MBONED WG Internet-Draft Proposed Status: Standards Track Obsoletes: RFC <u>2932</u> (if approved) Expires: January 31, 2008 D. McWalter Data Connection Ltd D. Thaler Microsoft Corporation A. Kessler Cisco Systems July 30, 2007

IP Multicast MIB draft-ietf-mboned-ip-mcast-mib-06.txt

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes objects used for managing multicast function, independent of the specific multicast protocol(s) in use. This document obsoletes $\frac{\text{RFC } 2932}{2}$.

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1. Introduction

This MIB describes objects used for managing IP multicast function, including IP multicast routing. These objects are independent of the specific multicast routing protocol in use. Managed objects specific to particular multicast protocols are defined elsewhere.

2. History

This document obsoletes [RFC2932]. The MIB module defined by this document is a re-working of the MIB module from [RFC2932], with changes that include the following.

- o This MIB module includes support for IPv6 addressing and the IPv6 scoped address architecture. [<u>RFC2932</u>] supported only IPv4.
- This MIB module allows several multicast protocols to perform routing on a single interface, where [RFC2932] assumed each interface supported at most one multicast routing protocol. Multicast routing protocols are now per-route, see ipMcastRouteProtocol.
- o This MIB module includes objects that are not specific to multicast routing. It allows management of multicast function on systems that do not perform routing, whereas [<u>RFC2932</u>] was restricted to multicast routing.
- o This MIB module includes a table of Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) address ranges to which SSM semantics [RFC3569] should be applied.
- o This MIB module includes a table of local applications that are receiving multicast data.
- o This MIB module includes a table of multicast scope zones.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [<u>RFC2119</u>].

3. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to <u>section 7 of</u> [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally

accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, ([<u>RFC2578</u>], [<u>RFC2579</u>] and [<u>RFC2580</u>]).

4. Overview

This MIB module contains two scalars and eight tables. The tables are:

- 1. The IP Multicast Interface Table, which contains multicast information specific to interfaces.
- 2. The IP Multicast SSM Range Table, which contains one row per range of multicast group addresses to which Source-Specific Multicast semantics [RFC3569] should be applied.
- 3. The IP Multicast Route Table, which contains multicast routing information for IP datagrams sent by particular sources to the IP multicast groups known to a system.
- 4. The IP Multicast Routing Next Hop Table, which contains information about next-hops for the routing of IP multicast datagrams. Each entry is one of a list of next-hops on outgoing interfaces for particular sources sending to a particular multicast group address.
- 5. The IP Multicast Scope Boundary Table, which contains the boundaries configured for multicast scopes [<u>RFC2365</u>].
- 6. The IP Multicast Scope Name Table, which contains human-readable names for multicast scopes.
- 7. The IP Multicast Local Listener Table, which contains identifiers for local applications that are receiving multicast data.
- 8. The IP Multicast Zone Table, which contains an entry for each scope zone known to a system, and maps each zone to the multicast address range that is the corresponding scope.

This MIB module uses textual conventions defined in the IF-MIB [<u>RFC2863</u>], the INET-ADDRESS-MIB [<u>RFC4001</u>] and the IANA-RTPROTO-MIB.

5. IMPORTED MIB Modules and REFERENCE Clauses

The MIB modules defined in this document IMPORTs definitions normatively from the following MIB modules, beyond [<u>RFC2578</u>],

[<u>RFC2579</u>], and [<u>RFC2580</u>]: HCNUM-TC [<u>RFC2856</u>], IF-MIB [<u>RFC2863</u>], IANA-RTPROTO-MIB, SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB [<u>RFC3411</u>], INET-ADDRESS-MIB [<u>RFC4001</u>] and LANGTAG-TC-MIB [RFCzzzz].

-- Note to RFC Editor.: replace zzzz with LangTag MIB RFC number & remove this note

This MIB module also includes REFERENCE clauses that make normative references to Administratively Scoped IP Multicast [RFC2365], Unicast-Prefix-based IPv6 Multicast Addresses [RFC3306], Source-Specific Multicast, [RFC3569], IPv6 Scoped Address Architecture, [RFC4007], and IPv6 Addressing Architecture, [RFC4291].

Finally, this MIB module makes informative references to several RFCs in text of DESCRIPTION clauses, including sysApplMIB [<u>RFC2287</u>], IP-MIB [<u>RFC4293</u>], PIM-SMv2 Protocol Specification [<u>RFC4601</u>], and Tags for Identifying Languages, [<u>RFC4646</u>].

6. Definitions

IPMCAST-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,			
mib-2, Unsigned32, Counter64,			
Gauge32, TimeTicks	FROM SNMPv2-SMI	[<u>RFC2578</u>]	
RowStatus, TruthValue,			
StorageType, TimeStamp	FROM SNMPv2-TC	[<u>RFC2579</u>]	
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP	FROM SNMPv2-CONF	[<u>RFC2580</u>]	
CounterBasedGauge64	FROM HCNUM-TC	[<u>RFC2856</u>]	
InterfaceIndexOrZero,			
InterfaceIndex	FROM IF-MIB	[<u>RFC2863</u>]	
IANAipRouteProtocol,			
IANAipMRouteProtocol	FROM IANA-RTPROTO-MIB		
SnmpAdminString	FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB	[<u>RFC3411</u>]	
<pre>InetAddress, InetAddressType,</pre>			
<pre>InetAddressPrefixLength,</pre>			
InetZoneIndex, InetVersion	FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB	[<u>RFC4001</u>]	
LangTag	FROM LANGTAG-TC-MIB;	[RFCzzzz]	
RFC Ed.: replace zzzz with LangTag MIB RFC number & remove this note			
ipMcastMIB MODULE-IDENTITY			
LAST-UPDATED "200707300000Z" 30 July 2007			
ORGANIZATION "IETF MBONE Deployment (MBONED) Working Group"			
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o This MIB module includes objects that are not

ipMcastRouteProtocol.

specific to multicast routing. It allows management of multicast function on systems that do not perform routing, whereas [RFC2932] was restricted to multicast routing. o This MIB module includes a table of Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) address ranges to which SSM semantics [RFC3569] should be applied. o This MIB module includes a table of local applications that are receiving multicast data. o This MIB module includes a table of multicast scope zones." -- RFC Ed.: replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this note ::= { mib-2 XXX } -- RFC Ed.: replace XXX with IANA-assigned number & remove this note -- Top-level structure of the MIB - -OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIB 1 } ipMcast ipMcastEnabled OBJECT-TYPE TruthValue SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The enabled status of IP Multicast function on this system. The storage type of this object is determined by ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType." ::= { ipMcast 1 } ipMcastRouteEntryCount OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Gauge32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of rows in the ipMcastRouteTable. This can be used to check for multicast routing activity, and to monitor the multicast routing table size." ::= { ipMcast 2 } ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX StorageType

```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The storage type used for the global IP multicast
            configuration of this device, comprised of the objects
            listed below. If this storage type takes the value
            'permanent', write-access to the listed objects need not be
            allowed.
            The objects described by this storage type are:
            ipMcastEnabled."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcast 11 }
- -
-- The Multicast Interface Table
- -
ipMcastInterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastInterfaceEntry
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table used to manage the multicast
            protocol active on an interface."
    ::= { ipMcast 3 }
ipMcastInterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastInterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) containing the multicast protocol
            information for a particular interface.
            Per-interface multicast forwarding statistics are also
            available in ipIfStatsTable."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4293 ipIfStatsTable"
               { ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion,
    INDEX
                 ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceTable 1 }
IpMcastInterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion
                                      InetVersion,
    ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex
                                      InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastInterfaceTtl
                                      Unsigned32,
    ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit
                                      Unsigned32,
    ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
                                      StorageType
```

```
}
ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetVersion
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of this row."
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 1 }
ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 2 }
ipMcastInterfaceTtl OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..256)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The datagram TTL threshold for the interface. Any IP
            multicast datagrams with a TTL (IPv4) or Hop Limit (IPv6)
            less than this threshold will not be forwarded out the
            interface. The default value of 0 means all multicast
            packets are forwarded out the interface. A value of 256
            means that no multicast packets are forwarded out the
            interface."
               {0}
    DEFVAL
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 3 }
ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The rate-limit, in kilobits per second, of forwarded
            multicast traffic on the interface. A rate-limit of 0
            indicates that no rate limiting is done."
    DEFVAL
               { 0 }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 4 }
```

ipMcastInterfaceStorageType OBJECT-TYPE

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```
SYNTAX
                StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
            'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
            objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 5 }
-- The SSM Range Table
ipMcastSsmRangeTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastSsmRangeEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This table is used to create and manage the range(s) of
            group addresses to which SSM semantics should be applied."
    REFERENCE "RFC 3569"
    ::= { ipMcast 4 }
ipMcastSsmRangeEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastSsmRangeEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) containing a range of group
            addresses to which SSM semantics should be applied."
    REFERENCE "RFC 3569"
    INDEX
               { ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType,
                 ipMcastSsmRangeAddress,
                 ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength }
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeTable 1 }
IpMcastSsmRangeEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType
                                 InetAddressType,
    ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
                                 InetAddress,
    ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus
                                 RowStatus,
    ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
                                 StorageType
}
ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The address type of the multicast group prefix." ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 1 } ipMcastSsmRangeAddress OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddress MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The multicast group address which, when combined with ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength, gives the group prefix for this SSM range. The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType. This address object is only significant up to ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry. For IPv6 SSM address ranges, only ranges prefixed by FF3x::/16 are permitted, where 'x' is a valid IPv6 RFC 4291 multicast address scope. The syntax of the address range is given by <u>RFC 3306</u> sections $\underline{4}$ and $\underline{7}$. For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this SSM range entry applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table. If non-global scope SSM range entries are present, then consistent ipMcastBoundaryTable entries are required on routers at the zone boundary." REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 4291 section 2.7, RFC 3306 sections 4, 6 and 7" ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 2 } ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with ipMcastSsmRangeAddress, gives the group prefix for this SSM range.

```
The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType.
            For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the
            range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
            must be in the range 8..128."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 4291 section 2.7, RFC 3306 sections 4, 6
            and 7"
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 3 }
ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can
            be created and destroyed.
            This status object can be set to active(1) without setting
            any other columnar objects in this entry.
            All writeable objects in this entry can be modified when the
            status of this entry is active(1)."
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 4 }
ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
           'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
           objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 5 }
-- The IP Multicast Routing Table
- -
ipMcastRouteTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastRouteEntry
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table containing multicast routing
            information for IP datagrams sent by particular sources to
            to the IP multicast groups known to this router."
    ::= { ipMcast 5 }
```

ipMcastRouteEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX **IpMcastRouteEntry** MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry (conceptual row) containing the multicast routing information for IP datagrams from a particular source and addressed to a particular IP multicast group address." INDEX { ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType, ipMcastRouteGroup, ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength, ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType, ipMcastRouteSource, ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength } ::= { ipMcastRouteTable 1 } IpMcastRouteEntry ::= SEQUENCE { ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType InetAddressType, *ipMcastRouteGroup* InetAddress, ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength, ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType InetAddressType, *ipMcastRouteSource* InetAddress, ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength, ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType InetAddressType, ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor InetAddress, ipMcastRouteInIfIndex InterfaceIndexOrZero, ipMcastRouteTimeStamp TimeStamp, *ipMcastRouteExpiryTime* TimeTicks, ipMcastRouteProtocol IANAipMRouteProtocol, ipMcastRouteRtProtocol IANAipRouteProtocol, InetAddressType, ipMcastRouteRtAddressType *ipMcastRouteRtAddress* InetAddress, ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength, ipMcastRouteRtType INTEGER, ipMcastRouteOctets Counter64, *ipMcastRoutePkts* Counter64, ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets Counter64, ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets Counter64, ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets Counter64, ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets Counter64, *ipMcastRouteBps* CounterBasedGauge64 }

ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddressType MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION

```
"A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteGroup. Legal values correspond to
            the subset of address families for which multicast
            forwarding is supported."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 1 }
ipMcastRouteGroup OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP multicast group address which, when combined with
            the corresponding value specified in
            ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength, identifies the groups for
            which this entry contains multicast routing information.
            This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the
            address bits are zero. This is especially important for
            this index field, which is part of the index of this entry.
            Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different
            entry.
            For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone
            index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
            length. The use of these address types indicate that this
            forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone
            index zero is not valid in this table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 2 }
ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with
            the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteGroup, identifies the
            groups for which this entry contains multicast routing
            information.
            The InetAddressType is given by
            ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and
            'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values
            'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range
            8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 3 }
```

ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteSource. The value MUST be the same
            as the value of ipMcastRouteGroupType."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 4 }
ipMcastRouteSource OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The network address which, when combined with the
            corresponding value of ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength,
            identifies the sources for which this entry contains
            multicast routing information.
           This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the
            address bits are zero. This is especially important for
            this index field, which is part of the index of this entry.
            Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different
            entry.
            For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone
            index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
            length. The use of these address types indicate that this
            source address applies only within the given zone. Zone
            index zero is not valid in this table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 5 }
ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
              InetAddressPrefixLength
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with
            the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteSource, identifies
            the sources for which this entry contains multicast routing
            information.
            The InetAddressType is given by
            ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and
            'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values
            'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range
            8..128."
```

```
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 6 }
ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor.
            An address type of unknown(0) indicates that the upstream
            neighbor is unknown, for example in BIDIR-PIM."
    REFERENCE "I-D.ietf-pim-bidir"
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 7 }
ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address of the upstream neighbor (for example, RPF
            neighbor) from which IP datagrams from these sources to
            this multicast address are received."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 8 }
ipMcastRouteInIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
             InterfaceIndex0rZero
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of ifIndex for the interface on which IP
            datagrams sent by these sources to this multicast address
            are received. A value of 0 indicates that datagrams are not
            subject to an incoming interface check, but may be accepted
            on multiple interfaces (for example, in BIDIR-PIM)."
    REFERENCE "I-D.ietf-pim-bidir"
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 9 }
ipMcastRouteTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast routing
            information represented by this entry was learned by the
            router.
            If this information was present at the most recent re-
```

```
initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 10 }
ipMcastRouteExpiryTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will
            be aged out. The value 0 indicates that the entry is not
            subject to aging. If ipMcastRouteNextHopState is pruned(1),
            this object represents the remaining time until the prune
            expires. If this timer expires, state reverts to
            forwarding(2). Otherwise, this object represents the time
            until this entry is removed from the table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 11 }
ipMcastRouteProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              IANAipMRouteProtocol
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The multicast routing protocol via which this multicast
            forwarding entry was learned."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 12 }
ipMcastRouteRtProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
               IANAipRouteProtocol
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The routing mechanism via which the route used to find the
            upstream or parent interface for this multicast forwarding
            entry was learned."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 13 }
ipMcastRouteRtAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteRtAddress."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 14 }
ipMcastRouteRtAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             InetAddress
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address portion of the route used to find the upstream
            or parent interface for this multicast forwarding entry.
            This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the
            address bits are zero.
            For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone
            index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
            length. The use of these address types indicate that this
            forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone
            index zero is not valid in this table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 15 }
ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask associated with the route
            used to find the upstream or parent interface for this
            multicast forwarding entry.
            The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastRouteRtAddressType.
            For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the
            range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
            must be in the range 8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 16 }
ipMcastRouteRtType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                unicast (1), -- Unicast route used in multicast RIB
                multicast (2) -- Multicast route
               }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The reason the given route was placed in the (logical)
            multicast Routing Information Base (RIB). A value of
            unicast means that the route would normally be placed only
            in the unicast RIB, but was placed in the multicast RIB
            (instead or in addition) due to local configuration, such as
            when running PIM over RIP. A value of multicast means that
            the route was explicitly added to the multicast RIB by the
            routing protocol, such as DVMRP or Multiprotocol BGP."
```

```
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 17 }
ipMcastRouteOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets contained in IP datagrams which were
            received from these sources and addressed to this multicast
            group address, and which were forwarded by this router.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 18 }
ipMcastRoutePkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of packets routed using this multicast route
            entry.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 19 }
ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets contained in IP datagrams which this
            router has received from these sources and addressed to this
            multicast group address, which were dropped because the TTL
            (IPv4) or Hop Limit (IPv6) was decremented to zero, or to a
            value less than ipMcastInterfaceTtl for all next hops.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
```

```
the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 20 }
ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of packets which this router has received from
            these sources and addressed to this multicast group address,
            which were dropped because the TTL (IPv4) or Hop Limit
            (IPv6) was decremented to zero, or to a value less than
            ipMcastInterfaceTtl for all next hops.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 21 }
ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets contained in IP datagrams which this
            router has received from these sources and addressed to this
            multicast group address, which were dropped because they
            were received on an unexpected interface.
            For RPF checking protocols (such as PIM-SM), these packets
            arrived on interfaces other than ipMcastRouteInIfIndex, and
            were dropped because of this failed RPF check. (RPF paths
            are 'Reverse Path Forwarding' path; the unicast routes to
            the expected origin of multicast data flows).
            Other protocols may drop packets on an incoming interface
            check for different reasons (for example, BIDIR-PIM performs
            a DF check on receipt of packets). All packets dropped as a
            result of an incoming interface check are counted here.
            If this counter increases rapidly, this indicates a problem.
            A significant quantity of multicast data is arriving at this
            router on unexpected interfaces, and is not being forwarded.
            For guidance, if the rate of increase of this counter
            exceeds 1% of the rate of increase of ipMcastRouteOctets,
```

then there are multicast routing problems that require investigation.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

```
REFERENCE "<u>RFC 4601</u> and I-D.ietf-pim-bidir"
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 22 }
```

ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The number of packets which this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because they were received on an unexpected interface.

For RPF checking protocols (such as PIM-SM), these packets arrived on interfaces other than ipMcastRouteInIfIndex, and were dropped because of this failed RPF check. (RPF paths are 'Reverse Path Forwarding' path; the unicast routes to the expected origin of multicast data flows).

Other protocols may drop packets on an incoming interface check for different reasons (for example, BIDIR-PIM performs a DF check on receipt of packets). All packets dropped as a result of an incoming interface check are counted here.

If this counter increases rapidly, this indicates a problem. A significant quantity of multicast data is arriving at this router on unexpected interfaces, and is not being forwarded.

For guidance, if the rate of increase of this counter exceeds 1% of the rate of increase of ipMcastRoutePkts, then there are multicast routing problems that require investigation.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

```
REFERENCE "<u>RFC 4601</u> and I-D.ietf-pim-bidir"
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 23 }
```

```
ipMcastRouteBps OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               CounterBasedGauge64
   UNTTS
               "bits per second"
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Bits per second forwarded by this router using this
            multicast routing entry.
            This value is a sample; it is the number of bits forwarded
            during the last whole 1 second sampling period. The value
            during the current 1 second sampling period is not made
            available until the period is completed.
            The quantity being sampled is the same as that measured by
            ipMcastRouteOctets. The units and the sampling method are
            different."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 24 }
-- The IP Multicast Routing Next Hop Table
ipMcastRouteNextHopTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastRouteNextHopEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table containing information on the
            next-hops on outgoing interfaces for routing IP multicast
            datagrams. Each entry is one of a list of next-hops on
            outgoing interfaces for particular sources sending to a
            particular multicast group address."
    ::= { ipMcast 6 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastRouteNextHopEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) in the list of next-hops on
            outgoing interfaces to which IP multicast datagrams from
            particular sources to an IP multicast group address are
            routed."
    TNDFX
               { ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopSource,
```

ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength, ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex, ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType, ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress } ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopTable 1 }

```
IpMcastRouteNextHopEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength
                                            InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex
                                            InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopState
                                            INTEGER,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp
                                            TimeStamp,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime
                                            TimeTicks,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops
                                            Unsigned32,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol
                                            IANAipMRouteProtocol,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets
                                            Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts
                                            Counter64
```

}

ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddressType MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup. Legal values correspond to the subset of address families for which multicast forwarding is supported." ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 1 } ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddress MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The IP multicast group address which, when combined with the corresponding value specified in ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength, identifies the groups for which this entry contains multicast forwarding information. This address object is only significant up to

ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

```
::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 2 }
```

ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAXInetAddressPrefixLengthMAX-ACCESSnot-accessibleSTATUScurrent

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteGroup, identifies the groups for which this entry contains multicast routing information.

```
The InetAddressType is given by
ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and
'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values
'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range
8..128."
::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 3 }
```

```
ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX InetAddressType
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"A value indicating the address family of the address
contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopSource. The value MU
```

```
contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopSource. The value MUST be
    the same as the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupType."
::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 4 }
```

```
ipMcastRouteNextHopSource OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
"The network address which, when combined with the
corresponding value of the mask specified in
ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength, identifies the
```

sources for which this entry specifies a next-hop on an outgoing interface.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this source address applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 5 }

```
ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
              InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with
            the corresponding value specified in
            ipMcastRouteNextHopSource, identifies the sources for which
            this entry specifies a next-hop on an outgoing interface.
            The InetAddressType is given by
            ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and
            'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values
            'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range
            8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 6 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The ifIndex value of the interface for the outgoing
            interface for this next-hop."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 7 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 8 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The address of the next-hop specific to this entry. For
           most interfaces, this is identical to
            ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup. NBMA interfaces, however, may
            have multiple next-hop addresses out a single outgoing
            interface."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 9 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER { pruned(1), forwarding(2) }
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An indication of whether the outgoing interface and next-
            hop represented by this entry is currently being used to
            forward IP datagrams. The value 'forwarding' indicates it
            is currently being used; the value 'pruned' indicates it is
            not."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 10 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast routing
            information represented by this entry was learned by the
            router.
            If this infomration was present at the most recent re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 11 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime OBJECT-TYPE
              TimeTicks
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will
```

be aged out. If ipMcastRouteNextHopState is pruned(1), the remaining time until the prune expires and the state reverts to forwarding(2). Otherwise, the remaining time until this entry is removed from the table. The time remaining may be copied from ipMcastRouteExpiryTime if the protocol in use for this entry does not specify next-hop timers. The value 0 indicates that the entry is not subject to aging." ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 12 } ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..256) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The minimum number of hops between this router and any member of this IP multicast group reached via this next-hop on this outgoing interface. Any IP multicast datagrams for the group which have a TTL (IPv4) or Hop Count (IPv6) less than this number of hops will not be forwarded to this next-hop. A value of 0 means all multicast datagrams are forwarded out the interface. A value of 256 means that no multicast datagrams are forwarded out the interface. This is an optimization applied by multicast routing protocols that explicitly track hop counts to downstream listeners. Multicast protocols that are not aware of hop counts to downstream listeners set this object to 0." ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 13 } ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX IANAipMRouteProtocol MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION "The routing mechanism via which this next-hop was learned." ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 14 } ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of octets of multicast packets that have been forwarded using this route. Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value

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```
occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 15 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of packets which have been forwarded using this
            route.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 16 }
-- The IP Multicast Scope Boundary Table
- -
ipMcastBoundaryTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastBoundaryEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing the system's multicast scope
            zone boundaries."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 5"
    ::= { ipMcast 7 }
ipMcastBoundaryEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpMcastBoundaryEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) describing one of this device's
            multicast scope zone boundaries."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365 section 5, RFC 4007 section 5"
               { ipMcastBoundaryIfIndex,
    INDEX
                 ipMcastBoundaryAddressType,
                 ipMcastBoundaryAddress,
                 ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength }
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryTable 1 }
```

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```
IpMcastBoundaryEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastBoundaryIfIndex
                                        InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastBoundaryAddressType
                                        InetAddressType,
    ipMcastBoundaryAddress
                                        InetAddress,
    ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp
                                        TimeStamp,
    ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastBoundaryStatus
                                        RowStatus,
    ipMcastBoundaryStorageType
                                        StorageType
}
ipMcastBoundaryIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IfIndex value for the interface to which this boundary
            applies. Packets with a destination address in the
            associated address/mask range will not be forwarded over
            this interface.
            For IPv4, zone boundaries cut through links. Therefore this
            is an external interface. This may be either a physical or
            virtual interface (tunnel, encapsulation, and so forth.)
            For IPv6, zone boundaries cut through nodes. Therefore this
            is a virtual interface within the node. This is not an
            external interface, either real or virtual. Packets
            crossing this interface neither arrive at nor leave the
            node, but only move between zones within the node."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365 section 5, RFC 4007 section 5"
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 1 }
ipMcastBoundaryAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastBoundaryAddress. Legal values
            correspond to the subset of address families for which
            multicast forwarding is supported."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 2 }
ipMcastBoundaryAddress OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX InetAddress MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The group address which, when combined with the
            corresponding value of ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength,
            identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary
            exists. Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges must be
            prefixed by 239.0.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address
            ranges are FF0x::/16, where x is a valid <u>RFC 4291</u> multicast
            scope.
           An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanently-
            assigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is
            a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A zone boundary
            for FF0x::/16 implies an identical boundary for these other
            prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist
            in this table.
           This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastBoundarvAddressPrefixLength bits. The remainder of
            the address bits are zero. This is especially important for
            this index field, which is part of the index of this entry.
           Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different
            entry."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 3 }
ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressPrefixLength
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which when, combined with
            the corresponding value of ipMcastBoundaryAddress,
            identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary
            exists.
           The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastBoundaryAddressType.
            For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the
            range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
            must be set to 16."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 4 }
ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast boundary
            information represented by this entry was learned by the
```

```
router.
            If this infomration was present at the most recent re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 5 }
ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets of multicast packets that have been
            dropped as a result of this zone boundary configuration.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of boundary
            configuration being removed and replaced, which can be
            detected by observing the value of
            ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 6 }
ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The number of multicast packets that have been dropped as a
            result of this zone boundary configuration.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of boundary
            configuration being removed and replaced, which can be
            detected by observing the value of
            ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 7 }
ipMcastBoundaryStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can
           be created and destroyed.
           This status object can be set to active(1) without setting
```

```
any other columnar objects in this entry.
            All writeable objects in this entry can be modified when the
            status of this entry is active(1)."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 8 }
ipMcastBoundaryStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
           'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
           objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 9 }
-- The IP Multicast Scope Name Table
- -
ipMcastScopeNameTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastScopeNameEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing multicast scope names."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 4"
    ::= { ipMcast 8 }
ipMcastScopeNameEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastScopeNameEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) that names a multicast address
            scope."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 4"
               { ipMcastScopeNameAddressType,
    INDEX
                 ipMcastScopeNameAddress,
                 ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength,
                 ipMcastScopeNameLanguage }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameTable 1 }
IpMcastScopeNameEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastScopeNameAddressType
                                         InetAddressType,
    ipMcastScopeNameAddress
                                         InetAddress,
    ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
```

ipMcastScopeNameLanguage LangTag, ipMcastScopeNameString SnmpAdminString, ipMcastScopeNameDefault TruthValue, ipMcastScopeNameStatus RowStatus, ipMcastScopeNameStorageType StorageType } ipMcastScopeNameAddressType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddressType MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastScopeNameAddress. Legal values correspond to the subset of address families for which multicast forwarding is supported." ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 1 } ipMcastScopeNameAddress OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddress MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The group address which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength, identifies the group range associated with the multicast scope. Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges must be prefixed by 239.0.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address ranges are FF0x::/16, where x is a valid RFC 4291 multicast scope. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanentlyassigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope FF0x::/16 implies an identical scope name for these other prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist in this table. This address object is only significant up to ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entrv." ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 2 } ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastScopeNameAddress, identifies the group range associated with the multicast scope. The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastScopeNameAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be set to 16." ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 3 } ipMcastScopeNameLanguage OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX LangTag MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Language tag associated with the scope name." REFERENCE "RFC 4646" ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 4 } ipMcastScopeNameString OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SnmpAdminString MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The textual name associated with the multicast scope. The value of this object should be suitable for displaying to end-users, such as when allocating a multicast address in this scope. When no name is specified, the default value of this object for IPv4 should is the string 239.x.x.x/y with x and y replaced with decimal values to describe the address and mask length associated with the scope. When no name is specified, the default value of this object for IPv6 should is the string FF0x::/16, with x replaced by the hexadecimal value for the <u>RFC 4291</u> multicast scope. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanentlyassigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope FF0x::/16 implies an identical scope name for these other prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist in this table."

```
REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 3306 section 4, RFC 4291 section 2.7"
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 5 }
ipMcastScopeNameDefault OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
            "If true, indicates a preference that the name in the
            following language should be used by applications if no name
            is available in a desired language."
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 6 }
ipMcastScopeNameStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can
            be created and destroyed. Before the row can be activated,
            the object ipMcastScopeNameString must be set to a valid
            value. All writeable objects in this entry can be modified
            when the status is active(1)."
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 7 }
ipMcastScopeNameStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
           'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
           objects in the row."
      DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 8 }
  The Multicast Listeners Table
ipMcastLocalListenerTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastLocalListenerEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing local applications or
            services that have joined multicast groups as listeners.
```

```
Entries exist for all addresses in the multicast range for
            all applications and services as they are classified on this
            device."
    ::= { ipMcast 9 }
ipMcastLocalListenerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpMcastLocalListenerEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) identifying a local application
            or service that has joined a multicast group as a listener."
    INDEX
               { ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerTable 1 }
IpMcastLocalListenerEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex
                                            InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex
                                            Unsigned32
}
ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress. Legal values
            correspond to the subset of address families for which
            multicast is supported."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 1 }
ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP multicast group for which this entry specifies
```

```
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```

```
locally joined applications or services."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 2 }
ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastLocalListenerSource. The value MUST be
            the same as the value of
            ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 3 }
ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TnetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The network address which, when combined with the
            corresponding value of the mask specified in
            ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength, identifies the
            sources for which this entry specifies a local listener.
           This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength bits. The remainder
            of the address bits are zero. This is especially important
            for this index field, which is part of the index of this
            entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely
            different entry.
           For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone
            index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
            length. The use of these address types indicate that this
            listener address applies only within the given zone. Zone
            index zero is not valid in this table."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 4 }
ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with
            the corresponding value specified in
            ipMcastLocalListenerSource, identifies the sources for which
            this entry specifies a local listener. A mask length of
            zero corresponds to all sources within the group.
```

```
The InetAddressType is given by
            ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType. For values 'ipv4'
            and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For
            values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range
            8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 5 }
ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IfIndex value of the interface for which this entry
            specifies a local listener."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 6 }
ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (0..2147483647)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value corresponding to a piece of software running
            on this router or host system. Where possible, this should
            be the system's native, unique identification number.
            This identifier is platform-specific. It may correspond to
            a process ID or application instance number.
            A value of zero indicates that the application instance(s)
            cannot be identified. A value of zero indicates that one or
            more unidentified applications have joined the specified
            multicast groups (for the specified sources) as listeners."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2287 sysApplRunIndex"
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 7 }
- -
-- The Multicast Zone Table
- -
ipMcastZoneTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastZoneEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing scope zones on this device."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 5"
    ::= { ipMcast 10 }
```

```
ipMcastZoneEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastZoneEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) describing a scope zone on this
            device."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 5"
    INDEX
               { ipMcastZoneIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastZoneTable 1 }
IpMcastZoneEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastZoneIndex
                                            InetZoneIndex,
    ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex
                                            InetZoneIndex,
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddress
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength
                                            InetAddressPrefixLength
}
ipMcastZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetZoneIndex (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This zone index uniquely identifies a zone on a device.
            Each zone is for a given scope. Scope-level information in
            this table is for the unique scope that corresponds to this
            zone.
            Zero is a special value used to request the default zone for
            a given scope. Zero is not a valid value for this object.
            To test whether ipMcastZoneIndex is the default zone for
            this scope, test whether ipMcastZoneIndex is equal to
            ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 1 }
ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               InetZoneIndex (1..4294967295)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The default zone index for this scope. This is the zone
            that this device will use if the default (zero) zone is
            requested for this scope.
            Zero is not a valid value for this object."
```

```
::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 2 }
ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP address type for which this scope zone exists."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 3 }
ipMcastZoneScopeAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The multicast group address which, when combined with
            ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength, gives the multicast
            address range for this scope. The InetAddressType is given
            by ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType.
            Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges are prefixed by
            239.0.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address ranges are
            FF0x::/16, where x is a valid <u>RFC 4291</u> multicast scope.
            An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanently-
            assigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is
            a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope
            FF0x::/16 implies an identical scope for these other
            prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist
            in this table.
            This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength bits. The remainder of
            the address bits are zero."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 3306 section 4, RFC 4291 section 2.7"
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 4 }
ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined
            with ipMcastZoneScopeAddress, gives the multicast address
            prefix for this scope.
            The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType.
            For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the
```

```
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            range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
            must be set to 16."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 5 }
- -
-- Conformance information
- -
ipMcastMIBConformance
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIB 2 }
ipMcastMIBCompliances
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIBConformance 1 }
ipMcastMIBGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIBConformance 2 }
- -
-- Compliance statements
ipMcastMIBComplianceHost MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for hosts supporting IPMCAST-MIB.
            Support for either InetAddressType ipv4 or ipv6 is
            mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4 and ipv6
            is optional. Support for types ipv4z and ipv6z is
            optional.
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType
                          InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
            -- SYNTAX
            - -
                                            ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
            - -
            - -
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress
            -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
            - -
            - -
                          ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType
            -- OBJECT
            -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                            ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
            - -
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
            - -
```

```
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress
```

```
InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- SYNTAX
```

```
-- DESCRIPTION
```

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This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6." - -MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup, ipMcastMIBBasicGroup } OBJECT *ipMcastEnabled* MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." GROUP *ipMcastMIBSsmGroup* DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP *ipMcastMIBRouteGroup* DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP *ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup* DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP *ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup* DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." ::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 1 } ipMcastMIBComplianceRouter MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The compliance statement for routers supporting IPMCAST-MIB. Support for either InetAddressType ipv4 or ipv6 is mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4 and ipv6 is optional. Support for types ipv4z and ipv6z is optional.

```
-- OBJECT
            ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3),
- -
                               ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
- -
                               ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
-- DESCRIPTION
- -
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteGroup
-- SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
- -
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                               ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
- -
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteSource
-- SYNTAX
             InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
- -
                               ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
- -
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
```

```
-- either ipv4 or ipv6.
        - -
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
        - -
                                        ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        - -
               either ipv4 or ipv6.
        - -
        - -
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        - -
               either ipv4 or ipv6.
        - -
        - -
                    ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType
        -- OBJECT
        -- SYNTAX
                    InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
        - -
                                       ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
        - -
               either ipv4 or ipv6.
        - -
        - -
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
               either ipv4 or ipv6."
        - -
MODULE -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBBasicGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBSsmGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBRouteGroup }
 OBJECT
             ipMcastEnabled
 MIN-ACCESS read-only
 DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
             ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
 OBJECT
 MIN-ACCESS read-only
 DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
 OBJECT
             ipMcastInterfaceTt1
 MIN-ACCESS read-only
 DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
```

ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." ipMcastInterfaceStorageType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType SYNTAX InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4 or ipv6." OBJECT ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20)) SYNTAX MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4 or ipv6." OBJECT ipMcastRouteRtAddressType InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2), SYNTAX ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4 or ipv6." OBJECT *ipMcastRouteRtAddress* SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20)) MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4 or ipv6." OBJECT ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required." ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "This group is not mandatory, but SHOULD be supported where hardware permits." GROUP ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP *ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup* DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP *ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup* DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP *ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup* DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." ::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 2 } ipMcastMIBComplianceBorderRouter MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The compliance statement for routers on scope boundaries supporting IPMCAST-MIB. Support for either InetAddressType ipv4z or ipv6z is mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4z and ipv6z is optional. ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType -- OBJECT

```
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3),
                                ipv6z(4)
- -
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
              ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
-- OBJECT
              InetAddress (SIZE (4|8|16|20))
-- SYNTAX
-- DESCRIPTION
- -
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
- -
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
- -
       either ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteGroup
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- SYNTAX
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType
-- SYNTAX
             InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                               ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteSource
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
-- SYNTAX
- -
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
```

- -

```
-- OBJECT ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
-- SYNTAX
             InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                               ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
- -
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)}
- -
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for unknown and
- -
       either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastBoundaryAddressType
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastBoundaryAddress
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (4|16)
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastScopeNameAddressType
              InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
-- SYNTAX
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
- -
- -
-- OBJECT
              ipMcastScopeNameAddress
-- SYNTAX
              InetAddress (SIZE (4|16)
-- DESCRIPTION
       This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
- -
```

MODULE -- this module

MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup, ipMcastMIBBasicGroup, ipMcastMIBSsmGroup, ipMcastMIBRouteGroup, ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup, ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup } OBJECT *ipMcastEnabled* MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT ipMcastInterfaceTt1 MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." *ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit* OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT ipMcastInterfaceStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType SYNTAX InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4 and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z." OBJECT ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20)) SYNTAX MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4 and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z."

OBJECT ipMcastRouteRtAddressType

```
InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
SYNTAX
                             ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) }
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z."
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteRtAddress
SYNTAX
           InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z."
         ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus
OBJECT
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
          ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
             ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup
GROUP
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is not mandatory, but SHOULD be supported where
    hardware permits."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
             ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup
GROUP
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is optional."
```

```
OBJECT
                 ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType
      SYNTAX
                 InetAddressType { ipv4(1), ipv6(2) }
      MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
          "This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
      OBJECT
                 ipMcastZoneScopeAddress
      SYNTAX
                 InetAddress (SIZE (4|16))
      MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
          "This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 3 }
- -
-- Units of conformance
ipMcastMIBBasicGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastEnabled,
              ipMcastRouteEntryCount,
              ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
            }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support basic management of IP
            Multicast protocols."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 1 }
ipMcastMIBSsmGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus,
              ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of Source-
            Specific Multicast routing."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 2 }
ipMcastMIBRouteGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastInterfaceTtl,
              ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit,
              ipMcastInterfaceStorageType,
              ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType,
              ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor,
              ipMcastRouteInIfIndex,
              ipMcastRouteTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteExpiryTime,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopState,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
```

```
ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime
            }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support basic management of IP
            Multicast routing."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 3 }
ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRoutePkts,
              ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets,
              ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets
            }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of routing diagnostic packet counters."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 4 }
ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of packet
            counters for each outgoing interface entry of a route."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 5 }
ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of the use of
            hop counts in IP Multicast routing."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 6 }
ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteOctets,
              ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets,
              ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of octet
            counters for each forwarding entry."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 7 }
```

```
ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteBps }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support sampling of data rate
            in bits per second for each forwarding entry."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 8 }
ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteProtocol, ipMcastRouteRtProtocol,
              ipMcastRouteRtAddressType, ipMcastRouteRtAddress,
              ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength, ipMcastRouteRtType,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing information on the
            relationship between multicast routing information and the
            IP Forwarding Table."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 9 }
ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of local
            listeners on hosts or routers."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 10 }
ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp,
              ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets,
              ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts,
              ipMcastBoundaryStatus,
              ipMcastBoundaryStorageType,
              ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex,
              ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType,
              ipMcastZoneScopeAddress,
              ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength
            }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of multicast
            scope zone boundaries."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 11 }
ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastScopeNameString, ipMcastScopeNameDefault,
              ipMcastScopeNameStatus, ipMcastScopeNameStorageType }
```

END

7. Security Considerations

7.1 SNMPv3

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secured (for example by using IPSec), there is still no control over whom on the secure network is allowed to access (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see <u>[RFC3410]</u>, <u>section 8</u>), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to access (read/change/create/delete) them.

7.2 Writeable objects

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. This section discusses and lists these elements.

Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

In this MIB module, possible effects that can be induced by SET operations on writeable objects include:

 Modifications to multicast routing behavior that prevent or disrupt services provided by the network, including (but not limited to) multicast data traffic delivery.

o Modifications to multicast routing behavior that allow interception or subversion of information that is carried by the network. For example, attacks can be envisaged that would pass nominated multicast data streams through a nominated location, without the sources or listeners becoming aware of this subversion.

The following are the read-write and read-create objects defined in this MIB module.

ipMcastEnabled ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType ipMcastInterfaceTtl ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit ipMcastInterfaceStorageType ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType ipMcastBoundaryStatus ipMcastBoundaryStorageType ipMcastScopeNameTable ipMcastScopeNameString ipMcastScopeNameDefault ipMcastScopeNameStatus ipMcastScopeNameStatus

7.3 Readable objects

As well as the writeable objects discussed above, there are a number of readable objects (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than notaccessible) that may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP.

In this MIB module, possible effects that can be induced by GET and/or NOTIFY operations include:

- Determination of the topology, disposition, and composition of the network. This information may be commercially sensitive, and may also be used in preparation for attacks, including any of the attacks described above.
- Determinion of whether multicast data is flowing in the network, or has flowed recently, as well as the locations of senders and recipients. An attacker can apply 'traffic analysis' to this data. In some cases, the information revealed by traffic analyses can be as damaging as full knowledge of the data being

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transported.

8. IANA Considerations

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor OBJECT IDENTIFIER value ipMcastMIB { mib-2 XXX }

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication): the IANA is requested to assign a value for "XXX" under the 'mib-2' subtree and to record the assignment in the SMI Numbers registry. When the assignment has been made, the RFC Editor is asked to replace "XXX" (here and in the MIB module) with the assigned value and to remove this note.

9. Acknowledgements

This MIB module is based on the original work in [<u>RFC2932</u>] by K. McCloghrie, D. Farinacci and D. Thaler.

Suggested IPv6 multicast MIBs by R. Sivaramu and R. Raghunarayan have been used for comparison while editing this MIB module.

The authors are also grateful to Bill Fenner for fine ideas, and to Bharat Joshi for input and several corrections.

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