

MPLS Working Group

Internet Draft

Intended status: Standard Track

Expires: September 7, 2010

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March 8, 2010

Non PHP Behavior and out-of-band mapping for RSVP-TE LSPs
draft-ietf-mpls-rsvp-te-no-php-oob-mapping-04.txt

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Abstract

There are many deployment scenarios which require Egress Label Switching Router (LSR) to receive binding of the Resource Reservation Protocol Traffic Engineered (RSVP-TE) Label Switched Path (LSP) to an application, and payload identification, using some "out-of-band" (OOB) mechanism. This document proposes protocol mechanisms to address this requirement. The procedures described in this document are equally applicable for point-to-point (P2P) and point-to-multipoint (P2MP) LSPs.

Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#) [[RFC2119](#)].

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1. Introduction

When RSVP-TE is used for applications like MVPN [[MVPN](#)] and VPLS [[VPLS](#)], an Egress LSR receives the binding of the RSVP-TE LSP to an application, and payload identification, using an "out-of-band" (OOB) mechanism (e.g., using BGP). In such cases, the Egress LSR cannot make correct forwarding decision until such OOB mapping information is received. Furthermore, in order to apply the binding information, the Egress LSR needs to identify the incoming LSP on which traffic is coming. Therefore, non Penultimate Hop Popping (non-PHP) behavior is required to apply OOB mapping.

There are other applications that require non-PHP behavior. When RSVP-TE P2MP LSPs are used to carry IP multicast traffic non-PHP behavior enables a leaf LSR to identify the P2MP TE LSP, on which traffic is received. Hence the egress LSR can determine whether traffic is received on the expected P2MP LSP and discard traffic that is not received on the expected P2MP LSP. Non-PHP behavior is also required to determine the context of upstream assigned labels when the context is a MPLS LSP. Non-PHP behavior may also be required for MPLS-TP LSPs [[MPLS-TP-Framework](#)].

This document defines two new flags in the Attributes Flags TLV of the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object defined in [[RFC5420](#)]: one flag for communication of non-PHP behavior, and one flag to indicate that the binding of the LSP to an application and payload identifier (payload-Id) needs to be learned via an out-of-band mapping mechanism. The procedures described in this document are equally applicable for P2P and P2MP LSPs. Specification of the OOB communication mechanism(s) is beyond the scope of this document.

2. RSVP-TE signaling extensions

This section describes the signaling extensions required to address the above-mentioned requirements.

2.1. Signaling non-PHP behavior

In order to request non-PHP behavior for an RSVP-TE LSP, this document defines a new flag in the Attributes Flags TLV of the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object defined in [[RFC5420](#)]:

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Bit Number 6 (TBD): non-PHP behavior flag.

An Ingress LSR sets the "non-PHP behavior flag" to signal the egress LSRs SHOULD assign non-NULL label for the LSP being signaled. This flag MUST NOT be modified by any other LSRs in the network. LSRs other than the Egress LSRs SHOULD ignore this flag.

When signaling a P2MP LSP, a source node may wish to solicit individual response to "non-PHP behavior flag" from the leaf nodes. Given the constraints on how the LSP_ATTRIBUTES may be carried in Path and Resv Messages according to [RFC5420](#), in this situation a source node SHOULD use a separate Path message for each leaf.

If an egress LSR receiving the Path message, supports the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object and the Attributes Flags TLV, and also recognizes the "non-PHP behavior flag", it MUST allocate a non-NULL local label. The egress LSR MUST also include the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object with "non-PHP behavior flag" set in the Resv message. For this purpose, as defined in [RFC5420](#), the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object is placed in the flow descriptor and is associated with the FILTER_SPEC object that precedes it.

If the egress LSR

- supports the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object but does not recognize the Attributes Flags TLV; or
- supports the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object and recognize the Attributes Flags TLV, but does not recognize "non-PHP behavior flag";

then it SHOULD silently ignore this request.

An ingress LSR requesting non-PHP behavior SHOULD examine Resv message for presence of "Non-PHP behavior flag" in the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object. An ingress LSR requesting non-PHP behavior MAY send a Path Tear to the Egress which has not included the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object in the Resv or which has included the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object in Resv but has not set the "Non-PHP behavior flag" in it. An ingress LSR requesting non-PHP behavior MAY also examine the label value corresponding to the Egress LSR(s) in the RRO, and MAY send a Path Tear to the Egress which assigns a Null label value.

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2.2. Signaling OOB Mapping Indication

This document defines a single flag to indicate that the normal binding mechanism of an RSVP session is overridden. The actual out of band mappings are beyond the scope of this document. The flag is carried in the Attributes Flags TLV of the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object defined in [[RFC5420](#)] and is defined as follows:

Bit Number 7 (TBD): OOB mapping flag.

An Ingress LSR sets the OOB mapping flag to signal the Egress LSR that binding of RSVP-TE LSP to an application and payload identification is being signaled out of band. This flag MUST NOT be modified by any other LSRs in the network. LSRs other than the Egress LSRs SHOULD ignore this flag.

When signaling a P2MP LSP, a source node may wish to solicit individual response to "OOB mapping flag" from the leaf nodes. Given the constraints on how the LSP_ATTRIBUTES may be carried in Path and Resv Messages according to [RFC5420](#), in this situation a source node SHOULD use a separate Path message for each leaf.

If an egress LSR receiving the Path message, supports the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object and the Attributes Flags TLV, and also recognizes the "OOB mapping flag", it MUST include the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object with "OOB mapping flag" set in the Resv

message. For this purpose, as defined in [RFC5420](#), the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object is placed in the flow descriptor and is associated with the FILTER_SPEC object that precedes it.

The rest of the RSVP signaling proceeds as normal. However, the LSR MUST have received the OOB mapping before accepting traffic on the LSP. This implies that the egress LSR MUST NOT setup forwarding state for the LSP before it receives the OOB mapping.

Note that the payload information SHOULD be supplied by the OOB mapping. If the egress LSR receives the payload information from OOB mapping then the LSR MUST ignore L3PID in the Label Request Object [[RFC3209](#)].

If the egress LSR

- supports the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object but does not recognize the Attributes Flags TLV; or

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- supports the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object and recognizes the Attributes Flags TLV, but does not recognize the "OOB mapping flag";

then it SHOULD silently ignore this request.

An ingress LSR requesting OOB mapping SHOULD examine Resv message for presence of "OOB mapping flag" in in the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object. An ingress LSR requesting OOB mapping MAY send a Path Tear to the Egress which has not included the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object in the Resv or which has included the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object in Resv but has not set the " OOB mapping flag" in it.

In deploying applications where Egress LSR receives the binding of the RSVP-TE LSP to an application, and payload identification, using OOB mechanism, it is important to recognize that OOB mapping is sent asynchronously w.r.t. signaling of RSVP-TE LSP. Egress LSR only installs forwarding state for the LSP after it receives the OOB mapping. In deploying applications using OOB mechanism, ingress LSR may need to know when egress is properly setup for forwarding (i.e., has received OOB mapping). How ingress LSR determines that LSR is properly setup for forwarding

at the Egress LSR is beyond the scope of this document. Nonetheless, if OOB mapping is not received by the egress LSR within a reasonable time, a procedure to tear down the LSP is defined in [section 2.4](#).

2.3. Relationship between OOB and non-PHP flags

"Non-PHP behavior desired" and "OOB mapping indication" flags can appear and be processed independently of each other. However, as mentioned earlier, in the context of applications discussed in this document, OOB mapping require non-PHP behavior. An Ingress LSR requesting OOB mapping MAY also set "non-PHP behavior flag" in the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object in the Path message.

2.4. Egress Procedure for label binding

RSVP-TE signaling completion and the OOB mapping information reception happen asynchronously at the Egress. As mentioned in [Section 2](#), Egress waits for the OOB mapping before accepting traffic on the LSP.

In order to avoid unnecessary use of the resources and possible black-holing of traffic, an Egress LSR MAY send a Path Error

message if the OOB mapping information is not received within a reasonable time. This Path Error message will include the error code/sub-code "Notify Error/ no OOB mapping received" for all affected LSPs. If notify request was included when the LSP was initially setup, Notify message (as defined in [\[RFC3473\]](#)) MAY also be used for delivery of this information to the Ingress LSR. An Egress LSR MAY implement a cleanup timer for this purpose. The time-out value is a local decision at the Egress, with a RECOMMENDED default value of 60 seconds.

3. Security Considerations

This document does not introduce any new security issues above those identified in [\[RFC2205\]](#), [\[RFC3209\]](#), [\[RFC3473\]](#), [\[RFC5420\]](#) and [\[RFC4875\]](#).

4. IANA Considerations

4.1. Attribute Flags for LSP_ATTRIBUTES object

The following new flags are being defined for the Attributes Flags TLV in the LSP_ATTRIBUTES object. The numeric values are to be assigned by IANA.

- o Non-PHP behavior flag - Bit Number 6 (Suggested value).
- o OOB mapping flag - Bit Number 7 (Suggested value).
- o These flags are to be used in the Attributes Flags TLV in both Path and Resv messages.

For Error Code = 25 "Notify Error" (see [[RFC3209](#)]) the following sub-code is defined.

Sub-code -----	Value -----
No OOB mapping received	12 (TBD)

5. Acknowledgments

The authors would like to thank Yakov Rekhter for his suggestions on the draft.

6. References

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Author's Addresses

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