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Cheenu Srinivasan  
Tachion Network Technologies

Arun Viswanathan  
Lucent Technologies

## MPLS Traffic Engineering Management Information Base Using SMiv2

[draft-ietf-mpls-te-mib-01.txt](#)

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### Abstract

This memo defines an experimental portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) [MPLSArch, MPLSFW] based traffic engineering.

### Open Issues

- Do we need to introduce a separate table of tunnel performance

objects or is the current method of using the objects in `mplsInSegmentTable` and `mplsOutSegmentTable` [[LSRMIB](#)] to determine tunnel performance adequate? We think the latter since we need to be able to measure the individual performance of each tunnel segment anyway which will imply replicating all the segment related objects in this MIB; but this needs some more thought.

- Support for "make-before-break" tunnel re-routing using shared-explicit RSVP filters.
- Support for signalled COS value.
- Do we need objects to keep track of ownership of entries in various tables?
- More descriptive text and detailed example.
- Session attribute flag for fast-reroute.

## **1. Introduction**

This memo defines an experimental portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for modeling an Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) [[MPLSArch](#), [MPLSFW](#)] based traffic engineering. This MIB should be used in conjunction with the companion document [[LSRMIB](#)] for MPLS based traffic engineering configuration and management.

Comments should be made directly to the MPLS mailing list at [mpls@uu.net](mailto:mpls@uu.net).

This memo does not, in its draft form, specify a standard for the Internet community.

## **2. Terminology**

This document uses terminology from the MPLS architecture document [[MPLSArch](#)] and MPLS Label Switch Router MIB [[LSRMIB](#)]. Some frequently used terms are described next.

An explicitly routed LSP (ERLSP) is referred to as an MPLS tunnel. It consists of one in-segment and/or one out-segment at the ingress/egress LSRs. These are also referred to as tunnel segments. Additionally, at an intermediate LSR, we model a

connection as consisting of one or more in-segments and/or one or more out-segments. The binding or interconnection between in-

segments and out-segments in performed using a cross-connect. These objects are defined in the MPLS Label Switch Router MIB [[LSRMIB](#)].

### 3. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- An overall architecture, described in [RFC 2271](#) [[SNMPArch](#)].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIV1 and described in [RFC 1155](#) [[SMIV1](#)], [RFC 1212](#) [[SNMPv1MIBDef](#)] and [RFC 1215](#) [[SNMPv1Traps](#)]. The second version, called SMIV2, is described in [RFC 1902](#) [[SMIV2](#)], [RFC 1903](#) [[SNMPv2TC](#)] and [RFC 1904](#) [[SNMPv2Conf](#)].
- Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in [RFC 1157](#) [[SNMPv1](#)]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in [RFC 1901](#) [[SNMPv2c](#)] and [RFC 1906](#) [[SNMPv2TM](#)]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in [RFC 1906](#) [[SNMPv2TM](#)], [RFC 2272](#) [[SNMPv3MP](#)] and [RFC 2274](#) [[SNMPv3USM](#)].
- Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in [RFC 1157](#) [[SNMPv1](#)]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in [RFC 1905](#) [[SNMPv2PO](#)].
- A set of fundamental applications described in [RFC 2273](#) [[SNMPv3App](#)] and the view-based access control mechanism described in [RFC 2275](#) [[SNMPv3VACM](#)]. Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI. This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIV2. A MIB conforming to the SMIV1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIV2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIV1 during the translation

process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

### **3.1. Object Definitions**

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) defined in the SMI. In particular, each object type is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER, an administratively assigned name. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the descriptor, to also refer to the object type.

## **4. Feature Checklist**

The MPLS traffic engineering MIB is designed to satisfy the following requirements and constraints.

- The MIB must support the configuration of point-to-point unidirectional tunnels.
- The MIB should be able to support the configuration of point-to-point bi-directional tunnels.
- The MIB should be able to support the configuration of multipoint-to-point unidirectional tunnels.
- MPLS tunnels need not be interfaces, but it should be possible to configure a tunnel as an interface.
- The MIB should be able to support both manually configured MPLS tunnels as well as via LDP and/or RSVP signaling.
- It should be possible to support persistent as well as non-persistent tunnels.

## **5. Outline**

Traffic engineering support for MPLS tunnels requires the following configuration.

- Setting up MPLS tunnels along with appropriate configuration parameters.
- Configuring tunnel loose and strict source routed hops.

These actions may need to be accompanied with corresponding



actions using [[LSRMIB](#)] to establish and configure tunnel segments, if this is done manually. Also, the in-segment and out-segment performance tables, `mplsInSegmentPerfTable` and `mplsOutSegmentPerfTable` [[LSRMIB](#)], should be used to determine performance of the tunnels and tunnel segments.

### **5.1. Summary of Traffic Engineering MIB**

The MIB objects for performing these actions consist of the following tables.

- Tunnel table (`mplsTunnelTable`) for setting up MPLS tunnels.
- Tunnel hop table (`mplsTunnelHopTable`) for configuring strict and loose source routed MPLS tunnels hops.

These tables are described in the subsequent sections.

## **6. Brief Description of MIB Objects**

The objects described in this section support the functionality described in documents [[RSVPTun](#), [CRLDP](#)]. The tables support both manually configured and signalled tunnels. Moreover, they provide the capability to associate two uni-directional tunnels to form a single bi-directional tunnel.

### **6.1. `mplsTunnelTable`**

The `mplsTunnelTable` allows new MPLS tunnels to be created between an MPLS LSR and a remote endpoint, and existing tunnels to be reconfigured or removed. Note that we only support point-to-point tunnel segments, although multipoint-to-point and point-to-multipoint connections are supported by an LSR acting as a cross-connect. Each MPLS tunnel can thus have one out-segment originating at an LSR and/or one in-segment terminating at that LSR.

`mplsTunnelTable` does not define the in and out segments forming the tunnel. Instead, these are defined by creating rows in the in-segment and out-segment tables, defining relationships in the cross-connect table and referring to these rows in the `mplsTunnelTable` using a cross-connect index, `mplsTunnelXCID`. These segment and cross-connect related objects are defined in [[LSRMIB](#)].

## **6.2. mplsTunnelHopTable**

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mplsTunnelHopTable is used to indicate the hops, strict or loose, for an MPLS tunnel defined in mplsTunnelTable, when it is established via signaling. Each row in this table is indexed primarily by the same index mplsTunnelIndex as the row of the corresponding tunnel in mplsTunnelTable. Each row also has a secondary index, mplsTunnelHopIndex, corresponding to the next hop of this tunnel. The scalar mplsTunnelMaxHops, indicates the maximum number of hops that can be specified per tunnel on this LSR.

## 7. MPLS Traffic Engineering MIB Definitions

```
MPLS-TE-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE,
    experimental, Integer32, Counter32, Counter64, Gauge32, IpAddress
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
        FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, TruthValue, RowStatus
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
    ifIndex, InterfaceIndex, InterfaceIndexOrZero
        FROM IF-MIB
    BitRate, BurstSize
        FROM INTEGRATED-SERVICES-MIB;
```

```
mplsTeMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
```

```
    LAST-UPDATED "9906161200Z" -- 16 June 1999 12:00:00 EST
    ORGANIZATION "Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Working Group"
    CONTACT-INFO
```

```
"      Cheenu Srinivasan
    Postal: Tachion Network Technologies
            2 Meridian Road
            Eatontown, NJ 07724
    Tel:    +1 732 542 7750 x234
    Email:  cheenu@tachion.com
```

```

    Arun Viswanathan
    Postal: Lucent Technologies
            4D537, 101 Crawfords Corner Road
            Holmdel, NJ 07733
    Tel:    +1 732 332 5163
    Email:  arunv@lucent.com"
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
    "Proposed MIB module for MPLS Traffic Engineering
```

(TE) as defined in: Extensions to RSVP for LSP  
Tunnels, Awduche et al, Internet Draft <[draft-mp1s-  
rsvp-lsp-tunnel-02.txt](#)>, March 1999; Constraint-

Based LSP Setup using LDP, Jamoussi, Internet Draft  
< [draft-ietf-mpls-cr-ldp-01.txt](#)>, Feb. 1999."  
::= { experimental 95 }

-- Textual Conventions.

-- An MPLS label.

MplsLabel ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Represents an MPLS label. Note that the contents of a label field are interpreted in an interface-type specific fashion. For example, the label carried in the MPLS shim header is 20 bits wide and the top 12 bits must be zero. The frame relay label can be either 10, 17 or 23 bits wide depending on the size of the DLCI field size and the top 22, 15, or 9 bits must be zero, respectively. For an ATM interface, the lowermost 16 bits are interpreted as the VCI, the next 8 bits as the VPI and the remaining bits must be zero. Also note the permissible label values are also a function of the interface type. For example, the value 3 has special semantics in the control plane for an MPLS shim header label and is not a valid label value in the datapath."

REFERENCE

- "1. MPLS Label Stack Encoding, Rosen et al, [draft-ietf-mpls-label-encaps-04.txt](#), April 1999.
- "2. Use of Label Switching on Frame Relay Networks, Conta et al, [draft-ietf-mpls-fr-03.txt](#), Nov. 1998."

SYNTAX Integer32

MplsTunnelIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Index into mplsTunnelTable."

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)

MplsTunnelCookie ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A globally unique identifier that is assigned to each ERLSP. This is assigned at the head end of the ERLSP and can be used by all LSRs to identify this ERLSP. At the head end this cookie is maintained in the tunnel table as mplsTunnelLocalCookie. For

signalled tunnels this cookie is piggybacked by the signaling protocol to the remote end where the cookie is stored in the remote LSR's tunnel table as

mplsTunnelRemoteCookie for the tunnel. For creating bi-directional tunnels the cookie is used to associate the two uni-directional ERLSPs as belonging to the same tunnel.

It is recommended that the cookie value be assigned by concatenating the head-end LSR's IP address with the tunnel index. For IPv4 addresses this results in a 6-octet long cookie."

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(6))

Ipv6Address ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"IPv6 address."

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(16))

-- Top level components of this MIB.

-- tables, scalars

mplsTeObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeMIB 1 }

-- traps

mplsTeNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeMIB 2 }

-- conformance

mplsTeConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeMIB 3 }

-- MPLS tunnel table.

mplsTunnelTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF MplsTunnelEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The mplsTunnelTable allows new MPLS tunnels to be created between an LSR and a remote endpoint, and existing tunnels to be reconfigured or removed. Note that only point-to-point tunnel segments are supported, although multipoint-to-point and point-to-multipoint connections are supported by an LSR acting as a cross-connect. Each MPLS tunnel can thus have one out-segment originating at this LSR and/or one in-segment terminating at this LSR."

::= { mplsTeObjects 1 }

mplsTunnelEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	MplsTunnelEntry
MAX-ACCESS	not-accessible



STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in this table represents an MPLS tunnel. An entry can be created by a network administrator or by an SNMP agent as instructed by LDP or RSVP. Whenever a new entry is created with mplsTunnelIsIf set to true(1), then a corresponding entry is created in ifTable as well (see RFC 2233). The ifType of this entry is mplsTunnel(150) (see <http://www.isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/smi-numbers>)."

INDEX { mplsTunnelIndex }  
 ::= { mplsTunnelTable 1 }

```
MplsTunnelEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    mplsTunnelIndex          MplsTunnelIndex,
    mplsTunnelName           DisplayString,
    mplsTunnelDescr          DisplayString,
    mplsTunnelIsIf           TruthValue,
    mplsTunnelIfIndex        InterfaceIndexOrZero,
    mplsTunnelDirection      INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelXCIndex        Integer32,
    mplsTunnelSignallingProto INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelLocalCookie    MplsTunnelCookie,
    mplsTunnelRemoteCookie   MplsTunnelCookie,
    mplsTunnelIsMergeable    TruthValue,
    mplsTunnelSetupPrio      INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelHoldingPrio    INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelInMaxRate      BitRate,
    mplsTunnelInMeanRate     BitRate,
    mplsTunnelInMaxBurstSize BurstSize,
    mplsTunnelOutMaxRate     BitRate,
    mplsTunnelOutMeanRate    BitRate,
    mplsTunnelOutMaxBurstSize BurstSize,
    mplsTunnelIsPinned       TruthValue,
    mplsTunnelIsPersistent   TruthValue,
    mplsTunnelAdminStatus    INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelOperStatus     INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelRowStatus      RowStatus
}
```

mplsTunnelIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Uniquely identifies this row."

`::= { mplsTunnelEntry 1 }`

`mplsTunnelName OBJECT-TYPE`

SYNTAX            DisplayString  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS            current

## DESCRIPTION

"The 'canonical' name assigned to the tunnel that can be used to refer to it on the 'console' port. If mplSTunnelIsIf is set to true ifName of the interface corresponding to this tunnel should have a value equal to mplSTunnelName. Also see the description of ifName in [RFC 2233](#)."

## REFERENCE

"RFC 2233 - The Interfaces Group MIB using SMIV2, McCloghrie and Kastenholz, Nov. 1997"

::= { mplSTunnelEntry 2 }

## mplSTunnelDescr OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX            DisplayString  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS            current

## DESCRIPTION

"A textual string containing information about the tunnel. If there is no description this object contains a zero length string."

::= { mplSTunnelEntry 3 }

## mplSTunnelIsIf OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX            TruthValue  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS            current

## DESCRIPTION

"Is this tunnel also an interface?"

DEFVAL           { false }

::= { mplSTunnelEntry 4 }

## mplSTunnelIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX            InterfaceIndexOrZero  
MAX-ACCESS       read-only  
STATUS            current

## DESCRIPTION

"If this tunnel is an interface then the LSR assigned ifIndex. Otherwise this is set to zero."

DEFVAL           { 0 }

::= { mplSTunnelEntry 5 }

## mplSTunnelDirection OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX            INTEGER { in(1), out(2), in-out(3) }  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create

STATUS           current

DESCRIPTION

"Whether   this   tunnel   is   unidirectional-incoming,

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unidirectional-outgoing, or bidirectional."  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 6 }

mplsTunnelXCIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Index into mplsXCTable identifying the segments that compose this tunnel, their characteristics, relationship etc."

REFERENCE

" Srinivasan, C., and A. Viswanathan, MPLS Label Switch Router Management Information Base Using SMIV2, Internet Draft <[draft-ietf-mpls-lsr-mib-00.txt](#)>, June 1999."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 7 }

mplsTunnelSignallingProto OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), ldp(2), rsvp(3) }

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The signaling protocol, if any, that set up this tunnel."

DEFVAL { none }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 8 }

mplsTunnelLocalCookie OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsTunnelCookie

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The local cookie assigned to the outgoing direction of this tunnel at this LSR."

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 9 }

mplsTunnelRemoteCookie OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsTunnelCookie

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The remote cookie assigned to the incoming direction of tunnel by the remote (head-end) LSR."

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 10 }

mplsTunnelIsMergeable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

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STATUS           current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Whether this tunnel can be merged at an LSR  
      downstream with another tunnel."  
DEFVAL           { true }  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 11 }

mplsTunnelSetupPrio OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX           INTEGER (0..7)  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS           current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "The setup priority of this tunnel."  
REFERENCE  
    "Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels, Awduche et al,  
      Internet Draft <[draft-mpls-rsvp-lsp-tunnel-02.txt](#)>,  
      March 1999., Constraint-Based LSP Setup using LDP,  
      Jamoussi, Internet Draft <[draft-ietf-mpls-cr-ldp-01.txt](#)>,  
      Feb. 1999."  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 12 }

mplsTunnelHoldingPrio OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX           INTEGER (0..7)  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS           current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "The holding priority for this tunnel."  
REFERENCE  
    " Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels, Awduche et al,  
      Internet Draft <[draft-mpls-rsvp-lsp-tunnel-02.txt](#)>,  
      March 1999., Constraint-Based LSP Setup using LDP,  
      Jamoussi, Internet Draft <[draft-ietf-mpls-cr-ldp-01.txt](#)>,  
      Feb. 1999."  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 13 }

-- When resource allocation is performed as requested by  
-- the following incoming TSpec objects, they are copied  
-- into an entry in mplsTSpecTable [[LSRMIB](#)]: mplsTunnelInMaxRate  
-- to mplsTSpecMaxRate, mplsTunnelInMeanRate to  
-- mplsTSpecMeanRate, and mplsTunnelInMaxBurstSize  
-- to mplsTSpecMaxBurstSize; mplsTSpecDirection of this  
-- entry is set to in(1). The mplsTSpecIndex value of this  
-- entry is copied to mplsInSegmentTSpecIndex of the  
-- corresponding in-segment entry.

mplsTunnelInMaxRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX           BitRate

UNITS	"bits per second"
MAX-ACCESS	read-create
STATUS	current



## DESCRIPTION

"The maximum incoming rate in bits/second. Note that setting `mplsTunnelInMaxRate`, `mplsTunnelInMeanRate`, and `mplsTunnelInMaxBurstSize` to 0 indicates best-effort treatment. This object is copied to an instance of `mplsTSpecMaxRate` in `mplsTSpecTable` the index of which is copied into the corresponding `mplsInSegmentTSpecIndex`."

## REFERENCE

"MPLS Label Switch Router Management Information Base Using SMIV2, Srinivasan and Viswanathan, [draft-ietf-mpls-lsr-mib-00.txt](#), June 1999."

DEFVAL { 0 }  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 14 }

`mplsTunnelInMeanRate` OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BitRate  
UNITS "bits per second"  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"This object is copied to an instance of `mplsTSpecMeanRate` in `mplsTSpecTable` the index of which is copied into the corresponding `mplsInSegmentTSpecIndex`."

## REFERENCE

"MPLS Label Switch Router Management Information Base Using SMIV2, Srinivasan and Viswanathan, [draft-ietf-mpls-lsr-mib-00.txt](#), June 1999."

DEFVAL { 0 }  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 15 }

`mplsTunnelInMaxBurstSize` OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BurstSize  
UNITS "bytes"  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"The maximum burst size in bytes. This object is copied to `mplsInSegmentMaxBurstSize` of the corresponding in-segment."

## REFERENCE

"MPLS Label Switch Router Management Information Base Using SMIV2, Srinivasan and Viswanathan, [draft-ietf-mpls-lsr-mib-00.txt](#), June 1999."

DEFVAL { 0 }  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 16 }

- When resource allocation is performed as requested by
- the following outgoing TSpec objects, they are copied

```
-- into an entry in mplsTSpecTable [LSRMIB]: mplsTunnelOutMaxRate
-- to mplsTSpecMaxRate, mplsTunnelOutMeanRate to
-- mplsTSpecMeanRate, and mplsTunnelOutMaxBurstSize
-- to mplsTSpecMaxBurstSize; mplsTSpecDirection of this
-- entry is set to out(2). The mplsTSpecIndex value of this
-- entry is copied to mplsOutSegmentTSpecIndex of the
-- corresponding out-segment entry.
```

mplsTunnelOutMaxRate OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      BitRate
UNITS       "bits per second"
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum outgoing rate in bits/second. Note that setting mplsTunnelOutMaxRate, mplsTunnelOutMeanRate, and mplsTunnelOutMaxBurstSize to 0 indicates best-effort treatment. This object is copied to mplsOutSegmentMaxRate of the corresponding out-segment."

REFERENCE

"MPLS Label Switch Router Management Information Base Using SMIV2, Srinivasan and Viswanathan, [draft-ietf-mpls-lsr-mib-00.txt](#), June 1999."

```
DEFVAL      { 0 }
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 17 }
```

mplsTunnelOutMeanRate OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      BitRate
UNITS       "bits per second"
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
```

DESCRIPTION

"The mean outgoing rate in bits/second. This object is copied to mplsOutSegmentMeanRate of the corresponding out-segment."

REFERENCE

"MPLS Label Switch Router Management Information Base Using SMIV2, Srinivasan and Viswanathan, [draft-ietf-mpls-lsr-mib-00.txt](#), June 1999."

```
DEFVAL      { 0 }
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 18 }
```

mplsTunnelOutMaxBurstSize OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      BurstSize
UNITS       "bytes"
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
```

STATUS           current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum burst size in bytes. This object is

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copied to mplsOutSegmentMaxBurstSize of the corresponding out-segment."

## REFERENCE

"MPLS Label Switch Router Management Information Base Using SMIV2, Srinivasan and Viswanathan, [draft-ietf-mpls-lsr-mib-00.txt](#), June 1999."

DEFVAL { 0 }  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 19 }

## mplsTunnelIsPinned OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"Indicates whether the loose-routed hops of this tunnel are to be pinned."

DEFVAL { false }  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 20 }

## mplsTunnelIsPersistent OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"Indicates whether this tunnel should be restored automatically after failures."

DEFVAL { true }  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 21 }

## mplsTunnelAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {  
    up(1), -- ready to pass packets  
    down(2),  
    testing(3) -- in some test mode  
}

MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current

## DESCRIPTION

"Desired status of this tunnel."

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 22 }

## mplsTunnelOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {  
    up(1), -- ready to pass packets  
    down(2),  
    testing(3), -- in some test mode  
    unknown(4), -- status cannot be determined for some

```
                                -- reason
dormant(5),
notPresent(6), -- some component is missing
```

```
        lowerLayerNotPresent(7)
            -- down due to the state of
            -- lower layer interfaces
    }
    MAX-ACCESS      read-only
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The operational status of this tunnel, typically a
        function of the state of individual segments of this
        tunnel, among other things."
    ::= { mplsTunnelEntry 23 }

mplsTunnelRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX          RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS      read-create
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "For controlling the state of this row."
    ::= { mplsTunnelEntry 24 }

-- End of mplsTunnelTable

-- Maximum number of tunnel hops supported.

mplsTunnelMaxHops OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX          RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS      read-only
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The maximum number of hops that can be specified for
        a tunnel on this device."
    ::= { mplsTeObjects 2 }

-- Tunnel hop table.

mplsTunnelHopTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX          SEQUENCE OF MplsTunnelEntry
    MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The mplsTunnelHopTable is used to indicate the hops,
        strict or loose, for an MPLS tunnel defined in
        mplsTunnelTable, when it is established via
        signaling, for the outgoing direction of the tunnel.
        Each row in this table is indexed primarily by the
        same index, mplsTunnelIndex, as the row of the
```

corresponding tunnel in mplsTunnelTable. Each row  
also has a secondary index mplsTunnelHopIndex



corresponding to the next hop that this row corresponds to. The first row in the table is the first hop after the origination point of the tunnel. In case we want to specify a particular interface on the originating LSR of an outgoing tunnel by which we want packets to exit the LSR, we specify this as the first hop for this tunnel in mplsTunnelHopTable."

::= { mplsTeObjects 3 }

#### mplsTunnelHopEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsTunnelHopEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

#### DESCRIPTION

"An entry in this table represents a tunnel hop. An entry is created by a network administrator for signalled ERLSP set up by LDP or RSVP."

INDEX { mplsTunnelIndex, mplsTunnelHopIndex }

::= { mplsTunnelHopTable 1 }

#### MplsTunnelHopEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

mplsTunnelHopIndex	Integer32,
mplsTunnelHopAddrType	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelHopIpv4Addr	IpAddress,
mplsTunnelHopIpv4PrefixLen	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelHopIpv6Addr	Ipv6Address,
mplsTunnelHopIpv6PrefixLen	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelHopAsNumber	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelHopStrictOrLoose	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelHopRowStatus	RowStatus

}

#### mplsTunnelHopIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

#### DESCRIPTION

"Secondary index into this table identifying the particular hop."

::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 1 }

#### mplsTunnelHopAddrType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { ipv4(1), ipv6(2), asNumber(3) }

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

#### DESCRIPTION

```
"Address type of this hop."  
DEFVAL      { ipv4 }  
::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 2 }
```

**mplsTunnelHopIpv4Addr OBJECT-TYPE**

SYNTAX           IpAddress  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS           current

**DESCRIPTION**

"If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is ipv4(1), IPv4 address of this hop. This object is not significant otherwise and should return a value of 0."

::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 3 }

**mplsTunnelHopIpv4PrefixLen OBJECT-TYPE**

SYNTAX           INTEGER (1..32)  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS           current

**DESCRIPTION**

"If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is ipv4(1), prefix length for this hop's IPv4 address. This object is not significant otherwise and should return a value of 0."

::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 4 }

**mplsTunnelHopIpv6Addr OBJECT-TYPE**

SYNTAX           Ipv6Address  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS           current

**DESCRIPTION**

"If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is ipv6(2), the IPv6 address of this hop. This object is not significant otherwise and should return a value of 0."

::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 5 }

**mplsTunnelHopIpv6PrefixLen OBJECT-TYPE**

SYNTAX           INTEGER (1..128)  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS           current

**DESCRIPTION**

"If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is ipv6(2), prefix length for this hop's IPv6 address. This object is not significant otherwise and should return a value of 0."

::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 6 }

**mplsTunnelHopAsNumber OBJECT-TYPE**

SYNTAX           INTEGER (0..65535)  
MAX-ACCESS       read-create  
STATUS           current

DESCRIPTION

"If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is asNumber(3), the AS  
number this hop. This object is not significant

```
        otherwise and should return a value of 0."
 ::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 7 }
```

mplsTunnelHopStrictOrLoose OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER { strict(1), loose(2) }
MAX-ACCESS   read-create
STATUS       current
DESCRIPTION
    "Whether this is a strict or loose hop."
 ::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 8 }
```

mplsTunnelHopRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS   read-create
STATUS       current
DESCRIPTION
    "For creating, modifying and deleting this row."
 ::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 9 }
```

```
-- End of mplsTunnelHopTable
```

```
-- Notifications.
```

mplsTunnelUp NOTIFICATION-TYPE

```
OBJECTS      { mplsTunnelIndex, mplsTunnelAdminStatus,
               mplsTunnelOperStatus }
STATUS       current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when a
    mplsTunnelOperStatus object for one of the
    configured tunnels is about to leave the down state
    and transition into some other state (but not into
    the notPresent state). This other state is
    indicated by the included value of
    mplsTunnelOperStatus."
 ::= { mplsTeNotifications 1 }
```

mplsTunnelDown NOTIFICATION-TYPE

```
OBJECTS      { mplsTunnelIndex, mplsTunnelAdminStatus,
               mplsTunnelOperStatus }
STATUS       current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification is generated when a
    mplsTunnelOperStatus object for one of the
    configured tunnels is about to enter the down state
    from some other state (but not from the notPresent
    state). This other state is indicated by the
```

```
        included value of mplstunnelOperStatus."  
 ::= { mplstNotifications 2 }
```

-- End of notifications.

-- Module compliance.

mplsTeGroups

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeConformance 1 }

mplsTeCompliances

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeConformance 2 }

mplsTeModuleCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Compliance statement for agents that support the  
MPLS TE MIB."

MODULE -- this module

-- The mandatory group has to be implemented by all LSRs  
-- that originate/terminate ESLSPs/tunnels.  
-- In addition, depending on the type of tunnels  
-- supported, other groups become mandatory as explained  
-- below.

MANDATORY-GROUPS { mplsTunnelGroup }

GROUP mplsTunnelManualGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which  
support manual configuration of tunnels, in  
addition to mplsTunnelGroup. The following  
constraints apply: mplsTunnelSignallingProto  
should be at least read-only with a value of  
none(1)."

GROUP mplsTunnelSignalledGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which  
support signalled tunnel set up, in addition to  
mplsTunnelGroup. The following constraints  
apply: mplsTunnelSignallingProto should be at  
least read-only returning a value of ldp(2), or  
rsvp(3)."

GROUP mplsTunnelIsNotIntfGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which

support tunnels that are not interfaces, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup. The following



constraints apply: mplsTunnelIsIf must at least be read-only returning false(1)."

GROUP mplsTunnelIsIntfcGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support tunnels that are interfaces, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup. The following constraints apply: mplsTunnelIsIf must at least be read-only returning true(2)."

GROUP mplsTunnelIsPersistentGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support persistent tunnels, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup. The following constraints apply: mplsTunnelIsPersistent must at least be read-only returning true(2)."

GROUP mplsTunnelIsNotPersistentGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support non-persistent tunnels, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup. The following constraints apply: mplsTunnelIsPersistent must at least be read-only returning false(1)."

-- mplsTunnelTable

OBJECT mplsTunnelIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsTunnelName

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsTunnelDescr

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsTunnelIsIf

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelIfIndex  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelDirection  
SYNTAX       INTEGER { out(2) }  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "The values in(1) and in-out(3) need not be  
      supported."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelXCIndex  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelSignallingProto  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelLocalCookie  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelRemoteCookie  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelIsMergeable  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelSetupPrio  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHoldingPrio  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelInMaxRate

MIN-ACCESS read-only  
DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelInMeanRate

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelInMaxBurstSize

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelOutMaxRate

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelOutMeanRate

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelOutMaxBurstSize

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelIsPinned

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelIsPersistent

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelAdminStatus

SYNTAX        INTEGER { up (1), down (2) }

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Only up and down states need to be supported.

Write access is not required."

OBJECT        mplsTunnelOperStatus

SYNTAX        INTEGER { up (1), down (2) }

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Only up and down states need to be supported.  
Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelRowStatus  
SYNTAX       INTEGER { active(1), notInService(2),  
                  createAndGo(4), destroy(6) }  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "The notReady(3) and createAndWait(5) states need  
    not be supported. Write access is not required."

-- mplsTunnelHopTable

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopIndex  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopAddrType  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopIpv4Addr  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopIpv4PrefixLen  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopIpv6Addr  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopIpv6PrefixLen  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopAsNumber  
MIN-ACCESS   read-only  
DESCRIPTION  
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopStrictOrLoose

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER { strict(1) }  
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
```



## DESCRIPTION

"loose(2) need not be supported. Write access is not required."

OBJECT       mplsTunnelHopRowStatus

SYNTAX       INTEGER { active(1), notInService(2),  
                          createAndGo(4), destroy(6) }

MIN-ACCESS   read-only

## DESCRIPTION

"The notReady(3) and createAndWait(5) states need not be supported. Write access is not required."

::= { mplsTeCompliances 1 }

-- Units of conformance.

## mplsTunnelGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIndex, mplsTunnelName,  
          mplsTunnelDirection, mplsTunnelXCIndex,  
          mplsTunnelIfIndex,  
          mplsTunnelAdminStatus, mplsTunnelOperStatus,  
          mplsTunnelRowStatus }

STATUS   current

## DESCRIPTION

"Necessary, but not sufficient, set of objects to implement tunnels. In addition, depending on the type of the tunnels supported (for example, manually configured or signalled, persistent or non-persistent, etc.), the following other groups defined below are mandatory: mplsTunnelManualGroup and/or mplsTunnelSignalledGroup, mplsTunnelIsNotIntfcGroup and/or mplsTunnelIsIntfcGroup, mplsTunnelIsPersistent and/or mplsTunnelIsNotPersistent."

::= { mplsTeGroups 1 }

## mplsTunnelManualGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelSignallingProto }

STATUS   current

## DESCRIPTION

"Object(s) needed to implement manually configured tunnels."

::= { mplsTeGroups 2 }

## mplsTunnelSignalledGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelSignallingProto,

mplsTunnelLocalCookie, mplsTunnelRemoteCookie,  
mplsTunnelHopIndex, mplsTunnelHopAddrType,

```
        mplsTunnelHopIpv4Addr, mplsTunnelHopIpv4PrefixLen,
        mplsTunnelHopIpv6Addr, mplsTunnelHopIpv6PrefixLen,
        mplsTunnelHopStrictOrLoose, mplsTunnelHopRowStatus }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Object needed to implement signalled tunnels."
 ::= { mplsTeGroups 3 }

mplsTunnelIsIntfcGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIsIf }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Objects needed to implement tunnels that are
    interfaces."
 ::= { mplsTeGroups 4 }

mplsTunnelIsNotIntfcGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIsIf }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Objects needed to implement tunnels that are not
    interfaces."
 ::= { mplsTeGroups 5 }

mplsTunnelIsPersistentGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIsPersistent }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Objects needed to support persistent tunnels."
 ::= { mplsTeGroups 6 }

mplsTunnelIsNotPersistentGroup OBJECT-GROUP
OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIsPersistent }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Objects needed to support non-persistent tunnels."
 ::= { mplsTeGroups 7 }

mplsTeNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
NOTIFICATIONS { mplsTunnelUp, mplsTunnelDown }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "Set of notifications implemented in this module.
    None is mandatory."
 ::= { mplsTeGroups 8 }

-- End of MPLS-TE-MIB
```

END

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## 8. Security Considerations

The MIB specified in this document does not raise any security issues other than those present in the MPLS architecture [[MPLSArch](#)] or those imposed by SNMP itself.

## 9. Acknowledgments

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## **11. Authors' Addresses**

Cheenu Srinivasan  
Tachion Network Technologies  
2 Meridian Road  
Eatontown, NJ 07724

Phone: +1-732-542-7750 x234  
Email: cheenu@tachion.com

Arun Viswanathan  
Lucent Technologies  
4D537, 101 Crawfords Corner Road  
Holmdel, NJ 07733

Phone: +1-732-332-5163  
Email: arunv@lucent.com

