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The Network Time Protocol Version 4 (NTPv4) Extension Fields draft-ietf-ntp-extension-field-04.txt

Abstract

The Network Time Protocol Version 4 (NTPv4) defines the optional usage of extension fields. An extension field, defined in RFC5905, is an optional field that resides at the end of the NTP header, and can be used to add optional capabilities or additional information that is not conveyed in the standard NTP header. This document updates RFC5905 by clarifying some points regarding NTP extension fields and their usage with Message Authentication Codes (MAC).

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Table of Contents

<u>1</u> .	Introduction	2
	Conventions Used in this Document	
	<u>2.1</u> . Terminology	3
	2.2. Terms & Abbreviations	3
<u>3</u> .	NTP Extension Fields - RFC 5905 Update	3
<u>4</u> .	Security Considerations	6
<u>5</u> .	IANA Considerations	<u>6</u>
<u>6</u> .	Acknowledgments	6
<u>7</u> .	References	7
	7.1. Normative References	7
	7.2. Informative References	7

1. Introduction

The NTP header format consists of a set of fixed fields that may be followed by some optional fields. Two types of optional fields are defined, Message Authentication Codes (MAC), and extension fields, as defined in <u>Section 7.5 of [RFC5905]</u>.

If a MAC is used, it resides at the end of the packet. This field can be either 24 octets long, 20 octets long, or a 4-octet crypto-NAK.

NTP extension fields were defined in [RFC5905] as a generic mechanism that allows to add future extensions and features without modifying the NTP header format (Section 16 of [RFC5905]).

The only currently defined extension field is the one used by the AutoKey protocol [RFC5906]. This extension field is always followed by a MAC, and Section 10 of [RFC5906] specifies the parsing rules that allow a host to distinguish between an extension field and a MAC. However, a MAC is not mandatory after an extension field; an NTPv4 packet can include one or more extension fields without including a MAC (Section 7.5 of [RFC5905]).

This document updates [RFC5905] by clarifying some points regarding the usage of extension fields. Specifically, this document updates Section 7.5 of [RFC5905], clarifying the relationship between extension fields and MACs, and defining the behavior of a host that receives an unknown extension field.

2. Conventions Used in this Document

2.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [KEYWORDS].

2.2. Terms & Abbreviations

NTPv4 Network Time Protocol Version 4 [RFC5905]

MAC Message Authentication Code

3. NTP Extension Fields - RFC 5905 Update

This document updates <u>Section 7.5 of [RFC5905]</u> as follows:

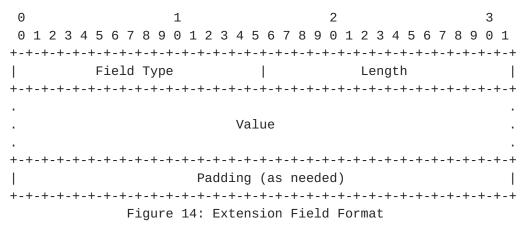
OLD:

7.5. NTP Extension Field Format

In NTPv4, one or more extension fields can be inserted after the header and before the MAC, if a MAC is present. If a MAC is not present, one or more extension fields can be inserted after the header, according to the following rules:

- o If the packet includes a single extension field, the length of the extension field MUST be at least 7 words, i.e., at least 28 octets.
- o If the packet includes more than one extension field, the length of the last extension field MUST be at least 28 octets. The length of the other extension fields in this case MUST be at least 16 octets each.

Other than defining the field format, this document makes no use of the field contents. An extension field contains a request or response message in the format shown in Figure 14.



All extension fields are zero-padded to a word (four octets) boundary. The Field Type field is specific to the defined function

and is not elaborated here. While the minimum field length containing required fields is four words (16 octets), a maximum field length remains to be established.

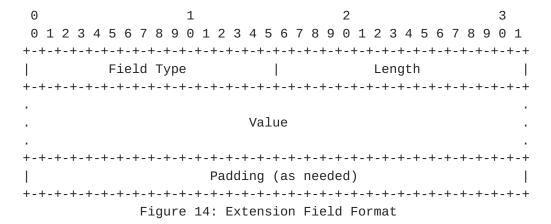
The Length field is a 16-bit unsigned integer that indicates the length of the entire extension field in octets, including the Padding field.

NEW:

7.5. NTP Extension Field Format

In NTPv4, one or more extension fields can be inserted after the header and before the MAC, if a MAC is present.

Other than defining the field format, this document makes no use of the field contents. An extension field contains a request or response message in the format shown in Figure 14.



All extension fields are zero-padded to a word (four octets) boundary.

The Field Type field is specific to the defined function and is not elaborated here. If a host receives an extension field with an unknown Field Type value, the host SHOULD ignore the extension field and MAY drop the packet altogether if policy requires it. Note that in the presence of an unknown extension field any MAC that may be present may be misinterpreted as an unknown extension though in this case the apparent extension length will be inconsistent with the total length of the rest of the packet.

While the minimum field length containing required fields is four words (16 octets), the maximum field length cannot be longer than 65532 octets due to the maximum size of the length field.

The Length field is a 16-bit unsigned integer that indicates the length of the entire extension field in octets, including the Padding field.

7.5.1 Extension Fields and MACs

7.5.1.1 Extension Fields in the Presence of a MAC

An extension field can be used in an NTP packet that includes a MAC, for example, as defined in [RFC5906]. A specification that defines a new extension field MUST specify whether the extension field requires a MAC or not. If the extension field requires a MAC, the extension field specification MUST define the algorithm to be used to create the MAC and the length of the MAC thus created. An extension field MAY allow for more than one algorithm to be used in which case the

information about which one was used MUST be included in the extension field itself.

7.5.1.2 Multiple Extension Fields with a MAC

If there are multiple extension fields that require a MAC they MUST all require use of the same algorithm and MAC length. Extension fields that do not require a MAC can be included with extension fields that do require a MAC.

7.5.1.3 MAC in the absence of an Extension field

A MAC MUST NOT be longer than 24 octets if there is no extension field present unless through a previous exchange of packets with an extension field which defines the size and algorithm of the MAC transmitted in the packet and is agreed upon by both client and server.

7.5.1.4 Extension Fields in the Absence of a MAC

If a MAC is not present, one or more extension fields can be inserted after the header, according to the following rules:

- o If the packet includes a single extension field, the length of the extension field MUST be at least 7 words, i.e., at least 28 octets.
- o If the packet includes more than one extension field, the length of the last extension field MUST be at least 28 octets. The length of the other extension fields in this case MUST be at least 16 octets each.

4. Security Considerations

The security considerations of the network time protocol are discussed in [RFC5905]. This document clarifies some ambiguity with regards to the usage of the NTP extension field, and thus the behavior described in this document does not introduce new security considerations.

5. IANA Considerations

There are no new IANA considerations implied by this document.

6. Acknowledgments

The authors thank Dave Mills for his insightful comments.

This document was prepared using 2-Word-v2.0.template.dot.

7. References

7.1. Normative References

Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate [KEYWORDS] Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997.

[RFC5905] Mills, D., Martin, J., Burbank, J., Kasch, W., "Network Time Protocol Version 4: Protocol and Algorithms Specification", RFC 5905, June 2010.

7.2. Informative References

Haberman, B., Mills, D., "Network Time Protocol [RFC5906] Version 4: Autokey Specification", RFC 5906, June 2010.

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