
               static(4),
               local(5)
                                -- local interface
           }
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The type of mapping.
```

Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect of invalidating the corresponding entry in the ipNetToPhysicalTable. That is, it effectively disassociates the interface identified with said entry from the mapping identified with said entry. It is an implementation- specific matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be prepared to receive tabular information from agents that corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant ipNetToPhysicalType object.

The 'dynamic(3)' type indicates that the IP address to physical addresses mapping has been dynamically resolved using e.g. IPv4 ARP or the IPv6 Neighbor Discovery protocol.

The 'static(4)' type indicates that the mapping has been statically configured. Both of these refer to entries that provide mappings for other entities addresses.

The 'local(5)' type indicates that the mapping is provided for an entity's own interface address.

As the entries in this table are typically not persistent when this object is written the entity SHOULD NOT save the

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```
change to non-volatile storage."
   DEFVAL { static }
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 6 }
ipNetToPhysicalState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              INTEGER {
                     reachable(1), -- confirmed reachability
                     stale(2), -- unconfirmed reachability
                    delay(3), -- waiting for reachability
                                   -- confirmation before entering
                                   -- the probe state
                    probe(4), -- actively probing
                     invalid(5), -- an invalidated mapping
                     unknown(6),
                                   -- state can not be determined
                                   -- for some reason.
                    incomplete(7) -- address resolution is being performed.
                    }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The Neighbor Unreachability Detection [4] state for the
           interface when the address mapping in this entry is used.
           If Neighbor Unreachability Detection is not in use (e.g. for
            IPv4), this object is always unknown(6)."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461"
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 7 }
ipNetToPhysicalRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The status of this conceptual row.
```

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The RowStatus TC requires that this DESCRIPTION clause states under which circumstances other objects in this row can be modified. The value of this object has no effect on whether other objects in this conceptual row can be modified.

A conceptual row can not be made active until the ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress object has been set.

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```
Note that if the ipNetToPhysicalType is set to 'invalid' the
            managed node may delete the entry independent of the state
            of this object."
    ::= { ipNetToPhysicalEntry 8 }
- -
-- The IPv6 Scope Zone Index Table.
- -
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table used to describe IPv6 unicast and multicast scope
            zones.
            For those objects that have names rather than numbers the
            names were chosen to coincide with the names used in the
            IPv6 address architecture document, [17]. "
   REFERENCE "Section 2.7 of <u>draft-ietf-ipv6-addr-arch-v4-00.txt</u>"
-- RFC Editor
-- If the address architecture document precedes this document as an RFC
-- please update this reference to use the proper RFC number.
    ::= { ip 36 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains the list of scope identifiers on a given
            interface."
   INDEX { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex }
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable 1 }
Ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
                                             InterfaceIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3
                                             InetZoneIndex,
        ipv6ScopeZoneIndexAdminLocal
                                             InetZoneIndex,
```

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ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSiteLocal ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6	<pre>InetZoneIndex, InetZoneIndex,</pre>
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7	InetZoneIndex,
<pre>ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9</pre>	<pre>InetZoneIndex, InetZoneIndex,</pre>
Theorem	inetzoneindex,

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```
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA
                                             InetZoneIndex,
       ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB
                                             InetZoneIndex,
       ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC
                                             InetZoneIndex,
       ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD
                                             InetZoneIndex
    }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
           which these scopes belong. The interface identified by a
            particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 1 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the link-local scope on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 2 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the subnet-local scope on this
           interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 3 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexAdminLocal OBJECT-TYPE
              InetZoneIndex
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the admin-local scope on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 4 }
```

SYNTAX InetZoneIndex MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The zone index for the site-local scope on this interface."

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```
::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 5 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope 6 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 6 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope 7 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 7 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for the organization-local scope on this
            interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 8 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9 OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
          "The zone index for scope 9 on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 9 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             InetZoneIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope A on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 10 }
```

ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetZoneIndex MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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```
"The zone index for scope B on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 11 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
   STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope C on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 12 }
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InetZoneIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The zone index for scope D on this interface."
    ::= { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexEntry 13 }
-- The Default Router Table
-- This table simply lists the default routers, for more information
-- about routing tables see the routing MIBs
- -
ipDefaultRouterTable OBJECT-TYPE
              SEQUENCE OF IpDefaultRouterEntry
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
             current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
          "The table used to describe the default routers known to this
           entity."
    ::= { ip 37 }
ipDefaultRouterEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              IpDefaultRouterEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains information about a default router known
            to this entity."
```

IpDefaultRouterEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

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```
ipDefaultRouterAddressType InetAddressType,
        ipDefaultRouterAddress
                                    InetAddress,
        ipDefaultRouterIfIndex
                                    InterfaceIndex,
       ipDefaultRouterLifetime
                                    Unsigned32,
        ipDefaultRouterPreference
                                    INTEGER
    }
ipDefaultRouterAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The address type for this row."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 1 }
ipDefaultRouterAddress OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP address of the default router represented by this
            row. The address type of this object is specified in
            ipDefaultRouterAddressType.
            Implementers need to be aware that if the size of
            ipDefaultRouterAddress exceeds 115 octets then OIDS of
            instances of columns in this row will have more than 128
            sub-identifiers and cannot be accessed using SNMPv1, SNMPv2c
            or SNMPv3."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 2 }
ipDefaultRouterIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface by
           which the router can be reached. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 3 }
```

ipDefaultRouterLifetime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAXUnsigned32 (0..65535)UNITS"seconds"MAX-ACCESSread-onlySTATUScurrentDESCRIPTION

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"The remaining length of time, in seconds, that this router will continue to be useful as a default router. A value of zero indicates that it is no longer useful as a default router. It is left to the implementer of the MIB as to whether a router with a lifetime of zero is removed from the list. For IPv6 this value should be extracted from the router advertisement messages. " REFERENCE "For IPv6 <u>RFC2462</u> sections <u>4.2</u> and <u>6.3.4</u>" ::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 4 } ipDefaultRouterPreference OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { reserved (-2), low (-1), medium (0), high (1) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An indication of preference given to this router as a default router as described in [8]. Treating the value as a 2 bit signed integer allows for simple arithmetic comparisons.

For IPv4 routers or IPv6 routers that are not using the updated router advertisement format this object is set to medium (0). "

```
REFERENCE "draft-ietf-ipv6-router-selection-02.txt, section 2.1"
-- RFC Editor
```

```
-- Please update this reference as the RFC number is assigned.
```

```
- -
```

::= { ipDefaultRouterEntry 5 }

```
- -
```

-- Configuration information for constructing router advertisements

- -

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coordinate their use of the set operation in creating or modifying rows within this table.

In order to use this lock to coordinate the use of set operations managers should first retrieve ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. They should then determine the appropriate row to create or modify. Finally they should issue the appropriate set command including the retrieved value of ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. If another manager has altered the table in the meantime, then the value of ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock will have changed and the creation will fail as it will be specifying an incorrect value for ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock. It is suggested, but not required, that the ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock be the first var bind for each set of objects representing a 'row' in a PDU. "

::= { ip 38 }

ipv6RouterAdvertTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "The table containing information used to construct router
 advertisements."
::= { ip 39 }

ipv6RouterAdvertEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry containing information used to construct router advertisements.

Information in this table is persistent and when this object
is written the entity SHOULD save the change to non-volatile
storage."
INDEX { ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex }
::= { ipv6RouterAdvertTable 1 }

Ipv6RouterAdvertEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
 ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex InterfaceIndex,

ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts	TruthValue,
ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval	Unsigned32,
ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval	Unsigned32,
ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag	TruthValue,
ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag	TruthValue,

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```
ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime
                                         Unsigned32,
        ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus
                                         RowStatus
    }
ipv6RouterAdvertIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface on
            which router advertisements constructed with this
            information will be transmitted. The interface identified
            by a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 1 }
ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A flag indicating whether or not the router sends periodic
            router advertisements and responds to router solicitations
            on this interface."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 2 }
ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (4..1800)
                "seconds"
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The maximum time allowed between sending unsolicited router
            advertisements from this interface."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { 600 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 3 }
```

ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX Unsigned32 (3..1350)
 UNITS "seconds"
 MAX-ACCESS read-create

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```
STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The minimum time allowed between sending unsolicited router
           advertisements from this interface.
           The default is 0.33 * ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval, however
            in the case of a low value for ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval
            the minimum value for this object is restricted to 3."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 4 }
ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The true/false value to be placed into the 'managed address
           configuration' flag field in router advertisements sent from
            this interface."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 5 }
ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The true/false value to be placed into the 'other stateful
           configuration' flag field in router advertisements sent from
           this interface."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 6 }
ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The value to be placed in MTU options sent by the router on
            this interface.
```

```
A value of zero indicates that no MTU options are sent."
REFERENCE "<u>RFC2461 Section 6.2.1</u>"
DEFVAL { 0 }
::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 7 }
```

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```
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ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0...3600000)
    UNITS "milliseconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value to be placed in the reachable time field in router
            advertisement messages sent from this interface.
           A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that
            the advertisement isn't specifying a value for reachable
            time."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 8 }
ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
   UNITS "milliseconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value to be placed in the retransmit timer field in
            router advertisements sent from this interface.
           A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that
            the advertisement isn't specifying a value for retrans
            time."
   REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    DEFVAL { 0 }
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 9 }
ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (0..255)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The default value to be placed in the current hop limit
           field in router advertisements sent from this interface.
            The value should be set to the current diameter of the
            Internet.
```

A value of zero in the router advertisement indicates that

the advertisement isn't specifying a value for curHopLimit.

The default should be set to the value specified in the IANA web pages (www.iana.org) at the time of implementation." REFERENCE "<u>RFC2461 Section 6.2.1</u>"

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```
::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 10 }
ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime OBJECT-TYPE
             Unsigned32 (0|4..9000)
    SYNTAX
    UNITS "seconds"
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value to be placed in the router lifetime field of
            router advertisements sent from this interface. This value
            MUST be either 0 or between ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval and
            9000 seconds.
            A value of zero indicates that the router is not to be used
            as a default router.
            The default is 3 * ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval."
    REFERENCE "RFC2461 Section 6.2.1"
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 11 }
ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this conceptual row.
            As all objects in this conceptual row have default values a
            row can be created and made active by setting this object
            appropriately.
            The RowStatus TC requires that this DESCRIPTION clause
            states under which circumstances other objects in this row
            can be modified. The value of this object has no effect on
            whether other objects in this conceptual row can be
            modified."
    ::= { ipv6RouterAdvertEntry 12 }
```

---- ICMP section

icmp OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 5 }
--

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```
-- ICMP non-message-specific counters
- -
-- These object IDs are reserved as they were used in earlier drafts of
-- the MIB module. In theory OIDs are not assigned until the specification
-- is released as an RFC, however as some companies may have shipped
-- code based on earlier versiosn of the MIB it seems best to reserve
-- these OIDs.
-- ::= { icmp 27 }
-- ::= { icmp 28 }
icmpStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IcmpStatsEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The table of generic system-wide ICMP counters."
    ::= { icmp 29 }
icmpStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX IcmpStatsEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
           current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
          "A conceptual row in the icmpStatsTable."
            { icmpStatsIPVersion }
    INDEX
    ::= { icmpStatsTable 1 }
IcmpStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
       icmpStatsIPVersion InetVersion,
       icmpStatsInMsgs Counter32,
       icmpStatsInErrors
                           Counter32,
       icmpStatsOutMsgs Counter32,
       icmpStatsOutErrors Counter32
    }
icmpStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetVersion
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The IP version of the statistics."
```

::= { icmpStatsEntry 1 }

icmpStatsInMsgs OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only

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- -

```
STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages which the entity received.
           Note that this counter includes all those counted by
            icmpStatsInErrors."
    ::= { icmpStatsEntry 2 }
icmpStatsInErrors OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages which the entity received but
            determined as having ICMP-specific errors (bad ICMP
            checksums, bad length, etc.)."
    ::= { icmpStatsEntry 3 }
icmpStatsOutMsgs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages which the entity attempted
            to send. Note that this counter includes all those counted
            by icmpStatsOutErrors."
    ::= { icmpStatsEntry 4 }
icmpStatsOutErrors OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages which this entity did not send
           due to problems discovered within ICMP such as a lack of
           buffers. This value should not include errors discovered
           outside the ICMP layer such as the inability of IP to route
            the resultant datagram. In some implementations there may
            be no types of error which contribute to this counter's
            value."
    ::= { icmpStatsEntry 5 }
```

-- per-version, per-message type ICMP counters

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- -

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```
icmpMsgStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
              SEQUENCE OF IcmpMsgStatsEntry
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The table of system-wide per-version, per-message type ICMP
           counters."
    ::= { icmp 30 }
icmpMsgStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
              IcmpMsqStatsEntry
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
          "A conceptual row in the icmpMsgStatsTable.
           The system should track each ICMP type value, even if that
            ICMP type is not supported by the system."
    INDEX { icmpMsgStatsIPVersion, icmpMsgStatsType }
    ::= { icmpMsgStatsTable 1 }
IcmpMsgStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
        icmpMsgStatsIPVersion InetVersion,
       icmpMsgStatsType Integer32,
       icmpMsgStatsInPkts Counter32,
       icmpMsgStatsOutPkts Counter32
    }
icmpMsgStatsIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetVersion
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of the statistics."
    ::= { icmpMsgStatsEntry 1 }
icmpMsgStatsType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Integer32 (0..255)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The ICMP type field of the message type being counted by
           this row.
```

Note that ICMP message types are scoped by the address type in use." REFERENCE "http://www.iana.org/assignments/icmp-parameters and <u>http://www.iana</u>.org/assignments/icmpv6-parameters"

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```
::= { icmpMsgStatsEntry 2 }
icmpMsgStatsInPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input packets for this AF and type."
    ::= { icmpMsgStatsEntry 3 }
icmpMsgStatsOutPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of output packets for this AF and type."
    ::= { icmpMsgStatsEntry 4 }
- -
-- conformance information
- -
ipMIBConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIB 2 }
ipMIBCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIBConformance 1 }
ipMIBGroups
                 OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMIBConformance 2 }
-- compliance statements
ipMIBCompliance2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for systems which implement IP -
either
            IPv4 or IPv6.
            There are a number of INDEX objects that cannot be represented
in
            the form of OBJECT clauses in SMIv2, but for which we have the
            following compliance requirements, expressed in OBJECT clause
```

in this description clause: -- OBJECT ipSystemStatsIPVersion -- SYNTAX InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)} -- DESCRIPTION -- This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6 versions. ---- OBJECT ipIfStatsIPVersion -- SYNTAX InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}

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form

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-- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6 - versions. - --- OBJECT icmpStatsIPVersion InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)} -- SYNTAX -- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6 - versions. - icmpMsgStatsIPVersion -- OBJECT -- SYNTAX InetVersion {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)} -- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only IPv4 and IPv6 versions. - --- OBJECT ipAddressPrefixType -- SYNTAX InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)} -- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only global IPv4 and IPv6 - -- address types. - --- OBJECT ipAddressPrefixPrefix -- SYNTAX InetAddress (Size(4 | 16)) -- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only global IPv4 and IPv6 - address and so the size can be either 4 or 16 bytes. - -- --- OBJECT ipAddressAddrType InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), -- SYNTAX ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)} - --- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only global and non-global - -IPv4 and IPv6 address types. - -- --- OBJECT ipAddressAddr -- SYNTAX InetAddress (Size(4 | 8 | 16 | 20)) -- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only global and non-global - -IPv4 and IPv6 address and so the size can be 4, 8 16 or - -20 bytes. - -- ipNetToPhysicalNetAddressType -- OBJECT -- SYNTAX InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)} - --- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only global and non-global - -

-- IPv4 and IPv6 address types.

- -

- ipNetToPhysicalNetAddress
- -- OBJECT -- SYNTAX InetAddress (Size(4 | 8 | 16 | 20))

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-- DESCRIPTION - -This MIB requires support for only global and non-global IPv4 and IPv6 address and so the size can be 4, 8 16 or - -- -20 bytes. - ipDefaultRouterAddressType -- OBJECT -- SYNTAX InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)} - --- DESCRIPTION This MIB requires support for only global and non-global - -IPv4 and IPv6 address types. - -- --- OBJECT ipDefaultRouterAddress -- SYNTAX InetAddress (Size(4 | 8 | 16 | 20)) -- DESCRIPTION - -This MIB requires support for only global and non-global IPv4 and IPv6 address and so the size can be 4, 8 16 or - -20 bytes. - ш MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipSystemStatsGroup, ipAddressGroup, ipNetToPhysicalGroup, ipDefaultRouterGroup, icmpStatsGroup } GROUP ipSystemStatsHCOctetGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for systems that have an aggregate bandwidth greater than 20MB. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects." GROUP ipSystemStatsHCPacketGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for systems that have an aggregate bandwidth greater than 650MB. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects."

DESCRIPTION

"This group is optional for all systems."

GROUP ipIfStatsHCOctetGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for systems that include the

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ipIfStatsGroup and include links with bandwidths greater than 20MB. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects." GROUP ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for systems that include the ipIfStatsGroup and include links with bandwidths greater than 650MB. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects." GROUP ipv4GeneralGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4." GROUP ipv4IfGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4." GROUP ipv4SystemStatsGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4." GROUP ipv4SystemStatsHCPacketGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and that have an aggregate bandwidth greater than 650MB. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects." GROUP ipv4IfStatsGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and including the ipIfStatsGroup." GROUP ipv4IfStatsHCPacketGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv4 and including the ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup. Including this group does not allow an entity to neglect the 32 bit versions of these objects."

GROUP ipv6GeneralGroup2 DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6."

GROUP ipv6IfGroup DESCRIPTION

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"This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6." GROUP ipAddressPrefixGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6." GROUP ipv6ScopeGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all systems supporting IPv6." GROUP ipv6RouterAdvertGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory for all IPv6 routers." GROUP ipLastChangeGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional for all agents." OBJECT ipv6IpForwarding MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object" ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object" OBJECT ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object" ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION

"An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

OBJECT ipv6InterfaceForwarding MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object"

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ipAddressSpinLock OBJECT MIN-ACCESS not-accessible DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object. However if an agent provides write access to any of the other objects in the ipAddressGroup it SHOULD provide write access to this object as well." ipAddressIfIndex OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object." OBJECT ipAddressType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object." OBJECT *ipAddressStatus* MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object." OBJECT *ipAddressRowStatus* RowStatus { active(1) } SYNTAX MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object." OBJECT ipAddressStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object. If an agent allows this object to be written or created it is not required to allow this object to be set to readOnly, permanent or nonVolatile."

OBJECT ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object"

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ipNetToPhysicalType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object. However if an agent provides write access to any of the other objects in the ipv6RouterAdvertGroup it SHOULD provide write access to this object as well." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object." ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this

object."

OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this

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object." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object." ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write access to this object." OBJECT ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "An agent is not required to provide write or create access to this object." ::= { ipMIBCompliances 2 } -- units of conformance ipv4GeneralGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ipForwarding, ipDefaultTTL, ipReasmTimeout } STATUS current DESCRIPTION

ipv4IfGroup OBJECT-GROUP

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```
DESCRIPTION
           "The group of IPv4-specific objects for basic management of
            IPv4 interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 4 }
ipv6GeneralGroup2 OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipv6IpForwarding, ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IPv6 group of objects providing for basic management of
            IPv6 entities."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 5 }
ipv6IfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipv6InterfaceReasmMaxSize, ipv6InterfaceIdentifier,
    OBJECTS
                ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus, ipv6InterfaceReachableTime,
                ipv6InterfaceRetransmitTime, ipv6InterfaceForwarding }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of IPv6-specific objects for basic management of
            IPv6 interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 6 }
ipLastChangeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipv4InterfaceTableLastChange, ipv6InterfaceTableLastChange,
                ipIfStatsTableLastChange }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The last change objects associated with this MIB. These
            objects are optional for all agents. They SHOULD be
            implemented on agents where it is possible to determine the
            proper values. Where it is not possible to determine the
            proper values, for example when the tables are split amongst
            several sub-agents using AgentX, the agent MUST NOT
            implement these objects to return an incorrect or static
            value."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 7 }
ipSystemStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipSystemStatsInReceives,
                                              ipSystemStatsInOctets,
                ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors,
                                              ipSystemStatsInNoRoutes,
                ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors,
                                              ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos,
                ipSystemStatsInTruncatedPkts, ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams,
                ipSystemStatsReasmReqds,
                                              ipSystemStatsReasmOKs,
```

ipSystemStatsReasmFails, ipSystemStatsInDelivers, ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes, ipSystemStatsOutDiscards, ipSystemStatsInDiscards, ipSystemStatsOutRequests, ipSystemStatsOutForwDatagrams, ipSystemStatsOutFragReqds,

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```
INTERNET-DRAFT
                         Expires: November 2004
                                                                 May 2004
                ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs,
                                              ipSystemStatsOutFragFails,
                ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates,
                                              ipSystemStatsOutTransmits,
                ipSystemStatsOutOctets,
                                              ipSystemStatsInMcastPkts,
                ipSystemStatsInMcastOctets,
                                              ipSystemStatsOutMcastPkts,
                ipSystemStatsOutMcastOctets,
ipSystemStatsDiscontinuityTime,
                ipSystemStatsRefreshRate }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP system wide statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 8 }
ipv4SystemStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipSystemStatsInBcastPkts, ipSystemStatsOutBcastPkts }
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only System wide statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 9 }
ipSystemStatsHCOctetGroup OBJECT-GROUP
```

```
OBJECTS { ipSystemStatsHCInOctets, ipSystemStatsHCOutOctets,
ipSystemStatsHCInMcastOctets, ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastOctets
}
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"IP system wide statistics for systems that may overflow the
standard octet counters within 1 hour."
```

```
ipSystemStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipSystemStatsHCInReceives,
    OBJECTS
ipSystemStatsHCInForwDatagrams,
                ipSystemStatsHCInDelivers,
                                                 ipSystemStatsHCOutRequests,
                ipSystemStatsHCOutForwDatagrams,
ipSystemStatsHCOutTransmits,
                ipSystemStatsHCInMcastPkts,
                                                 ipSystemStatsHCOutMcastPkts
}
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IP system wide statistics for systems that may overflow the
            standard packet counters within 1 hour."
```

```
::= { ipMIBGroups 11 }
```

::= { ipMIBGroups 10 }

OBJECTS { ipSystemStatsHCInBcastPkts, ipSystemStatsHCOutBcastPkts }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "IPv4 only system wide statistics for systems that may
 overflow the standard packet counters within 1 hour."
 ::= { ipMIBGroups 12 }

ipIfStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ipIfStatsInReceives, ipIfStatsInOctets,

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ipIfStatsInHdrErrors, ipIfStatsInNoRoutes, ipIfStatsInAddrErrors, ipIfStatsInUnknownProtos, ipIfStatsInTruncatedPkts, ipIfStatsInForwDatagrams, ipIfStatsReasmReqds, ipIfStatsReasmOKs, ipIfStatsReasmFails, ipIfStatsInDiscards, ipIfStatsInDelivers, ipIfStatsOutRequests, ipIfStatsOutForwDatagrams, ipIfStatsOutDiscards, ipIfStatsOutFragReqds, ipIfStatsOutFragOKs, ipIfStatsOutFragFails, ipIfStatsOutFragCreates, ipIfStatsOutTransmits, ipIfStatsOutOctets, ipIfStatsInMcastOctets, ipIfStatsInMcastPkts, ipIfStatsOutMcastPkts, ipIfStatsOutMcastOctets, ipIfStatsDiscontinuityTime, ipIfStatsRefreshRate } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "IP per-interface statistics." ::= { ipMIBGroups 13 } ipv4IfStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP { ipIfStatsInBcastPkts, ipIfStatsOutBcastPkts } OBJECTS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "IPv4 only per-interface statistics." ::= { ipMIBGroups 14 } ipIfStatsHCOctetGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ipIfStatsHCInOctets, ipIfStatsHCOutOctets, ipIfStatsHCInMcastOctets, ipIfStatsHCOutMcastOctets } current STATUS DESCRIPTION "IP per-interfaces statistics for systems that include interfaces that may overflow the may overflow the standard octet counters within 1 hour." ::= { ipMIBGroups 15 } ipIfStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ipIfStatsHCInReceives, ipIfStatsHCInForwDatagrams, ipIfStatsHCInDelivers, ipIfStatsHCOutRequests, ipIfStatsHCOutForwDatagrams, ipIfStatsHCOutTransmits, ipIfStatsHCInMcastPkts, ipIfStatsHCOutMcastPkts }

STATUS current DESCRIPTION "IP per-interfaces statistics for systems that include interfaces that may overflow the standard packet counters within 1 hour." ::= { ipMIBGroups 16 }

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```
ipv4IfStatsHCPacketGroup OBJECT-GROUP
              { ipIfStatsHCInBcastPkts, ipIfStatsHCOutBcastPkts }
    OBJECTS
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "IPv4 only per-interface statistics for systems that include
            interfaces that may overflow the standard packet counters
            within 1 hour."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 17 }
ipAddressPrefixGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipAddressPrefixOrigin,
                ipAddressPrefixOnLinkFlag,
                ipAddressPrefixAutonomousFlag,
                ipAddressPrefixAdvPreferredLifetime,
                ipAddressPrefixAdvValidLifetime }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about address
            prefixes used by this node."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 18 }
ipAddressGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipAddressSpinLock, ipAddressIfIndex,
                ipAddressType,
                                    ipAddressPrefix,
                ipAddressOrigin,
                                    ipAddressStatus,
                                    ipAddressLastChanged,
                ipAddressCreated,
                ipAddressRowStatus, ipAddressStorageType }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
          "The group of objects for providing information about the
            addresses relevant to this entity's interfaces."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 19 }
ipNetToPhysicalGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress, ipNetToPhysicalLastUpdated,
                                            ipNetToPhysicalState,
                ipNetToPhysicalType,
                ipNetToPhysicalRowStatus }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about the
            mappings of network address to physical address known to
            this node."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 20 }
```

ipv6ScopeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { ipv6ScopeZoneIndexLinkLocal, ipv6ScopeZoneIndex3,
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexSiteLocal,
ipv6ScopeZoneIndex6, ipv6ScopeZoneIndex7,

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```
ipv6ScopeZoneIndexOrganizationLocal, ipv6ScopeZoneIndex9,
                ipv6ScopeZoneIndexA,
                                                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexB,
                ipv6ScopeZoneIndexC,
                                                 ipv6ScopeZoneIndexD }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for managing IPv6 scope zones."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 21 }
ipDefaultRouterGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
            { ipDefaultRouterLifetime, ipDefaultRouterPreference }
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for providing information about default
            routers known to this node."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 22 }
ipv6RouterAdvertGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { ipv6RouterAdvertSpinLock,
                                               ipv6RouterAdvertSendAdverts,
                ipv6RouterAdvertMaxInterval,
                                               ipv6RouterAdvertMinInterval,
                ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag,
ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag,
                ipv6RouterAdvertLinkMTU,
ipv6RouterAdvertReachableTime,
                ipv6RouterAdvertRetransmitTime,
ipv6RouterAdvertCurHopLimit,
                ipv6RouterAdvertDefaultLifetime, ipv6RouterAdvertRowStatus
}
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects for controlling information advertised
            by IPv6 routers."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 23 }
icmpStatsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              {icmpStatsInMsgs,
                                   icmpStatsInErrors,
               icmpStatsOutMsgs,
                                   icmpStatsOutErrors,
               icmpMsgStatsInPkts, icmpMsgStatsOutPkts }
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The group of objects providing ICMP statistics."
    ::= { ipMIBGroups 24 }
```

- -

-- Deprecated objects

ipInReceives OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION

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- -

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```
"The total number of input datagrams received from
           interfaces, including those received in error.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
                                     п
            ipSystemStatsInRecieves.
    ::= { ip 3 }
ipInHdrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams discarded due to errors in
            their IPv4 headers, including bad checksums, version number
            mismatch, other format errors, time-to-live exceeded, errors
            discovered in processing their IPv4 options, etc.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsInHdrErrors."
    ::= { ip 4 }
ipInAddrErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input datagrams discarded because the IPv4
            address in their IPv4 header's destination field was not a
           valid address to be received at this entity. This count
            includes invalid addresses (e.g., 0.0.0.0) and addresses of
            unsupported Classes (e.g., Class E). For entities which are
            not IPv4 routers and therefore do not forward datagrams,
            this counter includes datagrams discarded because the
            destination address was not a local address.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsInAddrErrors."
    ::= { ip 5 }
```

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```
their final IPv4 destination, as a result of which an
            attempt was made to find a route to forward them to that
            final destination. In entities which do not act as IPv4
            routers, this counter will include only those packets which
            were Source-Routed via this entity, and the Source-Route
            option processing was successful.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsInForwDatagrams.
                                           п
    ::= { ip 6 }
ipInUnknownProtos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of locally-addressed datagrams received
            successfully but discarded because of an unknown or
            unsupported protocol.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsInUnknownProtos.
                                          - 11
    ::= { ip 7 }
ipInDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of input IPv4 datagrams for which no problems
            were encountered to prevent their continued processing, but
            which were discarded (e.g., for lack of buffer space). Note
            that this counter does not include any datagrams discarded
            while awaiting re-assembly.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsInDiscards. "
    ::= { ip 8 }
```

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```
to IPv4 user-protocols (including ICMP).
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsIndelivers. "
    ::= { ip 9 }
ipOutRequests OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of IPv4 datagrams which local IPv4 user
            protocols (including ICMP) supplied to IPv4 in requests for
            transmission. Note that this counter does not include any
            datagrams counted in ipForwDatagrams.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutRequests. "
    ::= { ip 10 }
ipOutDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of output IPv4 datagrams for which no problem was
            encountered to prevent their transmission to their
            destination, but which were discarded (e.g., for lack of
            buffer space). Note that this counter would include
            datagrams counted in ipForwDatagrams if any such packets met
            this (discretionary) discard criterion.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutDiscards.
                                      ....
    ::= { ip 11 }
ipOutNoRoutes OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

STATUS deprecated

DESCRIPTION

"The number of IPv4 datagrams discarded because no route could be found to transmit them to their destination. Note that this counter includes any packets counted in ipForwDatagrams which meet this `no-route' criterion. Note

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```
that this includes any datagrams which a host cannot route
            because all of its default routers are down.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutNoRoutes. "
    ::= { ip 12 }
ipReasmRegds OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 fragments received which needed to be
            reassembled at this entity.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
           table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsReasmReqds.
                                      п
    ::= { ip 14 }
ipReasmOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams successfully re-assembled.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsReasmOKs. "
    ::= { ip 15 }
ipReasmFails OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of failures detected by the IPv4 re-assembly
            algorithm (for whatever reason: timed out, errors, etc).
           Note that this is not necessarily a count of discarded IPv4
            fragments since some algorithms (notably the algorithm in
```

<u>RFC 815</u>) can lose track of the number of fragments by combining them as they are received.

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by ipSystemStatsReasmFails. "

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::= { ip 16 }

::= { ip 19 }

```
ipFragOKs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams that have been successfully
            fragmented at this entity.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutFragOKs. "
    ::= { ip 17 }
ipFragFails OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagrams that have been discarded
            because they needed to be fragmented at this entity but
            could not be, e.g., because their Don't Fragment flag was
            set.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutFragFails.
                                       - 11
    ::= { ip 18 }
ipFragCreates OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of IPv4 datagram fragments that have been
            generated as a result of fragmentation at this entity.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            ipSystemStatsOutFragCreates. "
```

ipRoutingDiscards OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION

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"The number of routing entries which were chosen to be discarded even though they are valid. One possible reason for discarding such an entry could be to free-up buffer space for other routing entries. This object was defined in pre-IPv6 versions of the IP MIB. It was implicitly IPv4 only but the original specifications did not indicate this protocol restriction. In order to clarify the specifications this object has been deprecated and a similar, but more thoroughly clarified, object has been added to the IP-FORWARD-MIB." ::= { ip 23 } -- the deprecated IPv4 address table ipAddrTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpAddrEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "The table of addressing information relevant to this entity's IPv4 addresses. This table has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by the ipAddressTable although several objects that weren't deemed useful weren't carried forward while another (ipAdEntReasmMaxSize) was moved to the ipv4InterfaceTable. ::= { ip 20 } ipAddrEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX **IpAddrEntry** MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "The addressing information for one of this entity's IPv4 addresses." INDEX { ipAdEntAddr }

```
::= { ipAddrTable 1 }
```

<pre>IpAddrEntry ::= SEQUENCE {</pre>				
ipAdEntAddr	IpAddress,			
ipAdEntIfIndex	INTEGER,			
ipAdEntNetMask	IpAddress,			
ipAdEntBcastAddr	INTEGER,			
ipAdEntReasmMaxSize	INTEGER			

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}

```
ipAdEntAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IPv4 address to which this entry's addressing
           information pertains."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 1 }
ipAdEntIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              INTEGER (1..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value which uniquely identifies the interface to
           which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 2 }
ipAdEntNetMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              IpAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The subnet mask associated with the IPv4 address of this
            entry. The value of the mask is an IPv4 address with all
            the network bits set to 1 and all the hosts bits set to 0."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 3 }
ipAdEntBcastAddr OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER (0..1)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
              deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of the least-significant bit in the IPv4 broadcast
            address used for sending datagrams on the (logical)
            interface associated with the IPv4 address of this entry.
            For example, when the Internet standard all-ones broadcast
            address is used, the value will be 1. This value applies to
            both the subnet and network broadcasts addresses used by the
```

entity on this (logical) interface."
::= { ipAddrEntry 4 }

ipAdEntReasmMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE

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```
INTEGER (0..65535)
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The size of the largest IPv4 datagram which this entity can
            re-assemble from incoming IPv4 fragmented datagrams received
            on this interface."
    ::= { ipAddrEntry 5 }
-- the deprecated IPv4 Address Translation table
-- The Address Translation tables contain the IpAddress to
-- "physical" address equivalences. Some interfaces do not
-- use translation tables for determining address
-- equivalences (e.g., DDN-X.25 has an algorithmic method);
-- if all interfaces are of this type, then the Address
-- Translation table is empty, i.e., has zero entries.
ipNetToMediaTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpNetToMediaEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IPv4 Address Translation table used for mapping from
            IPv4 addresses to physical addresses.
            This table has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by the
            ipNetToPhysicalTable.
                                   н
    ::= { ip 22 }
ipNetToMediaEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpNetToMediaEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry contains one IpAddress to `physical' address
            equivalence."
    INDEX
                { ipNetToMediaIfIndex,
                  ipNetToMediaNetAddress }
```

::= { ipNetToMediaTable 1 }

IpNetToMediaEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
 ipNetToMediaIfIndex INTEGER,
 ipNetToMediaPhysAddress PhysAddress,

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```
ipNetToMediaNetAddress
                                 IpAddress,
        ipNetToMediaType
                                 INTEGER
    }
ipNetToMediaIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER (1..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
               deprecated
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The interface on which this entry's equivalence is
            effective. The interface identified by a particular value
            of this index is the same interface as identified by the
            same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex.
            This object predates the rule limiting index objects to a
            max access value of 'not-accessible' and so continue to use
            a value of 'read-create'."
    ::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 1 }
ipNetToMediaPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               PhysAddress (SIZE(0..65535))
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The media-dependent `physical' address. This object should
            return 0 when this entry is in the 'incomplete' state.
            As the entries in this table are typically not persistent
            when this object is written the entity should not save the
            change to non-volatile storage. Note: a stronger
            requirement is not used because this object was previously
            defined."
    ::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 2 }
ipNetToMediaNetAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IpAddress corresponding to the media-dependent
            `physical' address.
```

```
This object predates the rule limiting index objects to a
   max access value of 'not-accessible' and so continue to use
   a value of 'read-create'."
::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 3 }
```

ipNetToMediaType OBJECT-TYPE

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```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    other(1), -- none of the following
    invalid(2), -- an invalidated mapping
    dynamic(3),
    static(4)
    }
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
    "The type of mapping.
```

Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect of invalidating the corresponding entry in the ipNetToMediaTable. That is, it effectively dis-associates the interface identified with said entry from the mapping identified with said entry. It is an implementationspecific matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be prepared to receive tabular information from agents that corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant ipNetToMediaType object.

As the entries in this table are typically not persistent when this object is written the entity should not save the change to non-volatile storage. Note: a stronger requirement is not used because this object was previously defined."

```
::= { ipNetToMediaEntry 4 }
```

-- the deprecated ICMP group

```
icmpInMsgs OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter32
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS deprecated
DESCRIPTION
"The total number of ICMP messages which the entity received.
Note that this counter includes all those counted by
icmpInErrors.
```

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
 table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
 icmpStatsInMsgs. "
::= { icmp 1 }

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```
icmpInErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages which the entity received but
            determined as having ICMP-specific errors (bad ICMP
            checksums, bad length, etc.).
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added.
                                  It is loosely replaced by
            icmpStatsInErrors. "
    ::= { icmp 2 }
icmpInDestUnreachs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               deprecated
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Destination Unreachable messages
           received.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 3 }
icmpInTimeExcds OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               deprecated
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Time Exceeded messages received.
           This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 4 }
icmpInParmProbs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "The number of ICMP Parameter Problem messages received.

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in

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```
the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 5 }
icmpInSrcQuenchs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Source Quench messages received.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 6 }
icmpInRedirects OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Redirect messages received.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 7 }
icmpInEchos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo (request) messages received.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 8 }
icmpInEchoReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "The number of ICMP Echo Reply messages received.

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in

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```
the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 9 }
icmpInTimestamps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp (request) messages received.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 10 }
icmpInTimestampReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp Reply messages received.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 11 }
icmpInAddrMasks OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Request messages received.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 12 }
icmpInAddrMaskReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "The number of ICMP Address Mask Reply messages received.

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in

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```
the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 13 }
icmpOutMsgs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The total number of ICMP messages which this entity
            attempted to send. Note that this counter includes all
            those counted by icmpOutErrors.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            icmpStatsOutMsgs."
    ::= { icmp 14 }
icmpOutErrors OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP messages which this entity did not send
            due to problems discovered within ICMP such as a lack of
            buffers. This value should not include errors discovered
            outside the ICMP layer such as the inability of IP to route
            the resultant datagram. In some implementations there may
            be no types of error which contribute to this counter's
            value.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by
            icmpStatsOutErrors."
    ::= { icmp 15 }
icmpOutDestUnreachs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Destination Unreachable messages sent.
```

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
 table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
 the icmpMsgStatsTable."
::= { icmp 16 }

icmpOutTimeExcds OBJECT-TYPE

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```
Counter32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Time Exceeded messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 17 }
icmpOutParmProbs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Parameter Problem messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 18 }
icmpOutSrcQuenchs OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Source Quench messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 19 }
icmpOutRedirects OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Redirect messages sent. For a host, this
            object will always be zero, since hosts do not send
```

redirects.

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in the icmpMsgStatsTable."

::= { icmp 20 }

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```
icmpOutEchos OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo (request) messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 21 }
icmpOutEchoReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Echo Reply messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 22 }
icmpOutTimestamps OBJECT-TYPE
               Counter32
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp (request) messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 23 }
icmpOutTimestampReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Timestamp Reply messages sent.
```

This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
 table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
 the icmpMsgStatsTable."
::= { icmp 24 }

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```
icmpOutAddrMasks OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Request messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 25 }
icmpOutAddrMaskReps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The number of ICMP Address Mask Reply messages sent.
            This object has been deprecated as a new IP version neutral
            table has been added. It is loosely replaced by a column in
            the icmpMsgStatsTable."
    ::= { icmp 26 }
-- deprecated conformance information
-- deprecated compliance statements
ipMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
              deprecated
    DESCRIPTION
           "The compliance statement for systems which implement only
            IPv4. For version-independence, this compliance statement
            is deprecated in favor of ipMIBCompliance2."
    MODULE -- this module
        MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipGroup,
                           icmpGroup }
    ::= { ipMIBCompliances 1 }
-- deprecated units of conformance
ipGroup OBJECT-GROUP
```

OBJECTS	{ ipForwarding,	ipDefaultTTL,	ipInReceives,
	ipInHdrErrors,	ipInAddrErrors,	ipForwDatagrams,
	ipInUnknownProtos,	ipInDiscards,	ipInDelivers,
	<pre>ipOutRequests,</pre>	ipOutDiscards,	ipOutNoRoutes,
	<pre>ipReasmTimeout,</pre>	ipReasmReqds,	ipReasmOKs,
	ipReasmFails,	ipFragOKs,	ipFragFails,
	<pre>ipFragCreates,</pre>	ipAdEntAddr,	ipAdEntIfIndex,

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ipAdEntReasmMa	ipAdEntNetMask,	ipAdEntBcastAddr,
	ipNetToMediaIfIndex, ipNetToMediaNetAddre	
	e ip group of objects	providing for basic management of IP he management of IP routes.
As part of the version independence this group has been deprecated. " ::= { ipMIBGroups 1 }		
	<pre>{ icmpInMsgs, icmpInDestUnreachs, icmpInParmProbs, icmpInRedirects, icmpInEchoReps, icmpInTimestampReps, icmpOutErrors, icmpOutErrors, icmpOutErrors, icmpOutErros, icmpOutErcos, icmpOutSrcQuenchs, icmpOutEchos, icmpOutTimestamps, icmpOutAddrMasks,</pre>	<pre>icmpInSrcQuenchs, icmpInEchos, icmpInTimestamps,</pre>
STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "The icmp group of objects providing ICMP statistics.		
As part of the version independence this group has been deprecated. " ::= { ipMIBGroups 2 }		
END		

6. Previous Work

This document contains objects modified from <u>RFC 1213</u> [11], <u>RFC 2011</u>

[12], <u>RFC 2465</u> [13], and <u>RFC 2466</u> [14].

7. References

<u>7.1</u>. Normative

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7.2. Informative

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8. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

ipForwarding and ipv6IpForwarding - these objects allow a manager to enable or disable the routing functions on the entity. By disabling the routing functions an attacker would possibly be able to deny service to users. By enabling the routing functions an attacker could open a conduit into an area. This might result in the area providing transit for packets it shouldn't or allow the attacker access to the area bypassing security safeguards.

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ipDefaultTTL and ipv6IpDefaultHopLimit - these objects allow a manager to determine the diameter of the valid area for a packet. By decreasing the value of these objects an attacker could cause packets to be discarded before reaching their destinations.

ipv4InterfaceEnableStatus and ipv6InterfaceEnableStatus - these objects allow a manager to enable or disable IPv4 and IPv6 on a specific interface. By enabling a protocol on an interface an attacker might be able to create an unsecured path into a node (or through it if routing is also enabled). By disabling a protocol on an interface an attacker might be able to force packets to be routed through some other interface or deny access to some or all of the network via that protocol.

ipAddressTable - the objects in this table specify the addresses in use on this node. By modifying this information an attacker can cause a node to either ignore messages destined to it or accept (at least at the IP layer) messages it would otherwise ignore. The use of filtering or security associations may reduce the potential damage in the latter case.

ipv6RouterAdvertTable - the objects in this table specify the information that a router should propagate in its routing advertisement messages. By modifying this information an attacker can interfere with the auto-configuration of all hosts on the link. Most modifications to this table will result in a denial of service to some or all hosts on the link. However two objects, ipv6RouterAdvertManagedFlag and ipv6RouterAdvertOtherConfigFlag, indicate if a host should acquire configuration information from some other source. By enabling these an attacker might be able to cause a host to retrieve its configuration information from a compromised source.

ipNetToPhysicalPhysAddress and ipNetToPhysicalType - these objects specify information used to translate a network (IP) address into a media dependent address. By modifying these objects an attacker could disable communication with a node or divert messages from one node to another. However the attacker may be able to carry out a similar attack by simply responding to the ARP or ND requests made by the target node. Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP.

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These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

Essentially all of the objects in this MIB could be considered sensitive as they report on the status of the IP modules within a system. However the ipSystemStatsTable, ipIfStatsTable and ipAddressTable are likely to be of most interest to an attacker. The statistics tables supply information about the quantity and type of traffic this node is processing and, especially for transit providers, may be considered sensitive. The address table provides a convenient list of all address in use by this node. Each address in isolation is unremarkable however the total list would allow an attacker to correlate otherwise unrelated traffic. For example an attacker might be able to correlate the a <u>RFC 3041</u> [15] private address with known public addresses thus circumventing the intentions of <u>RFC 3041</u>.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [9], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

9. Editor's Contact Information

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This document updates parts of the MIBs from several other documents. <u>RFC2011</u> is the previous update to the IP MIB. <u>RFC2465</u> and <u>RFC2466</u> are the first versions specifying IPv6 addresses and information.

<u>RFC2011</u>: Keith McCloghrie, Cisco Systems (Editor)

<u>RFC2465</u> and <u>RFC2466</u>: Dimitry Haskin, Bay Networks

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14. RFC Editor Notes

- -- RFC Editor
- -- This section to be removed as well.

This section contains notes to the RFC Editor and should be removed as the document is converted into an RFC.

Most of the revision history section is to be removed. The sections to be removed include all of the specific changes to various iterations of the drafts and is indicated with a removal tag.

In the module identity section of the MIB (beginning of <u>section 5</u>) the RFC number of this document must be added in the description field and the first revision field (replacing xxxx).

In the reference section of object ipv6ScopeZoneIndexTable the reference needs to be updated to refer to the correct document if the address architecture document precedes this document as an RFC.

In the references section of object ipDefaultRouterPreference the reference needs to be updated to refer to the correct document.

In the references section (7) the references to 3291Bis, 2096Bis and the router selection RFC must be replaced with proper RFCs as those numbers are assigned.

In the references section (7) the reference to 3513BIS should be replaced with a proper RFC if the address architecture document precedes this one as an RFC.

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Section 14. [Page 134]