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JWT Response for OAuth Token Introspection
draft-ietf-oauth-jwt-introspection-response-00

Abstract

This draft proposes an additional JSON Web Token (JWT) based response for OAuth 2.0 Token Introspection.

Status of This Memo

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1. Introduction

OAuth 2.0 Token Introspection [[RFC7662](#)] specifies a method for a protected resource to query an OAuth 2.0 authorization server to determine the state of an access token and obtain data associated with the access token. This allows deployments to implement identifier-based access tokens in an interoperable way.

The introspection response, as specified in OAuth 2.0 Token Introspection [[RFC7662](#)], is a plain JSON object. However, there are use cases where the resource server requires stronger assurance that the authorization server issued the access token, including cases where the authorization server assumes liability for the token's content. An example is a resource server using verified person data to create certificates, which in turn are used to create qualified electronic signatures.

In such use cases it may be useful or even required to return a signed JWT as the introspection response. This specification extends the token introspection endpoint with the capability to return responses as JWTs.


```
{
  "sub": "Z503upPC88QrAjx00dis",
  "aud": "https://protected.example.net/resource",
  "scope": "read write dolphin",
  "iss": "https://server.example.com/",
  "active": true,
  "exp": 1419356238,
  "iat": 1419350238,
  "client_id": "l238j323ds-23ij4",
  "given_name": "John",
  "family_name": "Doe",
  "birthdate": "1982-02-01"
}
```

Depending on the specific resource server policy the JWT is either signed, or signed and encrypted. If the JWT is signed and encrypted it MUST be a Nested JWT, as defined in JWT [[RFC7519](#)].

Note: If the resource server policy requires a signed and encrypted response and the authorization server receives an unauthenticated request containing an Accept header with content type "application/json", it MUST refuse to serve the request and return an HTTP status code 400. This is done to prevent downgrading attacks to obtain token data intended for release to legitimate recipients only (which possess the respective decryption key).

4. Client Metadata

The authorization server determines what algorithm to employ to secure the JWT for a particular introspection response. This decision can be based on registered metadata parameters for the resource server, supplied via dynamic client registration with the resource server posing as the client, as defined by this draft.

The parameter names follow the pattern established by OpenID Connect Dynamic Client Registration [[OpenID.Registration](#)] for configuring signing and encryption algorithms for JWT responses at the UserInfo endpoint.

The following client metadata parameters are introduced by this specification:

`introspection_signed_response_alg` JWS [[RFC7515](#)] "alg" algorithm JWA [[RFC7518](#)] REQUIRED for signing introspection responses. If this is specified, the response will be signed using JWS and the configured algorithm. The default, if omitted, is RSA SHA-256.

introspection_encrypted_response_alg JWE [RFC7516] "alg" algorithm JWA [RFC7518] REQUIRED for encrypting introspection responses. If both signing and encryption are requested, the response will be signed then encrypted, with the result being a Nested JWT, as defined in JWT [RFC7519]. The default, if omitted, is that no encryption is performed.

introspection_encrypted_response_enc JWE [RFC7516] "enc" algorithm JWA [RFC7518] REQUIRED for encrypting introspection responses. If "introspection_encrypted_response_alg" is specified, the default for this value is A128CBC-HS256. When "introspection_encrypted_response_enc" is included, "introspection_encrypted_response_alg" MUST also be provided.

Resource servers may register their public encryption keys using the "jwks_uri" or "jwks" metadata parameters.

5. Authorization Server Metadata

Authorization servers SHOULD publish the supported algorithms for signing and encrypting the JWT of an introspection response by utilizing OAuth 2.0 Authorization Server Metadata [RFC8414] parameters.

The following parameters are introduced by this specification:

introspection_signing_alg_values_supported OPTIONAL. JSON array containing a list of the JWS [RFC7515] signing algorithms ("alg" values) JWA [RFC7518] supported by the introspection endpoint to sign the response.

introspection_encryption_alg_values_supported OPTIONAL. JSON array containing a list of the JWE [RFC7516] encryption algorithms ("alg" values) JWA [RFC7518] supported by the introspection endpoint to encrypt the response.

introspection_encryption_enc_values_supported OPTIONAL. JSON array containing a list of the JWE [RFC7516] encryption algorithms ("enc" values) JWA [RFC7518] supported by the introspection endpoint to encrypt the response.

6. Security Considerations

6.1. Cross-JWT Confusion

JWT introspection responses and OpenID Connect ID Tokens are syntactically similar. An attacker could therefore attempt to

impersonate an end-user at a OpenID Connect relying party by passing the JWT as an ID token.

Such an attack can be prevented like any other token substitution attack. The authorization server MUST include the claims "iss" and "aud" in each JWT introspection response, with the "iss" value set to the authorization server's issuer URL and the "aud" value set to the resource server's identifier. This allows a correctly implemented OpenID Connect relying party to detect substitution by checking the "iss" and "aud" claims as described in Section 3.1.3.7. of [[OpenID.Core](#)]. Relying parties SHOULD also use and check the "nonce" parameter and claim to prevent token and code replay.

Resource servers utilizing JWTs to represent structured access tokens could be susceptible to replay attacks. Resource servers should therefore apply proper counter measures against replay as described in [[I-D.ietf-oauth-security-topics](#)], section 2.2.

JWT Confusion and other attacks involving JWTs are discussed in [[I-D.ietf-oauth-jwt-bcp](#)].

[6.2.](#) Token Data Leakage

If the authorization server supports unauthenticated requests an attacker could potentially retrieve token data which must be kept confidential. This attack can be prevented by either authenticating any request to the token introspection endpoint or by setting up the respective recipient for encrypted responses.

In the latter case, confidentiality is ensured by the fact that only the legitimate recipient is able to decrypt the response. An attacker could try to circumvent this measure by requesting a plain JSON response, using an Accept header with the content type set to "application/json" instead of "application/jwt". To prevent this attack the authorization server MUST not serve requests with content type "application/json" if the resource server is set up to receive encrypted responses (see also [Section 3](#)).

[7.](#) Acknowledgements

We would like to thank Petteri Stenius, Neil Madden, Filip Skokan, and Tony Nadalin for their valuable feedback.

[8.](#) IANA Considerations

8.1. OAuth Dynamic Client Registration Metadata Registration

This specification requests registration of the following client metadata definitions in the IANA "OAuth Dynamic Client Registration Metadata" registry [[IANA.OAuth.Parameters](#)] established by [[RFC7591](#)]:

8.1.1. Registry Contents

- o Client Metadata Name: "introspection_signed_response_alg"
- o Client Metadata Description: String value indicating the client's desired introspection response signing algorithm.
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Specification Document(s): [Section 4](#) of [[this specification]]
- o Client Metadata Name: "introspection_encrypted_response_alg"
- o Client Metadata Description: String value specifying the desired introspection response encryption algorithm (alg value).
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Specification Document(s): [Section 4](#) of [[this specification]]
- o Client Metadata Name: "introspection_encrypted_response_enc"
- o Client Metadata Description: String value specifying the desired introspection response encryption algorithm (enc value).
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Specification Document(s): [Section 4](#) of [[this specification]]

8.2. OAuth Authorization Server Metadata Registration

This specification requests registration of the following value in the IANA "OAuth Authorization Server Metadata" registry [[IANA.OAuth.Parameters](#)] established by [[I-D.ietf-oauth-discovery](#)].

8.2.1. Registry Contents

- o Metadata Name: "introspection_signing_alg_values_supported"
- o Metadata Description: JSON array containing a list of algorithms supported by the authorization server for introspection response signing.

- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Specification Document(s): [Section 5](#) of [[this specification]]
- o Metadata Name: "introspection_encryption_alg_values_supported"
- o Metadata Description: JSON array containing a list of algorithms supported by the authorization server for introspection response encryption (alg value).
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Specification Document(s): [Section 5](#) of [[this specification]]
- o Metadata Name: "introspection_encryption_enc_values_supported"
- o Metadata Description: JSON array containing a list of algorithms supported by the authorization server for introspection response encryption (enc value).
- o Change Controller: IESG
- o Specification Document(s): [Section 5](#) of [[this specification]]

8.3. OAuth Token Introspection Response

TBD: add all OpenID Connect standard claims.

9. References

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9.2. Informative References

[IANA.OAuth.Parameters]
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Appendix A. Document History

[[To be removed from the final specification]]

-00

- o initial version of the WG draft
- o defined default signing algorithm
- o changed behavior in case resource server is set up for encryption
- o Added text on token data leakage prevention to the security considerations
- o moved Security Considerations section forward

WG draft

-01

- o fixed typos in client meta data field names
- o added OAuth Server Metadata parameters to publish algorithms supported for signing and encrypting the introspection response
- o added registration of new parameters for OAuth Server Metadata and Client Registration
- o added explicit request for JWT introspection response
- o made iss and aud claims mandatory in introspection response
- o Stylistic and clarifying edits, updates references

-00

- o initial version

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