MBONED WG

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes objects used for managing multicast function, independent of the specific multicast protocol(s) in use. This document obsoletes RFC 2932.

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1. Introduction

This MIB describes objects used for managing IP multicast function, including IP multicast routing. These objects are independent of the specific multicast routing protocol in use. Managed objects specific to particular multicast protocols are defined elsewhere.

2. History

This document obsoletes [RFC2932]. The MIB module defined by this document is a re-working of the MIB module from [RFC2932], with changes that include the following.

- o This MIB module includes support for IPv6 addressing and the IPv6 scoped address architecture. [RFC2932] supported only IPv4.
- o This MIB module allows several multicast protocols to perform routing on a single interface, where [RFC2932] assumed each interface supported at most one multicast routing protocol. Multicast routing protocols are now per-route, see ipMcastRouteProtocol.
- o This MIB module includes objects that are not specific to multicast routing. It allows management of multicast function on systems that do not perform routing, whereas [RFC2932] was restricted to multicast routing.
- o This MIB module includes a table of Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) address ranges to which SSM semantics [RFC3569] should be applied.
- o This MIB module includes a table of local applications that are receiving multicast data.
- o This MIB module includes a table of multicast scope zones.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

3. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, ([RFC2578], [RFC2579] and [RFC2580]).

4. Overview

This MIB module contains two scalars and eight tables. The tables are:

- 1. The IP Multicast Interface Table, which contains multicast information specific to interfaces.
- 2. The IP Multicast SSM Range Table, which contains one row per range of multicast group addresses to which Source-Specific Multicast semantics [RFC3569] should be applied.
- 3. The IP Multicast Route Table, which contains multicast routing information for IP datagrams sent by particular sources to the IP multicast groups known to a system.
- 4. The IP Multicast Routing Next Hop Table, which contains information about next-hops for the routing of IP multicast datagrams. Each entry is one of a list of next-hops on outgoing interfaces for particular sources sending to a particular multicast group address.
- 5. The IP Multicast Scope Boundary Table, which contains the boundaries configured for multicast scopes [RFC2365].
- 6. The IP Multicast Scope Name Table, which contains human-readable names for multicast scopes.
- 7. The IP Multicast Local Listener Table, which contains identifiers for local applications that are receiving multicast data.
- 8. The IP Multicast Zone Table, which contains an entry for each scope zone known to a system, and maps each zone to the multicast address range that is the corresponding scope.

This MIB module uses textual conventions defined in the IF-MIB [RFC2863], the INET-ADDRESS-MIB [RFC4001] and the IANA-RTPROTO-MIB.

5. IMPORTED MIB Modules and REFERENCE Clauses

The MIB modules defined in this document IMPORTs definitions normatively from the following MIB modules, beyond [RFC2578],

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[RFC2579], and [RFC2580]: HCNUM-TC [RFC2856], IF-MIB [RFC2863], IANA-RTPROTO-MIB, SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB [RFC3411], INET-ADDRESS-MIB [RFC4001] and LANGTAG-TC-MIB [I-D.mcwalter-langtag-mib].

This MIB module also includes REFERENCE clauses that make normative references to Administratively Scoped IP Multicast [RFC2365], Unicast-Prefix-based IPv6 Multicast Addresses [RFC3306], IPv6 Scoped Address Architecture [RFC4007], and IPv6 Addressing Architecture [RFC4291].

Finally, this MIB module makes informative references to several RFCs in text of DESCRIPTION clauses, including sysApplMIB [RFC2287], IP-MIB [RFC4293], Source-Specific Multicast [RFC3569], PIM-SMv2 Protocol Specification [RFC4601], BIDIR-PIM Protocol Specification [I-D.ietf-pim-bidir], and Tags for Identifying Languages [RFC4646].

6. Definitions

IPMCAST-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

UK

```
IMPORTS
```

```
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,
   mib-2, Unsigned32, Counter64,
    Gauge32, TimeTicks
                                                            -- [RFC2578]
                                    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    RowStatus, TruthValue,
   StorageType, TimeStamp
                                    FROM SNMPv2-TC
                                                            -- [RFC2579]
   MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF
                                                            -- [<u>RFC2580</u>]
   CounterBasedGauge64
                                    FROM HCNUM-TC
                                                            -- [RFC2856]
    InterfaceIndexOrZero,
   InterfaceIndex
                                    FROM IF-MIB
                                                            -- [RFC2863]
    IANAipRouteProtocol,
    IANAipMRouteProtocol
                                    FROM IANA-RTPROTO-MIB
    SnmpAdminString
                                    FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB -- [RFC3411]
   InetAddress, InetAddressType,
   InetAddressPrefixLength,
    InetZoneIndex, InetVersion
                                    FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB -- [RFC4001]
                                    FROM LANGTAG-TC-MIB; -- [RFCzzzz]
    LangTag
-- RFC Ed.: replace zzzz with LangTag MIB RFC number & remove this note
ipMcastMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "200708290000Z" -- 29 August 2007
    ORGANIZATION "IETF MBONE Deployment (MBONED) Working Group"
    CONTACT-INFO "David McWalter
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DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for management of IP Multicast, including multicast routing, data forwarding, and data reception.

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-- RFC Ed.: replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this note REVISION "200708290000Z" -- 29 August 2007
DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC yyyy.

This MIB module obsoletes IPMROUTE-STD-MIB defined by [RFC2932]. Changes include the following.

- o This MIB module includes support for IPv6 addressing and the IPv6 scoped address architecture. [RFC2932] supported only IPv4.
- o This MIB module allows several multicast protocols to perform routing on a single interface, where [RFC2932] assumed each interface supported at most one multicast routing protocol. Multicast routing protocols are now per-route, see ipMcastRouteProtocol.
- o This MIB module includes objects that are not specific to multicast routing. It allows management of multicast function on systems that do not perform

routing, whereas [RFC2932] was restricted to multicast routing.

- o This MIB module includes a table of Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) address ranges to which SSM semantics [RFC3569] should be applied.
- o This MIB module includes a table of local applications that are receiving multicast data.
- o This MIB module includes a table of multicast scope

```
zones."
-- RFC Ed.: replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this note
    ::= { mib-2 XXX }
-- RFC Ed.: replace XXX with IANA-assigned number & remove this note
-- Top-level structure of the MIB
             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIB 1 }
ipMcast
ipMcastEnabled OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The enabled status of IP Multicast function on this
            system.
            The storage type of this object is determined by
            ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType."
    ::= { ipMcast 1 }
ipMcastRouteEntryCount OBJECT-TYPE
               Gauge32
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of rows in the ipMcastRouteTable. This can be
            used to check for multicast routing activity, and to monitor
            the multicast routing table size."
```

ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX StorageType MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

::= { ipMcast 2 }

```
DESCRIPTION
            "The storage type used for the global IP multicast
            configuration of this device, comprised of the objects
            listed below. If this storage type takes the value
            'permanent', write-access to the listed objects need not be
            allowed.
            The objects described by this storage type are:
            ipMcastEnabled."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcast 11 }
   The Multicast Interface Table
ipMcastInterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastInterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table used to manage the multicast
            protocol active on an interface."
    ::= { ipMcast 3 }
ipMcastInterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpMcastInterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) containing the multicast protocol
            information for a particular interface.
            Per-interface multicast forwarding statistics are also
            available in ipIfStatsTable."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4293 ipIfStatsTable"
    INDEX
               { ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion,
                 ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceTable 1 }
IpMcastInterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion
                                      InetVersion,
    ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex
                                      InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastInterfaceTtl
                                      Unsigned32,
    ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit
                                      Unsigned32,
    ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
                                      StorageType
}
```

```
ipMcastInterfaceIPVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetVersion
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The IP version of this row."
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 1 }
ipMcastInterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The index value that uniquely identifies the interface to
            which this entry is applicable. The interface identified by
            a particular value of this index is the same interface as
            identified by the same value of the IF-MIB's ifIndex."
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 2 }
ipMcastInterfaceTtl OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (0..256)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The datagram TTL threshold for the interface. Any IP
            multicast datagrams with a TTL (IPv4) or Hop Limit (IPv6)
            less than this threshold will not be forwarded out the
            interface. The default value of 0 means all multicast
            packets are forwarded out the interface. A value of 256
            means that no multicast packets are forwarded out the
            interface."
    DEFVAL
               { 0 }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 3 }
ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The rate-limit, in kilobits per second, of forwarded
            multicast traffic on the interface. A rate-limit of 0
            indicates that no rate limiting is done."
    DEFVAL
               { 0 }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 4 }
ipMcastInterfaceStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
            'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
            objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastInterfaceEntry 5 }
-- The SSM Range Table
ipMcastSsmRangeTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastSsmRangeEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This table is used to create and manage the range(s) of
            group addresses to which SSM semantics should be applied."
    REFERENCE "RFC 3569"
    ::= { ipMcast 4 }
ipMcastSsmRangeEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastSsmRangeEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) containing a range of group
            addresses to which SSM semantics should be applied.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice
            this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    REFERENCE "RFC 3569"
    INDEX
               { ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType,
                 ipMcastSsmRangeAddress,
                 ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength }
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeTable 1 }
IpMcastSsmRangeEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType
                                 InetAddressType,
    ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
                                 InetAddress,
    ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus
                                 RowStatus,
    ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
                                 StorageType
}
```

```
ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address type of the multicast group prefix."
    ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 1 }
ipMcastSsmRangeAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The multicast group address which, when combined with
            ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength, gives the group prefix for this
            SSM range. The InetAddressType is given by
            ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType.
            This address object is only significant up to
```

ipMcastSsmRangePrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For IPv6 SSM address ranges, only ranges prefixed by FF3x::/16 are permitted, where 'x' is a valid IPv6 $\frac{RFC}{A291}$ multicast address scope. The syntax of the address range is given by $\frac{RFC}{A991}$ and $\frac{A991}{A991}$.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this SSM range entry applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table.

If non-global scope SSM range entries are present, then consistent ipMcastBoundaryTable entries are required on routers at the zone boundary."

REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 4291 section 2.7, RFC 3306 sections 4, 6 and 7"
::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 2 }

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with ipMcastSsmRangeAddress, gives the group prefix for this SSM range. The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range 8..128." REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 4291 section 2.7, RFC 3306 sections 4, 6 and 7" ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 3 } ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can be created and destroyed. This status object can be set to active(1) without setting any other columnar objects in this entry. All writeable objects in this entry can be modified when the status of this entry is active(1)." ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 4 } ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType OBJECT-TYPE StorageType SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current **DESCRIPTION** "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value 'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar objects in the row." DEFVAL { nonVolatile } ::= { ipMcastSsmRangeEntry 5 } -- The IP Multicast Routing Table ipMcastRouteTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpMcastRouteEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The (conceptual) table containing multicast routing

```
information for IP datagrams sent by particular sources to
            to the IP multicast groups known to this router."
    ::= { ipMcast 5 }
ipMcastRouteEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastRouteEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) containing the multicast routing
            information for IP datagrams from a particular source and
            addressed to a particular IP multicast group address.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice
            this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    INDEX
               { ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType,
                 ipMcastRouteGroup,
                 ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength,
                 ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType,
                 ipMcastRouteSource,
                 ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength }
    ::= { ipMcastRouteTable 1 }
IpMcastRouteEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType
                                      InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteGroup
                                      InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength
                                      InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType
                                      InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteSource
                                      InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength
                                      InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType
                                      InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor
                                      InetAddress,
    ipMcastRouteInIfIndex
                                      InterfaceIndexOrZero,
    ipMcastRouteTimeStamp
                                      TimeStamp,
    ipMcastRouteExpiryTime
                                      TimeTicks,
    ipMcastRouteProtocol
                                      IANAipMRouteProtocol,
    ipMcastRouteRtProtocol
                                      IANAipRouteProtocol,
                                      InetAddressType,
    ipMcastRouteRtAddressType
    ipMcastRouteRtAddress
                                      InetAddress,
                                      InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength
    ipMcastRouteRtType
                                      INTEGER,
    ipMcastRouteOctets
                                      Counter64,
    ipMcastRoutePkts
                                      Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets
                                      Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets
                                      Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets
                                      Counter64,
```

```
ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets Counter64,
    ipMcastRouteBps
                                      CounterBasedGauge64
}
ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteGroup. Legal values correspond to
            the subset of address families for which multicast
            forwarding is supported."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 1 }
ipMcastRouteGroup OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP multicast group address which, when combined with
            the corresponding value specified in
            ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength, identifies the groups for
            which this entry contains multicast routing information.
            This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the
            address bits are zero. This is especially important for
            this index field, which is part of the index of this entry.
            Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different
            entry.
            For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone
            index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
            length. The use of these address types indicate that this
            forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone
            index zero is not valid in this table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 2 }
```

ipMcastRouteGroupPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteGroup, identifies the groups for which this entry contains multicast routing information.

```
The InetAddressType is given by
        ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and
        'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values
        'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range
        8..128."
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 3 }
```

ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressType MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastRouteSource.

A value of unknown(0) indicates a non-source-specific entry, corresponding to all sources in the group. Otherwise, the value MUST be the same as the value of ipMcastRouteGroupType."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 4 }

ipMcastRouteSource OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddress MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION

> "The network address which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength, identifies the sources for which this entry contains multicast routing information.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this source address applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 5 }

ipMcastRouteSourcePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with
            the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteSource, identifies
            the sources for which this entry contains multicast routing
            information.
            The InetAddressType is given by
            ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType. For the value 'unknown',
            this object must be zero. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z',
            this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6'
            and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range 8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 6 }
ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor.
            An address type of unknown(0) indicates that the upstream
            neighbor is unknown, for example in BIDIR-PIM."
    REFERENCE "I-D.ietf-pim-bidir"
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 7 }
ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address of the upstream neighbor (for example, RPF
            neighbor) from which IP datagrams from these sources to
            this multicast address are received."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 8 }
ipMcastRouteInIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InterfaceIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of ifIndex for the interface on which IP
            datagrams sent by these sources to this multicast address
            are received. A value of 0 indicates that datagrams are not
            subject to an incoming interface check, but may be accepted
            on multiple interfaces (for example, in BIDIR-PIM)."
```

REFERENCE "I-D.ietf-pim-bidir"

```
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 9 }
ipMcastRouteTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast routing
            information represented by this entry was learned by the
            router.
            If this information was present at the most recent re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 10 }
ipMcastRouteExpiryTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will
            be aged out. The value 0 indicates that the entry is not
            subject to aging. If ipMcastRouteNextHopState is pruned(1),
            this object represents the remaining time until the prune
            expires. If this timer expires, state reverts to
            forwarding(2). Otherwise, this object represents the time
            until this entry is removed from the table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 11 }
ipMcastRouteProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
              IANAipMRouteProtocol
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The multicast routing protocol via which this multicast
            forwarding entry was learned."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 12 }
ipMcastRouteRtProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IANAipRouteProtocol
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The routing mechanism via which the route used to find the
            upstream or parent interface for this multicast forwarding
            entry was learned."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 13 }
```

```
ipMcastRouteRtAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteRtAddress."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 14 }
ipMcastRouteRtAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address portion of the route used to find the upstream
            or parent interface for this multicast forwarding entry.
            This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the
            address bits are zero.
            For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone
            index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix
            length. The use of these address types indicate that this
            forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone
            index zero is not valid in this table."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 15 }
ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask associated with the route
            used to find the upstream or parent interface for this
            multicast forwarding entry.
            The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastRouteRtAddressType.
            For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the
            range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
            must be in the range 8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 16 }
ipMcastRouteRtType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER {
                unicast (1), -- Unicast route used in multicast RIB
                multicast (2) -- Multicast route
               }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

"The reason the given route was placed in the (logical) multicast Routing Information Base (RIB). A value of unicast means that the route would normally be placed only in the unicast RIB, but was placed in the multicast RIB (instead or in addition) due to local configuration, such as when running PIM over RIP. A value of multicast means that the route was explicitly added to the multicast RIB by the routing protocol, such as DVMRP or Multiprotocol BGP."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 17 }

ipMcastRouteOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of octets contained in IP datagrams which were received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, and which were forwarded by this router.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 18 }

ipMcastRoutePkts OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of packets routed using this multicast route entry.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 19 }

ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of octets contained in IP datagrams which this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because the TTL (IPv4) or Hop Limit (IPv6) was decremented to zero, or to a value less than ipMcastInterfaceTtl for all next hops.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 20 }

ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of packets which this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because the TTL (IPv4) or Hop Limit (IPv6) was decremented to zero, or to a value less than ipMcastInterfaceTtl for all next hops.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 21 }

ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of octets contained in IP datagrams which this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because they were received on an unexpected interface.

For RPF checking protocols (such as PIM-SM), these packets arrived on interfaces other than ipMcastRouteInIfIndex, and were dropped because of this failed RPF check. (RPF paths are 'Reverse Path Forwarding' path; the unicast routes to the expected origin of multicast data flows).

Other protocols may drop packets on an incoming interface check for different reasons (for example, BIDIR-PIM performs a DF check on receipt of packets). All packets dropped as a result of an incoming interface check are counted here.

If this counter increases rapidly, this indicates a problem. A significant quantity of multicast data is arriving at this router on unexpected interfaces, and is not being forwarded.

For guidance, if the rate of increase of this counter exceeds 1% of the rate of increase of ipMcastRouteOctets, then there are multicast routing problems that require investigation.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

REFERENCE "RFC 4601 and I-D.ietf-pim-bidir"
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 22 }

ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter64
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The number of packets which this router has received from these sources and addressed to this multicast group address, which were dropped because they were received on an unexpected interface.

For RPF checking protocols (such as PIM-SM), these packets arrived on interfaces other than ipMcastRouteInIfIndex, and were dropped because of this failed RPF check. (RPF paths are 'Reverse Path Forwarding' path; the unicast routes to the expected origin of multicast data flows).

Other protocols may drop packets on an incoming interface check for different reasons (for example, BIDIR-PIM performs a DF check on receipt of packets). All packets dropped as a result of an incoming interface check are counted here.

If this counter increases rapidly, this indicates a problem. A significant quantity of multicast data is arriving at this router on unexpected interfaces, and is not being forwarded.

For guidance, if the rate of increase of this counter

exceeds 1% of the rate of increase of ipMcastRoutePkts, then there are multicast routing problems that require investigation.

Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value occur at re-initialization of the management system. Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing the value of ipMcastRouteTimeStamp."

```
REFERENCE "RFC 4601 and I-D.ietf-pim-bidir"
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 23 }
```

ipMcastRouteBps OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX CounterBasedGauge64
UNITS "bits per second"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Bits per second forwarded by this router using this multicast routing entry.

This value is a sample; it is the number of bits forwarded during the last whole 1 second sampling period. The value during the current 1 second sampling period is not made available until the period is completed.

The quantity being sampled is the same as that measured by ipMcastRouteOctets. The units and the sampling method are different."

```
::= { ipMcastRouteEntry 24 }
```

- -

-- The IP Multicast Routing Next Hop Table

- -

ipMcastRouteNextHopTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpMcastRouteNextHopEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The (conceptual) table containing information on the next-hops on outgoing interfaces for routing IP multicast datagrams. Each entry is one of a list of next-hops on outgoing interfaces for particular sources sending to a particular multicast group address."

```
::= { ipMcast 6 }
```

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) in the list of next-hops on
            outgoing interfaces to which IP multicast datagrams from
            particular sources to an IP multicast group address are
            routed.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice
            this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
   INDEX
               { ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopSource,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType,
                 ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress }
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopTable 1 }
IpMcastRouteNextHopEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
                                           InetAddressType,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
                                           InetAddress,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength
                                           InetAddressPrefixLength,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
                                           InetAddressType,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
                                           InetAddress,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex
                                           InterfaceIndex,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType
                                           InetAddressType,
                                           InetAddress,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
   ipMcastRouteNextHopState
                                           INTEGER,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp
                                           TimeStamp,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime
                                           TimeTicks,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops
                                           Unsigned32,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol
                                           IANAipMRouteProtocol,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets
                                           Counter64,
   ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts
                                           Counter64
ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
```

}

```
contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup. Legal values
    correspond to the subset of address families for which
    multicast forwarding is supported."
::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 1 }
```

ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The IP multicast group address which, when combined with the corresponding value specified in ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength, identifies the groups for which this entry contains multicast forwarding information.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this forwarding state applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 2 }

ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastRouteGroup, identifies the groups for which this entry contains multicast routing information.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range 8..128."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 3 }

ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressType
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopSource.

A value of unknown(0) indicates a non-source-specific entry, corresponding to all sources in the group. Otherwise, the value MUST be the same as the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupType."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 4 }

ipMcastRouteNextHopSource OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The network address which, when combined with the corresponding value of the mask specified in ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength, identifies the sources for which this entry specifies a next-hop on an outgoing interface.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this source address applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 5 }

ipMcastRouteNextHopSourcePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value specified in ipMcastRouteNextHopSource, identifies the sources for which this entry specifies a next-hop on an outgoing interface.

```
The InetAddressType is given by
            ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType. For the value
            'unknown', this object must be zero. For values 'ipv4' and
            'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values
            'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range
            8..128."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 6 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The ifIndex value of the interface for the outgoing
            interface for this next-hop."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 7 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 8 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address of the next-hop specific to this entry. For
            most interfaces, this is identical to
            ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup. NBMA interfaces, however, may
            have multiple next-hop addresses out a single outgoing
            interface."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 9 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               INTEGER { pruned(1), forwarding(2) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "An indication of whether the outgoing interface and next-
            hop represented by this entry is currently being used to
            forward IP datagrams. The value 'forwarding' indicates it
            is currently being used; the value 'pruned' indicates it is
            not."
```

::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 10 } ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current **DESCRIPTION** "The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast routing information represented by this entry was learned by the router. If this information was present at the most recent reinitialization of the local management subsystem, then this object contains a zero value." ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 11 } ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeTicks MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION "The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will be aged out. If ipMcastRouteNextHopState is pruned(1), the remaining time until the prune expires and the state reverts to forwarding(2). Otherwise, the remaining time until this entry is removed from the table. The time remaining may be copied from ipMcastRouteExpiryTime if the protocol in use for this entry does not specify next-hop timers. The value O indicates that the entry is not subject to aging." ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 12 } ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..256) MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION

"The minimum number of hops between this router and any member of this IP multicast group reached via this next-hop on this outgoing interface. Any IP multicast datagrams for the group which have a TTL (IPv4) or Hop Count (IPv6) less than this number of hops will not be forwarded to this next-hop.

A value of 0 means all multicast datagrams are forwarded out the interface. A value of 256 means that no multicast datagrams are forwarded out the interface.

This is an optimization applied by multicast routing

```
protocols that explicitly track hop counts to downstream
            listeners. Multicast protocols that are not aware of hop
            counts to downstream listeners set this object to 0."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 13 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
              IANAipMRouteProtocol
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The routing mechanism via which this next-hop was learned."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 14 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets of multicast packets that have been
            forwarded using this route.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 15 }
ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of packets which have been forwarded using this
            route.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of routes being
            removed and replaced, which can be detected by observing
            the value of ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastRouteNextHopEntry 16 }
-- The IP Multicast Scope Boundary Table
ipMcastBoundaryTable OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SEQUENCE OF IpMcastBoundaryEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing the system's multicast scope
            zone boundaries."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 5"
    ::= { ipMcast 7 }
ipMcastBoundaryEntry OBJECT-TYPE
               IpMcastBoundaryEntry
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) describing one of this device's
            multicast scope zone boundaries.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice
            this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365 section 5, RFC 4007 section 5"
    INDEX
               { ipMcastBoundaryIfIndex,
                 ipMcastBoundaryAddressType,
                 ipMcastBoundaryAddress,
                 ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength }
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryTable 1 }
IpMcastBoundaryEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
                                        InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastBoundaryIfIndex
    ipMcastBoundaryAddressType
                                        InetAddressType,
    ipMcastBoundaryAddress
                                        InetAddress,
    ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp
                                        TimeStamp,
    ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts
                                        Counter64,
    ipMcastBoundaryStatus
                                        RowStatus,
    ipMcastBoundaryStorageType
                                        StorageType
}
ipMcastBoundaryIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IfIndex value for the interface to which this boundary
            applies. Packets with a destination address in the
            associated address/mask range will not be forwarded over
```

this interface.

For IPv4, zone boundaries cut through links. Therefore this is an external interface. This may be either a physical or virtual interface (tunnel, encapsulation, and so forth.)

For IPv6, zone boundaries cut through nodes. Therefore this is a virtual interface within the node. This is not an external interface, either real or virtual. Packets crossing this interface neither arrive at nor leave the node, but only move between zones within the node."

REFERENCE "RFC 2365 section 5, RFC 4007 section 5"
::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 1 }

ipMcastBoundaryAddressType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressType
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A value indicating the address family of the address contained in ipMcastBoundaryAddress. Legal values correspond to the subset of address families for which multicast forwarding is supported."

::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 2 }

ipMcastBoundaryAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The group address which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength, identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary exists. Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges must be prefixed by 239.0.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address ranges are FF0x::/16, where x is a valid RFC 4291 multicast scope.

An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanently-assigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A zone boundary for FF0x::/16 implies an identical boundary for these other prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist in this table.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for

```
this index field, which is part of the index of this entry.
            Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different
            entrv."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 3 }
ipMcastBoundaryAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which when, combined with
            the corresponding value of ipMcastBoundaryAddress,
            identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary
            exists.
            The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastBoundaryAddressType.
            For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the
            range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
            must be set to 16."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 4 }
ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of sysUpTime at which the multicast boundary
            information represented by this entry was learned by the
            router.
            If this information was present at the most recent re-
            initialization of the local management subsystem, then this
            object contains a zero value."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 5 }
ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets of multicast packets that have been
            dropped as a result of this zone boundary configuration.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of boundary
            configuration being removed and replaced, which can be
```

detected by observing the value of

```
ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 6 }
ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of multicast packets that have been dropped as a
            result of this zone boundary configuration.
            Discontinuities in this monotonically increasing value
            occur at re-initialization of the management system.
            Discontinuities can also occur as a result of boundary
            configuration being removed and replaced, which can be
            detected by observing the value of
            ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 7 }
ipMcastBoundaryStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can
            be created and destroyed.
            This status object can be set to active(1) without setting
            any other columnar objects in this entry.
            All writeable objects in this entry can be modified when the
            status of this entry is active(1)."
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 8 }
ipMcastBoundaryStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
           'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
           objects in the row."
       DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastBoundaryEntry 9 }
-- The IP Multicast Scope Name Table
```

```
ipMcastScopeNameTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastScopeNameEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing multicast scope names."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 4"
    ::= { ipMcast 8 }
ipMcastScopeNameEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               IpMcastScopeNameEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) that names a multicast address
            scope.
            OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice
            this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 4"
    INDEX
               { ipMcastScopeNameAddressType,
                 ipMcastScopeNameAddress,
                 ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength,
                 ipMcastScopeNameLanguage }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameTable 1 }
IpMcastScopeNameEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastScopeNameAddressType
                                          InetAddressType,
    ipMcastScopeNameAddress
                                          InetAddress,
    ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastScopeNameLanguage
                                         LangTag,
    ipMcastScopeNameString
                                         SnmpAdminString,
    ipMcastScopeNameDefault
                                         TruthValue,
    ipMcastScopeNameStatus
                                         RowStatus,
    ipMcastScopeNameStorageType
                                         StorageType
}
ipMcastScopeNameAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastScopeNameAddress. Legal values
            correspond to the subset of address families for which
            multicast forwarding is supported."
```

DESCRIPTION

"The group address which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength, identifies the group range associated with the multicast scope. Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges must be prefixed by 239.0.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address ranges are FF0x::/16, where x is a valid RFC 4291 multicast scope.

An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanently-assigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope FF0x::/16 implies an identical scope name for these other prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist in this table.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry."

::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 2 }

ipMcastScopeNameAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value of ipMcastScopeNameAddress, identifies the group range associated with the multicast scope.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastScopeNameAddressType. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be set to 16."

::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 3 }

ipMcastScopeNameLanguage OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX LangTag

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "Language tag associated with the scope name."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4646"
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 4 }
ipMcastScopeNameString OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The textual name associated with the multicast scope. The
           value of this object should be suitable for displaying to
            end-users, such as when allocating a multicast address in
            this scope.
           When no name is specified, the default value of this object
            for IPv4 should is the string 239.x.x.x/v with x and v
            replaced with decimal values to describe the address and
           mask length associated with the scope.
           When no name is specified, the default value of this object
           for IPv6 should is the string FF0x::/16, with x replaced by
           the hexadecimal value for the RFC 4291 multicast scope.
           An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanently-
            assigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is
            a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope
            FF0x::/16 implies an identical scope name for these other
           prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist
            in this table."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 3306 section 4, RFC 4291 section 2.7"
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 5 }
ipMcastScopeNameDefault OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "If true, indicates a preference that the name in the
            following language should be used by applications if no name
            is available in a desired language."
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 6 }
ipMcastScopeNameStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               RowStatus
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this row, by which rows in this table can
           be created and destroyed. Before the row can be activated,
            the object ipMcastScopeNameString must be set to a valid
           value. All writeable objects in this entry can be modified
           when the status is active(1)."
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 7 }
ipMcastScopeNameStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               StorageType
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The storage type for this row. Rows having the value
           'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar
           objects in the row."
      DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
    ::= { ipMcastScopeNameEntry 8 }
  The Multicast Listeners Table
ipMcastLocalListenerTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              SEQUENCE OF IpMcastLocalListenerEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing local applications or
            services that have joined multicast groups as listeners.
           Entries exist for all addresses in the multicast range for
            all applications and services as they are classified on this
            device."
    ::= { ipMcast 9 }
ipMcastLocalListenerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX IpMcastLocalListenerEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) identifying a local application
            or service that has joined a multicast group as a listener.
           OIDs are limited to 128 sub-identifiers, but this limit
            is not enforced by the syntax of this entry. In practice
```

```
this does not present a problem, because IP address types
            allowed by conformance statements do not exceed this limit."
    TNDFX
               { ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex,
                 ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerTable 1 }
IpMcastLocalListenerEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength InetAddressPrefixLength,
    ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex
                                            InterfaceIndex,
    ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex
                                            Unsigned32
}
ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddressType
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress. Legal values
            correspond to the subset of address families for which
            multicast is supported."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 1 }
ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP multicast group for which this entry specifies
            locally joined applications or services."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 2 }
ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A value indicating the address family of the address
            contained in ipMcastLocalListenerSource.
```

A value of unknown(0) indicates a non-source-specific entry, corresponding to all sources in the group. Otherwise, the value MUST be the same as the value of ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType."

::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 3 }

ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddress
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The network address which, when combined with the corresponding value of the mask specified in ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength, identifies the sources for which this entry specifies a local listener.

This address object is only significant up to ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength bits. The remainder of the address bits are zero. This is especially important for this index field, which is part of the index of this entry. Any non-zero bits would signify an entirely different entry.

For addresses of type ipv4z or ipv6z, the appended zone index is significant even though it lies beyond the prefix length. The use of these address types indicate that this listener address applies only within the given zone. Zone index zero is not valid in this table."

::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 4 }

ipMcastLocalListenerSourcePrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InetAddressPrefixLength

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The length in bits of the mask which, when combined with the corresponding value specified in ipMcastLocalListenerSource, identifies the sources for which this entry specifies a local listener.

The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType. For the value 'unknown', this object must be zero. For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object must be in the range 8..128."

::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 5 }

```
ipMcastLocalListenerIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               InterfaceIndex
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IfIndex value of the interface for which this entry
            specifies a local listener."
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 6 }
ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32 (0..2147483647)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value corresponding to a piece of software running
            on this router or host system. Where possible, this should
            be the system's native, unique identification number.
            This identifier is platform-specific. It may correspond to
            a process ID or application instance number.
            A value of zero indicates that the application instance(s)
            cannot be identified. A value of zero indicates that one or
            more unidentified applications have joined the specified
            multicast groups (for the specified sources) as listeners."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2287 sysApplRunIndex"
    ::= { ipMcastLocalListenerEntry 7 }
-- The Multicast Zone Table
ipMcastZoneTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF IpMcastZoneEntry
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing scope zones on this device."
    REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 5"
    ::= { ipMcast 10 }
ipMcastZoneEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              IpMcastZoneEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) describing a scope zone on this
            device."
```

```
REFERENCE "RFC 4007 section 5"
    INDEX
               { ipMcastZoneIndex }
    ::= { ipMcastZoneTable 1 }
IpMcastZoneEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMcastZoneIndex
                                            InetZoneIndex,
    ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex
                                            InetZoneIndex,
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType
                                            InetAddressType,
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddress
                                            InetAddress,
    ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength
                                            InetAddressPrefixLength
}
ipMcastZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetZoneIndex (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This zone index uniquely identifies a zone on a device.
            Each zone is for a given scope. Scope-level information in
            this table is for the unique scope that corresponds to this
            zone.
            Zero is a special value used to request the default zone for
            a given scope. Zero is not a valid value for this object.
            To test whether ipMcastZoneIndex is the default zone for
            this scope, test whether ipMcastZoneIndex is equal to
            ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 1 }
ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
               InetZoneIndex (1..4294967295)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
            "The default zone index for this scope. This is the zone
            that this device will use if the default (zero) zone is
            requested for this scope.
            Zero is not a valid value for this object."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 2 }
ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddressType
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The IP address type for which this scope zone exists."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 3 }
ipMcastZoneScopeAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               InetAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The multicast group address which, when combined with
            ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength, gives the multicast
            address range for this scope. The InetAddressType is given
            by ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType.
            Scoped IPv4 multicast address ranges are prefixed by
            239.0.0.0/8. Scoped IPv6 multicast address ranges are
            FF0x::/16, where x is a valid \frac{RFC}{A291} multicast scope.
            An IPv6 address prefixed by FF1x::/16 is a non-permanently-
            assigned address. An IPv6 address prefixed by FF3x::/16 is
            a unicast-prefix-based multicast addresses. A scope
            FF0x::/16 implies an identical scope for these other
            prefixes. No separate FF1x::/16 or FF3x::/16 entries exist
            in this table.
            This address object is only significant up to
            ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength bits. The remainder of
            the address bits are zero."
    REFERENCE "RFC 2365, RFC 3306 section 4, RFC 4291 section 2.7"
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 4 }
ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              InetAddressPrefixLength
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The length in bits of the mask which, when combined
            with ipMcastZoneScopeAddress, gives the multicast address
            prefix for this scope.
            The InetAddressType is given by ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType.
            For values 'ipv4' and 'ipv4z', this object must be in the
            range 4..32. For values 'ipv6' and 'ipv6z', this object
            must be set to 16."
    ::= { ipMcastZoneEntry 5 }
-- Conformance information
```

```
ipMcastMIBConformance
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIB 2 }
ipMcastMIBCompliances
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIBConformance 1 }
ipMcastMIBGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMcastMIBConformance 2 }
-- Compliance statements
ipMcastMIBComplianceHost MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for hosts supporting IPMCAST-MIB.
            Support for either InetAddressType ipv4 or ipv6 is
            mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4 and ipv6
            is optional. Support for types ipv4z and ipv6z is
            optional.
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddressType
            -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
            - -
                                           ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
            -- DESCRIPTION
                  This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastLocalListenerGroupAddress
            -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddressType
            -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                           ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastLocalListenerSourceAddress
            -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
    MODULE -- this module
    MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup,
                       ipMcastMIBBasicGroup }
     OBJECT
                 ipMcastEnabled
     MIN-ACCESS read-only
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"Write access is not required."
     OBJECT
                ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
     MIN-ACCESS read-only
     DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBSsmGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBRouteGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 1 }
ipMcastMIBComplianceRouter MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for routers supporting
            IPMCAST-MIB.
            Support for either InetAddressType ipv4 or ipv6 is
            mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4 and ipv6
            is optional. Support for types ipv4z and ipv6z is
            optional.
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType
            -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3),
                                           ipv6z(4)
            -- DESCRIPTION
                  This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
                          ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
            -- OBJECT
```

```
-- SYNTAX
           InetAddress (SIZE (4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
             ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX
            InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
             ipMcastRouteGroup
-- SYNTAX
             InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
            ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType
-- SYNTAX InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
             ipMcastRouteSource
-- SYNTAX
             InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
             ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX
             InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
             ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
-- SYNTAX
             InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 or ipv6.
             ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
-- OBJECT
             InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
-- SYNTAX
- -
                               ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
```

```
either ipv4 or ipv6.
        - -
        -- OBJECT
                     ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
        -- SYNTAX
                     InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
              This compliance requires support for unknown and
               either ipv4 or ipv6.
                     ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType
        -- OBJECT
        -- SYNTAX
                    InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                                       ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
              either ipv4 or ipv6.
                     ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
        -- OBJECT
        -- SYNTAX
                     InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
               either ipv4 or ipv6."
MODULE -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBBasicGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBSsmGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBRouteGroup }
 OBJECT
            ipMcastEnabled
 MIN-ACCESS read-only
 DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
 OBJECT
            ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
 MIN-ACCESS read-only
 DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
 OBJECT
            ipMcastInterfaceTtl
 MIN-ACCESS read-only
 DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
 OBJECT
            ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit
 MIN-ACCESS read-only
 DESCRIPTION
      "Write access is not required."
 OBJECT
            ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
```

```
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType
SYNTAX
           InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                             ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) }
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    or ipv6."
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor
SYNTAX
           InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    or ipv6."
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteRtAddressType
SYNTAX
           InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                             ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) }
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    or ipv6."
           ipMcastRouteRtAddress
OBJECT
SYNTAX
           InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    or ipv6."
OBJECT
           ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
           ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
GROUP
             ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup
DESCRIPTION
    "This group is not mandatory, but SHOULD be supported where
    hardware permits."
```

ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup

GROUP

```
DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
     GROUP
                   ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup
     DESCRIPTION
          "This group is optional."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 2 }
ipMcastMIBComplianceBorderRouter MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for routers on scope
            boundaries supporting IPMCAST-MIB.
            Support for either InetAddressType ipv4z or ipv6z is
            mandatory; support for both InetAddressTypes ipv4z and
            ipv6z is optional.
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastSsmRangeAddressType
            -- SYNTAX
                          InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2), ipv4z(3),
                                           ipv6z(4)
            -- DESCRIPTION
                   This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
            -- OBJECT
                          ipMcastSsmRangeAddress
                          InetAddress (SIZE (4|8|16|20))
            -- SYNTAX
```

```
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
            ipMcastRouteGroupAddressType
-- SYNTAX InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 or ipv6.
-- OBJECT
             ipMcastRouteGroup
-- SYNTAX
            InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
-- OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteSourceAddressType
-- SYNTAX
            InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
- -
-- OBJECT
             ipMcastRouteSource
-- SYNTAX
            InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
             ipMcastRouteNextHopGroupAddressType
-- OBJECT
-- SYNTAX InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
-- OBJECT
             ipMcastRouteNextHopGroup
-- SYNTAX
             InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
-- OBJECT ipMcastRouteNextHopSourceAddressType
            InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
-- SYNTAX
                              ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
-- DESCRIPTION
      This compliance requires support for unknown and
      either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
```

```
-- OBJECT
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopSource
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
               either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopAddressType
        -- OBJECT
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddressType {unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
        - -
                                       ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4)
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
               either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastRouteNextHopAddress
                      InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
        -- SYNTAX
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for unknown and
               either ipv4 and ipv4z or ipv6 and ipv6z.
                      ipMcastBoundaryAddressType
        -- OBJECT
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
                      ipMcastBoundaryAddress
        -- OBJECT
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddress (SIZE (4|16)
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
        -- OBJECT
                      ipMcastScopeNameAddressType
        -- SYNTAX
                      InetAddressType {ipv4(1), ipv6(2)}
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6.
        - -
                      ipMcastScopeNameAddress
        -- OBJECT
                      InetAddress (SIZE (4|16)
        -- SYNTAX
        -- DESCRIPTION
               This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
MODULE -- this module
MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBBasicGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBSsmGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBRouteGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup,
                   ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup }
```

```
ipMcastEnabled
OBJECT
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
           ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
           ipMcastInterfaceTtl
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
           ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
           ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType
           InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
SYNTAX
                             ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) }
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z."
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor
SYNTAX
           InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20))
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z."
OBJECT
           ipMcastRouteRtAddressType
           InetAddressType { unknown(0), ipv4(1), ipv6(2),
SYNTAX
                             ipv4z(3), ipv6z(4) }
MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4
    and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z."
```

OBJECT ipMcastRouteRtAddress SYNTAX InetAddress (SIZE (0|4|8|16|20)) MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "This compliance requires support for unknown and either ipv4 and ipv4z, or ipv6 and ipv6z." OBJECT ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only **DESCRIPTION** "Write access is not required." ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType OBJECT MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." GROUP ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is not mandatory, but SHOULD be supported where hardware permits." GROUP ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." GROUP ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup GROUP DESCRIPTION "This group is optional." OBJECT ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType SYNTAX InetAddressType { ipv4(1), ipv6(2) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."

```
OBJECT
                 ipMcastZoneScopeAddress
      SYNTAX
                 InetAddress (SIZE (4|16))
      MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
          "This compliance requires support for ipv4 or ipv6."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBCompliances 3 }
-- Units of conformance
ipMcastMIBBasicGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastEnabled,
              ipMcastRouteEntryCount,
              ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
            }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support basic management of IP
            Multicast protocols."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 1 }
ipMcastMIBSsmGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus,
              ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of Source-
            Specific Multicast routing."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 2 }
ipMcastMIBRouteGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastInterfaceTtl,
              ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit,
              ipMcastInterfaceStorageType,
              ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighborType,
              ipMcastRouteUpstreamNeighbor,
              ipMcastRouteInIfIndex,
              ipMcastRouteTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteExpiryTime,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopState,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopExpiryTime
            }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support basic management of IP
            Multicast routing."
```

```
::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 3 }
ipMcastMIBRouteDiagnosticsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRoutePkts,
              ipMcastRouteTtlDropPackets,
              ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfPackets
            }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of routing diagnostic packet counters."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 4 }
ipMcastMIBPktsOutGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopPkts }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of packet
            counters for each outgoing interface entry of a route."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 5 }
ipMcastMIBHopCountGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of the use of
            hop counts in IP Multicast routing."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 6 }
ipMcastMIBRouteOctetsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteOctets,
              ipMcastRouteTtlDropOctets,
              ipMcastRouteDifferentInIfOctets,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopTimeStamp,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopOctets }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of octet
            counters for each forwarding entry."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 7 }
ipMcastMIBRouteBpsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteBps }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support sampling of data rate
            in bits per second for each forwarding entry."
```

```
::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 8 }
ipMcastMIBRouteProtoGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastRouteProtocol, ipMcastRouteRtProtocol,
              ipMcastRouteRtAddressType, ipMcastRouteRtAddress,
              ipMcastRouteRtPrefixLength, ipMcastRouteRtType,
              ipMcastRouteNextHopProtocol }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing information on the
            relationship between multicast routing information and the
            IP Forwarding Table."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 9 }
ipMcastMIBLocalListenerGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastLocalListenerRunIndex }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of local
            listeners on hosts or routers."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 10 }
ipMcastMIBBoundaryIfGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastBoundaryTimeStamp,
              ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastOctets,
              ipMcastBoundaryDroppedMcastPkts,
              ipMcastBoundaryStatus,
              ipMcastBoundaryStorageType,
              ipMcastZoneScopeDefaultZoneIndex,
              ipMcastZoneScopeAddressType,
              ipMcastZoneScopeAddress,
              ipMcastZoneScopeAddressPrefixLength
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of multicast
            scope zone boundaries."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 11 }
ipMcastMIBScopeNameGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMcastScopeNameString, ipMcastScopeNameDefault,
              ipMcastScopeNameStatus, ipMcastScopeNameStorageType }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of multicast
            address scope names."
    ::= { ipMcastMIBGroups 12 }
```

END

7. Security Considerations

7.1 SNMPv3

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secured (for example by using IPSec), there is still no control over whom on the secure network is allowed to access (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to access (read/change/create/delete) them.

7.2 Writeable objects

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. This section discusses and lists these elements.

Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

In this MIB module, possible effects that can be induced by SET operations on writeable objects include:

- o Modifications to multicast routing behavior that prevent or disrupt services provided by the network, including (but not limited to) multicast data traffic delivery.
- o Modifications to multicast routing behavior that allow interception or subversion of information that is carried by the network. For example, attacks can be envisaged that would pass nominated multicast data streams through a nominated location, without the sources or listeners becoming aware of this

subversion.

The following are the read-write and read-create objects defined in this MIB module.

ipMcastEnabled
ipMcastDeviceConfigStorageType
ipMcastInterfaceTtl
ipMcastInterfaceRateLimit
ipMcastInterfaceStorageType
ipMcastSsmRangeRowStatus
ipMcastSsmRangeStorageType
ipMcastBoundaryStatus
ipMcastBoundaryStatus
ipMcastScopeNameTable
ipMcastScopeNameString
ipMcastScopeNameDefault
ipMcastScopeNameStatus
ipMcastScopeNameStatus
ipMcastScopeNameStorageType

7.3 Readable objects

As well as the writeable objects discussed above, there are a number of readable objects (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) that may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP.

In this MIB module, possible effects that can be induced by GET and/or NOTIFY operations include:

- o Determination of the topology, disposition, and composition of the network. This information may be commercially sensitive, and may also be used in preparation for attacks, including any of the attacks described above.
- o Determinion of whether multicast data is flowing in the network, or has flowed recently, as well as the locations of senders and recipients. An attacker can apply 'traffic analysis' to this data. In some cases, the information revealed by traffic analyses can be as damaging as full knowledge of the data being transported.

8. IANA Considerations

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor OBJECT IDENTIFIER value

ipMcastMIB { mib-2 XXX }

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication): the IANA is requested to assign a value for "XXX" under the 'mib-2' subtree and to record the assignment in the SMI Numbers registry. When the assignment has been made, the RFC Editor is asked to replace "XXX" (here and in the MIB module) with the assigned value and to remove this note.

9. Acknowledgements

This MIB module is based on the original work in [RFC2932] by K. McCloghrie, D. Farinacci and D. Thaler.

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