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A YANG Data Model for Syslog Configuration draft-ietf-netmod-syslog-model-25

Abstract

This document defines a YANG data model for the configuration of a syslog process. It is intended this model be used by vendors who implement syslog in their systems.

The YANG model in this document conforms to the Network Management Datastore Architecture defined in [[draft-ietf-netmod-revised-datastores](#)].

Status of this Memo

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[1. Introduction](#)

This document defines a YANG [[RFC7950](#)] configuration data model that may be used to configure the syslog feature running on a system. YANG models can be used with network management protocols such as NETCONF [[RFC6241](#)] to install, manipulate, and delete the configuration of network devices.

The data model makes use of the YANG "feature" construct which allows implementations to support only those syslog features that lie within their capabilities.

This module can be used to configure the syslog application conceptual layers as implemented on the target system.

Essentially, a syslog process receives messages (from the kernel, processes, applications or other syslog processes) and processes them. The processing may involve logging to a local file, and/or displaying on console, and/or relaying to syslog processes on other machines. The processing is determined by the "facility" that originated the message and the "severity" assigned to the message by the facility.

Such definitions of syslog protocol are defined in [[RFC5424](#)], and are used in this RFC.

1.1. Requirements Language

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The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [BCP 14](#) [[RFC2119](#)] [[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

1.2. Terminology

The term "originator" is defined in [[RFC5424](#)]: an "originator" generates syslog content to be carried in a message.

The term "relay" is defined in [[RFC5424](#)]: a "relay" forwards messages, accepting messages from originators or other relays and sending them to collectors or other relays

The term "collectors" is defined in [[RFC5424](#)]: a "collector" gathers syslog content for further analysis.

The term "action" refers to the processing that takes place for each syslog message received.

1.3. NDMA Compliance

The YANG model in this document conforms to the Network Management Datastore Architecture defined in I-D.ietf-netmod-revised-datastores [[I-D.ietf-netmod-revised-datastores](#)].

1.4. Editorial Note (To be removed by RFC Editor)

This document contains many placeholder values that need to be replaced with finalized values at the time of publication. This note summarizes all of the substitutions that are needed. No other RFC Editor instructions are specified elsewhere in this document.

Artwork in this document contains shorthand references to drafts in progress. Please apply the following replacements:

- o "I-D.ietf-netconf-keystore" --> the assigned RFC value for [draft-ietf-netconf-keystore](#)
- o "I-D.ietf-netconf-tls-client-server" --> the assigned RFC value for [draft-ietf-netconf-tls-client-server](#)
- o "zzzz" --> the assigned RFC value for this draft
- o I-D.ietf-netmod-revised-datastores --> the assigned RFC value for [draft-ietf-netmod-revised-datastores](#)

2. Design of the Syslog Model

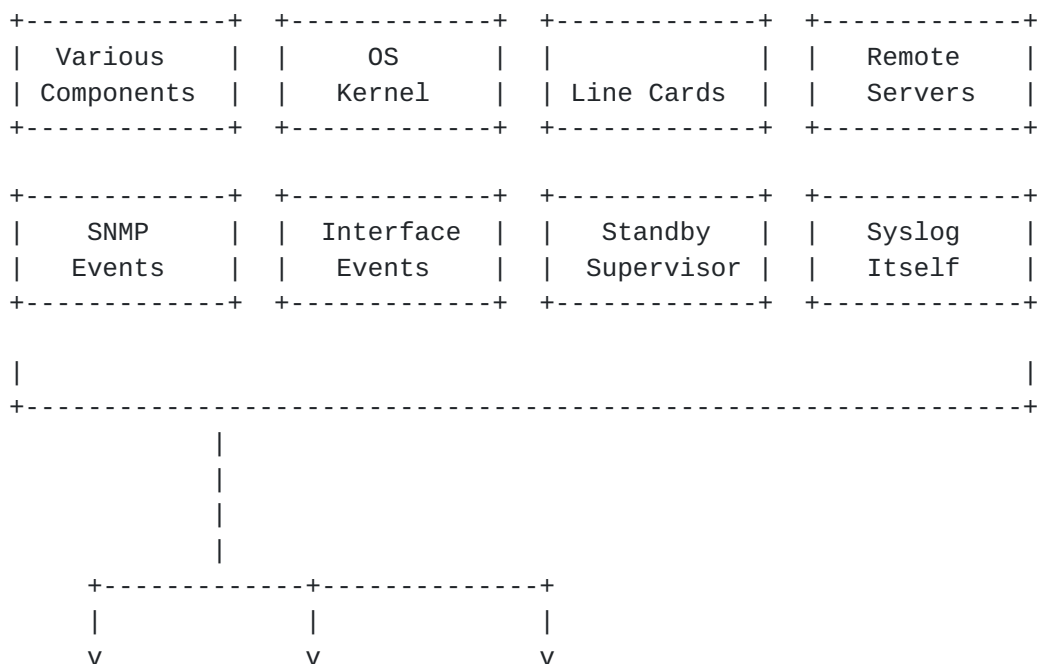
The syslog model was designed by comparing various syslog features implemented by various vendors' in different implementations.

This document addresses the common leafs between implementations and creates a common model, which can be augmented with proprietary features, if necessary. This model is designed to be very simple for maximum flexibility.

Some optional features are defined in this document to specify functionality that is present in specific vendor configurations.

Syslog consists of originators and collectors. The following diagram shows syslog messages flowing from originators, to collectors where filtering can take place.

Originators



Collectors

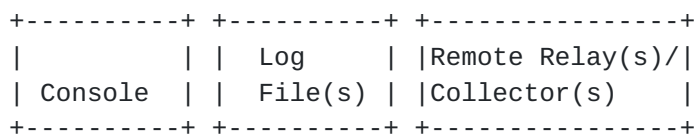


Figure 1. Syslog Processing Flow

Collectors are configured using the leaves in the syslog model "actions" container which correspond to each message collector:

console

log file(s)

remote relay(s)/collector(s)

Within each action, a selector is used to filter syslog messages. A selector consists of a list of one or more filters specified by facility-severity pairs, and, if supported via the select-match feature, an optional regular expression pattern match that is performed on the [\[RFC5424\]](#) field.

A syslog message is processed if:

- There is an element of facility-list (F, S) where
 - the message facility matches F
 - and the message severity matches S
- and/or the message text matches the regex pattern (if it is present)

The facility is one of a specific syslog-facility, or all facilities.

The severity is one of type syslog-severity, all severities, or none. None is a special case that can be used to disable a filter. When filtering severity, the default comparison is that messages of the specified severity and higher are selected to be logged. This is shown in the model as "default equals-or-higher". This behavior can be altered if the select-adv-compare feature is enabled to specify a compare operation and an action. Compare operations are: "equals" to select messages with this single severity, or "equals-or-higher" to select messages of the specified severity and higher. Actions are used to log the message or block the message from being logged.

Many vendors extend the list of facilities available for logging in their implementation. An example is included in Extending Facilities (Appendix A.1).

[2.1.](#) Syslog Module

A simplified graphical representation of the data model is used in this document. Please see [\[I-D.ietf-netmod-yang-tree-diagrams\]](#) for tree diagram notation.


```

module: ietf-syslog
+--rw syslog!
+--rw actions
+--rw console! {console-action}?
| +--rw facility-filter
| | +--rw facility-list* [facility severity]
| |   +--rw facility          union
| |   +--rw severity          union
| |   +--rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
| |     +--rw compare?    enumeration
| |     +--rw action?     enumeration
| +--rw pattern-match?    string {select-match}?
+--rw file {file-action}?
| +--rw log-file* [name]
|   +--rw name            inet:uri
|   +--rw facility-filter
|   | +--rw facility-list* [facility severity]
|   |   +--rw facility          union
|   |   +--rw severity          union
|   |   +--rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
|   |     +--rw compare?    enumeration
|   |     +--rw action?     enumeration
|   +--rw pattern-match?    string {select-match}?
|   +--rw structured-data?  boolean {structured-data}?
|   +--rw file-rotation
|   | +--rw number-of-files?  uint32 {file-limit-size}?
|   | +--rw max-file-size?   uint32 {file-limit-size}?
|   | +--rw rollover?        uint32
|   |   {file-limit-duration}?
|   | +--rw retention?       uint32
|   |   {file-limit-duration}?
+--rw remote {remote-action}?
+--rw destination* [name]
+--rw name                string
+--rw (transport)
| +--:(udp)
| | +--rw udp
| |   +--rw address?    inet:host
| |   +--rw port?       inet:port-number
| +--:(tls)
|   +--rw tls
|   | +--rw address?    inet:host
|   | +--rw port?       inet:port-number
|   | +--rw client-auth
|   | | +--rw (auth-type)?
|   | |   +--:(certificate)
|   | |   +--rw certificate?  leafref
|   | +--rw server-auth

```

```
|      |  +-rw pinned-ca-certs?      leafref
|      |  +-rw pinned-server-certs?  leafref
|      +-rw hello-params
|          {tls-client-hello-params-config}?
|      +-rw tls-versions
```

```

|         | +--rw tls-version*   identityref
|         +--rw cipher-suites
|         +--rw cipher-suite*   identityref
+--rw facility-filter
| +--rw facility-list* [facility severity]
|   +--rw facility          union
|   +--rw severity          union
|   +--rw advanced-compare {select-adv-compare}?
|   +--rw compare?          enumeration
|   +--rw action?           enumeration
+--rw pattern-match?        string {select-match}?
+--rw structured-data?      boolean {structured-data}?
+--rw facility-override?    identityref
+--rw source-interface?     if:interface-ref
|   {remote-source-interface}?
+--rw signing! {signed-messages}?
  +--rw cert-signers
    +--rw cert-signer* [name]
      | +--rw name            string
      | +--rw cert
      | | +--rw algorithm?
      | | | identityref
      | | +--rw private-key?
      | | | union
      | | +--rw public-key?
      | | | binary
      | | +---x generate-private-key
      | | | +---w input
      | | | +---w algorithm?
      | | | identityref
      | | +--rw certificates
      | | | +--rw certificate* [name]
      | | | | +--rw name      string
      | | | | +--rw value?    binary
      | | | +---x generate-certificate-signing-request
      | | | | +---w input
      | | | | | +---w subject      binary
      | | | | | +---w attributes?  binary
      | | | +--ro output
      | | | | +--ro certificate-signing-request
      | | | | binary
      | +--rw hash-algorithm? enumeration
+--rw cert-initial-repeat?  uint32
+--rw cert-resend-delay?    uint32
+--rw cert-resend-count?    uint32
+--rw sig-max-delay?        uint32
+--rw sig-number-resends?   uint32
+--rw sig-resend-delay?     uint32
+--rw sig-resend-count?     uint32

```

Figure 2. ietf-syslog Module Tree

3. Syslog YANG Module

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3.1. The ietf-syslog Module

This module imports typedefs from [[RFC6991](#)], [[I-D.ietf-netmod-rfc7223bis](#)], groupings from [[I-D.ietf-netconf-keystore](#)], and [[I-D.ietf-netconf-tls-client-server](#)], and it references [[RFC5424](#)], [[RFC5425](#)], [[RFC5426](#)], [[RFC5848](#)], [[RFC8089](#)], [[RFC8174](#)], and [[Std-1003.1-2008](#)].


```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-syslog@2018-03-14.yang"
module ietf-syslog {
  yang-version 1.1;

  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog";
  prefix syslog;

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
    reference
      "RFC 6991: Common YANG Data Types";
  }

  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference
      "I-D.ietf-netmod-rfc7223bis: A YANG Data Model
      for Interface Management";
  }

  import ietf-tls-client {
    prefix tlsc;
    reference
      "I-D.ietf-netconf-tls-client-server:
      YANG Groupings for TLS Clients and TLS Servers";
  }

  import ietf-keystore {
    prefix ks;
    reference
      "I-D.ietf-netconf-keystore: YANG Data Model for a
      Keystore Mechanism";
  }

  organization
    "IETF NETMOD (Network Modeling) Working Group";

  contact
    "WG Web:  <http://tools.ietf.org/wg/netmod/>
    WG List:  <mailto:netmod@ietf.org>

    Editor:   Kiran Agrahara Sreenivasa
              <mailto:kirankoushik.agraharasreenivasa@verizonwireless.com>

    Editor:   Clyde Wildes
              <mailto:cwildes@cisco.com>";

  description
    "This module contains a collection of YANG definitions
```

for syslog configuration.

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This version of this YANG module is part of RFC zzzz (<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfczzzz>); see the RFC itself for full legal notices.";

```
revision 2018-03-14 {
  description
    "Initial Revision";
  reference
    "RFC zzzz: Syslog YANG Model";
}

feature console-action {
  description
    "This feature indicates that the local console action is
    supported.";
}

feature file-action {
  description
    "This feature indicates that the local file action is
    supported.";
}

feature file-limit-size {
  description
    "This feature indicates that file logging resources
    are managed using size and number limits.";
}

feature file-limit-duration {
  description
    "This feature indicates that file logging resources
    are managed using time based limits.";
}

feature remote-action {
  description
```

```
        "This feature indicates that the remote server action is  
        supported.";  
    }
```

```
feature remote-source-interface {
  description
    "This feature indicates that source-interface is supported
    supported for the remote-action.";
}

feature select-adv-compare {
  description
    "This feature represents the ability to select messages
    using the additional comparison operators when comparing
    the syslog message severity.";
}

feature select-match {
  description
    "This feature represents the ability to select messages
    based on a Posix 1003.2 regular expression pattern match.";
}

feature structured-data {
  description
    "This feature represents the ability to log messages
    in structured-data format.";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

feature signed-messages {
  description
    "This feature represents the ability to configure signed
    syslog messages.";
  reference
    "RFC 5848: Signed Syslog Messages";
}

typedef syslog-severity {
  type enumeration {
    enum "emergency" {
      value 0;
      description
        "The severity level 'Emergency' indicating that the
        system is unusable.";
    }
    enum "alert" {
      value 1;
      description
        "The severity level 'Alert' indicating that an action
        must be taken immediately.";
    }
  }
}
```

```
enum "critical" {  
  value 2;  
  description  
    "The severity level 'Critical' indicating a critical  
    condition.";
```

```
    }
    enum "error" {
        value 3;
        description
            "The severity level 'Error' indicating an error
            condition.";
    }
    enum "warning" {
        value 4;
        description
            "The severity level 'Warning' indicating a warning
            condition.";
    }
    enum "notice" {
        value 5;
        description
            "The severity level 'Notice' indicating a normal but
            significant condition.";
    }
    enum "info" {
        value 6;
        description
            "The severity level 'Info' indicating an informational
            message.";
    }
    enum "debug" {
        value 7;
        description
            "The severity level 'Debug' indicating a debug-level
            message.";
    }
}
description
    "The definitions for Syslog message severity.
    Note that a lower value is a higher severity. Comparisons of
    equal-or-higher severity mean equal or lower numeric value";
reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity syslog-facility {
    description
        "This identity is used as a base for all syslog facilities.";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity kern {
    base syslog-facility;
```

```
description
    "The facility for kernel messages (0).";
reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}
```

```
identity user {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for user-level messages (1).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity mail {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for the mail system (2).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity daemon {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for the system daemons (3).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity auth {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for security/authorization messages (4).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity syslog {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for messages generated internally by syslogd
      facility (5).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity lpr {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for the line printer subsystem (6).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}
```

```
identity news {  
  base syslog-facility;  
  description  
    "The facility for the network news subsystem (7).";
```

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```
    reference
      "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
  }

  identity uucp {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
      "The facility for the UUCP subsystem (8).";
    reference
      "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
  }

  identity cron {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
      "The facility for the clock daemon (9).";
    reference
      "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
  }

  identity authpriv {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
      "The facility for privileged security/authorization messages
      (10).";
    reference
      "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
  }

  identity ftp {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
      "The facility for the FTP daemon (11).";
    reference
      "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
  }

  identity ntp {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
      "The facility for the NTP subsystem (12).";
    reference
      "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
  }

  identity audit {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
      "The facility for log audit messages (13).";
```

```
reference
  "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}
```

```
identity console {
```

```
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for log alert messages (14).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity cron2 {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for the second clock daemon (15).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity local0 {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for local use 0 messages (16).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity local1 {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for local use 1 messages (17).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity local2 {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for local use 2 messages (18).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity local3 {
    base syslog-facility;
    description
        "The facility for local use 3 messages (19).";
    reference
        "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity local4 {
    base syslog-facility;
```

```
description
    "The facility for local use 4 messages (20).";
reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}
```

```
identity local5 {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for local use 5 messages (21).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity local6 {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for local use 6 messages (22).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

identity local7 {
  base syslog-facility;
  description
    "The facility for local use 7 messages (23).";
  reference
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
}

grouping severity-filter {
  description
    "This grouping defines the processing used to select
    log messages by comparing syslog message severity using
    the following processing rules:
    - if 'none', do not match.
    - if 'all', match.
    - else compare message severity with the specified severity
      according to the default compare rule (all messages of the
      specified severity and greater match) or if the
      select-adv-compare feature is present, use the
      advance-compare rule.";
  leaf severity {
    type union {
      type syslog-severity;
      type enumeration {
        enum none {
          value 2147483647;
          description
            "This enum describes the case where no severities
            are selected.";
        }
        enum all {
          value -2147483648;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
        description
        "This enum describes the case where all severities
        are selected.";
    }
}
```

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```
    }
    mandatory true;
    description
      "This leaf specifies the syslog message severity.";
  }
  container advanced-compare {
    when '../severity != "all" and
      ../severity != "none"' {
      description
        "The advanced compare container is not applicable for
          severity 'all' or severity 'none'";
    }
    if-feature select-adv-compare;
    leaf compare {
      type enumeration {
        enum equals {
          description
            "This enum specifies that the severity comparison
              operation will be equals.";
        }
        enum equals-or-higher {
          description
            "This enum specifies that the severity comparison
              operation will be equals or higher.";
        }
      }
      default equals-or-higher;
      description
        "The compare can be used to specify the comparison
          operator that should be used to compare the syslog message
          severity with the specified severity.";
    }
    leaf action {
      type enumeration {
        enum log {
          description
            "This enum specifies that if the compare operation is
              true the message will be logged.";
        }
        enum block {
          description
            "This enum specifies that if the compare operation is
              true the message will not be logged.";
        }
      }
      default log;
      description
        "The action can be used to specify if the message should
          be logged or blocked based on the outcome of the compare
```

```
        operation.";
    }
    description
        "This container describes additional severity compare
        operations that can be used in place of the default
```

severity comparison. The compare leaf specifies the type of the compare that is done and the action leaf specifies the intended result.

Example: compare->equals and action->block means messages that have a severity that are equal to the specified severity will not be logged.";

```
}  
}
```

```
grouping selector {
```

```
  description
```

```
    "This grouping defines a syslog selector which is used to  
    select log messages for the log-actions (console, file,  
    remote, etc.). Choose one or both of the following:
```

```
      facility [<facility> <severity>...]
```

```
      pattern-match regular-expression-match-string
```

```
    If both facility and pattern-match are specified, both must  
    match in order for a log message to be selected.";
```

```
  container facility-filter {
```

```
    description
```

```
      "This container describes the syslog filter parameters.";
```

```
    list facility-list {
```

```
      key "facility severity";
```

```
      ordered-by user;
```

```
      description
```

```
        "This list describes a collection of syslog  
        facilities and severities.";
```

```
    leaf facility {
```

```
      type union {
```

```
        type identityref {
```

```
          base syslog-facility;
```

```
        }
```

```
        type enumeration {
```

```
          enum all {
```

```
            description
```

```
              "This enum describes the case where all  
              facilities are requested.";
```

```
          }
```

```
        }
```

```
      }
```

```
    description
```

```
      "The leaf uniquely identifies a syslog facility.";
```

```
  }
```

```
  uses severity-filter;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
leaf pattern-match {
```

```
  if-feature select-match;
```

```
  type string;
```

description

"This leaf describes a Posix 1003.2 regular expression string that can be used to select a syslog message for logging. The match is performed on the SYSLOG-MSG field.";

reference

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```
    "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol
    Std-1003.1-2008 Regular Expressions";
  }
}

grouping structured-data {
  description
    "This grouping defines the syslog structured data option
    which is used to select the format used to write log
    messages.";
  leaf structured-data {
    if-feature structured-data;
    type boolean;
    default false;
    description
      "This leaf describes how log messages are written.
      If true, messages will be written with one or more
      STRUCTURED-DATA elements; if false, messages will be
      written with STRUCTURED-DATA = NILVALUE.";
    reference
      "RFC 5424: The Syslog Protocol";
  }
}

container syslog {
  presence "Enables logging.";
  description
    "This container describes the configuration parameters for
    syslog.";
  container actions {
    description
      "This container describes the log-action parameters
      for syslog.";
    container console {
      if-feature console-action;
      presence "Enables logging to the console";
      description
        "This container describes the configuration parameters
        for console logging.";
      uses selector;
    }
    container file {
      if-feature file-action;
      description
        "This container describes the configuration parameters for
        file logging. If file-archive limits are not supplied, it
        is assumed that the local implementation defined limits
        will be used.";
      list log-file {
```

```
key "name";
description
  "This list describes a collection of local logging
  files.";
leaf name {
```

```
    type inet:uri {
      pattern 'file:.*';
    }
    description
      "This leaf specifies the name of the log file which
      MUST use the uri scheme file:.";
    reference
      "RFC 8089: The file URI Scheme";
  }
  uses selector;
  uses structured-data;
  container file-rotation {
    description
      "This container describes the configuration
      parameters for log file rotation.";
    leaf number-of-files {
      if-feature file-limit-size;
      type uint32;
      default 1;
      description
        "This leaf specifies the maximum number of log
        files retained. Specify 1 for implementations
        that only support one log file.";
    }
    leaf max-file-size {
      if-feature file-limit-size;
      type uint32;
      units "megabytes";
      description
        "This leaf specifies the maximum log file size.";
    }
    leaf rollover {
      if-feature file-limit-duration;
      type uint32;
      units "minutes";
      description
        "This leaf specifies the length of time that log
        events should be written to a specific log file.
        Log events that arrive after the rollover period
        cause the current log file to be closed and a new
        log file to be opened.";
    }
    leaf retention {
      if-feature file-limit-duration;
      type uint32;
      units "minutes";
      description
        "This leaf specifies the length of time that
        completed/closed log event files should be stored
```

```
        in the file system before they are removed.";
    }
}
}
```

```
container remote {
  if-feature remote-action;
  description
    "This container describes the configuration parameters
    for forwarding syslog messages to remote relays or
    collectors.";
  list destination {
    key "name";
    description
      "This list describes a collection of remote logging
      destinations.";
    leaf name {
      type string;
      description
        "An arbitrary name for the endpoint to connect to.";
    }
    choice transport {
      mandatory true;
      description
        "This choice describes the transport option.";
      case udp {
        container udp {
          description
            "This container describes the UDP transport
            options.";
          reference
            "RFC 5426: Transmission of Syslog Messages over
            UDP";
          leaf address {
            type inet:host;
            description
              "The leaf uniquely specifies the address of
              the remote host. One of the following must be
              specified: an ipv4 address, an ipv6 address,
              or a host name.";
          }
          leaf port {
            type inet:port-number;
            default 514;
            description
              "This leaf specifies the port number used to
              deliver messages to the remote server.";
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
  case tls {
    container tls {
      description
        "This container describes the TLS transport
```

```
    options.";
reference
    "RFC 5425: Transport Layer Security (TLS)
    Transport Mapping for Syslog ";
leaf address {
```

```
        type inet:host;
        description
            "The leaf uniquely specifies the address of
            the remote host. One of the following must be
            specified: an ipv4 address, an ipv6 address,
            or a host name.";
    }
    leaf port {
        type inet:port-number;
        default 6514;
        description
            "TCP port 6514 has been allocated as the default
            port for syslog over TLS.";
    }
    uses tlsc:tls-client-grouping;
}

}
uses selector;
uses structured-data;
leaf facility-override {
    type identityref {
        base syslog-facility;
    }
    description
        "If specified, this leaf specifies the facility used
        to override the facility in messages delivered to
        the remote server.";
}
leaf source-interface {
    if-feature remote-source-interface;
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
        "This leaf sets the source interface to be used to
        send messages to the remote syslog server. If not
        set, messages can be sent on any interface.";
}
container signing {
    if-feature signed-messages;
    presence
        "If present, syslog-signing options is activated.";
    description
        "This container describes the configuration
        parameters for signed syslog messages.";
    reference
        "RFC 5848: Signed Syslog Messages";
    container cert-signers {
        description
            "This container describes the signing certificate
```

```
configuration for Signature Group 0 which covers  
the case for administrators who want all Signature  
Blocks to be sent to a single destination."  
list cert-signer {  
  key "name";
```

```
description
  "This list describes a collection of syslog
  message signers.";
leaf name {
  type string;
  description
    "This leaf specifies the name of the syslog
    message signer.";
}
container cert {
  uses ks:private-key-grouping;
  uses ks:certificate-grouping;
  description
    "This is the certificate that is periodically
    sent to the remote receiver. Selection of the
    certificate also implicitly selects the private
    key used to sign the syslog messages.";
}
leaf hash-algorithm {
  type enumeration {
    enum SHA1 {
      value 1;
      description
        "This enum describes the SHA1 algorithm.";
    }
    enum SHA256 {
      value 2;
      description
        "This enum describes the SHA256 algorithm.";
    }
  }
  description
    "This leaf describes the syslog signer hash
    algorithm used.";
}
}
leaf cert-initial-repeat {
  type uint32;
  default 3;
  description
    "This leaf specifies the number of times each
    Certificate Block should be sent before the first
    message is sent.";
}
leaf cert-resend-delay {
  type uint32;
  units "seconds";
  default 3600;
  description
```

```
        "This leaf specifies the maximum time delay in  
        seconds until resending the Certificate Block.";  
    }  
    leaf cert-resend-count {  
        type uint32;
```

```
    default 0;
    description
        "This leaf specifies the maximum number of other
        syslog messages to send until resending the
        Certificate Block.";
}
leaf sig-max-delay {
    type uint32;
    units "seconds";
    default 60;
    description
        "This leaf specifies when to generate a new
        Signature Block. If this many seconds have
        elapsed since the message with the first message
        number of the Signature Block was sent, a new
        Signature Block should be generated.";
}
leaf sig-number-resends {
    type uint32;
    default 0;
    description
        "This leaf specifies the number of times a
        Signature Block is resent. (It is recommended to
        select a value of greater than 0 in particular
        when the UDP transport RFC 5426 is used.).";
}
leaf sig-resend-delay {
    type uint32;
    units "seconds";
    default 5;
    description
        "This leaf specifies when to send the next
        Signature Block transmission based on time. If
        this many seconds have elapsed since the previous
        sending of this Signature Block, resend it.";
}
leaf sig-resend-count {
    type uint32;
    default 0;
    description
        "This leaf specifies when to send the next
        Signature Block transmission based on a count.
        If this many other syslog messages have been
        sent since the previous sending of this
        Signature Block, resend it. A value of 0 means
        that you don't resend based on the number of
        messages.";
}
}
```

}
}
}
}
}

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```
}  
<CODE ENDS>
```

Figure 3. ietf-syslog Module

4. Usage Examples

Requirement:

Enable console logging of syslogs of severity critical

```
<syslog xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog">  
  <actions>  
    <console>  
      <facility-filter>  
        <facility-list>  
          <facility>all</facility>  
          <severity>critical</severity>  
        </facility-list>  
      </facility-filter>  
    </console>  
  </actions>  
</syslog>
```

Enable remote logging of syslogs to udp destination
foo.example.com for facility auth, severity error

```
<syslog xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog">  
  <actions>  
    <remote>  
      <destination>  
        <name>remote1</name>  
        <udp>  
          <address>foo.example.com</address>  
        </udp>  
        <facility-filter>  
          <facility-list>  
            <facility>auth</facility>  
            <severity>error</severity>  
          </facility-list>  
        </facility-filter>  
      </destination>  
    </remote>  
  </actions>  
</syslog>
```

Figure 4. ietf-syslog Examples

5. Acknowledgements

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6. IANA Considerations

6.1. The IETF XML Registry

This document registers one URI in the IETF XML registry [[RFC3688](#)]. Following the format in [[RFC3688](#)], the following registration is requested:

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog
Registrant Contact: The IESG.
XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.

6.2. The YANG Module Names Registry

This document registers one YANG module in the YANG Module Names registry [[RFC7895](#)]. Following the format in [[RFC7950](#)], the following registration is requested:

name:	ietf-syslog
namespace:	urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-syslog
prefix:	ietf-syslog
reference:	RFC zzzz

7. Security Considerations

The YANG module defined in this document is designed to be accessed via YANG based management protocols, such as NETCONF [[RFC6241](#)] and RESTCONF [[RFC8040](#)]. Both of these protocols have mandatory-to-implement secure transport layers (e.g., SSH, TLS) with mutual authentication.

The NETCONF access control model (NACM) [[RFC6536](#)] provides the means to restrict access for particular users to a pre-configured subset of all available protocol operations and content.

There are a number of data nodes defined in this YANG module that are writable/creatable/deletable (i.e., config true, which is the default). These data nodes should be considered sensitive or vulnerable in all network environments. Logging in particular is used to assess the state of systems and can be used to indicate a network compromise. If logging were to be disabled through malicious means, attacks may not be readily detectable. Therefore write operations (e.g., edit-config) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations and on network security.

In addition there are data nodes that require careful analysis and review. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

facility-filter/pattern-match: When writing this node, implementations MUST ensure that the regular expression pattern match is not constructed to cause a regular expression denial of service attack due to a pattern that causes the regular expression implementation to work very slowly (exponentially related to input size).

remote/destination/signing/cert-signer: When writing this subtree, implementations MUST NOT specify a private key that is used for any other purpose.

Some of the readable data nodes in this YANG module may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control read access (e.g., via get, get-config, or notification) to these data nodes. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

remote/destination/transport: This subtree contains information about other hosts in the network, and the TLS transport certificate properties if TLS is selected as the transport protocol.

remote/destination/signing: This subtree contains information about the syslog message signing properties including signing certificate information.

There are no RPC operations defined in this YANG module.

8. References

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[Appendix A](#). Implementer Guidelines

[Appendix A.1](#). Extending Facilities

Many vendors extend the list of facilities available for logging in their implementation. Additional facilities may not work with the syslog protocol as defined in [[RFC5424](#)] and hence such facilities apply for local syslog-like logging functionality.

The following is an example that shows how additional facilities could be added to the list of available facilities (in this example two facilities are added):


```
module example-vendor-syslog-types {
  namespace "http://example.com/ns/vendor-syslog-types";
  prefix vendor-syslogtypes;

  import ietf-syslog {
    prefix syslogtypes;
  }

  organization "Example, Inc.";
  contact
    "Example, Inc.
     Customer Service

     E-mail: syslog-yang@example.com";

  description
    "This module contains a collection of vendor-specific YANG type
     definitions for SYSLOG.";

  revision 2017-08-11 {
    description
      "Version 1.0";
    reference
      "Vendor SYSLOG Types: SYSLOG YANG Model";
  }

  identity vendor_specific_type_1 {
    base syslogtypes:syslog-facility;
    description
      "Adding vendor specific type 1 to syslog-facility";
  }

  identity vendor_specific_type_2 {
    base syslogtypes:syslog-facility;
    description
      "Adding vendor specific type 2 to syslog-facility";
  }
}
```

[Appendix A.2.](#) Syslog Terminal Output

Terminal output with requirements more complex than the console subtree currently provides, are expected to be supported via vendor extensions rather than handled via the file subtree.

[Appendix A.3.](#) Syslog File Naming Convention

The syslog/file/log-file/file-rotation container contains configuration parameters for syslog file rotation. This section

describes how these fields might be used by an implementer to name syslog files in a rotation process. This information is offered as an informative guide only.

When an active syslog file with a name specified by `log-file/name`, reaches `log-file/max-file-size` and/or syslog events arrive after the period specified by `log-file/rollover`, the logging system can close the file, can compresses it, and can name the archive file `<log-file/name>.0.gz`. The logging system can then open a new active syslog file `<log-file/name>`.

When the new syslog file reaches either of the size limits referenced above, `<log-file/name>.0.gz` can be renamed `<log-file/name>.1.gz` and the new syslog file can be closed, compressed and renamed `<log-file/name>.0.gz`. Each time that a new syslog file is closed, each of the prior syslog archive files named `<log-file/name>.<n>.gz` can be renamed to `<log-file/name>.<n + 1>.gz`.

Removal of archive log files could occur when either or both:

- `log-file/number-of-files` specified - the logging system can create up to `log-file/number-of-files` syslog archive files after which, the contents of the last archived file could be overwritten.
- `log-file/retention` specified - the logging system can remove those syslog archive files whose file expiration time (file creation time plus the specified `log-file/retention` time) is prior to the current time.

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