LWIG Working Group Internet-Draft

Intended status: Informational Expires: September 10, 2020

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Comparison of CoAP Security Protocols draft-ietf-lwig-security-protocol-comparison-04

Abstract

This document analyzes and compares the sizes of key exchange flights and the per-packet message size overheads when using different security protocols to secure CoAP. The analyzed security protocols are DTLS 1.2, DTLS 1.3, TLS 1.2, TLS 1.3, EDHOC, OSCORE, and Group OSCORE. The DTLS and TLS record layers are analyzed with and without 6LoWPAN-GHC compression. DTLS is analyzed with and without Connection ID.

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1. Introduction

This document analyzes and compares the sizes of key exchange flights and the per-packet message size overheads when using different security protocols to secure CoAP over UPD [RFC7252] and TCP [RFC8323]. The analyzed security protocols are DTLS 1.2 [RFC6347], DTLS 1.3 [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13], TLS 1.2 [RFC5246], TLS 1.3 [RFC8446], EDHOC [I-D.selander-lake-edhoc], OSCORE [RFC8613], and Group OSCORE [I-D.ietf-core-oscore-groupcomm].

The DTLS and TLS record layers are analyzed with and without 6LoWPAN-GHC compression. DTLS is anlyzed with and without Connection ID [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls-connection-id]. Readers are expected to be familiar with some of the terms described in RFC 7925 [RFC7925], such as ICV. Section 2 compares the overhead of key exchange, while Section 3 covers the overhead for protection of application data.

2. Overhead of Key Exchange Protocols

This section analyzes and compares the sizes of key exchange flights for different protocols.

To enable a fair comparison between protocols, the following assumptions are made:

- o All the overhead calculations in this section use AES-CCM with a tag length of 8 bytes (e.g. AES_128_CCM_8 or AES-CCM-16-64-128).
- o A minimum number of algorithms and cipher suites is offered. The algorithm used/offered are Curve25519, ECDSA with P-256, AES-CCM_8, SHA-256.
- o The length of key identifiers are 1 byte.
- o The length of connection identifiers are 1 byte.
- o DTLS RPK makes use of point compression, which saves 32 bytes.
- o DTLS handshake message fragmentation is not considered.

o Only the DTLS mandatory extensions are considered, except for Connection ID.

<u>Section 2.1</u> gives a short summary of the message overhead based on different parameters and some assumptions. The following sections detail the assumptions and the calculations.

2.1. Summary

The DTLS overhead is dependent on the parameter Connection ID. The following overheads apply for all Connection IDs of the same length, when Connection ID is used.

The EDHOC overhead is dependent on the key identifiers included. The following overheads apply for Sender IDs of the same length.

All the overhead are dependent on the tag length. The following overheads apply for tags of the same length.

Figure 1 compares the message sizes of EDHOC $[\underline{\text{I-D.selander-lake-edhoc}}]$ with the DTLS 1.3 $[\underline{\text{I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13}}]$ and TLS 1.3 $[\underline{\text{RFC8446}}]$ handshakes with connection ID.

	========	========	=======	======
Flight	#1	#2	#3	Total
DTLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE DTLS 1.3 Cached X.509/RPK + E DTLS 1.3 PSK + ECDHE	150 CDHE 182 184	373 347 190	213 213 57	736 742 431
DTLS 1.3 PSK	134	150	57	341
EDHOC RPK + ECDHE EDHOC PSK + ECDHE	37 38	46 44	20 10	103 92

Figure 1: Comparison of message sizes in bytes with Connection ID

Figure 2 compares of message sizes of DTLS 1.3 [$\underline{\text{I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13}}$] and TLS 1.3 [$\underline{\text{RFC8446}}$] handshakes without connection ID.

=======		========	========	:=======	========
Flight		#1	#2	#3	Total
	RPK + ECDHE PSK + ECDHE PSK	144 178 128	364 183 143	212 56 56	722 417 327
	RPK + ECDHE PSK + ECDHE PSK	129 163 113	322 157 117	194 50 50	645 370 280

Figure 2: Comparison of message sizes in bytes without Connection ID

The details of the message size calculations are given in the following sections.

2.2. DTLS 1.3

This section gives an estimate of the message sizes of DTLS 1.3 with different authentication methods. Note that the examples in this section are not test vectors, the cryptographic parts are just replaced with byte strings of the same length, while other fixed length fields are replace with arbitrary strings or omitted, in which case their length is indicated. Values that are not arbitrary are given in hexadecimal.

2.2.1. Message Sizes RPK + ECDHE

In this section, a Connection ID of 1 byte is used.

2.2.1.1. flight_1

```
Record Header - DTLSPlaintext (13 bytes):
16 fe fd EE EE SS SS SS SS SS SS LL LL

Handshake Header - Client Hello (10 bytes):
01 LL LL LS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL

Legacy Version (2 bytes):
fe fd

Client Random (32 bytes):
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f

Legacy Session ID (1 bytes):
00
```

```
Legacy Cookie (1 bytes):
     00
    Cipher Suites (TLS_AES_128_CCM_8_SHA256) (4 bytes):
     00 02 13 05
     Compression Methods (null) (2 bytes):
     01 00
    Extensions Length (2 bytes):
    LL LL
       Extension - Supported Groups (x25519) (8 bytes):
       00 0a 00 04 00 02 00 1d
       Extension - Signature Algorithms (ecdsa_secp256r1_sha256)
       (8 bytes):
       00 0d 00 04 00 02 08 07
       Extension - Key Share (42 bytes):
       00 33 00 26 00 24 00 1d 00 20
       00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
       16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
       Extension - Supported Versions (1.3) (7 bytes):
       00 2b 00 03 02 03 04
       Extension - Client Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes):
       00 13 00 01 01 02
       Extension - Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes):
       00 14 00 01 01 02
       Extension - Connection Identifier (43) (6 bytes):
       XX XX 00 02 01 42
 13 + 10 + 2 + 32 + 1 + 1 + 4 + 2 + 2 + 8 + 8 + 42 + 7 + 6 + 6 + 6 = 150
 bytes
  DTLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE flight_1 gives 150 bytes of overhead.
2.2.1.2. flight_2
 Record Header - DTLSPlaintext (13 bytes):
 16 fe fd EE EE SS SS SS SS SS LL LL
  Handshake Header - Server Hello (10 bytes):
  02 LL LL LL SS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL
```

```
Legacy Version (2 bytes):
    fe fd
   Server Random (32 bytes):
    00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
    16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
   Legacy Session ID (1 bytes):
   Cipher Suite (TLS_AES_128_CCM_8_SHA256) (2 bytes):
    13 05
   Compression Method (null) (1 bytes):
    00
   Extensions Length (2 bytes):
   LL LL
      Extension - Key Share (40 bytes):
      00 33 00 24 00 1d 00 20
      00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
      16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
      Extension - Supported Versions (1.3) (6 bytes):
      00 2b 00 02 03 04
      Extension - Connection Identifier (43) (6 bytes):
      XX XX 00 02 01 43
Record Header - DTLSCiphertext, Full (6 bytes):
HH ES SS 43 LL LL
 Handshake Header - Encrypted Extensions (10 bytes):
 08 LL LL LL SS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL
    Extensions Length (2 bytes):
   LL LL
      Extension - Client Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes):
      00 13 00 01 01 02
      Extension - Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes):
      00 14 00 01 01 02
 Handshake Header - Certificate Request (10 bytes):
  0d LL LL LL SS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL
```

```
Request Context (1 bytes):
    00
   Extensions Length (2 bytes):
   LL LL
     Extension - Signature Algorithms (ecdsa_secp256r1_sha256)
      (8 bytes):
     00 0d 00 04 00 02 08 07
 Handshake Header - Certificate (10 bytes):
 0b LL LL LL SS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL
    Request Context (1 bytes):
   00
   Certificate List Length (3 bytes):
   LL LL LL
   Certificate Length (3 bytes):
   LL LL LL
   Certificate (59 bytes) // Point compression
   Certificate Extensions (2 bytes):
    00 00
 Handshake Header - Certificate Verify (10 bytes):
 Of LL LL LS SS SO 00 00 UL LL LL
   Signature (68 bytes):
   ZZ ZZ 00 40 ....
 Handshake Header - Finished (10 bytes):
 14 LL LL SS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL
   Verify Data (32 bytes):
   00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
   16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
 Record Type (1 byte):
 16
Auth Tag (8 bytes):
e0 8b 0e 45 5a 35 0a e5
13 + 102 + 6 + 24 + 21 + 78 + 78 + 42 + 1 + 8 = 373 bytes
```

DTLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE flight_2 gives 373 bytes of overhead.

```
2.2.1.3. flight_3
  Record Header (6 bytes) // DTLSCiphertext, Full:
  ZZ ES SS 42 LL LL
     Handshake Header - Certificate (10 bytes):
     0b LL LL LL SS SS XX XX XX LL LL LL
       Request Context (1 bytes):
       00
       Certificate List Length (3 bytes):
       LL LL LL
       Certificate Length (3 bytes):
       LL LL LL
       Certificate (59 bytes) // Point compression
       Certificate Extensions (2 bytes):
       00 00
     Handshake Header - Certificate Verify (10 bytes):
     Of LL LL LL SS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL
       Signature (68 bytes):
       04 03 LL LL //ecdsa_secp256r1_sha256
       00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
       16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b
        Oc Od Oe Of 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
    Handshake Header - Finished (10 bytes):
     14 LL LL SS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL
      Verify Data (32 bytes) // SHA-256:
       00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
       16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
    Record Type (1 byte):
    16
  Auth Tag (8 bytes) // AES-CCM_8:
  00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
  6 + 78 + 78 + 42 + 1 + 8 = 213 bytes
```

DTLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE flight_2 gives 213 bytes of overhead.

2.2.2. Message Sizes PSK + ECDHE

2.2.2.1. flight_1

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.2.1.1 are:

The following is added:

- + Extension PSK Key Exchange Modes (6 bytes): 00 2d 00 02 01 01
- + Extension Pre Shared Key (48 bytes):

00 29 00 2F

00 0a 00 01 ID 00 00 00 00

00 21 20 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f

The following is removed:

- Extension Signature Algorithms (ecdsa_secp256r1_sha256) (8 bytes)
- Extension Client Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)
- Extension Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)

In total:

150 + 6 + 48 - 8 - 6 - 6 = 184 bytes

DTLS 1.3 PSK + ECDHE flight_1 gives 184 bytes of overhead.

2.2.2.2. flight_2

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.2.1.2 are:

The following is added:

+ Extension - Pre Shared Key (6 bytes) 00 29 00 02 00 00

The following is removed:

- Handshake Message Certificate (78 bytes)
- Handshake Message CertificateVerify (78 bytes)
- Handshake Message CertificateRequest (21 bytes)
- Extension Client Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)
- Extension Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)

In total:

$$373 - 78 - 78 - 21 - 6 - 6 + 6 = 190$$
 bytes

DTLS 1.3 PSK + ECDHE flight_2 gives 190 bytes of overhead.

2.2.2.3. flight_3

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.2.1.3 are:

The following is removed:

- Handshake Message Certificate (78 bytes)
- Handshake Message Certificate Verify (78 bytes)

In total:

$$213 - 78 - 78 = 57$$
 bytes

DTLS 1.3 PSK + ECDHE flight_3 gives 57 bytes of overhead.

2.2.3. Message Sizes PSK

2.2.3.1. flight_1

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.2.2.1 are:

The following is removed:

- Extension Supported Groups (x25519) (8 bytes)
- Extension Key Share (42 bytes)

In total:

$$184 - 8 - 42 = 134$$
 bytes

DTLS 1.3 PSK flight_1 gives 134 bytes of overhead.

2.2.3.2. flight_2

The differences in overhead compared to Section 2.2.2.2 are:

The following is removed:

- Extension - Key Share (40 bytes)

In total:

190 - 40 = 150 bytes

DTLS 1.3 PSK flight_2 gives 150 bytes of overhead.

2.2.3.3. flight_3

There are no differences in overhead compared to Section 2.2.2.3.

DTLS 1.3 PSK flight_3 gives 57 bytes of overhead.

2.2.4. Cached Information

In this section, we consider the effect of $[{\tt RFC7924}]$ on the message size overhead.

Cached information together with server X.509 can be used to move bytes from flight #2 to flight #1 (cached RPK increases the number of bytes compared to cached X.509).

The differences compared to <u>Section 2.2.1</u> are the following.

For the flight #1, the following is added:

+ Extension - Client Cashed Information (39 bytes):

00 19 LL LL LL LL

01 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f

And the following is removed:

- Extension - Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)

Giving a total of:

150 + 33 = 183 bytes

For the flight #2, the following is added:

+ Extension - Server Cashed Information (7 bytes): 00 19 LL LL LL LL 01

And the following is removed:

- Extension Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)
- Server Certificate (59 bytes -> 32 bytes)

Giving a total of:

373 - 26 = 347 bytes

A summary of the calculation is given in Figure 3.

		========	======	=======
Flight	#1	#2	#3	Total
DTLS 1.3 Cached X.509/RPK + ECDH	IE 183	347	213	743
DTLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE	150	373	213	736
				=======

Figure 3: Comparison of message sizes in bytes for DTLS 1.3 RPK + ECDH with and without cached X.509

2.2.5. Resumption

To enable resumption, a 4th flight (New Session Ticket) is added to the PSK handshake.

```
Record Header - DTLSCiphertext, Full (6 bytes):
HH ES SS 43 LL LL
 Handshake Header - New Session Ticket (10 bytes):
  04 LL LL SS SS 00 00 00 LL LL LL
    Ticket Lifetime (4 bytes):
    00 01 02 03
    Ticket Age Add (4 bytes):
    00 01 02 03
    Ticket Nonce (2 bytes):
    01 00
    Ticket (6 bytes):
    00 04 ID ID ID ID
   Extensions (2 bytes):
    00 00
Auth Tag (8 bytes) // AES-CCM_8:
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
6 + 10 + 4 + 4 + 2 + 6 + 2 + 8 = 42 bytes
```

The initial handshake when resumption is enabled is just a PSK handshake with 134 + 150 + 57 + 42 = 383 bytes.

2.2.6. Without Connection ID

Without a Connection ID the DTLS 1.3 flight sizes changes as follows.

DTLS 1.3 Flight #1: -6 bytes
DTLS 1.3 Flight #2: -7 bytes
DTLS 1.3 Flight #3: -1 byte

Flight	#1	#2	#3	Total						
DTLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE (no cid)	144	364	212	722						
DTLS 1.3 PSK + ECDHE (no cid)	178	183	56	417						
DTLS 1.3 PSK (no cid)	128	143	56	327						
	=======	=======	======	=======						

Figure 4: Comparison of message sizes in bytes for DTLS 1.3 without Connection ID

2.2.7. DTLS Raw Public Keys

TOD0

2.2.7.1. SubjectPublicKeyInfo without point compression

Total of 91 bytes

2.2.7.2. SubjectPublicKeyInfo with point compression

2.3. TLS 1.3

In this section, the message sizes are calculated for TLS 1.3. The major changes compared to DTLS 1.3 are that the record header is smaller, the handshake headers is smaller, and that Connection ID is not supported. Recently, additional work has taken shape with the goal to further reduce overhead for TLS 1.3 (see <a href=[I-D.rescorla-tls-ctls]).

TLS Assumptions:

- o Minimum number of algorithms and cipher suites offered
- o Curve25519, ECDSA with P-256, AES-CCM_8, SHA-256
- o Length of key identifiers: 1 bytes
- o TLS RPK with point compression (saves 32 bytes)
- o Only mandatory TLS extensions

For the PSK calculations, [<u>Ulfheim-TLS13</u>] was a useful resource, while for RPK calculations we followed the work of [<u>IoT-Cert</u>].

2.3.1. Message Sizes RPK + ECDHE

2.3.1.1. flight_1

```
Record Header - TLSPlaintext (5 bytes):
16 03 03 LL LL
 Handshake Header - Client Hello (4 bytes):
 01 LL LL LL
   Legacy Version (2 bytes):
    03 03
   Client Random (32 bytes):
    00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
    16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
    Legacy Session ID (1 bytes):
    00
    Cipher Suites (TLS_AES_128_CCM_8_SHA256) (4 bytes):
    00 02 13 05
    Compression Methods (null) (2 bytes):
    01 00
    Extensions Length (2 bytes):
    LL LL
      Extension - Supported Groups (x25519) (8 bytes):
      00 0a 00 04 00 02 00 1d
      Extension - Signature Algorithms (ecdsa_secp256r1_sha256) (8 bytes):
      00 0d 00 04 00 02 08 07
      Extension - Key Share (42 bytes):
      00 33 00 26 00 24 00 1d 00 20
      00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
      16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
      Extension - Supported Versions (1.3) (7 bytes):
      00 2b 00 03 02 03 04
      Extension - Client Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes):
      00 13 00 01 01 02
      Extension - Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes):
      00 14 00 01 01 02
5 + 4 + 2 + 32 + 1 + 4 + 2 + 2 + 8 + 8 + 42 + 7 + 6 + 6 = 129 bytes
   TLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE flight_1 gives 129 bytes of overhead.
```

```
2.3.1.2. flight_2
Record Header - TLSPlaintext (5 bytes):
16 03 03 LL LL
 Handshake Header - Server Hello (4 bytes):
 02 LL LL LL
   Legacy Version (2 bytes):
    fe fd
   Server Random (32 bytes):
    00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
    16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
    Legacy Session ID (1 bytes):
    00
    Cipher Suite (TLS_AES_128_CCM_8_SHA256) (2 bytes):
    13 05
    Compression Method (null) (1 bytes):
    00
    Extensions Length (2 bytes):
    LL LL
      Extension - Key Share (40 bytes):
      00 33 00 24 00 1d 00 20
      00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
      16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
      Extension - Supported Versions (1.3) (6 bytes):
      00 2b 00 02 03 04
Record Header - TLSCiphertext (5 bytes):
17 03 03 LL LL
 Handshake Header - Encrypted Extensions (4 bytes):
  08 LL LL LL
    Extensions Length (2 bytes):
      Extension - Client Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes):
      00 13 00 01 01 02
      Extension - Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes):
```

```
00 14 00 01 01 02
Handshake Header - Certificate Request (4 bytes):
0d LL LL LL
  Request Context (1 bytes):
  00
 Extensions Length (2 bytes):
 LL LL
    Extension - Signature Algorithms (ecdsa_secp256r1_sha256) (8 bytes):
    00 0d 00 04 00 02 08 07
Handshake Header - Certificate (4 bytes):
0b LL LL LL
  Request Context (1 bytes):
  00
  Certificate List Length (3 bytes):
 LL LL LL
  Certificate Length (3 bytes):
 LL LL LL
  Certificate (59 bytes) // Point compression
  Certificate Extensions (2 bytes):
  00 00
Handshake Header - Certificate Verify (4 bytes):
Of LL LL LL
  Signature (68 bytes):
 ZZ ZZ 00 40 ....
Handshake Header - Finished (4 bytes):
14 LL LL LL
 Verify Data (32 bytes):
 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
Record Type (1 byte):
16
```

Auth Tag (8 bytes): e0 8b 0e 45 5a 35 0a e5

5 + 90 + 5 + 18 + 15 + 72 + 72 + 36 + 1 + 8 = 322 bytes

TLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE flight_2 gives 322 bytes of overhead.

2.3.1.3. flight_3

```
Record Header - TLSCiphertext (5 bytes):
17 03 03 LL LL
  Handshake Header - Certificate (4 bytes):
  0b LL LL LL
    Request Context (1 bytes):
    00
    Certificate List Length (3 bytes):
    LL LL LL
    Certificate Length (3 bytes):
    LL LL LL
    Certificate (59 bytes) // Point compression
    . . . .
    Certificate Extensions (2 bytes):
    00 00
 Handshake Header - Certificate Verify (4 bytes):
  Of LL LL LL
    Signature (68 bytes):
    04 03 LL LL //ecdsa_secp256r1_sha256
    00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
   16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b
    Oc Od Oe Of 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
 Handshake Header - Finished (4 bytes):
  14 LL LL LL
   Verify Data (32 bytes) // SHA-256:
    00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15
    16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f
 Record Type (1 byte)
  16
Auth Tag (8 bytes) // AES-CCM_8:
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
5 + 72 + 72 + 36 + 1 + 8 = 194 bytes
TLS 1.3 RPK + ECDHE flight_3 gives 194 bytes of overhead.
```

2.3.2. Message Sizes PSK + ECDHE

2.3.2.1. flight_1

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.3.1.3 are:

The following is added:

- + Extension PSK Key Exchange Modes (6 bytes): 00 2d 00 02 01 01
- + Extension Pre Shared Key (48 bytes):

00 29 00 2F

00 0a 00 01 ID 00 00 00 00

00 21 20 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0a 0b 0c 0d 0e 0f 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1a 1b 1c 1d 1e 1f

The following is removed:

- Extension Signature Algorithms (ecdsa_secp256r1_sha256) (8 bytes)
- Extension Client Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)
- Extension Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)

In total:

129 + 6 + 48 - 8 - 6 - 6 = 163 bytes

TLS 1.3 PSK + ECDHE flight_1 gives 166 bytes of overhead.

2.3.2.2. flight_2

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.3.1.2 are:

The following is added:

+ Extension - Pre Shared Key (6 bytes) 00 29 00 02 00 00

The following is removed:

- Handshake Message Certificate (72 bytes)
- Handshake Message CertificateVerify (72 bytes)
- Handshake Message CertificateRequest (15 bytes)
- Extension Client Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)
- Extension Server Certificate Type (Raw Public Key) (6 bytes)

In total:

$$322 - 72 - 72 - 15 - 6 - 6 + 6 = 157$$
 bytes

TLS 1.3 PSK + ECDHE flight_2 gives 157 bytes of overhead.

2.3.2.3. flight_3

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.3.1.3 are:

The following is removed:

- Handshake Message Certificate (72 bytes)
- Handshake Message Certificate Verify (72 bytes)

In total:

$$194 - 72 - 72 = 50$$
 bytes

TLS 1.3 PSK + ECDHE flight_3 gives 50 bytes of overhead.

2.3.3. Message Sizes PSK

2.3.3.1. flight_1

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.3.2.1 are:

The following is removed:

- Extension Supported Groups (x25519) (8 bytes)
- Extension Key Share (42 bytes)

In total:

TLS 1.3 PSK flight_1 gives 116 bytes of overhead.

2.3.3.2. flight_2

The differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.3.2.2 are:

The following is removed:

- Extension - Key Share (40 bytes)

In total:

157 - 40 = 117 bytes

TLS 1.3 PSK flight_2 gives 117 bytes of overhead.

2.3.3.3. flight_3

There are no differences in overhead compared to <a>Section 2.3.2.3.

TLS 1.3 PSK flight_3 gives 57 bytes of overhead.

2.4. EDHOC

This section gives an estimate of the message sizes of EDHOC with different authentication methods. All examples are given in CBOR diagnostic notation and hexadecimal.

2.4.1. Message Sizes RPK

2.4.1.1. message_1

```
message_1 = (
   13,
   0,
   h'8D3EF56D1B750A4351D68AC250A0E883790EFC80A538A444EE9E2B57E244
       1A7C',
   -2
)

message_1 (37 bytes):
0d 00 58 20 8d 3e f5 6d 1b 75 0a 43 51 d6 8a c2 50 a0 e8 83
79 0e fc 80  a5 38 a4 44 ee 9e 2b 57 e2 44 1a 7c 21
```

2.4.1.2. message_2 $message_2 = ($ h'52FBA0BDC8D953DD86CE1AB2FD7C05A4658C7C30AFDBFC3301047069451B AF35', 8, h'DCF6FE9C524C22454DEB') message_2 (46 bytes): 58 20 52 fb a0 bd c8 d9 53 dd 86 ce 1a b2 fd 7c 05 a4 65 8c 7c 30 af db fc 33 01 04 70 69 45 1b af 35 08 4a dc f6 fe 9c 52 4c 22 45 4d eb 2.4.1.3. message_3 $message_3 = ($ 8, h'53C3991999A5FFB86921E99B607C067770E0'

```
message_3 (20 bytes):
```

08 52 53 c3 99 19 99 a5 ff b8 69 21 e9 9b 60 7c 06 77 70 e0

2.4.2. Message Sizes PSK

2.4.3. message_1

```
message_1 = (
 17,
 Θ,
 h'3662C4A71D624E8A4D9DFF879ABC6E2A0E745F82F497F7AFBEBFF3B01A8F
   AB57',
 14,
  -17
)
message_1 (38 bytes):
11 00 58 20 36 62 c4 a7 1d 62 4e 8a 4d 9d ff 87 9a bc 6e 2a
0e 74 5f 82 f4 97 f7 af be bf f3 b0 1a 8f ab 57 0e 30
```

2.4.4. message_2

```
message_2 = (
    h'A3967F6CF99B6DDC7E7C219D0D119A383F754001DF33515971EC6C842553
    B776',
    -24,
    h'4F355451E069226F'
)

message_2 (44 bytes):
    58 20 a3 96 7f 6c f9 9b 6d dc 7e 7c 21 9d 0d 11 9a 38 3f 75
    40 01 df 33 51 59 71 ec 6c 84 25 53 b7 76 37 48 4f 35 54 51
    e0 69 22 6f

2.4.5. message_3

message_3 = (
    -24,
    h'763BD2F3C10F0D45'
)

message_3 (10 bytes):
    37 48 76 3b d2 f3 c1 0f 0d 45
```

2.4.6. Summary

The previous examples of typical message sizes are summarized in Figure 5.

=========				
	PSK	RPK	x5t	x5chain
message_1 message_2 message_3	38 44 10	37 46 20	37 117 91	37 110 + Certificate chain 84 + Certificate chain
Total	92	103	245	231 + Certificate chains

Figure 5: Typical message sizes in bytes

2.5. Conclusion

To do a fair comparison, one has to choose a specific deployment and look at the topology, the whole protocol stack, frame sizes (e.g. 51 or 128 bytes), how and where in the protocol stack fragmentation is done, and the expected packet loss. Note that the number of byte in each frame that is available for the key exchange protocol may depend on the underlying protocol layers as well as the number of hops in multi-hop networks. The packet loss depends may depend on how many

other devices that are transmitting at the same time, and may increase during network formation. The total overhead will be larger due to mechanisms for fragmentation, retransmission, and packet ordering. The overhead of fragmentation is roughly proportional to the number of fragments, while the expected overhead due to retransmission in noisy environments is a superlinear function of the flight sizes.

3. Overhead for Protection of Application Data

To enable comparison, all the overhead calculations in this section use AES-CCM with a tag length of 8 bytes (e.g. AES_128_CCM_8 or AES-CCM-16-64), a plaintext of 6 bytes, and the sequence number '05'. This follows the example in [RFC7400], Figure 16.

Note that the compressed overhead calculations for DLTS 1.2, DTLS 1.3, TLS 1.2 and TLS 1.3 are dependent on the parameters epoch, sequence number, and length, and all the overhead calculations are dependent on the parameter Connection ID when used. Note that the OSCORE overhead calculations are dependent on the CoAP option numbers, as well as the length of the OSCORE parameters Sender ID and Sequence Number. The following calculations are only examples.

<u>Section 3.1</u> gives a short summary of the message overhead based on different parameters and some assumptions. The following sections detail the assumptions and the calculations.

<u>3.1</u>. Summary

Internet-Draft

The DTLS overhead is dependent on the parameter Connection ID. The following overheads apply for all Connection IDs with the same length.

The compression overhead (GHC) is dependent on the parameters epoch, sequence number, Connection ID, and length (where applicable). The following overheads should be representative for sequence numbers and Connection IDs with the same length.

The OSCORE overhead is dependent on the included CoAP Option numbers as well as the length of the OSCORE parameters Sender ID and sequence number. The following overheads apply for all sequence numbers and Sender IDs with the same length.

Sequence Number	'05'	'1005'	'100005'
DTLS 1.2	29	29	29
DTLS 1.3	11	12	12
DTLS 1.2 (GHC) DTLS 1.3 (GHC)	16	16	16
	12	13	13
TLS 1.2	21	21	21
TLS 1.3	14	14	14
TLS 1.2 (GHC)	17	18	19
TLS 1.3 (GHC)	15	16	17
OSCORE request OSCORE response	13	14	15
	11	11	11

Figure 6: Overhead in bytes as a function of sequence number (Connection/Sender ID = '')

Connection/Sender ID	1.1	'42'	'4002'
DTLS 1.2	29	30	31
DTLS 1.3	11	12	13
DTLS 1.2 (GHC) DTLS 1.3 (GHC)	16	17	18
	12	13	14
OSCORE request OSCORE response	13	14	15
	11	11	11

Figure 7: Overhead in bytes as a function of Connection/Sender ID (Sequence Number = '05')

Protocol	0verhead	Overhead (GHC)
DTLS 1.2	21	8
DTLS 1.3	3	4
TLS 1.2	13	9
TLS 1.3	6	7
OSCORE request OSCORE response	5 3	·

Figure 8: Overhead (excluding ICV) in bytes (Connection/Sender ID = '', Sequence Number = '05')

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3.2. DTLS 1.2

3.2.1. DTLS 1.2

This section analyzes the overhead of DTLS 1.2 [RFC6347]. The nonce follow the strict profiling given in [RFC7925]. This example is taken directly from [RFC7400], Figure 16.

```
DTLS 1.2 record layer (35 bytes, 29 bytes overhead):
17 fe fd 00 01 00 00 00 00 05 00 16 00 01 00
00 00 00 00 05 ae a0 15 56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24 e4
cb 35 b9
Content type:
17
Version:
fe fd
Epoch:
00 01
Sequence number:
00 00 00 00 00 05
Length:
00 16
Nonce:
00 01 00 00 00 00 00 05
Ciphertext:
ae a0 15 56 67 92
TCV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
DTLS 1.2 gives 29 bytes overhead.
```

3.2.2. DTLS 1.2 with 6LoWPAN-GHC

This section analyzes the overhead of DTLS 1.2 [RFC6347] when compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC [RFC7400]. The compression was done with [OlegHahm-ghc].

Note that the sequence number '01' used in [RFC7400], Figure 15 gives an exceptionally small overhead that is not representative.

Note that this header compression is not available when DTLS is used over transports that do not use 6LoWPAN together with 6LoWPAN-GHC.

```
Compressed DTLS 1.2 record layer (22 bytes, 16 bytes overhead): b0 c3 03 05 00 16 f2 0e ae a0 15 56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

Compressed DTLS 1.2 record layer header and nonce: b0 c3 03 05 00 16 f2 0e

Ciphertext: ae a0 15 56 67 92

ICV:

4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
```

When compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC, DTLS 1.2 with the above parameters (epoch, sequence number, length) gives 16 bytes overhead.

3.2.3. DTLS 1.2 with Connection ID

This section analyzes the overhead of DTLS 1.2 [RFC6347] with Connection ID [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls-connection-id]. The overhead calculations in this section uses Connection ID = '42'. DTLS recored layer with a Connection ID = '' (the empty string) is equal to DTLS without Connection ID.

```
DTLS 1.2 record layer (36 bytes, 30 bytes overhead):
17 fe fd 00 01 00 00 00 00 05 42 00 16 00 01
00 00 00 00 00 05 ae a0 15 56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24
e4 cb 35 b9
Content type:
17
Version:
fe fd
Epoch:
00 01
Sequence number:
00 00 00 00 00 05
Connection ID:
42
Length:
00 16
Nonce:
00 01 00 00 00 00 00 05
Ciphertext:
ae a0 15 56 67 92
ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
```

DTLS 1.2 with Connection ID gives 30 bytes overhead.

3.2.4. DTLS 1.2 with Connection ID and 6LoWPAN-GHC

This section analyzes the overhead of DTLS 1.2 [RFC6347] with Connection ID [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls-connection-id] when compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC [RFC7400] [OlegHahm-ghc].

Note that the sequence number '01' used in [RFC7400], Figure 15 gives an exceptionally small overhead that is not representative.

Note that this header compression is not available when DTLS is used over transports that do not use 6LoWPAN together with 6LoWPAN-GHC.

Compressed DTLS 1.2 record layer (23 bytes, 17 bytes overhead): b0 c3 04 05 42 00 16 f2 0e ae a0 15 56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

Compressed DTLS 1.2 record layer header and nonce: b0 c3 04 05 42 00 16 f2 0e Ciphertext: ae a0 15 56 67 92 ICV: 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

When compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC, DTLS 1.2 with the above parameters (epoch, sequence number, Connection ID, length) gives 17 bytes overhead.

3.3. DTLS 1.3

3.3.1. DTLS 1.3

This section analyzes the overhead of DTLS 1.3 [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13]. The changes compared to DTLS 1.2 are: omission of version number, merging of epoch into the first byte containing signalling bits, optional omission of length, reduction of sequence number into a 1 or 2-bytes field.

Only the minimal header format for DTLS 1.3 is analyzed (see Figure 4 of [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13]). The minimal header formal omit the length field and only a 1-byte field is used to carry the 8 low order bits of the sequence number

```
DTLS 1.3 record layer (17 bytes, 11 bytes overhead):
21 05 ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

First byte (including epoch):
21
Sequence number:
05
Ciphertext (including encrypted content type):
ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec
ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

DTLS 1.3 gives 11 bytes overhead.
```

3.3.2. DTLS 1.3 with 6LoWPAN-GHC

This section analyzes the overhead of DTLS 1.3 [$\underline{\text{I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13}}$] when compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC [$\underline{\text{RFC7400}}$] [$\underline{\text{OlegHahm-ghc}}$].

Note that this header compression is not available when DTLS is used over transports that do not use 6LoWPAN together with 6LoWPAN-GHC.

```
Compressed DTLS 1.3 record layer (18 bytes, 12 bytes overhead): 11 21 05 ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

Compressed DTLS 1.3 record layer header and nonce:
```

11 21 05
Ciphertext (including encrypted content type):
ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec
ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

When compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC, DTLS 1.3 with the above parameters (epoch, sequence number, no length) gives 12 bytes overhead.

3.3.3. DTLS 1.3 with Connection ID

This section analyzes the overhead of DTLS 1.3 [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13] with Connection ID [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls-connection-id].

In this example, the length field is omitted, and the 1-byte field is used for the sequence number. The minimal DTLSCiphertext structure is used (see Figure 4 of $[\underline{\text{I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13}}]$), with the addition of the Connection ID field.

```
DTLS 1.3 record layer (18 bytes, 12 bytes overhead):
31 42 05 ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

First byte (including epoch):
31

Connection ID:
42

Sequence number:
05

Ciphertext (including encrypted content type):
ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec
ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
```

DTLS 1.3 with Connection ID gives 12 bytes overhead.

3.3.4. DTLS 1.3 with Connection ID and 6LoWPAN-GHC

This section analyzes the overhead of DTLS 1.3 [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls13] with Connection ID [I-D.ietf-tls-dtls-connection-id] when compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC [RFC7400] [OlegHahm-ghc].

Note that this header compression is not available when DTLS is used over transports that do not use 6LoWPAN together with 6LoWPAN-GHC.

```
Compressed DTLS 1.3 record layer (19 bytes, 13 bytes overhead): 12 31 05 42 ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
```

```
Compressed DTLS 1.3 record layer header and nonce: 12 31 05 42
Ciphertext (including encrypted content type): ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec
ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
```

When compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC, DTLS 1.3 with the above parameters (epoch, sequence number, Connection ID, no length) gives 13 bytes overhead.

3.4. TLS 1.2

3.4.1. TLS 1.2

This section analyzes the overhead of TLS 1.2 [RFC5246]. The changes compared to DTLS 1.2 is that the TLS 1.2 record layer does not have epoch and sequence number, and that the version is different.

```
TLS 1.2 Record Layer (27 bytes, 21 bytes overhead):
17 03 03 00 16 00 00 00 00 00 00 05 ae a0 15
56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
Content type:
17
Version:
03 03
Length:
00 16
Nonce:
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 05
Ciphertext:
ae a0 15 56 67 92
ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
TLS 1.2 gives 21 bytes overhead.
```

3.4.2. TLS 1.2 with 6LoWPAN-GHC

This section analyzes the overhead of TLS 1.2 [RFC5246] when compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC [RFC7400] [OlegHahm-ghc].

Note that this header compression is not available when TLS is used over transports that do not use 6LoWPAN together with 6LoWPAN-GHC.

```
Compressed TLS 1.2 record layer (23 bytes, 17 bytes overhead): 05 17 03 03 00 16 85 0f 05 ae a0 15 56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

Compressed TLS 1.2 record layer header and nonce: 05 17 03 03 00 16 85 0f 05

Ciphertext: ae a0 15 56 67 92

ICV: 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
```

When compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC, TLS 1.2 with the above parameters (epoch, sequence number, length) gives 17 bytes overhead.

3.5. TLS 1.3

3.5.1. TLS 1.3

This section analyzes the overhead of TLS 1.3 [RFC8446]. The change compared to TLS 1.2 is that the TLS 1.3 record layer uses a different version.

```
TLS 1.3 Record Layer (20 bytes, 14 bytes overhead):
17 03 03 00 16 ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec 4d ff 8a 24
e4 cb 35 b9

Content type:
17
Legacy version:
03 03
Length:
00 0f
Ciphertext (including encrypted content type):
ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec
ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

TLS 1.3 gives 14 bytes overhead.
```

3.5.2. TLS 1.3 with 6LoWPAN-GHC

This section analyzes the overhead of TLS 1.3 [RFC8446] when compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC [RFC7400] [OlegHahm-ghc].

Note that this header compression is not available when TLS is used over transports that do not use 6LoWPAN together with 6LoWPAN-GHC.

```
Compressed TLS 1.3 record layer (21 bytes, 15 bytes overhead): 14 17 03 03 00 0f ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

Compressed TLS 1.3 record layer header and nonce: 14 17 03 03 00 0f

Ciphertext (including encrypted content type): ae a0 15 56 67 92 ec

ICV: 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
```

When compressed with 6LoWPAN-GHC, TLS 1.3 with the above parameters (epoch, sequence number, length) gives 15 bytes overhead.

3.6. OSCORE

This section analyzes the overhead of OSCORE [RFC8613].

The below calculation Option Delta = '9', Sender ID = '' (empty string), and Sequence Number = '05', and is only an example. Note that Sender ID = '' (empty string) can only be used by one client per server.

```
OSCORE request (19 bytes, 13 bytes overhead):
92 09 05
ff ec ae a0 15 56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
CoAP option delta and length:
Option value (flag byte and sequence number):
09 05
Payload marker:
ff
Ciphertext (including encrypted code):
ec ae a0 15 56 67 92
ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
The below calculation Option Delta = '9', Sender ID = '42', and
Sequence Number = '05', and is only an example.
OSCORE request (20 bytes, 14 bytes overhead):
93 09 05 42
ff ec ae a0 15 56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
CoAP option delta and length:
Option Value (flag byte, sequence number, and Sender ID):
09 05 42
Payload marker:
Ciphertext (including encrypted code):
ec ae a0 15 56 67 92
TCV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
The below calculation uses Option Delta = '9'.
```

```
OSCORE response (17 bytes, 11 bytes overhead):
90

ff ec ae a0 15 56 67 92 4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9

CoAP delta and option length:
90

Option value:
-
Payload marker:
ff

Ciphertext (including encrypted code):
ec ae a0 15 56 67 92

ICV:
4d ff 8a 24 e4 cb 35 b9
```

OSCORE with the above parameters gives 13-14 bytes overhead for requests and 11 bytes overhead for responses.

Unlike DTLS and TLS, OSCORE has much smaller overhead for responses than requests.

3.7. Group OSCORE

This section analyzes the overhead of Group OSCORE [I-D.ietf-core-oscore-groupcomm].

TODO

3.8. Conclusion

DTLS 1.2 has quite a large overhead as it uses an explicit sequence number and an explicit nonce. TLS 1.2 has significantly less (but not small) overhead. TLS 1.3 has quite a small overhead. OSCORE and DTLS 1.3 (using the minimal structure) format have very small overhead.

The Generic Header Compression (6LoWPAN-GHC) can in addition to DTLS 1.2 handle TLS 1.2, and DTLS 1.2 with Connection ID. The Generic Header Compression (6LoWPAN-GHC) works very well for Connection ID and the overhead seems to increase exactly with the length of the Connection ID (which is optimal). The compression of TLS 1.2 is not as good as the compression of DTLS 1.2 (as the static dictionary only contains the DTLS 1.2 version number). Similar compression levels as for DTLS could be achieved also for TLS 1.2, but this would require different static dictionaries. For TLS 1.3 and DTLS 1.3, GHC increases the overhead. The 6LoWPAN-GHC header compression is not available when (D)TLS is used over transports that do not use 6LoWPAN together with 6LoWPAN-GHC.

New security protocols like OSCORE, TLS 1.3, and DTLS 1.3 have much lower overhead than DTLS 1.2 and TLS 1.2. The overhead is even smaller than DTLS 1.2 and TLS 1.2 over 6LoWPAN with compression, and therefore the small overhead is achieved even on deployments without 6LoWPAN or 6LoWPAN without compression. OSCORE is lightweight because it makes use of CoAP, CBOR, and COSE, which were designed to have as low overhead as possible.

Note that the compared protocols have slightly different use cases. TLS and DTLS are designed for the transport layer and are terminated in CoAP proxies. OSCORE is designed for the application layer and protects information end-to-end between the CoAP client and the CoAP server. Group OSCORE is designed for group communication and protects information between a CoAP client and any number of CoAP servers.

4. Security Considerations

This document is purely informational.

5. IANA Considerations

This document has no actions for IANA.

6. Informative References

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Acknowledgments

The authors want to thank Ari Keraenen, Carsten Bormann, Goeran Selander, and Hannes Tschofenig for comments and suggestions on previous versions of the draft.

All 6LoWPAN-GHC compression was done with [OlegHahm-ghc].

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