

Network Working Group
Internet Draft
Expiration Date: January 2001

Lou Berger
LabN Consulting, LLC

Jason Jeffords
Integral Access Inc.

July 2000

MPLS/IP Header Compression over PPP

[draft-ietf-mpls-hdr-comp-over-ppp-00.txt](#)

Status of this Memo

This document is an Internet-Draft and is in full conformance with all provisions of [Section 10 of RFC2026](#). Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), its areas, and its working groups. Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts.

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

To view the current status of any Internet-Draft, please check the "1id-abstracts.txt" listing contained in an Internet-Drafts Shadow Directory, see <http://www.ietf.org/shadow.html>.

Abstract

This document describes an option for negotiating the use of MPLS and IP header compression over the Point-to-Point Protocol [[STD51](#)]. It defines extensions to the PPP Control Protocol for MPLS [[LABELS](#)]. It is based on, and borrows heavily from, IP Header Compression over PPP [[RFC2509](#)]. MPLS/IP header compression is defined in [[CMPLS](#)] and may be applied to MPLS datagrams transporting IPv4 and IPv6 datagrams in combination with TCP, UDP and RTP transport protocols.

Changes from previous version:

- o Changed name to [draft-ietf-mpls-hdr-comp-over-ppp-00.txt](#).
- o Added section on open issues.
- o Some minor text cleanup.

1. Introduction

This document defines the operation of MPLS/IP header compression over PPP. MPLS/IP header compression is defined in [[CMPLS](#)] and is based on [[RFC2507](#)] and [[RFC2508](#)]. The compression of MPLS headers with IP, IP/TCP and IP/UDP/RTP headers is supported. This document will define the negotiation of MPLS/IP Header Compression related options and the PPP data link layer protocol field values to be used for datagrams with compressed headers. This document is essentially a reversion of [[RFC2509](#)] that has been adapted to the support of MPLS header compression.

To support MPLS/IP header compression over PPP, each end of the link must agree on the use of compression and on the associated set of configuration options. PPP supports the negotiation of link parameters for network layer protocols via a family of network control protocols, or NCPS. This document defines a configuration option to be used with the PPP network control protocol for MPLS defined in Section 4 of [[LABELS](#)]. The defined option is the first option supported by the MPLS NCP.

MPLS/IP header compression [[CMPLS](#)] relies on the link layer indicating the type of datagram carried in a link layer frame. This document defines ten new types for the PPP data link layer protocol field. Eight of these types have corresponding values defined in [[RFC2509](#)] that support IP header compression. [[CMPLS](#)] allows these values to be reused when supporting MPLS/IP header compression. The values are not reused so that there is no ambiguity as to which types of headers are being compressed.

If the perceived cost of the additional types is higher than the value, particularly in debugging, of uniquely identifying the compressed header types then the values defined in [[RFC2509](#)] will be reused.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#).

2. Configuration Option

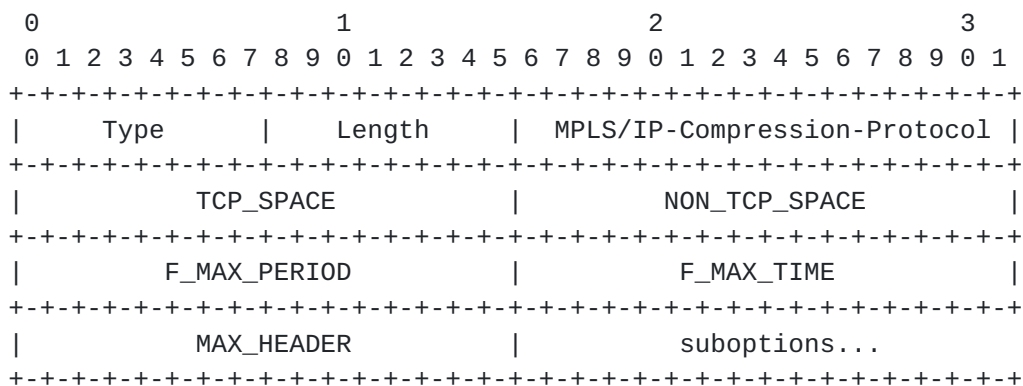
This document specifies the MPLS-Compression-Protocol configuration option. It is the first MPLS LCP configuration option. The format of the MPLS-Compression-Protocol option and the RTP-Compression suboption are the same as defined in [RFC2209]. A new suboption is defined to support the negotiation of one MPLS specific compression parameter.

2.1. Configuration Option Format

Only one MPLS-Compression-Protocol configuration option may be negotiated. The negotiate option describes the capabilities of the decompressor (receiving side) of the peer that sends the Config-Req.

Description

This NCP configuration option is used to negotiate parameters for MPLS/IP Header Compression. The option format is summarized below. The fields are transmitted from left to right.



Type

TBD

Length

>= 14

The length may be increased if the presence of additional parameters is indicated by additional suboptions.

MPLS/IP-Compression-Protocol

The MPLS/IP-Compression-Protocol field is two octets and indicates the compression protocol desired. Values for this field are

always the same as the PPP Data Link Layer Protocol field values for that same compression protocol.

Current values are assigned as follows:

Value (in hex)	Protocol
TBD	MPLS/IP Header Compression

TCP_SPACE

The TCP_SPACE field is two octets and indicates the maximum value of a context identifier in the space of context identifiers allocated for TCP.

Suggested value: as specified in [[RFC2509](#)] (15)

TCP_SPACE must be at least 0 and at most 255 (The value 0 implies having one context).

NON_TCP_SPACE

The NON_TCP_SPACE field is two octets and indicates the maximum value of a context identifier in the space of context identifiers allocated for non-TCP. These context identifiers are carried in COMPRESSED_NON_TCP, COMPRESSED_UDP and COMPRESSED_RTP packet headers.

Suggested value: as specified in [[RFC2509](#)] (15)

NON_TCP_SPACE must be at least 0 and at most 65535 (The value 0 implies having one context).

F_MAX_PERIOD

Maximum interval between full headers. No more than F_MAX_PERIOD COMPRESSED_NON_TCP headers may be sent between FULL_HEADER headers.

Suggested value: as specified in [[RFC2509](#)] (256)

A value of zero implies infinity, i.e. there is no limit to the number of consecutive COMPRESSED_NON_TCP headers.

F_MAX_TIME

Maximum time interval between full headers. COMPRESSED_NON_TCP headers may not be sent more than F_MAX_TIME seconds after sending the last FULL_HEADER header.

Suggested value: as specified in [[RFC2509](#)] (5 seconds)

A value of zero implies infinity.

MAX_HEADER

The largest header size, excluding MPLS headers, in octets that may be compressed.

Suggested value: as specified in [\[RFC2509\]](#) (168 octets)

The value of `MAX_HEADER` should be large enough so that at least the outer network layer header can be compressed. To increase compression efficiency `MAX_HEADER` should be set to a value large enough to cover common combinations of network and transport layer headers.

Note that this parameter doesn't include the MPLS headers. To get the total bytes that may be compressed, the value from this parameter must be combined with the value of `MAX_LABELS`, defined in [Section 2.3](#), multiplied by the size of an MPLS label entry (4 octets.)

suboptions

The suboptions field consists of zero or more suboptions. Each suboption consists of a type field, a length field and zero or more parameter octets, as defined by the suboption type. The value of the length field indicates the length of the suboption in its entirety, including the lengths of the type and length fields.

[illegible]

2.2. RTP-Compression Suboption

The RTP-Compression suboption is included in the NCP MPLS-Compression-Protocol option if MPLS/IP/UDP/RTP compression is to be enabled. This suboption is identical to the RTP-Compression suboption in [\[RFC2209\]](#).

After successful negotiation of parameters for MPLS/IP Header Compression the use of Protocol Identifiers FULL_MPLS_HEADER, COMPRESSED_MPLS, COMPRESSED_TCP, COMPRESSED_TCP_NODELTA and COMPRESSED_NON_TCP is enabled, regardless of the presence of an RTP-Compression suboption.

Description

Enable use of Protocol Identifiers COMPRESSED_RTP, COMPRESSED_UDP and CONTEXT_STATE as specified in [\[CMPLS\]](#) and [\[RFC2508\]](#).

```

      0                               1
      0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
|           Type           | Length |
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+

```

Type

1

Length

2

2.3. Stack-Depth Suboption

The stack-depth suboption is included in the MPLS-Compression-Protocol option to negotiate the maximum number of MPLS label stack entries that can be processed by the decompressor. If the suboptions is not present, the default specified in [\[CMPLS\]](#) must be used. (Currently 1.)

Description

Used to negotiate the maximum number of MPLS label stack entries that may be compressed.

0										1										2										
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3							
+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-							
	Type										Length										MAX_LABELS									
+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-							

Type

2

Length

3

MAX_LABELS

Indicates the maximum number of label stack entries (MPLS headers) that may be compressed.

3. Demultiplexing of Datagrams

A total of ten header format values are defined to support MPLS/IP header compression over PPP. Three of these values are defined to support the new formats defined in MPLS/IP header compression [CMPLS]. The remaining were previously defined in [RFC2209] to support IP and IP/UDP/RTP compression. While these header format values could be reused used to support MPLS/IP header compression, they are not. They are not reused so that there is no ambiguity as to which types of headers are being compressed. Note that the FULL_HEADER type define in [RFC2209] is not used by [CMPLS].

The term "M_" is prepended to the defined values to distinguish them from [RFC2209] values. The "M_" should be ignored when mapping the types to the types used in [CMPLS].

M_FULL_MPLS_HEADER

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [CMPLS].

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_MPLS_8

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [CMPLS], using 8-bit CIDs.

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_MPLS_16

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [[CMPLS](#)], using 16-bit CIDs.

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_TCP

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [[RFC2507](#)] and as modified by [[CMPLS](#)].

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_TCP_NODELTA

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [[RFC2507](#)] and as modified by [[CMPLS](#)].

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_NON_TCP

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [[RFC2507](#)] and as modified by [[CMPLS](#)].

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_RTP_8

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [[RFC2508](#)] and as modified by [[CMPLS](#)], using 8-bit CIDs.

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_RTP_16

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [[RFC2508](#)] and as modified by [[CMPLS](#)], using 16-bit CIDs.

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_UDP_8

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [[RFC2508](#)] and as modified by [[CMPLS](#)], using 8-bit CIDs.

Value: TBD

M_COMPRESSED_UDP_16

The frame contains a datagram with a compressed header with the format specified in [[RFC2508](#)] and as modified by [[CMPLS](#)], using 16-bit CIDs.

Value: TBD

The value for CONTEXT_STATE defined in [[RFC2509](#)], 2065 (hex), is reused to support MPLS/IP header compression.

4. Security Considerations

No new security issues are raised by this document. Please see [[RFC2509](#)] for a discussion of existing considerations associated with the negotiation of header compression. See [[RFC2507](#)] and [[RFC2508](#)] for a detailed discussion of existing considerations associated with header compression.

5. IANA Considerations

TBD

6. Acknowledgments

This document steals heavily from the text and ideas of [[RFC2509](#)].

7. Open/Potential Issues

This draft uses format values new values for all types used in MPLS header compression. Most of these values could be shared with standard IP header compression, but are not in order to allow for unambiguous decoding of frames, primarily for debugging purposes. If it is deemed that this isn't sufficient reason to allocate these new values, the document will need to be updated to share the [[RFC2209](#)] values.

8. References

- [CMPLS] Berger, L., Jeffords, J., "MPLS/IP Header Compression",
[draft-berger-mpls-hdr-comp-00.txt](#), January 2000.
- [LABELS] Rosen, Rekhter, Tappan, Farinacci, Fedorkow, Li, Conta,
"MPLS Label Stack Encoding",
[draft-ietf-mpls-label-encaps-07.txt](#), September 1999.
- [RFC1144] Jacobson, V., "TCP/IP Compression for Low-Speed Serial
Links", [RFC 1144](#), February 1990.
- [RFC2507] Degermark, M., Nordgren, B. and S. Pink, "IP Header
Compression", [RFC 2507](#), February 1999.
- [RFC2508] Casner, S., Jacobson, V., "Compressing IP/UDP/RTP
Headers for Low-Speed Serial Link", [RFC 2508](#), February
1999
- [RFC2509] Engan, M., Casner, S., Bormann, C., "IP Header Compression
over PPP", [RFC 2509](#), February 1999
- [STD51] Simpson, W., "The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)", STD 51,
[RFC 1661](#), July 1994.

9. Authors' Addresses

Lou Berger
LabN Consulting, LLC
Voice: +1 301 468 9228
Email: lberger@labn.net

Jason Jeffords
Integral Access Inc.
6 Omni Way
Chelmsford, MA 01824
Voice: +1 978 256 8833
Email: jjeffords@integralaccess.com

