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YANG Library
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Abstract

This document describes a YANG library that provides information about the YANG modules, datastores, and datastore schemas used by a network management server. Simple caching mechanisms are provided to allow clients to minimize retrieval of this information. This version of the YANG library supports the Network Management Datastore Architecture by listing all datastores supported by a network management server and the schema that is used by each of these datastores.

This document obsoletes [RFC 7895](#).

Status of This Memo

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1. Introduction

There is a need for a standard mechanism to expose which YANG modules [[RFC7950](#)], datastores and datastore schemas [[RFC8342](#)] are in use by a network management server.

This document defines the YANG module "ietf-yang-library" that provides this information. This version of the YANG library is compatible with the Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA) [[RFC8342](#)]. The previous version of the YANG library, defined in [[RFC7895](#)], is not compatible with the NMDA since it assumes that all datastores have exactly the same schema. This is not necessarily true in the NMDA since dynamic configuration datastores may have their own datastore schema. Furthermore, the operational state

datastore may support non-configurable YANG modules in addition to the YANG modules supported by conventional configuration datastores.

The old YANG library definitions have been retained (for backwards compatibility reasons) but the definitions have been marked as deprecated. For backwards compatibility, an NMDA-supporting server SHOULD populate the deprecated `"/modules-state"` tree in a backwards-compatible manner. The new `"/yang-library"` tree would be ignored by legacy clients, while providing all the data needed for NMDA-aware clients, which would themselves ignore the `"/modules-state"` tree. The recommended approach to populate `"/modules-state"` is to report the schema for YANG modules that are configurable via conventional configuration datastores and for which config false data nodes are returned via a NETCONF `<get>` operation, or equivalent.

The YANG library information can be different on every server and it can change at runtime or across a server reboot. If a server implements multiple network management protocols to access the server's datastores, then each such protocol may have its own conceptual instantiation of the YANG library.

If a large number of YANG modules are utilized by a server, then the YANG library contents can be relatively large. Since the YANG library contents changes very infrequently, it is important that clients be able to cache the YANG library contents and easily identify whether their cache is out of date.

1.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [BCP 14](#) [[RFC2119](#)] [[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

The following terms are defined in [[RFC7950](#)]:

- o module
- o submodule
- o data node

This document uses the phrase "implementing a module" as defined in [[RFC7950](#)] [Section 5.6.5](#).

The following terms are defined in [[RFC8342](#)]:

- o datastore
- o datastore schema
- o configuration
- o configuration datastore
- o conventional configuration
- o conventional configuration datastore
- o operational state
- o operational state datastore
- o dynamic configuration datastore
- o client and server

The following terms are used within this document:

- o YANG library: A collection of YANG modules, submodules, datastores, and datastore schemas used by a server.
- o YANG library content identifier: A server-generated identifier of the contents of the YANG library.

Tree diagrams used in this document use the notation defined in [\[RFC8340\]](#).

2. Objectives

The following information is needed by a client application (for each YANG module in the library) to fully utilize the YANG data modeling language:

- o name: The name of the YANG module.
- o revision: If defined in the YANG module or submodule, the revision is derived from the most recent revision statement within the module or submodule.
- o submodule list: The name, and if defined, revision of each submodule used by the module must be identified.
- o feature list: The name of each YANG feature supported by the server, in a given datastore schema, must be identified.

- o deviation list: The name of each YANG module with deviation statements affecting a given YANG module, in a given datastore schema, must be identified.

In addition, the following information is needed by a client application for each datastore supported by a server:

- o identity: The YANG identity for the datastore.
- o schema: The schema (i.e., the set of modules) implemented by the datastore.

In order to select one out of several possible data model designs, the following criteria were used:

1. The information must be efficient for a client to consume. Since the size of the YANG library can be quite large, it should be possible for clients to cache the YANG library information.
2. A dynamic configuration datastore must be able to implement a module or feature that is not implemented in the conventional configuration datastores.
3. It must be possible to not implement a module or feature in <operational>, even if it is implemented in some other datastore. This is required for transition purposes; a server that wants to implement <operational> should not have to implement all modules at once.
4. A given module can only be implemented in one revision in all datastores. If a module is implemented in more than one datastore, the same revision is implemented in all these datastores.
5. Multiple revisions can be used for import, if import-by revision is used.
6. It must be possible to use the YANG library by schema mount [[I-D.ietf-netmod-schema-mount](#)].

3. YANG Library Data Model

The "ietf-yang-library" YANG module provides information about the modules, submodules, datastores, and datastore schemas supported by a server. All data nodes in "ietf-yang-library" are "config false", and thus only accessible in the operational state datastore.

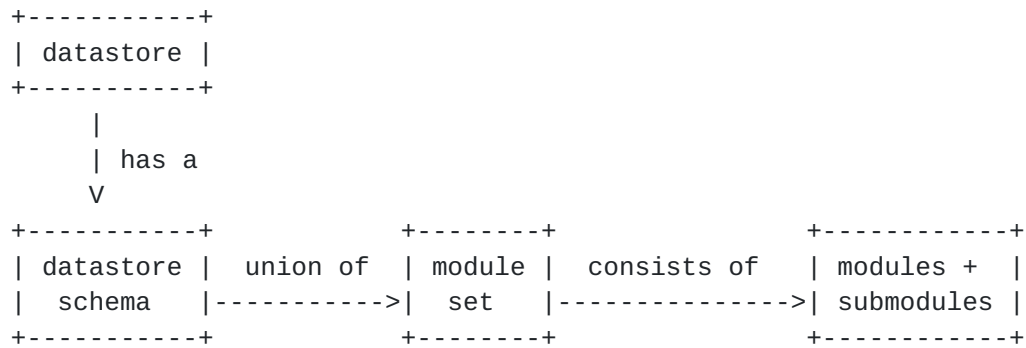


Figure 1

The conceptual model of the YANG library is depicted in Figure 1. Following the NMDA, every datastore has an associated datastore schema. A datastore schema is a union of module sets and every module set is a collection of modules and submodules, including the modules and submodules used for imports. Note that multiple datastores may refer to the same datastore schema. Furthermore, it is possible that individual datastore schemas share module sets. A common use case is the operational state datastore schema which is a superset of the schema used by conventional configuration datastores.

Below is the YANG Tree Diagram for the "ietf-yang-library" module, excluding the deprecated "modules-state" tree:


```

module: ietf-yang-library
  +--ro yang-library
    +--ro module-set* [name]
      | +--ro name          string
      | +--ro module* [name]
      | | +--ro name        yang:yang-identifier
      | | +--ro revision?   revision-identifier
      | | +--ro namespace   inet:uri
      | | +--ro location*   inet:uri
      | | +--ro submodule* [name]
      | | | +--ro name      yang:yang-identifier
      | | | +--ro revision? revision-identifier
      | | | +--ro location* inet:uri
      | | +--ro feature*    yang:yang-identifier
      | | +--ro deviation*  -> ../../module/name
      | +--ro import-only-module* [name revision]
      |   +--ro name        yang:yang-identifier
      |   +--ro revision    union
      |   +--ro namespace   inet:uri
      |   +--ro location*   inet:uri
      |   +--ro submodule* [name]
      |     +--ro name      yang:yang-identifier
      |     +--ro revision? revision-identifier
      |     +--ro location* inet:uri
    +--ro schema* [name]
      | +--ro name          string
      | +--ro module-set*  -> ../../module-set/name
    +--ro datastore* [name]
      | +--ro name          ds:datastore-ref
      | +--ro schema        -> ../../schema/name
    +--ro content-id      string

```

notifications:

```

+---n yang-library-update
  +--ro content-id  -> /yang-library/content-id

```

The "/yang-library" container holds the entire YANG library. The container has the following child nodes:

- o The "/yang-library/module-set" contains entries representing module sets. The list "/yang-library/module-set/module" enumerates the modules that belong to the module set. A module is listed together with its submodules (if any), a set of features, and any deviation modules. The list "/yang-library/module-set/import-only-module" lists all modules (and their submodules) used only for imports. The assignment of a module to a module-set is at the server's discretion. This revision of the YANG library

attaches no semantics as to which module-set a module is listed in.

- o The `"/yang-library/schema"` list contains an entry for each datastore schema supported by the server. All conventional configuration datastores use the same "schema" list entry. A dynamic configuration datastore may use a different datastore schema from the conventional configuration datastores, and hence may require a separate "schema" entry. A "schema" entry has a leaf-list of references to entries in the "module-set" list. The schema consists of the union of all modules in all referenced module sets.
- o The `"/yang-library/datastore"` list contains one entry for each datastore supported by the server, and it identifies the datastore schema associated with a datastore via a reference to an entry in the "schema" list. Each supported conventional configuration datastore has a separate entry, pointing to the same "schema" list element.
- o The `"/yang-library/content-id"` leaf contains the YANG library content identifier, which is an implementation-specific identifier representing the current information in the YANG library on a specific server. The value of this leaf MUST change whenever the information in the YANG library changes. There is no requirement that the same information always results in the same "content-id" value. This leaf allows a client to fetch all schema information once, cache it, and only refetch it if the value of this leaf has been changed. If the value of this leaf changes, the server also generates a "yang-library-update" notification.

Note that for a NETCONF server implementing the NETCONF extensions to support the NMDA [[I-D.ietf-netconf-nmda-netconf](#)], a change of the YANG library content identifier results in a new value for the `:yang-library:1.1` capability defined in [[I-D.ietf-netconf-nmda-netconf](#)]. Thus, if such a server implements NETCONF notifications [[RFC5277](#)], and the notification "netconf-capability-change" [[RFC6470](#)], a "netconf-capability-change" notification is generated whenever the YANG library content identifier changes.

4. YANG Library YANG Module

The "ietf-yang-library" YANG module imports definitions from "ietf-yang-types" and "ietf-inet-types" defined in [[RFC6991](#)] and from "ietf-datastores" defined in [[RFC8342](#)]. While the YANG module is defined using YANG version 1.1, the YANG library supports the YANG modules written in any version of YANG.

RFC Ed.: update the date below with the date of RFC publication and remove this note.

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-yang-library@2018-10-16.yang"
```

```
module ietf-yang-library {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-library";
  prefix "yanglib";

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference "RFC 6991: Common YANG Data Types.";
  }
  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
    reference "RFC 6991: Common YANG Data Types.";
  }
  import ietf-datastores {
    prefix ds;
    reference "RFC 8342: Network Management Datastore Architecture.";
  }

  organization
    "IETF NETCONF (Network Configuration) Working Group";

  contact
    "WG Web: <http://tools.ietf.org/wg/netconf/>
    WG List: <mailto:netconf@ietf.org>

    Author: Andy Bierman
           <mailto:andy@yumaworks.com>

    Author: Martin Bjorklund
           <mailto:mbj@tail-f.com>

    Author: Juergen Schoenwaelder
           <mailto:j.schoenwaelder@jacobs-university.de>

    Author: Kent Watsen
           <mailto:kwatsen@juniper.net>

    Author: Rob Wilton
           <mailto:rwilton@cisco.com>";

  description
    "This module provides information about the YANG modules,
    datastores, and datastore schemas used by a network"
```


management server.

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This version of this YANG module is part of RFC XXXX; see the RFC itself for full legal notices.";

```
// RFC Ed.: update the date below with the date of RFC publication
// and remove this note.
// RFC Ed.: replace XXXX with actual RFC number and remove this
// note.
revision 2018-10-16 {
  description
    "Added support for multiple datastores according to the
    Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA).";
  reference
    "RFC XXXX: YANG Library.";
}
revision 2016-04-09 {
  description
    "Initial revision.";
  reference
    "RFC 7895: YANG Module Library.";
}

/*
 * Typedefs
 */

typedef revision-identifier {
  type string {
    pattern '\d{4}-\d{2}-\d{2}';
  }
  description
    "Represents a specific date in YYYY-MM-DD format.";
}

/*
 * Groupings
 */
```



```
grouping module-identification-leafs {
  description
    "Parameters for identifying YANG modules and submodules.";

  leaf name {
    type yang:yang-identifier;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "The YANG module or submodule name.";
  }
  leaf revision {
    type revision-identifier;
    description
      "The YANG module or submodule revision date. If no revision
      statement is present in the YANG module or submodule, this
      leaf is not instantiated.";
  }
}

grouping location-leaf-list {
  description
    "Common location leaf list parameter for modules and
    submodules.";

  leaf-list location {
    type inet:uri;
    description
      "Contains a URL that represents the YANG schema
      resource for this module or submodule.

      This leaf will only be present if there is a URL
      available for retrieval of the schema for this entry.";
  }
}

grouping module-implementation-parameters {
  description
    "Parameters for describing the implementation of a module.";

  leaf-list feature {
    type yang:yang-identifier;
    description
      "List of all YANG feature names from this module that are
      supported by the server, regardless whether they are defined
      in the module or any included submodule.";
  }
  leaf-list deviation {
    type leafref {
```



```
    path "../../module/name";
  }
  description
    "List of all YANG deviation modules used by this server to
    modify the conformance of the module associated with this
    entry. Note that the same module can be used for deviations
    for multiple modules, so the same entry MAY appear within
    multiple 'module' entries.

    This reference MUST NOT (directly or indirectly)
    refer to the module being deviated.

    Robust clients may want to make sure that they handle a
    situation where a module deviates itself (directly or
    indirectly) gracefully.";
  }
}

grouping module-set-parameters {
  description
    "A set of parameters that describe a module set.";

  leaf name {
    type string;
    description
      "An arbitrary name of the module set.";
  }
  list module {
    key "name";
    description
      "An entry in this list represents a module implemented by the
      server, as per RFC 7950 section 5.6.5, with a particular set
      of supported features and deviations.";
    reference
      "RFC 7950: The YANG 1.1 Data Modeling Language.";

    uses module-identification-leafs;

    leaf namespace {
      type inet:uri;
      mandatory true;
      description
        "The XML namespace identifier for this module.";
    }

    uses location-leaf-list;

    list submodule {
```



```
    key "name";
    description
      "Each entry represents one submodule within the
        parent module.";
    uses module-identification-leafs;
    uses location-leaf-list;
  }

  uses module-implementation-parameters;
}
list import-only-module {
  key "name revision";
  description
    "An entry in this list indicates that the server imports
      reusable definitions from the specified revision of the
      module, but does not implement any protocol accessible
      objects from this revision.

      Multiple entries for the same module name MAY exist. This
      can occur if multiple modules import the same module, but
      specify different revision-dates in the import statements.";

  leaf name {
    type yang:yang-identifier;
    description
      "The YANG module name.";
  }
  leaf revision {
    type union {
      type revision-identifier;
      type string {
        length 0;
      }
    }
    description
      "The YANG module revision date.
        A zero-length string is used if no revision statement
        is present in the YANG module.";
  }
  leaf namespace {
    type inet:uri;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "The XML namespace identifier for this module.";
  }
  uses location-leaf-list;
```



```
list submodule {
  key "name";
  description
    "Each entry represents one submodule within the
    parent module.";

  uses module-identification-leafs;
  uses location-leaf-list;
}
}
}

grouping yang-library-parameters {
  description
    "The YANG library data structure is represented as a grouping
    so it can be reused in configuration or another monitoring
    data structure.";

  list module-set {
    key name;
    description
      "A set of modules that may be used by one or more schemas.

      A module set does not have to be referentially complete,
      i.e., it may define modules that contain import statements
      for other modules not included in the module set.";

    uses module-set-parameters;
  }

  list schema {
    key "name";
    description
      "A datastore schema that may be used by one or more
      datastores.

      The schema must be valid and referentially complete, i.e.,
      it must contain modules to satisfy all used import
      statements for all modules specified in the schema.";

    leaf name {
      type string;
      description
        "An arbitrary name of the schema.";
    }
  }

  leaf-list module-set {
    type leafref {
      path "../..//module-set/name";
    }
  }
}
```



```
    }
    description
      "A set of module-sets that are included in this schema.
      If a non import-only module appears in multiple module
      sets, then the module revision and the associated features
      and deviations must be identical.";
  }
}

list datastore {
  key "name";
  description
    "A datastore supported by this server.

    Each datastore indicates which schema it supports.

    The server MUST instantiate one entry in this list per
    specific datastore it supports.

    Each datastore entry with the same datastore schema SHOULD
    reference the same schema.";

  leaf name {
    type ds:datastore-ref;
    description
      "The identity of the datastore.";
  }
  leaf schema {
    type leafref {
      path "../..../schema/name";
    }
    mandatory true;
    description
      "A reference to the schema supported by this datastore.
      All non import-only modules of the schema are implemented
      with their associated features and deviations.";
  }
}
}

/*
 * Top-level container
 */

container yang-library {
  config false;
  description
    "Container holding the entire YANG library of this server.";
```



```
uses yang-library-parameters;

leaf content-id {
  type string;
  mandatory true;
  description
    "A server-generated identifier of the contents of the
    'yang-library' tree. The server MUST change the value of
    this leaf if the information represented by the
    'yang-library' tree, except 'yang-library/content-id', has
    changed.";
}
}

/*
 * Notifications
 */

notification yang-library-update {
  description
    "Generated when any YANG library information on the
    server has changed.";

  leaf content-id {
    type leafref {
      path "/yanglib:yang-library/yanglib:content-id";
    }
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Contains the YANG library content identifier for the updated
      YANG library at the time the notification is generated.";
  }
}

/*
 * Legacy groupings
 */

grouping module-list {
  status deprecated;
  description
    "The module data structure is represented as a grouping
    so it can be reused in configuration or another monitoring
    data structure.";

  grouping common-leafs {
    status deprecated;
    description
```



```
    "Common parameters for YANG modules and submodules.";

    leaf name {
        type yang:yang-identifier;
        status deprecated;
        description
            "The YANG module or submodule name.";
    }
    leaf revision {
        type union {
            type revision-identifier;
            type string {
                length 0;
            }
        }
        status deprecated;
        description
            "The YANG module or submodule revision date.
            A zero-length string is used if no revision statement
            is present in the YANG module or submodule.";
    }
}
grouping schema-leaf {
    status deprecated;
    description
        "Common schema leaf parameter for modules and submodules.";
    leaf schema {
        type inet:uri;
        description
            "Contains a URL that represents the YANG schema
            resource for this module or submodule.

            This leaf will only be present if there is a URL
            available for retrieval of the schema for this entry.";
    }
}

list module {
    key "name revision";
    status deprecated;
    description
        "Each entry represents one revision of one module
        currently supported by the server.";

    uses common-leafs {
        status deprecated;
    }
    uses schema-leaf {
```



```
    status deprecated;
  }

  leaf namespace {
    type inet:uri;
    mandatory true;
    status deprecated;
    description
      "The XML namespace identifier for this module.";
  }
  leaf-list feature {
    type yang:yang-identifier;
    status deprecated;
    description
      "List of YANG feature names from this module that are
      supported by the server, regardless whether they are
      defined in the module or any included submodule.";
  }
  list deviation {
    key "name revision";
    status deprecated;
    description
      "List of YANG deviation module names and revisions
      used by this server to modify the conformance of
      the module associated with this entry. Note that
      the same module can be used for deviations for
      multiple modules, so the same entry MAY appear
      within multiple 'module' entries.

      The deviation module MUST be present in the 'module'
      list, with the same name and revision values.
      The 'conformance-type' value will be 'implement' for
      the deviation module.";
    uses common-leafs {
      status deprecated;
    }
  }
  leaf conformance-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum implement {
        description
          "Indicates that the server implements one or more
          protocol-accessible objects defined in the YANG module
          identified in this entry. This includes deviation
          statements defined in the module.

          For YANG version 1.1 modules, there is at most one
          module entry with conformance type 'implement' for a
```


particular module name, since YANG 1.1 requires that at most one revision of a module is implemented.

For YANG version 1 modules, there SHOULD NOT be more than one module entry for a particular module name.";

```
}
enum import {
  description
    "Indicates that the server imports reusable definitions
    from the specified revision of the module, but does
    not implement any protocol accessible objects from
    this revision.

    Multiple module entries for the same module name MAY
    exist. This can occur if multiple modules import the
    same module, but specify different revision-dates in
    the import statements.";
}
}
mandatory true;
status deprecated;
description
  "Indicates the type of conformance the server is claiming
  for the YANG module identified by this entry.";
}
list submodule {
  key "name revision";
  status deprecated;
  description
    "Each entry represents one submodule within the
    parent module.";
  uses common-leafs {
    status deprecated;
  }
  uses schema-leaf {
    status deprecated;
  }
}
}
}
}
/*
 * Legacy operational state data nodes
 */

container modules-state {
  config false;
  status deprecated;
```



```
description
  "Contains YANG module monitoring information.";

leaf module-set-id {
  type string;
  mandatory true;
  status deprecated;
  description
    "Contains a server-specific identifier representing
    the current set of modules and submodules. The
    server MUST change the value of this leaf if the
    information represented by the 'module' list instances
    has changed.";
}

uses module-list {
  status deprecated;
}
}

/*
 * Legacy notifications
 */

notification yang-library-change {
  status deprecated;
  description
    "Generated when the set of modules and submodules supported
    by the server has changed.";
  leaf module-set-id {
    type leafref {
      path "/yanglib:modules-state/yanglib:module-set-id";
    }
    mandatory true;
    status deprecated;
    description
      "Contains the module-set-id value representing the
      set of modules and submodules supported at the server
      at the time the notification is generated.";
  }
}
}

}

<CODE ENDS>
```


5. IANA Considerations

[RFC 7895](#) previously registered one URI in the IETF XML registry [[RFC3688](#)]. This document takes over this registration entry made by [RFC 7895](#) and changes the Registrant to the IESG according to [Section 4 in \[RFC3688\]](#).

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-library

Registrant Contact: The IESG.

XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.

[RFC 7895](#) previously registered one YANG module in the "YANG Module Names" registry [[RFC6020](#)] as follows:

```
name:          ietf-yang-library
namespace:    urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-library
prefix:       yanglib
reference:    RFC 7895
```

This document takes over this registration entry made by [RFC 7895](#).

6. Security Considerations

The YANG module specified in this document defines a schema for data that is accessed by network management protocols such as NETCONF [[RFC6241](#)] or RESTCONF [[RFC8040](#)]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is Secure Shell (SSH) [[RFC6242](#)]. The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [[RFC8446](#)].

The NETCONF access control model [[RFC8341](#)] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF or RESTCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF or RESTCONF protocol operations and content.

Some of the readable data nodes in this YANG module may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control read access (e.g., via get, get-config, or notification) to these data nodes. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

The "/yang-library" subtree of the YANG library may help an attacker identify the server capabilities and server implementations with known bugs since the set of YANG modules supported by a server may reveal the kind of device and the manufacturer of the device.

Although some of this information may be available to all NETCONF users via the NETCONF <hello> message (or similar messages in other management protocols), this YANG module potentially exposes additional details that could be of some assistance to an attacker. Server vulnerabilities may be specific to particular modules, module revisions, module features, or even module deviations. For example, if a particular operation on a particular data node is known to cause a server to crash or significantly degrade device performance, then the module list information will help an attacker identify server implementations with such a defect, in order to launch a denial-of-service attack on the device.

7. Acknowledgments

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[Appendix A](#). Summary of Changes from [RFC 7895](#)

This document updates [[RFC7895](#)] in the following ways:

- o Renamed document title from "YANG Module Library" to "YANG Library".

- o Added a new top-level "/yang-library" container to hold the entire YANG library providing information about module sets, schemas, and datastores.
- o Refactored the "/modules-state" container into a new "/yang-library/module-set" list.
- o Added a new "/yang-library/schema" list and a new "/yang-library/datastore" list.
- o Added a set of new groupings as replacements for the deprecated groupings.
- o Added a "yang-library-update" notification as a replacement for the deprecated "yang-library-change" notification.
- o Deprecated the "/modules-state" tree.
- o Deprecated the "/module-list" grouping.
- o Deprecated the "/yang-library-change" notification.

[Appendix B](#). Example YANG Library Instance for a Basic Server

The following example shows the YANG Library of a basic server implementing the "ietf-interfaces" [[RFC8343](#)] and "ietf-ip" [[RFC8344](#)] modules in the <running>, <startup>, and <operational> datastores and the "ietf-hardware" [[RFC8348](#)] module in the <operational> datastore.

Newlines in leaf values are added for formatting reasons.

```
<yang-library
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-library"
  xmlns:ds="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-datastores">

  <module-set>
    <name>config-modules</name>
    <module>
      <name>ietf-interfaces</name>
      <revision>2018-01-09</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
      <namespace>
        urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interfaces
      </namespace>
    </module>
    <module>
      <name>ietf-ip</name>
      <revision>2018-01-09</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
      <namespace>
```



```
        urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-ip
    </namespace>
</module>
<import-only-module>
  <name>ietf-yang-types</name>
  <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
  <namespace>
    urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-types
  </namespace>
</import-only-module>
<import-only-module>
  <name>ietf-inet-types</name>
  <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
  <namespace>
    urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-inet-types
  </namespace>
</import-only-module>
</module-set>

<module-set>
  <name>state-modules</name>
  <module>
    <name>ietf-hardware</name>
    <revision>2018-12-18</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
    <namespace>
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-hardware
    </namespace>
  </module>
  <import-only-module>
    <name>ietf-inet-types</name>
    <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
    <namespace>
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-inet-types
    </namespace>
  </import-only-module>
  <import-only-module>
    <name>ietf-yang-types</name>
    <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
    <namespace>
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-types
    </namespace>
  </import-only-module>
  <import-only-module>
    <name>iana-hardware</name>
    <revision>2017-12-18</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
    <namespace>
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:iana-hardware
    </namespace>
```



```
    </import-only-module>
  </module-set>

  <schema>
    <name>config-schema</name>
    <module-set>config-modules</module-set>
  </schema>
  <schema>
    <name>state-schema</name>
    <module-set>config-modules</module-set>
    <module-set>state-modules</module-set>
  </schema>

  <datastore>
    <name>ds:startup</name>
    <schema>config-schema</schema>
  </datastore>
  <datastore>
    <name>ds:running</name>
    <schema>config-schema</schema>
  </datastore>
  <datastore>
    <name>ds:operational</name>
    <schema>state-schema</schema>
  </datastore>

  <content-id>75a43df9bd56b92aacc156a2958fbe12312fb285</content-id>
</yang-library>
```

[Appendix C](#). Example YANG Library Instance for an Advanced Server

The following example extends the preceding Basic Server YANG Library example, by using modules from [\[RFC8345\]](#) and [\[RFC8349\]](#), to illustrate a slightly more advanced server that:

- o Has a module with features only enabled in <operational>; the "ietf-routing module" is supported in <running>, <startup>, and <operational>, but the "multiple-ribs" and "router-id" features are only enabled in <operational>. Hence the "router-id" leaf may be read but not configured.
- o Supports a dynamic configuration datastore "example-ds-ephemeral", with only the "ietf-network" and "ietf-network-topology" modules configurable via a notional dynamic configuration protocol.
- o Shows an example of datastore specific deviations. The module "example-vendor-hardware-deviations" is included in the schema for

<operational> to remove data nodes that cannot be supported by the server.

- o Shows how module-sets can be used to organize related modules together.

```
<yang-library
```

```
  xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-library"  
  xmlns:ds="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-datastores"  
  xmlns:ex-ds-eph="urn:example:ds-ephemeral">
```

```
<module-set>
```

```
  <name>config-state-modules</name>
```

```
  <module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-interfaces</name>
```

```
    <revision>2018-01-09</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interfaces
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </module>
```

```
  <module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-ip</name>
```

```
    <revision>2018-01-09</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-ip
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </module>
```

```
  <module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-routing</name>
```

```
    <revision>2018-01-25</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-routing
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </module>
```

```
  <import-only-module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-yang-types</name>
```

```
    <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-types
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </import-only-module>
```

```
  <import-only-module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-inet-types</name>
```

```
    <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-inet-types
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </import-only-module>
```



```
</module-set>
```

```
<module-set>
```

```
  <name>config-only-modules</name>
```

```
  <module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-routing</name>
```

```
    <revision>2018-01-25</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-routing
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </module>
```

```
</module-set>
```

```
<module-set>
```

```
  <name>dynamic-config-state-modules</name>
```

```
  <module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-network</name>
```

```
    <revision>2017-12-18</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-network
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </module>
```

```
  <module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-network-topology</name>
```

```
    <revision>2017-12-18</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-network-topology
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </module>
```

```
  <import-only-module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-inet-types</name>
```

```
    <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-inet-types
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
  </import-only-module>
```

```
</module-set>
```

```
<module-set>
```

```
  <name>state-only-modules</name>
```

```
  <module>
```

```
    <name>ietf-hardware</name>
```

```
    <revision>2018-12-18</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
```

```
    <namespace>
```

```
      urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-hardware
```

```
    </namespace>
```

```
    <deviation>example-vendor-hardware-deviations</deviation>
```

```
  </module>
```



```
<module>
  <name>ietf-routing</name>
  <revision>2018-01-25</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
  <namespace>
    urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-routing
  </namespace>
  <feature>multiple-ribs</feature>
  <feature>router-id</feature>
</module>
<module>
  <name>example-vendor-hardware-deviations</name>
  <revision>2018-01-31</revision>
  <namespace>
    urn:example:example-vendor-hardware-deviations
  </namespace>
</module>
<import-only-module>
  <name>ietf-inet-types</name>
  <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
  <namespace>
    urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-inet-types
  </namespace>
</import-only-module>
<import-only-module>
  <name>ietf-yang-types</name>
  <revision>2013-07-15</revision>
  <namespace>
    urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-yang-types
  </namespace>
</import-only-module>
<import-only-module>
  <name>iana-hardware</name>
  <revision>2017-12-18</revision> <!-- RFC Ed. update this -->
  <namespace>
    urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:iana-hardware
  </namespace>
</import-only-module>
</module-set>

<schema>
  <name>config-schema</name>
  <module-set>config-state-modules</module-set>
  <module-set>config-only-modules</module-set>
</schema>
<schema>
  <name>dynamic-config-schema</name>
  <module-set>dynamic-config-state-modules</module-set>
</schema>
```



```
<schema>
  <name>state-schema</name>
  <module-set>config-state-modules</module-set>
  <module-set>dynamic-config-state-modules</module-set>
  <module-set>state-only-modules</module-set>
</schema>

<datastore>
  <name>ds:startup</name>
  <schema>config-schema</schema>
</datastore>
<datastore>
  <name>ds:running</name>
  <schema>config-schema</schema>
</datastore>
<datastore>
  <name>ex-ds-eph:ds-ephemeral</name>
  <schema>dynamic-config-schema</schema>
</datastore>
<datastore>
  <name>ds:operational</name>
  <schema>state-schema</schema>
</datastore>

<content-id>14782ab9bd56b92aacc156a2958fbe12312fb285</content-id>
</yang-library>
```

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