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**A YANG Data model for ECA Policy Management
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Abstract

This document defines a YANG data model for Event Condition Action (ECA) policy management. The ECA policy YANG module provides the ability to delegate some network management functions to the server (e.g., a NETCONF or RESTCONF server) which can take simple and instant action when a trigger condition on the managed objects is met.

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1. Introduction

Traditional approaches for the network to automatically perform corrective actions in response to network events have been largely built on centralized policy-based management [[RFC3198](#)]. With centralized network management, the managed object state or operational state spanning across the devices needs to be retrieved by the client from various servers. However, there are issues associated with centralized network management:

- o Centralized network management incurs massive data collection and processing, the resource consumption (e.g., network bandwidth usage, the state to be maintained) is huge;
- o Centralized network management leads to slow reaction to the network changes when large amounts of managed object state from devices needs to be collected and correlated at the central point where decisions about resource adjustment are made;
- o Centralized network management cannot control or influence management behavior within the server if the server is not connected to any network or the existing configuration on the server has major errors;
- o Centralized network management doesn't scale well when thousands of devices need to send hundreds of event notifications, or millions of managed data objects needs to be polled by the client;

A more effective complementary approach to centralized network management is to delegate some of network management functions (e.g., log dump task routine) to servers in the network and allow servers to self monitor state changes of managed objects.

Accordingly, there is a need for a service in the server to provide continuous performance monitoring, detect defects and failures, and take corrective action.

This document defines an ECA Policy management YANG data model. The ECA Policy YANG allows the client to move some of network management tasks to the server (e.g., a NETCONF or RESTCONF server), which provides the ability to control the configurations and monitor state parameters, and take simple and instant action on the server when a trigger condition on the system state is met.

The data model in this document is designed to be compliant with the Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA) [[RFC8342](#)].

2. Conventions used in this document

2.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#). In this document, these words will appear with that interpretation only when in ALL CAPS. Lower case uses of these words are not to be interpreted as carrying [\[RFC2119\]](#) significance.

The following terms are defined in [\[RFC3198\]](#)[\[RFC6241\]](#)[\[RFC7950\]](#) and are not redefined here:

- o Policy Decision Point (PDP)
- o Policy Enforcement Point (PEP)
- o Provisioned Policy
- o Server
- o Client
- o Event

This document uses the following terms:

Condition: Condition can be seen as a logical test on local managed object that, if satisfied or evaluated to be true, causes the action to be carried out.

Action: Update or invocation on local managed object attributes.

ECA Event: The input to the ECA logic that initiates the processing derived from an extensible list of platform event types.

Server Event: An event that happens in the server for which a Notification could be generated in an Event Stream subscription.

Datastore Event: An event that happens within a datastore within the server for which a Notification could be generated in a datastore subscription.

Timer Event: A pseudo-event in the server that allows ECA logic to be invoked periodically.

Diagnostic Event: A pseudo-event initiated by the client to test ECA logic.

Self Monitoring: Automatic monitoring of resources to ensure the optimal functioning with respect to the defined requirements.

Self Healing: Automatic discovery and correction of faults; automatically applying all necessary Actions to bring the system back to normal operation.

Policy Variable (PV): Represents datastore states that change (or "vary"), and that is set or evaluated by software.

PV-Source: Represents an XPath result, which contains one of four data types: Boolean, Number, String, and Node Set.

PV-Result: Represents the value of the result of an Policy Variable evaluation.

2.2. Tree Diagrams

Tree diagrams used in this document follow the notation defined in [\[RFC8340\]](#).

3. Overview of ECA YANG Data Model

A ECA policy rule is read as: when event occurs in a situation where condition is true, then action is executed. Therefore, ECA comprises three key elements: event, associated conditions, and actions. These three elements should be pushed down and configured on the server by the client. If the action is rejected by the server during ECA policy execution, the action should be rolled back and cleaned up.

3.1. ECA Policy Variable and Value

ECA policy variable (PV) generically represents datastore states that change (or "vary"), and that is set or evaluated by software. The value of ECA policy variable is used for modeling values and constants used in policy conditions and actions. In policy, conditions and actions can abstract information as "policy variables" to be evaluated in logical expressions, or set by actions, e.g., the policy condition has the semantics "variable matches value" while policy action has the semantics "set variable to value".

In ECA, two type of policy variables are defined, pv-source variable and pv-result variable. pv-source variable represents an XPath

expression input, which contains one of four data types: Boolean, Number, String, and Node Set while pv-result variable represents the value of the result of an Policy Variable evaluation.

- o A pv-source is always config = true.
- o A pv-result is always config = false.
- o A single anydata cannot be used for all values since it is only allowed to contain child nodes. Separate scalar and nodeset values are needed.

Each ECA policy variable has the following two attributes:

- o Name with Globally unique or ECA unique scope ;
- o Type either pv-source or pv-result;

The following operations are allowed with/on a PV:

- o initialize (with a constant/enum/identity);
- o set (with contents of another same type PV);
- o read (retrieve datastore contents pointed by the specified same type XPath/sub-tree);
- o write (modify configuration data in the datastore with the PV's content/value);
- o function calls or RPC in a form of F(arg1,arg2,...), where F is an identity of a function from extendable function library, arg1,arg2,etc are PVs respectively, the function's input parameters, with the result returned in result policy variable.

PVs could also be a source of information sent to the client in notification messages.

PVs could be also used in condition expressions.

The model structure for the Policy Variable is shown below:


```

+--rw policy-variables
|   +--rw policy-variable* [name]
|       +--rw name                               string
|       +--rw type                               identityref
|       +--rw (xpath-value-choice)?
|           +--:(policy-source)
|               |   +--rw (pv-source)
|               |       +--:(xpath-expr)
|               |           |   +--rw xpath-expr?       yang:xpath1.0
|               |           +--:(scalar-constant)
|               |               |   +--rw scalar-constant?   string
|               |               +--:(nodeset-constant)
|               |                   +--rw nodeset-constant?   <anydata>
|           +--:(policy-result)
|               +--rw (pv-result)
|                   +--:(scalar-value)
|                       |   +--rw scalar-value?       string
|                       +--:(nodeset-value)
|                           +--rw nodeset-value?       <anydata>

```

3.2. ECA Event

The ECA Event is any subscribable event notification either explicitly defined in a YANG module (e.g., interface management model) supported by the server or a event stream conveyed to the server via YANG Push subscription. The ECA event are used to keep track of state of changes associated with one of multiple operational state data objects in the network device.

Each ECA Event can be classified into server event, datastore event, timer event, diagnostics event and has the following common attributes:

- o event-name, the name of ECA event;
- o event-type, typical examples of ECA event type include server event, datastore event, timer event and diagnostic event.

For server event, the following additional attributes are defined:

- o event-stream, typical example of event stream is NETCONF stream.
- o event-module, the name of YANG module associated with the ECA event.
- o event, it is event stream conveyed to the server.

For datastore event, the following additional attributes are defined:

datastore, the name of the datastore, typical example of datastore is running, operational state datastores.

data-path, in the form of XPATH expression.

data, it is event notification defined in a YANG module.

A client may define an event of interest by making use of YANG PUSH subscription. Specifically, the client may configure an ECA event according to the ECA model specifying the event's name, as well as the name of corresponding PUSH subscription. In this case, the server is expected to:

- o Register the event recording its name and using the referred PUSH subscription trigger as definition of the event firing trigger;
- o Auto-configure the event's ECA input in the form of local PVs using the PUSH subscription's filters;
- o At the moment of event firing intercept the notifications that would be normally sent to the PUSH subscription's client(s); copy the data store states pointed by the PUSH subscription's filters into the auto-configured ECA's local PVs and execute the ECA's condition-action chain.

All events (specified in at least one ECA pushed to the server) are required to be constantly monitored by the server. One way to think of this is that the server subscribes to its own publications with respect to all events that are associated with at least one ECA.

The model structure for the ECA Event is shown below:


```

+--rw events
| +--rw event* [event-name]
|   +--rw event-name          string
|   +--rw event-type?         identityref
|   +--rw policy-variable*    -> /gncd/policy-variables/policy-
variable/name
|   +--rw local-policy-variable* -> /gncd/ecas/eca/policy-variable/
name
|   +--rw (type-choice)?
|       +--:(server-event)
|           | +--rw event-stream?    string
|           | +--rw event-module?    string
|           | +--rw event?           <anydata>
|       +--:(datastore-event)
|           | +--rw datatore?        string
|           | +--rw data-path?       string
|           | +--rw data?            <anydata>
|       +--:(timer-event)
|       +--:(diagnostics-event)

```

3.3. ECA Condition

The ECA Condition is the logical expression that is specified in a form of XPath expression and evaluated to TRUE or FALSE. The XPath expression specifies an arbitrary logical/mathematical expression; The elements of the ECA Condition expression are referred by the XPaths pointing to referred datastore states.

The ECA Condition expression in the form of XPath expression allows for specifying a condition of arbitrary complexity as a single string with an XPath expression, in which pertinent PVs and datastore states are referred to by their respective positions in the YANG tree.

ECA Conditions are associated with ECA Events and evaluated only within event threads triggered by the event detection.

When an ECA Condition is evaluated to TRUE, the associated ECA Action is executed.

The model structure for the condition is shown below:

```

+--rw conditions
| +--rw condition* [name]
|   +--rw name          string
|   +--rw (expression-choice)?
|       +--:(xpath)
|           +--rw condition-xpath?  string

```


3.3.1. Mapping Policy Variables to XPath Variables

Policy variables are mapped to XPath variable bindings so they can be referenced in the XPath expression for a Condition.

- o The 'name' leaf value for the policy variable is mapped to the local-name of the XPath variable. No namespace is used for ECA variables. E.g., the policy variable named 'foo' would be accessible with a variable reference '\$foo'.
- o The local-name 'USER' is reserved and defined in NACM. The server SHOULD provide the USER variable as NACM is implemented.
- o XPath variables can be used in 2 main ways in an expression:

- 1) anchor of a path-expr

```
$node-set-variable/child1/nested2
```

- 2) right-hand side of a primary-expr

```
/foo[name = $scalar-variable]
```

- o It cannot be used in the middle of a path-expr

```
/interfaces/$node-set-variable/child1/nested2    // NOT OK
```

- o Since a variable is a primary expression it can be used in XPath expression constructions anywhere a primary-expr is allowed

```
$nodeset-variable1 | $ nodeset-variable2
```

```
($min-length + $avg-length) < $last-length
```

- o The values of all available policy variables are updated by the server (if required) before the XPath expression is evaluated. The variable binding value MUST NOT change while the XPath expression is being evaluated. If multiple references to the same variable exist in an XPath expression, they MUST resolve to the same value in each instance.

Example: `"/test1[name=$badfan] and /test2[name=$badfan]"`

The same value of 'badfan' is expected in each instance.

- o If a variable reference cannot be resolved because no policy variable with that name is accessible to the ECA under evaluation, then an eca-exception notification SHOULD be generated, and the XPath evaluation MUST be terminated with an error.

3.3.2. ECA XPath Context

All XPath expressions used in ECA share the following XPath context definition.

- o The set of namespace declarations is the set of all modules loaded into the server now. Prefix bindings can reference the set of namespace URIs for this set of modules.
- o All names SHOULD be namespace-qualified. There is no default namespace to use if no namespace is specified. If no namespace is used then the XPath step matches the local-name in all namespaces.
- o The function library is the core function library defined in [XPath], the functions defined in [Section 10 of \[RFC7950\]](#), and the ECALIB functions defined in this document [Section 3.5.1](#).
- o The set of variable bindings is set to all policy variables that are visible to the ECA under evaluation. This includes the local-policy-variable and policy-variable entries configured for the 'eca' entry. Since pv-source values can reference other policy variables, the order that these fields are set is significant.
- o The accessible tree is all state data in the server, and the running configuration datastore. The root node has all top-level data nodes in all modules as children.
- o The context node for all ECA XPath evaluation is the root node.

3.3.3. ECA Evaluation Exceptions

Not all errors can be detected at configuration time. Error that occur while ECA logis is being evaluated will cause the server to generate an eca-exception notification.

If the ECA is scheduled one time, an exception to ECA entry execution will be generated if the error occurs. If the ECA is scheduled periodically and duplicated exception notification is generated in the second period interval, ECA entry execution will be disabled automatically and in addition ECA entry disable exception will be generated and sent to the local client.


```
identity eca-exception-reason {
  description
    "Base of all values for the 'reason' leaf in the
    eca-exception notification.";
}

identity varbind-unknown {
  base eca-exception-reason;
  description
    "The requested policy variable binding is not defined.
    The variable binding cannot be resolved in the XPath
    evaluation.";
}

identity func-invoke-error {
  base eca-exception-reason;
  description
    "The function call is invoked and return false output.";
}

identity rpc-call-error {
  base eca-exception-reason;
  description
    "The rpc call is invoked and return false output.";
}

identity eca-entry-disable {
  base eca-exception-reason;
  description
    "The ECA entry is disabled if the same exception occurs more than once
    in the periodical ECA.";
}

// Additional exceptions can be added as needed
notification eca-exception {
  description
    "This notification is sent when some error occurs
    while the server is processing ECA logic.";
  leaf reason {
    type eca-exception-reason;
  }
}
```

3.4. ECA Action

The ECA Action list consists of updates or invocations on local managed object attributes and a set of actions are defined as follows, which will be performed when the corresponding event is triggered:

- o sending one time notification

- o (re-)configuration scheduling - scheduling one time or periodic (re-)configuration in the future
- o stopping current ECA;
- o invoking the same ECA recursively;

Three points are worth noting:

- o When a "Send notification" action is configured as an ECA Action, the notification message to be sent to the client may contain not only elements of the data store (as, for example, YANG PUSH or smart filter notifications do), but also the contents of global and local PVs, which store results of arbitrary operations performed on the data store contents (possibly over arbitrary period of time) to determine, for example, history/evolution of data store changes, median values, ranges and rates of the changes, results of configured function calls and expressions, etc. - in short, any data the client may find interesting about the associated event with all the logic to compute said data delegated to the server. Importantly, ECA notifications are the only ECA actions that directly interact with and hence need to be unambiguously understood by the client. Furthermore, the same ECA may originate numerous single or repetitive semantically different notifications within the same or separate event firings. In order to facilitate for the client, the correlation of events and ECA notifications received from the server, the ECA model requires each notification to carry mandatory information, such as event and (event scope unique) notification names.
- o Multiple ECA Actions could be triggered by a single ECA event.
- o Any given ECA Condition or Action may appear in more than one ECAs.

The model structure for the actions is shown below:


```

+--rw actions
| +--rw time-schedule!
| | +--rw period?    centiseconds
| +--rw action* [name]
|   +--rw name                string
|   +--rw action-element* [name]
|     | +--rw name                string
|     | +--rw action-type?        identityref
|     | +--rw (action-operation)?
|     |   +--:(action)
|     |     | +--rw next-period    boolean
|     |     | +--rw action-name?
|     |     |   -> /gnca/actions/action/name
|     |     +--:(function-call)
|     |       +--rw function-call
|     |         +--rw func-name    leafref
|     |         +--rw policy-source leafref
|     |         +--rw policy-result leafref
|     |       +--:(rpc-operation)
|     |         +--rw rpc-operation
|     |         +--rw rpc-name?    string
|     |         +--rw nc-action-xpath? string

```

3.5. ECA

An ECA container includes:

- o ECA name.
- o List of local PVs and global PVs. As mentioned, These PVs could be configured as dynamic (their instances appear/disappear with start/stop of the ECA execution) or as static (their instances exist as long as the ECA is configured). Global PV will be shared by multiple ECA instances while local PVs are within the scope of a specific ECA instance.
- o Normal CONDITION-ACTION list: configured conditions each with associated actions to be executed if the condition is evaluated to TRUE

Note that this document currently focuses on one event with multiple conditions and actions case. How different ECAs do not impact each other if they share PVs and other components is not in the scope of this document at this moment.

3.5.1. ECA XPath Function Library (ECALIB)

A set of common event PVs need to be set for every invocation of condition or action logic:

```
$event-type      (string)
$event-name      (string)
```

For event-type = "server-event"

```
$event-stream    (string)
$event-module    (string)
$event-name      (string)
$event           (node-set)
```

The condition can use these PVs directly in an expression
An expression can access client-configured PVs of course

```
$event/child[name=$some-global-var] > 10
```

For event-type = "datastore"

```
$datastore      (string)
$data-path      (string)
$data           (node-set)
```

The data is defined to be a container with the requested data as child nodes

```
$data/interface[type=$gigabit-eth] // (node-set is an array of data nodes,
usually
siblings)
```

A standard func call should be defined to specify operation on policy variables and xpath expression and store func result.

```
//Increment count by one each time increment-func is invoked
boolean function increment-func(number count)
```

```
//Decrement count by one each time decrement-func is invoked
boolean function decrement-func(number count)
```

```
//Exit the loop to monitor specific event
boolean function exit-func()
```

```
//Continue the loop to monitor the specific event
boolean function continue-func()
```

```
//set iteration variable as true if count variable is equal to or greater than
1
//set iteration variable as false if count variable is zero
```

boolean function match-func (string expr,number count,boolean iteration)

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```
// check every 5 seconds until the same event occurs 2 times
sustained-event("$event/child[type=$some-global-var]/descendant[$leaf1 >
10]", 5, 2)

boolean function sustained-event (string expr, number interval, number count)
    test expression 'expr' once per 'interval'. Keep testing once per
    interval until true result reached, i.e., both xpath expression is
    evaluated to true and 'count' number of interval on specific data
    object has been tested true
    (e.g., the same event occurs 'count' times )Return true if condition
    tested true for count intervals; Returns false otherwise;

// check the event record every 5 seconds and filter the event record with
    constraint of a specific descendant node to the event record root node
    filtered-event("$event/child/descendant[$leaf1 > 10]", "$event",5)

boolean function filtered-event (string input-expr,string output-expr,number
    interval)test expression 'expr'once per 'interval' and generate event
    record output represented by 'output-expr' based on 'input-expr'.
    Note than 'output-expr'and 'input-expr'share the same root node;

A standard rpc should be defined to specify the operation on the event stream
// suppress the event stream corresponding to XPATH expression
boolean rpc event-duplication-suppress(string expr)
```

The ECA XPath function library is expected to grow over time and additional standard or vendor function libraries should be possible. The server should provide a read-only list of ECA function libraries supported. How it is exposed to the client is beyond scope of this document.

```
+--rw eca-func-libs
  +--rw eca-function* [func-name]
    |   +--rw func-name    string
  +--rw eca-rpc* [rpc-name]
    |   +--rw rpc-name     string
  +--rw eca-name      -> /gncd/ecas/eca/name
```

Note that ECA accesses specific datastores in the same way as YANG Push [[RFC8641](#)]. The difference is condition expression is introduced to further filter nodes in the node set and the policy variable is introduced to keep the intermediate states during the interaction between the local client and the server.

4. ECA YANG Model (Tree Structure)

The following tree diagrams [[RFC8340](#)] provide an overview of the data model for the "ietf-eca" module.


```

module: ietf-eca
  +--rw gncd
    +--rw policy-variables
      | +--rw policy-variable* [name]
      |   +--rw name string
      |   +--rw type identityref
      |   +--rw (xpath-value-choice)?
      |     +--:(policy-source)
      |       | +--rw (pv-source)
      |         | +--:(xpath-expr)
      |           | +--rw xpath-expr? yang:xpath1.0
      |           | +--:(scalar-constant)
      |             | +--rw scalar-constant? string
      |             | +--:(nodeset-constant)
      |               +--rw nodeset-constant? <anydata>
      |     +--:(policy-result)
      |       +--rw (pv-result)
      |         +--:(scalar-value)
      |           | +--rw scalar-value? string
      |           | +--:(nodeset-value)
      |             +--rw nodeset-value? <anydata>
    +--rw events
      | +--rw event* [event-name]
      |   +--rw event-name string
      |   +--rw event-type? identityref
      |   +--rw policy-variable*
      |     -> /gncd/policy-variables/policy-
variable/name
      |   +--rw local-policy-variable*
      |     -> /gncd/ecas/eca/policy-variable/
name
      |   +--rw (type-choice)?
      |     +--:(server-event)
      |       | +--rw event-stream? string
      |       | +--rw event-module? string
      |       | +--rw event? <anydata>
      |     +--:(datastore-event)
      |       | +--rw datatore? string
      |       | +--rw data-path? string
      |       | +--rw data? <anydata>
      |     +--:(timer-event)
      |       | +--rw start-time yang:date-and-time
      |       | +--rw duration centiseconds
      |       | +--rw repeat-option identityref
      |       | +--rw repeat-time-len centiseconds
      |     +--:(diagnostics-event)
    +--rw conditions
      | +--rw condition* [name]
      |   +--rw name string
      |   +--rw (expression-choice)?

```



```
|      +---:(xpath)
|      +---rw condition-xpath?  string
```

```

+--rw actions
| +--rw time-schedule!
| | +--rw period? centiseconds
| +--rw action* [name]
| | +--rw name string
| | +--rw action-element* [name]
| | | +--rw name string
| | | +--rw action-type? identityref
| | | +--rw (action-operation)?
| | | | +--:(action)
| | | | | +--rw next-period boolean
| | | | | +--rw action-name?
| | | | | -> /gnca/actions/action/name
| | | | +--:(function-call)
| | | | | +--rw function-call
| | | | | | +--rw func-name leafref
| | | | | | +--rw policy-source leafref
| | | | | | +--rw policy-result leafref
| | | | +--:(rpc-operation)
| | | | | +--rw rpc-operation
| | | | | +--rw rpc-name? string
| | | | | +--rw nc-action-xpath? string
+--rw ecas
| +--rw eca* [name]
| | +--rw name string
| | +--rw username string
| | +--rw event-name string
| | +--rw policy-variable* [name]
| | | +--rw name leafref
| | | +--rw is-static? boolean
| | +--rw condition-action* [name]
| | | +--rw name string
| | | +--rw condition* -> /gncd/conditions/condition/name
| | | +--rw action? -> /gncd/actions/action/name
| +---x start
| +---x stop
| +---x next-action
+--rw eca-func-libs
  +--rw eca-function* [func-name]
  | +--rw func-name string
  +--rw eca-rpc* [rpc-name]
  | +--rw rpc-name string
  +--rw eca-name -> /gncd/ecas/eca/name

```

notifications:

```

+---n eca-exception
| +--ro reason? identityref
+---n custom-notification

```



```

+--ro eventTime      yang:date-and-time
+--ro event-type?    identityref
+--ro (type-choice)?
|  +--:(server-event)
|  |  +--ro event-stream?      string
|  |  +--ro event-module?     string
|  |  +--ro policy-result     leafref
|  +--:(datastore-event)
|  |  +--ro datatore?         string
|  |  +--ro data-path?       string
|  |  +--ro policy-result     leafref

```

5. ECA YANG Module

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-eca@2019-10-28.yang"
```

```

module ietf-eca {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-eca";
  prefix gnca;

  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
  }
  import ietf-netconf-acm {
    prefix nacm;
    reference
      "RFC8341: Network Configuration Access Control Model";
  }
  organization
    "IETF Network Configuration (NETCONF) Working Group";
  contact
    "WG Web:  <http://tools.ietf.org/wg/netmod/>
    WG List:  <mailto:netmod@ietf.org>
    Editor:   Qin Wu
              <mailto:bill.wu@huawei.com>
    Editor:   Igor Bryskin
              <mailto:Igor.Bryskin@huawei.com>
    Editor:   Henk Birkholz
              <mailto:henk.birkholz@sit.fraunhofer.de>
    Editor:   Xufeng Liu
              <mailto:xufeng.liu.ietf@gmail.com>
    Editor:   Benoit Claise
              <mailto:bclaise@cisco.com>
    Editor:   Andy Bierman
              <mailto:andy@yumaworks.com>
    Editor:   Alexander Clemm
              <mailto:ludwig@clemm.org>";

```



```
description
  "Event Condition Action (ECA) model.";

revision 2018-06-22 {
  description
    "Initial revision";
  reference
    "RFC XXXX";
}

identity argument-type {
  description
    "Possible values are:
    constant, variable, or datastore state.";
}

identity comparison-type {
  description
    "Possible values are:
    equal, not-equal, greater, greater-equal, less, less-equal.";
}

identity logical-operation-type {
  description
    "Possible values are:
    not, or, and.";
}

identity function-type {
  description
    "Possible values are:
    plus, minus, mult, divide, sustained-event.";
}

identity sustained-event {
  description
    "Identity for standard sustained-event function call,
    the input variables for sustained-event include string
    expr, number interval, number count. Keep testing
    expression 'expr' once per interval until false result
    reached. Return true if condition tested true
    for count intervals; Returns false otherwise.";
}

identity plus {
  description
    "Identity for standard plus function call, the input
    variables for plus function call include src policy argument
```



```
        and dst policy arugment.";
    }

    identity minus {
        description
            "Identity for standard minus function call, the input
            variables for plus function call include src policy argument
            and dst policy arugment.";
    }

    identity multiply {
        description
            "Identity for standard multiply function call, the input
            variables for multiply function call include src policy argument
            and dst policy arugment.";
    }

    identity divide {
        description
            "Identity for standard divide function call, the input
            variables for multiply function call include src policy argument
            and dst policy arugment.";
    }

    identity action-type {
        description
            "Possible values are:
            action, function-call, rpc.";
    }

    identity event-type {
        description
            "Base identity for Event Type.";
    }

    identity server-event {
        base event-type;
        description
            "Identity for server event.";
    }

    identity datastore-event {
        base event-type;
        description
            "Identity for datastore event.";
    }

    identity timer-event {
```



```
    base event-type;
    description
        "Identity for timer event.";
}

identity diagnostics-event {
    base event-type;
    description
        "Identity for diagnostics event.";
}

identity eca-exception-reason {
    description
        "Base of all values for the 'reason' leaf in the
        eca-exception notification.";
}

identity varbind-unknown {
    base eca-exception-reason;
    description
        "The requested policy variable binding is not defined.
        The variable binding cannot be resolved in the XPath
        evaluation.";
}

typedef centiseconds {
    type uint32;
    description
        "A period of time, measured in units of 0.01 seconds.";
}

typedef oper-status {
    type enumeration {
        enum completed {
            description
                "Completed with no error.";
        }
        enum running {
            description
                "Currently with no error.";
        }
        enum sleeping {
            description
                "Sleeping because of time schedule.";
        }
        enum stoped {
            description
                "Stopped by the operator.";
        }
    }
}
```



```
    }
    enum failed {
      description
        "Failed with errors.";
    }
    enum error-handling {
      description
        "Asking the operator to handle an error.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The operational status of an ECA execution.";
}

grouping scalar-value {
  leaf scalar-value {
    type string;
    description
      "Represents an XPath simple value that has an
       XPath type of Boolean, String, or Number.
       This value will be converted to an XPath type,
       as needed.

       A YANG value is encoded as a string using the same
       rules as the 'default' value for the data type.

       An eca-exception notification is generated if a scalar
       XPath value is used in a path expression, where a
       node-set is expected. Normally XPath will treat this result
       as an empty node-set, but this is an ECA programming error.";
  }
}

grouping nodeset-value {
  anydata nodeset-value {
    description
      "Represents an XPath node set. A 'node-set' anydata node
       with no child data nodes represents an empty node-set.
       Each child node in within this anydata structure
       represents a subtree that is present in the XPath
       node-set.

       An XPath node-set is not required to contain a top-level
       YANG data node. It is not required to contain an entire
       complete subtree.

       It is an implementation-specific manner how a
       representation of YANG 'anydata' nodes are mapped
```



```
        to specific YANG module schema definitions.";
    }
}
grouping scalar-constant {
  leaf scalar-constant {
    type string;
    description
      "Represents an XPath simple value that has an
       XPath type of Boolean, String, or Number.
       This value will be converted to an XPath type,
       as needed.

       A YANG value is encoded as a string using the same
       rules as the 'default' value for the data type.

       An eca-exception notification is generated if a scalar
       XPath value is used in a path expression, where a
       node-set is expected. Normally XPath will treat this result
       as an empty node-set, but this is an ECA programming error.";
  }
}

grouping nodeset-constant {
  anydata nodeset-constant {
    description
      "Represents an XPath node set. A 'node-set' anydata node
       with no child data nodes represents an empty node-set.
       Each child node in within this anydata structure
       represents a subtree that is present in the XPath
       node-set.

       An XPath node-set is not required to contain a top-level
       YANG data node. It is not required to contain an entire
       complete subtree.

       It is an implementation-specific manner how a
       representation of YANG 'anydata' nodes are mapped
       to specific YANG module schema definitions.";
  }
}

grouping pv-source {
  choice pv-source {
    mandatory true;
    description
      "A PV source represents an XPath result, which contains
       one of four data types: Boolean, Number, String,
       and Node Set. XPath defines mechanisms to covert
       values between these four types.
```


The 'xpath-expr' leaf is used to assign the PV source to the result of an arbitrary XPath expression. The result of this expression evaluation is used internally as needed. The result may be any one of the XPath data types.

The 'scalar-constant' leaf is used to represent a Boolean, String, or Number XPath constant value.

The 'nodeset-constant' anydata structure is used to represent a constant XPath node-set.";

```
leaf xpath-expr {
  type yang:xpath1.0;
  description
    "Contains an XPath expression that must be evaluated
    to produce an XPath value. [section X.X] describes
    the XPath execution environment used to process this
    object.";
}

case scalar-constant {
  uses scalar-constant;
}
case nodeset-constant {
  uses nodeset-constant;
}
}
```

```
grouping pv-result {
  choice pv-result {
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Represents the value of the result of an
      Policy Variable evaluation.
```

The 'scalar-value' leaf is used to represent a Boolean, String, or Number XPath result value.

The 'nodeset-value' anydata structure is used to represent an XPath node-set result.";

```
case scalar-value {
  uses scalar-value;
}
case nodeset-value {
  uses nodeset-value;
```



```
    }
  }
}

grouping policy-variable-attributes {
  description
    "Defining the policy variable attributes, including name, type
    and value. These attributes are used as part of the Policy
    Variable (PV) definition.";
  leaf name {
    type string;
    description
      "A string to uniquely identify a Policy Variable (PV), either
      globally for a global PV, or within the soope of ECA for a
      local PV.";
  }
  choice xpath-value-choice {
    description
      "The type of a policy variable may be either a common
      primitive type like boolean or a type from existing
      schema node referenced by an XPath string.";
    /*case scalar {
      uses scalar-value;
    }
    case nodeset {
      uses nodeset-value;
    }*/
    case policy-source {
      uses pv-source;
    }
    case policy-result {
      uses pv-result;
    }
  }
}

grouping action-element-attributes {
  description
    "Grouping of action element attributes.";
  leaf action-type {
    type identityref {
      base action-type;
    }
    description
      "Identifies the action type.";
  }
  choice action-operation {
    description
```



```
    "The operation choices that an ECA Action can take.";
case action {
  leaf next-period {
    type boolean;
    description
      "invoke the same eca recursively if the next period
       is set to true.";
  }
  leaf action-name {
    type leafref {
      path "/gncd/actions/action/name";
    }
    description
      "The operation is to execute a configured ECA Action.";
  }
} // action
case function-call {
  container function-call {
    description
      "The operation is to call a function, which is of one of
       a few basic predefined types, such as plus, minus,
       multiply, devide, or remainder.";
    leaf function-name {
      type string;
      description
        "The name of function call to be called";
    }
    leaf policy-source {
      type leafref {
        path "/gncd/policy-variables/policy-variable/name";
      }
      description
        "The policy source.";
    }
    leaf policy-result {
      type leafref {
        path "/gncd/policy-variables/policy-variable/name";
      }
      description
        "The policy result.";
    }
  }
} // function-call
case rpc-operation {
  container rpc-operation {
    description
      "The operation is to call an RPC, which is defined by
       a YANG module supported by the server.";
```



```
        leaf rpc-name {
            type string;
            description
                "The name of the YANG RPC or YANG action to be
                called.";
        }
        leaf nc-action-xpath {
            type string;
            description
                "The location where the YANG action is defined.
                This is used if and only if a YANG action is called.
                This leaf is not set when a YANG RPC is called.";
        }
    }
} // rpc-operation

/*case notify-operation {
    container notify-operation {
        description
            "The operation is to send a YANG notification.";
        leaf name {
            type string;
            description
                "Name of the subscribed YANG notification.";
        }
        list policy-variable {
            key "name";
            description
                "A list of policy arguments carried in the notification
                message.";
            leaf name {
                type string;
                description
                    "A string name used as the list key to form a list
                    of policy arguments.";
            }
        }
    }
}*/
}

grouping time-schedule-container {
    description
        "Grouping to define a container of a time schedule.";
    container time-schedule {
        presence "Presence indicates that the timer is enabled.";
        description
```



```
    "Specifying the time schedule to execute an ECA Action, or
    trigger an event.";
  leaf period {
    type centiseconds;
    description
      "Duration of time that should occur between periodic
      push updates, in units of 0.01 seconds.";
  }
}
}

container gncd {
  nacm:default-deny-all;
  description
    "Top level container for Generalized Network Control Automation
    (gncd).";
  container policy-variables {
    description
      "Container of global Policy Variables (PVs).";
    list policy-variable {
      key "name";
      description
        "A list of global Policy Variables (PVs), with a string
        name as the entry key.";
      uses policy-variable-attributes;
    }
  }
}

container events {
  description
    "Container of ECA events.";
  list event {
    key "event-name";
    description
      "A list of events used as the triggers of ECAs.";
    leaf event-name {
      type string;
      description
        "The name of the event.";
    }
    leaf event-type {
      type identityref {
        base event-type;
      }
      description
        "The type of the event.";
    }
    leaf-list policy-variable {
      type leafref {
```



```
        path "/gncd/policy-variables/"
          + "policy-variable/name";
      }
    description
      "global policy variables, which
       are shared by all ECA scripts.";
  }
  leaf-list local-policy-variable {
    type leafref {
      path "/gncd/ecas/eca/policy-variable/name";
    }
    description
      "local policy variables, which
       are kept within an ECA instance, and appears/
       disappears with start/stop of the ECA execution.";
  }

  choice type-choice {
    description
      "The type of an event, including server event and datastore
event.";
    case server-event {
      leaf event-stream {
        type string;
        description
          "The name of a subscribed stream .";
      }
      leaf event-module {
        type string;
        description
          "The name of YANG data module associated with the subscribed
          stream.";
      }
    }
    anydata event {
      description
        "This anydata value MUST Contain the absolute XPath
        expression identifying the element path to the node that is
        associated with subscribed stream.";
    }
  }
  case datastore-event {
    leaf datatore {
      type string;
      description
        "The name of a datatore from which applications
        subscribe to updates.";
    }
    leaf data-path {
```

```
type string;
```

```
        description
            "The absolute XPath expression identifying the
            element path to the node that is associated with
            subscribed stream.";
    }
    anydata data {
        description
            "This anydata value MUST Contain the node that is
            associated with the data path.";
    }
}
case timer-event {
    leaf start-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        description
            "This object specifies the scheduled start date/time to
trigger
            timer event.";
    }
    leaf duration {
        type centiseconds;
        description
            "This object specifies duration of the timer event
execution.";
    }
    leaf repeat-option {
        type centiseconds;
        description
            "This object indicate repeat option, e.g., repeat everyday,
everyweek,
            everymoth,everyyear or every specfied time length.";
    }
    leaf repeat-len {
        type centiseconds;
        description
            "This object specifies the time length in 0.01 seconds after
which
            the timer event is executed for the duration.";
    }
}
case diagnostics-event;
}
}
}
container conditions {
    description
        "Container of ECA Conditions.";
    list condition {
```

```
key "name";  
description  
    "A list of ECA Conditions."  
leaf name {
```

```
    type string;
    description
      "A string name to uniquely identify an ECA Condition
      globally.";
  }
  choice expression-choice {
    description
      "The choices of expression format to specify a condition,
      which can be either a XPath string.";
    case xpath {
      leaf condition-xpath {
        type string;
        description
          "A XPath string, representing a logical expression,
          which can contain comparisons of datastore values
          and logical operations in the XPath format.";
      }
    }
  }
}
}
}
}
container actions {
  description
    "Container of ECA Actions.";
  uses time-schedule-container {
    description
      "Specifying the time schedule to execute this ECA
      Action.
      If not specified, the ECA Action is executed one time immediately
      when it is called.";
  }
  list action {
    key "name";
    description
      "A list of ECA Actions.";
    leaf name {
      type string;
      description
        "A string name to uniquely identify an ECA Action
        globally.";
    }
    list action-element {
      key "name";
      description
        "A list of elements contained in an ECA Action. ";
      leaf name {
        type string;
        description
```



```
        "A string name to uniquely identify the action element
        within the scope of an ECA action.";
    }
    uses action-element-attributes;
}
}
}
container ecas {
    description
        "Container of ECAs.";
    list eca {
        key "name";
        description
            "A list of ECAs";
        leaf name {
            type string;
            description
                "A string name to uniquely identify an ECA globally.";
        }
        leaf username {
            type string;
            mandatory true;
            description
                "Name of the user for the session.";
        }
        leaf event-name {
            type string;
            mandatory true;
            description
                "The name of an event that triggers the execution of
                this ECA.";
        }
        list policy-variable {
            key "name";
            description
                "A list of ECA local Policy Variables (PVs), with a
                string name as the entry key.";
            leaf name {
                type leafref {
                    path "/gncd/policy-variables/policy-variable/name";
                }
            }
        }
        leaf is-static {
            type boolean;
            description
                "'true' if the PV is static; 'false' if the PV is
                dynamic.
                A dynamic PV appears/disappears with the start/stop
```



```
        of the ECA execution; a static PV exists as long as
        the ECA is configured.";
    }
}
list condition-action {
    key "name";
    ordered-by user;
    description
        "A list of Condition-Actions, which are configured
        conditions each with associated actions to be executed
        if the condition is evaluated to TRUE. The server can do
        multiple action when the condition is true. If the next-period
        is set to true, condition-action will be executed recursively.
        It is also possible to require multiple conditions to be true
        in order to do one action.";
    leaf name {
        type string;
        description
            "A string name uniquely identify a Condition-Action
            within this ECA.";
    }
    leaf-list condition {
        type leafref {
            path "/gncd/conditions/condition/name";
        }
        description
            "The reference to a configured condition.";
    }
    leaf action {
        type leafref {
            path "/gncd/actions/action/name";
        }
        description
            "The reference to a configured action.";
    }
}
action start {
    description
        "Start to execute this ECA. The start action is invoked
        by the local client when the event type is set to diagnostic
        event.";
}
action stop {
    description
        "Stop the execution of this ECA. The stop action is invoked
        by the local client when the event type is set to diagnostic
        event.";
}
```



```
        action next-action {
            description
                "Resume the execution of this ECA to complete the next
                action. The next action is invoked by the local client
                when the event type is set to diagnostic event.";
        }
    }
}
container eca-func-libs {
    description
        "Container of ECA Function Libraries.";
    list eca-function {
        key func-name;
        description
            "A list of ECA standard function.";
        leaf func-name {
            type string;
            description
                "A string name to uniquely identify an ECA standard function.";
        }
    }
}
list rpc-function {
    key rpc-name;
    description
        "A list of ECA standard function.";
    leaf rpc-name {
        type string;
        description
            "A string name to uniquely identify an ECA standard RPC.";
    }
}
leaf eca-name {
    type leafref {
        path "/gncd/ecas/eca/name";
    }
    description
        "The reference to a configured ECA.";
}
} // eca-scripts
}

notification eca-exception {
    description
        "This notification is sent when some error occurs
        while the server is processing ECA logic.";
    leaf reason {
        type identityref {
            base eca-exception-reason;
        }
    }
}
```



```
    }
  }
}
notification custom-notification {
  description
    "This notification is sent when some error occurs
    while the server is processing ECA logic.";
  leaf eventTime {
    type yang:date-and-time;
    description
      "The event occurrence time";
  }
  leaf event-type {
    type identityref {
      base event-type;
    }
    description
      "The type of the event.";
  }
  choice type-choice {
    description
      "The type of an event, including server event and datastore
event.";
    case server-event {
      leaf event-stream {
        type string;
        description
          "The name of a subscribed stream .";
      }
      leaf event-module {
        type string;
        description
          "The name of YANG data module associated with the subscribed
          stream.";
      }
      anydata event {
        description
          "This anydata value MUST Contain the absolute XPath
          expression identifying the element path to the node that is
          associated with subscribed stream.";
      }
    }
  }
  case datastore-event {
    leaf datatore {
      type string;
      description
        "The name of a datatore from which applications
        subscribe to updates.";
    }
  }
}
```

}

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```
    leaf data-path {
      type string;
      description
        "The absolute XPath expression identifying the
         element path to the node that is associated with
         subscribed stream..";
    }
    anydata data {
      description
        "This anydata value MUST Contain the node that is
         associated with the data path.";
    }
  }
}
```

<CODE ENDS>

6. Security Considerations

The YANG modules defined in this document MAY be accessed via the RESTCONF protocol [[RFC8040](#)] or NETCONF protocol ([[RFC6241](#)]). The lowest RESTCONF or NETCONF layer requires that the transport-layer protocol provides both data integrity and confidentiality, see [Section 2 in \[RFC8040\]](#) and [[RFC6241](#)]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is Secure Shell (SSH)[[RFC6242](#)] . The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [[RFC5246](#)].

The NETCONF access control model [[RFC6536](#)] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF or RESTCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF or RESTCONF protocol operations and content.

There are a number of data nodes defined in this YANG module that are writable/creatable/deletable (i.e., config true, which is the default). These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Write operations (e.g., edit-config) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- o /gnca:gncd/gnca:policy-variables/gnca:policy-variable/gnca:name
- o /gnca:gncd/gnca:events/gnca:event/gnca:name

- o /gnca:gnacd/gnca:conditions/gnca:condition/gnca:name
- o /gnca:gnacd/gnca:actions/gnca:action/gnca:name
- o /gnca:gnacd/gnca:ecas/gnca:eca/gnca:name
- o /gnca:gnacd/gnca:ecas/gnca:eca/gnca:username
- o /gnca:gnacd/gnca:eca-func-libs/gnca:eca-function/gnca:func-name

7. IANA Considerations

This document registers two URIs in the IETF XML registry [[RFC3688](#)]. Following the format in [[RFC3688](#)], the following registrations are requested to be made:

```
-----  
URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-eca  
Registrant Contact: The IESG.  
XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.  
-----
```

This document registers one YANG module in the YANG Module Names registry [[RFC6020](#)].

```
-----  
Name:          ietf-eca  
Namespace:     urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-eca  
Prefix:        gnca  
Reference:     RFC xxxx  
-----
```

8. Acknowledges

Igor Bryskin, Xufeng Liu, Alexander Clemm, Henk Birkholz, Tianran Zhou contributed to an earlier version of [GNCA]. We would like to thank the authors of that document on event response behaviors delegation for material that assisted in thinking that helped improve this document. We also would like to thanks Tom Petch, Juergen Schoenwaelder, Randy Preshun, Lingli Deng, Chang Liu, Yunbo Yan, Jonathan Hansford, Daniel King, Dhruv Dhody, Michale Wang, Xiaopeng Qin, Yu Yang, Haoyu Song, Tianran Zhou, Aihua Guo, Nicola Sambo, Giuseppe Fioccola for valuable review on this document.

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Appendix A. ECA Condition Expression Examples

Here are two examples of Condition Expression:

(a) a condition that only includes data store states and constants, for example:

TE metric of Link L in Topology T greater than 100,
it can be expressed as follows:

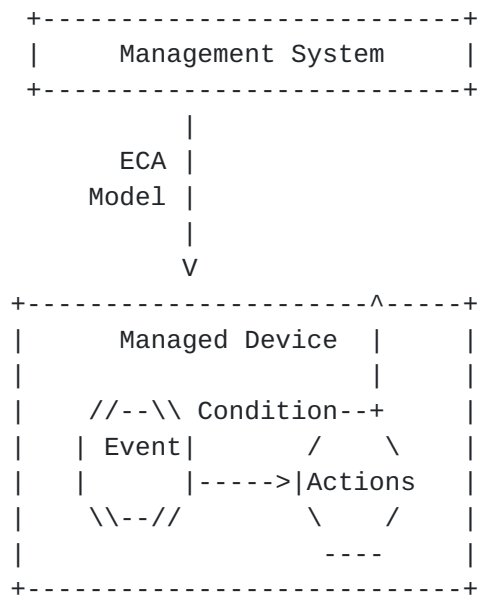
```
"/nw:networks/nw:network[network-id='T']/nt:link[link-id='L']/tet:te\
/tet:te-link-attributes/tet:te-delay-metric > 100"
```

(b) a condition that also includes a Policy Variable, for example:

Allocated bandwidth of Link L in Topology T greater than 75% of
what is stored in Policy Variable B, it can be expressed as follows:

```
"/nw:networks/nw:network[network-id='T']/nt:link[link-id='L']/tet:te\
/tet:te-link-attributes/tet:max-resv-link-bandwidth\
> (ietf-eca:policy-variables/policy-variable[name='B']/value) * 0.75"
```

Appendix B. Usage Example of Smart Filter using Server Event Trigger



The management system designs a new ECA policy based on monitored objects in ietf-interfaces module that support threshold checking and pushes down the ECA policy to control interface behavior in the managed device that supports NETCONF/RESTCONF protocol operation, i.e., scan all interfaces for a certain type every 5 seconds and check the counters or status, return an array of interface entries (XPath node-set) that match the search and suppress reporting of duplicated events if all conditions are evaluated into true. The XML example snippet is shown as below:

```
<gnca>
  <policy-variables>
    <policy-variable>
```



```
        <name>event-repeat-count</name>
        <scalar-constant>0</scalar-constant>
    </policy-variable>
    <policy-variable>
        <name>interface-statistics-event</name>
        <xpath-expr>if:interfaces/if:interface[if:type=if:gigabitEthernet,
if:oper-status=down]</xpath-expr>
    </policy-variable>
</policy-variables>
<events>
    <event>
        <event-name>interface-self-monitoring</event-name>
        <event-type>server-event</event-type>
        <event-stream>NETCONF</event-stream>
        <event-module>ietf-interfaces</event-module>
        <event>if:interfaces/if:interface[if:type=if:gigabitEthernet]</
event>
    </event>
</events>
<conditions>
    <condition>
        <name>if-monitoring-condition1</name>
        <condition-xpath>event[if:oper-status=down]</condition-xpath>
    </condition>
    <condition>
        <name>if-monitoring-condition2</name>
        <condition-xpath>event[if:oper-status!=down]</condition-xpath>
    </condition>
    <condition>
        <name>if-monitoring-condition3</name>
        <condition-xpath>event-repeat-count >1 </condition-xpath>
    </condition>
    <condition>
        <name>if-monitoring-condition4</name>
        <condition-xpath>event-repeat-count <=1 </condition-xpath>
    </condition>
</conditions>
<actions>
    <time-schedule>
        <period>5</period>
    </time-schedule>
    <action>
        <name>if-matched-statistics1</name>
        <action-element>
            <name>event-filter-action</name>
            <func-name>filtered-event</func-name>
            <policy-source>interface-statistics-event</policy-source>
            <policy-result>event</policy-result>
```

</action-element>

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```
<action-element>
  <name>increment-action</name>
  <func-name>increment-function</func-name>
  <policy-source>event-repeat-count</policy-source>
  <policy-result>event-repeat-count</policy-result>
</action-element>
<action-element>
  <name>suppress-action</name>
  <rpc-operation>
    <name>suppress-notification</name>
  </rpc-operation>
</action-element>
<action-element>
  <name>continue-check-action</name>
  <func-name>match-function</func-name>
  <policy-source>interface-statistics-event</policy-source>
  <policy-source>event-repeat-count</policy-source>
  <policy-result>next-period</policy-result>
</action-element>
</action>
<action>
  <name>if-matched-statistics2</name>
  <action-element>
    <name>event-filter-action</name>
    <func-name>filtered-event</func-name>
    <policy-source>interface-statistics-event</policy-source>
    <policy-result>event</policy-result>
  </action-element>
  <action-element>
    <name>increment-action</name>
    <func-name>increment-function</func-name>
    <policy-source>event-repeat-count</policy-source>
    <policy-result>event-repeat-count</policy-result>
  </action-element>
  <action-element>
    <name>continue-check-action</name>
    <func-name>match-function</func-name>
    <policy-source>interface-statistics-event</policy-source>
    <policy-source>event-repeat-count</policy-source>
    <policy-result>next-period</policy-result>
  </action-element>
</action>
<action>
  <name>if-matched-statistics3</name>
  <action-element>
    <name>decrement-action</name>
    <func-name>decrement-function</func-name>
    <policy-source>event-repeat-count</policy-source>
```



```
        <policy-result>event-repeat-count</policy-result>
    </action-element>
    <action-element>
        <name>exit-action</name>
        <func-name>exit-func</func-name>
    </action-element>
</action>
</actions>
<ecas>
    <eca>
        <name>interface-eca-handling</name>
        <user-name>Bob</user-name>
        <event-name>interface-self-monitoring</event-name>
        <condition-action>
            <name>smart-filter1</name>
            <condition>if-monitoring-condition1</condition>
            <condition>if-monitoring-condition3</condition>
            <action>
                <name>if-matched-statistics1</name>
                <action-element>
                    <name>event-filter-action</name>
                </action-element>
                <action-element>
                    <name>increment-action</name>
                </action-element>
                <action-element>
                    <name>suppress-action</name>
                </action-element>
                <action-element>
                    <name>continue-check-action</name>
                </action-element>
            </action>
        </condition-action>
        <condition-action>
            <name>smart-filter2</name>
            <condition>if-monitoring-condition1</condition>
            <condition>if-monitoring-condition4</condition>
            <action>
                <name>if-matched-statistics2</name>
                <action-element>
                    <name>event-filter-action</name>
                </action-element>
                <action-element>
                    <name>increment-action</name>
                </action-element>
                <action-element>
                    <name>continue-check-action</name>
                </action-element>
            </action>
        </condition-action>
    </eca>
</ecas>
```



```

        </action>
      </condition-action>
    <condition-action>
      <name>smart-filter3</name>
      <condition>if-monitoring-condition2</condition>
      <action>
        <name>if-matched-statistics3</name>
        <action-element>
          <name>decrement-action</name>
        </action-element>
        <action-element>
          <name>exit-action</name>
        </action-element>
      </action>
    </condition-action>
  </eca>
</ecas>
<eca-func-libs>
  <eca-function>
    <func-name>filtered-event</func-name>
  </eca-function>
  <eca-function>
    <func-name>increment-function</func-name>
  </eca-function>
  <eca-function>
    <func-name>decrement-function</func-name>
  </eca-function>
  <eca-function>
    <func-name>exit-function</func-name>
  </eca-function>
  <eca-function>
    <func-name>match-function</func-name>
  </eca-function>
  <eca-rpc>
    <rpc-name>event-duplication-suppress</rpc-name>
  </eca-rpc>
  <eca-name>interface-eca-handling</eca-name>
</eca-func-libs>
</gnca>

// This custom-notification is only sent when there is no duplicated event to
// occur.
<custom-notification xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:notification:1.0">
  <eventTime>2016-11-21T13:51:00Z</eventTime>
  <event-type>server-event</event-type>
  <event-stream>NETCONF</event-stream>
  <event-module>ietf-interfaces</event-module>
  <event>if:interfaces/if:interface[if:type=if:gigabitEthernet]</event>

```


<interfaces

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```
    xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-interfaces"
    xmlns:ianaift="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:iana-if-type">
<interface>
  <name>GE0</name>
  <type>ianaift:gigabitEthernet</type>
  <enabled>false</enabled>
</interface>
.....
<interface>
  <name>GE1</name>
  <type>ianaift:gigabitEthernet</type>
  <enabled>true</enabled>
  ...
</interface>
.....
<interface>
  <name>GE2</name>
  <type>ianaift:gigabitEthernet</type>
  ...
  <enabled>true</enabled>
</interface>
</eca-report>
</custom-notification>
```

In this example, the event name is set to 'interface-self-monitoring', the event type is set to 'server-event', the function name of ECA function libraries is set to 'sustained-event', 'increment-function', 'decrement-function', 'match-function', 'exit-function' the rpc name of ECA function libraries is set to 'event-duplication-suppress', the name of 'condition-action' is corresponding to standard function calls described above. The pseudo code of ECA logic can be described as follows:


```

count = 0;
while { next-period = true}
if(interface is down ) {
    event= filtered event;//eca exception will be notified to the local
client if invoking filtered event fails
    count++;
    if(count > 1){
        suppress event;//eca exception will be notified to the local client if
invoking filtered event fails
        next-period = true;
        exit;
    }else if( count <= 1) {
        next-period = true;
        call custom-notification;
        continue;
    }
}else if ( interface is not down){
    next-period = false;
    count=0;
    exit;
}
}

```

[Appendix C](#). Usage Example of Router Log Dump using Timer Event Trigger

Use a watchdog to dump the router log every 180 seconds to a flash.
The XML example snippet is shown as below:

```

<gnca>
  <policy-variables>
    <policy-variable>
      <name>syslog-remote-info</name>
      <xpath-expr>syslog:syslog/syslog:actions/syslog:remote</xpath-expr>
    </policy-variable>
  </policy-variables>
  <events>
    <event>
      <event-name>log-dump-monitoring</event-name>
      <start-time>2020-10-21T13:51:00Z</start-time>
      <duration>12000</duration>
      <repeat-option>everyminutes</repeat-option>
      <repeat-time-length>3</repeat-time-length>
    </event>
  </events>
  <actions>
    <action>
      <name>log-dump-statistics</name>
      <action-element>

```

```
<name>log-dump-action</name>  
<rpc-name>syslog-remote-output</rpc-name>
```

```

        <nc-action-xpath>syslog-remote-info</nc-action-xpath>
      </action-element>
    </action>
  </actions>
<ecas>
  <eca>
    <name>log-dump-handling</name>
    <user-name>Bob</user-name>
    <event-name>log-dump-monitoring</event-name>
    <condition-action>
      <name>cron-log-monitoring</name>
      <action>
        <name>log-dump-statistics</name>
        <action-element>
          <name>syslog-remote-output</name>
        </action-element>
      </action>
    </condition-action>
  </eca>
</ecas>
<eca-func-libs>
  <eca-rpc>
    <rpc-name>syslog-remote-output</rpc-name>
  </eca-rpc>
  <eca-name>log-dump-handling</eca-name>
</eca-func-libs>
</gnca>

```

[Appendix D.](#) Usage Example of High CPU Utilization Troubleshooting

It is usually found that at times the CPU utilization spikes up for a very short period of time and at indeterminate times. ECA to be executed in the network device can be used to detect CPU utilization, e.g., It is triggered when the CPU utilization goes above 60% and also output stack, cpu, fan statistics information to a flash. The XML example snippet is shown as below:

```

<gnca>
  <policy-variables>
    <policy-variable>
      <name>stack-info</name>
      <xpath-expr>hw:hardware/hw:components/
hw:component[hw:class=stack]</xpath-expr>
    </policy-variable>
    <policy-variable>
      <name>fan-info</name>
      <xpath-expr>hw:hardware/hw:components/hw:component[hw:class=fan]</
xpath-expr>

```

</policy-variable>
<policy-variable>

```

        <name>sensor-info</name>
        <xpath-expr>hw:hardware/hw:components/
hw:component[hw:class=sensor]</xpath-expr>
    </policy-variable>
</policy-variables>
<events>
    <event>
        <event-name>cpu-util-monitoring</event-name>
        <event-type>server-event</event-type>
        <event-stream>NETCONF</event-stream>
        <event-module>ietf-hardware</event-module>
        <event>hw:hardware/hw:components/hw:component[hw:class=cpu]</event>
    </event>
</events>
<conditions>
    <condition>
        <name>cpu-utilization-condition</name>
        <condition-xpath>event/sensor-data[value>60,value-
type=percentile]</condition-xpath>
    </condition>
</conditions>
<actions>
    <action>
        <name>cpu-info-filter</name>
        <action-element>
            <name>cpu-info-dump-action1</name>
            <func-name>filtered-event</func-name>
            <policy-source>event/sensor-data[value>60,value-
type=percentile]</policy-source>
            <policy-result>stack-info</policy-result>
        </action-element>
        <action-element>
            <name>cpu-info-dump-action2</name>
            <func-name>filtered-event</func-name>
            <policy-source>event/sensor-data[value>60,value-
type=percentile]</policy-source>
            <policy-result>fan-info</policy-result>
        </action-element>
        <action-element>
            <name>cpu-info-dump-action3</name>
            <func-name>filtered-event</func-name>
            <policy-source>event/sensor-data[value>60,value-
type=percentile]</policy-source>
            <policy-result>sensor-info</policy-result>
        </action-element>
    </action>
    <action>
        <name>cpu-info-output</name>

```



```
<action-element>  
  <name>cpu-info-dump-action1</name>  
  <rpc-name>cpu-log-dump</rpc-name>  
  <nc-action-xpath>stack-info</nc-action-xpath>  
</action-element>
```

```
<action-element>
  <name>cpu-info-dump-action2</name>
  <rpc-name>cpu-log-dump</rpc-name>
  <nc-action-xpath>fan-info</nc-action-xpath>
</action-element>
<action-element>
  <name>cpu-info-dump-action3</name>
  <rpc-name>cpu-log-dump</rpc-name>
  <nc-action-xpath>sensor-info</nc-action-xpath>
</action-element>
<action-element>
  <name>cpu-info-dump-action4</name>
  <rpc-name>cpu-log-dump</rpc-name>
  <nc-action-xpath>event/sensor-data[value>60,value-
type=percentile]</nc-action-xpath>
</action-element>
</action>
</actions>
<ecas>
  <eca>
    <name>cpu-util-handling</name>
    <user-name>Bob</user-name>
    <event-name>cpu-util-monitoring</event-name>
    <condition-action>
      <name>cpu-log-monitoring</name>
      <condition>cpu-utilization-condition</condition>
      <action>
        <name>cpu-info-filter</name>
        <action-element>
          <name>cpu-info-dump-action1</name>
        </action-element>
        <action-element>
          <name>cpu-info-dump-action2</name>
        </action-element>
        <action-element>
          <name>cpu-info-dump-action3</name>
        </action-element>
      </action>
    </condition-action>
    <condition-action>
      <name>cpu-log-printing</name>
      <action>
        <name>cpu-info-output</name>
        <action-element>
          <name>cpu-info-dump-action1</name>
        </action-element>
        <action-element>
          <name>cpu-info-dump-action2</name>
```

</action-element>

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```
        <action-element>
          <name>cpu-info-dump-action3</name>
        </action-element>
        <action-element>
          <name>cpu-info-dump-action4</name>
        </action-element>
      </action>
    </condition-action>
  </eca>
</ecas>
<eca-func-libs>
  <eca-function>
    <func-name>filtered-event</func-name>
  </eca-function>
  <eca-rpc>
    <rpc-name>cpu-log-dump</rpc-name>
  </eca-rpc>
  <eca-name>cpu-util-handling</eca-name>
</eca-func-libs>
</gnca>
```

[Appendix E.](#) Open Issues tracking

- o Relationship with I2NSF YANG capability-data-model.
- o What is the Abstraction level to express policies and intent?
- o Where are policies executed?
- o When to detect and resolve policy conflicts?
- o Who is interested in interoperable policy representations / languages?

[Appendix F.](#) Changes between Revisions

v00 -v01

- o Clarify the relationship between centralized network management and network function delegation;
- o Add clarification text on the ECA definition;
- o Other Editorial changes;

v09 - v10

- o Rewrite ECA Model Self Monitoring Usage Example;

- o Add usage Example of High CPU Utilization Troubleshooting;
- o Add usage Example of Router Log Dump using Timer Event Trigger;
- o Reintroduce iterate action, function call and rpc call action type. These action types are exchanged between local client and the server.
- o Move notification operation as separate notification since the notification is exchange between the management system and the server.

v08 - v09

- o Add ECA function libraries list in the ECA model.
- o Subtree and data node path fixing in the security section.

v07 - v08

Replace ECA model usage example with self monitoring usage example in the appendix.

Clean up references.

Add a new section to discuss Mapping Policy Variables to XPath Variables.

Add a new section to discuss ECA XPath Context.

Add a new section to discuss ECA Evaluation Exceptions.

Rewrite Introduction to highlight elevator pitch.

Replace implicit variable and explicit variable with pv-source variable and pv-result variable.

Take out function-call, cleanup-condition-action list, execution list, policy argument container, eca-script list at this moment.

v06 - v07

- o Reuse alarm notification event received on an event stream ([RFC 8639](#)) in ECA logic;
- o Represent ECA condition expression only in the form of Xpath expression;

- o Add ECA condition expression example in the appendix;
- o Add ECA model usage example in the appendix;
- o Remove the section to discuss the relation with YANG push;
- o Remove the dependency to SUPA framework draft;
- o Remove smart filter extension example in the Appendix.
- o Bind ECA script with condition expression in the model.

v05 - v06

- o Decouple ECA model from NETCONF protocol and make it applicable to other network mangement protocols.
- o Move objective section to the last section with additional generic objectives.

v04 - v05

- o Harmonize with [draft-bryskin](#) and add additional attributes in the models (e.g., policy variable, func call enhancement, rpc execution);
- o ECA conditions part harmonization;
- o ECA Event, Condition, Action, Policy Variable and Value definition;
- o Change ietf-event.yang into ietf-eca.yang and remove ietf-event-trigger.yang

v02 - v03

- o Usage Example Update: add an usage example to introduce how to reuse the ietf-event-trigger module to define the subscription-notification smarter filter.

v01 - v02

- o Introduce the group-id which allow group a set of events that can be executed together
- o Change threshold trigger condition into variation trigger condition to further clarify the difference between boolean trigger condition and variation trigger condition.

- o Module structure optimization.
- o Usage Example Update.

v00 - v01

- o Separate ietf-event-trigger.yang from Event management model and ietf-event.yang and make it reusable in other YANG models.
- o Clarify the difference between boolean trigger condition and threshold trigger condition.
- o Change evt-smp-min and evt-smp-max into min-data-object and max-data-object in the data model.

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